

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 SB2496

Introduced 10/29/2009, by Sen. James T. Meeks

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105	ILCS	5/10-20.12a	from	Ch.	122,	par.	10-20.12a
105	ILCS	5/10-20.12b					
105	ILCS	5/10-22.5	from	Ch.	122,	par.	10-22.5
105	ILCS	5/10-22.5a	from	Ch.	122,	par.	10-22.5a
105	ILCS	5/34-18.30					

Amends the School Code. Provides that a school district must allow non-resident pupils of the school district to attend the schools of the district without charging these students tuition as long as these students are residents of this State (now, a school board has the power to charge non-resident pupils tuition). Provides that the school district is not required to provide the necessary transportation for these students. Makes related changes. Effective immediately.

LRB096 15328 MJR 30478 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5 10-20.12a, 10-20.12b, 10-22.5, 10-22.5a, and 34-18.30 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.12a)
- 8 Sec. 10-20.12a. <u>Non-resident pupil attendance; tuition for</u>
- 9 <u>out-of-State pupils</u> Tuition for non-resident pupils.
- 10 (a) To charge non-resident pupils <u>who are not residents of</u>
- 11 <u>this State but</u> who attend the schools of the district tuition
- in an amount not exceeding 110% of the per capita cost of
- maintaining the schools of the district for the preceding
- 14 school year. A school district must allow non-resident pupils
- of the school district to attend the schools of the district
- 16 <u>without charging these students tuition as long as these</u>
- 17 <u>students are residents of this State. However, the school</u>
- 18 <u>district</u> is not required to provide the necessary
- 19 <u>transportation for these students. Nothing in this Section</u>
- 20 <u>shall be construed to relieve a school district or the State</u>
- 21 Board of Education from making tuition payments to another
- 22 <u>school district under other provisions of this Code.</u>
- 23 Such per capita cost shall be computed by dividing the

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total cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district by the average daily attendance, including non-resident tuition pupils. Depreciation on the buildings and equipment of the schools of the district, and the amount of annual depreciation on such buildings and equipment shall be dependent upon the useful life of such property.

The tuition charged shall in no case exceed 110% of the per capita cost of conducting and maintaining the schools of the district attended, as determined with reference to the most recent audit prepared under Section 3-7 which is available at the commencement of the current school year. Tuition must be apportioned for non-resident Non-resident pupils attending the schools of the district for less than the school term; shall have their tuition apportioned, however, a school district may not charge tuition for pupils who become non-resident during a school term shall not be charged tuition for the remainder of the school term in which they became non-resident pupils.

(b) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties involved and where the educational services are not otherwise provided for, educational services for an Illinois student under the age of 21 (and not eligible for services pursuant to Article 14 of this Code) in any residential program shall be provided by the district in which the facility is located and financed as follows. The cost of educational services shall be paid by the district in which the student resides in an amount equal to the cost of providing educational services in the residential

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facility. Payments shall be made by the district of the student's residence and shall be made to the district wherein the facility is located no less than once per month unless otherwise agreed to by the parties.

The funding provision of this subsection (b) applies to all Illinois students under the age of 21 (and not eligible for services pursuant to Article 14 of this Code) receiving educational services in residential facilities, irrespective of whether the student was placed therein pursuant to this Code or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or by an Illinois public agency or a court. The changes to this subsection (b) made by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to all placements in effect on July 1, 2007 and all placements thereafter. For purposes of this subsection (b), a student's district of residence shall be determined in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 10-20.12b of this Code. The placement of a student in a residential facility shall not affect the residency of the student. When a dispute arises over the determination of the district of residence under subsection (b), any person or entity, including without limitation a school district or residential facility, may make a written request for a residency decision to the State Superintendent of Education, who, upon review of materials submitted and any other items or information he or she may request for submission, shall issue his or her decision in writing. The decision of the State Superintendent of Education 1 is final.

