

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 SB2513

Introduced 1/12/2010, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

705 ILCS 405/5-805 705 ILCS 405/5-915 720 ILCS 5/11-20.4 new

Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that a minor shall not knowingly and voluntarily and without threat or coercion use a computer or electronic communication device to transmit an indecent visual depiction of himself or herself to another person. Provides that a person shall not possess a visual depiction transmitted to the person in violation of this provision. Provides that it is not a violation if the person who receives the depiction took reasonable steps, whether successful or not, to destroy or eliminate the visual depiction within a reasonable time after discovering the depiction. Provides that a person 18 years of age or older who violates the provision is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Provides that a minor who transmits the indecent visual depiction shall be adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that a minor who transmits the indecent visual depiction who has previously been adjudicated for such violation may be either adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or subject to discretionary transfer for prosecution under the criminal laws of the State in accordance with the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides for the automatic expungement of the juvenile law enforcement and court records of a minor charged with or adjudicated delinquent for the violation.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 5-805 and 5-915 as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 405/5-805)

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- 7 Sec. 5-805. Transfer of jurisdiction.
- 8 (1) Mandatory transfers.
 - (a) If a petition alleges commission by a minor 15 years of age or older of an act that constitutes a forcible felony under the laws of this State, and if a motion by the State's Attorney to prosecute the minor under the criminal laws of Illinois for the alleged forcible felony alleges (i) the minor has previously been adjudicated t.hat. delinquent or found quilty for commission of an act that constitutes a felony under the laws of this State or any other state and (ii) the act that constitutes the offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activity by an organized gang, the Juvenile Judge assigned to hear and determine those motions shall, upon determining that there is probable cause that both allegations are true, enter an order permitting prosecution under the criminal laws of Illinois.

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- (b) If a petition alleges commission by a minor 15 years of age or older of an act that constitutes a felony under the laws of this State, and if a motion by a State's Attorney to prosecute the minor under the criminal laws of Illinois for the alleged felony alleges that (i) the minor has previously been adjudicated delinquent or found quilty for commission of an act that constitutes a forcible felony under the laws of this State or any other state and (ii) the act that constitutes the offense was committed in furtherance of criminal activities by an organized gang, the Juvenile Judge assigned to hear and determine those motions shall, upon determining that there is probable cause that both allegations are true, enter an order permitting prosecution under the criminal laws Illinois.
- (c) If a petition alleges commission by a minor 15 years of age or older of: (i) an act that constitutes an offense enumerated in the presumptive transfer provisions of subsection (2); and (ii) the minor has previously been adjudicated delinquent or found guilty of a forcible felony, the Juvenile Judge designated to hear and determine those motions shall, upon determining that there is probable cause that both allegations are true, enter an order permitting prosecution under the criminal laws of Illinois.
 - (d) If a petition alleges commission by a minor 15

years of age or older of an act that constitutes the offense of aggravated discharge of a firearm committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on, boarding, or departing from any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, the juvenile judge designated to hear and determine those motions shall, upon determining that there is probable cause that the allegations are true, enter an order permitting prosecution under the criminal laws of Illinois.

For purposes of this paragraph (d) of subsection (1):

"School" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.

"School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.

(2) Presumptive transfer.

(a) If the State's Attorney files a petition, at any time prior to commencement of the minor's trial, to permit prosecution under the criminal laws and the petition alleges the commission by a minor 15 years of age or older

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of: (i) a Class X felony other than armed violence; (ii) aggravated discharge of a firearm; (iii) armed violence with a firearm when the predicate offense is a Class 1 or Class 2 felony and the State's Attorney's motion to transfer the case alleges that the offense committed is in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang; (iv) armed violence with a firearm when the predicate а violation of the Illinois offense is Controlled Substances Act, a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or a violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; (v) armed violence when the weapon involved was a machine gun or other weapon described in subsection (a) (7) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961; (vi) act in violation of Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which is a Class X felony, while in a school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, or on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development; or (vii) an act in violation of Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and the offense is alleged to have occurred while in a school or on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the

time of year when the delivery or intended delivery of any amount of the controlled substance is to a person under 17 years of age, (to qualify for a presumptive transfer under paragraph (vi) or (vii) of this clause (2)(a), the violation cannot be based upon subsection (b) of Section 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act) and, if the juvenile judge assigned to hear and determine motions to transfer a case for prosecution in the criminal court determines that there is probable cause to believe that the allegations in the petition and motion are true, there is a rebuttable presumption that the minor is not a fit and proper subject to be dealt with under the Juvenile Justice Reform Provisions of 1998 (Public Act 90-590), and that, except as provided in paragraph (b), the case should be transferred to the criminal court.

