

## Rep. Lou Lang

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## Filed: 1/6/2011

	09600SB0737ham002 LRB096 06805 ASK 44784 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 737
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 737, AS AMENDED, by
3	replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"ARTICLE 1.
6	Section 1-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
7	Chicago Casino Development Authority Act.
8	Section 1-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
9	"Authority" means the Chicago Casino Development Authority
10	created by this Act.
11	"Board" means the board appointed pursuant to this Act to
12	govern and control the Authority.
13	"Casino" means one temporary land-based or water-based
14	facility, one permanent land-based or water-based facility,

and airport gaming locations pursuant to Section 1-67 of this

- 1 Act, at each of which lawful gambling is authorized and
- licensed as provided in the Illinois Gambling Act. 2
- 3 "City" means the City of Chicago.
- 4 "Casino operator licensee" means any person or entity
- 5 selected by the Authority and approved and licensed by the
- 6 Gaming Board to manage and operate a casino within the City of
- 7 Chicago pursuant to a casino management contract.
- 8 "Casino management contract" means a legally binding
- 9 agreement between the Authority and a casino operator licensee
- 10 to operate or manage a casino.
- 11 "Executive director" means the person appointed by the
- Board to oversee the daily operations of the Authority. 12
- 13 "Gaming Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board created by
- 14 the Illinois Gambling Act.
- 15 "Mayor" means the Mayor of the City.
- 16 Section 1-12. Creation of the Authority. There is hereby
- 17 created a political subdivision, unit of local government with
- 18 only the powers authorized by law, body politic, and municipal
- 19 corporation, by the name and style of the Chicago Casino
- 20 Development Authority.
- 21 Section 1-13. Duties of the Authority. It shall be the duty
- 22 of the Authority, as a casino licensee under the Illinois
- 23 Gambling Act, to promote and maintain a casino in the City. The
- 24 Authority shall construct, equip, and maintain grounds,

buildings, and facilities for that purpose. The Authority shall contract with a casino operator licensee to manage and operate the casino and in no event shall the Authority or City manage or operate the casino. The Authority may contract with other third parties in order to fulfill its purpose. The Authority is responsible for the payment of any fees required of a casino operator under subsection (a) of Section 7.8 of the Illinois Gambling Act if the casino operator licensee is late in paying any such fees. The Authority is granted all rights and powers necessary to perform such duties.

## Section 1-15. Board.

- (a) The governing and administrative powers of the Authority shall be vested in a body known as the Chicago Casino Development Board. The Board shall consist of 3 members appointed by the Mayor. All appointees shall be subject to background investigation and approval by the Gaming Board. One of these members shall be designated by the Mayor to serve as chairperson. All of the members appointed by the Mayor shall be residents of the City.
- (b) Board members shall receive \$300 for each day the Authority meets and shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. A Board member who serves in the office of secretary-treasurer may also receive compensation for services provided as that officer.

- Section 1-20. Terms of appointments; resignation and removal.
  - (a) The Mayor shall appoint one member of the Board for an initial term expiring July 1 of the year following approval by the Gaming Board, one member for an initial term expiring July 1 three years following approval by the Gaming Board, and one member for an initial term expiring July 1 five years following approval by the Gaming Board.
  - (b) All successors shall hold office for a term of 5 years from the first day of July of the year in which they are appointed, except in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy. Each member, including the chairperson, shall hold office until the expiration of his or her term and until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. Nothing shall preclude a member from serving consecutive terms. Any member may resign from office, to take effect when a successor has been appointed and qualified. A vacancy in office shall occur in the case of a member's death or indictment, conviction, or plea of guilty to a felony. A vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Mayor with the approval of the Gaming Board.
  - (c) The Mayor or the Gaming Board may remove any member of the Board upon a finding of incompetence, neglect of duty, or misfeasance or malfeasance in office or for a violation of this Act. The Gaming Board may remove any member of the Board for

- 1 any violation of the Illinois Gambling Act or the rules and
- 2 regulations of the Gaming Board.
- 3 Section 1-25. Organization of Board; meetings. After 4 appointment by the Mayor and approval of the Gaming Board, the 5 Board shall organize for the transaction of business. The Board shall prescribe the time and place for meetings, the manner in 6 which special meetings may be called, and the notice that must 7 8 be given to members. All actions and meetings of the Board 9 shall be subject to the provisions of the Open Meetings Act. 10 Two members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. All substantive action of the Board shall be by resolution with an 11 affirmative vote of a majority of the members. 12
- 13 Section 1-30. Executive director; officers.
- 14 (a) The Board shall appoint an executive director, subject to completion of a background investigation and approval by the 15 16 Gaming Board, who shall be the chief executive officer of the Authority. The Board shall fix the compensation of 17 18 executive director. Subject to the general control of the 19 Board, the executive director shall be responsible for the 20 management of the business, properties, and employees of the 21 Authority. The executive director shall direct the enforcement 22 of all resolutions, rules, and regulations of the Board, and 23 shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed from time 24 time by the Board. All employees and independent

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- 1 contractors, consultants, engineers, architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, construction experts 2 personnel, superintendents, managers, and other personnel 3 4 appointed or employed pursuant to this Act shall report to the 5 executive director. In addition to any other duties set forth in this Act, the executive director shall do all of the 6 7 following:
  - (1) Direct and supervise the administrative affairs and activities of the Authority in accordance with its rules, regulations, and policies.
    - (2) Attend meetings of the Board.
    - (3) Keep minutes of all proceedings of the Board.
  - Approve all accounts for salaries, per diem payments, and allowable expenses of the Board and its employees and consultants.
    - (5) Report and make recommendations to the Board concerning the terms and conditions of any management contract.
  - (6) Perform any other duty that the Board requires for carrying out the provisions of this Act.
    - (7) Devote his or her full time to the duties of the office and not hold any other office or employment.
- 23 (b) The Board may select a secretary-treasurer to hold 24 office at the pleasure of the Board. The Board shall fix the 25 duties of such officer.

- 1 Section 1-31. General rights and powers of the Authority.
- 2 In addition to the duties and powers set forth in this Act, the
- 3 Authority shall have the following rights and powers:
  - (1) Adopt and alter an official seal.
  - (2) Establish and change its fiscal year.
    - (3) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, all in its own name, and agree to binding arbitration of any dispute to which it is a party.
      - (4) Adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations consistent with the furtherance of the powers and duties provided for.
      - (5) Maintain its principal office within the City and such other offices as the Board may designate.
      - (6) Select locations in the City for a temporary and a permanent casino, subject to final approval by the Gaming Board.
      - (7) Conduct background investigations of potential casino operator licensees, including its principals or shareholders, and Authority staff.
    - (8) Employ, either as regular employees or independent contractors, consultants, engineers, architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, construction experts and personnel, superintendents, managers and other professional personnel, and such other personnel as may be necessary in the judgment of the Board, and fix their compensation.

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- 1 (9) Own, acquire, construct, equip, lease, operate,
  2 and maintain grounds, buildings, and facilities to carry
  3 out its corporate purposes and duties.
  - (10) Enter into, revoke, and modify contracts in accordance with the rules of the Gaming Board.
  - (11) Enter into a casino management contract subject to the final approval of the Gaming Board.
  - (12) Develop, or cause to be developed by a third party, a master plan for the design, planning, and development of a casino.
  - (13) Negotiate and enter into intergovernmental agreements with the State and its agencies, the City, and other units of local government, in furtherance of the powers and duties of the Board. However, the Authority may not enter into an agreement with the State Police.
  - (14) Receive and disburse funds for its own corporate purposes or as otherwise specified in this Act.
  - (15) Borrow money from any source, public or private, for any corporate purpose, including, without limitation, working capital for its operations, reserve funds, or payment of interest, and to mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber the property or funds of the Authority and to contract with or engage the services of any person in connection with any financing, including financial institutions, issuers of letters of credit, or insurers and enter into reimbursement agreements with this person or

- entity which may be secured as if money were borrowed from the person or entity.
  - (16) Issue bonds as provided for under this Act.
  - (17) Receive and accept from any source, private or public, contributions, gifts, or grants of money or property to the Authority.
  - (18) Provide for the insurance of any property, operations, officers, members, agents, or employees of the Authority against any risk or hazard, to self-insure or participate in joint self-insurance pools or entities to insure against such risk or hazard, and to provide for the indemnification of its officers, members, employees, contractors, or agents against any and all risks.
  - (19) Exercise all the corporate powers granted Illinois corporations under the Business Corporation Act of 1983, except to the extent that powers are inconsistent with those of a body politic and corporate of the State.
  - (20) Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers granted by this Act.
- 20 Section 1-32. Ethical Conduct.
  - (a) Board members and employees of the Authority must carry out their duties and responsibilities in such a manner as to promote and preserve public trust and confidence in the integrity and conduct of gaming.
    - (b) Except as may be required in the conduct of official

- 1 duties, Board members and employees of the Authority shall not
- 2 engage in gambling on any riverboat, in any casino, or in an
- 3 electronic gaming facility licensed by the Illinois Gaming
- 4 Board or engage in legalized gambling in any establishment
- 5 identified by Board action that, in the judgment of the Board,
- 6 could represent a potential for a conflict of interest.
- (c) A Board member or employee of the Authority shall not 7
- use or attempt to use his or her official position to secure or 8
- 9 attempt to secure any privilege, advantage, favor, or influence
- 10 for himself or herself or others.
- 11 (d) Board members and employees of the Authority shall not
- hold or pursue employment, office, position, business, or 12
- 13 occupation that may conflict with his or her official duties.
- 14 Employees may engage in other gainful employment so long as
- 15 that employment does not interfere or conflict with their
- 16 duties. Such employment must be disclosed to the executive
- director and approved by the Board. 17
- 18 (e) Board members and employees of the Authority may not
- 19 engage in employment, communications, or any activity that may
- 20 be deemed a conflict of interest. This prohibition shall extend
- 21 to any act identified by Board action or Gaming Board action
- 22 that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the
- 23 potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.
- 24 (f) Board members and employees of the Authority may not
- 25 have a financial interest, directly or indirectly, in his or
- 26 her own name or in the name of any other person, partnership,

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association, trust, corporation, or other entity in any contract or subcontract for the performance of any work for the Authority. This prohibition shall extend to the holding or acquisition of an interest in any entity identified by Board action or Gaming Board action that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the potential for or the appearance of a financial interest. The holding or acquisition of an interest in such entities through an indirect means, such as through a mutual fund, shall not be prohibited, except that the Gaming Board may identify specific investments or funds that, in its judgment, are so influenced by gaming holdings as to represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.

- (g) Board members and employees of the Authority may not accept any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from any person, corporation, or entity doing business with the Authority.
- (h) No Board member or employee of the Authority may, during employment or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Authority that resulted in contracts with an aggregate value of at least \$25,000 or if that Board member or employee has made a decision that directly applied to the person or entity, or its parent or affiliate.

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- (i) A spouse, child, or parent of a Board member or employee of the Authority may not have a financial interest, directly or indirectly, in his or her own name or in the name any other person, partnership, association, corporation, or other entity in any contract or subcontract for the performance of any work for the Authority. This prohibition shall extend to the holding or acquisition of an interest in any entity identified by Board action or Gaming Board action that, in the judgment of either entity, could represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest. The holding or acquisition of an interest in such entities through an indirect means, such as through a mutual fund, shall not be prohibited, expect that the Gaming Board may identify specific investments or funds that, in its judgment, are so influenced by gaming holdings as to represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.
  - (j) A spouse, child, or parent of a Board member or employee of the Authority may not accept any gift, gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental nature, from any person, corporation, or entity doing business with the Authority.
- (k) A spouse, child, or parent of a Board member or employee of the Authority may not, while the person is a Board member or employee of the spouse or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of employment, knowingly accept

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- 1 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged 2 3 in business with the Authority that resulted in contracts with 4 an aggregate value of at least \$25,000 or if that Board member 5 or employee has made a decision that directly applied to the person or entity, or its parent or affiliate. 6
  - (1) No Board member or employee of the Authority may attempt, in any way, to influence any person or corporation doing business with the Authority or any officer, agent, or employee thereof to hire or contract with any person or corporation for any compensated work.
  - (m) Any communication between an elected official of the City and any applicant for or party to a casino management contract with the Authority, or an officer, director, or employee thereof, concerning any manner relating in any way to gaming or the Authority shall be disclosed to the Board and the Gaming Board. Such disclosure shall be in writing by the official within 30 days of the communication and shall be filed with the Board. Disclosure must consist of the date of the communication, the identity and job title of the person with whom the communication was made, a brief summary of the communication, the action requested or recommended, responses made, the identity and job title of the person making the response, and any other pertinent information.

Public disclosure of the written summary provided to the Board and the Gaming Board shall be subject to the exemptions

- 1 provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2 (n) Any Board member or employee of the Authority who
- violates any provision of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 3
- 4 felony.

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- 5 Section 1-45. Casino management contracts.
  - sealed bidding process for the selection of a potential casino operator licensee to develop or operate a casino within the City. The Board shall issue one or more requests for proposals. The Board may establish minimum financial and investment requirements to determine the eligibility of persons to respond to the Board's requests for proposal, and may establish and consider such other criteria as it deems appropriate. The Board

may impose a fee upon persons who respond to requests for

proposal, in order to reimburse the Board for its costs in

preparing and issuing the requests and reviewing the proposals.

(a) The Board shall develop and administer a competitive

(b) Within 5 days after the time limit for submitting bids and proposals has passed, the Board shall make all bids and proposals public, provided, however, the Board shall not be required to disclose any information which would be exempt from disclosure under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act. Thereafter, the Board shall evaluate the responses to its requests for proposal and the ability of all persons or entities responding to its requests for proposal to meet the

requirements of this Act and to undertake and perform the

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- 1 obligations set forth in its requests for proposal.
  - (c) After reviewing proposals and subject to Gaming Board approval, the Board shall enter into a casino management contract authorizing the development, construction, operation of a casino. Validity of the casino management contract is contingent upon the issuance of a casino operator license to the successful bidder. If the Gaming Board approves the contract and grants a casino operator license, the Board shall transmit a copy of the executed casino management contract to the Gaming Board.
  - (d) After the Authority has been issued a casino license, the Gaming Board has issued a casino operator license, and the Gaming Board has approved the location of a temporary facility, the Authority may conduct gaming operations at a temporary facility for no longer than 24 months after gaming operations begin. The Gaming Board may, after holding a public hearing, grant an extension so long as a permanent facility is not operational and the Authority is working in good faith to complete the permanent facility. The Gaming Board may grant additional extensions following a public hearing. extension may be for a period of no longer than 6 months.
  - (e) Fifty percent of the total amount received by the Authority pursuant to a bid for a casino management contract or an executed casino management contract must be transmitted to the State and deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.