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- 2 (Source: P.A. 95-844, eff. 8-15-08; 95-938, eff. 8-29-08.)
- 3 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.12b)
- 4 Sec. 10-20.12b. Residency; payment of tuition; hearing;
- 5 criminal penalty.
- 6 (a) For purposes of this Section:
- 7 (1) The residence of a person who has legal custody of a pupil is deemed to be the residence of the pupil.
 - (2) "Legal custody" means one of the following:
 - (i) Custody exercised by a natural or adoptive parent with whom the pupil resides.
 - (ii) Custody granted by order of a court of competent jurisdiction to a person with whom the pupil resides for reasons other than to have access to the educational programs of the district.
 - (iii) Custody exercised under a statutory short-term guardianship, provided that within 60 days of the pupil's enrollment a court order is entered that establishes a permanent guardianship and grants custody to a person with whom the pupil resides for reasons other than to have access to the educational programs of the district.
 - (iv) Custody exercised by an adult caretaker relative who is receiving aid under the Illinois Public Aid Code for the pupil who resides with that adult

caretaker relative for purposes other than to have access to the educational programs of the district.

- (v) Custody exercised by an adult who demonstrates that, in fact, he or she has assumed and exercises legal responsibility for the pupil and provides the pupil with a regular fixed night-time abode for purposes other than to have access to the educational programs of the district.
- (a-5) (Blank). If a pupil's change of residence is due to the military service obligation of a person who has legal custody of the pupil, then, upon the written request of the person having legal custody of the pupil, the residence of the pupil is deemed for all purposes relating to enrollment (including tuition, fees, and costs), for the duration of the custodian's military service obligation, to be the same as the residence of the pupil immediately before the change of residence caused by the military service obligation. A school district is not responsible for providing transportation to or from school for a pupil whose residence is determined under this subsection (a-5). School districts shall facilitate re-enrollment when necessary to comply with this subsection (a-5).
- (b) Except as otherwise provided under <u>Sections</u> Section 10-22.5a <u>and 34-18.30</u>, only resident pupils of a school district <u>and non-resident pupils of the district who are</u> residents of this State may attend the schools of the district

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without payment of the tuition required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a. However, children for whom the Guardianship Administrator of the Department of Children and Family Services has been appointed temporary custodian or quardian of person of a child shall not be charged tuition as a nonresident pupil if the child was placed by the Department of Children and Family Services with a foster parent or placed in another of child care facility and the foster parent or child facility is located in a school district other than the child's former school district and it is determined by the Department of Children and Family Services to be in the child's best interest to maintain attendance at his or her former school district.

(c) The provisions of this subsection do not apply in school districts having a population of 500,000 or more. If a school board in a school district with a population of less than 500,000 determines that a pupil who is attending school in the district on a tuition free basis is a nonresident of the State district for whom tuition is required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a, the board shall notify the person who enrolled the pupil of the amount of the tuition charged under Section 10-20.12a that is due to the district for the nonresident pupil's attendance in the district's schools. The notice shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested. Within 10 days after receipt of the notice, the person who enrolled the pupil may request a hearing to review 3DZ43

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the determination of the school board. The request shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the district superintendent. Within 10 days after receipt of the request, the board shall notify, by certified mail, return receipt requested, the person requesting the hearing of the time and place of the hearing, which shall be held not less than 10 nor more than 20 days after the notice of hearing is given. The board or a hearing officer designated by the board shall conduct the hearing. The board and the person who enrolled the pupil may be represented at the hearing by representatives of their choice. At the hearing, the person who enrolled the pupil shall have the burden of going forward with the evidence concerning the pupil's residency. If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer, the hearing officer, within 5 days after the conclusion of the hearing, shall send a written report of his or her findings by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the school board and to the person who enrolled the pupil. The person who enrolled the pupil may, within 5 days after receiving the findings, file written objections to the findings with the school board by sending the objections by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the district superintendent. Whether the hearing is conducted by the school board or a hearing officer, the school board shall, within 15 days after the conclusion of the hearing, decide whether or not the pupil is a resident of the State district and the amount of any tuition required to be

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charged under Section 10-20.12a as a result of the pupil's attendance in the schools of the district. The school board shall send a copy of its decision to the person who enrolled the pupil, and the decision of the school board shall be final.

