1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act is amended by changing Sections 15, 25, 40, 60, and 65 as follows:
- 6 (725 ILCS 207/15)

following: may be filed by:

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- Sec. 15. Sexually violent person petition; contents; filing.
- 9 (a) A petition alleging that a person is a sexually violent
  10 person <u>must be filed before the release or discharge of the</u>
  11 person or within 30 days of placement onto parole or mandatory
  12 supervised release for an offense enumerated in paragraph (e)
  13 of Section 5 of this Act. A petition may be filed by the
  - (1) The Attorney General on his or her own motion, after consulting with and advising the State's Attorney of the county in which the person was convicted of a sexually violent offense, adjudicated delinquent for a sexually violent offense or found not guilty of or not responsible for a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity, mental disease, or mental defect; or, at the request of the agency with jurisdiction over the person, as defined in subsection (a) of Section 10 of this Act, or on his or her

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own motion. If the Attorney General, after consulting with
and advising the State's Attorney of the county referenced
in paragraph (a) (2) of this Section, decides to file a
petition under this Section, he or she shall file the
petition before the release or discharge of the person or
within 30 days of placement onto parole or mandatory
supervised release for an offense enumerated in paragraph
(e) of Section 5 of this Act.

- (2) The State's Attorney of the county referenced in paragraph (1)(a)(1) of this Section, on his or her own motion; or If the Attorney General does not file a petition under this Section, the State's Attorney of the county in which the person was convicted of a sexually violent offense, adjudicated delinquent for a sexually violent offense or found not quilty of or not responsible for a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity, mental disease, or mental defect may file a petition.
- (3) The Attorney General and the State's Attorney of the county referenced in paragraph (1)(a)(1) of this Section may jointly file a petition on their own motion; or
- (4) A petition may be filed at the request of the agency with jurisdiction over the person, as defined in subsection (a) of Section 10 of this Act, by:
  - (a) the Attorney General;
  - (b) the State's Attorney of the county referenced in paragraph (1)(a)(1) of this Section; or

	(C)	the	Attorney	General	and	the	State's	Attorney
join	tly.	The	-Attorney	- General	and	the	State's	Attorney
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- (b) A petition filed under this Section shall allege that all of the following apply to the person alleged to be a sexually violent person:
  - (1) The person satisfies any of the following criteria:
  - (A) The person has been convicted of a sexually violent offense;
  - (B) The person has been found delinquent for a sexually violent offense; or
  - (C) The person has been found not guilty of a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity, mental disease, or mental defect.
  - (2) (Blank).
  - (3) (Blank).
- (4) The person has a mental disorder.
- 19 (5) The person is dangerous to others because the 20 person's mental disorder creates a substantial probability 21 that he or she will engage in acts of sexual violence.
  - (b-5) The petition must be filed no more than 90 days before discharge or entry into mandatory supervised release from a Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice correctional facility for a sentence that was imposed upon a conviction for a sexually violent offense. For inmates

- 1 sentenced under the law in effect prior to February 1, 1978,
- 2 the petition shall be filed no more than 90 days after the
- 3 Prisoner Review Board's order granting parole pursuant to
- 4 Section 3-3-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 5 (b-6) The petition must be filed no more than 90 days 6 before discharge or release:
  - (1) from a Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile correctional facility if the person was placed in the facility for being adjudicated delinquent under Section 5-20 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or found guilty under Section 5-620 of that Act on the basis of a sexually violent offense; or
  - (2) from a commitment order that was entered as a result of a sexually violent offense.
  - (b-7) A person convicted of a sexually violent offense remains eligible for commitment as a sexually violent person pursuant to this Act under the following circumstances: (1) the person is in custody for a sentence that is being served concurrently or consecutively with a sexually violent offense; (2) the person returns to the custody of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice for any reason during the term of parole or mandatory supervised release being served for a sexually violent offense; or (3) the person is convicted or adjudicated delinquent for any offense committed during the term of parole or mandatory supervised release being served for a sexually violent offense,

