

Sen. John J. Cullerton

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LRB096 20806 RLC 39001 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3799 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 3799 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the the 4 5 Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act. 6 Section 5. Definitions. 7 (a) As used in this Act, "juvenile violent offender against 8 youth" means any person who is: (1) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of 9 10 committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses 11 specified in subsection (b) of this Section or a violation 12 13 of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or 14 15 found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of

1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if

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committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in subsection (b) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Adjudications that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Act as one adjudication. Any adjudication set aside pursuant to law is not an adjudication for purposes of this Act; or

- (2) charged as a juvenile pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a violent offense against youth set forth in subsection (b) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included violent offense against youth, and
 - (A) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (C) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an a hearing conducted acquittal at pursuant subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or

1	(D) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
2	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
3	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
4	foreign country law substantially similar to
5	subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
6	Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
7	attempted commission of such offense; or
8	(E) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
9	acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
10	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
11	foreign country law substantially similar to
12	subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
13	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or
14	attempted commission of such offense.
15	(b) As used in this Act, "violent offense against youth"
16	means:
17	(1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the
18	Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18
19	years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim,
20	and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
21	10-1 (kidnapping),
22	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
23	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
24	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
25	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
26	(2) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of subsection

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- (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998.
 - (3) A violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999: 10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18 years of age).
 - (4) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this subsection (b).
 - (c) An adjudication for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (b) of this Section shall constitute an adjudication for the purpose of this Act.
 - (d) As used in this Act, "law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the municipalities in which the juvenile violent offender against youth expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists

- or if the juvenile offender intends to reside, work, or attend
- 2 school in an unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency
- 3 having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state
- 4 students attend school and where out-of-state employees are
- 5 employed or are otherwise required to register.
- 6 (e) As used in this Act, "supervising officer" means the
- 7 assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or
- 8 county probation officer.
- 9 (f) As used in this Act, "out-of-state student" means any
- 10 juvenile violent offender against youth who is enrolled in
- Illinois, on a full time or part time basis, in any public or
- 12 private educational institution, including, but not limited
- to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or
- institution of higher learning.
- 15 (g) As used in this Act, "out-of-state employee" means any
- juvenile violent offender against youth who works in Illinois,
- 17 regardless of whether the individual receives payment for
- services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or
- 19 for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any
- 20 calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State
- 21 accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day
- 22 spent in Illinois.
- 23 (h) As used in this Act, "school" means any public or
- 24 private educational institution, including, but not limited
- 25 to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional
- institution, or institution of higher education.

(i) As used in this Act, "fixed residence" means any and all places that a juvenile violent offender against youth resides for an aggregate period of time of 3 or more days in a calendar year.

Section 10. Duty to register.

- (a) A juvenile violent offender against youth shall, within the time period prescribed in subsections (b) and (c), register in person and provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. Such information shall include a current photograph, current address, current place of employment, the employer's telephone number, school attended, extensions of the time period for registering as provided in this Act and, if an extension was granted, the reason why the extension was granted and the date the juvenile violent offender against youth was notified of the extension. The juvenile violent offender against youth shall register:
 - (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 3 or more days, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
 - (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 3 or more days in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

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If the juvenile violent offender against youth is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, he or she shall register:

- (i) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
- (ii) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she is employed or attends an institution of higher education located in an unincorporated area, or if incorporated, no police chief exists.

For purposes of this Act, the place of residence or temporary domicile is defined as any and all places where the juvenile violent offender against youth resides for an aggregate period of time of 3 or more days during any calendar year. Any person required to register under this Act who lacks a fixed address or temporary domicile must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence.

Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, with the sheriff's office of the county in which he or she is located in an unincorporated area, or with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is located. The agency of jurisdiction will document each weekly registration to include all the locations where the person has

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stayed during the past 7 days.

The juvenile violent offender against youth shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the current place of employment of the juvenile violent offender against youth.

- (a-5) An out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall, within 3 days after beginning school or employment in this State, register in person and provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. Such information will include current place of employment, school attended, and address in state of residence. The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall register:
 - (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 3 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
 - (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 3 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of

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- State Police. That information shall include the out-of-state student's current place of school attendance or the out-of-state employee's current place of employment.
 - (b) Any juvenile violent offender against youth regardless of any initial, prior, or other registration, shall, within 3 days of beginning school, or establishing a residence, place of employment, or temporary domicile in any county, register in person as set forth in subsection (a) or (a 5).
 - (c) The registration for any person required to register under this Act shall be as follows:
 - (1) Any person registered under the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration for an adjudication of a violent offense against youth prior to July 1, 2011 shall be deemed initially registered as of July 1, 2011; however, this shall not be construed to extend the duration of registration set forth in Section 45.
 - (2) Except as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), any person adjudicated prior to July 1, 2011, whose liability for registration under Section 45 has not expired, shall register in person with the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered with within one year from the date of last registration under the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act.
 - (3) Except as provided in paragraph (5) of this

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subsection (c), any person who has not been notified of his or her responsibility to register shall be notified by a criminal justice entity of his or her responsibility to register. Upon notification the person must then register within 3 days of notification of his or her requirement to register. If notification is not made within the juvenile offender's 10 year registration requirement, and the Department of State Police determines no evidence exists or indicates the juvenile offender attempted to registration, the juvenile offender will no longer be required to register under this Act.

- (4) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection (c), any person adjudicated on or after the effective date of this Act shall register in person within 3 days after the entry of the sentencing order based upon his or her adjudication.
- (5) Any person unable to comply with the registration requirements of this Act because he or she is confined, institutionalized, or imprisoned in Illinois on or after the effective date of this Act shall register in person within 3 days of discharge, parole or release.
- (6) The person shall provide positive identification and documentation that substantiates proof of residence at the registering address.
- (7) The person shall pay a \$20 initial registration fee and a \$10 annual renewal fee. The fees shall be deposited

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into the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Fund. The fees shall be used by the registering agency for official purposes. The agency shall establish procedures to document receipt and use of the funds.

The law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may waive the registration fee if it determines that the person is indigent and unable to pay the registration fee.

- (d) Within 3 days after obtaining or changing employment, a person required to register under this Section must report, in person to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction, the business name and address where he or she is employed. If the person has multiple businesses or work locations, every business and work location must be reported to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- Section 15. Transfer from the sex offender registry.
 - (a) The registration information for a person registered under the Sex Offender Registration Act or the Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act who was adjudicated for an offense listed in subsection (b) of Section 5 of this Act may only be transferred to the Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Registry if all the following conditions are met:
- 23 (1) The juvenile offender's sole offense requiring 24 registration was an adjudication for an offense or offenses 25 listed in subsection (b) of Section 5 of this Act.

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- (2) The State's Attorney's Office in the county in which the juvenile offender was adjudicated has verified, on a form prescribed by the Illinois State Police, that the person's crime that required or requires registration was not sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
- The completed form has been received by the registering law enforcement agency and the Illinois State Police's Sex Offender Registration Unit.
- (b) Transfer under this Section shall not extend the registration period for juvenile offenders who were registered under the Sex Offender Registration Act or the Juvenile Registration Act.

Section 20. Discharge of juvenile violent offender against youth. Discharge of juvenile violent offender against youth from Department of Corrections facility or other penal institution; duties of official in charge. Any juvenile violent offender against youth who is discharged, paroled, or released from a Department of Corrections facility, a facility where such person was placed by the Department of Corrections or another penal institution, and whose liability registration has not terminated under Section 40 shall, prior discharge, parole or release from the facility or institution, be informed of his or her duty to register in person within 3 days of release by the facility or institution

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in which he or she was confined. The facility or institution shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days after establishing the residence, beginning employment, or beginning school.

The facility shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Act shall result in revocation of parole, mandatory supervised release or conditional release. The facility shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person and shall send one copy to each of the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and retain one copy for the files. Electronic data files which includes all notification form information and photographs of juvenile violent offenders against youth being released from an

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- 1 Illinois Department of Corrections facility will be shared on a
- regular basis as determined between the Department of State 2
- 3 Police and the Department of Corrections.

