96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB3500

Introduced 2/10/2010, by Sen. Chris Lauzen

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 130/4

from Ch. 48, par. 39s-4

Amends the Prevailing Wage Act. Provides that the prevailing wage shall be required to paid only by a public body awarding a contract of over \$25,000.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

SB3500

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AN ACT concerning employment.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing
Section 4 as follows:

6 (820 ILCS 130/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-4)

7 Sec. 4. Ascertaining prevailing wage.

8 (a) The public body awarding any contract of over \$25,000 9 for public work or otherwise undertaking any public works, shall ascertain the general prevailing rate of hourly wages in 10 the locality in which the work is to be performed, for each 11 craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to execute the 12 contract, and where the public body performs the work without 13 14 letting a contract therefor, shall ascertain the prevailing rate of wages on a per hour basis in the locality, and such 15 16 public body shall specify in the resolution or ordinance and in 17 the call for bids for the contract, that the general prevailing rate of wages in the locality for each craft or type of worker 18 19 or mechanic needed to execute the contract or perform such 20 work, also the general prevailing rate for legal holiday and 21 overtime work, as ascertained by the public body or by the 22 Department of Labor shall be paid for each craft or type of worker needed to execute the contract or to perform such work, 23

and it shall be mandatory upon the contractor to whom the 1 2 contract is awarded and upon any subcontractor under him, and 3 where the public body performs the work, upon the public body, to pay not less than the specified rates to all laborers, 4 5 workers and mechanics employed by them in the execution of the contract or such work; provided, however, that if the public 6 body desires that the Department of Labor ascertain the 7 8 prevailing rate of wages, it shall notify the Department of 9 Labor to ascertain the general prevailing rate of hourly wages 10 for work under contract, or for work performed by a public body 11 without letting a contract as required in the locality in which 12 the work is to be performed, for each craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to execute the contract or project or work 13 14 to be performed. Upon such notification the Department of Labor 15 shall ascertain such general prevailing rate of wages, and 16 certify the prevailing wage to such public body.

17 (a-1) The public body or other entity awarding the contract 18 shall cause to be inserted in the project specifications and 19 the contract a stipulation to the effect that not less than the 20 prevailing rate of wages as found by the public body or 21 Department of Labor or determined by the court on review shall 22 be paid to all laborers, workers and mechanics performing work 23 under the contract.

24 (a-2) When a public body or other entity covered by this
25 Act has awarded work to a contractor without a public bid,
26 contract or project specification, such public body or other

entity shall comply with subsection (a-1) by providing the contractor with written notice on the purchase order related to the work to be done or on a separate document indicating that not less than the prevailing rate of wages as found by the public body or Department of Labor or determined by the court on review shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics performing work on the project.

8 (a-3) Where a complaint is made and the Department of Labor 9 determines that a violation occurred, the Department of Labor 10 shall determine if proper written notice under this Section 4 11 was given. If proper written notice was not provided to the 12 contractor by the public body or other entity, the Department 13 of Labor shall order the public body or other entity to pay any 14 interest, penalties or fines that would have been owed by the 15 contractor if proper written notice were provided. The failure 16 by a public body or other entity to provide written notice does 17 not relieve the contractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back 18 wages, as determined under this Act. For the purposes of this 19 20 subsection, back wages shall be limited to the difference 21 between the actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages 22 required to be paid for the project. The failure of a public 23 body or other entity to provide written notice under this Section 4 does not diminish the right of a laborer, worker, or 24 25 mechanic to the prevailing rate of wages as determined under 26 this Act.