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Section 1-50. Transfer of funds. The revenues received by the Authority (other than amounts required to be paid pursuant to the Illinois Gambling Act and amounts required to pay the operating expenses of the Authority, to pay amounts due the casino operator licensee pursuant to a casino management contract, to repay any borrowing of the Authority made pursuant to Section 1-31, to pay debt service on any bonds issued under Section 1-75, and to pay any expenses in connection with the issuance of such bonds pursuant to Section 1-75 or derivative products pursuant to Section 1-85) shall be transferred to the City by the Authority.

Section 1-55. Municipal distributions of proceeds from a casino; gaming endowment funds. At least 70% of the moneys that a municipality in which a casino is located receives pursuant to Section 1-50 of this Act shall be described as "gaming endowment funds" and be expended or obligated by the municipality for the following purposes and in the following amounts:

- (1) 40% of such gaming endowment funds shall be used for or pledged for the construction and maintenance of infrastructure within the municipality, including but not limited to roads, bridges, transit infrastructure, and municipal facilities.
- (2) 60% of such gaming endowment funds shall be used

1 for or pledged for the construction and maintenance of schools, parks, cultural institution facilities, museums 2 3 within the municipality, and facilities at Navy Pier that 4 owned by the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 5 Authority.

Section 1-60. Auditor General. 6

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- 7 (a) Prior to the issuance of bonds under this Act, the 8 Authority shall submit to the Auditor General a certification 9 that:
- 10 (1) it is legally authorized to issue bonds;
- 11 (2)scheduled annual payments of principal 12 interest on the bonds to be issued meet the requirements of Section 1-75 of this Act; 13
  - (3) no bond shall mature later than 30 years; and
  - (4) after payment of costs of issuance and necessary deposits to funds and accounts established with respect to debt service on the bonds, the net bond proceeds (exclusive of any proceeds to be used to refund outstanding bonds) will be used only for the purposes set forth in this Act.

The Authority also shall submit to the Auditor General its projections on revenues to be generated and pledged to repayment of the bonds as scheduled and such other information as the Auditor General may reasonably request.

The Auditor General shall examine the certifications and information submitted and submit a report to the Authority and

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indicating whether the the Gaming Board required certifications, projections, and other information have been submitted by the Authority and that the assumptions underlying the projections are not unreasonable in the aggregate. The Auditor General shall submit the report no later than 60 days after receiving the information required to be submitted by the Authority.

The Authority shall not issue bonds until it receives the report from the Auditor General indicating the requirements of this Section have been met. The Auditor General's report shall not be in the nature of a post-audit or examination and shall not lead to the issuance of an opinion, as that term is defined in generally accepted government auditing standards. Auditor General shall submit a bill to the Authority for costs associated with the examinations and report required under this Section. The Authority shall reimburse in a timely manner.

(b) The Authority shall enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the Auditor General authorizing the Auditor General to, every 2 years, (i) review the financial audit of the Authority performed by the Authority's certified public accountants, (ii) perform a management audit of the Authority, and (iii) perform a management audit of the casino operator licensee. The Auditor General shall provide the Authority and the General Assembly with the audits and shall post a copy on his or her website. The Auditor General shall submit a bill to the Authority for costs associated with the review and the

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- 1 audit required under this Section, which costs shall not exceed
- \$100,000, and the Authority shall reimburse the Auditor General 2
- 3 for such costs in a timely manner.

Section 1-62. Advisory committee. An Advisory Committee is established to monitor, review, and report on (1)Authority's utilization of minority-owned business enterprises and female-owned business enterprises, (2) employment of females, and (3) employment of minorities with regard to the development and construction of the casino as authorized under Section 7 of the Illinois Gambling Act. The Authority shall work with the Advisory Committee in accumulating necessary information for the Committee to submit reports, as necessary, to the General Assembly and to the City of Chicago.

The Committee shall consist of 11 members as provided in this Section. Four members shall be selected by the Governor, 3 members shall be selected by the Mayor of the City of Chicago; one member shall be selected by the President of the Illinois Senate; one member shall be selected by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; one member shall be selected by the Minority Leader of the Senate; and one member shall be selected by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. The Advisory Committee shall meet periodically and shall report the information to the Mayor of the City and to the General Assembly by December 31st of every year.

The Advisory Committee shall be dissolved on the date that

- 1 casino gambling operations are first conducted under the
- 2 license authorized under Section 7 of the Illinois Gambling
- 3 Act, other than at a temporary facility.
- 4 For the purposes of this Section, the terms "female" and
- 5 "minority person" have the meanings provided in Section 2 of
- the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons 6
- with Disabilities Act. 7
- 8 Section 1-65. Acquisition of property; eminent domain
- 9 proceedings. For the lawful purposes of this Act, the City may
- 10 acquire by eminent domain or by condemnation proceedings in the
- manner provided by the Eminent Domain Act, real or personal 11
- property or interests in real or personal property located in 12
- the City, and the City may convey to the Authority property so 13
- 14 acquired. The acquisition of property under this Section is
- 15 declared to be for a public use.
- Section 1-67. Limitations on gaming at Chicago airports. 16
- 17 The Authority may conduct gaming operations in an airport under
- 18 the administration or control of the Chicago Department of
- Aviation so long as (i) gaming operations are conducted in a 19
- 20 secured area that is only available to airline passengers and
- 21 not the general public, (ii) gaming operations are limited to
- 22 slot machines, as defined in Section 4 of the Illinois Gambling
- 23 Act, and (iii) the combined number of gaming positions in
- 24 Chicago at the airports and at the other authorized facility

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- does not exceed the maximum number of gaming positions authorized pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 7 of the Illinois Gambling Act. Gaming operations at an airport are subject to all applicable laws and rules that apply to any other gaming facility under this Act or the Illinois Gambling
- Section 1-70. Local regulation. The casino facilities and 7 8 operations therein shall be subject to all ordinances and 9 regulations of the City. The construction, development, and 10 operation of the casino shall comply with all ordinances, regulations, rules, and controls of the City, including but not 11 12 limited to those relating to zoning and planned development, building, fire prevention, and land use. However, 13 14 regulation of gaming operations is subject to the exclusive 15 jurisdiction of the Gaming Board.
- Section 1-75. Borrowing.
  - (a) The Authority may borrow money and issue bonds as provided in this Section. Bonds of the Authority may be issued to provide funds for land acquisition, site assembly and preparation, and the design and construction of the casino, as defined in the Illinois Gambling Act, all ancillary and related facilities comprising the casino complex, and all on-site and off-site infrastructure improvements required in connection with the development of the casino; to refund (at the time or

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in advance of any maturity or redemption) or redeem any bonds of the Authority; to provide or increase a debt service reserve fund or other reserves with respect to any or all of its bonds; or to pay the legal, financial, administrative, bond insurance, credit enhancement, and other legal expenses authorization, issuance, or delivery of bonds. In this Act, the "bonds" also includes notes of any kind, interim refunding bonds, or any other evidence of certificates. obligation for borrowed money issued under this Section. Bonds may be issued in one or more series and may be payable and secured either on a parity with or separately from other bonds.

(b) The bonds of the Authority shall be payable from one or more of the following sources: (i) the property or revenues of the Authority; (ii) revenues derived from the casino; (iii) revenues derived from any casino operator licensee; (iv) fees, bid proceeds, charges, lease payments, payments required pursuant to any casino management contract or other revenues payable to the Authority, or any receipts of the Authority; (v) payments by financial institutions, insurance companies, or others pursuant to letters or lines of credit, policies of insurance, or purchase agreements; (vi) investment earnings from funds or accounts maintained pursuant to a bond resolution or trust indenture; (vii) proceeds of refunding bonds; (viii) any other revenues derived from or payments by the City; and (ix) any payments by any casino operator licensee or others pursuant to any quaranty agreement.

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- (c) Bonds shall be authorized by a resolution of the Authority and may be secured by a trust indenture by and between the Authority and a corporate trustee or trustees, which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the State. Bonds shall meet the following requirements:
  - (1) Bonds shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed the maximum rate authorized by the Bond Authorization Act.
  - (2) Bonds issued pursuant to this Section may be payable on such dates and times as may be provided for by the resolution or indenture authorizing the issuance of such bonds; provided, however, that such bonds shall mature no later than 30 years from the date of issuance.
  - (3) At least 25%, based on total principal amount, of all bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall be sold pursuant to notice of sale and public bid. No more than 75%, based on total principal amount, of all bonds issued pursuant to this Section shall be sold by negotiated sale.
  - (4) Bonds shall be payable at a time or times, in the denominations and form, including book entry form, either coupon, registered, or both, and carry the registration and privileges as to exchange, transfer or conversion, and replacement of mutilated, lost, or destroyed bonds as the resolution or trust indenture may provide.
  - (5) Bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States at a designated place.

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- 1 (6) Bonds shall be subject to the terms of purchase, payment, redemption, refunding, or refinancing that the resolution or trust indenture provides.
  - (7) Bonds shall be executed by the manual or facsimile signatures of the officers of the Authority designated by the Board, which signatures shall be valid at delivery even for one who has ceased to hold office.
  - (8) Bonds shall be sold at public or private sale in the manner and upon the terms determined by the Authority.
  - (9) Bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Debt Reform Act.
  - (d) The Authority shall adopt a procurement program with respect to contracts relating to underwriters, bond counsel, financial advisors, and accountants. The program shall include goals for the payment of not less than 30% of the total dollar value of the fees from these contracts to minority-owned businesses and female-owned businesses as defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act. The Authority shall conduct outreach to minority-owned businesses and female-owned businesses. Outreach shall include, but is not limited to, advertisements in periodicals and newspapers, mailings, and other appropriate media. The Authority shall submit to the General Assembly a comprehensive report that shall include, at a minimum, the details of the procurement plan, outreach efforts, and the results of the efforts to achieve goals for the payment of

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- (e) Subject to the Illinois Gambling Act and rules of the Gaming Board regarding pledging of interests in holders of owners licenses, any resolution or trust indenture may contain provisions that may be a part of the contract with the holders of the bonds as to the following:
  - (1)Pledging, assigning, or directing the use, investment, or disposition of revenues of the Authority or proceeds or benefits of any contract, including without limitation, any rights in any casino management contract.
  - (2) The setting aside of loan funding deposits, debt service reserves, replacement or operating reserves, cost of issuance accounts and sinking funds, and the regulation, investment, and disposition thereof.
  - (3) Limitations on the purposes to which or the investments in which the proceeds of sale of any issue of bonds or the Authority's revenues and receipts may be applied or made.
  - (4) Limitations on the issue of additional bonds, the terms upon which additional bonds may be issued and secured, the terms upon which additional bonds may rank on a parity with, or be subordinate or superior to, other bonds.
  - (5) The refunding, advance refunding, or refinancing of outstanding bonds.
    - (6) The procedure, if any, by which the terms of any

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contract with bondholders may be altered or amended and the 1 amount of bonds and holders of which must consent thereto 2 3 and the manner in which consent shall be given.

- Defining the acts or omissions which shall constitute a default in the duties of the Authority to holders of bonds and providing the rights or remedies of such holders in the event of a default, which may include provisions restricting individual rights of action by bondholders.
- (8) Providing for quarantees, pledges of property, letters of credit, or other security, or insurance for the benefit of bondholders.
- (f) No member of the Board, nor any person executing the bonds, shall be liable personally on the bonds or subject to any personal liability by reason of the issuance of the bonds.
- (q) The Authority may issue and secure bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Credit Enhancement Act.
- (h) A pledge by the Authority of revenues and receipts as security for an issue of bonds or for the performance of its obligations under any casino management contract shall be valid and binding from the time when the pledge is made. The revenues and receipts pledged shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery or further act, and the lien of any pledge shall be valid and binding against any person having any claim of any kind in tort, contract, or

- otherwise against the Authority, irrespective of whether the person has notice. No resolution, trust indenture, management agreement or financing statement, continuation statement, or other instrument adopted or entered into by the Authority need be filed or recorded in any public record other than the records of the Authority in order to perfect the lien against third persons, regardless of any contrary provision of law.
  - (i) Bonds that are being paid or retired by issuance, sale, or delivery of bonds, and bonds for which sufficient funds have been deposited with the paying agent or trustee to provide for payment of principal and interest thereon, and any redemption premium, as provided in the authorizing resolution, shall not be considered outstanding for the purposes of this subsection.
  - (j) The bonds of the Authority shall not be indebtedness of the State. The bonds of the Authority are not general obligations of the State and are not secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State and the holders of bonds of the Authority may not require, except as provided in this Act, the application of State revenues or funds to the payment of bonds of the Authority.
  - (k) The State of Illinois pledges and agrees with the owners of the bonds that it will not limit or alter the rights and powers vested in the Authority by this Act so as to impair the terms of any contract made by the Authority with the owners or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the owners until the bonds, together with interest on them, and all costs

- and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or
- on behalf of the owners, are fully met and discharged. The
- 3 Authority is authorized to include this pledge and agreement in
- 4 any contract with the owners of bonds issued under this
- 5 Section.
- 6 (1) No person holding an elective office in this State,
- 7 holding a seat in the General Assembly, or serving as a board
- 8 member, trustee, officer, or employee of the Authority,
- 9 including the spouse of that person, may receive a legal,
- 10 banking, consulting, or other fee related to the issuance of
- bonds. This prohibition shall also apply to a company or firm
- that employs a person holding an elective office in this State,
- holding a seat in the General Assembly, or serving as a board
- 14 member, trustee, officer, or employee of the Authority,
- including the spouse of that person, if the person or his or
- her spouse has greater than 7.5% ownership of the company or
- 17 firm.
- 18 Section 1-85. Derivative products. With respect to all or
- 19 part of any issue of its bonds, the Authority may enter into
- 20 agreements or contracts with any necessary or appropriate
- 21 person, which will have the benefit of providing to the
- 22 Authority an interest rate basis, cash flow basis, or other
- 23 basis different from that provided in the bonds for the payment
- of interest. Such agreements or contracts may include, without
- 25 limitation, agreements or contracts commonly known as

- 1 "interest rate swap agreements", "forward payment conversion agreements", "futures", "options", "puts", or "calls" and 2 agreements or contracts providing for payments based on levels 3 4 of or changes in interest rates, agreements or contracts to 5 exchange cash flows or a series of payments, or to hedge payment, rate spread, or similar exposure. 6
- 7 Section 1-90. Legality for investment. The State of 8 Illinois, all governmental entities, all public officers, 9 banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and 10 institutions, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, investment companies, and other persons carrying 11 12 a banking business, insurance companies, 13 associations, and other persons carrying on an insurance 14 business, and all executors, administrators, quardians, 15 trustees, and other fiduciaries may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or within their 16 17 control in any bonds issued under this Act. However, nothing in 18 this Section shall be construed as relieving any person, firm, 19 or corporation from any duty of exercising reasonable care in 20 selecting securities for purchase or investment.
- 21 Section 1-105. Budgets and reporting.
- 22 (a) The Board shall annually adopt a budget for each fiscal 23 year. The budget may be modified from time to time in the same 24 manner and upon the same vote as it may be adopted. The budget

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- 1 shall include the Authority's available funds and estimated revenues and shall provide for payment of its obligations and 2 3 estimated expenditures for the fiscal year, including, without
- 4 limitation, expenditures for administration, operation,
- 5 maintenance and repairs, debt service, and deposits into
- reserve and other funds and capital projects. 6

on the Authority's Internet website.

