

## Sen. William R. Haine

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## Filed: 4/13/2010

09600SB2485sam002

convenience and

LRB096 14944 AMC 39723 a

Illinois

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                      AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2485
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          AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2485, AS AMENDED,
      by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
 3
      following:
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          "Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
 5
      Sections 8-406, 8-509, and 8-510 and by adding Section 8-406.1
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 7
      as follows:
          (220 ILCS 5/8-406) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-406)
 8
          Sec. 8-406. Certificate of public convenience
 9
                                                               and
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      necessity.
          (a) No public utility not owning any city or village
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      franchise nor engaged in performing any public service or in
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      furnishing any product or commodity within this State as of
      July 1, 1921 and not possessing a certificate of public
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necessity from the

Commission, the State Public Utilities Commission or the Public

- 1 Utilities Commission, at the time this amendatory Act of 1985 2 goes into effect, shall transact any business in this State
- 3 until it shall have obtained a certificate from the Commission
- 4 that public convenience and necessity require the transaction
- 5 of such business.
- (b) No public utility shall begin the construction of any 6 new plant, equipment, property or facility which is not in 7 substitution of any existing plant, equipment, property or 8 9 facility or any extension or alteration thereof or in addition 10 thereto, unless and until it shall have obtained from the 11 Commission a certificate that public convenience and necessity require such construction. Whenever after a hearing 12 13 Commission determines that any new construction or 14 transaction of any business by a public utility will promote 15 the public convenience and is necessary thereto, it shall have 16 the power to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity. The Commission shall determine that proposed 17 18 construction will promote the public convenience and necessity only if the utility demonstrates: (1) that the proposed 19 20 construction is necessary to provide adequate, reliable, and efficient service to its customers and is the least-cost means 21 22 of satisfying the service needs of its customers or that the 23 proposed construction will promote the development of an 24 effectively competitive electricity market that operates 25 efficiently, is equitable to all customers, and is the least 26 cost means of satisfying those objectives; (2) that the utility

capable of efficiently managing and supervising construction process and has taken sufficient action to ensure adequate and efficient construction and supervision thereof; and (3) that the utility is capable of financing the proposed without significant adverse construction financial consequences for the utility or its customers. 

(c) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987, no construction shall commence on any new nuclear power plant to be located within this State, and no certificate of public convenience and necessity or other authorization shall be issued therefor by the Commission, until the Director of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency finds that the United States Government, through its authorized agency, has identified and approved a demonstrable technology or means for the disposal of high level nuclear waste, or until such construction has been specifically approved by a statute enacted by the General Assembly.

As used in this Section, "high level nuclear waste" means those aqueous wastes resulting from the operation of the first cycle of the solvent extraction system or equivalent and the concentrated wastes of the subsequent extraction cycles or equivalent in a facility for reprocessing irradiated reactor fuel and shall include spent fuel assemblies prior to fuel reprocessing.

(d) In making its determination, the Commission shall attach primary weight to the cost or cost savings to the

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- 1 customers of the utility. The Commission may consider any or all factors which will or may affect such cost or cost savings, 2 including the public utility's engineering judgment regarding 3 4 the materials used for construction.
  - (e) The Commission may issue a temporary certificate which shall remain in force not to exceed one year in cases of emergency, to assure maintenance of adequate service or to serve particular customers, without notice or hearing, pending the determination of an application for a certificate, and may by regulation exempt from the requirements of this Section temporary acts or operations for which the issuance of a certificate will not be required in the public interest.

A public utility shall not be required to obtain but may apply for and obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to this Section with respect to any matter as to which it has received the authorization or order of the Commission under the Electric Supplier Act, and any such authorization or order granted a public utility by the Commission under that Act shall as between public utilities be deemed to be, and shall have except as provided in that Act the same force and effect as, a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued pursuant to this Section.

No electric cooperative shall be made or shall become a party to or shall be entitled to be heard or to otherwise appear or participate in any proceeding initiated under this Section for authorization of power plant construction and as to

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- 1 matters as to which a remedy is available under The Electric 2 Supplier Act.
  - (f) Such certificates may be altered or modified by the Commission, upon its own motion or upon application by the person or corporation affected. Unless exercised within a period of 2 years from the grant thereof authority conferred by a certificate of convenience and necessity issued by the Commission shall be null and void.

No certificate of public convenience and necessity shall be construed as granting a monopoly or an exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise.