- (b) The judge shall enter an order permitting prosecution under the criminal laws of Illinois unless the judge makes a finding based on clear and convincing evidence that the minor would be amenable to the care, treatment, and training programs available through the facilities of the juvenile court based on an evaluation of the following:
 - (i) the age of the minor;
 - (ii) the history of the minor, including:
 - (A) any previous delinquent or criminal history of the minor,

Τ	(b) any previous abuse of neglect history of
2	the minor, and
3	(C) any mental health, physical or educational
4	history of the minor or combination of these
5	factors;
6	(iii) the circumstances of the offense, including:
7	(A) the seriousness of the offense,
8	(B) whether the minor is charged through
9	accountability,
10	(C) whether there is evidence the offense was
11	committed in an aggressive and premeditated
12	manner,
13	(D) whether there is evidence the offense
14	caused serious bodily harm,
15	(E) whether there is evidence the minor
16	possessed a deadly weapon;
17	(iv) the advantages of treatment within the
18	juvenile justice system including whether there are
19	facilities or programs, or both, particularly
20	available in the juvenile system;
21	(v) whether the security of the public requires
22	sentencing under Chapter V of the Unified Code of
23	Corrections:
24	(A) the minor's history of services, including
25	the minor's willingness to participate
26	meaningfully in available services;

_	(B)	whether	ther	e is	a	reasonable	likeli	nood
2	that the	e minor	can	be	reha	abilitated	before	the
3	expirati	on of the	e juv	enile	e cc	ourt's juris	sdiction	;

(C) the adequacy of the punishment or services.

In considering these factors, the court shall give greater weight to the seriousness of the alleged offense and the minor's prior record of delinquency than to the other factors listed in this subsection.

For purposes of clauses (2)(a)(vi) and (vii):

"School" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.

"School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.

- (3) Discretionary transfer.
- (a) If a petition alleges commission by a minor 13 years of age or over of an act that constitutes a crime under the laws of this State and, on motion of the State's Attorney to permit prosecution of the minor under the criminal laws, a Juvenile Judge assigned by the Chief Judge of the Circuit to hear and determine those motions, after hearing but before commencement of the trial, finds that there is probable cause to believe that the allegations in the motion are true and that it is not in the best

1	interests of the public to proceed under this Act, the
2	court may enter an order permitting prosecution under the
3	criminal laws.
4	(b) In making its determination on the motion to permit
5	prosecution under the criminal laws, the court shall
6	consider among other matters:
7	(i) the age of the minor;
8	(ii) the history of the minor, including:
9	(A) any previous delinquent or criminal
10	history of the minor,
11	(B) any previous abuse or neglect history of
12	the minor, and
13	(C) any mental health, physical, or
14	educational history of the minor or combination of
15	these factors;
16	(iii) the circumstances of the offense, including:
17	(A) the seriousness of the offense,
18	(B) whether the minor is charged through
19	accountability,
20	(C) whether there is evidence the offense was
21	committed in an aggressive and premeditated
22	manner,
23	(D) whether there is evidence the offense
24	caused serious bodily harm,
25	(E) whether there is evidence the minor
26	possessed a deadly weapon;

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Т	(1V) the advantages of treatment within the
2	juvenile justice system including whether there are
3	facilities or programs, or both, particularly
4	available in the juvenile system;
5	(v) whether the security of the public requires
6	sentencing under Chapter V of the Unified Code of
7	Corrections:
8	(A) the minor's history of services, including
9	the minor's willingness to participate
10	meaningfully in available services;
11	(B) whether there is a reasonable likelihood
12	that the minor can be rehabilitated before the
13	expiration of the juvenile court's jurisdiction;
14	(C) the adequacy of the punishment or
15	services.
16	In considering these factors, the court shall give
17	greater weight to the seriousness of the alleged offense
18	and the minor's prior record of delinquency than to the
19	other factors listed in this subsection.
20	(4) The rules of evidence for this hearing shall be the
21	same as under Section 5-705 of this Act. A minor must be
22	represented in court by counsel before the hearing may be
23	commenced.
24	(5) If criminal proceedings are instituted, the petition

for adjudication of wardship shall be dismissed insofar as the

act or acts involved in the criminal proceedings. Taking of

- 1 evidence in a trial on petition for adjudication of wardship is
- a bar to criminal proceedings based upon the conduct alleged in
- 3 the petition.
- 4 (6) The jurisdiction of the Juvenile Court for the
- 5 prosecution of an alleged violation of subsection (b) of
- 6 Section 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 shall be
- 7 <u>determined as provided in that Section.</u>

Office or other prosecutor.

