



Sen. James T. Meeks

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1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2494

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 2494 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5 School Choice Act.

6 Section 5. Findings and declaration of policy. The General
7 Assembly finds and declares the following:

8 (1) There is a crisis in the elementary and secondary
9 education programs in Chicago and elsewhere in Illinois.
10 Many schools and their pupils are performing significantly
11 below relevant national standards and are unable to access
12 functions of federal and State law designed to improve
13 their performance. Consequently, many pupils are dropping
14 out of school before completing the ordinary course of
15 secondary education or are leaving school without the basic
16 skills and knowledge that will enable them to find and hold

1 a job or otherwise become functioning, productive members
2 of our society.

3 (2) Within Chicago and elsewhere in Illinois there are
4 many public and nonpublic schools and independent
5 education services competently and efficiently educating
6 or contributing to the education of children. Most pupils
7 in those schools or receiving those services perform at or
8 above relevant national standards, complete their
9 secondary education, and matriculate to institutions of
10 higher education at an extremely high rate. These services
11 and schools should be accessible to all and should enjoy a
12 cooperative relationship with public school districts,
13 schools, and employees of this State.

14 (3) Custodians of school age children in Chicago and
15 elsewhere in Illinois are frequently unable to enroll their
16 children in schools that will provide them a quality
17 education due to a lack of funds.

18 (4) Adopting a pilot school choice program for students
19 enrolled in the lowest performing schools in Chicago, with
20 the potential to expand elsewhere in Illinois, would enable
21 parents to select schools or services they believe will
22 provide a quality education for their children, empower
23 them to influence the educational policies and procedures
24 in the schools their children attend, and provide them with
25 at least a portion of the funds necessary to pay for a
26 quality education. Such a program would help alleviate the

1 crisis in the Chicago school system, assist Chicago
2 children in becoming productive members of society, and
3 test a new approach to education that could be expanded to
4 the rest of the State.

5 (5) The provisions of this Act are in the public
6 interest, for the public benefit, and serve a secular
7 public purpose.

8 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

9 "Base year" means the 2010-2011 school year.

10 "Custodian" means, with respect to a qualifying pupil, a
11 parent or legal guardian who is a resident of the City of
12 Chicago.

13 "Low-performing school" means a school in City of Chicago
14 School District 299 that is ranked within the lowest 10% of
15 schools in that district in terms of the percentage of students
16 meeting or exceeding standards on the Illinois Standards
17 Achievement Test or on the Prairie State Achievement
18 Examination.

19 "Nonpublic school" means any State-recognized, nonpublic
20 elementary or secondary school in the City of Chicago that
21 elects to participate in the school choice program established
22 under this Act and does not discriminate on the basis of race,
23 color, or national origin under Title VI of the Civil Rights
24 Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements
25 of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing in

1 Section 26-1 shall be construed to require a child to attend
2 any particular nonpublic school.

3 "Qualified education expenses" means costs reasonably
4 incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil for the services of a
5 participating nonpublic school in which the qualifying pupil is
6 enrolled during the regular school year. Qualified education
7 expenses does not include costs incurred for supplies or
8 extra-curricular activities.

9 "Qualifying pupil" means an individual who:

10 (1) is a resident of the City of Chicago;

11 (2) is enrolled in a low-performing school or would be
12 enrolled in a low-performing school if not for enrollment
13 in a nonpublic school; and

14 (3) during the school year for which a voucher is
15 sought, is a full-time pupil enrolled in a kindergarten
16 through 12th grade education program.

17 "School Choice Voucher" means a written instrument issued
18 by the State Board of Education directly to the custodian of a
19 qualifying pupil. The instrument shall be for a sum certain,
20 which must not exceed the foundation level of support amount
21 specified in subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05 of the School
22 Code, to be paid within a designated period of time. The
23 custodian may present the instrument only to a participating
24 nonpublic school as payment for qualified education expenses
25 incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil.

1 Section 15. Establishment of program. There is established
2 the School Choice Program. Under the program, after the base
3 year, a custodian of a qualifying pupil shall be entitled to a
4 School Choice Voucher for payment of qualified education
5 expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil at any
6 participating nonpublic school in which the qualifying pupil is
7 enrolled. A qualifying pupil shall be entitled to enroll at and
8 attend any participating nonpublic school of his or her choice.