Section 25. Release of juvenile violent offender against youth; duties of the Court. Any juvenile violent offender against youth who is released on probation or discharged upon payment of a fine because of the commission of one of the offenses defined in subsection (b) of Section 5 of this Act, shall, prior to such release be informed of his or her duty to register under this Act by the Court in which he or she was adjudicated. The Court shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days after establishing the residence, beginning employment, or beginning school. The Court shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The Court shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Act shall result in probation revocation. The Court shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside,

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1 work, and attend school upon his or her release, and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The 2 3 Court shall give one copy of the form to the person and retain 4 the original in the court records. The Department of State 5 Police shall notify the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work and 6 attend school upon his or her release. 7

Section 30. Discharge of juvenile violent offender against youth from hospital. Discharge of juvenile violent offender against youth from a hospital or other treatment facility; duties of the official in charge. Any juvenile violent offender against youth who is discharged or released from a hospital or other treatment facility where he or she was confined shall be informed by the hospital or treatment facility in which he or she was confined, prior to discharge or release from the hospital or treatment facility, of his or her duty to register under this Act.

The facility shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration have been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person, retain one copy for its records, and forward the original to the Department of State Police. The facility shall

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obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole, or release and shall report the information to the Department of State Police within 3 days. The facility or institution shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 5 days after establishing the residence, beginning school, or beginning employment. The Department of State Police shall notify the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her release.

Section 35. Duty to report; change of address, school, or employment; duty to inform. Duty to report; change of address, school, or employment; duty to inform. Any juvenile violent offender against youth who is required to register under this Act shall report in person to the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration and every year thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. If any person required to register under this Act lacks a fixed residence or temporary domicile, he or she must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days

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after ceasing to have a fixed residence and if the juvenile offender leaves the last jurisdiction of residence, he or she must, within 48 hours after leaving, register in person with the new agency of jurisdiction.

If any other person required to register under this Act changes his or her residence address, place of employment, or school, he or she shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address, change in employment, or school and register, in person, with the appropriate law enforcement agency within the time period specified in Section 10. The law enforcement agency shall, within 3 days of the reporting in person by the person required to register under this Act, notify the Department of State Police of the new place of residence, change in employment, or school. If any person required to register under this Act intends to establish a residence or employment outside of the State of Illinois, at least 10 days before establishing that residence or employment, he or she shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with which he or she last registered of his or her out-of-state intended residence or employment. The law enforcement agency with which such person last registered shall, within 3 days after the reporting in person of the person required to register under this Act of an address or employment change, notify the Department of State Police. The Department of State Police shall forward such information to the out-of-state law enforcement agency having

- 1 jurisdiction in the form and manner prescribed by the
- 2 Department of State Police.
- 3 Section 40. Out-of-State employee or student; duty to 4 Every out-of-state student or out-of-state report change. 5 employee must notify the agency having jurisdiction of any change of employment or change of educational status, in 6 7 writing, within 3 days of the change. The law enforcement agency shall, within 3 days after receiving the notice, enter 8 9 the appropriate changes into LEADS.
- 10 Section 45. Duration of registration. A person who becomes 11 subject to registration under this Article who has previously been subject to registration under this Article, under the Sex 12 13 Offender Registration Act, or under the Juvenile Sex Offender 14 Registration Act or similar registration requirements of other jurisdictions shall register for the period of his or her 15 16 natural life if not confined to a penal institution, hospital, 17 or other institution or facility, and if confined, for the 18 period of his or her natural life after parole, discharge, or release from any such facility. Any other person who is 19 required to register under this Act shall be required to 20 21 register for a period of 10 years after adjudication if not 22 confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other 23 institution or facility, and if confined, for a period of 10 24 years after parole, discharge or release from any such

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facility. A juvenile violent offender against youth who is allowed to leave a county, State, or federal facility for the purposes of work release, education, or overnight visitations shall be required to register within 3 days of beginning such a Liability for registration terminates at expiration of 10 years from the date of adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other institution or facility and if confined, at the expiration of 10 years from the date of parole, discharge or release from any such facility, providing such person does not, during that period, again become liable to register under the provisions of this Act. Reconfinement due to a violation of parole or other circumstances that relates to the original adjudication shall extend the period of registration to 10 years after final parole, discharge, or release. The Director of State Police, consistent with administrative rules, shall extend for 10 years the registration period of any juvenile violent offender against youth who fails to comply with the provisions of this Act. The registration period for any juvenile violent offender against youth who fails to comply with any provision of the Act shall extend the period of registration by 10 years beginning from the first date of registration after the violation. If the registration period is extended, the Department of State Police shall send a registered letter to the law enforcement agency where the juvenile violent offender against youth resides within 3 days after the extension of the registration period.

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The juvenile violent offender against youth shall report to that law enforcement agency and sign for that letter. One copy of that letter shall be kept on file with the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the juvenile violent offender against youth resides and one copy shall be returned to the Department of State Police.

Section 50. Registration requirements. Registration as required by this Act shall consist of a statement in writing signed by the person giving the information that is required by the Department of State Police, which may include the fingerprints and must include a current photograph of the person, to be updated annually. The registration information must include whether the person is a juvenile violent offender against youth. Within 3 days, the registering law enforcement agency shall forward any required information to the Department of State Police. The registering law enforcement agency shall enter the information into the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) as provided in Sections 6 and 7 of the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984.

Section 55. Verification requirements.

(a) The agency having jurisdiction shall verify the address of juvenile violent offenders against youth required to register with their agency at least once per year. The verification must be documented in LEADS in the form and manner

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required by the Department of State Police.

- (b) The supervising officer shall, within 15 days of sentencing to probation or release from an Illinois Department of Corrections facility or similar facility, contact the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction which the juvenile violent offender against youth designated as his or her intended residence and verify compliance with the requirements of this Act. Revocation proceedings shall be immediately commenced against a juvenile violent offender against youth on probation, parole, or mandatory supervised release who fails to comply with the requirements of this Act.
- Section 60. Public inspection of registration data. Except provided in this Act, the statements or any other information required by this Act shall not be open to inspection by the public, or by any person other than by a law enforcement officer or other individual as may be authorized by law and shall include law enforcement agencies of this State, any other state, or of the federal government. Similar information may be requested from any law enforcement agency of another state or of the federal government for purposes of this Act. It is a Class B misdemeanor to permit the unauthorized release of any information required by this Act.
- 23 Section 65. Penalty. Any person who is required to register 24 under this Act who violates any of the provisions of this Act

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and any person who is required to register under this Act who seeks to change his or her name under Article 21 of the Code of Civil Procedure is guilty of a Class 3 felony. Any person who is adjudicated or convicted for a violation of this Act for a second or subsequent time is quilty of a Class 2 felony. Any person who is required to register under this Act who knowingly or wilfully gives material information required by this Act that is false is guilty of a Class 3 felony. Any person adjudicated or convicted of a violation of any provision of this Act shall, in addition to any other penalty required by law, be required to serve a minimum period of 7 days confinement in the local county jail. The court shall impose a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 for failure to comply with any provision of this Act. These fines shall be deposited into the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Fund. Any juvenile violent offender against youth who violates any provision of this Act may be arrested and tried in any Illinois county where the juvenile violent offender against youth can be located. The local police department or sheriff's office is not required to determine whether the person is living within its jurisdiction.

Section 70. Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Fund. There is created the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used to cover costs incurred by the criminal

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1 justice system to administer this Act and the Child Murderer 2 Registration Act. The Department of State Police shall 3 establish and promulgate rules and procedures regarding the 4 administration of this Fund. Fifty percent of the moneys in the 5 Fund shall be allocated by the Department for sheriffs' offices and police departments. The remaining moneys in the Fund shall 6 be allocated to the Illinois State Police for education and 7 8 administration of this Act and the Child Murderer Registration 9 Act.

