

Sen. Kwame Raoul

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	09600SB1050sam001 LRB096 07121 RLC 24608 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1050
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1050 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
5	changing Sections 5-5.5-5, 5-5.5-15, 5-5.5-25, and 5-5.5-30 as
6	follows:
7	(730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-5)
8	Sec. 5-5.5-5. Definitions and rules of construction. In
9	this Article:
10	"Eligible offender" means a person who has been convicted
11	of a crime that does not include any offense or attempted
12	offense that would subject a person to registration under the
13	Sex Offender Registration Act, the Arsonist Registration Act,
14	or the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth
15	Registration Act. "Eligible offender" does not include a person
16	who has been convicted of committing or attempting to commit

first degree murder or armed violence or of an offense that is 1 not a crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime 2 3 Victims Compensation Act, a Class X or a nonprobationable offense, or a violation of Article 11 or Article 12 of the 4 5 Criminal Code of 1961, but who has not been convicted more than 6 twice of a felony. 7 "Felony" means a conviction of a felony in this State, or 8 of an offense in any other jurisdiction for which a sentence to 9 a term of imprisonment in excess of one year, was authorized. 10 For the purposes of this Article the following rules of construction apply: 11 (i) two or more convictions of felonies charged in 12 13 separate counts of one indictment or information shall be 14 deemed to be one conviction; 15 (ii) two or more convictions of felonies charged in 2 or more indictments or informations, filed in the same 16 court prior to entry of judgment under any of them, shall 17 be deemed to be one conviction; and 18 19 (iii) a plea or a verdict of quilty upon which a 20 sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or 21 supervision has been imposed shall be deemed to be a conviction. 22 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04; 94-1067, eff. 8-1-06.) 23 24 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-15)

25 Sec. 5-5.5-15. Certificates of relief from disabilities

1 issued by courts.

2 (a) Any circuit court of this State may, in its discretion, issue a certificate of relief from disabilities to an eligible 3 4 offender for a conviction that occurred in that court if the 5 court imposed a sentence other than one executed by commitment to an institution under the Department of Corrections. The 6 certificate may be issued (i) at the time sentence is 7 8 pronounced, in which case it may grant relief from forfeiture 9 of licenses as well as from disabilities, or (ii) at any time 10 thereafter, in which case it shall apply only to disabilities.

11 (b) The certificate may not be issued by the court unless 12 the court is satisfied that:

(1) the person to whom it is to be granted is an
eligible offender, as defined in Section 5-5.5-5;

15 (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is 16 consistent with the rehabilitation of the eligible 17 offender; and

18 (3) the relief to be granted by the certificate is19 consistent with the public interest.

20 (c) If a certificate of relief from disabilities is not 21 issued at the time sentence is pronounced it shall only be 22 issued thereafter upon verified application to the court. The 23 for the purpose of determining whether court may, the 24 certificate shall be issued, request the probation or court 25 services department to conduct an investigation of the 26 applicant. Any probation officer requested to make an

investigation under this Section shall prepare and submit to
 the court a written report in accordance with the request.

3 (d) Any court that has issued a certificate of relief from 4 disabilities may at any time issue a new certificate to enlarge 5 the relief previously granted provided that the provisions of 6 clauses (1) through (3) of subsection (b) of this Section apply 7 to the issuance of any such new certificate.

8 (e) Any written report submitted to the court under this 9 Section is confidential and may not be made available to any 10 person or public or private agency except if specifically 11 required or permitted by statute or upon specific authorization of the court. However, it shall be made available by the court 12 for examination by the applicant's attorney, or the applicant 13 14 himself or herself, if he or she has no attorney. In its 15 discretion, the court may except from disclosure a part or 16 parts of the report that are not relevant to the granting of a certificate, or sources of information which have been obtained 17 on a promise of confidentiality, or any other portion of the 18 report, disclosure of which would not be in the interest of 19 20 justice. The action of the court excepting information from 21 disclosure shall be subject to appellate review. The court, in its discretion, may hold a conference in open court or in 22 23 chambers to afford an applicant an opportunity to controvert or 24 to comment upon any portions of the report. The court may also 25 conduct a summary hearing at the conference on any matter 26 relevant to the granting of the application and may take

1 testimony under oath. 2 (f) An employer is not civilly or criminally liable for an act or omission by an employee who has been issued a 3 4 certificate of relief from disabilities, except for a willful 5 or wanton act by the employer in hiring the employee who has been issued a certificate of relief from disabilities. 6 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.) 7 8 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-25) 9 Sec. 5-5.5-25. Certificate of good conduct. 10 (a) A certificate of good conduct may be granted as provided in this Section to relieve an eligible offender of any 11 12 employment bar as defined in Section 5-5.5-5 of this Code. The 13 certificate may be limited to one or more enumerated 14 disabilities or bars or may relieve the individual of all 15 disabilities and bars. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a certificate 16 of good conduct does not relieve an offender of any 17 employment-related disability imposed by law by reason of his 18 19 or her conviction of a crime that would prevent his or her employment by the Department of Corrections or the Department 20