- (g) A public utility that undertakes any of the actions described in items (1) through (3) of this subsection (g) or that has obtained approval pursuant to Section 8-406.1 of this Act shall not be required to comply with the requirements of this Section to the extent such requirements otherwise would apply. For purposes of this Section and Section 8-406.1 of this Act, "high voltage electric service line" means an electric line having a design voltage of 100,000 or more. For purposes of this subsection (g), a public utility may do any of the following:
- 22 (1) replace or upgrade any existing high voltage 23 electric service line and related facilities, 24 notwithstanding its length;
  - (2) relocate any existing high voltage electric service line and related facilities, notwithstanding its

1	length, to accommodate construction or expansion of a
2	roadway or other transportation infrastructure; or
3	(3) construct a high voltage electric service line and
4	related facilities that is constructed solely to serve a
5	single customer's premises or to provide a generator
6	interconnection to the public utility's transmission
7	system and that will pass under or over the premises owned
8	by the customer or generator to be served or under or over
9	premises for which the customer or generator has secured
10	the necessary right of way.
11	(Source: P.A. 95-700, eff. 11-9-07.)
12	(220 ILCS 5/8-406.1 new)
13	Sec. 8-406.1. Certificate of public convenience and
14	necessity; expedited procedure.
15	(a) A public utility may apply for a certificate of public
16	convenience and necessity pursuant to this Section for the
17	construction of any new high voltage electric service line and
18	related facilities (Project). To facilitate the expedited
19	review process of an application filed pursuant to this
20	Section, an application shall include all of the following:
21	(1) Information in support of the application that
22	shall include the following:
23	(A) A detailed description of the Project,
24	including location maps and plot plans to scale showing
25	all major components.

1	(B) The following engineering data:
2	(i) a detailed Project description including:
3	(I) name and destination of the Project;
4	(II) design voltage rating (kV);
5	(III) operating voltage rating (kV); and
6	(IV) normal peak operating current rating;
7	(ii) a conductor, structures, and substations
8	description including:
9	(I) conductor size and type;
10	(II) type of structures;
11	(III) height of typical structures;
12	(IV) an explanation why these structures
13	were selected;
14	(V) dimensional drawings of the typical
15	structures to be used in the Project; and
16	(VI) a list of the names of all new (and
17	existing if applicable) substations or
18	switching stations that will be associated
19	with the proposed new high voltage electric
20	service line;
21	(iii) the location of the site and
22	right-of-way including:
23	(I) miles of right-of-way;
24	(II) miles of circuit;
25	(III) width of the right-of-way; and
26	(IV) a brief description of the area

Τ.	craversed by the proposed high vortage
2	electric service line, including a description
3	of the general land uses in the area and the
4	type of terrain crossed by the proposed line;
5	(iv) assumptions, bases, formulae, and methods
6	used in the development and preparation of the
7	diagrams and accompanying data, and a technical
8	description providing the following information:
9	(I) number of circuits, with
10	identification as to whether the circuit is
11	overhead or underground;
12	(II) the operating voltage and frequency;
13	and
14	(III) conductor size and type and number
15	of conductors per phase;
16	(v) if the proposed interconnection is an
17	overhead line, the following additional
18	information also must be provided:
19	(I) the wind and ice loading design
20	parameters;
21	(II) a full description and drawing of a
22	typical supporting structure, including
23	strength specifications;
24	(III) structure spacing with typical
25	ruling and maximum spans;
26	(IV) conductor (phase) spacing; and

1	(V) the designed line-to-ground and
2	<pre>conductor-side clearances;</pre>
3	(vi) if an underground or underwater
4	interconnection is proposed, the following
5	additional information also must be provided:
6	(I) burial depth;
7	(II) type of cable and a description of any
8	required supporting equipment, such as
9	insulation medium pressurizing or forced
10	<pre>cooling;</pre>
11	(III) cathodic protection scheme; and
12	(IV) type of dielectric fluid and
13	safeguards used to limit potential spills in
14	waterways;
15	(vii) technical diagrams that provide
16	clarification of any item under this item (1)
17	should be included; and
18	(viii) applicant shall provide and identify a
19	primary right-of-way and one or more alternate
20	rights-of-way for the Project as part of the
21	filing. To the extent applicable, for each
22	right-of-way, applicant shall provide the
23	information described is this subsection (a). Upon
24	a showing of good cause in its filing, an applicant
25	may be excused from providing and identifying
26	alternate rights-of-way.

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(2) An application fee of \$100,000, which shall be paid into the Public Utility Fund at the time the Chief Clerk of the Commission deems it complete and accepts the filing.

(3) Information showing that the utility has held a minimum of 3 pre-filing public meetings to receive public comment concerning the Project in each county where the Project is to be located, no earlier than 6 months prior to the filing of the application. Notice of the public meeting shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the affected county once a week for 3 consecutive weeks, beginning no earlier than one month prior to the first public meeting. If the Project traverses 2 contiguous counties and where in one county the transmission line mileage and number of landowners over whose property the proposed route traverses is 1/5 or less of the transmission line mileage and number of such landowners of the other county, then the utility may combine the 3 pre-filing meetings in the county with the greater transmission line mileage and affected landowners. All other requirements regarding pre-filing meetings shall apply in both counties. Notice of the public meeting, including a description of the Project, must be provided in writing to the clerk of each county where the Project is to be located. A representative of the Commission shall be invited to each pre-filing public meeting.