Section 75. Access to State of Illinois databases. The Department of State Police shall have access to State of Illinois databases containing information that may help in the identification or location of persons required to register under this Act. Interagency agreements shall be implemented, consistent with security and procedures established by the State agency and consistent with the laws governing the confidentiality of the information in the databases. Information shall be used only for administration of this Act.

Section 80. Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Database.

(a) The Department of State Police shall establish and maintain a Statewide Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Database for the purpose of identifying juvenile violent offenders against youth. The Database shall be created from the

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Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) established under Section 6 of the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984. The Department of State Police shall examine its LEADS database for persons registered as juvenile violent offenders against youth under this Act and shall identify those who are juvenile violent offenders against youth and shall add all the information, including photographs if available, on those juvenile violent offenders against youth to the Statewide Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Database.

(b) The Department of State Police must develop and conduct training to educate all those entities involved in the Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Program.

Section 85. Verification that offense was not sexually motivated. Any person who is adjudicated of any of the offenses listed in subsection (b) of Section 5 of this Act on or after the effective date of this Act, shall be required to register as a juvenile offender on the Juvenile Violent Offender Against Youth Registry if, at the time of sentencing, the sentencing court verifies in writing that the offense was not sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. If the offense was sexually motivated, the juvenile offender shall be required to register pursuant to the Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act.

Section 90. List of juvenile violent offenders against

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youth; list of facilities, schools, and institutions of higher education. The Department of State Police shall promulgate rules to develop a list of juvenile violent offenders against youth covered by this Act and a list of child care facilities, schools, and institutions of higher education eligible to receive notice under this Act, so that the list can be disseminated in a timely manner to law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction.

Section 95. Community notification of juvenile violent offenders against youth.

- (a) The sheriff of the county, except Cook County, shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place of employment, school attended, and offense adjudication of all juvenile violent offenders against youth required to register under Section 10 of this Act:
 - (1) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices of non-public institution of higher education located in the county where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education; and
 - (2) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the county where the violent offender against youth is required to register or

1	is	employed;	and

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- (3) Child care facilities located in the county where the violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed; and
- (4) Libraries located in the county where the violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed.
 - (a-2) The sheriff of Cook County shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all juvenile violent offenders against youth required to register under Section 10 of this Act:
 - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located within the region of Cook County, as those public school districts and nonpublic schools are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed;
 - (2) Child care facilities located within the region of Cook County, as those child care facilities are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed;
 - (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices $\circ f$ other each

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non-public institution of higher education located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;

- (4) Libraries located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the violent offender against youth is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education.
- (a-3) The Chicago Police Department shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place of employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all juvenile violent offenders against youth required to register under Section 10 of this Act:
 - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the police district where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed if the juvenile offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago;
 - (2) Child care facilities located in the police district where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed if the juvenile offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago;
 - (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or

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1 administrative offices other appropriate ofeach non-public institution of higher education located in the 2 police district where the juvenile violent offender 3 4 against youth is required to register, resides, 5 employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago; and 6

- (4) Libraries located in the police district where the juvenile violent offender against youth is required to register or is employed if the offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago.
- 11 (a-4) The Department of State Police shall provide a list
 12 of juvenile violent offenders against youth required to
 13 register to the Illinois Department of Children and Family
 14 Services.
 - (b) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency may disclose, in the Department's or agency's discretion, the following information to any person likely to encounter a juvenile violent offender against youth:
- 19 (1) The juvenile offender's name, address, and date of 20 birth;
 - (2) The offense for which the offender was convicted;
 - (3) The juvenile offender's photograph or other such information that will help identify the juvenile violent offender against youth; and
 - (4) Juvenile offender employment information, to protect public safety.

1 Section 100. Notification regarding juvenile offenders.

- (a) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may, in the Department's or agency's discretion, only provide the information specified in subsection (b) of Section 95, with respect to an adjudicated juvenile delinquent, to any person when that person's safety may be compromised for some reason related to the juvenile violent offender against youth.
- (b) The local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction to register the juvenile violent offender against youth shall ascertain from the juvenile violent offender against youth whether the juvenile violent offender against youth is enrolled in school; and if so, shall provide a copy of the juvenile violent offender against youth registration form only to the principal or chief administrative officer of the school and any guidance counselor designated by him or her. The registration form shall be kept separately from any and all school records maintained on behalf of the juvenile violent offender against youth.

Section 105. Special alerts. A law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may provide to the public a special alert list warning parents to be aware that juvenile violent offenders against youth may attempt to contact children during holidays involving children, such as Halloween, Christmas, and

- 1 Easter.
- 2 Section 110. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended
- 3 by changing the title of the Act and Sections 1, 2, 3, 3-5, 4,
- 4 5, 5-5, 6, 7, 8, 8-5, 9, and 10 as follows:
- 5 (730 ILCS 150/Act title)
- AN ACT to require the registration of sex offenders and in 6
- 7 relation to the confidentiality of information concerning
- 8 minor victims of juvenile sex offenses and concerning missing
- children. (Article I) 9
- 10 (730 ILCS 150/1) (from Ch. 38, par. 221)
- 11 Sec. 1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
- 12 Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 89-8, eff. 1-1-96.)
- (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222) 14
- Sec. 2. Definitions. 15
- 16 (A) As used in this Article, "juvenile sex offender" means
- 17 any person who is:
- 18 (1) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of
- committing or attempting to commit an act which, if 19
- 20 committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses
- 21 specified in item (B) or (C) of this Section or a violation
- of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of 22

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Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found quilty under Article V of the <u>Juvenile Court Act of</u> 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B) or (C) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Adjudications that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one adjudication. Any adjudication set aside pursuant to law is not an adjudication for purposes of this Article; or

- (2) (1) charged as a juvenile pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (a) (blank) is convicted of such offense attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (b) is found not quilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or

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or

1	(d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
2	acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section
3	104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for
4	the alleged commission or attempted commission of such
5	offense; or
6	(e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
7	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
8	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
9	foreign country law substantially similar to Section
10	104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
11	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
12	offense; or
13	(f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an
14	acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal,
15	Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or
16	foreign country law substantially similar to Section
17	104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for
18	the alleged violation or attempted commission of such
19	offense; or
20	(3) (2) certified as a sexually dangerous person
21	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or
22	any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of
23	Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
24	(4) (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the

Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act;

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(5) (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law. ; or

(5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C 5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C 5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction.

Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Article.

-For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated".

- (B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:
 - (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the

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Criminal Code of 1961:
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                   11-20.1 (child pornography),
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                   11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography),
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                   11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
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                   11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
                   11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
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                   11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
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              disability),
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                   11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
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                   11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
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                   11 - 17.1
                              (keeping
                                               place
                                                              iuvenile
                                          а
                                                        of
12
              prostitution),
13
                   11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
14
                   11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
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                   11-25 (grooming),
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                   11-26 (traveling to meet a minor),
                   12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
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                   12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
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                   12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
20
              child),
21
                   12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),
22
                   12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
23
                   12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
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                  An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
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               (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections of
          the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person
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under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:

- 10-1 (kidnapping),
- 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 7 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 8 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
 - (1.6) (Blank). First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
 - (1.7) (Blank).
 - (1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal Code of 1961, and the offense was committed on or after June 1, 1997.
 - Child abduction under paragraph (10)subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998,

1 provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in

2	Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
3	(1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
4	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
5	offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:
6	10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18
7	years of age), provided the offense was sexually
8	motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender
9	Management Board Act,
10	11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),
11	11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim
12	is under 18 years of age),
13	11-16 (pandering, if the victim is under 18 years
14	of age),
15	11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim is
16	under 18 years of age),
17	11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years of
18	age).
19	(1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
20	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
21	offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002:
22	11-9 (public indecency for a third or subsequent
23	adjudication conviction).
24	(1.12) A violation or attempted violation of Section
25	5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act (permitting sexual abuse)
26	when the offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002.

