

Sen. Mike Jacobs

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09600SB3503sam001

LRB096 18517 RLC 37473 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3503 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 3503 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by 4 5 changing Sections 31A-1.1 and 31A-1.2 as follows: 6 (720 ILCS 5/31A-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 31A-1.1) 7 31A-1.1. Bringing Contraband into a Penal 8 Institution; Possessing Contraband in a Penal Institution. (a) A person commits the offense of bringing contraband 9 into a penal institution when he knowingly and without authority of any person designated or authorized to grant such

into a penal institution when he knowingly and without
authority of any person designated or authorized to grant such
authority (1) brings an item of contraband into a penal
institution or (2) causes another to bring an item of
contraband into a penal institution or (3) places an item of
contraband in such proximity to a penal institution as to give
an inmate access to the contraband.

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- 1 (b) A person commits the offense of possessing contraband 2 in a penal institution when he possesses contraband in a penal 3 institution, regardless of the intent with which he possesses 4 it.
- 5 (c) For the purposes of this Section, the words and phrases 6 listed below shall be defined as follows:
 - (1) "Penal institution" means any penitentiary, State farm, reformatory, prison, jail, house of correction, police detention area, half-way house or other institution or place for the incarceration or custody of persons under sentence for offenses awaiting trial or sentence for offenses, under arrest for an offense, a violation of probation, a violation of parole, or a violation of mandatory supervised release, or awaiting a bail setting hearing or preliminary hearing; provided that where the place for incarceration or custody is housed within another public building this Act shall not apply to that part of such building unrelated to the incarceration or custody of persons.
 - (2) "Item of contraband" means any of the following:
 - (i) "Alcoholic liquor" as such term is defined in Section 1-3.05 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934.
 - (ii) "Cannabis" as such term is defined in subsection (a) of Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act.
 - (iii) "Controlled substance" as such term is

defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

2	(iii-a) "Methamphetamine" as such term is defined
3	in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the
4	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
5	(iv) "Hypodermic syringe" or hypodermic needle, or
6	any instrument adapted for use of controlled
7	substances or cannabis by subcutaneous injection.
8	(v) "Weapon" means any knife, dagger, dirk, billy,
9	razor, stiletto, broken bottle, or other piece of glass
10	which could be used as a dangerous weapon. Such term
11	includes any of the devices or implements designated in
12	subsections (a)(1), (a)(3) and (a)(6) of Section 24-1
13	of this Act, or any other dangerous weapon or
14	instrument of like character.
15	(vi) "Firearm" means any device, by whatever name
16	known, which is designed to expel a projectile or
17	projectiles by the action of an explosion, expansion of
18	gas or escape of gas, including but not limited to:
19	(A) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, or B-B gun
20	which expels a single globular projectile not
21	exceeding .18 inch in diameter, or;
22	(B) any device used exclusively for signaling
23	or safety and required as recommended by the United
24	States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce
25	Commission; or
26	(C) any device used exclusively for the firing

1	of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or industrial
2	ammunition; or
3	(D) any device which is powered by electrical
4	charging units, such as batteries, and which fires
5	one or several barbs attached to a length of wire
6	and which, upon hitting a human, can send out
7	current capable of disrupting the person's nervous
8	system in such a manner as to render him incapable
9	of normal functioning, commonly referred to as a
10	stun gun or taser.
11	(vii) "Firearm ammunition" means any
12	self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever
13	name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable
14	to use in a firearm, including but not limited to:
15	(A) any ammunition exclusively designed for
16	use with a device used exclusively for signaling or
17	safety and required or recommended by the United
18	States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce
19	Commission; or
20	(B) any ammunition designed exclusively for
21	use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar
22	industrial ammunition.
23	(viii) "Explosive" means, but is not limited to,
24	bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container
25	containing an explosive substance of over one-quarter

ounce for like purposes such as black powder bombs and

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Molotov cocktails or artillery projectiles. 1

- (ix) "Tool to defeat security mechanisms" means, but is not limited to, handcuff or security restraint key, tool designed to pick locks, popper, or any device or instrument used to or capable of unlocking or preventing from locking any handcuff or security restraints, doors to cells, rooms, gates or other areas of the penal institution.
- (x) "Cutting tool" means, but is not limited to, hacksaw blade, wirecutter, or device, instrument or file capable of cutting through metal.
- (xi) "Electronic contraband" means, but is not limited to, any electronic, video recording device, computer, or cellular communications equipment, including, but not limited to, cellular telephones, cellular telephone batteries, videotape recorders, pagers, computers, and computer peripheral equipment brought into or possessed in a penal institution without the written authorization of the Chief Administrative Officer.
- (d) Bringing alcoholic liquor into a penal institution is a Class 4 felony. Possessing alcoholic liquor in a penal institution is a Class 4 felony.
- (e) Bringing cannabis into a penal institution is a Class 3 felony. Possessing cannabis in a penal institution is a Class 3 felony.

