1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 2-1203 as follows:
- 6 (735 ILCS 5/2-1203) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-1203)
- 7 Sec. 2-1203. Motions after judgment in non-jury cases.
- 8 (a) In all cases tried without a jury, any party may,
- 9 within 30 days after the entry of the judgment or within any
- 10 further time the court may allow within the 30 days or any
- 11 extensions thereof, file a motion for a rehearing, or a
- 12 retrial, or modification of the judgment or to vacate the
- judgment or for other relief.
- 14 (b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of Section 413 of
- 15 the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, a A
- 16 motion filed in apt time stays enforcement of the judgment
- 17 except that a judgment granting injunctive or declaratory
- 18 relief shall be stayed only by a court order that follows a
- separate application that sets forth just cause for staying the
- 20 enforcement.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 95-902, eff. 1-1-09.)
- 22 Section 10. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of

1 Marriage Act is amended by changing Section 413 as follows:

2 (750 ILCS 5/413) (from Ch. 40, par. 413)

Sec. 413. Judgment.) (a) A judgment of dissolution of marriage or of legal separation or of declaration of invalidity of marriage is final when entered, subject to the right of appeal. An appeal from the judgment of dissolution of marriage that does not challenge the finding as to grounds does not delay the finality of that provision of the judgment which dissolves the marriage, beyond the time for appealing from that provision, and either of the parties may remarry pending appeal. An order requiring maintenance or directing payment of money for support or maintenance of a the spouse or a the minor child or children entered under this Act or any other law of this State shall not be suspended or the enforcement thereof stayed pending the filing and resolution of post-judgment motions or an appeal.

- (b) The clerk of the court shall give notice of the entry of a judgment of dissolution of marriage or legal separation or a declaration of invalidity of marriage:
- (1) if the marriage is registered in this State, to the county clerk of the county where the marriage is registered, who shall enter the fact of dissolution of marriage or legal separation or declaration of invalidity of marriage in the marriage registry; and within 45 days after the close of the month in which the judgment is entered, the clerk shall forward

- 1 the certificate to the Department of Public Health on a form
- 2 furnished by the Department; or
- 3 (2) if the marriage is registered in another jurisdiction,
- 4 to the appropriate official of that jurisdiction, with the
- 5 request that he enter the fact of dissolution of marriage or
- 6 legal separation or declaration of invalidity of marriage in
- 7 the appropriate record.
- 8 (c) Upon request by a wife whose marriage is dissolved or
- 9 declared invalid, the court shall order her maiden name or a
- 10 former name restored.
- 11 (d) A judgment of dissolution of marriage or legal
- 12 separation, if made, shall be awarded to both of the parties,
- and shall provide that it affects the status previously
- existing between the parties in the manner adjudged.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 84-546.)