(c-5) The provisions of this subsection apply only in school districts having a population of 500,000 or more. If the board of education of a school district with a population of 500,000 or more determines that a pupil who is attending school in the district on a tuition free basis is a nonresident of the State district for whom tuition is required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a, the board shall notify the person who enrolled the pupil of the amount of the tuition charged under Section 10-20.12a that is due to the district for the nonresident pupil's attendance in the district's schools. The notice shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested. Within 10 days after receipt of the notice, the person who enrolled the pupil may request a hearing to review the determination of the school board. The request shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the district superintendent. Within 30 days after receipt of the request, the board shall notify, by certified mail, return receipt requested, the person requesting the hearing of the time and place of the hearing, which shall be held not less than 10 nor more than 30 days after the notice of hearing is given. The board or a hearing officer designated by the board shall conduct the hearing. The board and the person who

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enrolled the pupil may each be represented at the hearing by a representative of their choice. At the hearing, the person who enrolled the pupil shall have the burden of going forward with the evidence concerning the pupil's residency. If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer, the hearing officer, within 20 days after the conclusion of the hearing, shall serve a written report of his or her findings by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the school board and to the person who enrolled the pupil. The person who enrolled the pupil may, within 10 days after receiving the findings, file written objections to the findings with the board of education by sending the objections by certified mail, receipt requested, addressed to the superintendent of schools. If the hearing is conducted by the board of education, the board shall, within 45 days after the conclusion of the hearing, decide whether or not the pupil is a resident of the State district and the amount of any tuition required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a as a result of the pupil's attendance in the schools of the district. If the hearing is conducted by a hearing officer, the board of education shall, within 45 days after the receipt of the hearing officer's findings, decide whether or not the pupil is a resident of the State district and the amount of any tuition required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a as a result of the pupil's attendance in the schools of the district. The board of education shall send, by certified mail, return final.

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receipt requested, a copy of its decision to the person who enrolled the pupil, and the decision of the board shall be

- (d) If a hearing is requested under subsection (c) or (c-5) to review the determination of the school board or board of education that a nonresident pupil is attending the schools of the district without payment of the tuition required to be charged under Section 10-20.12a, the pupil may, at the request of a person who enrolled the pupil, continue attendance at the schools of the district pending a final decision of the board following the hearing. However, attendance of that pupil in the schools of the district as authorized by this subsection (d) shall not relieve any person who enrolled the pupil of the obligation to pay the tuition charged for that attendance under Section 10-20.12a if the final decision of the board is that the pupil is a nonresident of the district. If a pupil is determined to be a nonresident of the district for whom tuition is required to be charged pursuant to this Section, the board shall refuse to permit the pupil to continue attending the schools of the district unless the required tuition is paid for the pupil.
- (e) Except for a pupil referred to in subsection (b) of Section 10-22.5a, a pupil referred to in Section 10-20.12a, or a pupil referred to in subsection (b) of this Section, a person who knowingly enrolls or attempts to enroll in the schools of a school district on a tuition free basis a pupil known by that

- person to be a nonresident of <u>this State</u> the <u>district</u> shall be quilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
 - (f) A person who knowingly or wilfully presents to any school district any false information regarding the residency of a pupil for the purpose of enabling that pupil to attend any school in that district without the payment of a nonresident tuition charge shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
 - (g) The provisions of this Section are subject to the provisions of the Education for Homeless Children Act. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to apply to or require the payment of tuition by a parent or guardian of a "homeless child" (as that term is defined in Section 1-5 of the Education for Homeless Children Act) in connection with or as a result of the homeless child's continued education or enrollment in a school that is chosen in accordance with any of the options provided in Section 1-10 of that Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 94-309, eff. 7-25-05.)
- 18 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.5) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.5)
 - Sec. 10-22.5. Assignment of pupils to schools Non-resident pupils Tuition Race discrimination. To assign
 pupils to the several schools in the district; to admit
 non-resident pupils when it can be done without prejudice to
 the rights of resident pupils and provide them with any
 services of the school, including transportation if the
 district so chooses; to fix the rates of tuition in accordance