- 8 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-574, eff. 8-12-05;
- 9 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 10 (705 ILCS 405/5-915)

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- 11 Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and court records.
- 13 (0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:
- "Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and to obliterate the minor's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the internal office records, files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's
 - "Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints, probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear, or any other records maintained by a law enforcement agency relating to a minor suspected of committing an offense.
 - (1) Whenever any person has attained the age of 17 or

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- whenever all juvenile court proceedings relating to that person have been terminated, whichever is later, the person may petition the court to expunge law enforcement records relating to incidents occurring before his or her 17th birthday or his or her juvenile court records, or both, but only in the following circumstances:
 - (a) the minor was arrested and no petition for delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
 - (b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found not delinquent of that offense; or
 - (c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to Section 5-615, and the order of supervision has since been successfully terminated; or
 - (d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
 - (2) Any person may petition the court to expunge all law enforcement records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her 17th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal court and all juvenile court records with respect to any adjudications except those based upon first degree murder and sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no convictions for any crime since his or her 17th birthday and:
 - (a) has attained the age of 21 years; or

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1 (b) 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court
2 proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or
3 his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice
4 pursuant to this Act has been terminated;

whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5-915 precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 5-622.

- (2.5)If a minor is arrested and no petition delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the minor is released from custody, the youth officer, applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or the minor's parents or quardians that if the State's Attorney does not file a petition for delinquency, the minor has a right to petition to have his or her arrest record expunged when the minor attains the age of 17 or when all juvenile court proceedings relating to that minor have been terminated and that unless a petition to expunge is filed, the minor shall have an arrest record and shall provide the minor and the minor's parents or guardians with an expungement information packet, including a petition to expunge juvenile records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court.
- (2.6) If a minor is charged with an offense and is found not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision

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is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an adult; or if a minor has incidents occurring before his or her 17th birthday that have not resulted in proceedings in criminal court, or resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, including a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed expungement instructions that shall information informing the minor that (i) once the case is expunged, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or she obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an

1 appeal. 2 (2.7) For counties with a population over 3,000,000, the clerk of the circuit court shall send a "Notification of a 3 Possible Right to Expungement" post card to the minor at the 5 address last received by the clerk of the circuit court on the 6 date that the minor attains the age of 17 based on the 7 birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her 8 quardian in cases under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of 9 subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21 based 10 on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or 11 her quardian in cases under subsection (2). 12 (2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) shall 13 be substantially in the following form: IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS 14 15 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT 16 IN THE INTEREST OF) NO. 17) 18) 19 (Name of Petitioner) 20 21 PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS 22 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1)) 23 (Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)

Now comes, petitioner, and respectfully requests

- 1 that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all juvenile
- 2 law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support
- 3 thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of 17,
- 4 his/her birth date being, or all Juvenile Court
- 5 proceedings terminated as of, whichever occurred later.
- 6 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
- 7 Department for the offense of, and:
- 8 (Check One:)
- 9 () a. no petition was filed with the Clerk of the Circuit
- 10 Court.
- 11 () b. was charged with and was found not delinquent of
- 12 the offense.
- 13 () c. a petition was filed and the petition was dismissed
- 14 without a finding of delinquency on
- 15 () d. on placed under supervision pursuant to Section
- 16 5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of
- supervision successfully terminated on
- 18 () e. was adjudicated for the offense, which would have been a
- 19 Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a petty offense
- or business offense if committed by an adult.
- 21 Petitioner has has not been arrested on charges in
- 22 this or any county other than the charges listed above. If
- 23 petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list
- 24 the charges below:
- 25 Charge(s):
- 26 Arresting Agency or Agencies:

1	Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):
2	WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
3	Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
4	records of petitioner to this incident, and (2) to order the
5	Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning the
6	petitioner regarding this incident.
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8	Petitioner (Signature)
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10	Petitioner's Street Address
11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
12	City, State, Zip Code
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14	Petitioner's Telephone Number
15	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
16	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
17	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
18	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
10	infolkacion una seller i selleve ene same eo se elue.
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20	Petitioner (Signature)
	realist (bighted)