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- 1 Bringing any amount of a controlled substance (f)classified in Schedules III, IV or V of Article II of the 2 3 Controlled Substance Act into a penal institution is a Class 2 4 felony. Possessing any amount of a controlled substance 5 classified in Schedule III, IV, or V of Article II of the 6 Controlled Substance Act in a penal institution is a Class 2 7 felonv.
- 8 (a) Bringing any amount of a controlled substance 9 classified in Schedules I or II of Article II of the Controlled 10 Substance Act into a penal institution is a Class 1 felony. 11 Possessing any amount of a controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II of Article II of the Controlled Substance Act 12 13 in a penal institution is a Class 1 felony.
 - (h) Bringing an item of contraband listed in paragraph (iv) of subsection (c)(2) into a penal institution is a Class 1 felony. Possessing an item of contraband listed in paragraph (iv) of subsection (c)(2) in a penal institution is a Class 1 felony.
- 19 (i) Bringing an item of contraband listed in paragraph (v), 20 (ix), (x), or (xi) of subsection (c)(2) into a penal institution is a Class 1 felony. Possessing an item of 21 contraband listed in paragraph (v), (ix), (x), or (xi) of 22 23 subsection (c)(2) in a penal institution is a Class 1 felony.
- 24 (j) Bringing an item of contraband listed in paragraphs 25 (vi), (vii) or (viii) of subsection (c)(2) in a penal institution is a Class X felony. Possessing an item of 26

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- 1 contraband listed in paragraphs (vi), (vii), or (viii) of 2 subsection (c)(2) in a penal institution is a Class X felony.
- 3 (k) It shall be an affirmative defense to subsection (b)
 4 hereof, that such possession was specifically authorized by
 5 rule, regulation, or directive of the governing authority of
 6 the penal institution or order issued pursuant thereto.
 - (1) It shall be an affirmative defense to subsection (a) (1) and subsection (b) hereof that the person bringing into or possessing contraband in a penal institution had been arrested, and that that person possessed such contraband at the time of his arrest, and that such contraband was brought into or possessed in the penal institution by that person as a direct and immediate result of his arrest.
 - (m) Items confiscated may be retained for use by the Department of Corrections or disposed of as deemed appropriate by the Chief Administrative Officer in accordance with Department rules or disposed of as required by law.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-1017, eff. 7-7-06.)
- 19 (720 ILCS 5/31A-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 31A-1.2)
- Sec. 31A-1.2. Unauthorized bringing of contraband into a penal institution by an employee; unauthorized possessing of contraband in a penal institution by an employee; unauthorized delivery of contraband in a penal institution by an employee.
- 24 (a) A person commits the offense of unauthorized bringing 25 of contraband into a penal institution by an employee when a

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1	person	who	is	an	employe	ee kn	owingl	у г	and w	ithout	authority	of
2	any per	son	desi	gna	ted or	autho	rized	to	grant	such	authority:	

- (1) brings or attempts to bring an item of contraband listed in subsection (d)(4) into a penal institution, or
- (2) causes or permits another to bring an item of contraband listed in subsection (d)(4) into a penal institution.
- (b) A person commits the offense of unauthorized possession of contraband in a penal institution by an employee when a person who is an employee knowingly and without authority of any person designated or authorized to grant such authority possesses contraband listed in subsection (d)(4) in a penal institution, regardless of the intent with which he possesses it.
- (c) A person commits the offense of unauthorized delivery of contraband in a penal institution by an employee when a person who is an employee knowingly and without authority of any person designated or authorized to grant such authority:
 - (1) delivers or possesses with intent to deliver an item of contraband to any inmate of a penal institution, or
 - (2) conspires to deliver or solicits the delivery of an item of contraband to any inmate of a penal institution, or
 - (3) causes or permits the delivery of an item of contraband to any inmate of a penal institution, or
 - (4) permits another person to attempt to deliver an item of contraband to any inmate of a penal institution.

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1	(d)	For	purpose	of	this	Section,	the	words	and	phrases
2	listed b	elow	shall be	e def	fined	as follow	ıs:			

- (1) "Penal Institution" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (c)(1) of Section 31A-1.1 of this Code;
- (2) "Employee" means any elected or appointed officer, trustee or employee of a penal institution or of the governing authority of the penal institution, or any person who performs services for the penal institution pursuant to contract with the penal institution or its governing authority.
- (3) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer of possession of an item of contraband, with or without consideration, whether or not there is an agency relationship;
 - (4) "Item of contraband" means any of the following:
 - (i) "Alcoholic liquor" as such term is defined in Section 1-3.05 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934.
 - (ii) "Cannabis" as such term is defined in subsection (a) of Section 3 of the Cannabis Control
 - (iii) "Controlled substance" as such term is defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
 - (iii-a) "Methamphetamine" as such term is defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