- regardless of whether that conviction or adjudication was for a sexually violent offense.
  - (c) A petition filed under this Section shall state with particularity essential facts to establish probable cause to believe the person is a sexually violent person. If the petition alleges that a sexually violent offense or act that is a basis for the allegation under paragraph (b)(1) of this Section was an act that was sexually motivated as provided under paragraph (e)(2) of Section 5 of this Act, the petition shall state the grounds on which the offense or act is alleged to be sexually motivated.
- 12 (d) A petition under this Section shall be filed in either 13 of the following:
  - (1) The circuit court for the county in which the person was convicted of a sexually violent offense, adjudicated delinquent for a sexually violent offense or found not guilty of a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity, mental disease or mental defect.
  - (2) The circuit court for the county in which the person is in custody under a sentence, a placement to a Department of Corrections correctional facility or a Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile correctional facility, or a commitment order.
  - (e) The filing of a petition under this Act shall toll the running of the term of parole or mandatory supervised release until:

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- 1 (1) dismissal of the petition filed under this Act;
- 2 (2) a finding by a judge or jury that the respondent is 3 not a sexually violent person; or
  - (3) the sexually violent person is discharged under Section 65 of this Act, unless the person has successfully completed a period of conditional release pursuant to Section 60 of this Act.
- general state has the right to have the person evaluated by
  experts chosen by the State. The agency with jurisdiction as
  defined in Section 10 of this Act shall allow the expert
  reasonable access to the person for purposes of examination, to
  the person's records, and to past and present treatment
  providers and any other staff members relevant to the
  examination.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-696, eff. 6-1-06; 94-992, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 16 (725 ILCS 207/25)
- 17 Sec. 25. Rights of persons subject to petition.
- 18 (a) Any person who is the subject of a petition filed under
  19 Section 15 of this Act shall be served with a copy of the
  20 petition in accordance with the Civil Practice Law.
- 21 (b) The circuit court in which a petition under Section 15 22 of this Act is filed shall conduct all hearings under this Act. 23 The court shall give the person who is the subject of the 24 petition reasonable notice of the time and place of each such 25 hearing. The court may designate additional persons to receive

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- 2 (c) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(1) of Section 65 3 and Section 70 of this Act, at any hearing conducted under this 4 Act, the person who is the subject of the petition has the 5 right:
- 6 (1) To be present and to be represented by counsel. If 7 the person is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel.
  - (2) To remain silent.
  - (3) To present and cross-examine witnesses.
- 10 (4) To have the hearing recorded by a court reporter.
  - (d) The person who is the subject of the petition, the person's attorney, the Attorney General or the State's Attorney may request that a trial under Section 35 of this Act be to a jury. A verdict of a jury under this Act is not valid unless it is unanimous.
  - (e) Whenever the person who is the subject of the petition is required to submit to an examination under this Act, he or she may retain experts or professional persons to perform an examination. The State has the right to have the person evaluated by an expert chosen by the State. All examiners retained by or appointed for any party If the person retains a qualified expert or professional person of his or her own choice to conduct an examination, the examiner shall have reasonable access to the person for the purpose of the examination, as well as to the person's past and present treatment records and patient health care records. If the

- 1 person is indigent, the court shall, upon the person's request,
- 2 appoint a qualified and available expert or professional person
- 3 to perform an examination. Upon the order of the circuit court,
- 4 the county shall pay, as part of the costs of the action, the
- 5 costs of a court-appointed expert or professional person to
- 6 perform an examination and participate in the trial on behalf
- 7 of an indigent person.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-616, eff. 1-1-04; 93-970, eff. 8-20-04.)
- 9 (725 ILCS 207/40)
- 10 Sec. 40. Commitment.
- 11 (a) If a court or jury determines that the person who is
- 12 the subject of a petition under Section 15 of this Act is a
- sexually violent person, the court shall order the person to be
- 14 committed to the custody of the Department for control, care
- and treatment until such time as the person is no longer a
- sexually violent person.
- 17 (b) (1) The court shall enter an initial commitment order
- 18 under this Section pursuant to a hearing held as soon as
- 19 practicable after the judgment is entered that the person
- who is the subject of a petition under Section 15 is a
- 21 sexually violent person. If the court lacks sufficient
- 22 information to make the determination required by
- paragraph (b) (2) of this Section immediately after trial,
- it may adjourn the hearing and order the Department to
- 25 conduct a predisposition investigation or a supplementary

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mental examination, or both, to assist the court in framing If the Department's examining the commitment order. evaluator previously rendered an opinion that the person who is the subject of a petition under Section 15 does not meet the criteria to be found a sexually violent person, then another evaluator shall conduct the predisposition investigation and/or supplementary mental examination. A supplementary mental examination under this Section shall be conducted in accordance with Section 3-804 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code. The State has the right to have the person evaluated by experts chosen by the State.