9 Section 20. Notification of vouchers. The principal of each
10 low-performing school in City of Chicago School District 299
11 shall notify custodians of qualifying pupils that vouchers
12 under this Act are available for the next school year.
13 Notification shall occur in January of each school year
14 beginning with the base year.

15 Section 25. Request for voucher. A custodian who applies in
16 accordance with procedures established by the State Board of
17 Education shall receive a voucher under this Act within the
18 dollar limits set out in this Act. The procedure shall require
19 application for the voucher, with documentation as to
20 eligibility, between March 1 and May 1 prior to the school year
21 in which the voucher is to be used.

22 Section 30. Issuance and payment of voucher. A voucher may
23 only be issued to a custodian who has made proper application

1 pursuant to Section 25 of this Act. The custodian shall present
2 the voucher to a participating nonpublic school of his or her
3 choice as payment for qualified education expenses. Upon
4 presentment, the State Board of Education shall honor the
5 voucher and, as issuer of the instrument, pay the participating
6 nonpublic school in accordance with procedures established by
7 the State Board of Education. The procedures shall require all
8 of the following:

9 (1) that the applying custodian be notified of the
10 voucher award by August 1 of the school year in which the
11 voucher is to be used;

12 (2) that the voucher instrument be issued to the
13 custodian no later than September 15 of the school year in
14 which the voucher is to be used;

15 (3) that the custodian present the voucher instrument
16 to the participating school no later than October 1 of the
17 school year in which the voucher is to be used;

18 (4) that the participating school present the voucher
19 instrument, with proof of service to the custodian of the
20 qualifying pupil, to the State Board of Education no later
21 than October 31 of the school year in which the voucher is
22 to be used;

23 (5) that the State Board of Education shall honor the
24 voucher instrument and as issuer pay the participating
25 school no later than December 31 of the school year in
26 which the voucher is to be used; and

1 (6) that participating schools must not be required to
2 accept vouchers as full payment for services but neither
3 shall they charge voucher pupils tuition or any other
4 educational expenses at a higher rate than other pupils.

5 Section 35. Amount of voucher. A School Choice Voucher for
6 qualified education expenses incurred through participating
7 schools during any school year after the base year shall be for
8 the lesser of (i) the foundation level of support amount
9 specified in subsection (B) of Section 18-8.05 of the School
10 Code or (ii) the actual qualified education expenses related to
11 the qualifying pupil's enrollment.

12 Section 40. Renewal of voucher. School Choice Vouchers
13 shall be renewable every year through grade 12 so long as the
14 qualifying pupil and custodian continue to remain eligible
15 pursuant to Section 10 of this Act.

16 Section 45. Assessment. All pupils receiving services
17 obtained through School Choice Vouchers shall be assessed
18 annually in the same manner as Illinois' public school
19 students. Participating schools shall be responsible for
20 administering the assessments and reporting the results to the
21 State Board of Education.

22 Section 50. Funding. If the amount needed to fund vouchers

1 for all qualifying pupils seeking to participate under this Act
2 exceeds the appropriation for the program in any year, the
3 State Board of Education shall determine an equitable way to
4 allocate the appropriated funding among the qualifying pupils
5 consistent with the stated purpose and policy of this Act,
6 which may include the consideration of household income of the
7 pupils.

8 Section 55. Not base income. The amount of any voucher
9 redeemed under this Act shall not be considered base income
10 under subsection (a) of Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax
11 Act and shall not be taxable for Illinois income tax purposes.

12 Section 60. Report and expansion. On or before December 31,
13 2014, the State Board of Education shall submit a report to the
14 General Assembly reviewing the current status of the program
15 operating under this Act. This report shall include, but not be
16 limited to, the numbers of qualifying pupils receiving each
17 School Choice Voucher, the names of the schools from which and
18 to which pupils transferred, the financial ramifications of the
19 program, and the results of pupil assessments. In its report,
20 the State Board of Education shall assess whether the program
21 has been financially and academically beneficial and shall make
22 a recommendation on whether the program should be expanded to
23 other schools in the City of Chicago or to other areas of this
24 State.