1	(iv) "Hypodermic syringe" or hypodermic needle, or
2	any instrument adapted for use of controlled
3	substances or cannabis by subcutaneous injection.
4	(v) "Weapon" means any knife, dagger, dirk, billy,
5	razor, stiletto, broken bottle, or other piece of glass
6	which could be used as a dangerous weapon. Such term
7	includes any of the devices or implements designated in
8	subsections (a) (1), (a) (3) and (a) (6) of Section $24-1$
9	of this Act, or any other dangerous weapon or
10	instrument of like character.
11	(vi) "Firearm" means any device, by whatever name
12	known, which is designed to expel a projectile or
13	projectiles by the action of an explosion, expansion of
14	gas or escape of gas, including but not limited to:
15	(A) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, or B-B gun
16	which expels a single globular projectile not
17	exceeding .18 inch in diameter; or
18	(B) any device used exclusively for signaling
19	or safety and required or recommended by the United
20	States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce
21	Commission; or
22	(C) any device used exclusively for the firing
23	of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or industrial
24	ammunition; or
25	(D) any device which is powered by electrical
26	charging units, such as batteries, and which fires

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1	one or several barbs attached to a length of wire
2	and which, upon hitting a human, can send out
3	current capable of disrupting the person's nervous
4	system in such a manner as to render him incapable
5	of normal functioning, commonly referred to as a
6	stun gun or taser.
7	(vii) "Firearm ammunition" means any
8	self-contained cartridge or shotgun shell, by whatever
9	name known, which is designed to be used or adaptable
10	to use in a firearm, including but not limited to:
11	(A) any ammunition exclusively designed for
12	use with a device used exclusively for signaling or
13	safety and required or recommended by the United
14	States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce
15	Commission; or
16	(B) any ammunition designed exclusively for
17	use with a stud or rivet driver or other similar
18	industrial ammunition.
19	(viii) "Explosive" means, but is not limited to,
20	bomb, bombshell, grenade, bottle or other container
21	containing an explosive substance of over one-quarter
22	ounce for like purposes such as black powder bombs and
23	Molotov cocktails or artillery projectiles.
24	(ix) "Tool to defeat security mechanisms" means,

but is not limited to, handcuff or security restraint

key, tool designed to pick locks, popper, or any device

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1	or instrument <u>used to or</u> capable of unlocking <u>or</u>
2	preventing from locking any handcuff or security
3	restraints, doors to cells, rooms, gates or other areas
4	of the penal institution.

- (x) "Cutting tool" means, but is not limited to, hacksaw blade, wirecutter, or device, instrument or file capable of cutting through metal.
- (xi) "Electronic contraband" means, but is not limited to, any electronic, video recording device, computer, or cellular communications equipment, including, but not limited to, cellular telephones, cellular telephone batteries, videotape recorders, pagers, computers, and computer peripheral equipment.

For a violation of subsection (a) or (b) involving a cellular telephone or cellular telephone battery, the defendant must intend to provide the cellular telephone or cellular telephone battery to any inmate in a penal institution, or to use the cellular telephone or cellular telephone battery at the direction of an inmate or for the benefit of any inmate of a penal institution.

(e) A violation of paragraphs (a) or (b) of this Section involving alcohol is a Class 4 felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section involving cannabis is a Class 2 felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) involving any amount of a controlled substance classified in Schedules III, IV or V of Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act

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is a Class 1 felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section involving any amount of a controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II of Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act is a Class X felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) involving an item of contraband listed in paragraph (iv) of subsection (d)(4) is a Class X felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) involving an item of contraband listed in paragraph (v) or (xi) of subsection (d) (4) is a Class 1 felony. A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) involving an item of contraband listed in paragraphs (vi), (vii) or (viii) of subsection (d)(4) is a Class X felony.

(f) A violation of paragraph (c) of this Section involving alcoholic liquor is a Class 3 felony. A violation of paragraph (c) involving cannabis is a Class 1 felony. A violation of paragraph (c) involving any amount of a controlled substance classified in Schedules III, IV or V of Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act is a Class X felony. A violation of paragraph (c) involving any amount of a controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II of Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act is a Class X felony for which the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 8 years. A violation of paragraph (c) involving an item of contraband listed in paragraph (iv) of subsection (d)(4) is a Class X felony for which the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 8 years. A violation of paragraph (c) involving an item of contraband listed in paragraph (v), (ix) or (x) of subsection

- (d)(4) is a Class X felony for which the minimum term of 1
- 2 imprisonment shall be 10 years. A violation of paragraph (c)
- 3 involving an item of contraband listed in paragraphs (vi),
- 4 (vii) or (viii) of subsection (d)(4) is a Class X felony for
- 5 which the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 12 years.
- 6 (q) Items confiscated may be retained for use by the
- Department of Corrections or disposed of as deemed appropriate 7
- by the Chief Administrative Officer in accordance with 8
- Department rules or disposed of as required by law. 9
- 10 (h) For a violation of subsection (a) or (b) involving
- 11 items described in clause (i), (v), (vi), (vii), (ix), (x), or
- (xi) of paragraph (4) of subsection (d), such items shall not 12
- 13 be considered to be in a penal institution when they are
- secured in an employee's locked, private motor vehicle parked 14
- 15 on the grounds of a penal institution.
- (Source: P.A. 95-962, eff. 1-1-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)". 16