

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 SB1932

Introduced 2/20/2009, by Sen. A. J. Wilhelmi

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

415 ILCS 20/3

from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7053

Amends the Illinois Solid Waste Management Act. Requires all State agencies to use, to the maximum extent feasible, compost materials in all land maintenance activities that are to be paid for with public funds (now, State agencies must only "give due consideration and preference to the use" of those materials). Effective immediately.

LRB096 04479 JDS 14531 b

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Solid Waste Management Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
- 6 (415 ILCS 20/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7053)
- 7 Sec. 3. State agency materials recycling program.
- 8 (a) All State agencies responsible for the maintenance of
  9 public lands in the State shall, to the maximum extent
  10 feasible, give due consideration and preference to the use of
  11 compost materials in all land maintenance activities which are
- 12 to be paid with public funds.

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13 (b) The Department of Central Management Services, in 14 coordination with the Department of Commerce and Economic 15 Opportunity, shall implement waste reduction programs, 16 including source separation and collection, for office 17 wastepaper, corrugated containers, newsprint and mixed paper, in all State buildings as appropriate and feasible. Such waste 18 19 reduction programs shall be designed to achieve waste 20 reductions of at least 25% of all such waste by December 31, 21 1995, and at least 50% of all such waste by December 31, 2000. 22 Any source separation and collection program shall include, at

a minimum, procedures for collecting and storing recyclable

materials, bins or containers for storing materials, and contractual or other arrangements with buyers of recyclable materials. If market conditions so warrant, the Department of Central Management Services, in coordination with the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, may modify programs developed pursuant to this Section.

The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) shall conduct waste categorization studies of all State facilities for calendar years 1991, 1995 and 2000. Such studies shall be designed to assist the Department of Central Management Services to achieve the waste reduction goals established in this subsection.

(c) Each State agency shall, upon consultation with the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, periodically review its procurement procedures and specifications related to the purchase of products or supplies. Such procedures and specifications shall be modified as necessary to require the procuring agency to seek out products and supplies that contain recycled materials, and to ensure that purchased products or supplies are reusable, durable or made from recycled materials whenever economically and practically feasible. In choosing among products or supplies that contain recycled material, consideration shall be given to products and supplies with the highest recycled material content that is consistent with the effective and efficient use of the product or supply.

- (d) Wherever economically and practically feasible, the Department of Central Management Services shall procure recycled paper and paper products as follows:
  - (1) Beginning July 1, 1989, at least 10% of the total dollar value of paper and paper products purchased by the Department of Central Management Services shall be recycled paper and paper products.
  - (2) Beginning July 1, 1992, at least 25% of the total dollar value of paper and paper products purchased by the Department of Central Management Services shall be recycled paper and paper products.
  - (3) Beginning July 1, 1996, at least 40% of the total dollar value of paper and paper products purchased by the Department of Central Management Services shall be recycled paper and paper products.
  - (4) Beginning July 1, 2000, at least 50% of the total dollar value of paper and paper products purchased by the Department of Central Management Services shall be recycled paper and paper products.
  - (e) Paper and paper products purchased from private vendors pursuant to printing contracts are not considered paper products for the purposes of subsection (d). However, the Department of Central Management Services shall report to the General Assembly on an annual basis the total dollar value of printing contracts awarded to private sector vendors that included the use of recycled paper.

(f) (1) Wherever economically and practically feasible, the recycled paper and paper products referred to in subsection(d) shall contain postconsumer or recovered paper materials as specified by paper category in this subsection:

(i) Recycled high grade printing and writing paper shall contain at least 50% recovered paper material. Such recovered paper material, until July 1, 1994, shall consist of at least 20% deinked stock or postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1994, shall consist of at least 25% deinked stock or postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1996, shall consist of at least 30% deinked stock or postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1998, shall consist of at least 40% deinked stock or postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 2000, shall consist of at least 50% deinked stock or postconsumer material.

(ii) Recycled tissue products, until July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 25% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 30% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1996, shall contain at least 35% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1998, shall contain at least 40% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 2000, shall contain at least 45% postconsumer material.