1 Section 65. Penalties. It shall be a Class 3 felony to use
2 or attempt to use a voucher under this Act for any purpose
3 other than those permitted by this Act. It shall also be a
4 Class 3 felony for any person, with intent to defraud, to
5 knowingly forge, alter, or misrepresent information on a
6 voucher application or on any documents submitted in
7 application for a voucher, to deliver any such document knowing
8 it to have been thus forged, altered, or based on
9 misrepresentation, or to possess, with intent to issue or
10 deliver, any such document knowing it to have been thus forged,
11 altered, or based on misrepresentation.

12 Section 70. Rules. The State Board of Education shall adopt
13 rules to implement this Act. The creation of the School Choice
14 Program does not expand the regulatory authority of the State,
15 its officers, or any school district to impose any additional
16 regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those reasonably
17 necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.

18 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
19 changing Section 203 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

21 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

22 (a) Individuals.

1 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
3 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
4 (2).

5 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
6 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
7 sum of the following amounts:

8 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
9 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
10 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
11 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
12 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
13 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
14 Code;

15 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
16 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
17 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
18 taxable year;

19 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
20 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
21 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
22 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
23 for which a deduction was previously taken under
24 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
25 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
26 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or

1 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
2 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
3 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
4 which is attributable to such principal residence;

5 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
6 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
7 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
8 computation of adjusted gross income;

9 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
10 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
11 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
12 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
13 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
14 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
15 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section
16 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

17 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
18 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
19 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
20 gross income and for which the individual claims a
21 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

22 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
23 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
24 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
25 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code;

1 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
2 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
3 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
4 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
5 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
6 deductions taken in all taxable years under
7 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
9 the last day of the last tax year for which the
10 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
11 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
12 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
13 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
14 equal to that subtraction modification.

15 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
16 modification under this subparagraph only once with
17 respect to any one piece of property;

18 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
19 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the same unitary business group but for the
24 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
25 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
8 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
9 extent that dividends were included in base income of
10 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
11 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
12 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
13 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
14 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
15 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue
16 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
17 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
17 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
18 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
19 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
4 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
7 and such regulations provide methods and standards
8 by which the Department will utilize its authority
9 under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
8 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
9 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
10 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
11 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
12 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
13 reduction to the addition modification required under
14 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
15 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"
16 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
17 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
18 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
19 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
20 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
21 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
22 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
23 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
24 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
25 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
26 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask

1 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
2 assets.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
7 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
8 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
9 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
10 to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
4 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an alternative
8 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
20 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
21 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
12 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
13 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
14 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
15 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

18 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
20 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
21 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
23 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
24 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
25 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
26 the amount excluded from gross income under Section

1 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
2 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
3 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
5 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
6 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
7 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
8 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
9 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
10 adopts and determines that its offering materials
11 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
12 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
13 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
14 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
15 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
16 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
17 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
18 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
19 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
20 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

21 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
22 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
23 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
24 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
25 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
26 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective

1 participants in its offering materials or makes a
2 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
3 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
4 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
5 out-of-state program distributes its offering
6 materials;

7 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
8 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
9 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
11 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
12 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
13 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

14 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
15 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified
16 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
17 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 administered by the State that is not used for
19 qualified expenses at an eligible education
20 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
21 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
22 that was previously deducted from base income under
23 subsection (a) (2) (y) of this Section, provided that
24 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
25 beneficiary's death or disability;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
5 following amounts:

6 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
7 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
8 any compensation (including but not limited to any
9 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
10 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
12 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
13 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
14 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
15 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
16 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
17 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
18 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
19 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
20 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
21 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
23 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
24 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
25 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
26 resident by reason of being a member of any component

1 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
2 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
3 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
4 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
5 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
6 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
7 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
9 state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the
10 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
13 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
14 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
16 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
17 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
18 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
19 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
20 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
22 thereto;

23 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
2 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
4 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
5 of taxable income;

6 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total which were paid by a corporation which
8 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
9 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
10 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
11 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
12 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
13 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
14 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total that were paid by a corporation that
18 conducts business operations in a federally designated
19 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
20 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
21 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
22 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
23 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
24 this subparagraph (K);

25 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
26 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits

1 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
2 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code;

4 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
5 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
7 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
8 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
9 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
10 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
12 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
13 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
14 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
15 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
16 250;

17 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
18 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
19 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
20 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
21 United States; provided that, in the case of any
22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
23 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
25 of bond premium amortization;

26 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

1 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
2 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

3 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
4 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
5 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
6 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

8 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
9 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
10 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
11 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
12 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

13 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
14 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

15 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
17 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
18 medical care savings account established under the
19 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
20 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
21 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
22 as provided in that Act;

23 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
24 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
25 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
26 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act

1 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
2 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
3 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

4 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
5 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
6 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
7 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
8 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
9 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

10 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
12 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
13 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
14 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
15 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
16 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
17 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
18 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
19 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on
21 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does
22 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that
23 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
24 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
25 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
26 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health

1 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
2 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
3 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
4 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
5 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
6 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
7 times a number that represents the fractional
8 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
9 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
10 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

11 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
12 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
13 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
14 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
17 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
18 extent includible in gross income for federal income
19 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
20 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
21 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
22 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
23 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
24 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
25 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
26 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
3 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
4 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
5 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
6 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
7 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
8 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
9 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
10 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
11 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
12 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
13 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
14 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
17 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
18 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
19 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
20 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
21 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
22 of Section 250;

23 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
24 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
25 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
26 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State

1 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
2 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
4 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
5 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
6 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
7 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
8 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
9 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
12 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
13 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
14 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
15 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
16 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
17 from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

24 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

1 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
2 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
3 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
4 the bonus depreciation deduction;

5 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
6 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
7 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (3) for taxable years ending after December
10 31, 2005:

11 (i) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 1.0.

20 The aggregate amount deducted under this
21 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
22 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
23 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
25 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
26 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
3 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
4 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
5 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
6 an amount equal to that addition modification.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
15 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
16 piece of property.

17 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
20 other than salary, received by a driver in a
21 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

22 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
23 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
24 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
25 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
26 modification with respect to such transaction under

1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
2 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
3 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
4 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
5 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
6 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
7 is required to make an addition modification with
8 respect to such transaction under Section
9 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
10 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
11 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
12 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
14 into account for the taxable year (net of the
15 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
4 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
6 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

7 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
8 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
12 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
13 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
22 addition modification required to be made for the same
23 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
24 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
26 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250.

2 (FF) For taxable years ending on or after December
3 31, 2010, an amount, to the extent that it is included
4 in adjusted gross income, equal to any voucher redeemed
5 under the School Choice Act. This subparagraph is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

7 (b) Corporations.

8 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
9 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
10 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

11 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
12 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
13 of the following amounts:

14 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
15 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
16 received from regulated investment companies during
17 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
18 income in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
21 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

22 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
23 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
24 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
25 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in

1 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
3 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
5 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
6 law and is not a new enactment);

7 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
8 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
9 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

11 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
12 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
13 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
14 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
15 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
16 the amount by which addition modifications other than
17 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
18 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
19 year, with the following limitations applied in the
20 order that they are listed:

21 (i) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
25 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
26 which related to that net operating loss and which

1 was taken into account in calculating the base
2 income of an earlier taxable year, and

3 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
7 such carryback or carryforward;

8 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
9 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
10 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
11 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
12 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
13 independently under the preceding provisions of this
14 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

15 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
17 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
18 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
19 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

20 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code;

25 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

1 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
2 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
3 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
4 deductions taken in all taxable years under
5 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
11 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
14 modification under this subparagraph only once with
15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the same unitary business group but for the
22 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
23 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
6 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
7 extent that dividends were included in base income of
8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
13 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
15 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
16 incurred.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such interest; or

24 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer can establish, based on a

1 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
8 person did not have as a principal purpose the
9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
12 terms; or

13 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
14 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
15 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
16 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
17 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
18 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

19 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
23 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
24 to the application or use of an alternative method
25 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
10 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
11 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
14 foreign person who would be a member of the same
15 unitary business group but for the fact that the
16 foreign person's business activity outside the United
17 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
18 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
20 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
21 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
22 from being included in the unitary business group
23 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
24 business income under different subsections of Section
25 304. The addition modification required by this
26 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that