- (b) The Board shall annually cause the finances of the 7 Authority to be audited by a firm of certified public 8 9 accountants selected by the Board in accordance with the rules 10 of the Gaming Board and post the firm's audits of the Authority
  - (c) The Board shall, for each fiscal year, prepare an report setting forth information concerning activities in the fiscal year and the status of the development of the casino. The annual report shall include the audited financial statements of the Authority for the fiscal year, the budget for the succeeding fiscal year, and the current capital plan as of the date of the report. Copies of the annual report shall be made available to persons who request them and shall be submitted not later than 120 days after the end of the Authority's fiscal year or, if the audit of the Authority's financial statements is not completed within 120 days after the end of the Authority's fiscal year, as soon as practical after completion of the audit, to the Governor, the Mayor, the General Assembly, and the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability.

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Section 1-110. Deposit and withdrawal of funds. 1

(a) All funds deposited by the Authority in any bank or savings and loan association shall be placed in the name of the Authority and shall be withdrawn or paid out only by check or draft upon the bank or savings and loan association, signed by oremployees designated by the Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Board may designate any of its members or any officer or employee of the Authority to authorize the wire transfer of funds deposited by the secretary-treasurer of funds in a bank or savings and loan association for the payment of payroll and employee benefits-related expenses.

No bank or savings and loan association shall receive public funds as permitted by this Section unless it has complied with the requirements established pursuant to Section 6 of the Public Funds Investment Act.

(b) If any officer or employee whose signature appears upon any check or draft issued pursuant to this Act ceases (after attaching his signature) to hold his or her office before the delivery of such a check or draft to the payee, his or her signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes with the same effect as if he or she had remained in office until delivery thereof.

Section 1-112. Contracts with the Authority or casino

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operator licensee; disclosure requirements.

- (a) A bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor for contracts with the Authority or casino operator licensee shall disclose the identity of all officers and directors and every owner, beneficiary, or person with beneficial interest of more than 1% or shareholder entitled to receive more than 1% of the total distributable income of any corporation having any interest in the contract or in the bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor. The disclosure shall be in writing and attested to by an owner, trustee, corporate official, or agent. If stock in a corporation is publicly traded and there is no readily known individual having greater than a 1% interest, then a statement to that effect attested to by an officer or agent of corporation shall fulfill the disclosure statement requirement of this Section. A bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor shall notify the Authority of any changes in officers, directors, ownership, or individuals having a beneficial interest of more than 1%.
- (b) A bidder, respondent, offeror, or contractor for contracts with an annual value of \$10,000 or more or for a period to exceed one year shall disclose all political contributions of the bidder, respondent, offeror, contractor and any affiliated person or entity. Disclosure shall include at least the names and addresses of the contributors and the dollar amounts of any contributions to any political committee made within the previous 2 years. The

- 1 disclosure must be submitted to the Gaming Board with a copy of
- 2 the contract.
- 3 (c) As used in this Section:
- 4 "Contribution" means contribution as defined in Section
- 5 9-1.4 of the Election Code.
- "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership 6
- interest or distributive share of the bidding, responding, or 7
- contracting entity in excess of 1%, (ii) executive employees of 8
- 9 the bidding, responding, or contracting entity, and (iii) the
- 10 spouse and minor children of any such persons.
- 11 "Affiliated entity" means (i) any parent or subsidiary of
- the bidding or contracting entity, (ii) any member of the same 12
- 13 unitary business group, or (iii) any political committee for
- which the bidding, responding, or contracting entity is the 14
- 15 sponsoring entity.
- 16 (d) The Gaming Board may direct the Authority or a casino
- operator licensee to void a contract if a violation of this 17
- Section occurs. The Authority may direct a casino operator 18
- 19 licensee to void a contract if a violation of this Section
- 20 occurs.
- 21 Section 1-115. Purchasing.
- 22 (a) All construction contracts and contracts for supplies,
- 23 materials, equipment, and services, when the cost thereof to
- 24 the Authority exceeds \$25,000, shall be let by a competitive
- 25 selection process to the lowest responsible proposer, after

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- advertising for proposals, except for the following: 1
- (1) When repair parts, accessories, equipment, or 2 3 services are required for equipment or services previously furnished or contracted for; 4
  - (2) Professional services;
  - (3) When services such as water, light, heat, power, telephone (other than long-distance service), or telegraph are required;
  - (4) When contracts for the use, purchase, delivery, movement, or installation of data processing equipment, software, or services and telecommunications equipment, software, and services are required;
  - (5) Casino management contracts, which shall be awarded as set forth in Section 1-45 of this Act;
  - (6) Contracts where there is only one economically feasible source; and
  - When a purchase is needed on an immediate, emergency basis because there exists a threat to public health or public safety, or when immediate expenditure is necessary for repairs to Authority property in order to protect against further loss of or damage to Authority property, to prevent or minimize serious disruption in Authority services or to ensure the integrity of Authority records.
  - (b) All contracts involving less than \$25,000 shall be let by competitive selection process whenever possible, and in any

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1 event in a manner calculated to ensure the best interests of 2 the public.

- (c) In determining the responsibility of any proposer, the Authority may take into account the proposer's having a beneficial interest, directly individual indirectly, of more than 1% in such proposing entity) past dealings with the Authority, the proposer's record of experience, adequacy of equipment, and ability to complete performance within the time set, and other factors besides financial responsibility. No such contract shall be awarded to any proposer other than the lowest proposer (in case of purchase or expenditure) unless authorized or approved by a vote of at least 2 members of the Board and such action is accompanied by a written statement setting forth the reasons for not awarding the contract to the highest or lowest proposer, as the case may be. The statement shall be kept on file in the principal office of the Authority and open to public inspection.
- The Authority shall have the right to reject all proposals and to re-advertise for proposals. If after any such re-advertisement, no responsible and satisfactory proposals, within the terms of the re-advertisement, is received, the Authority may award such contract without competitive selection, provided that the Gaming Board must approve the contract prior to its execution. The contract must not be less advantageous to the Authority than any valid proposal received

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pursuant to advertisement.

- (e) Advertisements for proposals and re-proposals shall be published at least once in a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the City at least 10 calendar days before the time for receiving proposals and in an online bulletin published the Authority's website. on advertisements shall state the time and place for receiving and opening of proposals and, by reference to plans specifications on file at the time of the first publication or in the advertisement itself, shall describe the character of the proposed contract in sufficient detail to fully advise prospective proposers of their obligations and to ensure free and open competitive selection.
- (f) All proposals in response to advertisements shall be sealed and shall be publicly opened by the Authority. All proposers shall be entitled to be present in person or by representatives. Cash or a certified or satisfactory cashier's check, as a deposit of good faith, in a reasonable amount to be fixed by the Authority before advertising for proposals, shall be required with the proposal. A bond for faithful performance of the contract with surety or sureties satisfactory to the Authority and adequate insurance may be required in reasonable amounts to be fixed by the Authority before advertising for proposals.
- (g) The contract shall be awarded as promptly as possible after the opening of proposals. The proposal of the successful

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1 proposer, as well as the bids of the unsuccessful proposers, 2 shall be placed on file and be open to public inspection 3 subject to the exemptions from disclosure provided under 4 Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act. All proposals 5 shall be void if any disclosure of the terms of any proposals 6 in response to an advertisement is made or permitted to be made by the Authority before the time fixed for opening proposals. 7

(h) Notice of each and every contract that is offered, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in an online bulletin. The online bulletin must include at least the date first offered, the date submission of offers is due, the location that offers are to be submitted to, a brief purchase description, the method of source selection, information of how to obtain a comprehensive purchase description and any disclosure and contract forms, encouragement to prospective vendors to hire qualified defined by Section 45-67 of the Illinois veterans, as Procurement Code, and Illinois residents discharged from any Illinois adult correctional center subject to Gaming Board licensing and eligibility rules. Notice of each and every contract that is let or awarded, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in the online bulletin and must include at least all of the information specified in this item (h), as well as the name of the successful responsible proposer or offeror, the contract price, and the number of unsuccessful responsive proposers and

- 1 any other disclosure specified in this Section. This notice
- must be posted in the online electronic bulletin prior to 2
- execution of the contract. 3

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- 4 Section 1-130. Affirmative action and equal opportunity 5 obligations of Authority.
- (a) The Authority is subject to the requirements of Article 6 7 IV of Chapter 2-92 (Sections 2-92-650 through 2-92-720 8 inclusive) of the Chicago Municipal Code, as now or hereafter 9 amended, renumbered, or succeeded, concerning a Minority-Owned 10 and Women-Owned Business Enterprise Procurement Program for construction contracts, and Section 2-92-420 et seq. of the 11 12 Chicago Municipal Code, as now or hereafter 13 renumbered, or succeeded, concerning a Minority-Owned and 14 Women-Owned Business Enterprise Procurement Program 15 determine the status of a firm as a Minority Business Enterprise for city procurement purposes. 16
  - (b) The Authority is authorized to enter into agreements with contractors' associations, labor unions, and contractors working on the development of the casino to establish an apprenticeship preparedness training program to provide for an increase in the number of minority and female journeymen and apprentices in the building trades and to enter into agreements with community college districts or other public or private institutions to provide readiness training. The Authority is further authorized to enter into contracts

- with public and private educational institutions and persons in
- 2 the gaming, entertainment, hospitality, and tourism industries
- 3 to provide training for employment in those industries.

4 Section 1-140. Home rule. The regulation and licensing of 5 casinos and casino gaming, casino gaming facilities, and casino operator licensees under this Act are exclusive powers and 6 7 functions of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate or 8 license casinos, casino gaming, casino gaming facilities, or 9 casino operator licensees under this Act, except as provided under this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of home 10 rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of 11 12 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

13 ARTICLE 90.

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Section 90-1. Findings. The General Assembly makes all of the following findings:

- (1) That more than 50 municipalities and 5 counties have opted out of video gaming legislation that was enacted by the 96th General Assembly as Public Act 96-34, and revenues for the State's newly approved capital construction program are on track to fall short of projections.
- 22 (2) That these shortfalls could postpone much-needed 23 road construction, school construction, and other

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- infrastructure improvements. 1
  - (3) That the State likely will wait a year or more, until video gaming is licensed, organized, and online, to realize meaningful revenue from the program.
  - (4) That a significant infusion of new revenue is necessary to ensure that those projects, which are fundamental to the State's economic recovery, proceed as planned.
  - (5) That the decline of the Illinois horse racing and breeding program, a \$2.5 billion industry, would be reversed if this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly would be enacted.
  - (6) That the Illinois horse racing industry is on the verge of extinction due to fierce competition from fully developed horse racing and gaming operations in other states.
  - (7) That Illinois lawmakers agreed in 1999 to earmark 15% of the forthcoming 10th casino's revenue for horse racing; the State's horse racing industry has never seen a penny of that revenue because the 10th casino has yet to open.
  - (8) That allowing the State's horse racing venues, currently licensed gaming destinations, to maximize their capacities with gaming machines, would generate up to \$120 million to \$200 million for the State in the form of extra licensing fees, plus an additional \$100 million to \$300

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1 million in recurring annual tax revenue for the State to help ensure that school, road, and other building projects 2 3 promised under the capital plan occur on schedule.

- (9) That Illinois agriculture and other businesses that support and supply the horse racing industry, already a sector that employs over 37,000 Illinoisans, also stand to substantially benefit and would be much more likely to create additional jobs should Illinois horse racing once again become competitive with other states.
- (10) That by keeping these projects on track, the State can be sure that significant job and economic growth will in fact result from the previously enacted legislation.
- That gaming machines at Illinois horse racing tracks would create an estimated 1,200 to 1,500 permanent jobs, and an estimated capital investment of up to \$200 million to \$400 million at these race tracks would prompt additional trade organization jobs necessary to construct new facilities or remodel race tracks to operate electronic gaming.
- 20 Section 90-3. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act 21 is amended by changing Section 5-45 as follows:
- 22 (5 ILCS 430/5-45)
- 23 Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.
- 24 (a) No former officer, member, or State employee, or spouse

- or immediate family member living with such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the officer, member, or State employee, during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment, participated personally and substantially in the award of State contracts, or the issuance of State contract change orders, with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more to the person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.
  - (b) No former officer of the executive branch or State employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the officer or State employee, during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment, participated personally and substantially in making a regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.
  - (c) Within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, each executive branch constitutional officer and legislative leader, the Auditor General, and the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall adopt a policy delineating which State positions

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1 under his or her jurisdiction and control, by the nature of their duties, may have the authority to participate personally 2 3 and substantially in the award of State contracts or in 4 regulatory or licensing decisions. The Governor shall adopt 5 such a policy for all State employees of the executive branch 6 not under the jurisdiction and control of any other executive branch constitutional officer. 7

The policies required under subsection (c) of this Section shall be filed with the appropriate ethics commission established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with the Office of the Auditor General.

- (d) Each Inspector General shall have the authority to determine that additional State positions under his or her jurisdiction, not otherwise subject to the policies required by subsection (c) of this Section, are nonetheless subject to the notification requirement of subsection (f) below due to their involvement in the award of State contracts or in regulatory or licensing decisions.
- (e) The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, the Auditor General, and each of the executive branch constitutional officers and legislative leaders subject to subsection (C) of this Section shall provide notification to all employees in positions subject to the policies required by subsection (c) or a determination made under subsection (d): (1) upon hiring, promotion, or transfer into the relevant position; and (2) at the time the employee's

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duties are changed in such a way as to qualify that employee.

2 An employee receiving notification must certify in writing that

3 the person was advised of the prohibition and the requirement

to notify the appropriate Inspector General in subsection (f).

(f) Any State employee in a position subject to the policies required by subsection (c) or to a determination under subsection (d), but who does not fall within the prohibition of subsection (h) below, who is offered non-State employment during State employment or within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment shall, prior to accepting such non-State employment, notify the appropriate Inspector General. Within 10 calendar days after receiving notification from an employee in a position subject to the policies required by subsection (c), such Inspector General shall make a determination as to whether the State employee is restricted from accepting such employment by subsection (a) or (b). In making a determination, in addition to any other relevant information, an Inspector General shall assess the effect of the prospective employment or relationship upon decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. A determination by an Inspector General must be in writing, signed and dated by the Inspector General, and delivered to the subject of the determination within 10 calendar days or the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity. For purposes of this

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subsection, "appropriate Inspector General" means (i) for employees of the members and legislative branch. the Legislative Inspector General; (ii) for the Auditor General and employees of the Office of the Auditor General, the Inspector General provided for in Section 30-5 of this Act; and (iii) for executive branch officers and employees, the Inspector General having jurisdiction over the officer or employee. Notice of any determination of an Inspector General and of any such appeal shall be given to the ultimate jurisdictional authority, the Attorney General, and the Executive Ethics Commission.

