

1 AN ACT concerning certificates of good conduct and relief
2 from disabilities.

3 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
4 **represented in the General Assembly:**

5 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
6 changing Sections 5-5.5-5 and 5-5.5-30 as follows:

7 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-5)

8 Sec. 5-5.5-5. Definitions and rules of construction. In
9 this Article:

10 "Eligible offender" means a person who has been convicted
11 of a crime in this State or of an offense in any other
12 jurisdiction that does not include any offense or attempted
13 offense that would subject a person to registration under the
14 Sex Offender Registration Act, the Arsonist Registration Act,
15 or the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration
16 Act, ~~but who has not been convicted more than twice of a~~
17 ~~felony.~~ "Eligible offender" does not include a person who has
18 been convicted of committing or attempting to commit a Class X
19 felony, aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol,
20 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or
21 any combination thereof, aggravated domestic battery, or a
22 forcible felony.

23 ~~"Felony" means a conviction of a felony in this State, or~~

1 ~~of an offense in any other jurisdiction for which a sentence to~~
2 ~~a term of imprisonment in excess of one year, was authorized.~~

3 ~~For the purposes of this Article the following rules of~~
4 ~~construction apply:~~

5 ~~(i) two or more convictions of felonies charged in~~
6 ~~separate counts of one indictment or information shall be~~
7 ~~deemed to be one conviction;~~

8 ~~(ii) two or more convictions of felonies charged in 2~~
9 ~~or more indictments or informations, filed in the same~~
10 ~~court prior to entry of judgment under any of them, shall~~
11 ~~be deemed to be one conviction; and~~

12 ~~(iii) a plea or a verdict of guilty upon which a~~
13 ~~sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or~~
14 ~~supervision has been imposed shall be deemed to be a~~
15 ~~conviction.~~

16 "Forcible felony" means first degree murder, second degree
17 murder, aggravated arson, arson, aggravated kidnapping,
18 kidnapping, aggravated battery that resulted in great bodily
19 harm or permanent disability, and any other felony which
20 involved the use of physical force or violence against any
21 individual that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent
22 disability.

23 (Source: P.A. 96-852, eff. 1-1-10; 97-154, eff. 1-1-12.)

24 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-30)

25 Sec. 5-5.5-30. Issuance of certificate of good conduct.

1 (a) After a rehabilitation review has been held, in a
2 manner designated by the chief judge of the judicial circuit in
3 which the conviction was entered, the Circuit Court of that
4 judicial circuit shall have the power to issue a certificate of
5 good conduct to any eligible offender previously convicted of a
6 crime in this State, and shall make a specific finding of
7 rehabilitation with the force and effect of a final judgment on
8 the merits, when the Court is satisfied that:

9 (1) the applicant has conducted himself or herself in a
10 manner warranting the issuance for a minimum period in
11 accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this
12 Section;

13 (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is
14 consistent with the rehabilitation of the applicant; and

15 (3) the relief to be granted is consistent with the
16 public interest.

17 (b) The Circuit Court shall have the power to issue a
18 certificate of good conduct to any person previously convicted
19 of a crime in any other jurisdiction, when the Court is
20 satisfied that:

21 (1) the applicant has demonstrated that there exist
22 specific facts and circumstances and specific sections of
23 Illinois State law that have an adverse impact on the
24 applicant and warrant the application for relief to be made
25 in Illinois; and

26 (2) the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of

1 subsection (a) of this Section have been met.

2 (c) The minimum period of good conduct by the individual
3 referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section,
4 shall be as follows: if the most serious crime of which the
5 individual was convicted is a misdemeanor, the minimum period
6 of good conduct shall be one year; if the most serious crime of
7 which the individual was convicted is a Class 1, 2, 3, or 4
8 felony, the minimum period of good conduct shall be 2 ~~3~~ years.
9 Criminal acts committed outside the State shall be classified
10 as acts committed within the State based on the maximum
11 sentence that could have been imposed based upon the conviction
12 under the laws of the foreign jurisdiction. The minimum period
13 of good conduct by the individual shall be measured either from
14 the date of the payment of any fine imposed upon him or her, or
15 from the date of his or her release from custody by parole,
16 mandatory supervised release or commutation or termination of
17 his or her sentence. The Circuit Court shall have power and it
18 shall be its duty to investigate all persons when the
19 application is made and to grant or deny the same within a
20 reasonable time after the making of the application.

21 (d) If the Circuit Court has issued a certificate of good
22 conduct, the Court may at any time issue a new certificate
23 enlarging the relief previously granted.

24 (e) Any certificate of good conduct issued by the Court to
25 an individual who at the time of the issuance of the
26 certificate is under the conditions of parole or mandatory

1 supervised release imposed by the Prisoner Review Board shall
2 be deemed to be a temporary certificate until the time as the
3 individual is discharged from the terms of parole or mandatory
4 supervised release, and, while temporary, the certificate may
5 be revoked by the Court for violation of the conditions of
6 parole or mandatory supervised release. Revocation shall be
7 upon notice to the parolee or releasee, who shall be accorded
8 an opportunity to explain the violation prior to a decision on
9 the revocation. If the certificate is not so revoked, it shall
10 become a permanent certificate upon expiration or termination
11 of the offender's parole or mandatory supervised release term.

12 (f) The Court shall, upon notice to a certificate holder,
13 have the power to revoke a certificate of good conduct upon a
14 subsequent conviction.

15 (Source: P.A. 96-852, eff. 1-1-10.)