

## Sen. Jeffrey M. Schoenberg

# Filed: 3/15/2010

16

#### 09600SB3401sam001

LRB096 20230 HLH 38958 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3401 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 3401 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing 4 Sections 9-260, 9-265, 9-270, 16-135, and 16-140 as follows: 5 6 (35 ILCS 200/9-260) 7 Sec. 9-260. Assessment of omitted property; counties of 8 3,000,000 or more. (a) After signing the affidavit, the county assessor shall 9 10 have power, when directed by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning 11 12 the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter), or on his or 13 her own initiative, subject to the limitations of Sections 9-265 and 9-270, to assess properties which may have been 14 15 omitted from assessments for the current year and not more than

5 years prior to the current year or during any year or years

1 for which the property was liable to be taxed, and for which 2 the tax has not been paid, but only on notice and an 3 opportunity to be heard in the manner and form required by law, 4 and shall enter the assessments upon the assessment books. Any 5 time period for the review of an omitted assessment included in 6 the notice shall be consistent with the time period established by the assessor in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 7 8 12-55. No charge for tax of previous years shall be made 9 against any property if (1) the assessor failed to notify the 10 board of review of an omitted assessment in accordance with 11 subsection (d) of this Section; (2)  $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$  the property was last assessed as unimproved, (b) the owner of such property gave 12 13 notice of subsequent improvements and requested a reassessment as required by Section 9-180, and  $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$  reassessment of the 14 15 property was not made within the 16 month period immediately 16 following the receipt of that notice; (3) the assessor received a building permit for the property evidencing that new 17 construction had occurred or was occurring on the property but 18 19 failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (4) the 20 assessor received a survey containing the omitted property but failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (5) the 21 22 assessor possessed an aerial photograph of the omitted improvement but failed to list the improvement on the tax 23 24 rolls; (6) the assessor received a real estate transfer 25 declaration indicating a sale from an exempt property owner to a non-exempt property owner but failed to list the property on 26

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 1 the tax rolls; or (7) the property was the subject of an assessment appeal before the assessor or the board of review 2 3 that had included the intended omitted property as part of the 4 assessment appeal and provided evidence of its market value.
  - (b) Any taxes based on the omitted assessment of a property pursuant to Sections 9-260 through 9-270 and Sections 16-135 and 16-140 shall be prepared and mailed at the same time as the estimated first installment property tax bill for the preceding year (as described in Section 21-30) is prepared and mailed. The omitted assessment tax bill is not due until the date on which the second installment property tax bill for the preceding year becomes due. The omitted assessment tax bill shall be deemed delinquent and shall bear interest beginning on the day after the due date of the second installment (as described in Section 21-25). Any taxes for omitted assessments deemed delinquent after the due date of the second installment tax bill shall bear interest at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof until paid or forfeited (as described in Section 21-25).
  - The assessor shall have no power to change the assessment or alter the assessment books in any other manner or for any other purpose so as to change or affect the taxes in that year, except as ordered by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter). The county assessor shall make all changes and corrections ordered by the

- 1 board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 2 3 and thereafter). The county assessor may for the purpose of 4 revision by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in 5 December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter) certify the assessment 6 books for any town or taxing district after or when such books 7
- 9 (d) The assessor shall transmit a copy of any decision and 10 all evidence used in a decision regarding an omitted assessment to the board of review on or before November 1. 11
- (Source: P.A. 93-560, eff. 8-20-03.) 12
- (35 ILCS 200/9-265) 13

are completed.

8

14 Sec. 9-265. Omitted property; interest; change in exempt 15 use or ownership. If any property is omitted in the assessment 16 of any year or years, not to exceed the current assessment year and 5 prior years, so that the taxes, for which the property 17 was liable, have not been paid, or if by reason of defective 18 19 description or assessment, taxes on any property for any year 20 or years have not been paid, or if any taxes are refunded under subsection (b) of Section 14-5 because the taxes were assessed 21 22 in the wrong person's name, the property, when discovered, 23 shall be listed and assessed by the board of review or, in 24 counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, by the county assessor either on his or her own initiative or when so 25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

directed by the board of appeals or board of review. For Section, "defective purposes of this description assessment" includes a description or assessment which omits all the improvements thereon as a result of which part of the taxes on the total value of the property as improved remain unpaid. In the case of property subject to assessment by the Department, the property shall be listed and assessed by the Department. All such property shall be placed on the assessment and tax books. The arrearages of taxes which might have been assessed, with 10% interest thereon for each year or portion thereof from 2 years after the time the first correct tax bill ought to have been received, shall be charged against the property by the county clerk.