- 1 The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be
- 2 substantially in the following form:
- 3 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
- 4 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
- 5 IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
- 6
- 7
- 9 (Name of Petitioner)
- 10 PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS
- 11 (705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 2))
- 12 (Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)
- Now comes petitioner, and respectfully requests
- that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all Juvenile
- 15 Law Enforcement and Court records of petitioner and in support
- 16 thereof states that:
- 17 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
- 18 occurred before the Petitioner's 17th birthday and did not
- 19 result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner has
- 20 not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 17th
- 21 birthday; and
- 22 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
- 23 occurred before the Petitioner's 17th birthday and the

- 1 adjudication was not based upon first-degree murder or sex
- 2 offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and
- 3 the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since
- 4 his/her 17th birthday.
- 5 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
- 6 Department for the offense of, and:
- 7 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:)
- 8 () a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her
- 9 birthday being; or
- 10 () b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court
- 11 proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or
- 12 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement
- 14 and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
- has been terminated. Petitioner ...has ...has not been arrested
- on charges in this or any other county other than the charge
- 17 listed above. If petitioner has been arrested on additional
- charges, please list the charges below:
- 19 Charge(s):
- 20 Arresting Agency or Agencies:
- 21 Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above):
- 22 WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
- 23 Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
- 24 records of petitioner related to this incident, and (2) to
- order the Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning
- 26 the petitioner regarding this incident.

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2	Petitioner (Signature)
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4	Petitioner's Street Address
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6	City, State, Zip Code
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8	Petitioner's Telephone Number
9	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
10	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
11	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
12	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
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14	Petitioner (Signature)
15	(3) The chief judge of the circuit in which an arrest was
16	made or a charge was brought or any judge of that circuit
17	designated by the chief judge may, upon verified petition of a
18	person who is the subject of an arrest or a juvenile court
19	proceeding under subsection (1) or (2) of this Section, order
20	the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to
21	be expunded from the official records of the arresting

authority, the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of

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State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court shall set a date for hearing after the 45 day objection period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 days of the notice, the court may enter an order granting expungement. The person whose records are to be expunded shall pay the clerk of the circuit court a fee equivalent to the cost associated with expungement of records by the clerk and the Department of State Police. The clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Department of State Police, the appropriate portion of the fee to the Department of State Police for processing, and deliver a certified copy of the order to the arresting agency.

24 (3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantially the following form:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS

You are hereby notified that on, at, in courtroom

..., located at ..., before the Honorable ..., Judge, or any

judge sitting in his/her stead, I shall then and there present

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1	a Petition to Expunge Juvenile records in the above-entitled
2	matter, at which time and place you may appear.
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4	Petitioner's Signature
5	
6	Petitioner's Street Address
7	
8	City, State, Zip Code
9	
10	Petitioner's Telephone Number
11	PROOF OF SERVICE
12	On the day of, 20, I on oath state that I
13	served this notice and true and correct copies of the
14	above-checked documents by:
15	(Check One:)
16	delivering copies personally to each entity to whom they are
17	directed;
18	or
19	by mailing copies to each entity to whom they are directed by
20	depositing the same in the U.S. Mail, proper postage fully
21	prepaid, before the hour of 5:00 p.m., at the United States
22	Postal Depository located at
23	
24	
25	Signature
26	Clerk of the Circuit Court or Deputy Clerk

1	Printed Name of Delinquent Minor/Petitioner:
2	Address:
3	Telephone Number:
4	(3.2) The Order of Expungement shall be in substantially
5	the following form:
6	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
7	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
8	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
9)
10)
11)
12	(Name of Petitioner)
13	DOB
14	Arresting Agency/Agencies
15	ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT
16	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3))
17	This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and
18	the court being fully advised in the premises does find that
19	the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to
20	waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
21	() 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs
22	are hereby waived in this matter.
23	() 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification
24	and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records

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(Name of Petitioner)

1	NOTICE OF OBJECTION
2	TO: (Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)
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5	TO: (Illinois State Police)
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7	
8	TO: (Clerk of the Court)
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11	TO: (Judge)
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14	TO: (Arresting Agency/Agencies)
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17	ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
18	filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
19	petition for expungement of juvenile records:
20	() State's Attorney's Office;
21	() Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
22	with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
23	() Department of Illinois State Police; or
24	() Arresting Agency or Agencies.
25	The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case
26	be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement

- 1 should or should not be granted.
- 2 DATED:
- 3 Name:
- 4 Attorney For:
- 5 Address:
- 6 City/State/Zip:
- 7 Telephone:
- 8 Attorney No.:
- 9 FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY
- 10 This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing
- objection, on in room, located at, before the
- 12 Honorable, Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead.
- 13 (Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of
- Notices of Objection received on the same case).
- 15 A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the
- 16 court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S.
- 17 Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of
- 18 Objection is received on the same case, each one must be
- 19 completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to
- 20 the following entities):
- 21 () Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
- 22 () State's Attorney's Office;
- 23 () Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
- 24 with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be expunged;
- 25 () Department of Illinois State Police; and
- 26 () Arresting agency or agencies.