- 1 (2) A violation of any former law of this State 2 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 3 subsection (B) of this Section.
 - (C) An adjudication A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (B), (C), and (E) of this Section shall constitute an adjudication a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person or a sexually violent person under any federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign country that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Article.
 - (C-5) (Blank). A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9 1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-5) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection (C-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June 1, 1996 only if the person is incarcerated in an

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Illinois Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004 (the effective date of Public Act 93-977).

- (D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the municipalities in which the juvenile sex offender expects to reside, work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the juvenile offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state students attend school and where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise required to register.
- (D-1) As used in this Article, "supervising officer" means the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or county probation officer.
- (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any person who, after July 1, 1999, is:
 - (1) Adjudicated Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (E) of this Section shall constitute an adjudication a conviction for the purpose of this Article. Adjudicated Convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal

1	Code of 1961, if the <u>adjudication</u> conviction occurred after											
2	July 1, 1999:											
3	11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile											
4	prostitution),											
5	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),											
6	11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),											
7	11-20.1 (child pornography),											
8	11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography),											
9	12-13 (criminal sexual assault),											
10	12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),											
11	12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a											
12	child),											
13	12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),											
14	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child);											
15	(2) (blank);											
16	(3) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant											
17	to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially											
18	similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister											
19	state, or foreign country law;											
20	(4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to											
21	the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any											
22	substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military											
23	Justice, sister state, or foreign country law;											
24	(5) <u>adjudicated</u> convicted of a second or subsequent											
25	offense which requires registration pursuant to this Act.											
26	The <u>adjudication</u> conviction for the second or subsequent											

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- 1 offense must have occurred after July 1, 1999. For purposes of this paragraph (5), "adjudicated convicted" shall 2 a conviction under 3 include an adjudication 4 substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of 5 Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
 - (6) adjudicated convicted of a second or subsequent offense of luring a minor under Section 10-5.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
 - (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any juvenile sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.
 - (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means any juvenile sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.
 - (H) As used in this Article, "school" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional

- 1 institution, or institution of higher education.
- 2 (I) As used in this Article, "fixed residence" means any
- and all places that a juvenile sex offender resides for an 3
- 4 aggregate period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
- 5 (J) As used in this Article, "Internet protocol address"
- 6 means the string of numbers by which a location on the Internet
- 7 is identified by routers or other computers connected to the
- 8 Internet.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08;
- 10 95-625, eff. 6-1-08; 95-658, eff. 10-11-07; 95-876, eff.
- 8-21-08; 96-301, eff. 8-11-09.) 11
- (730 ILCS 150/3) 12
- 13 Sec. 3. Duty to register.
- 14 (a) A juvenile sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of
- 15 this Act, or sexual predator shall, within the time period
- prescribed in subsections (b) and (c), register in person and 16
- provide accurate information as required by the Department of 17
- State Police. Such information shall include a 18
- 19 photograph, current address, current place of employment, the
- employer's telephone number, school attended, all e-mail 20
- 21 addresses, instant messaging identities, chat room identities,
- 22 and other Internet communications identities that the juvenile
- 23 sex offender uses or plans to use, all Uniform Resource
- Locators (URLs) registered or used by the juvenile 24
- 25 offender, all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the

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juvenile sex offender or to which the juvenile sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, extensions of the time period for registering as provided in this Article and, if an extension was granted, the reason why the extension was granted and the date the juvenile sex offender was notified of the extension. The information shall also include the county of conviction, license plate numbers for every vehicle registered in the name of the juvenile sex offender, the age of the juvenile sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the juvenilesex offender. A juvenile sex offender adjudicated convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall provide all Internet protocol (IP) addresses in his or her residence, registered in his or her name, accessible at his or her place of employment, or otherwise under his or her control or custody. The <u>juvenile</u> sex offender or sexual predator shall register:

- (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 3 $\frac{5}{9}$ or more days, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
- (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of

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- 1 3 $\frac{5}{2}$ or more days in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists. 2
 - If the juvenile sex offender or sexual predator is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, he or she shall register:
 - (i) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
 - (ii) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she is employed or attends an institution of higher education located in an unincorporated area, or if incorporated, no police chief exists.
 - For purposes of this Article, the place of residence or temporary domicile is defined as any and all places where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 3 or more days during any calendar year. Any person required to register under this Article who lacks a fixed address or temporary domicile must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence.
- 23 Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, 24 in person, with the sheriff's office of the county in which he 25 or she is located in an unincorporated area, or with the chief 26 of police in the municipality in which he or she is located.

The agency of jurisdiction will document each weekly registration to include all the locations where the person has stayed during the past 7 days.

The sex offender or sexual predator shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the sex offender's or sexual predator's current place of employment.

shall, within 3 days after beginning school or employment in this State, register in person and provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. Such information will include current place of employment, school attended, and address in state of residence. A <u>juvenile</u> sex offender adjudicated convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall provide all Internet protocol (IP) addresses in his or her residence, registered in his or her name, accessible at his or her place of employment, or otherwise under his or her control or custody. The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall register:

(1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 3 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or

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1 (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 3 $\frac{5}{2}$ 2 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more 3 4 than 30 days during any calendar year in an unincorporated 5 area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the out-of-state student's current place of school attendance or the out-of-state employee's current place of employment.

- (a-10) Any law enforcement agency registering juvenile sex offenders or sexual predators in accordance with subsections (a) or (a-5) of this Section shall forward to the Attorney General a copy of juvenile sex offender registration forms from persons convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961, including periodic and annual registrations under Section 6 of this Act.
- (b) Any <u>juvenile</u> sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, regardless of any initial, prior, or other registration, shall, within 3 days of beginning school, or establishing a residence, place of employment, or temporary domicile in any county, register in person as set forth in subsection (a) or (a-5).
- 24 (c) The registration for any person required to register 25 under this Article shall be as follows:
 - (1) Any person registered under the Sex Offender

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Registration Act for an adjudication of a sex offense Habitual Child Sex Offender Registration Act or the Child Sex Offender Registration Act prior to July 1, 2011 January 1, 1996, shall be deemed initially registered as of July 1, 2011 January 1, 1996; however, this shall not be construed to extend the duration of registration set forth in Section 7.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (c) (4), any person convicted or adjudicated prior to <u>July 1, 2011</u> January 1, 1996, whose liability for registration under Section 7 has not expired, shall register in person with the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act prior to January 31, 1996.
- (2.5) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person who has not been notified of his or her responsibility to register shall be notified by a criminal justice entity of his or her responsibility to register. Upon notification the person must then register within 3 days of notification of his or her requirement to register. If notification is not made within the offender's 10 year registration requirement, and the Department of State Police determines no evidence exists or indicates the offender attempted to avoid registration, the offender will no longer be required to register under this Act.

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- (3) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person convicted on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within 3 days after the entry of the sentencing order based upon his or her conviction.
- (4) Any person unable to comply with the registration requirements of this Article because he or she is confined, institutionalized, or imprisoned in Illinois on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within 3 days of discharge, parole or release.
- (5) The person shall provide positive identification and documentation that substantiates proof of residence at the registering address.
- (6) The person shall pay a \$20 initial registration fee and a \$10 annual renewal fee. The fees shall be used by the registering agency for official purposes. The agency shall establish procedures to document receipt and use of the funds. The law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may waive the registration fee if it determines that the person is indigent and unable to pay the registration fee. Ten dollars for the initial registration fee and \$5 of the annual renewal fee shall be used by the registering agency Ten dollars of the official purposes. registration fee and \$5 of the annual fee shall be deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund under Section 19 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. Money deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund shall

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be administered by the Sex Offender Management Board and shall be used to fund practices endorsed or required by the Sex Offender Management Board Act including but not limited to sex offenders evaluation, treatment, or monitoring programs that are or may be developed, as well as for administrative costs, including staff, incurred by the Board.