(2) An order for commitment under this Section shall specify either institutional care in a secure facility, as provided under Section 50 of this Act, or conditional release. In determining whether commitment shall be for institutional care in a secure facility or for conditional shall consider release, the court the nature and circumstances of the behavior that was the basis of the allegation in the petition under paragraph (b)(1) of Section 15, the person's mental history and present mental condition, where the person will live, how the person will support himself or herself, and what arrangements are available to ensure that the person has access to and will participate in necessary treatment. All treatment, whether in institutional care, in a secure facility, or while on

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conditional release, shall be conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act and conducted by a treatment provider approved by the Board. The Department shall arrange for

control, care and treatment of the person in the least

6 restrictive manner consistent with the requirements of the

7 person and in accordance with the court's commitment order.

(3) If the court finds that the person is appropriate for conditional release, the court shall notify the Department. The Department shall prepare a plan that identifies the treatment and services, if any, that the person will receive in the community. The plan shall the person's need, if any, for supervision, address counseling, medication, community support services. residential services, vocational services, and alcohol or other drug abuse treatment. The Department may contract with a county health department, with another public agency or with a private agency to provide the treatment and services identified in the plan. The plan shall specify who will be responsible for providing the treatment and services identified in the plan. The plan shall be presented to the court for its approval within 60 days after the court finding that the person is appropriate for conditional release, unless the Department and the person to be released request additional time to develop the plan. conditional release program operated under The

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Section is not subject to the provisions of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act.

(4) An order for conditional release places the person in the custody and control of the Department. A person on conditional release is subject to the conditions set by the court and to the rules of the Department. Before a person is placed on conditional release by the court under this Section, the court shall so notify the municipal police department and county sheriff for the municipality and county in which the person will be residing. The notification requirement under this Section does not apply if a municipal police department or county sheriff submits to the court a written statement waiving the right to be notified. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Act, the person being supervised on conditional release shall not reside at the same street address as another sex offender being supervised on conditional release under this Act, mandatory supervised release, parole, probation, or any other manner of supervision. If the Department alleges that a released person has violated any condition rule, or that the safety of others requires that conditional release be revoked, he or she may be taken into custody under the rules of the Department.

At any time during which the person is on conditional release, if the Department determines that the person has violated any condition or rule, or that the safety of

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others requires that conditional release be revoked, the Department may request the Attorney General or State's Attorney to request the court to issue an emergency ex parte order directing any law enforcement officer to take the person into custody and transport the person to the county jail. The Department may request, or the Attorney General or State's Attorney may request independently of the Department, that a petition to revoke conditional release be filed. When a petition is filed, the court may order the Department to issue a notice to the person to be present at the Department or other agency designated by the court, order a summons to the person to be present, or order a body attachment for all law enforcement officers to take the person into custody and transport him or her to the county jail, hospital, or treatment facility. The Department shall submit a statement showing probable cause of the detention and a petition to revoke the order for conditional release to the committing court within 48 hours after the detention. The court shall hear the petition within 30 days, unless the hearing or time deadline is waived by the detained person. Pending the revocation hearing, the Department may detain the person in a jail, in a hospital or treatment facility. The State has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that any rule or condition of release has been violated, or that the safety of others requires that the conditional release be

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revoked. If the court determines after hearing that any rule or condition of release has been violated, or that the safety of others requires that conditional release be revoked, it may revoke the order for conditional release and order that the released person be placed in an appropriate institution until the person is discharged from the commitment under Section 65 of this Act or until again placed on conditional release under Section 60 of this Act.