Inspector General's determination regarding (a) An restrictions under subsection (a) or (b) may be appealed to the appropriate Ethics Commission by the person subject to the decision or the Attorney General no later than the 10th calendar day after the date of the determination.

On appeal, the Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall seek, accept, and consider written public comments regarding a determination. In deciding whether to uphold an Inspector General's determination, the appropriate Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall assess, in addition to any other relevant information, the effect of the prospective employment or relationship upon the decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. The Ethics Commission shall decide whether to uphold an Inspector General's determination within 10 calendar days or

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- 1 the person is deemed eliqible for the employment opportunity.
  - (h) The following officers, members, or State employees shall not, within a period of one year immediately after termination of office or State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the person or entity or its parent or subsidiary, during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment, was a party to a State contract or contracts with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more involving the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, or was the subject of a regulatory or licensing decision involving the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, regardless of whether he or she participated personally and substantially in the award of the State contract or contracts or the making of the regulatory or licensing decision in question:
    - (1) members or officers;
    - (2) members of a commission or board created by the Illinois Constitution;
    - (3) persons whose appointment to office is subject to the advice and consent of the Senate;
      - (4) the head of a department, commission, board, division, bureau, authority, or other administrative unit within the government of this State;
    - (5) chief procurement officers, State purchasing officers, and their designees whose duties are directly related to State procurement; and

- 1 (6) chiefs of staff, deputy chiefs of staff, associate chiefs of staff, assistant chiefs of staff, and deputy 2 3 governors; -
  - (7) employees of the Illinois Racing Board; and
- 5 (8) employees of the Illinois Gaming Board.
- (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09.) 6
- Section 90-5. The Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and 7
- 8 Dependency Act is amended by changing Section 5-20 as follows:
- 9 (20 ILCS 301/5-20)
- Sec. 5-20. Compulsive gambling program. 10
- 11 Subject to appropriation, the Department
- 12 establish a program for public education, research,
- 13 training regarding problem and compulsive gambling and the
- 14 treatment and prevention of problem and compulsive gambling.
- Subject to specific appropriation for these stated purposes, 15
- the program must include all of the following: 16
- 17 (1) Establishment and maintenance of a toll-free "800"
- 18 telephone number to provide crisis counseling and referral
- 19 services to families experiencing difficulty as a result of
- 20 problem or compulsive gambling.
- 21 Promotion of public awareness regarding (2)
- 22 recognition and prevention of problem and compulsive
- 23 gambling.
- 24 (3) Facilitation, through in-service training

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- 1 other means, of the availability of effective assistance programs for problem and compulsive gamblers. 2
- Conducting studies to identify adults 3 (4)4 juveniles in this State who are, or who are at risk of 5 becoming, problem or compulsive gamblers.
  - (b) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall either establish and maintain the program or contract with a private or public entity for the establishment and maintenance of the program. Subject to appropriation, either the Department or the private or public entity shall implement the toll-free telephone number, promote public awareness, and conduct training concerning problem and in-service compulsive gambling.
    - (c) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall produce and supply the signs specified in Section 10.7 of the Illinois Lottery Law, Section 34.1 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, Section 4.3 of the Bingo License and Tax Act, Section 8.1 of the Charitable Games Act, and Section 13.1 of the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 89-374, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)
- 21 Section 90-7. The Department of Commerce and Economic 22 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 605-530 as follows: 23

1	Sec. 605-530. The Depressed Communities Economic
2	Development Board.
3	(a) The Depressed Communities Economic Development Board
4	is created as an advisory board within the Department of
5	Commerce and Economic Opportunity. The Board shall consist of 8
6	<pre>members as follows:</pre>
7	(1) One member appointed by the President of the Senate
8	to serve an initial term of 2 years.
9	(2) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the
10	Senate to serve an initial term of one year.
11	(3) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House of
12	Representatives to serve an initial term of 2 years.
13	(4) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the
14	House of Representatives to serve an initial term of one
15	<u>year.</u>
16	(5) Four members appointed by the Governor, 2 of whom
17	are appointed to serve an initial term of one year and 2 of
18	whom are appointed to serve an initial term of 2 years with
19	one being designated as chair of the Board at the time of
20	appointment.
21	After the initial terms, each member shall be appointed to
22	serve a term of 2 years and until his or her successor has been
23	appointed and assumes office. If a vacancy occurs in the Board
24	membership, then the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner
25	as the initial appointment. No member of the Board shall, at
26	the time of his or her appointment or within 2 years before the

- 1 appointment, hold elected office or be appointed to a State
- board, commission, or agency. All Board members are subject to 2
- 3 the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- 4 (b) Board members shall serve without compensation, but may
- 5 be reimbursed for their reasonable travel expenses from funds
- available for that purpose. The Department of Commerce and 6
- Economic Opportunity shall provide staff and administrative 7
- 8 support services to the Board.
- 9 (c) The Board must make recommendations, which must be
- 10 approved by a majority of the Board, to the Department of
- 11 Commerce and Economic Opportunity concerning the award of
- 12 grants from amounts appropriated to the Department from the
- 13 Depressed Communities Economic Development Fund, a special
- 14 fund created in the State treasury. The Department must make
- 15 grants to public or private entities submitting proposals to
- 16 the Board to revitalize an Illinois depressed community. Grants
- may be used by these entities only for those purposes 17
- conditioned with the grant. For the purposes of this subsection 18
- 19 (c), plans for revitalizing an Illinois depressed community
- 20 include plans intended to curb high levels of poverty,
- unemployment, job and population loss, and general distress. An 21
- 22 Illinois depressed community is an area where the poverty rate,
- 23 as determined by using the most recent data released by the
- 24 United States Census Bureau, is at least 3% greater than the
- 25 State poverty rate as determined by using the most recent data
- 26 released by the United States Census Bureau.

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- Section 90-10. The Department of Revenue Law of the Civil
  Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section
  2505-305 as follows:
- 4 (20 ILCS 2505/2505-305) (was 20 ILCS 2505/39b15.1)
  5 Sec. 2505-305. Investigators.
- 6 (a) The Department has the power to appoint investigators
  7 to conduct all investigations, searches, seizures, arrests,
  8 and other duties imposed under the provisions of any law
  9 administered by the Department. Except as provided in
  10 subsection (c), these investigators have and may exercise all
  11 the powers of peace officers solely for the purpose of

enforcing taxing measures administered by the Department.

- (b) The Director must authorize to each investigator employed under this Section and to any other employee of the Department exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly states that the badge is authorized by the Department and (ii) contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be authorized by the Department.
- (c) The Department may enter into agreements with the Illinois Gaming Board providing that investigators appointed under this Section shall exercise the peace officer powers set forth in paragraph (20.6) of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 2 Section 90-12. The Illinois State Auditing Act is amended
- 3 by changing Section 3-1 as follows:
- (30 ILCS 5/3-1) (from Ch. 15, par. 303-1) 4
- Sec. 3-1. Jurisdiction of Auditor General. The Auditor 5
- 6 General has jurisdiction over all State agencies to make post
- 7 audits and investigations authorized by or under this Act or
- 8 the Constitution.
- 9 The Auditor General has jurisdiction over local government
- agencies and private agencies only: 10
- 11 (a) to make such post audits authorized by or under
- 12 this Act as are necessary and incidental to a post audit of
- 13 a State agency or of a program administered by a State
- 14 agency involving public funds of the State, but this
- jurisdiction does not include any authority to review local 15
- 16 governmental agencies in the obligation, receipt,
- 17 expenditure or use of public funds of the State that are
- 18 granted without limitation or condition imposed by law,
- other than the general limitation that such funds be used 19
- 20 for public purposes;
- 21 (b) to make investigations authorized by or under this
- 22 Act or the Constitution; and
- 2.3 (c) to make audits of the records of local government
- 24 agencies to verify actual costs of state-mandated programs

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1 when directed to do so by the Legislative Audit Commission at the request of the State Board of Appeals under the 2 3 State Mandates Act.

In addition to the foregoing, the Auditor General may conduct an audit of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority, the Regional Transportation Authority, the Suburban Bus Division, the Commuter Rail Division and the Chicago Transit Authority and any other subsidized carrier when authorized by the Legislative Audit Commission. Such audit may be a financial, management or program audit, or any combination thereof.

The audit shall determine whether they are operating in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Subject to the limitations of this Act, the Legislative Audit Commission may by resolution specify additional determinations to be included in the scope of the audit.

In addition to the foregoing, the Auditor General must also conduct a financial audit of the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority's expenditures of public funds in connection with the reconstruction, renovation, remodeling, extension, improvement of all or substantially all of any existing "facility", as that term is defined in the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act.

The Auditor General may also conduct an audit, authorized by the Legislative Audit Commission, of any hospital which receives 10% or more of its gross revenues from payments

- 1 from the State of Illinois, Department of Healthcare and Family
- 2 Services (formerly Department of Public Aid),
- 3 Assistance Program.
- 4 The Auditor General is authorized to conduct financial and
- 5 compliance audits of the Illinois Distance Learning Foundation
- and the Illinois Conservation Foundation. 6
- As soon as practical after the effective date of this 7
- 8 amendatory Act of 1995, the Auditor General shall conduct a
- 9 compliance and management audit of the City of Chicago and any
- 10 other entity with regard to the operation of Chicago O'Hare
- 11 International Airport, Chicago Midway Airport and Merrill C.
- Meigs Field. The audit shall include, but not be limited to, an 12
- 13 examination of revenues, expenses, and transfers of funds;
- purchasing and contracting policies and practices; staffing 14
- 15 levels; and hiring practices and procedures. When completed,
- 16 the audit required by this paragraph shall be distributed in
- accordance with Section 3-14. 17
- 18 Auditor General shall conduct a financial and
- 19 compliance and program audit of distributions from the
- 20 Municipal Economic Development Fund during the immediately
- preceding calendar year pursuant to Section 8-403.1 of the 21
- 22 Public Utilities Act at no cost to the city, village, or
- 23 incorporated town that received the distributions.
- 24 The Auditor General must conduct an audit of the Health
- 25 Facilities and Services Review Board pursuant to Section 19.5
- 26 of the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act.

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1 The Auditor General must conduct an audit of the Chicago Casino Development Authority pursuant to Section 1-60 of the 2 3 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act.

The Auditor General of the State of Illinois shall annually conduct or cause to be conducted a financial and compliance audit of the books and records of any county water commission organized pursuant to the Water Commission Act of 1985 and shall file a copy of the report of that audit with the Governor and the Legislative Audit Commission. The filed audit shall be open to the public for inspection. The cost of the audit shall be charged to the county water commission in accordance with Section 6z-27 of the State Finance Act. The county water commission shall make available to the Auditor General its books and records and any other documentation, whether in the possession of its trustees or other parties, necessary to conduct the audit required. These audit requirements apply only through July 1, 2007.

The Auditor General must conduct audits of the Rend Lake Conservancy District as provided in Section 25.5 of the River Conservancy Districts Act.

The Auditor General must conduct financial audits of the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority provided in Section 70 of the Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority Act.

The Auditor General shall conduct a compliance audit in accordance with subsections (d) and (f) of Section 30 of the

- 1 Innovation Development and Economy Act.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-31, eff. 6-30-09;
- 3 96-939, eff. 6-24-10.)
- 4 Section 90-15. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- Sections 5.786, 5.787, 5.788, and 6z-79 and by changing Section 5
- 6z-77 as follows: 6
- 7 (30 ILCS 105/5.786 new)
- 8 Sec. 5.786. The State and County Fair Assistance Fund.
- 9 (30 ILCS 105/5.787 new)
- 10 Sec. 5.787. The Depressed Communities Economic Development
- 11 Fund.
- 12 (30 ILCS 105/5.788 new)
- Sec. 5.788. The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. 13
- 14 (30 ILCS 105/6z-77)
- 15 Sec. 6z-77. The Capital Projects Fund.
- (a) The Capital Projects Fund is created as a special fund 16
- 17 in the State Treasury. The State Comptroller and State
- 18 Treasurer shall transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the
- 19 General Revenue Fund \$61,294,550 on October 1, 2009,
- 20 \$122,589,100 on January 1, 2010, and \$61,294,550 on April 1,
- 2010. Beginning on July 1, 2010, and on July 1 and January 1 of 21

1 each year thereafter, the State Comptroller and State Treasurer

shall transfer the sum of \$122,589,100 from the Capital 2

3 Projects Fund to the General Revenue Fund.

4 (b) Subject to appropriation, the Capital Projects Fund may

5 be used only for capital projects and the payment of debt

6 service on bonds issued for capital projects. All interest

earned on moneys in the Fund shall be deposited into the Fund.

The Fund shall not be subject to administrative charges or

chargebacks, such as but not limited to those authorized under

Section 8h.