- (d) Within 3 days after obtaining or changing employment and, if employed on January 1, 2000, within 5 days after that date, a person required to register under this Section must report, in person to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction, the business name and address where he or she is employed. If the person has multiple businesses or work locations, every business and work location must be reported to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 94-994,
- eff. 1-1-07; 95-229, eff. 8-16-07; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08; 95-640,
- 18 eff. 6-1-08; 95-658, eff. 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)
- 19 (730 ILCS 150/3-5)
- Sec. 3-5. Application of Act to adjudicated juvenile delinquents.
- 22 (a) In all cases involving an adjudicated juvenile 23 delinquent who meets the definition of <u>juvenile</u> sex offender as 24 set forth in paragraph (1) (5) of subsection (A) of Section 2 25 of this Act, the court shall order the minor to register as a

<u>juvenile</u> sex offender.

- (b) Once an adjudicated juvenile delinquent is ordered to register as a <u>juvenile</u> sex offender, the adjudicated juvenile delinquent shall be subject to the registration requirements set forth in Sections 3, 6, 6-5, 8, 8-5, and 10 for the term of his or her registration.
- (c) For a minor adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if charged as an adult, would be a felony, no less than 5 years after registration ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, the minor may petition for the termination of the term of registration. For a minor adjudicated delinquent for an offense which, if charged as an adult, would be a misdemeanor, no less than 2 years after registration ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, the minor may petition for termination of the term of registration.
- (d) The court may upon a hearing on the petition for termination of registration, terminate registration if the court finds that the registrant poses no risk to the community by a preponderance of the evidence based upon the factors set forth in subsection (e).
- (e) To determine whether a registrant poses a risk to the community as required by subsection (d), the court shall consider the following factors:
- 24 (1) a risk assessment performed by an evaluator 25 approved by the Sex Offender Management Board;
 - (2) the sex offender history of the adjudicated

1 juvenile delinguent;

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- (3) evidence of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent's 2 rehabilitation; 3
 - (4) the age of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent at the time of the offense;
 - (5) information related to the adjudicated juvenile delinquent's mental, physical, educational, and social history;
 - (6) victim impact statements; and
 - (7) any other factors deemed relevant by the court.
 - (f) At the hearing set forth in subsections (c) and (d), a registrant shall be represented by counsel and may present a risk assessment conducted by an evaluator who is a licensed psychiatrist, psychologist, or other mental professional, and who has demonstrated clinical experience in juvenile sex offender treatment.
 - (g) After a registrant completes the term of his or her registration, his or her name, address, and all other identifying information shall be removed from all State and local registries.
 - (h) This Section applies retroactively to cases in which adjudicated juvenile delinquents who registered required to register before the effective date of amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. On or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, a person adjudicated delinquent before the effective

- 1 date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly may
- 2 request a hearing regarding status of registration by filing a
- 3 Petition Requesting Registration Status with the clerk of the
- 4 court. Upon receipt of the Petition Requesting Registration
- 5 Status, the clerk of the court shall provide notice to the
- parties and set the Petition for hearing pursuant 6
- subsections (c) through (e) of this Section. 7
- (i) This Section does not apply to minors prosecuted under
- 9 the criminal laws as adults.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 95-658, eff. 10-11-07.)
- (730 ILCS 150/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 224) 11
- Sec. 4. Discharge of <u>juv</u>enile sex offender, as defined in 12
- 13 Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator from Department of
- 14 Corrections or Department of Juvenile Justice facility or other
- 15 penal institution; duties of official in charge. Any juvenile
- sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual 16
- predator, as defined by this Article, who is discharged, 17
- paroled or released from a Department of Corrections facility 18
- 19 or a Department of Juvenile Justice facility, a facility where
- 20 such person was placed by the Department of Corrections or the
- 21 Department of Juvenile Justice, or another penal institution,
- 22 and whose liability for registration has not terminated under
- 23 Section 7 shall, prior to discharge, parole or release from the
- 24 facility or institution, be informed of his or her duty to
- 25 register in person within 3 days of release by the facility or

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institution in which he or she was confined. The facility or institution shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days after establishing the residence, beginning employment, or beginning school.

The facility shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Article shall result in revocation of parole, mandatory supervised release or conditional release. The facility shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person and shall send one copy to each of the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and retain one copy for the files. Electronic data files which includes all notification form information and photographs of juvenile sex offenders being

- 1 Illinois Department of Corrections released from an or
- Department of Juvenile Justice facility will be shared on a 2
- 3 regular basis as determined between the Department of State
- 4 Police and the Department of Corrections or Juvenile Justice.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08.)
- 6 (730 ILCS 150/5) (from Ch. 38, par. 225)

Sec. 5. Release of juvenile sex offender, as defined in 7 Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator; duties of the Court. 8 9 Any juvenile sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, 10 or sexual predator, as defined by this Article, who is released on probation or discharged upon payment of a fine because of 11 12 the commission of one of the offenses defined in subsection (B) of Section 2 of this Article, shall, prior to such release be 13 14 informed of his or her duty to register under this Article by 15 the Court in which he or she was convicted. The Court shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she 16 establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is 17 employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school 18 19 outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days after establishing the residence, 20 21 beginning employment, or beginning school. The Court shall 22 require the person to read and sign such form as may be 23 required by the Department of State Police stating that the 24 duty to register and the procedure for registration has been 25 explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty

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to register and the procedure for registration. The Court shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Article shall result in probation revocation. The Court shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her release, and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The Court shall give one copy of the form to the person and retain the original in the court records. The Department of State Police shall notify the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work and attend school upon his or her release.

(Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08.) 13

14 (730 ILCS 150/5-5)

Sec. 5-5. Discharge of <u>juvenile</u> sex offender or sexual predator from a hospital or other treatment facility; duties of the official in charge. Any juvenile sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, as defined in this Article, who is discharged or released from a hospital or other treatment facility where he or she was confined shall be informed by the hospital or treatment facility in which he or she was confined, prior to discharge or release from the hospital or treatment facility, of his or her duty to register under this Article.

The facility shall require the person to read and sign such

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form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person, retain one copy for their records, and forward the original to the Department of State Police. The facility shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole, or release and shall report the information to the Department of State Police within 3 days. The facility or institution shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days after establishing the residence, beginning school, or beginning employment. The Department of State Police shall notify the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her release.

21 (Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08.)

22 (730 ILCS 150/6) (from Ch. 38, par. 226)

Sec. 6. Duty to report; change of address, school, or employment; duty to inform. A person who has been adjudicated to be sexually dangerous or is a sexually violent person and is

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later released, or found to be no longer sexually dangerous or longer a sexually violent person and discharged, convicted of a violation of this Act after July 1, 2005, shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered no later than 90 days after the date of his or her last registration and every 90 days thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. Such sexually dangerous or sexually violent person must report all new or changed e-mail addresses, all new or changed instant messaging identities, all new or changed chat room identities, and all other new or changed Internet communications identities that the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person uses or plans to use, all new or changed Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person, and all new or changed blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person or to which the sexually dangerous or sexually violent person has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information. Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, to the appropriate law enforcement agency where the juvenile sex offender is located. Any other person who is required to register under this Article shall report in person to the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration and every year thereafter and at such other times at the

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request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. If any person required to register under this Article lacks a fixed residence or temporary domicile, he or she must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence and if the juvenile offender leaves the last jurisdiction of residence, he or she, must within 3 days after leaving register in person with the new agency of jurisdiction. If any other person required to register under this Article changes his or her residence address, place of employment, or school, he or she shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address, change in employment, or school, all new or changed e-mail addresses, all new or changed instant messaging identities, all new or changed chat room identities, and all other new or changed Internet communications identities that the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender uses or plans to use, all new or changed Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the juvenile sex offender, and all new or changed blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the juvenile sex offender or to which the juvenile sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, and register, in person, with the appropriate law enforcement agency within the time period specified in Section 3. The law enforcement agency shall, within 3 days of the reporting in person by the person required to register under this Article, notify the Department