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- (iii) Recycled newsprint, until July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 40% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 50% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1996, shall contain at least 60% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1998, shall contain at least 70% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 2000, shall contain at least 80% postconsumer material.
  - (iv) Recycled unbleached packaging, until July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 35% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 40% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1996, shall contain at least 45% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1998, shall contain at least 50% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 2000, shall contain at least 55% postconsumer material.
  - (v) Recycled paperboard, until July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 80% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1994, shall contain at least 85% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1996, shall contain at least 90% postconsumer material; and beginning July 1, 1998, shall contain at least 95% postconsumer material.
- (2) For the purposes of this Section, "postconsumer material" includes:

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or others.

(i) paper, paperboard, and fibrous wastes from 1 2 retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth, 3 after the waste has passed through its end usage as a consumer item, including used corrugated boxes, old 4 5 newspapers, mixed waste paper, tabulating cards, and 6 used cordage; and 7 (ii) all paper, paperboard, and fibrous wastes that are diverted or separated from the municipal solid 8 9 waste stream. 10 (3) For the purposes of this Section, "recovered paper 11 material" includes: 12 (i) postconsumer material; 13 (ii) dry paper and paperboard waste generated 14 after completion of the papermaking process (that is, 15 those manufacturing operations up to and including the 16 cutting and trimming of the paper machine reel into smaller rolls or rough sheets), including envelope 17 cuttings, bindery trimmings, and other paper and 18 19 paperboard waste resulting from printing, cutting, 20 forming, and other converting operations, or from bag, 21 box and carton manufacturing, and butt rolls, mill 22 wrappers, and rejected unused stock; and

(iii) finished paper and paperboard from obsolete

inventories of paper and paperboard manufacturers,

merchants, wholesalers, dealers, printers, converters,

- 1 (g) The Department of Central Management Services may adopt 2 regulations to carry out the provisions and purposes of this 3 Section.
  - (h) Every State agency shall, in its procurement documents, specify that, whenever economically and practically feasible, a product to be procured must consist, wholly or in part, of recycled materials, or be recyclable or reusable in whole or in part. When applicable, if state guidelines are not already prescribed, State agencies shall follow USEPA guidelines for federal procurement.
  - (i) All State agencies shall cooperate with the Department of Central Management Services in carrying out this Section. The Department of Central Management Services may enter into cooperative purchasing agreements with other governmental units in order to obtain volume discounts, or for other reasons in accordance with the Governmental Joint Purchasing Act, or in accordance with the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act if governmental units of other states or the federal government are involved.
  - (j) The Department of Central Management Services shall submit an annual report to the General Assembly concerning its implementation of the State's collection and recycled paper procurement programs. This report shall include a description of the actions that the Department of Central Management Services has taken in the previous fiscal year to implement this Section. This report shall be submitted on or before

- 1 November 1 of each year.
- 2 (k) The Department of Central Management Services, in
- 3 cooperation with all other appropriate departments and
- 4 agencies of the State, shall institute whenever economically
- 5 and practically feasible the use of re-refined motor oil in all
- 6 State-owned motor vehicles and the use of remanufactured and
- 7 retread tires whenever such use is practical, beginning no
- 8 later than July 1, 1992.
- 9 (1) (Blank).
- 10 (m) The Department of Central Management Services, in
- 11 coordination with the Department of Commerce and Community
- 12 Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity),
- shall implement an aluminum can recycling program in all State
- 14 buildings within 270 days of the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of 1997. The program shall provide for (1) the
- 16 collection and storage of used aluminum cans in bins or other
- appropriate containers made reasonably available to occupants
- 18 and visitors of State buildings and (2) the sale of used
- 19 aluminum cans to buyers of recyclable materials.
- 20 Proceeds from the sale of used aluminum cans shall be
- 21 deposited into I-CYCLE accounts maintained in the State Surplus
- 22 Property Revolving Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be
- used by the Department of Central Management Services and any
- 24 other State agency to offset the costs of implementing the
- aluminum can recycling program under this Section.
- All State agencies having an aluminum can recycling program

- in place shall continue with their current plan. If a State
- 2 agency has an existing recycling program in place, proceeds
- 3 from the aluminum can recycling program may be retained and
- 4 distributed pursuant to that program, otherwise all revenue
- 5 resulting from these programs shall be forwarded to Central
- 6 Management Services, I-CYCLE for placement into the
- 7 appropriate account within the State Surplus Property
- 8 Revolving Fund, minus any operating costs associated with the
- 9 program.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 12 becoming law.