1 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
2 group for the same taxable year and received by the
3 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
4 business group (including amounts included in gross
5 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
7 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
8 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
9 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
10 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
11 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
12 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
13 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
14 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
15 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
16 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
17 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
18 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
19 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
21 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
22 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
23 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
24 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
25 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
26 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and

1 similar types of intangible assets.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
6 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
7 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
8 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
9 to such item; or

10 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
13 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person during the same taxable
16 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
17 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
18 not a related member, and

19 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
20 intangible expense or cost between the
21 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
22 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
23 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
24 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
25 or

26 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
3 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
5 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
6 writing to the application or use of an alternative
7 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
14 and such regulations provide methods and standards
15 by which the Department will utilize its authority
16 under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
19 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
20 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
2 addition modification required by this subparagraph
3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
4 included in base income of the unitary group for the
5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
7 (including amounts included in gross income under
8 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
11 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
12 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
13 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
14 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
15 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or
16 Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

17 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
18 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
19 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
20 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of
21 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

22 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
23 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
24 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
25 Act;

26 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the

1 following amounts:

2 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
3 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
4 and included in such total for the taxable year;

5 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
6 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
8 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
9 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
10 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
11 for the taxable year;

12 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
16 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all
18 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
19 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and
21 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13,
22 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
23 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
24 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
2 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
3 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
4 United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
8 of bond premium amortization;

9 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
12 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
13 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
14 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
15 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
16 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
17 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
20 such total that were paid by a corporation that
21 conducts business operations in a federally designated
22 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
23 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
24 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
26 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

1 this subparagraph (L);

2 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
3 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
4 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
5 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
6 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
7 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone
8 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
9 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
10 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
11 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the
12 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
13 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
14 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit
15 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
16 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
17 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise
18 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The
19 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any
20 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
21 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
22 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
23 calculated under the previous sentence. This
24 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial

1 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
2 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
3 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
4 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
5 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
6 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
7 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
8 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
9 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
10 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
11 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
12 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
13 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
14 date that it was placed in service in a federally
15 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
16 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
17 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
18 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
19 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
20 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
21 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
22 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
23 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
24 calculated under the previous sentence;

25 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
26 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the

1 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
2 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
3 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
4 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
5 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
6 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
7 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
8 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
11 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
12 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
13 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
14 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
15 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
16 and received from a corporation that is not created or
17 organized under the laws of the United States or any
18 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
20 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
21 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
23 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
24 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
25 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive

1 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
2 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
3 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
4 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
5 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
6 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
7 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
8 dividends received from a captive real estate
9 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
10 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
11 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
12 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
13 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
14 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
15 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
16 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
17 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
19 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
20 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

26 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an

1 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
2 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
3 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
4 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
5 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
6 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
7 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
8 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
9 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
11 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
15 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
16 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
17 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
18 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
19 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
20 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
24 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
25 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
26 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
2 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

3 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
4 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
6 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
7 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
8 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
9 the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (3) for taxable years ending after December
15 31, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
20 0.429); and

21 (ii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 1.0.

25 The aggregate amount deducted under this
26 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of

1 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
2 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
4 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
5 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
8 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
9 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which the
14 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
15 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
16 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
17 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
18 equal to that addition modification.

19 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
20 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
21 piece of property.

22 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
25 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
26 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

1 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
2 modification with respect to such transaction under
3 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
4 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
5 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
6 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
7 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
8 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
9 is required to make an addition modification with
10 respect to such transaction under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
12 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
13 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
14 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
15 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
16 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
17 addition modification with respect to such transaction
18 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
19 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
20 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
22 from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

17 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250.

12 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
13 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
14 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
15 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

16 (c) Trusts and estates.