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(c) Annually, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget shall determine if revenues deposited into the Fund in the fiscal year are expected to exceed the amount needed in the fiscal year for capital projects and the payment of debt service on bonds issued for capital projects. If any such excess amount exists, then on April 1 or as soon thereafter as practical, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget shall certify such amount, accompanied by a description of the process by which the amount was calculated, to the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer. Within 15 days after the receipt of the certification required by this subsection (c), the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer that amount from the Capital Projects Fund to the Education Assistance Fund, except that the amount transferred to the Education Assistance Fund pursuant to this subsection (c) shall not exceed the estimated amount of revenues that will be

- 1 deposited into the Fund pursuant to Sections 12 and 13 of the
- Illinois Gambling Act in the fiscal year. 2
- (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.) 3
- 4 (30 ILCS 105/6z-79 new)
- 5 Sec. 6z-79. The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund.
- 6 (a) The Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund is created as a
- 7 special fund in the State treasury.
- 8 (b) Twenty-five percent of revenues in the Fund shall be
- 9 transferred to the Capital Projects Fund for capital projects.
- 10 The remaining 75% of revenues in the Fund shall be used,
- subject to appropriation, by the Comptroller solely for the 11
- 12 purpose of payment of vouchers that are outstanding for more
- 13 than 60 days. Whenever practical, the Comptroller must
- 14 prioritize voucher payments for expenses related to medical
- 15 assistance under the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Children's
- Health Insurance Program Act, the Covering ALL KIDS Health 16
- Insurance Act, and the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons 17
- 18 Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act.
- 19 (c) The Fund shall consist of fee revenues received
- pursuant to subsections (e-5) and (e-10) of Section 7 and 20
- 21 subsections (b) and (c) of Section 7.6 of the Illinois Gambling
- Act. All interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall be 22
- 23 deposited into the Fund.
- 24 (d) The Fund shall not be subject to administrative charges
- 25 or chargebacks, including, but not limited to, those authorized

## under subsection (h) of Section 8 of this Act. 1

- Section 90-20. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 2
- 3 changing Section 201 as follows:
- (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201) 4
- 5 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.
- 6 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
- 7 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for
- 8 each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege
- 9 of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this
- State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or 10
- 11 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal
- 12 corporation or political subdivision thereof.
- 13 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
- 14 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
- subsection (d-1): 15
- (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for 16
- taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal 17
- 18 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
- 19 year.
- 20 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
- 21 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
- 22 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
- 23 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
- 24 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)

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- 1 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3. 2
  - (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
    - (4) (Blank).
    - (5) (Blank).
  - (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
  - (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.
  - (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
  - (b-5) Surcharge; sale or exchange of assets, properties, and intangibles of electronic gaming licensees. For each of taxable years 2010 through 2019, a surcharge is imposed on all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets, depreciable business property, real property

1	used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles (i)
2	of an organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act
3	of 1975 and (ii) of an electronic gaming licensee under the
4	Illinois Gambling Act. The amount of the surcharge is equal to
5	the amount of federal income tax liability for the taxable year
6	attributable to those sales and exchanges. The surcharge
7	<pre>imposed shall not apply if:</pre>
8	(1) the electronic gaming license, organization
9	license, or race track property is transferred as a result
10	of any of the following:
11	(A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt
12	adjustment initiated by or against the initial
13	licensee or the substantial owners of the initial
14	<u>licensee;</u>
15	(B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of
16	any such license by the Illinois Gaming Board or the
17	Illinois Racing Board;
18	(C) a determination by the Illinois Gaming Board
19	that transfer of the license is in the best interests
20	of Illinois gaming;
21	(D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in
22	a licensee;
23	(E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in
24	the stock or substantially all of the assets of a
25	<pre>publicly traded company;</pre>
26	(F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly

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- (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to another person where both persons were initial owners of the license when the license was issued.
- (2) the controlling interest in the electronic gaming license, organization license, or race track property is transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized.
- The transfer of an electronic gaming license, organization license, or race track property by a person other than the initial licensee to receive the electronic gaming license is not subject to a surcharge. The Department shall adopt rules necessary to implement and administer this subsection.
- Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by

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- 1 this State or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof. 2
- (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 3 4 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax 5 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section 6 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall 7 8 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 9 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 10 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 11 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 12 13 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 14 for the taxable year.
  - (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except for purposes of this determination premiums reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not

increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed		
under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act,		
shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed		
on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for		
the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of		
domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes		
and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign		
insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits		
allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such		
income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the		
purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes		
a mutual insurer under common management.		

- (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:
  - (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all credits allowed under this Act, plus
  - (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for

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1 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in 2 3 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d). 4

> (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i) has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by subsection (d).

This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

- (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for investment in qualified property.
- (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records

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filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year other than the year in which the property was placed in service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments

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which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an enterprise zone established pursuant to the Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by and Community Department of Commerce Affairs (now and Economic Opportunity) Department of Commerce complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first.

- The term "qualified property" means (2) which:
  - (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings and

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signs that are real property, but not including land or improvements to real property that are not a structural component of a building such as landscaping, sewer lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances;

- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (e);
- (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act; and
- (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for the credit provided by this subsection (e) subsection (f).
- purposes of this (3) For subsection (e), "manufacturing" means the material staging and production of tangible personal property by procedures commonly regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or

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assembling which changes some existing material into new shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for resale, or services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible personal property" has the same meaning as when that term is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not include the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.

- (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to

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be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

- (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law, the basis of qualified property shall not include costs incurred after December 31, 2013, except for costs incurred pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before December 31, 2013.
- (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the credits to which the partnership is entitled under this subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this

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Section. If the partnership makes that election, those credits shall be allocated among the partners in the partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits shall be irrevocable.

For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S corporation, determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge Redevelopment Zone.

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(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified property which is placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone partners, shareholders of Subchapter corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability

as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and
applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years
following the excess credit year. The credit shall be
applied to the earliest year for which there is a
liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year
that is available to offset a liability, the credit
accruing first in time shall be applied first.

- (2) The term qualified property means property which:
- (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;
- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (f);
- (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and
- (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for the credit provided by this subsection (f) or subsection (e).
- (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.

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- (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.
  - (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal

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to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in taxable year service during the in а River Edae Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

- (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
  - (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of

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_	500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during
2	he taxable year.

- (2) To qualify for the credit:
- (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;
- (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond the total employed in that zone at the end of the previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is later: and
- (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for purposes of this subsection.
- (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:
- (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services" pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training

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Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

- (B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or business was located in that zone, whichever is later.
- (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if his services are rendered there or it is the base of operations for the services performed.
- (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours per week.
- (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately following the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one

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1 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier 2 credit shall be applied first.

- (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection (g).
- The credit shall be available for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.
- (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.
- (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) (b) of this Section for investment in qualified property which is placed in service by a Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the minimum investments in qualified property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The

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credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the taxable year in which such investments have been completed. The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and reflect existing law.

- (2) The term qualified property means property which:
  - (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including

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1	buildings and structural components of buildings;
2	(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
3	Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
4	as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
5	eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
6	(h);
7	(C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
8	179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
9	(D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
10	Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
11	Section.
12	(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
13	used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
14	income tax purposes.
15	(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
16	depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
17	in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
18	Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
19	such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
20	the date of such increase in basis.
21	(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
22	meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before

December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified

property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months

after being placed in service, or the situs of any

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qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis qualified property resulting of from redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

- (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).
- (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit

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1 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and 2 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 3 4 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 5 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 6 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 7 8 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first.

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax

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1 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by 2 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 3 4 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 5 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed. 6

Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in

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the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 2003.

(k) Research and development credit.

For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this be determined in accordance with subsection to determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 1 Code.

For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal credit for increasing research activities which would be allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State" means the excess of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being made.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003, and no credit may be carried forward to any taxable year ending on or after January 1, 2011.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest

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year will be applied first against the tax liability for the given year. If a tax liability for the given year still remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

## (1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

(i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the recorded under and Section 58.10 Agency the

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Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control adopted pursuant Board rules are to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 58.9 enforcement of Section of the Environmental Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the

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Community Affairs Department of Commerce and (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in determination with the ofdistributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the

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transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

- (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the Environmental Protection Act.
- (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

24 For purposes of this subsection:

> "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of

- 1 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is
- sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is 2
- 3 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through
- 4 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in
- 5 this subsection.
- 6 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on
- behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, 7
- 8 book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is
- 9 enrolled during the regular school year.
- 10 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or
- 11 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title
- VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which 12
- 13 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code,
- 14 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to
- 15 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for
- 16 the credit under this Section.
- "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 17
- Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 18
- quardian, or the legal quardians of the qualifying pupils. 19
- 20 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax
- credit. 21
- 22 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006,
- 23 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
- 24 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
- 25 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation
- 26 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of

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this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eliqible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue

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Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be

- 1 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).
- (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" 2
- shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the 3
- 4 Environmental Protection Act.
- 5 (iv) This subsection is exempt from the provisions of
- Section 250. 6
- (Source: P.A. 95-454, eff. 8-27-07; 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 7
- 96-116, eff. 7-31-09; 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 8
- 9 7-2-10.)
- 10 Section 90-23. The Property Tax Code is amended by adding
- Section 15-144 as follows: 11
- 12 (35 ILCS 200/15-144 new)
- 13 Sec. 15-144. Chicago Casino Development Authority. All
- 14 property owned by the Chicago Casino Development Authority is
- exempt. Any property owned by the Chicago Casino Development 15
- Authority and leased to an entity that is not exempt shall 16
- 17 remain exempt so long as it is used for a public purpose.
- Section 90-25. The Joliet Regional Port District Act is 18
- 19 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:
- 20 (70 ILCS 1825/5.1) (from Ch. 19, par. 255.1)
- 21 Sec. 5.1. Riverboat and casino gambling. Notwithstanding
- 22 any other provision of this Act, the District may not regulate

- 1 the operation, conduct, or navigation of any riverboat gambling
- casino licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, and 2
- the District may not license, tax, or otherwise levy any 3
- 4 assessment of any kind on any riverboat gambling casino
- 5 licensed under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. The General
- 6 Assembly declares that the powers to regulate the operation,
- conduct, and navigation of riverboat gambling casinos and to 7
- 8 license, tax, and levy assessments upon riverboat gambling
- 9 casinos are exclusive powers of the State of Illinois and the
- 10 Illinois Gaming Board as provided in the Illinois Riverboat
- 11 Gambling Act.
- (Source: P.A. 87-1175.) 12
- 13 Section 90-30. The Consumer Installment Loan Act is amended
- 14 by changing Section 12.5 as follows:
- (205 ILCS 670/12.5) 15
- 16 Sec. 12.5. Limited purpose branch.
- (a) Upon the written approval of the Director, a licensee 17
- 18 may maintain a limited purpose branch for the sole purpose of
- 19 making loans as permitted by this Act. A limited purpose branch
- 20 may include an automatic loan machine. No other activity shall
- 21 be conducted at the site, including but not limited to,
- 22 accepting payments, servicing the accounts, or collections.
- 23 (b) The licensee must submit an application for a limited
- 24 purpose branch to the Director on forms prescribed by the

- 1 Director with an application fee of \$300. The approval for the
- 2 limited purpose branch must be renewed concurrently with the
- 3 renewal of the licensee's license along with a renewal fee of
- 4 \$300 for the limited purpose branch.
- 5 (c) The books, accounts, records, and files of the limited
- purpose branch's transactions shall be maintained at the 6
- licensee's licensed location. The licensee shall notify the 7
- 8 Director of the licensed location at which the books, accounts,
- records, and files shall be maintained. 9
- 10 (d) The licensee shall prominently display at the limited
- 11 purpose branch the address and telephone number of the
- licensee's licensed location. 12
- 13 (e) No other business shall be conducted at the site of the
- 14 limited purpose branch unless authorized by the Director.
- 15 (f) The Director shall make and enforce reasonable rules
- 16 for the conduct of a limited purpose branch.
- 17 (g) A limited purpose branch may not be located within
- 18 1,000 feet of a facility operated by an inter-track wagering
- 19 licensee or an organization licensee subject to the Illinois
- 20 Horse Racing Act of 1975, on a riverboat or in a casino subject
- to the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, or within 1,000 feet of 21
- 22 the location at which the riverboat docks or within 1,000 feet
- 23 of a casino.
- (Source: P.A. 90-437, eff. 1-1-98.) 24
- 25 Section 90-35. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is

- amended by changing Sections 1.2, 3.11, 3.12, 6, 9, 15, 15.1, 1
- 18, 19, 20, 24, 26, 27, 28, 28.1, 30, 30.5, 31, 31.1, 32.1, 36, 2
- and 40 and by adding Sections 3.31, 3.32, 3.33, 3.35, 3.36, 3
- 4 34.3, and 56 as follows:
- 5 (230 ILCS 5/1.2)
- Sec. 1.2. Legislative intent. This Act is intended to 6
- 7 benefit the people of the State of Illinois by encouraging the
- 8 breeding and production of race horses, assisting economic
- 9 development and promoting Illinois tourism. The General
- 10 Assembly finds and declares it to be the public policy of the
- State of Illinois to: 11
- 12 (a) support and enhance Illinois' horse racing industry,
- 13 which is a significant component within the agribusiness
- 14 industry;
- (b) ensure that Illinois' horse racing industry remains 15
- 16 competitive with neighboring states;
- 17 stimulate growth within Illinois' horse
- industry, thereby encouraging new investment and development 18
- 19 to produce additional tax revenues and to create additional
- 20 jobs;
- 21 (d) promote the further growth of tourism;
- 22 the breeding of (e) encourage thoroughbred and
- 23 standardbred horses in this State; and
- 24 (f) ensure that public confidence and trust in the
- 25 credibility and integrity of racing operations the

- 1 regulatory process is maintained.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 3 (230 ILCS 5/3.11) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.11)
- 4 3.11. "Organization Licensee" means any person
- 5 receiving an organization license from the Board to conduct a
- race meeting or meetings. With respect only to electronic 6
- gaming, "organization licensee" includes the authorization for 7
- 8 an electronic gaming license under subsection (a) of Section 56
- 9 of this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 79-1185.) 10
- 11 (230 ILCS 5/3.12) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-3.12)
- Sec. 3.12. Pari-mutuel system of wagering. "Pari-mutuel 12
- 13 system of wagering" means a form of wagering on the outcome of
- 14 horse races in which wagers are made in various denominations
- 15 on a horse or horses and all wagers for each race are pooled
- 16 and held by a licensee for distribution in a manner approved by
- the Board. "Pari-mutuel system of wagering" shall not include 17
- 18 wagering on historic races. Wagers may be placed via any method
- 19 or at any location authorized under this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 96-762, eff. 8-25-09.) 20
- 21 (230 ILCS 5/3.31 new)
- 22 Sec. 3.31. Adjusted gross receipts. "Adjusted gross
- receipts" means the gross receipts less winnings paid to 23

- 1 wagerers.
- 2 (230 ILCS 5/3.32 new)
- 3 Sec. 3.32. Gross receipts. "Gross receipts" means the total
- 4 amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or
- 5 electronic cards by riverboat or casino patrons or electronic
- 6 gaming patrons.
- 7 (230 ILCS 5/3.33 new)
- 8 Sec. 3.33. Electronic gaming. "Electronic gaming" means
- 9 slot machine gambling, video game of chance gambling, or
- gambling with electronic gambling games as defined in the 10
- 11 Illinois Gambling Act or defined by the Illinois Gaming Board
- 12 that is conducted at a race track pursuant to an electronic
- 13 gaming license.
- (230 ILCS 5/3.35 new)14
- Sec. 3.35. Electronic gaming license. "Electronic gaming 15
- license" means a license issued by the Illinois Gaming Board 16
- 17 under Section 7.6 of the Illinois Gambling Act authorizing
- electronic gaming at an electronic gaming facility. 18
- 19 (230 ILCS 5/3.36 new)
- 20 Sec. 3.36. Electronic gaming facility. "Electronic gaming
- 21 facility" means that portion of an organization licensee's race
- 22 track facility at which electronic gaming is conducted.

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(230 ILCS 5/6) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-6) 1

Sec. 6. Restrictions on Board members.