with Section 10-20.12a, and to collect and pay the same to the treasurer for the use of the district; but no pupil shall be excluded from or segregated in any such school on account of his color, race, sex, or nationality. Nothing herein shall be construed to permit or empower the State Board of Education to order, mandate or require busing or other transportation of pupils for the purpose of achieving racial balance in any school.

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10 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.5a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.5a)

Sec. 10-22.5a. Attendance by dependents of United States military personnel, foreign exchange students, and certain nonresident pupils.

(a) To enter into written agreements with cultural exchange organizations, or with nationally recognized eleemosynary institutions that promote excellence in the arts, mathematics, or science. The written agreements may provide for tuition free attendance at the local district school by foreign exchange students, or by nonresident pupils of eleemosynary institutions. The local board of education, as part of the agreement, may require that the cultural exchange program or the eleemosynary institutions provide services to the district in exchange for the waiver of nonresident tuition.

To enter into written agreements with adjacent school districts to provide for tuition free attendance by a student

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of the adjacent district when requested for the student's health and safety by the student or parent and both districts determine that the student's health or safety will be served by such attendance. Districts shall not be required to enter such agreements nor be required to alter transportation services due to the attendance non resident pupils.

- (a-5) If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent of United States military personnel is housed in temporary housing located outside of a school district, but will be living within the State district within 60 days after the time of initial enrollment, the dependent must be allowed to enroll, subject to the requirements of this subsection (a-5), and must not be charged tuition. Any United States military personnel attempting to enroll a dependent under this subsection (a-5) shall provide proof that the dependent will be living within the <u>State</u> district within 60 days after the time of initial enrollment. Proof of residency may include, but is not limited to, postmarked mail addressed to the military personnel and sent to an address located within the State district, a lease agreement for occupancy of a residence located within the State district, or proof of ownership of a residence located within the State district.
- Nonresident pupils and foreign exchange students attending school on a tuition free basis under such agreements and nonresident dependents of United States military personnel

attending school on a tuition free basis may be counted for the purposes of determining the apportionment of State aid provided under Section 18-8.05 of this Code, provided that any cultural exchange organization or eleemosynary institutions wishing to participate in an agreement authorized under this Section must be approved in writing by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education may establish reasonable rules to determine the eligibility of cultural exchange organizations or eleemosynary institutions wishing to participate in agreements authorized under this Section. No organization or institution participating in agreements authorized under this Section may exclude any individual for participation in its program on account of the person's race, color, sex, religion or nationality.

15 (Source: P.A. 93-740, eff. 7-15-04.)

16 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.30)

Sec. 34-18.30. Dependents of military personnel; no tuition charge. If, at the time of enrollment, a dependent of United States military personnel is housed in temporary housing located outside of the school district, but will be living within the <u>State district</u> within 60 days after the time of initial enrollment, the dependent must be allowed to enroll, subject to the requirements of this Section, and must not be charged tuition. Any United States military personnel attempting to enroll a dependent under this Section shall

provide proof that the dependent will be living within the 1 2 State district within 60 days after the time of initial enrollment. Proof of residency may include, but is not limited 3 4 to, postmarked mail addressed to the military personnel and 5 sent to an address located within the State district, a lease 6 agreement for occupancy of a residence located within the State 7 district, or proof of ownership of a residence located within 8 the State district. Non-resident dependents of United States 9 military personnel attending school on a tuition-free basis may 10 be counted for the purposes of determining the apportionment of 11 State aid provided under Section 18-8.05 of this Code.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)