- (5) An order for conditional release places the person in the custody, care, and control of the Department. The court shall order the person be subject to the following rules of conditional release, in addition to any other conditions ordered, and the person shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions of conditional release. These conditions shall be that the person:
  - (A) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction;
  - (B) report to or appear in person before such person or agency as directed by the court and the Department;
  - (C) refrain from possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
  - (D) not leave the State without the consent of the court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the absence is of such an emergency nature, that prior

consent by the court is not possible without the prior notification and approval of the Department;

- (E) at the direction of the Department, notify third parties of the risks that may be occasioned by his or her criminal record or sexual offending history or characteristics, and permit the supervising officer or agent to make the notification requirement;
- (F) attend and fully participate in assessment, treatment, and behavior monitoring including, but not limited to, medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment specific to sexual offending, drug addiction, or alcoholism, to the extent appropriate to the person based upon the recommendation and findings made in the Department evaluation or based upon any subsequent recommendations by the Department;
- (G) waive confidentiality allowing the court and Department access to assessment or treatment results or both;
- (H) work regularly at a Department approved occupation or pursue a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department within 72 hours of any change in employment, study, or training;
- (I) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by the Department officer;

- (J) submit to the search of his or her person, residence, vehicle, or any personal or real property under his or her control at any time by the Department;
- (K) financially support his or her dependents and provide the Department access to any requested financial information;
- (L) serve a term of home confinement, the conditions of which shall be that the person:
  - (i) remain within the interior premises of the place designated for his or her confinement during the hours designated by the Department;
  - (ii) admit any person or agent designated by the Department into the offender's place of confinement at any time for purposes of verifying the person's compliance with the condition of his or her confinement;
  - (iii) if deemed necessary by the Department,
    be placed on an electronic monitoring device;
- (M) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the Department by the clerk of the court;
- (N) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms the Department finds appropriate. The terms may include consideration of

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the purpose of the entry, the time of day, others accompanying the person, and advance approval by the Department;

- (O) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly indirectly, with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family, and report any incidental contact with the victim or the victim's family to the Department within 72 hours; refrain from entering onto the premises of, traveling past, or loitering near the victim's residence, place of employment, or other places frequented by the victim;
- (P) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly indirectly, with particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs, drug users, drug dealers, or prostitutes;
- (Q) refrain from all contact, direct or indirect, personally, by telephone, letter, or through another person, with minor children without prior identification and approval of the Department;
- (R) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of alcohol or any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and

Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her breath, saliva, blood, or urine for tests to determine the presence of alcohol or any illicit drug;

- (S) not establish a dating, intimate, or sexual relationship with a person without prior written notification to the Department;
- (T) neither possess or have under his or her control any material that is pornographic, sexually oriented, or sexually stimulating, or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity or depicts minors under the age of 18, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;
- (U) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers or any other sex-related telephone numbers;
- (V) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, theaters, or any other places where minor children congregate without advance approval of the Department and report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department within 72 hours;
  - (W) not establish any living arrangement or

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residence without prior approval of the Department;

- not publish any materials (X) or print advertisements without providing a copy the proposed publications to the Department officer and obtaining permission prior to publication;
- not leave the county except with prior of the Department and provide permission the Department officer or agent with written travel routes to and from work and any other designated destinations;
- (Z) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending items including video or still camera items or children's toys;
- (AA) provide a written daily log of activities as directed by the Department;
- (BB) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access or potential victims.
- (6) A person placed on conditional release and who during the term undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device may be ordered to pay all costs incidental to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing and all costs incidental to the approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the person's ability to pay those costs.

The Department may establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing and all costs

5 (Source: P.A. 93-616, eff. 1-1-04; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)

incidental to approved electronic monitoring.

6 (725 ILCS 207/60)

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7 Sec. 60. Petition for conditional release.

- (a) Any person who is committed for institutional care in a secure facility or other facility under Section 40 of this Act may petition the committing court to modify its order by authorizing conditional release if at least 6 months have elapsed since the initial commitment order was entered, an order continuing commitment was entered pursuant to Section 65, the most recent release petition was denied or the most recent order for conditional release was revoked. The director of the facility at which the person is placed may file a petition under this Section on the person's behalf at any time. If the evaluator on behalf of the Department recommends that the committed person is appropriate for conditional release, then the director or designee shall, within 30 days of receipt of the evaluator's report, file with the committing court notice of his or her intention whether or not to petition for conditional release on the committed person's behalf.
- 24 (b) If the person files a timely petition without counsel, 25 the court shall serve a copy of the petition on the Attorney

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General or State's Attorney, whichever is applicable and, subject to paragraph (c)(1) of Section 25 of this Act, appoint counsel. If the person petitions through counsel, his or her attorney shall serve the Attorney General or State's Attorney, whichever is applicable.