21 <u>of Juvenile Justice</u>.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & \underline{(a-6)} & (a) \end{array} A certificate of good conduct may be granted as \\ 23 & provided in this Section to an eligible offender as defined in \\ 24 & Section 5-5.5-5 of this Code who has demonstrated that he or \\ 25 & she has been a law-abiding citizen and is fully rehabilitated. \end{array}$ 

(b) (i) A certificate of good conduct may not, however, in
 any way prevent any judicial proceeding, administrative,
 licensing, or other body, board, or authority from
 considering the conviction specified in the certificate.

5 (ii) A certificate of good conduct shall not limit or 6 prevent the introduction of evidence of a prior conviction 7 for purposes of impeachment of a witness in a judicial or 8 other proceeding where otherwise authorized by the 9 applicable rules of evidence.

10 (iii) A certificate of good conduct does not limit the 11 employer from accessing criminal background information; 12 nor does it hide, alter, or expunge the record.

13 (c) An employer is not civilly or criminally liable for an 14 act or omission by an employee who has been issued a 15 certificate of good conduct, except for a willful or wanton act 16 by the employer in hiring the employee who has been issued a 17 certificate of good conduct.

18 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)

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(730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-30)

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Sec. 5-5.5-30. Issuance of certificate of good conduct.

(a) <u>After a rehabilitation review has been held</u>, <u>The</u>
Prisoner Review Board, or any 3 members of the <u>Prisoner Review</u>
Board by unanimous vote, shall have the power to issue a
certificate of good conduct to any eligible offender previously
convicted of a crime in this State, when the Board is satisfied

1 that: (1) the applicant has conducted himself or herself in a 2 3 manner warranting the issuance for a minimum period in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this 4 5 Section: (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is 6 7 consistent with the rehabilitation of the applicant; and 8 (3) the relief to be granted is consistent with the 9 public interest. 10 (b) The Prisoner Review Board, or any 3 members of the Board by unanimous vote, shall have the power to issue a 11 certificate of good conduct to any person previously convicted 12 13 of a crime in any other jurisdiction, when the Board is 14 satisfied that: 15 (1) the applicant has demonstrated that there exist specific facts and circumstances and specific sections of 16 Illinois State law that have an adverse impact on the 17 applicant and warrant the application for relief to be made 18 19 in Illinois; and 20 (2) the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) of this Section have been met. 21 22 (c) The minimum period of good conduct by the individual 23 referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section, 24 shall be as follows: if the most serious crime of which the 25 individual was convicted is a misdemeanor, the minimum period 26 of good conduct shall be one year; if the most serious crime of 09600SB1050sam001 -8- LRB096 07121 RLC 24608 a

1 which the individual was convicted is a Class 1, 2, 3, or 4 felony, the minimum period of good conduct shall be 3 years. 2 Criminal acts committed outside the State shall be classified 3 4 as acts committed within the State based on the maximum 5 sentence that could have been imposed based upon the conviction under the laws of the foreign jurisdiction. The minimum period 6 of good conduct by the individual shall be measured either from 7 8 the date of the payment of any fine imposed upon him or her, or 9 from the date of his or her release from custody by parole, 10 mandatory supervised release or commutation or termination of 11 his or her sentence. The Board shall have power and it shall be its duty to investigate all persons when the application is 12 13 made and to grant or deny the same within a reasonable time 14 after the making of the application.

(d) If the Prisoner Review Board has issued a certificate of good conduct, the Board may at any time issue a new certificate enlarging the relief previously granted.

(e) Any certificate of good conduct by the Prisoner Review 18 Board to an individual who at the time of the issuance of the 19 20 certificate is under the conditions of parole or mandatory 21 supervised release imposed by the Board shall be deemed to be a 22 temporary certificate until the time as the individual is 23 discharged from the terms of parole or mandatory supervised 24 release, and, while temporary, the certificate may be revoked 25 by the Board for violation of the conditions of parole or 26 mandatory supervised release. Revocation shall be upon notice 09600SB1050sam001 -9- LRB096 07121 RLC 24608 a

to the parolee or releasee, who shall be accorded an opportunity to explain the violation prior to a decision on the revocation. If the certificate is not so revoked, it shall become a permanent certificate upon expiration or termination of the offender's parole or mandatory supervised release term. (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)".