When property or acreage omitted by either incorrect survey or other ministerial assessor error is discovered and the owner has paid its tax bills as received for the year or years of omission of the parcel, then the interest authorized by this Section shall not be chargeable to the owner. However, nothing in this Section shall prevent the collection of the principal amount of back taxes due and owing.

If any property listed as exempt by the chief county assessment officer has a change in use, a change in leasehold estate, or a change in titleholder of record by purchase, grant, taking or transfer, it shall be the obligation of the transferee to notify the chief county assessment officer in writing within 30 days of the change. The notice shall be sent

1 by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall include 2 the name and address of the taxpayer, the legal description of 3 the property, and the property index number of the property 4 when an index number exists. If the failure to give the 5 notification results in the assessing official continuing to 6 list the property as exempt in subsequent years, the property shall be considered omitted property for purposes of this Code. 7 (Source: P.A. 88-455; 89-126, eff. 7-11-95; 89-671, eff. 8

### (35 ILCS 200/9-270)

8-14-96.

9

10

Sec. 9-270. Omitted property; limitations on assessment. A 11 charge for tax and interest for previous years, as provided in 12 Sections 9-265 or 14-40, shall not be made against any property 13 14 for years prior to the date of ownership of the person owning 15 the property at the time the liability for the omitted tax was first ascertained. Ownership as used in this section shall be 16 held to refer to bona fide legal and equitable titles or 17 interests acquired for value and without notice of the tax, as 18 19 may appear by deed, deed of trust, mortgage, certificate of 20 purchase or sale, or other form of contract. No charge for tax 21 of previous years, as provided in Section 9-265, shall be made 22 against any property if (1) the assessor failed to notify the 23 board of review of an omitted assessment in accordance with 24 subsection (d) of Section 9-260; (2)  $\frac{\text{(a)}}{\text{(a)}}$  the property was last assessed as unimproved, (b) the owner of the property gave 25

1 notice of subsequent improvements and requested a reassessment as required by Section 9-180, and  $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$  reassessment of the 2 3 property was not made within the 16 month period immediately 4 following the receipt of that notice; (3) the assessor received 5 a building permit for the property evidencing that new 6 construction had occurred or was occurring on the property but 7 failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (4) the 8 assessor received a survey containing the omitted property but 9 failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (5) the 10 assessor possessed an aerial photograph of the omitted 11 improvement but failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls; (6) the assessor received a real estate transfer 12 13 declaration indicating a sale from an exempt property owner to 14 a non-exempt property owner but failed to list the property on 15 the tax rolls; or (7) the property was the subject of an 16 assessment appeal before the assessor or the board of review that had included the intended omitted property as part of the 17 assessment appeal and provided evidence of its market value. 18 19 The owner of property, if known, assessed under this and the 20 preceding section shall be notified by the county assessor, 21 board of review or Department, as the case may require. 22 (Source: P.A. 86-359; 88-455.)

23 (35 ILCS 200/16-135)

24

25

16-135. Omitted property; Notice provisions. counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the owner of

property and the executor, administrator, or trustee of a decedent whose property has been omitted in the assessment in any year or years or on which a tax for which the property was liable has not been paid, and the several taxing bodies interested therein, shall be given at least 5 days notice in writing by the board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter) or county assessor of the hearing on the proposed assessments of the omitted property. The board or assessor shall have full power to examine the owner, or the executor, administrator, trustee, legatee, or heirs of the decedent, or other person concerning the ownership, kind, character, amount and the value of the omitted property.