(c) Within 20 days after receipt of the petition, upon the request of the committed person or on the court's own motion, the court may shall appoint an examiner one or more examiners having the specialized knowledge determined by the court to be appropriate, who shall examine the mental condition of the person and furnish a written report of the examination to the court within 30 days after appointment. The examiners shall reasonable access to the person for purposes examination and to the person's past and present treatment records and patient health care records. If any such examiner believes that the person is appropriate for conditional release, the examiner shall report on the type of treatment and services that the person may need while in the community on conditional release. The State has the right to have the person evaluated by experts chosen by the State. Any examination or evaluation conducted under this Section shall be in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act and conducted by an evaluator approved by the Board. The court shall set a probable cause hearing as soon as practical after the examiners' reports are examiner's report is filed. The probable cause hearing shall consist of a review of

- the examining evaluators' reports and arguments on behalf of the parties. If the court determines at the probable cause hearing that cause exists to believe that it is not substantially probable that the person will engage in acts of sexual violence if on release or conditional release, the court shall set a hearing on the issue.
  - (d) The court, without a jury, shall hear the petition <u>as</u> soon as practical within 30 days after the <u>reports</u> report of all examiners are the court appointed examiner is filed with the court, unless the petitioner waives this time limit. The court shall grant the petition unless the State proves by clear and convincing evidence that the person has not made sufficient progress to be conditionally released. In making a decision under this subsection, the court must consider the nature and circumstances of the behavior that was the basis of the allegation in the petition under paragraph (b) (1) of Section 15 of this Act, the person's mental history and present mental condition, where the person will live, how the person will support himself or herself and what arrangements are available to ensure that the person has access to and will participate in necessary treatment.
  - (e) Before the court may enter an order directing conditional release to a less restrictive alternative it must find the following: (1) the person will be treated by a Department approved treatment provider, (2) the treatment provider has presented a specific course of treatment and has

agreed to assume responsibility for the treatment and will report progress to the Department on a regular basis, and will report violations immediately to the Department, consistent with treatment and supervision needs of the respondent, (3) housing exists that is sufficiently secure to protect the community, and the person or agency providing housing to the conditionally released person has agreed in writing to accept the person, to provide the level of security required by the court, and immediately to report to the Department if the person leaves the housing to which he or she has been assigned without authorization, (4) the person is willing to or has agreed to comply with the treatment provider, the Department, and the court, and (5) the person has agreed or is willing to agree to comply with the behavioral monitoring requirements imposed by the court and the Department.

(f) If the court finds that the person is appropriate for conditional release, the court shall notify the Department. The Department shall prepare a plan that identifies the treatment and services, if any, that the person will receive in the community. The plan shall address the person's need, if any, for supervision, counseling, medication, community support services, residential services, vocational services, and alcohol or other drug abuse treatment. The Department may contract with a county health department, with another public agency or with a private agency to provide the treatment and services identified in the plan. The plan shall specify who

- 1 will be responsible for providing the treatment and services
- 2 identified in the plan. The plan shall be presented to the
- 3 court for its approval within 60 days after the court finding
- 4 that the person is appropriate for conditional release, unless
- 5 the Department and the person to be released request additional
- 6 time to develop the plan.
- 7 (g) The provisions of paragraphs (b) (4), (b) (5), and (b) (6)
- 8 of Section 40 of this Act apply to an order for conditional
- 9 release issued under this Section.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 92-415, eff. 8-17-01; 93-616, eff. 1-1-04;
- 11 93-885, eff. 8-6-04.)
- 12 (725 ILCS 207/65)
- 13 Sec. 65. Petition for discharge; procedure.
- 14 (a) (1) If the Secretary determines at any time that a
- person committed under this Act is no longer a sexually violent
- 16 person, the Secretary shall authorize the person to petition
- 17 the committing court for discharge. If the evaluator on behalf
- 18 of the Department recommends that the committed person is no
- 19 longer a sexually violent person, then the Secretary or
- designee shall, within 30 days of receipt of the evaluator's
- 21 report, file with the committing court notice of his or her
- determination whether or not to authorize the committed person
- 23 to petition the committing court for discharge. The person
- shall file the petition with the court and serve a copy upon
- 25 the Attorney General or the State's Attorney's office that

