96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB2588

Introduced 1/21/2010, by Sen. Bill Brady

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/3-3-2	from Ch.	38,	par.	1003-3-2
730 ILCS 5/3-8-2	from Ch.	38,	par.	1003-8-2
730 ILCS 5/3-8-4	from Ch.	38,	par.	1003-8-4

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that the Prisoner Review Board shall hear by at least 3 members, and, through a panel of at least 3 members, decide classification of committed persons and transfers of committed persons to another institution or facility. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 5 changing Sections 3-3-2, 3-8-2, and 3-8-4 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-2)

7 Sec. 3-3-2. Powers and Duties.

(a) The Parole and Pardon Board is abolished and the term 8 9 "Parole and Pardon Board" as used in any law of Illinois, shall read "Prisoner Review Board." After the effective date of this 10 amendatory Act of 1977, the Prisoner Review Board shall provide 11 by rule for the orderly transition of all files, records, and 12 documents of the Parole and Pardon Board and for such other 13 14 steps as may be necessary to effect an orderly transition and shall: 15

(1) hear by at least one member and through a panel of at least 3 members decide, cases of prisoners who were sentenced under the law in effect prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977, and who are eligible for parole;

(2) hear by at least one member and through a panel of
at least 3 members decide, the conditions of parole and the
time of discharge from parole, impose sanctions for

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violations of parole, and revoke parole for those sentenced 1 under the law in effect prior to this amendatory Act of 2 3 1977; provided that the decision to parole and the conditions of parole for all prisoners who were sentenced 4 for first degree murder or who received a minimum sentence 5 6 of 20 years or more under the law in effect prior to 7 February 1, 1978 shall be determined by a majority vote of 8 the Prisoner Review Board;

9 (3) hear by at least one member and through a panel of 10 at least 3 members decide, the conditions of mandatory 11 supervised release and the time of discharge from mandatory 12 supervised release, impose sanctions for violations of 13 mandatory supervised release, and revoke mandatory 14 supervised release for those sentenced under the law in 15 effect after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 16 1977;

17 (3.5) hear by at least one member and through a panel of at least 3 members decide, the conditions of mandatory 18 19 supervised release and the time of discharge from mandatory 20 supervised release, to impose sanctions for violations of 21 mandatory supervised release and revoke mandatory 22 supervised release for those serving extended supervised 23 release terms pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (d) 24 of Section 5-8-1;

(4) hear by at least 1 member and through a panel of at
 least 3 members, decide cases brought by the Department of

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Corrections against a prisoner in the custody of the 1 2 Department for alleged violation of Department rules with 3 respect to good conduct credits pursuant to Section 3-6-3 of this Code in which the Department seeks to revoke good 4 5 conduct credits, if the amount of time at issue exceeds 30 6 days or when, during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the 7 infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of 8 9 scheduled release. In such cases, the Department of 10 Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of good conduct 11 credit. The Board may subsequently approve the revocation 12 of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess of thirty days. 13 14 However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the 15 Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days 16 of good conduct credit for any prisoner or to increase any 17 penalty beyond the length requested by the Department;

(5) hear by at least one member and through a panel of at least 3 members decide, the release dates for certain prisoners sentenced under the law in existence prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977, in accordance with Section 3-3-2.1 of this Code;

(6) hear by at least one member and through a panel of
at least 3 members decide, all requests for pardon,
reprieve or commutation, and make confidential
recommendations to the Governor;

(7) comply with the requirements of the Open Parole
 Hearings Act;

(8) hear by at least one member and, through a panel of 3 at least 3 members, decide cases brought by the Department 4 5 of Corrections against a prisoner in the custody of the Department for court dismissal of a frivolous lawsuit 6 7 pursuant to Section 3-6-3(d) of this Code in which the 8 Department seeks to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct 9 credit, and if the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of 10 good conduct credit at the time of the dismissal, then all 11 good conduct credit accumulated by the prisoner shall be 12 revoked; and

(9) hear by at least 3 members, and, through a panel of at least 3 members, decide whether to grant certificates of relief from disabilities or certificates of good conduct as provided in Article 5.5 of Chapter V; and -

17 (10) hear by at least 3 members, and, through a panel 18 of at least 3 members, decide classification of committed 19 persons under Section 3-8-2 and transfers of committed 20 persons to another institution or facility under Section 21 3-8-4.

(a-5) The Prisoner Review Board, with the cooperation of and in coordination with the Department of Corrections and the Department of Central Management Services, shall implement a pilot project in 3 correctional institutions providing for the conduct of hearings under paragraphs (1) and (4) of subsection

(a) of this Section through interactive video conferences. The 1 2 project shall be implemented within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996. Within 6 months 3 after the implementation of the pilot project, the Prisoner 4 5 Review Board, with the cooperation of and in coordination with 6 the Department of Corrections and the Department of Central 7 Management Services, shall report to the Governor and the 8 General Assembly regarding the use, costs, effectiveness, and 9 future viability of interactive video conferences for Prisoner Review Board hearings. 10

11 (b) Upon recommendation of the Department the Board may 12 restore good conduct credit previously revoked.

13 (c) The Board shall cooperate with the Department in 14 promoting an effective system of parole and mandatory 15 supervised release.

16 (d) The Board shall promulgate rules for the conduct of its 17 work, and the Chairman shall file a copy of such rules and any 18 amendments thereto with the Director and with the Secretary of 19 State.

(e) The Board shall keep records of all of its official
actions and shall make them accessible in accordance with law
and the rules of the Board.