- 1 of State Police of the new place of residence, change in 2 employment, or school.
- If any person required to register under this Article 3
- 4 intends to establish a residence or employment outside of the
- 5 State of Illinois, at least 10 days before establishing that
- 6 residence or employment, he or she shall report in person to
- the law enforcement agency with which he or she last registered 7
- 8 of his or her out-of-state intended residence or employment.
- 9 The law enforcement agency with which such person last
- 10 registered shall, within 3 days after the reporting in person
- 11 of the person required to register under this Article of an
- address or employment change, notify the Department of State 12
- 13 Police. The Department of State Police shall forward such
- information to the out-of-state law enforcement agency having 14
- 15 jurisdiction in the form and manner prescribed by the
- 16 Department of State Police.
- (Source: P.A. 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 95-229, 17
- eff. 8-16-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; 18
- 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.) 19
- 20 (730 ILCS 150/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 227)
- Sec. 7. Duration of registration. A person who has been 21
- 22 adjudicated to be sexually dangerous and is later released or
- 23 found to be no longer sexually dangerous and discharged, shall
- 24 register for the period of his or her natural life. A sexually
- 25 violent person or sexual predator shall register for the period

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1 of his or her natural life after conviction or adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital, or other institution or facility, and if confined, for the period of his or her natural life after parole, discharge, or release from any such facility. A person who becomes subject to registration under this Article who has previously been subject to registration under this Article or under the Violent Offender 7 Against Youth Registration Act, the Sex Offender Registration Act, or or under the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act or similar registration requirements of other jurisdictions shall register for the period of his or her natural life if not confined to a penal institution, hospital, or other institution or facility, and if confined, for the period of his or her natural life after parole, discharge, or release from any such facility. Any other person who is required to register under this Article shall be required to register for a period of 10 years after conviction or adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other institution or facility, and if confined, for a period of 10 years after parole, discharge or release from any such facility. A juvenile sex offender who is allowed to leave a county, State, or federal facility for the purposes of work release, education, or overnight visitations shall be 23 required to register within 3 days of beginning such a program. Liability for registration terminates at the expiration of 10 26 years from the date of conviction or adjudication if not

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confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other institution or facility and if confined, at the expiration of 10 years from the date of parole, discharge or release from any such facility, providing such person does not, during that period, again become liable to register under the provisions of this Article. Reconfinement due to a violation of parole or other circumstances that relates to the original conviction or adjudication shall extend the period of registration to 10 years after final parole, discharge, or release. Reconfinement due to a violation of parole or other circumstances that do not relate to the original conviction or adjudication shall toll the running of the balance of the 10-year period of registration, which shall not commence running until after final parole, discharge, or release. The Director of State Police, consistent with administrative rules, shall extend for 10 years the registration period of any juvenile sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, who fails to comply with the provisions of this Article. The registration period for any juvenile sex offender who fails to comply with any provision of the Act shall extend the period of registration by 10 years beginning from the first date of registration after the violation. If the registration period is extended, Department of State Police shall send a registered letter to the law enforcement agency where the juvenile sex offender resides within 3 days after the extension of the registration period. The juvenile sex offender shall report to that law

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- 1 enforcement agency and sign for that letter. One copy of that
- 2 letter shall be kept on file with the law enforcement agency of
- the jurisdiction where the sex offender resides and one copy 3
- 4 shall be returned to the Department of State Police.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 95-169,
- eff. 8-14-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-513, eff. 6-1-08; 6
- 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.) 7
- (730 ILCS 150/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 228) 8
 - 8. Registration Requirements. Registration required by this Article shall consist of a statement in writing signed by the person giving the information that is required by the Department of State Police, which may include the fingerprints and must include a current photograph of the person, to be updated annually. If the sex offender is a child sex offender as defined in Section 11 9.3 or 11 9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, he or she shall sign a statement that he or she understands that according to Illinois law as a child sex offender he or she may not reside within 500 feet of a school, park, or playground. The offender may also not reside within 500 feet of a facility providing services directed exclusively toward persons under 18 years of age unless the sex offender meets specified exemptions. The registration information must include whether the person is a juvenile sex offender as defined in the Juvenile Sex Offender Community Notification Law. Within 3 days, the registering

- 1 enforcement agency shall forward any required information to
- 2 the Department of State Police. The registering law enforcement
- agency shall enter the information into the Law Enforcement 3
- 4 Agencies Data System (LEADS) as provided in Sections 6 and 7 of
- 5 the Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984.
- (Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 6
- 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.) 7
- 8 (730 ILCS 150/8-5)
- 9 Sec. 8-5. Verification requirements.
- 10 (a) Address verification. The agency having jurisdiction
- shall verify the address of juvenile sex offenders, as defined 11
- 12 in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predators required to
- register with their agency at least once per year. The 13
- 14 verification must be documented in LEADS in the form and manner
- 15 required by the Department of State Police.
- 16 (a-5) Internet Protocol address verification. The agency
- having jurisdiction may verify the Internet protocol (IP) 17
- address of juvenile sex offenders, as defined in Section 2 of 18
- 19 this Act, who are required to register with their agency under
- Section 3 of this Act. A copy of any such verification must be 20
- sent to the Attorney General for entrance in the Illinois 21
- 22 Cyber-crimes Location Database pursuant to Section 5-4-3.2 of
- 23 the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 24 (b) Registration or an Illinois Department of Juvenile
- 25 Justice verification. The supervising officer shall, within 15

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days of sentencing to probation or release from an Illinois Department of Corrections facility, contact the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction that in which the juvenile sex offender or sexual predator designated as his or her intended residence and verify compliance with the requirements of this Act. Revocation proceedings shall be immediately commenced against a juvenile sex offender or sexual predator on probation, parole, or mandatory supervised release who fails to comply with the requirements of this Act.

(c) In an effort to ensure that sexual predators and iuvenile offenders who fail sex t.o respond t.o address-verification attempts or who otherwise abscond from registration are located in a timely manner, the Department of State Police shall share information with local law enforcement agencies. The Department shall use analytical resources to assist local law enforcement agencies to determine the potential whereabouts of any sexual predator or juvenile sex offender who fails to respond to address-verification attempts or who otherwise absconds from registration. The Department shall review and analyze all available information concerning any such predator or offender who fails to respond to address-verification attempts or who otherwise absconds from registration and provide the information to local enforcement agencies in order to assist the agencies in locating and apprehending the sexual predator or juvenile sex offender.

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(Source: P.A. 94-988, eff. 1-1-07; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08.) 1

2 (730 ILCS 150/9) (from Ch. 38, par. 229)

Sec. 9. Public inspection of registration data. Except as provided in the Juvenile Sex Offender Community Notification Law, the statements or any other information required by this Article shall not be open to inspection by the public, or by any person other than by a law enforcement officer or other individual as may be authorized by law and shall include law enforcement agencies of this State, any other state, or of the federal government. Similar information may be requested from any law enforcement agency of another state or of the federal government for purposes of this Act. It is a Class B misdemeanor to permit the unauthorized release information required by this Article.

(Source: P.A. 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.) 15

(730 ILCS 150/10) (from Ch. 38, par. 230) 16

17 Sec. 10. Penalty.

> (a) Any person who is required to register under this Article who violates any of the provisions of this Article and any person who is required to register under this Article who seeks to change his or her name under Article 21 of the Code of Civil Procedure is quilty of a Class 3 felony. Any person who is convicted for a violation of this Act for a second or subsequent time is quilty of a Class 2 felony. Any person who

is required to register under this Article who knowingly or wilfully gives material information required by this Article that is false is guilty of a Class 3 felony. Any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this Article shall, in addition to any other penalty required by law, be required to serve a minimum period of 7 days confinement in the local county jail. The court shall impose a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 for failure to comply with any provision of this Article. These fines shall be deposited in the Sex Offender Registration Fund. Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator who violates any provision of this Article may be arrested and tried in any Illinois county where the sex offender can be located. The local police department or sheriff's office is not required to determine whether the person is living within its jurisdiction.