- filed the petition under subsection (a) of Section 15 of this

  Act, whichever is applicable. The court, upon receipt of the

  petition for discharge, shall order a hearing to be held <u>as</u>

  <u>soon as practical within 45 days</u> after the date of receipt of the petition.
  - General or State's Attorney, whichever filed the original petition, shall represent the State and shall have the right to have the petitioner examined by an expert or professional person of his or her choice. The examination shall be conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act and by an evaluator approved by the Board. The committed person or the State may elect to have the hearing before a jury. The State has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner is still a sexually violent person.
  - (3) If the court or jury is satisfied that the State has not met its burden of proof under paragraph (a)(2) of this Section, the petitioner shall be discharged from the custody or supervision of the Department. If the court is satisfied that the State has met its burden of proof under paragraph (a)(2), the court may proceed under Section 40 of this Act to determine whether to modify the petitioner's existing commitment order.
  - (b) (1) A person may petition the committing court for discharge from custody or supervision without the Secretary's approval. At the time of an examination under subsection (a) of

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Section 55 of this Act, the Secretary shall provide the committed person with a written notice of the person's right to petition the court for discharge over the Secretary's objection. The notice shall contain a waiver of rights. The Secretary shall forward the notice and waiver form to the court with the report of the Department's examination under Section 55 of this Act. If the person does not affirmatively waive the right to petition, the court shall set a probable cause hearing to determine whether facts exist that warrant a hearing on whether the person is still a sexually violent person. If a person does not file a petition for discharge, yet fails to waive the right to petition under this Section, then the probable cause hearing consists only of a review of reexamination reports and arguments on behalf of the parties. The committed person has a right to have an attorney represent him or her at the probable cause hearing, but the person is not entitled to be present at the probable cause hearing. The probable cause hearing under this Section must be held as soon as practical after within 45 days of the filing of the

(2) If the court determines at the probable cause hearing under paragraph (b)(1) of this Section that probable cause exists to believe that the committed person is no longer a sexually violent person, then the court shall set a hearing on the issue. At a hearing under this Section, the committed person is entitled to be present and to the benefit of the

reexamination report under Section 55 of this Act.

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protections afforded to the person under Section 25 of this Act. The committed person or the State may elect to have a hearing under this Section before a jury. A verdict of a jury under this Section is not valid unless it is unanimous. The Attorney General or State's Attorney, whichever filed the original petition, shall represent the State at a hearing under this Section. The State has the right to have the committed person evaluated by experts chosen by the State. The examination shall be conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act and by an evaluator approved by the Board. At the hearing, the State has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the committed person is still a sexually violent person.

(3) If the court or jury is satisfied that the State has not met its burden of proof under paragraph (b)(2) of this Section, the person shall be discharged from the custody or supervision of the Department. If the court or jury is satisfied that the State has met its burden of proof under paragraph (b)(2) of this Section, the court may proceed under Section 40 of this Act to determine whether to modify the person's existing commitment order.

23 (Source: P.A. 92-415, eff. 8-17-01; 93-616, eff. 1-1-04.)

Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 3-6-3 as follows:

1.3

1 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)
2 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and Regulations for Early Release.

- (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall prescribe rules and regulations for the early release on account of good conduct of persons committed to the Department which shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.
- (2) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide, with respect to offenses listed in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or with respect to the offense listed in clause (iv) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or with respect to offense listed in clause (vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625) or with respect to the offense of being an armed habitual criminal committed on or after August 2, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-398) or with respect to the offenses listed in clause (v) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134), the following:
  - (i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment for first degree murder or for the offense of terrorism shall receive no good conduct credit and shall serve the entire sentence imposed by the court;
    - (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt

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to commit first degree murder, solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory criminal sexual assault child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm, heinous battery, being an armed habitual criminal, aggravated battery of a senior citizen, or aggravated battery of a child shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(iv) that a prisoner serving a sentence aggravated discharge of a firearm, whether or not the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to the victim, shall receive no