17 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
18 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
19 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

20 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
21 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
22 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
23 following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
25 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

1 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
2 in the computation of taxable income;

3 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
4 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
5 required to distribute all of its income currently,
6 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
7 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
8 the computation of taxable income;

9 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
10 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
11 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

12 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
13 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
14 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
15 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

16 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
17 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
18 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
19 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
21 the amount by which addition modifications other than
22 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
23 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
24 the following limitations applied in the order that
25 they are listed:

26 (i) the addition modification relating to the

1 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
2 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
3 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
4 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
5 which related to that net operating loss and which
6 was taken into account in calculating the base
7 income of an earlier taxable year, and

8 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
9 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
10 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
12 such carryback or carryforward;

13 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
14 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
15 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
16 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
17 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
18 independently under the preceding provisions of this
19 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

20 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
21 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
22 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
23 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
24 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
25 Act;

26 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital

1 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
2 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
3 computation of taxable income;

4 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
6 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
7 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
8 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

9 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code; and

14 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
17 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
18 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
19 deductions taken in all taxable years under
20 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
26 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount

1 equal to that subtraction modification.

2 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
3 modification under this subparagraph only once with
4 respect to any one piece of property;

5 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
6 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the same unitary business group but for the
11 fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
22 extent that dividends were included in base income of
23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
4 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
5 incurred.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
15 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
17 following:

18 (a) the person, during the same taxable
19 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
20 to a person that is not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
22 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
23 person did not have as a principal purpose the
24 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
25 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
26 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

1 terms; or

2 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
3 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
4 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
5 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
6 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
7 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
18 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
21 and such regulations provide methods and standards
22 by which the Department will utilize its authority
23 under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
24 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
5 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
6 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
7 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
8 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
10 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
11 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
12 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
13 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
14 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
15 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
16 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
21 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
22 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
23 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
24 to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
18 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an alternative
22 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
8 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
12 business group but for the fact that the person is
13 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
14 included in the unitary business group because he or
15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
17 addition modification required by this subparagraph
18 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
19 included in base income of the unitary group for the
20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
22 (including amounts included in gross income under
23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
26 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were

1 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
2 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
3 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
5 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

6 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
7 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
8 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
9 Act;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
11 following amounts:

12 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
13 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
14 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
16 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
17 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
18 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
19 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
20 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
22 thereto;

23 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

24 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
25 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
26 and included in such total for the taxable year;

1 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
2 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
3 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
4 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
5 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
6 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
7 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
8 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
9 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
10 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
11 amortization;

12 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
17 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
18 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
21 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
22 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
23 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
24 250;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
2 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
3 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
4 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
5 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
6 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
7 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (O);

21 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

26 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount

1 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
2 extent includible in gross income for federal income
3 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
4 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
5 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
8 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
13 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
15 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
16 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
17 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
18 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
19 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
20 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
21 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
22 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
23 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
24 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
25 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
26 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the

1 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
2 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
3 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
4 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
5 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
6 of Section 250;

7 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
19 the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0.

9 The aggregate amount deducted under this
10 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
11 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
12 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
14 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
15 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
18 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
4 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
5 piece of property.

6 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
11 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
19 is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
24 from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
18 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

19 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
10 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
12 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250.

14 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
15 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
16 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
17 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
18 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
19 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
20 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

21 (d) Partnerships.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in

1 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
2 of the following amounts:

3 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
4 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
5 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
6 in the computation of taxable income;

7 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
9 the taxable year;

10 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
11 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

13 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
14 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
15 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
16 computation of taxable income;

17 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
18 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
19 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
20 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code;

22 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
23 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
24 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
25 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
26 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the

1 deductions taken in all taxable years under
2 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
8 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
9 equal to that subtraction modification.

10 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
11 modification under this subparagraph only once with
12 respect to any one piece of property;

13 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
14 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
15 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the same unitary business group but for the
19 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
20 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
3 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
4 extent that dividends were included in base income of
5 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
6 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
7 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
8 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
9 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
10 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
12 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
13 incurred.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
20 with respect to such interest; or

21 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
23 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
24 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
25 following:

26 (a) the person, during the same taxable

1 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
2 to a person that is not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
5 person did not have as a principal purpose the
6 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
7 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
8 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
9 terms; or

10 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
11 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
12 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
13 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
14 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
15 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

16 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
20 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
21 to the application or use of an alternative method
22 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
24 Director from making any other adjustment
25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

1 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
2 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
3 and such regulations provide methods and standards
4 by which the Department will utilize its authority
5 under Section 404 of this Act; and