(b) Any person, not covered by privilege under Part 8 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure or the Illinois Supreme Court's Rules of Professional Conduct, who has reason to believe that a sexual predator is not complying, or has not complied, with the requirements of this Article and who, with the intent to assist the sexual predator in eluding a law enforcement agency that is seeking to find the sexual predator to question the sexual predator about, or to arrest the sexual predator for, his or her noncompliance with the requirements of this Article is guilty of a Class 3 felony if he or she:

(1) provides false information to the law enforcement

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- 1 agency having jurisdiction about the sexual predator's noncompliance with the requirements of this Article, and, 2 3 if known, the whereabouts of the sexual predator;
 - (2) harbors, or attempts to harbor, or assists another person in harboring or attempting to harbor, the sexual predator; or
 - (3) conceals or attempts to conceal, or assists another person in concealing or attempting to conceal, the sexual predator.
- 10 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply if the sexual predator is 11 incarcerated in or is in the custody of a State correctional facility, a private correctional facility, a county or 12 13 municipal jail, a State mental health facility or a State 14 treatment and detention facility, or a federal correctional 15 facility.
 - (d) Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply if the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender accurately registered his or her Internet protocol address under this Act, and the address subsequently changed without his or her knowledge or intent.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 94-988, eff. 1-1-07; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08.) 21
- 22 Section 1010. The Sex Offender Community Notification Law 23 is amended by changing Sections 101, 105, 110, 115, 116, 117, 24 120, and 122 as follows:

- 1 (730 ILCS 152/101)
- Sec. 101. Short title. This Article may be cited as the 2
- 3 Juvenile Sex Offender Community Notification Law.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-945, eff. 6-27-06.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 152/105)
- Sec. 105. Definitions. As used in this Article, the 6
- 7 following definitions apply:
- 8 "Child care facilities" has the meaning set forth in the
- 9 Child Care Act of 1969, but does not include licensed foster
- 10 homes.
- "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the 11
- 12 Chief of Police in the municipality in which the juvenile sex
- 13 offender expects to reside (1) upon his or her discharge,
- 14 parole or release or (2) during the service of his or her
- 15 sentence of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff
- of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the 16
- 17 juvenile sex offender intends to reside in an unincorporated
- area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes 18
- 19 the location where out-of-state students attend school and
- 20 where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise
- 21 required to register.
- 22 "Sex offender" means any sex offender as defined in the Sex
- 23 Offender Registration Act whose offense or adjudication as a
- 24 sexually dangerous person occurred on or after June 1, 1996,
- 25 and whose victim was under the age of 18 at the time the

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committed but does not include the offenses set forth in subsection (b) (1.5) of Section 2 of that Act; and any sex offender as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act whose offense or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person occurred on or after June 1, 1997, and whose victim was 18 years of age or older at the time the offense was committed but does not include the offenses set forth in subsection (b) (1.5) of Section 2 of that Act.

"Sex offender" also means any sex offender as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act whose offense or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person occurred before June 1, 1996, and whose victim was under the age of 18 at the time the offense was committed but does not include the offenses set forth in subsection (b) (1.5) of Section 2 of that Act; and any sex offender as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act whose offense or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person occurred before June 1, 1997, and whose victim was 18 years of age or older at the time the offense was committed but does not include the offenses set forth in subsection (b) (1.5) of Section 2 of that Act.

"Juvenile sex offender" means any person who is adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of the commission of or attempt to commit a violation set forth in item (B) or τ (C) τ or (C-5) of Section 2 of the Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act, or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign

- 1 country law, and whose adjudication occurred on or after the
- 2 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General
- 3 Assembly.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-48, eff. 7-1-99; 92-828, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 152/110)
- Sec. 110. Registration. At the time a juvenile sex offender 6
- 7 registers under Section 3 of the Juvenile Sex Offender
- 8 Registration Act or reports a change of address or employment
- 9 under Section 6 of that Act, the juvenile offender shall notify
- 10 the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction with whom the
- juvenile offender registers or reports a change of address or 11
- 12 employment that the juvenile offender is a juvenile
- offender. 13
- 14 (Source: P.A. 90-193, eff. 7-24-97; 91-394, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 15 (730 ILCS 152/115)
- Sec. 115. Sex offender database. 16
- 17 (a) The Department of State Police shall establish and
- 18 maintain a Statewide Juvenile Sex Offender Database for the
- 19 purpose of identifying sex offenders and making that
- 20 information available to the persons specified in Section
- 21 Sections 120 and 125 of this Law. The Database shall be created
- 22 Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS)
- 23 established under Section 6 of the Intergovernmental Missing
- Child Recovery Act of 1984. The Department of State Police 24

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shall examine its LEADS database for persons registered as juvenile sex offenders under the Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act and shall identify those who are juvenile sex offenders and shall add all the information, including photographs if available, on those sex offenders to the Statewide Sex Offender Database.

(b) The Department of State Police must make the information contained in the Statewide Sex Offender Database accessible on the Internet by means of a hyperlink labeled "Sex Offender Information" on the Department's World Wide Web home page. The Department must make the information contained in the Statewide Sex Offender Database searchable via a mapping system which identifies registered sex offenders living within 5 miles of an identified address. The Department of State Police must update that information as it deems necessary.

The Department of State Police may require that a person who seeks access to the sex offender information submit biographical information about himself or herself before permitting access to the sex offender information. The Department of State Police must promulgate rules in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to implement this subsection (b) and those rules must include procedures to ensure that the information in the database is accurate.

(b) (c) The Department of State Police, Sex Offender Registration Unit, must develop and conduct training to educate all those entities involved in the Juvenile Sex Offender

- 1 Registration Program.
- (Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-994, eff. 1-1-07.) 2
- 3 (730 ILCS 152/116)

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- 4 Sec. 116. Missing Sex Offender Database.
- 5 (a) The Department of State Police shall establish and maintain a Statewide Missing Sex Offender Database for the 6 purpose of identifying missing juvenile sex offenders and 7 8 making that information available to the persons specified in 9 Section Sections 120 and 125 of this Law. The Database shall be 10 created from the Law Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) established under Section 6 of the Intergovernmental Missing 11 12 Child Recovery Act of 1984. The Department of State Police 13 shall examine its LEADS database for persons registered as 14 juvenile sex offenders under the Juvenile Sex Offender 15 Registration Act and shall identify those who are juvenile sex offenders and who have not complied with the provisions of 16 Section 6 of that Act or whose address can not be verified 17 under Section 8-5 of that Act and shall add all the 18 19 information, including photographs if available, on those 20 missing juvenile sex offenders to the Statewide Juvenile Sex Offender Database. 21
 - (b) The Department of State Police must make the information contained in the Statewide Missing Sex Offender Database accessible on the Internet by means of a hyperlink labeled "Missing Sex Offender Information" on the Department's

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offender.