(a) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board if the person or any member of their immediate family is a member of the Board of Directors, employee, or financially interested in any of the following: (i) any licensee or other person who has applied for racing dates to the Board, or the operations thereof including, but not limited to, <u>concessions</u>, <u>data processing</u>, <u>track</u> maintenance, track security, and pari-mutuel operations, located, scheduled or doing business within the State of Illinois, (ii) any race horse competing at a meeting under the Board's jurisdiction, or (iii) any licensee under the Illinois Gambling Act. No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board who is (or member of whose family is) a member of the Board of Directors of, or who is a person financially interested in, any licensee or other person who has applied for racing dates to the Board, or the operations thereof including, but not limited to, concessions, data processing, track maintenance, track security and pari-mutuel operations, located, scheduled or doing business within the State of Illinois, or in any race horse competing at a meeting under the Board's jurisdiction. No Board member shall hold any other public office shall receive compensation other than necessary travel or other

## incidental expenses.

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- (b) No person shall be a member of the Board who is not of good moral character or who has been convicted of, or is under indictment for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or the United States.
- (c) No member of the Board or employee shall engage in any political activity. For the purposes of this Section, "political" means any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for State or local elective office or any political organization, but does not include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties or governmental and public service functions.
  - (d) Board members and employees may not engage in communications or any activity that may cause or have the appearance of causing a conflict of interest. A conflict of interest exists if a situation influences or creates the appearance that it may influence judgment or performance of regulatory duties and responsibilities. This prohibition shall extend to any act identified by Board action that, in the judgment of the Board, could represent the potential for or the appearance of a conflict of interest.
    - (e) Board members and employees may not accept any gift,

- 1 gratuity, service, compensation, travel, lodging, or thing of
- value, with the exception of unsolicited items of an incidental 2
- nature, from any person, corporation, or entity doing business 3
- 4 with the Board.
- 5 (f) A Board member or employee shall not use or attempt to
- use his or her official position to secure, or attempt to 6
- secure, any privilege, advantage, favor, or influence for 7
- himself or herself or others. No Board member or employee, 8
- 9 within a period of one year immediately preceding nomination by
- 10 the Governor or employment, shall have been employed or
- 11 received compensation or fees for services from a person or
- entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in 12
- 13 business with the Board, a licensee or a licensee under the
- 14 Illinois Gambling Act. In addition, all Board members and
- 15 employees are subject to the restrictions set forth in Section
- 16 5-45 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.
- (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.) 17
- (230 ILCS 5/9) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-9) 18
- 19 Sec. 9. The Board shall have all powers necessary and
- 20 proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this
- 21 Act, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 22 (a) The Board is vested with jurisdiction and supervision
- over all race meetings in this State, over all licensees doing 23
- 24 business in this State, over all occupation licensees, and over
- 25 all persons on the facilities of any licensee. Such

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1 jurisdiction shall include the power to issue licenses to the 2 Illinois Department of Agriculture authorizing the pari-mutuel 3 system of wagering on harness and Quarter Horse races held (1) 4 at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County, and (2) at the 5 DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County. The jurisdiction of the 6 Board shall also include the power to issue licenses to county fairs which are eligible to receive funds pursuant to the 7 8 Agricultural Fair Act, as now or hereafter amended, or their 9 agents, authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on horse 10 races conducted at the county fairs receiving such licenses. 11 Such licenses shall be governed by subsection (n) of this Section. 12

Upon application, the Board shall issue a license to the Illinois Department of Agriculture to conduct harness and Quarter Horse races at the Illinois State Fair and at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds during the scheduled dates of each fair. The Board shall not require and the Department of Agriculture shall be exempt from the requirements of Sections 15.3, 18 and 19, paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), (d), (e), (e-5), (e-10), (f), (g), and (h) of Section 20, and Sections 21, 24 and 25. The Board and the Department of Agriculture may extend any or all of these exemptions to any contractor or agent engaged by the Department of Agriculture to conduct its race meetings when the Board determines that this would best serve the public interest and the interest of horse racing.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, it

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- 1 shall be lawful for any licensee to operate pari-mutuel wagering or contract with the Department of Agriculture to 2 3 operate pari-mutuel wagering at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds 4 or for the Department to enter into contracts with a licensee, 5 employ its owners, employees or agents and employ such other 6 occupation licensees as the Department deems necessary in 7 connection with race meetings and wagerings.
  - (b) The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all horse race meetings or wagering in the State shall be conducted. Such reasonable rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and to promote the best interests of horse racing and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
  - (c) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities and other places of business of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and its rules and regulations.
  - (d) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the authority to investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this Act, its reasonable rules and regulations, orders and final decisions; the Board shall take appropriate disciplinary

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- 1 action against any licensee or occupation licensee for 2 violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement thereof. 3
  - The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any race meeting or the facilities of any licensee, or any part thereof, any occupation licensee or any other individual whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on those facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of horse racing or wagering or interfere with the orderly conduct of horse racing or wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from the facilities of any licensee solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex. The power to eject or exclude an occupation licensee or other individual may be exercised for just cause by the licensee or the Board, subject to subsequent hearing by the Board as to the propriety of said exclusion.
    - The Board is vested with the power to acquire, establish, maintain and operate (or provide by contract to maintain and operate) testing laboratories and related facilities, for the purpose of conducting saliva, blood, urine and other tests on the horses run or to be run in any horse race meeting, including races run at county fairs, and to purchase all equipment and supplies deemed necessary or desirable in connection with any such testing laboratories and related

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facilities and all such tests.

- (g) The Board may require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee or any person affiliated with the licensee who is involved directly or indirectly in the activities of any licensee as regulated under this Act to the extent that those financial or other statements relate to such activities be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board, and that Board employees shall have access to those records during reasonable business hours. Within 120 days of the end of its fiscal year, each licensee shall transmit to the Board an audit of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's total operations. All audits shall be conducted by certified public accountants. Each certified public accountant must be registered in the State of Illinois under the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The compensation for each certified public accountant shall be paid directly by the licensee to the certified public accountant. A licensee shall also submit any other financial or related information the Board deems necessary to effectively administer this Act and all rules, regulations, and final decisions promulgated under this Act.
  - (h) The Board shall name and appoint in the manner provided by the rules and regulations of the Board: an Executive Director; a State director of mutuels; State veterinarians and representatives to take saliva, blood, urine and other tests on horses; licensing personnel; revenue inspectors; and State

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- 1 seasonal employees (excluding admission ticket sellers and mutuel clerks). All of those named and appointed as provided in 2 3 this subsection shall serve during the pleasure of the Board; 4 their compensation shall be determined by the Board and be paid 5 in the same manner as other employees of the Board under this 6 Act.
  - (i) The Board shall require that there shall be 3 stewards at each horse race meeting, at least 2 of whom shall be named and appointed by the Board. Stewards appointed or approved by the Board, while performing duties required by this Act or by the Board, shall be entitled to the same rights and immunities as granted to Board members and Board employees in Section 10 of this Act.
  - (j) The Board may discharge any Board employee who fails or refuses for any reason to comply with the rules and regulations of the Board, or who, in the opinion of the Board, is quilty of fraud, dishonesty or who is proven to be incompetent. The Board shall have no right or power to determine who shall be officers, directors or employees of any licensee, or their salaries except the Board may, by rule, require that all or any officials or employees in charge of or whose duties relate to the actual running of races be approved by the Board.
  - (k) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this Act and any rules or regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.

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- (1) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against an individual and up to \$10,000 against a licensee for each violation of any provision of this Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to horse racing or wagering. All such civil penalties shall be deposited into the Horse Racing Fund.
- (m) The Board is vested with the power to prescribe a form to be used by licensees as an application for employment for employees of each licensee.
- (n) The Board shall have the power to issue a license to any county fair, or its agent, authorizing the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all horse race meetings licensed pursuant to this subsection shall be held and conducted, including rules, regulations and conditions for the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The rules, regulations and conditions shall provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of horse racing, and shall prescribe penalties for violations thereof. Any authority granted the Board under this Act shall extend to its jurisdiction and supervision over county fairs, or their agents, licensed pursuant to this subsection. However, the Board may waive any provision of this Act or its rules or regulations which would otherwise apply to such county fairs or

- 1 their agents.
- 2 (o) Whenever the Board is authorized or required by law to
- 3 consider some aspect of criminal history record information for
- 4 the purpose of carrying out its statutory powers
- 5 responsibilities, then, upon request and payment of fees in
- 6 conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the
- Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400), the 7
- Department of State Police is authorized to furnish, pursuant 8
- 9 to positive identification, such information contained in
- 10 State files as is necessary to fulfill the request.
- 11 (p) To insure the convenience, comfort, and wagering
- accessibility of race track patrons, to provide for the 12
- maximization of State revenue, and to generate increases in 13
- 14 purse allotments to the horsemen, the Board shall require any
- 15 licensee to staff the pari-mutuel department with adequate
- 16 personnel.
- (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.) 17
- 18 (230 ILCS 5/15) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-15)
- 19 Sec. 15. (a) The Board shall, in its discretion, issue
- 20 occupation licenses to horse owners, trainers, harness
- 21 drivers, jockeys, agents, apprentices, grooms, stable foremen,
- persons, veterinarians, valets, 22 exercise blacksmiths,
- 23 concessionaires and others designated by the Board whose work,
- 24 in whole or in part, is conducted upon facilities within the
- 25 State. Such occupation licenses will be obtained prior to the

license by the Board.

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1 persons engaging in their vocation upon such facilities. The 2 Board shall not license pari-mutuel clerks, parking 3 attendants, security guards and employees of concessionaires. 4 No occupation license shall be required of any person who works 5 at facilities within this State as a pari-mutuel clerk, parking 6 security quard attendant, or as an employee concessionaire. Concessionaires of the Illinois State Fair and 7 8 DuQuoin State Fair and employees of the Illinois Department of

Agriculture shall not be required to obtain an occupation

(b) Each application for an occupation license shall be on forms prescribed by the Board. Such license, when issued, shall be for the period ending December 31 of each year, except that the Board in its discretion may grant 3-year licenses. The application shall be accompanied by a fee of not more than \$25 per year or, in the case of 3-year occupation license applications, a fee of not more than \$60. Each applicant shall set forth in the application his full name and address, and if he had been issued prior occupation licenses or has been licensed in any other state under any other name, such name, his age, whether or not a permit or license issued to him in any other state has been suspended or revoked and if so whether such suspension or revocation is in effect at the time of the application, and such other information as the Board may require. Fees for registration of stable names shall not exceed \$50.00.

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1	(c) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupation
2	license to any person:
3	(1) who has been convicted of a crime;
4	(2) who is unqualified to perform the duties required
5	of such applicant;
6	(3) who fails to disclose or states falsely any
7	information called for in the application;
8	(4) who has been found guilty of a violation of this
9	Act or of the rules and regulations of the Board; or
10	(5) whose license or permit has been suspended, revoked
11	or denied for just cause in any other state.
12	(d) The Board may suspend or revoke any occupation license:
13	(1) for violation of any of the provisions of this Act;
14	or
15	(2) for violation of any of the rules or regulations of
16	the Board; or
17	(3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would
18	have justified the Board in refusing to issue such
19	occupation license; or
20	(4) for any other just cause.
21	(e) Each applicant shall submit his or her fingerprints
22	to the Department of State Police in the form and manner
23	prescribed by the Department of State Police. These
24	fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records

now and hereafter filed in the Department of State Police and

Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records

1 databases. The Department of State Police shall charge a fee 2 for conducting the criminal history records check, which shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not 3 4 exceed the actual cost of the records check. The Department of 5 Police shall furnish, pursuant to 6 identification, records of conviction to the Board. Each applicant for licensure shall submit with his occupation 7 license application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of 8 9 his fingerprints. All such applicants shall appear in person at 10 the location designated by the Board for the purpose of 11 submitting such sets of fingerprints; however, with the prior approval of a State steward, an applicant may have such sets of 12 13 fingerprints taken by an official law enforcement agency and submitted to the Board. 14

- (f) The Board may, in its discretion, issue an occupation license without submission of fingerprints if an applicant has been duly licensed in another recognized racing jurisdiction after submitting fingerprints that were subjected to a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history background check in that jurisdiction.
- (Source: P.A. 93-418, eff. 1-1-04.) 21

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- 22 (230 ILCS 5/15.1) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-15.1)
- 23 Sec. 15.1. Upon collection of the fee accompanying the 24 application for an occupation license, the Board shall be 25 authorized to make daily temporary deposits of the fees, for a

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period not to exceed 7 days, with the horsemen's bookkeeper at a race meeting. The horsemen's bookkeeper shall issue a check, payable to the order of the Illinois Racing Board, for monies deposited under this Section within 24 hours of receipt of the monies. Provided however, upon the issuance of the check by the horsemen's bookkeeper the check shall be deposited into the Horse Racing Fund in the State Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the "State Officers and Employees Disposition Act", approved June 9, 1911, as amended.

10 (Source: P.A. 84-432.)

(230 ILCS 5/18) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-18) 11

> Sec. 18. (a) Together with its application, each applicant for racing dates shall deliver to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for \$1,000. In the event the applicant applies for racing dates in 2 or 3 successive calendar years as provided in subsection (b) of Section 21, the fee shall be \$2,000. Filing fees shall not be refunded in the event the application is denied. All filing fees shall be deposited into the Horse Racing Fund.

> (b) In addition to the filing fee of \$1000 and the fees provided in subsection (j) of Section 20, each organization licensee shall pay a license fee of \$100 for each racing program on which its daily pari-mutuel handle is \$400,000 or more but less than \$700,000, and a license fee of \$200 for each racing program on which its daily pari-mutuel handle is

- 1 \$700,000 or more. The additional fees required to be paid under
- 2 this Section by this amendatory Act of 1982 shall be remitted
- 3 by the organization licensee to the Illinois Racing Board with
- 4 each day's graduated privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax and
- 5 breakage as provided under Section 27.
- 6 (c) Sections 11-42-1, 11-42-5, and 11-54-1 of the "Illinois
- 7 Municipal Code," approved May 29, 1961, as now or hereafter
- 8 amended, shall not apply to any license under this Act.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)

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- 10 (230 ILCS 5/19) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-19)
- 11 Sec. 19. (a) No organization license may be granted to conduct a horse race meeting:
  - (1) except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 21 of this Act, to any person at any place within 35 miles of any other place licensed by the Board to hold a race meeting on the same date during the same hours, the mileage measurement used in this subsection (a) shall be certified to the Board by the Bureau of Systems and Services in the Illinois Department of Transportation as the most commonly used public way of vehicular travel;
  - (2) to any person in default in the payment of any obligation or debt due the State under this Act, provided no applicant shall be deemed in default in the payment of any obligation or debt due to the State under this Act as long as there is pending a hearing of any kind relevant to

such matter;

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- (3) to any person who has been convicted of the violation of any law of the United States or any State law which provided as all or part of its penalty imprisonment in any penal institution; to any person against whom there is pending a Federal or State criminal charge; to any person who is or has been connected with or engaged in the operation of any illegal business; to any person who does not enjoy a general reputation in his community of being an honest, upright, law-abiding person; provided that none of the matters set forth in this subparagraph (3) shall make any person ineligible to be granted an organization license if the Board determines, based on circumstances of any such case, that the granting of a license would not be detrimental to the interests of horse racing and of the public;
- (4) to any person who does not at the time of application for the organization license own or have a contract or lease for the possession of a finished race track suitable for the type of racing intended to be held by the applicant and for the accommodation of the public.
- (b) (Blank) Horse racing on Sunday shall be prohibited unless authorized by ordinance or referendum of the municipality in which a race track or any of its appurtenances or facilities are located, or utilized.
  - (c) If any person is ineligible to receive an organization

- 1 license because of any of the matters set forth in subsection
- (a) (2) or subsection (a) (3) of this Section, any other or 2
- 3 separate person that either (i) controls, directly or
- 4 indirectly, such ineligible person or (ii) is controlled,
- 5 directly or indirectly, by such ineligible person or by a
- person which controls, directly or indirectly, such ineligible 6
- 7 person shall also be ineligible.
- (Source: P.A. 88-495; 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.) 8
- 9 (230 ILCS 5/20) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-20)
- 10 Sec. 20. (a) Any person desiring to conduct a horse race
- meeting may apply to the Board for an organization license. The 11
- 12 application shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by
- 13 the Board. The application shall specify:
- 14 (1) the dates on which it intends to conduct the horse
- 15 race meeting, which dates shall be provided under Section
- 16 21;
- 17 (2) the hours of each racing day between which it
- intends to hold or conduct horse racing at such meeting; 18
- 19 (3) the location where it proposes to conduct the
- meeting; and 20
- 21 (4) any other information the Board may reasonably
- 22 require.
- 23 (b) A separate application for an organization license
- 24 shall be filed for each horse race meeting which such person
- 25 proposes to hold. Any such application, if made by an

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individual, or by any individual as trustee, shall be signed and verified under oath by such individual. If made by individuals or a partnership, it shall be signed and verified under oath by at least 2 of such individuals or members of such partnership as the case may be. If made by an association, corporation, corporate trustee or any other entity, it shall be signed by the president and attested by the secretary or assistant secretary under the seal of such association, trust or corporation if it has a seal, and shall also be verified under oath by one of the signing officers.