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more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(V) person serving a sentence for that a narcotics racketeering, gunrunning, controlled substance trafficking, methamphetamine trafficking, homicide, drug-induced aggravated methamphetamine-related child endangerment, laundering pursuant to clause (c) (4) or (5) of Section 29B-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a Class X felony conviction for delivery of a controlled substance, possession of a controlled substance with intent to manufacture or deliver, calculated criminal conspiracy, criminal drug conspiracy, street criminal drug conspiracy, participation methamphetamine manufacturing, aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing, delivery of methamphetamine, possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, aggravated delivery of methamphetamine, aggravated possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, methamphetamine conspiracy when the substance containing the controlled substance or methamphetamine is 100 grams or more shall receive no more than 7.5 days good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment; and

(vi) that a prisoner serving a sentence for a second or subsequent offense of luring a minor shall

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receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a)(2)(v) committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625), and other than the offense of reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day of good conduct credit for each day of his or her sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9. Each day of good conduct credit shall reduce by one day the prisoner's period of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

(2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to death

shall receive no good conduct credit.

- (2.3) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- (2.4) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), that a prisoner serving a sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- (2.5) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for

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aggravated arson committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176) shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(3) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the Director may award up to 180 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service in specific instances as the Director deems proper; except that no more than 90 days of good conduct credit for meritorious service shall be awarded to any prisoner who is serving a sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any other drug, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, aggravated kidnapping, kidnapping, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, deviate sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual aggravated indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties child, child pornography, with a heinous battery, aggravated battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse with a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated battery of a child, endangering the life or health of a child, or cruelty to a child.

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Notwithstanding the foregoing, good conduct credit for meritorious service shall not be awarded on a sentence of imprisonment imposed for conviction of: (i) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) when the offense is committed on or after June 19, subdivision (a) (2) (iv) when the offense is committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a) (2) (v) when the offense is committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) when the offense is committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625), (ii) reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, (iii) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a) (2.4) when the offense is committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), or (iv) aggravated arson when the offense is committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176), or (v) offenses that may subject the offender to commitment under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act.

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The Director shall not award good conduct credit for meritorious service under this paragraph (3) to an inmate unless the inmate has served a minimum of 60 days of the sentence; except nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to permit the Director to extend an inmate's sentence beyond that which was imposed by the court. Prior to awarding credit under this paragraph (3), the Director shall make a written determination that the inmate:

- (A) is eligible for good conduct credit for meritorious service;
- (B) has served a minimum of 60 days, or as close to 60 days as the sentence will allow; and
- (C) has met the eligibility criteria established by rule.

The Director shall determine the form and content of the written determination required in this subsection.

(4) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the good conduct credit accumulated and retained under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section by any inmate during specific periods of time in which such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse correctional industry assignments, or educational programs provided by the Department under this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation

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before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for program participation on or after that date. However, no inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) or (4.1) of this subsection (a) while assigned to a boot camp or electronic detention, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) of this Section that is committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or subdivision (a)(2)(v) of this Section that is committed on or after August 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-134) or subdivision (a)(2)(vi) when the offense is committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-625), or if convicted of reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a) (2.4) of this Section that is committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), or first degree murder, a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, felony criminal sexual

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aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated abuse, battery with a firearm, or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or substantially the same elements, any inchoate offenses relating to the foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) who (i) has previously received increased good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) and has subsequently been convicted of a felony, or (ii) has previously served more than one prior sentence of imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility.

Educational, vocational, substance abuse and correctional industry programs under which good conduct credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) and paragraph (4.1) of this subsection (a) shall be evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented standards. The Department shall report the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among program participants.

Availability of these programs shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged in any such

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programs by reason of insufficient program resources or for any other reason established under the rules and regulations of the Department shall not be deemed a cause of action under which the Department or any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable for damages to the inmate.

(4.1) The rules and regulations shall also provide that an additional 60 days of good conduct credit shall be awarded to any prisoner who passes the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) while the prisoner is incarcerated. The good conduct credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award of good conduct under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be pursuant to the guidelines and restrictions set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. The good conduct credit provided for in this paragraph shall be available only to those prisoners who have not previously earned a high school diploma or a GED. If, after an award of the GED good conduct credit has been made and the Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then the award shall be revoked.