- 1 World Wide Web home page and on the Attorney General's I-SORT page. The Department of State Police must update that 2 3 information as it deems necessary. The Internet page shall also 4 include information that rewards are available to persons who 5 inform the Department of State Police or a local enforcement agency of the whereabouts of a missing 6
 - The Department of State Police may require that a person who seeks access to the missing sex offender information submit biographical information about himself or herself before permitting access to the missing sex offender information. The Department of State Police must promulgate rules in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to implement this subsection (b) and those rules must include procedures to ensure that the information in the database is accurate.
 - (b) (c) The Department of State Police, Sex Offender Registration Unit, must develop and conduct training to educate all those entities involved in the Missing Sex Offender Registration Program.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 95-817, eff. 8-14-08.)
- 21 (730 ILCS 152/117)
- 22 Sec. 117. The Department of State Police shall promulgate 23 rules to develop a list of juvenile sex offenders covered by 24 this Act and a list of child care facilities, schools, and 25 institutions of higher education eligible to receive notice

- 1 under this Act, so that the list can be disseminated in a
- timely manner to law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction. 2
- (Source: P.A. 92-828, eff. 8-22-02.) 3
- 4 (730 ILCS 152/120)

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- 5 Sec. 120. Community notification of juvenile sex 6 offenders.
- (a) The sheriff of the county, except Cook County, shall 7 8 disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, 9 place of employment, school attended, e-mail addresses, 10 instant messaging identities, chat room identities, other Internet communications identities, all Uniform Resource 11 12 (URLs) registered or used by the juvenile Locators 13 offender, all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the 14 juvenile sex offender or to which the juvenile sex offender has 15 uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, and offense or adjudication of all <u>juvenile</u> sex offenders required 16 to register under Section 3 of the <u>Juvenile</u> Sex Offender 17 18 Registration Act:
 - (1) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices ofnon-public institution of higher education located in the county where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education;
 - (2) School boards of public school districts and the

princ	cipal	or	other	app:	ropri	ate	admi	inist	rative	offi	cer	of
each	nonp	ubli	c sch	.001	loca	ted	in	the	county	whe	re	the
juven	<u>ile</u>	sex	offer	nder	is	req	uire	d to	regis	ter	or	is
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- (3) Child care facilities located in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed;
- (4) Libraries located in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed;
- (5) Public libraries located in the county where the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is employed;
- (6) Public housing agencies located in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed;
- (7) The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services;
- (8) Social service agencies providing services to minors located in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed;
- (9) Volunteer organizations providing services to minors located in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
- (10) A victim of a sex offense residing in the county where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed, who is not otherwise required to be notified

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1 under Section 4.5 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act or Section 75 of the Sexually Violent Persons 2 Commitment Act. 3

- (a-2) The sheriff of Cook County shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place employment, school attended, e-mail addresses, instant messaging identities, chat room identities, other Internet communications identities, all Uniform Resource (URLs) registered or used by the juvenile sex offender, all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the juvenile sex offender or to which the juvenile sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, and offense or adjudication of all juvenile sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Juvenile Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located within the region of Cook County, as those public school districts and nonpublic schools are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is employed;
 - (2) Child care facilities located within the region of Cook County, as those child care facilities are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is employed;

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- (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or other appropriate administrative offices ofeach non-public institution of higher education located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;
 - (4) Libraries located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education;
 - (5) Public libraries located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;
 - (6) Public housing agencies located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;
 - (7) The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services:
 - (8) Social service agencies providing services to minors located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;
 - (9) Volunteer organizations providing services to

minors located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education; and

- (10) A victim of a sex offense residing in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attends an institution of higher education, who is not otherwise required to be notified under Section 4.5 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act or Section 75 of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act.
- (a-3) The Chicago Police Department shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place of employment, school attended, e-mail addresses, instant messaging identities, chat room identities, other Internet communications identities, all Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender, all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender or to which the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, and offense or adjudication of all <u>juvenile</u> sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the police district where the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is

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- employed if the <u>juvenile sex</u> offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago;
 - (2) Child care facilities located in the police district where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register or is employed if the offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago;
 - (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or other appropriate administrative offices of each non-public institution of higher education located in the police district where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
 - (4) Libraries located in the police district where the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is employed if the juvenile sex offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago;
 - (5) Public libraries located in the police district where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
 - (6) Public housing agencies located in the police district where the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
 - (7) The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services;

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- (8) Social service agencies providing services to minors located in the police district where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
 - (9) Volunteer organizations providing services to minors located in the police district where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago; and
 - (10) A victim of a sex offense residing in the police district where the juvenile sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attends an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago, who is not otherwise required to be notified under Section 4.5 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act or Section 75 of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act.
 - (a-4) The Department of State Police shall provide a list of juvenile sex offenders required to register to the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.
 - (b) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency may disclose, in the Department's discretion, the following information to any person likely to encounter a juvenile sex offender, or sexual predator:
 - (1) The juvenile sex offender's name, address, date of birth, e-mail addresses, instant messaging identities,

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chat room identities, and other Internet communications identities, all Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender, and all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender or to which the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information.

- (2) The offense for which the <u>juvenile sex</u> offender was adjudicated convicted.
 - (3) Adjudication as a sexually dangerous person.
- (4) The offender's photograph or other such information that will help identify the <u>juvenile</u> sex offender.
- (5) <u>Juvenile sex offender</u> <u>Offender</u> employment information, to protect public safety.

instant messaging identities, chat room identities, other Internet communications identities, all Uniform Resource Locators (URLs) registered or used by the sex offender, all blogs and other Internet sites maintained by the sex offender or to which the sex offender has uploaded any content or posted any messages or information, offense or adjudication, the county of conviction, license plate numbers for every vehicle registered in the name of the sex offender, the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the sex

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offender for sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall be open to inspection by the public as provided in this Section. Every municipal police department shall make available at its headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register in the municipality under the Sex Offender Registration Act. The sheriff shall also make available at his or her headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register under that Act and who live in unincorporated areas of the county. Sex offender information must be made available for public inspection to any person, no later than 72 hours or 3 business days from the date of the request. The request must be made in person, in writing, or by telephone. Availability must include giving the inquirer access to a facility where the information may be copied. A department or sheriff may charge a fee, but the fee may not exceed the actual costs of copying the information. An inquirer must be allowed to copy this information in his or her own handwriting. A department or sheriff must allow access to information during normal public working hours. The sheriff or a municipal police department may publish the photographs of sex offenders where any victim was 13 years of age or younger and who are required to register in the municipality or county under the Sex Offender Registration Act in a newspaper magazine of general circulation in the municipality or county or may disseminate the photographs of those sex offenders on 1 the Internet or on television. The law enforcement agency may

make available the information on all sex offenders residing

within any county.

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(d) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may, in the Department's or agency's

discretion, place the information specified in subsection (b)

on the Internet or in other media.

(e) (Blank).

- (f) The administrator of a transitional housing facility for <u>juvenile</u> sex offenders shall comply with the notification procedures established in paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of Section 3-17-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (g) A principal or teacher of a public or private elementary or secondary school shall notify the parents of children attending the school during school registration or during parent-teacher conferences that information about juvenile sex offenders is available to the public as provided in this Act.
- (h) In order to receive notice under paragraph (10) of subsection (a), paragraph (10) of subsection (a-2), or paragraph (10) of subsection (a-3), the victim of the <u>juvenile</u> sex offense must notify the appropriate sheriff or the Chicago Police Department in writing, by facsimile transmission, or by e-mail that the victim desires to receive such notice.
- (i) For purposes of this Section, "victim of a sex offense" means:

- 1 (1) the victim of the sex offense; or
- (2) a single representative who may be the spouse, 2
- 3 parent, child, or sibling of a person killed during the
- 4 course of a sex offense perpetrated against the person
- 5 killed or the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of any
- victim of a sex offense who is physically or mentally 6
- incapable of comprehending or requesting notice. 7
- (Source: P.A. 94-161, eff. 7-11-05; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 8
- 9 94-994, eff. 1-1-07; 95-229, eff. 8-16-07; 95-278, eff.
- 10 8-17-07; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 95-896,
- 11 eff. 1-1-09.)
- 12 (730 ILCS 152/122)
- Sec. 122. Special alerts. A law enforcement agency having 13
- 14 jurisdiction may provide to the public a special alert list
- 15 warning parents to be aware that sex offenders may attempt to
- contact children during holidays involving children, such as 16
- Halloween, Christmas, and Easter and to inform parents that 17
- 18 information containing the names and addresses of registered
- 19 sex offenders are accessible on the Internet by means of a
- 20 hyperlink labeled "Sex Offender Information" on the Department
- of State Police's World Wide Web home page and are available 21
- 22 for public inspection at the agency's headquarters.
- (Source: P.A. 94-159, eff. 7-11-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)". 23