- (c) The application shall specify the name of the persons, association, trust, or corporation making such application and the post office address of the applicant; if the applicant is a trustee, the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a corporation, the names and post office addresses of all officers, stockholders and directors; or if such stockholders hold stock as a nominee or fiduciary, the names and post office addresses of these persons, partnerships, corporations, or trusts who are the beneficial owners thereof or who are beneficially interested therein; and if a partnership, the names and post office addresses of all partners, general or limited; if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the state of its incorporation shall be specified.
- (d) The applicant shall execute and file with the Board a good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, train, upgrade minorities in all classifications within the

association.

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- (e) With such application there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$1,000. All applications for the issuance of an organization license shall be filed with the Board before August 1 of the year prior to the year for which application is made and shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as shall be fixed by the Board during the last 15 days of September of such prior year. At such meeting, the Board shall announce the award of the racing meets, live racing schedule, and designation of host track to the applicants and its approval or disapproval of each application. No announcement shall be considered binding until a formal order is executed by the Board, which shall be executed no later than October 15 of that prior year. Absent the agreement of the affected organization licensees, the Board shall not grant overlapping race meetings to 2 or more tracks that are within 100 miles of each other to conduct the thoroughbred racing.
- (e-1) In awarding standardbred racing dates for calendar year 2012 and thereafter, the Board shall award at least 310 racing days, and each organization licensees shall average at least 12 races for each racing day awarded. The Board shall have the discretion to allocate those racing days among organization licensees requesting standardbred race dates.

  Once awarded by the Board, organization licensees awarded

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1 standardbred dates shall run at least 3,500 races in total 2 during that calendar year.

(e-2) In awarding racing dates for calendar year 2012 and thereafter, the Board shall award racing dates and the organization licensees shall run at least 2,500 thoroughbred races at Cook County race tracks and 700 thoroughbred races at a race track in Madison County each year. In awarding racing dates under this subsection (e-2), the Board shall have the discretion to allocate those racing dates among organization licensees.

(e-3) The Board shall ensure that each organization licensee shall individually run a sufficient number of races per year to qualify for an electronic gaming license under Section 7.6 of the Illinois Gambling Act.

(e-4) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 7.6 of the Illinois Gambling Act, for each calendar year for which an electronic gaming licensee requests a number of live racing days under its organization license that is less than the number of days of live racing awarded in 2009 for its race track facility, the electronic gaming licensee may not conduct electronic gaming for the calendar year of such requested racing days. The number of days of live racing may be adjusted, on a year-by-year basis, because of weather or unsafe track conditions due to acts of God or an agreement between the organization licensee and the association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, or standardbred drivers who

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_	race	horses	at	that	orc	ganization	licensee	's	racing	meeting	γ.
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- (e-5) In reviewing an application for the purpose of granting an organization license consistent with the best interests of the public and the sport of horse racing, the Board shall consider:
  - (1) the character, reputation, experience, and financial integrity of the applicant and of any other separate person that either:
    - (i) controls the applicant, directly or indirectly, or
    - (ii) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by that applicant or by a person who controls, directly or indirectly, that applicant;
    - (2) the applicant's facilities or proposed facilities for conducting horse racing;
    - (3) the total revenue without regard to Section 32.1 to be derived by the State and horsemen from the applicant's conducting a race meeting;
    - (4) the applicant's good faith affirmative action plan to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all employment classifications;
    - (5) the applicant's financial ability to purchase and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
    - (6) the applicant's proposed and prior year's promotional and marketing activities and expenditures of the applicant associated with those activities;

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2	as	provided	in	subsec	tion	(b)	of	Section	21	of	this	Act;
3	and											

(8) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets other standards for the issuance of an organization license that the Board shall adopt by rule.

In granting organization licenses and allocating dates for horse race meetings, the Board shall have discretion to determine an overall schedule, including required simulcasts of Illinois races by host tracks that will, in its judgment, be conducive to the best interests of the public and the sport of horse racing.

(e-10) The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to administrative procedures of the Board under this Act for the granting of an organization license, except that (1) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of Section 10-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding cross-examination, the Board may prescribe rules limiting the right of an applicant or participant in any proceeding to award an organization license to conduct cross-examination of witnesses at that proceeding where that cross-examination would unduly obstruct the timely award of an organization license under subsection (e) of Section 20 of this Act; (2) the provisions of Section 10-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding proposals for decision are excluded under this Act; (3) notwithstanding the provisions of

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subsection (a) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act regarding ex parte communications, the Board may prescribe rules allowing ex parte communications with applicants or participants in a proceeding to award an organization license where conducting those communications would be in the best interest of racing, provided all those communications are made part of the record of that proceeding pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act; (4) the provisions of Section 14a of this Act and the rules of the Board promulgated under that Section shall apply instead of the provisions of Article 10 of Administrative Illinois the Procedure Act. regarding administrative law judges; and (5) the provisions of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act that prevent summary suspension of a license pending revocation or other action shall not apply.

(f) The Board may allot racing dates to an organization licensee for more than one calendar year but for no more than 3 successive calendar years in advance, provided that the Board shall review such allotment for more than one calendar year prior to each year for which such allotment has been made. The granting of an organization license to a person constitutes a privilege to conduct a horse race meeting under the provisions of this Act, and no person granted an organization license shall be deemed to have a vested interest, property right, or future expectation to receive an organization license in any

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subsequent year as a result of the granting of an organization license. Organization licenses shall be subject to revocation if the organization licensee has violated any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated under this Act or has been convicted of a crime or has failed to disclose or has stated falsely any information called for in the application license. Any organization organization revocation proceeding shall be in accordance with Section 16 regarding suspension and revocation of occupation licenses.

(f-5) If, (i) an applicant does not file an acceptance of the racing dates awarded by the Board as required under part (1) of subsection (h) of this Section 20, or (ii) an organization licensee has its license suspended or revoked under this Act, the Board, upon conducting an emergency hearing as provided for in this Act, may reaward on an emergency basis pursuant to rules established by the Board, racing dates not accepted or the racing dates associated with any suspension or revocation period to one or more organization licensees, new applicants, or any combination thereof, upon terms conditions that the Board determines are in the best interest of racing, provided, the organization licensees or applicants receiving the awarded racing dates file acceptance of those reawarded racing dates as required under paragraph (1) of subsection (h) of this Section 20 and comply with the other provisions of this Act. The Administrative Procedure Procedures Act shall not apply to the

- 1 administrative procedures of the Board in conducting the
- 2 emergency hearing and the reallocation of racing dates on an
- 3 emergency basis.
- 4 (q) (Blank).
- 5 (h) The Board shall send the applicant a copy of its
- 6 formally executed order by certified mail addressed to the
- applicant at the address stated in his application, which 7
- notice shall be mailed within 5 days of the date the formal 8
- 9 order is executed.
- 10 Each applicant notified shall, within 10 days after receipt
- 11 of the final executed order of the Board awarding racing dates:
- (1) file with the Board an acceptance of such award in 12
- 13 the form prescribed by the Board;
- (2) pay to the Board an additional amount equal to \$110 14
- 15 for each racing date awarded; and
- 16 (3) file with the Board the bonds required in Sections
- 21 and 25 at least 20 days prior to the first day of each 17
- 18 race meeting.
- 19 Upon compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and
- 20 (3) of this subsection (h), the applicant shall be issued an
- organization license. 21
- 22 If any applicant fails to comply with this Section or fails
- 23 to pay the organization license fees herein provided, no
- 24 organization license shall be issued to such applicant.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99; revised 9-16-10.)

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- 1 (230 ILCS 5/24) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-24)
  - Sec. 24. (a) No license shall be issued to or held by an organization licensee unless all of its officers, directors, and holders of ownership interests of at least 5% are first approved by the Board. The Board shall not give approval of an organization license application to any person who has been convicted of or is under an indictment for a crime of moral turpitude or has violated any provision of the racing law of this State or any rules of the Board.
  - (b) An organization licensee must notify the Board within 10 days of any change in the holders of a direct or indirect interest in the ownership of the organization licensee. The Board may, after hearing, revoke the organization license of any person who registers on its books or knowingly permits a direct or indirect interest in the ownership of that person without notifying the Board of the name of the holder in interest within this period.
    - (c) In addition to the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section, no person shall be granted an organization license if any public official of the State or member of his or her family holds any ownership or financial interest, directly or indirectly, in the person.
- No person which has been granted an organization 23 24 license to hold a race meeting shall give to any public 25 official or member of his family, directly or indirectly, for 26 or without consideration, any interest in the person. The Board

- 1 shall, after hearing, revoke the organization license granted
- to a person which has violated this subsection. 2
- 3 (e) (Blank).
- 4 (f) No organization licensee or concessionaire or officer,
- 5 director or holder or controller of 5% or more legal or
- 6 beneficial interest in any organization licensee or concession
- shall make any sort of gift or contribution that is prohibited 7
- under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics 8
- 9 Act of any kind or pay or give any money or other thing of value
- 10 to any person who is a public official, or a candidate or
- 11 nominee for public office if that payment or gift is prohibited
- under Article 10 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics 12
- 13 Act.
- (Source: P.A. 89-16, eff. 5-30-95.) 14
- 15 (230 ILCS 5/26) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-26)
- 16 Sec. 26. Wagering.
- 17 (a) Any licensee may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel
- system of wagering, as defined in Section 3.12 of this Act, on 18
- 19 horse races conducted by an Illinois organization licensee or
- conducted at a racetrack located in another state or country 20
- 21 and televised in Illinois in accordance with subsection (g) of
- 22 Section 26 of this Act. Subject to the prior consent of the
- 23 Board, licensees may supplement any pari-mutuel pool in order
- 24 to guarantee a minimum distribution. Such pari-mutuel method of
- 25 wagering shall not, under any circumstances if conducted under

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1 the provisions of this Act, be held or construed to be 2 unlawful, other statutes of this State to the contrary 3 notwithstanding. Subject to rules for advance 4 promulgated by the Board, any licensee may accept wagers in

advance of the day of the race wagered upon occurs.

- (b) Except for those gaming activities for which a license is obtained and authorized under the Illinois Lottery Act, the Charitable Games Act, the Raffles Act, or the Illinois Gambling Act, no No other method of betting, pool making, wagering or gambling shall be used or permitted by the licensee. Each licensee may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered under subsection (a) of this Section, except as may otherwise be permitted under this Act.
  - (b-5) An individual may place a wager under the pari-mutuel system from any licensed location authorized under this Act provided that wager is electronically recorded in the manner described in Section 3.12 of this Act. Any wager made electronically by an individual while physically on the premises of a licensee shall be deemed to have been made at the premises of that licensee.
  - (c) Until January 1, 2000, the sum held by any licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum remaining unclaimed,

- 1 less any uncashed supplements contributed by such licensee for
- 2 the purpose of guaranteeing minimum distributions of any
- pari-mutuel pool, shall be paid to the Illinois Veterans' 3
- 4 Rehabilitation Fund of the State treasury, except as provided
- 5 in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act.
- 6 (c-5) Beginning January 1, 2000, the sum held by any
- licensee for payment of outstanding pari-mutuel tickets, if 7
- unclaimed prior to December 31 of the next year, shall be 8
- 9 retained by the licensee for payment of such tickets until that
- 10 date. Within 10 days thereafter, the balance of such sum
- 11 remaining unclaimed, less any uncashed supplements contributed
- by such licensee for the purpose of guaranteeing minimum 12
- 13 distributions of any pari-mutuel pool, shall be evenly
- distributed to the purse account of the organization licensee 14
- 15 and the organization licensee.
- 16 (d) A pari-mutuel ticket shall be honored until December 31
- 17 of the next calendar year, and the licensee shall pay the same
- 18 and may charge the amount thereof against unpaid money
- 19 similarly accumulated on account of pari-mutuel tickets not
- presented for payment. 20
- (e) No licensee shall knowingly permit any minor, other 21
- 22 than an employee of such licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey,
- driver, or employee thereof, to be admitted during a racing 23
- 24 program unless accompanied by a parent or quardian, or any
- 25 minor to be a patron of the pari-mutuel system of wagering
- 26 conducted or supervised by it. The admission of

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- 1 unaccompanied minor, other than an employee of the licensee or an owner, trainer, jockey, driver, or employee thereof at a 2 race track is a Class C misdemeanor. 3
  - (f) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, an organization licensee may contract with an entity in another state or country to permit any legal wagering entity in another state or country to accept wagers solely within such other state or country on races conducted by the organization licensee in this State. Beginning January 1, 2000, these wagers shall not be subject to State taxation. Until January 1, 2000, when the out-of-State entity conducts a pari-mutuel pool separate from the organization licensee, a privilege tax equal to 7 1/2% of all monies received by the organization licensee from entities in other states or countries pursuant to such contracts is imposed on the organization licensee, and such privilege tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours of receipt of the moneys from the simulcast. When the out-of-State entity conducts a combined pari-mutuel pool with the organization licensee, the tax shall be 10% of all monies received by the organization licensee with 25% of the receipts from this 10% tax to be distributed to the county in which the race was conducted.

An organization licensee may permit one or more of its races to be utilized for pari-mutuel wagering at one or more locations in other states and may transmit audio and visual signals of races the organization licensee conducts to one or

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more locations outside the State or country and may also permit
pari-mutuel pools in other states or countries to be combined
with its gross or net wagering pools or with wagering pools
established by other states.