6 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
7 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
8 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
11 foreign person who would be a member of the same
12 unitary business group but for the fact that the
13 foreign person's business activity outside the United
14 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
15 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
17 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
18 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
19 from being included in the unitary business group
20 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
21 business income under different subsections of Section
22 304. The addition modification required by this
23 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
24 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
25 group for the same taxable year and received by the
26 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

1 business group (including amounts included in gross
2 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
4 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
5 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
6 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
7 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
8 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
9 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
10 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
11 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
12 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
13 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
14 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
15 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
16 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
18 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
19 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
20 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
21 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
22 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
23 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
24 similar types of intangible assets;

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- 26 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
3 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
4 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
5 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
6 to such item; or

7 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person during the same taxable
13 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15 not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
17 intangible expense or cost between the
18 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22 or

23 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
26 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
2 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
3 writing to the application or use of an alternative
4 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
8 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
11 and such regulations provide methods and standards
12 by which the Department will utilize its authority
13 under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
15 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
16 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
17 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
18 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
19 person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
8 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
9 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
10 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
11 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
13 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

14 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
15 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
16 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
17 Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
19 amounts:

20 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this

1 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
2 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
3 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
4 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
5 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
6 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
7 of bond premium amortization;

8 (H) Any income of the partnership which
9 constitutes personal service income as defined in
10 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
11 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
12 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
13 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

14 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
15 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
16 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
17 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
18 including amounts distributable to organizations
19 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
20 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that the
21 deduction under this subparagraph (I) shall not be
22 allowed to a publicly traded partnership under Section
23 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code for any taxable year
24 ending on or after December 31, 2009;

25 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
26 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of

1 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
2 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
3 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
4 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
5 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
8 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
11 250;

12 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
15 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
16 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
19 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or
20 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This
21 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Real
25 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
4 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (M);

9 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

14 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
26 the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
11 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
12 piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
18 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
26 is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
5 from Section 250;

6 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
21 addition modification required to be made for the same
22 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
24 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
25 Section 250; and

26 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
15 addition modification required to be made for the same
16 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
17 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
19 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250.

20 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

21 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
22 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
23 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
24 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
25 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or

1 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
2 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
3 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
4 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
6 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
7 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
8 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
9 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
10 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
11 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
12 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
13 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
15 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
16 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
17 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
18 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
19 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
20 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
21 addition modification must be made under those
22 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
23 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
24 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
25 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
26 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code.

2 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
3 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
4 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

5 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
6 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
7 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
8 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
9 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
10 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
13 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
14 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
15 insurance company taxable income;

16 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
17 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
18 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
19 investment company taxable income;

20 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
21 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
22 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
23 estate investment trust taxable income;

24 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
25 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
26 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return

1 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
2 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
3 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
4 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
5 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
6 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
7 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
8 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code had been in effect for all such years;

10 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
11 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
12 organization determined in accordance with the
13 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code;

15 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
16 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
17 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
19 corporation determined in accordance with Section
20 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
21 taxable income shall take into account those items
22 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
24 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
25 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
26 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied

1 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
2 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
3 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
4 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

5 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
6 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
7 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
8 income shall take into account those items which are
9 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
10 but which would be taken into account by an individual
11 in calculating his taxable income.

12 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
13 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
14 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
15 business has been classified as business income and in a
16 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
17 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
18 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
19 related to that asset or business that generated the
20 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
21 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
22 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
23 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
24 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
25 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
26 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for

1 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
2 taxable years.

3 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

4 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
5 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
6 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

7 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
8 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
9 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
11 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

12 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
13 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
14 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
15 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
16 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
17 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
18 such gain included in the amount determined under
19 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

20 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

21 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
22 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
23 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
24 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
25 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for

1 determining gain) for such property on that date
2 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
3 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
4 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
5 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
6 such property.

7 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
9 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
10 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
11 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
12 property for federal income tax purposes for the
13 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
14 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
15 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
16 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
17 period for the property.

18 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
19 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
20 purposes of this paragraph.

21 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
22 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
23 to be deducted more than once.

24 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by

1 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
2 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
3 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
4 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
5 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
6 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
7 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
8 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

9 (Source: P.A. 95-23, eff. 8-3-07; 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 95-286,
10 eff. 8-20-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08;
11 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09;
12 96-198, eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff.
13 8-14-09; 96-835, eff. 12-16-09.)".