If the board determines that the property of any decedent was omitted from assessment during any year or years, or that a tax for which the property was liable, has not been paid, the board shall direct the county assessor to assess the property. However, if the county assessor, on his or her own initiative, makes such a determination, then the assessor shall assess the property. No charge for tax of previous years shall be made against any property prior to the date of ownership of the person owning the property at the time the liability for such omitted tax is first ascertained. Ownership as used in this Section refers to bona fide legal and equitable titles or interests acquired for value and without notice of the tax, as

1	may appear by deed, deed of trust, mortgage, certificate of
2	purchase or sale, or other form of contract. No such charge for
3	tax of previous years shall be made against any property if $\underline{:}$
4	(1) the assessor failed to notify the board of review
5	of an omitted assessment in accordance with subsection (d)
6	of Section 9-260 of this Code;
7	(2) (a) the property was last assessed as unimproved,
8	(b) the owner of the property, gave notice of subsequent
9	improvements and requested a reassessment as required by
10	Section 9-180, and $\frac{\text{(e)}}{\text{(e)}}$ reassessment of the property was not
11	made within 16 months of receipt of that notice: $\div$
12	(3) the assessor received a building permit for the
13	property evidencing that new construction had occurred or
14	was occurring on the property but failed to list the
15	<pre>improvement on the tax rolls;</pre>
16	(4) the assessor received a survey containing the
17	omitted property but failed to list the improvement on the
18	<pre>tax rolls;</pre>
19	(5) the assessor possessed an aerial photograph of the
20	omitted improvement but failed to list the improvement on
21	<pre>the tax rolls;</pre>
22	(6) the assessor received a real estate transfer
23	declaration indicating a sale from an exempt property owner
24	to a non-exempt property owner but failed to list the
25	property on the tax rolls; or
26	(7) the property was the subject of an assessment

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 appeal before the assessor or the board of review that had included the intended omitted property as part of the 2 assessment appeal and provided evidence of its market 3 4 value.

The assessment of omitted property by the county assessor may be reviewed by the board in the same manner as other assessments are reviewed under the provisions of this Code and when so reviewed, the assessment shall not thereafter be subject to review by any succeeding board.

For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Code, relating to property omitted from assessment, the taxing bodies interested therein are hereby empowered to employ counsel to appear before the board or assessor (as the case may be) and take all necessary steps to enforce the assessment on the omitted property.

(Source: P.A. 88-455; 89-126, eff. 7-11-95; 89-671, 16 8-14-96.17

#### 18 (35 ILCS 200/16-140)

Sec. 16-140. Omitted property. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the board of appeals (until the first Monday in December 1998 and the board of review beginning the first Monday in December 1998 and thereafter) in any year shall direct the county assessor, in accordance with Section 16-135, when he or she fails to do so on his or her own initiative, to assess all property which has not been assessed, for any

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

reason, and enter the same upon the assessment books and to list and assess all property that has been omitted in the assessment for the current year and not more than 5 years prior to the current year of any year or years. If the tax for which that property was liable has not been paid or if any property, by reason of defective description or assessment thereof, fails to pay taxes for any year or years, the property, when discovered by the board shall be listed and assessed by the county assessor. The board may order the county assessor to make such alterations in the description of property as it deems necessary. No charge for tax of previous years shall be made against any property if:

- (1) the assessor failed to notify the board of review of an omitted assessment in accordance with subsection (d) of Section 9-260 of this Code;
- (2) (a) the property was last assessed as unimproved, (b) the owner of the property gave notice of subsequent improvements and requested a reassessment as required by Section 9-180, and  $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$  reassessment of the property was not made within 16 months of receipt of that notice; -
- (3) the assessor received a building permit for the property evidencing that new construction had occurred or was occurring on the property but failed to list the improvement on the tax rolls;
- (4) the assessor received a survey containing the omitted property but failed to list the improvement on the

16

17

18

1	<pre>tax rolls;</pre>
2	(5) the assessor possessed an aerial photograph of the
3	omitted improvement but failed to list the improvement on
4	the tax rolls;
5	(6) the assessor received a real estate transfer
6	declaration indicating a sale from an exempt property owner
7	to a non-exempt property owner but failed to list the
8	property on the tax rolls; or
9	(7) the property was the subject of an assessment
10	appeal before the assessor or the board of review that had
11	included the intended omitted property as part of the
12	assessment appeal and provided evidence of its market
13	value.
14	The board shall hear complaints and revise assessments of

The board shall hear complaints and revise assessments of any particular parcel of property of any person identified and described in a complaint filed with the board and conforming to the requirements of Section 16-115. The board shall make revisions in no other cases.

(Source: P.A. 88-455; 89-126, eff. 7-11-95; 89-671, eff. 19 8-14-96.20

21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 22 1, 2011.".