(b) At the first status hearing the administrative law

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- 1 judge shall set a schedule for discovery that shall take into 2 consideration the expedited nature of the proceeding.
  - (c) Nothing in this Section prohibits a utility from requesting, or the Commission from approving, protection of confidential or proprietary information under applicable law. The public utility may seek confidential protection of any of the information provided pursuant to this Section, subject to Commission approval.
    - The public utility shall publish notice of its (d) application in the official State newspaper within 10 days following the date of the application's filing.
      - (e) The public utility shall establish a dedicated website for the Project 3 weeks prior to the first public meeting and maintain the website until construction of the Project is complete. The website address shall be included in all public notices.
      - (f) The Commission shall, after notice and hearing, grant a certificate of public convenience and necessity filed in accordance with the requirements of this Section if, based upon the application filed with the Commission and the evidentiary record, it finds the Project will promote the public convenience and necessity and that all of the following criteria are satisfied:
        - (1) That the Project is necessary to provide adequate, reliable, and efficient service to the public utility's customers and is the least-cost means of satisfying the

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service needs of the public utility's customers or that the Project will promote the development of an effectively competitive electricity market that operates efficiently, is equitable to all customers, and is the least cost means of satisfying those objectives.

- (2) That the public utility is capable of efficiently managing and supervising the construction process and has taken sufficient action to ensure adequate and efficient construction and supervision of the construction.
- (3) That the public utility is capable of financing the proposed construction without significant adverse financial consequences for the utility or its customers.
- (g) The Commission shall issue its decision with findings of fact and conclusions of law granting or denying the application no later than 150 days after the application is filed. The Commission may extend the 150-day deadline upon notice by an additional 75 days if, on or before the 30th day after the filing of the application, the Commission finds that good cause exists to extend the 150-day period.
- (h) In the event the Commission grants a public utility's application for a certificate pursuant to this Section, the public utility shall pay a one-time construction fee to each county in which the Project is constructed within 30 days after the completion of construction. The construction fee shall be \$20,000 per mile of high voltage electric service line constructed in that county, or a proportionate fraction of that

order.

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- 1 fee. The fee shall be in lieu of any permitting fees that otherwise would be imposed by a county. Counties receiving a 2 payment under this subsection (h) may distribute all or 3
- 4 portions of the fee to local taxing districts in that county.
- 5 (i) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, a 6 decision granting a certificate under this Section shall include an order pursuant to Section 8-503 of this Act 7 authorizing or directing the construction of the high voltage 8 9 electric service line and related facilities as approved by the 10 Commission, in the manner and within the time specified in said

(220 ILCS 5/8-509) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-509)

Sec. 8-509. When necessary for the construction of any alterations, additions, extensions or improvements ordered or authorized under Section 8-406.1, 8-503, or 12-218 of this Act, 15 any public utility may enter upon, take or damage private property in the manner provided for by the law of eminent 17 domain. If a public utility seeks relief under this Section in the same proceeding in which it seeks a certificate of public convenience and necessity under Section 8-406.1 of this Act, the Commission shall enter its order under this Section either as part of the Section 8-406.1 order or at the same time it 22 enters the Section 8-406.1 order. If a public utility seeks 23 relief under this Section after the Commission enters its order in the Section 8-406.1 proceeding, the Commission shall issue 25

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## 1 its order under this Section within 45 days after the utility files its petition under this Section. 2

This Section applies to the exercise of eminent domain powers by telephone companies or telecommunications carriers only when the facilities to be constructed are intended to be used in whole or in part for providing one or more intrastate telecommunications services classified as "noncompetitive" under Section 13-502 in a tariff filed by the condemnor. The exercise of eminent domain powers by telephone companies or telecommunications carriers in all other cases shall be governed solely by "An Act relating to the powers, duties and property of telephone companies", approved May 16, 1903, as now or hereafter amended.

(Source: P.A. 86-221.) 14

15 (220 ILCS 5/8-510) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-510)

Sec. 8-510. Land surveys and land use studies. For the purpose of making land surveys and land use studies, any public utility that has been granted a certificate of public convenience and necessity by, or received an order under Section 8-503 or 8-406.1 of this Act from, the Commission may, 30 days after providing written notice to the owner thereof by registered mail, enter upon the property of any owner who has refused permission for entrance upon that property, but subject to responsibility for all damages which may be inflicted thereby.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.".