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(b) It shall also be mandatory upon the contractor to whom 1 2 the contract is awarded to insert into each subcontract and 3 into the project specifications for each subcontract a written stipulation to the effect that not less than the prevailing 4 5 rate of wages shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and 6 mechanics performing work under the contract. It shall also be mandatory upon each subcontractor to cause to be inserted into 7 8 each lower tiered subcontract and into the project 9 specifications for each lower tiered subcontract a stipulation 10 to the effect that not less than the prevailing rate of wages 11 shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics 12 performing work under the contract. A contractor or 13 subcontractor who fails to comply with this subsection (b) is in violation of this Act. 14

15 (b-1) When a contractor has awarded work to a subcontractor 16 without a contract or contract specification, the contractor 17 shall comply with subsection (b) by providing a subcontractor with a written statement indicating that not less than the 18 19 prevailing rate of wages shall be paid to all laborers, workers, and mechanics performing work on the project. A 20 21 contractor or subcontractor who fails to comply with this 22 subsection (b-1) is in violation of this Act.

(b-2) Where a complaint is made and the Department of Labor determines that a violation has occurred, the Department of Labor shall determine if proper written notice under this Section 4 was given. If proper written notice was not provided

to the subcontractor by the contractor, the Department of Labor 1 2 shall order the contractor to pay any interest, penalties, or fines that would have been owed by the subcontractor if proper 3 written notice were provided. The failure by a contractor to 4 5 provide written notice to a subcontractor does not relieve the 6 subcontractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage 7 rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back wages, as 8 determined under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection, 9 back wages shall be limited to the difference between the 10 actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages required 11 for the project. However, if proper written notice was not 12 provided to the contractor by the public body or other entity 13 under this Section 4, the Department of Labor shall order the 14 public body or other entity to pay any interest, penalties, or 15 fines that would have been owed by the subcontractor if proper 16 written notice were provided. The failure by a public body or 17 other entity to provide written notice does not relieve the subcontractor of the duty to comply with the prevailing wage 18 19 rate, nor of the obligation to pay any back wages, as 20 determined under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection, back wages shall be limited to the difference between the 21 22 actual amount paid and the prevailing rate of wages required 23 for the project. The failure to provide written notice by a public body, other entity, or contractor does not diminish the 24 25 right of a laborer, worker, or mechanic to the prevailing rate 26 of wages as determined under this Act.

(c) A public body or other entity shall also require in all 1 2 contractor's and subcontractor's bonds that the contractor or subcontractor include such provision as will guarantee the 3 faithful performance of such prevailing wage clause as provided 4 5 by contract or other written instrument. All bid specifications 6 shall list the specified rates to all laborers, workers and mechanics in the locality for each craft or type of worker or 7 mechanic needed to execute the contract. 8

9 (d) If the Department of Labor revises the prevailing rate 10 of hourly wages to be paid by the public body, the revised rate 11 shall apply to such contract, and the public body shall be 12 responsible to notify the contractor and each subcontractor, of 13 the revised rate.

(e) Two or more investigatory hearings under this Section 14 15 on the issue of establishing a new prevailing waqe 16 classification for a particular craft or type of worker shall 17 be consolidated in a single hearing before the Department. Such consolidation shall occur whether each separate investigatory 18 19 hearing is conducted by a public body or the Department. The 20 party requesting a consolidated investigatory hearing shall have the burden of establishing that there is no existing 21 22 prevailing wage classification for the particular craft or type 23 of worker in any of the localities under consideration.

(f) It shall be mandatory upon the contractor or construction manager to whom a contract for public works is awarded to post, at a location on the project site of the

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public works that is easily accessible to the workers engaged 1 2 on the project, the prevailing wage rates for each craft or type of worker or mechanic needed to execute the contract or 3 project or work to be performed. In lieu of posting on the 4 5 project site of the public works, a contractor which has a 6 business location where laborers, workers, and mechanics regularly visit may: (1) post in a conspicuous location at that 7 8 business the current prevailing wage rates for each county in 9 which the contractor is performing work; or (2) provide such 10 laborer, worker, or mechanic engaged on the public works 11 project a written notice indicating the prevailing wage rates 12 for the public works project. A failure to post or provide a 13 prevailing wage rate as required by this Section is a violation of this Act. 14

15 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-437, eff. 1-1-10.)