(f) The Board or one who has allegedly violated the conditions of his parole or mandatory supervised release may require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence relating to any

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matter under investigation or hearing. The Chairman of the 1 2 Board may sign subpoenas which shall be served by any agent or public official authorized by the Chairman of the Board, or by 3 any person lawfully authorized to serve a subpoena under the 4 5 laws of the State of Illinois. The attendance of witnesses, and 6 the production of documentary evidence, may be required from 7 any place in the State to a hearing location in the State before the Chairman of the Board or his designated agent or 8 9 agents or any duly constituted Committee or Subcommittee of the 10 Board. Witnesses so summoned shall be paid the same fees and 11 mileage that are paid witnesses in the circuit courts of the 12 State, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the 13 persons taking those depositions are each entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in actions in the circuit 14 15 courts of the State. Fees and mileage shall be vouchered for 16 payment when the witness is discharged from further attendance.

17 In case of disobedience to a subpoena, the Board may petition any circuit court of the State for an order requiring 18 19 the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of 20 documentary evidence or both. A copy of such petition shall be served by personal service or by registered or certified mail 21 22 upon the person who has failed to obey the subpoena, and such 23 person shall be advised in writing that a hearing upon the petition will be requested in a court room to be designated in 24 25 such notice before the judge hearing motions or extraordinary 26 remedies at a specified time, on a specified date, not less

than 10 nor more than 15 days after the deposit of the copy of 1 2 the written notice and petition in the U.S. mails addressed to 3 the person at his last known address or after the personal service of the copy of the notice and petition upon such 4 person. The court upon the filing of such a petition, may order 5 6 the person refusing to obey the subpoena to appear at an 7 investigation or hearing, or to there produce documentary 8 evidence, if so ordered, or to give evidence relative to the 9 subject matter of that investigation or hearing. Any failure to 10 obey such order of the circuit court may be punished by that 11 court as a contempt of court.

Each member of the Board and any hearing officer designated by the Board shall have the power to administer oaths and to take the testimony of persons under oath.

(g) Except under subsection (a) of this Section, a majority of the members then appointed to the Prisoner Review Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business of the Board.

(h) The Prisoner Review Board shall annually transmit to the Director a detailed report of its work for the preceding calendar year. The annual report shall also be transmitted to the Governor for submission to the Legislature.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04; 94-165, eff. 7-11-05.)

24 (730 ILCS 5/3-8-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-8-2)

25 Sec. 3-8-2. Social Evaluation; physical examination;

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1 HIV/AIDS.

2 (a) A social evaluation shall be made of a committed person's medical, psychological, educational and vocational 3 condition and history, including the use of alcohol and other 4 5 drugs, the circumstances of his offense, and such other information as the Department may determine. The committed 6 7 person shall be assigned to an institution or facility in so 8 far as practicable in accordance with the social evaluation. 9 The Prisoner Review Board shall hear by at least 3 members, 10 and, through a panel of at least 3 members, approve the 11 assignment to the institution or facility. Recommendations 12 shall be made for medical, dental, psychiatric, psychological 13 and social service treatment.

(b) A record of the social evaluation shall be entered in the committed person's master record file and shall be forwarded to the institution or facility to which the person is assigned.

18 (c) Upon admission to a correctional institution each 19 committed person shall be given a physical examination. If he 20 is suspected of having a communicable disease that in the 21 judgment of the Department medical personnel requires medical 22 isolation, the committed person shall remain in medical 23 isolation until it is no longer deemed medically necessary.

(d) Upon arrival at an inmate's final destination, the
 Department must provide the committed person with appropriate
 written information and counseling concerning HIV and AIDS. The

Department shall develop the written materials in consultation 1 2 with the Department of Public Health. At the same time, the 3 Department also must offer the committed person the option of being tested, with no copayment, for infection with human 4 5 immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The Department shall require 6 each committed person to sign a form stating that the committed 7 person has been informed of his or her rights with respect to the testing required to be offered under this subsection (d) 8 9 and providing the committed person with an opportunity to 10 indicate either that he or she wants to be tested or that he or 11 she does not want to be tested. The Department, in consultation 12 with the Department of Public Health, shall prescribe the 13 of the form. The testing provided under this contents 14 subsection (d) shall consist of an enzyme-linked immunosorbent 15 assay (ELISA) test or any other test approved by the Department 16 of Public Health. If the test result is positive, the Western 17 Blot Assay or more reliable confirmatory test shall be administered. Implementation of this subsection (d) is subject 18 19 to appropriation.

20 (Source: P.A. 94-629, eff. 1-1-06.)

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(730 ILCS 5/3-8-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-8-4)

22 Sec. 3-8-4. Intradivisional Transfers.

(a) After the initial assignments under Sections 3-8-2 and 23 24 3-8-3, all transfers of committed persons to another 25 institution or facility shall be reviewed and approved by the <u>Prisoner Review Board and</u> a person or persons designated by the
 Director. A record of each transfer and the reasons therefor
 shall be included in the person's master record file.

(b) Transfers to facilities for psychiatric treatment and 4 5 care within the Department shall be made only after prior psychiatric examination and certification to the Director that 6 required. Persons in facilities 7 such transfer is for 8 psychiatric treatment and care within the Department shall be reexamined at least every 6 months. Persons found to no longer 9 10 require psychiatric treatment and care shall be transferred to 11 other facilities of the Department.

12 (Source: P.A. 77-2097.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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