(4.5) The rules and regulations on early release shall also provide that when the court's sentencing order recommends a prisoner for substance abuse treatment and the crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the

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effective date of Public Act 93-354), the prisoner shall receive no good conduct credit awarded under clause (3) of this subsection (a) unless he or she participates in and substance abuse treatment program. completes a Director may waive the requirement to participate in or complete a substance abuse treatment program and award the good conduct credit in specific instances if the prisoner is not a good candidate for a substance abuse treatment program for medical, programming, or operational reasons. Availability of substance abuse treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. If treatment is not available and the requirement to participate and complete the treatment has not been waived by the Director, the prisoner shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The Director may allow a prisoner placed on a waiting list to participate in and complete a substance abuse education class or attend substance abuse self-help meetings in lieu of a substance abuse treatment program. A prisoner on a waiting list who is not placed in a substance abuse program prior to release may be eligible for a waiver and receive good conduct credit under clause (3) of this subsection (a) at the discretion of the Director.

(4.6) The rules and regulations on early release shall also provide that a prisoner who has been convicted of a

sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall receive no good conduct credit unless he or she either has successfully completed or is participating in sex offender treatment as defined by the Sex Offender Management Board. However, prisoners who are waiting to receive such treatment, but who are unable to do so due solely to the lack of resources on the part of the Department, may, at the Director's sole discretion, be awarded good conduct credit at such rate as the Director shall determine.

- (5) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of good conduct credit for meritorious service given at any time during the term, the Department shall give reasonable notice of the impending release not less than 14 days prior to the date of the release to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of the inmate took place, and if applicable, the State's Attorney of the county into which the inmate will be released.
- (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and forfeiting of good time.
- (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations for revoking good conduct credit, or suspending or reducing the rate of accumulation of good conduct credit for specific rule

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1 violations, during imprisonment. These rules and regulations

2 shall provide that no inmate may be penalized more than one

year of good conduct credit for any one infraction.

When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce the rate of accumulation of any good conduct credits for an alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a) (4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of good The Board may subsequently approve the conduct credit. revocation of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of good conduct credit within any calendar year for any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the Department.

The Director of the Department of Corrections, in appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days good conduct credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any restoration of good conduct credits in excess of 30 days shall

- 1 be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the
- 2 Board may not restore good conduct credit in excess of the
- 3 amount requested by the Director.
- 4 Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the
- 5 Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section
- 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the
- 7 sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the
- 8 accumulation of good conduct credit.
- 9 (d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois or
- 10 federal court against the State, the Department of Corrections,
- or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of their officers
- or employees, and the court makes a specific finding that a
- 13 pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is
- 14 frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall conduct a
- 15 hearing to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct credit by
- bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of
- 17 the good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as
- 18 provided in subparagraph (a) (8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code.
- 19 If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of good conduct
- 20 credit at the time of the finding, then the Prisoner Review
- 21 Board may revoke all good conduct credit accumulated by the
- 22 prisoner.
- 23 For purposes of this subsection (d):
- 24 (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or other
- 25 filing which purports to be a legal document filed by a
- 26 prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of the

## following criteria:

- 2 (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact;
  - (B) it is being presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;
  - (C) the claims, defenses, and other legal contentions therein are not warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law;
  - (D) the allegations and other factual contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, are not likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; or
  - (E) the denials of factual contentions are not warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of information or belief.
  - (2) "Lawsuit" means a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim under the Court of Claims Act, an action under the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983), or a second or

- subsequent petition for post-conviction relief under

  Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963

  whether filed with or without leave of court or a second or

  subsequent petition for relief from judgment under Section

  2-1401 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 6 (e) Nothing in Public Act 90-592 or 90-593 affects the validity of Public Act 89-404.
- 8 (f) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate who 9 has been convicted of a violation of an order of protection 10 under Section 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961, earlier than 11 it otherwise would because of a grant of good conduct credit, 12 the Department, as a condition of such early release, shall 13 require that the person, upon release, be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this 14 15 Code.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 95-134, eff. 8-13-07; 95-585, eff. 6-1-08;
- 17 95-625, eff. 6-1-08; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; 95-773, eff. 1-1-09;
- 18 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-860, eff. 1-15-10.)

9 730 ILCS 5/3-6-3 from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3

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