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- 2 Initials of Clerk completing this section:
- 3 (4) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the 4 offense, which the records or files concern shall be treated as 5 if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and other public 6 offices and agencies shall properly reply on inquiry that no 7 record or file exists with respect to the person.
 - (5) Records which have not been expunged are sealed, and may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5-901, 5-905 and 5-915.
 - (6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the maintenance of information relating to an offense after records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if the information is kept in a manner that does not enable identification of the offender. This information may only be used for statistical and bona fide research purposes.
 - (7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged.
 - (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials shall include at a minimum the following information:
- 25 (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement 26 process;

- 1 (ii) The circumstances under which juvenile 2 expungement may occur;
 - (iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunged;
- 4 (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the juvenile expungement process; and
- 6 (v) Directions on how to contact the State Appellate 7 Defender.
 - maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person may use to receive information or assistance concerning the expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The State Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet containing information that would assist individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
 - (d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
 - (e) This Section shall be implemented from funds appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for

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- 1 implementation of this Section.
- 2 (8) (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, 3 or other prosecutors, an expunded juvenile record may not be considered 4 5 by any private or public entity in employment matters, 6 certification, licensing, revocation of certification 7 licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must 8 contain specific language that states that the applicant is not 9 obligated to disclose expunded juvenile records of conviction 10 or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a 11 juvenile record expunged. Effective January 1, 2005, the 12 Department of Labor shall develop a link on the Department's 13 website to inform employers that employers may not ask if an 14 applicant had a juvenile record expunded and that application 15 for employment must contain specific language that states that 16 the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile 17 records of arrest or conviction.
 - (b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunged is not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money paid as a consequence of expungement. This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the right of the victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil action for damages.
 - (c) The expungement of juvenile records under Section 5-622 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under Section 5-9-1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and additional

- appropriations made by the General Assembly for such purpose.
- 2 (d) The clerk of the court shall automatically expunge
- 3 juvenile law enforcement and court records of a minor charged
- 4 with or adjudicated delinquent for a violation of Section
- 5 11-20.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 upon the minor attaining
- 6 18 years of age.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 95-861, eff. 1-1-09; 96-707, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 8 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by adding
- 9 Section 11-20.4 as follows:
- 10 (720 ILCS 5/11-20.4 new)
- 11 Sec. 11-20.4. Minor electronically disseminating indecent
- 12 visual depiction of himself or herself to another person.
- 13 (a) For the purposes of this Section:
- 14 "Computer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section
- 15 16D-2 of this Code.
- "Electronic communication device" means an electronic
- 17 device, including but not limited to a wireless telephone,
- 18 personal digital assistant, or a portable or mobile
- 19 computer, that is capable of transmitting images or
- 20 pictures.
- "Indecent visual depiction" means the depiction of the
- 22 unclothed or transparently clothed genitals, pubic area,
- buttocks, or, if the person is female, a fully or partially
- developed breast of the person.

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"Minor"	means	а	person	under	18	vears	o f	age.

- (b) A minor shall not knowingly and voluntarily and without threat or coercion use a computer or electronic communication device to transmit an indecent visual depiction of himself or herself to another person.
- (c) A person shall not possess a visual depiction transmitted to the person in violation of subsection (b) of this Section. It is not a violation of this subsection (c) if the person took reasonable steps, whether successful or not, to destroy or eliminate the visual depiction within a reasonable time after discovering the depiction.

12 (d) Sentence.

- (1) A person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection (c) of this Section is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
 - (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d), a minor who violates subsection (b) of this Section shall be adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (3) A minor who violates subsection (b) of this Section who has previously been adjudicated in violation of that subsection may be either adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or subject to discretionary transfer for prosecution under the criminal laws of this State in accordance with subsection (3) of Section 5-805 of that Act.

<u>(e)</u> Thi	s Se	ction	shall	not	be	construe	ed to	prob	nibit	а
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