(g) A host track may accept interstate simulcast wagers on horse races conducted in other states or countries and shall control the number of signals and types of breeds of racing in its simulcast program, subject to the disapproval of the Board. The Board may prohibit a simulcast program only if it finds that the simulcast program is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. The host track simulcast program shall include the signal of live racing of all organization licensees. All non-host licensees and advance deposit wagering licensees shall carry the signal of and accept wagers on live racing of all organization licensees. Advance deposit wagering licensees shall not be permitted to accept out-of-state wagers on any Illinois signal provided pursuant to this Section without the approval and consent of the organization licensee providing the signal. Non-host licensees may carry the host track simulcast program and shall accept wagers on all races included as part of the simulcast program upon which wagering is permitted. All organization licensees shall provide their live signal to all advance deposit wagering licensees for a simulcast commission fee not to exceed 6% of the advance deposit wagering licensee's Illinois handle on the organization licensee's signal without prior approval by the Board. The Board may adopt rules under

1 which it may permit simulcast commission fees in excess of 6%. 2 The Board shall adopt rules limiting the interstate commission 3 fees charged to an advance deposit wagering licensee. The Board 4 shall adopt rules regarding advance deposit wagering on 5 interstate simulcast races that shall reflect, among other 6 things, the General Assembly's desire to maximize revenues to the State, horsemen purses, and organizational licensees. 7 8 However, organization licensees providing live 9 pursuant to the requirements of this subsection (q) may 10 petition the Board to withhold their live signals from an 11 advance deposit wagering licensee if the organization licensee discovers and the Board finds reputable or credible information 12 13 t.hat. the advance deposit wagering licensee is investigation by another state or federal governmental agency, 14 15 the advance deposit wagering licensee's license has been 16 suspended in another state, or the advance deposit wagering licensee's license is in revocation proceedings in another 17 state. The organization licensee's provision of their live 18 19 signal to an advance deposit wagering licensee under this 20 subsection (g) pertains to wagers placed from within Illinois. 21 Advance deposit wagering licensees may place advance deposit 22 wagering terminals at wagering facilities as a convenience to 23 customers. The advance deposit wagering licensee shall not 24 charge or collect any fee from purses for the placement of the 25 advance deposit wagering terminals. The costs and expenses of

the host track and non-host licensees associated with

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interstate simulcast wagering, other than the interstate commission fee, shall be borne by the host track and all non-host licensees incurring these costs. The interstate commission fee shall not exceed 5% of Illinois handle on the interstate simulcast race or races without prior approval of the Board. The Board shall promulgate rules under which it may permit interstate commission fees in excess of interstate commission fee and other fees charged by the sending racetrack, including, but not limited to, satellite decoder fees, shall be uniformly applied to the host track and all non-host licensees.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for a period of 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, an organization licensee may maintain a system whereby advance deposit wagering may take place or an organization licensee, with the consent of the horsemen association representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting, may contract with another person to carry out a system of advance deposit wagering. Such consent may not be unreasonably withheld. All advance deposit wagers placed from within Illinois must be placed through a Board-approved advance deposit wagering licensee; no other entity may accept an advance deposit wager from a person within Illinois. All advance deposit wagering is subject to any rules adopted by the

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Board. The Board may adopt rules necessary to regulate advance deposit wagering through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate advance deposit wagering is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. An advance deposit wagering licensee may retain all moneys as agreed to by contract with an organization licensee. Any moneys retained by the organization licensee from advance deposit wagering, not including moneys retained by the advance deposit wagering licensee, shall be paid 50% t.o the organization licensee's purse account and 50% the organization licensee. If more than one breed races at the same race track facility, then the 50% of the moneys to be paid to an organization licensee's purse account shall be allocated among all organization licensees' purse accounts operating at that race track facility proportionately based on the actual number of host days that the Board grants to that breed at that race track facility in the current calendar year. To the extent any fees from advance deposit wagering conducted in Illinois for wagers in Illinois or other states have been placed in escrow otherwise withheld from wagers pending determination of the legality of advance deposit wagering, no action shall be brought to declare such wagers or the disbursement of any fees previously escrowed illegal.

(1) Between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. an

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intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may supplement the host track simulcast program additional simulcast races or race programs, provided that between January 1 and the third Friday in February of any inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing no occurring in Illinois during this period, thoroughbred races may be used for supplemental interstate simulcast purposes. The Board shall withhold approval for a supplemental interstate simulcast only if it finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. A supplemental interstate simulcast may be transmitted from an intertrack wagering licensee to its affiliated non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by the non-host licensee and its affiliated non-host licensees receiving the simulcast.

(2) Between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. an intertrack wagering licensee other than the host track may receive supplemental interstate simulcasts only with the consent of the host track, except when the Board finds that the simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing. Consent granted under this paragraph (2) to any intertrack wagering licensee shall be deemed consent to all non-host licensees. The interstate commission fee for the supplemental interstate simulcast shall be paid by all participating non-host licensees.

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- (3) Each licensee conducting interstate simulcast wagering may retain, subject to the payment of all applicable taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. If any licensee conducts the pari-mutuel system wagering on races conducted racetracks in another state or country, each such race or race program shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax of that daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of Section 27. Until January 1, 2000, from the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this subsection, each intertrack wagering location licensee shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on simulcast wagering to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (11) of subsection (h) of Section 26 of this Act.
- (4) A licensee who receives an interstate simulcast may combine its gross or net pools with pools at the sending racetracks pursuant to rules established by the Board. All licensees combining their gross pools at a sending racetrack shall adopt the take-out percentages of the sending racetrack. A licensee may also establish a separate pool and takeout structure for wagering purposes on races conducted at race tracks outside of the State of Illinois. The licensee may permit pari-mutuel wagers placed in other states or countries to be combined with its gross or net

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wagering pools or other wagering pools.

- (5) After the payment of the interstate commission fee (except for the interstate commission fee on a supplemental interstate simulcast, which shall be paid by the host track and by each non-host licensee through the host-track) and all applicable State and local taxes, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, the remainder of moneys retained from simulcast wagering pursuant to this subsection (g), and Section 26.2 shall be divided as follows:
  - (A) For interstate simulcast wagers made at a host track, 50% to the host track and 50% to purses at the host track.
  - (B) For wagers placed on interstate simulcast supplemental simulcasts as defined subparagraphs (1) and (2), and separately pooled races conducted outside of the State of Illinois made at a non-host licensee, 25% to the host track, 25% to the non-host licensee, and 50% to the purses at the host track.
- (6) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River may receive supplemental interstate simulcast races at all times subject to Board approval, which shall be withheld

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only upon a finding that a supplemental interstate simulcast is clearly adverse to the integrity of racing.

- (7) Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to the contrary, after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, non-host licensees who derive their licenses from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain 50% of the retention from interstate simulcast wagers and shall pay 50% to purses at the track from which the non-host licensee derives its license as follows:
  - (A) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, when the interstate simulcast is a standardbred race, the purse share to its standardbred purse account;
  - (B) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if no live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois during this period, and the interstate simulcast is a thoroughbred race, the purse share to its interstate simulcast purse pool to be distributed under paragraph (10) of this subsection (q);
  - (C) Between January 1 and the third Friday in February, inclusive, if live thoroughbred racing is occurring in Illinois, between 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.

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the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its thoroughbred purse account and between 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. the purse share from wagers made during this time period to its standardbred purse accounts;

- (D) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m., the purse share to its thoroughbred purse account;
- (E) Between the third Saturday in February and December 31, when the interstate simulcast occurs between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., the purse share to its standardbred purse account.
- (7.1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during that calendar year shall be paid as follows:
  - (A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be paid to its thoroughbred purse account; and

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(B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund and shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county The moneys deposited into the Fund fairgrounds. pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys paid into that Fund. moneys deposited pursuant The t.o this subparagraph (B) shall be allocated as provided by the of Agriculture, with the advice assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board.

(7.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, if no thoroughbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County during any calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2002, all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. during that calendar year shall be deposited as follows:

(A) If the licensee that conducts horse racing at that racetrack requests from the Board at least as many

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racing dates as were conducted in calendar year 2000, 80% shall be deposited into its standardbred purse account; and

(B) Twenty percent shall be deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be paid to Illinois conceived and foaled thoroughbred breeders' programs and to thoroughbred purses for races conducted at any county fairgrounds for Illinois conceived and foaled horses at the discretion of the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board. The moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this subparagraph (B) shall be deposited within 2 weeks after the day they were generated, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to thoroughbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with other moneys deposited into that Fund.

(7.3) If no live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County in calendar year 2000 2001, an organization licensee who is licensed to conduct horse racing at that racetrack shall, before January 1, 2002, pay all moneys derived from simulcast

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wagering and inter-track wagering in calendar years 2000 and 2001 and paid into the licensee's standardbred purse account as follows:

- (A) Eighty percent to that licensee's thoroughbred purse account to be used for thoroughbred purses; and
- (B) Twenty percent to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund.

Failure to make the payment to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund before January 1, 2002 shall result in the immediate revocation of the licensee's organization license, inter-track wagering license, and inter-track wagering location license.

Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be paid to purses for standardbred races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted at any county fairgrounds. Moneys paid into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund pursuant to this paragraph (7.3) shall be used as determined by the Department Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other moneys paid to standardbred purses under this Act, and shall not be commingled with any other moneys paid into that Fund.

(7.4) If live standardbred racing is conducted at a racetrack located in Madison County at any time in calendar

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year 2001 before the payment required under paragraph (7.3) has been made, the organization licensee who is licensed to conduct racing at that racetrack shall pay all moneys derived by that racetrack from simulcast wagering and inter-track wagering during calendar years 2000 and 2001 that (1) are to be used for purses and (2) are generated between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m. during 2000 or 2001 to the standardbred purse account at that racetrack to be used for standardbred purses.

- (8) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, an organization licensee from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River and its affiliated non-host licensees shall not be entitled to share in any retention generated on racing, inter-track wagering, or simulcast wagering at any other Illinois wagering facility.
- (8.1) Notwithstanding any provisions in this Act to the contrary, if 2 organization licensees are conducting standardbred race meetings concurrently between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 6:30 a.m., after payment of all applicable State and local taxes and interstate commission fees, the remainder of the amount retained from simulcast wagering otherwise attributable to the host track and to host track purses shall be split daily between the 2 organization licensees and the purses at the tracks of the 2 organization licensees, respectively, based on each

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organization licensee's share of the total live handle for that day, provided that this provision shall not apply to any non-host licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River.

- (9) (Blank).
- (10) (Blank).
- (11) (Blank).
  - (12) The Board shall have authority to compel all host tracks to receive the simulcast of any or all races conducted at the Springfield or DuQuoin State fairgrounds and include all such races as part of their simulcast programs.
- (13) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event that the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all wagering facilities in any calendar year is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at all such wagering facilities for calendar year 1994, then each wagering facility that has an annual total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races that is less than 75% of the total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at such wagering facility for calendar year 1994, shall be permitted to receive, from any amount otherwise payable to the purse account at the race track with which the wagering facility is affiliated in the

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succeeding calendar year, an amount equal to 2% of the differential in total Illinois pari-mutuel handle on Illinois horse races at the wagering facility between that calendar year in question and 1994 provided, however, that a wagering facility shall not be entitled to any such payment until the Board certifies in writing to the wagering facility the amount to which the wagering facility is entitled and a schedule for payment of the amount to the wagering facility, based on: (i) the racing dates awarded to the race track affiliated with the wagering facility during the succeeding year; (ii) the sums available or anticipated to be available in the purse account of the race track affiliated with the wagering facility for purses during the succeeding year; and (iii) the need to ensure reasonable purse levels during the payment period. The Board's certification shall be provided no later than January 31 of the succeeding year. In the event a wagering facility entitled to a payment under this paragraph (13) is affiliated with a race track that maintains purse accounts for both standardbred and thoroughbred racing, the amount to be paid to the wagering facility shall be divided between each purse account pro rata, based on the amount of Illinois handle on Illinois standardbred and thoroughbred racing respectively at the wagering facility during the previous calendar year. Annually, the General Assembly shall appropriate sufficient funds from the General

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Revenue Fund to the Department of Agriculture for payment into the thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing purse accounts at Illinois pari-mutuel tracks. The amount paid to each purse account shall be the amount certified by the Illinois Racing Board in January to be transferred from each account to each eligible racing facility in accordance with the provisions of this Section. Beginning in the calendar year in which an organization licensee that is eligible to receive payment under this paragraph (13) begins to receive funds from electronic gaming, the amount of the payment due to all wagering facilities licensed under that organization licensee under this paragraph (13) shall be the amount certified by the Board in January of that year. An organization licensee and its related wagering facilities shall no longer be able to receive payments under this paragraph (13) beginning in the year subsequent to the first year in which the organization licensee begins to receive funds from electronic gaming.

- The Board may approve and license the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees subject to the following terms and conditions:
  - (1) Any person licensed to conduct a race meeting (i) at a track where 60 or more days of racing were conducted during the immediately preceding calendar year or where over the 5 immediately preceding calendar years an average

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of 30 or more days of racing were conducted annually may be issued an inter-track wagering license; (ii) at a track located in a county that is bounded by the Mississippi River, which has a population of less than 150,000 according to the 1990 decennial census, and an average of at least 60 days of racing per year between 1985 and 1993 may be issued an inter-track wagering license; or (iii) at a track located in Madison County that conducted at least 100 days of live racing during the immediately preceding calendar year may be issued an inter-track wagering license, unless a lesser schedule of live racing is the result of (A) weather, unsafe track conditions, or other acts of God; (B) an agreement between the organization licensee and the associations representing the largest number of owners, trainers, jockeys, or standardbred drivers who race horses at that organization licensee's racing meeting; or (C) a finding by the Board of extraordinary circumstances and that it was in the best interest of the public and the sport to conduct fewer than 100 days of live racing. Any such person having operating control of the racing facility may also receive up to 6 inter-track wagering location licenses. In no event shall more than 6 inter-track wagering locations be established for each eligible race track, except that an eligible race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River

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may establish up to 7 inter-track wagering locations. An application for said license shall be filed with the Board prior to such dates as may be fixed by the Board. With an application for an inter-track wagering location license there shall be delivered to the Board a certified check or bank draft payable to the order of the Board for an amount equal to \$500. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Board. The application shall comply with all other rules, regulations and conditions imposed by the Board in connection therewith.

- The Board shall examine the applications with (2) respect to their conformity with this Act and the rules and regulations imposed by the Board. If found to be in compliance with the Act and rules and regulations of the Board, the Board may then issue a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering to such applicant. All such applications shall be acted upon by the Board at a meeting to be held on such date as may be fixed by the Board.
- In granting licenses to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public, of horse racing, and of maximizing revenue to the State.
- (4) Prior to the issuance of a license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering, the applicant shall file with the Board a bond payable to the State of

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Illinois in the sum of \$50,000, executed by the applicant and a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State, and conditioned upon (i) the payment by the licensee of all taxes due under Section 27 or 27.1 and any other monies due and payable under this Act, and (ii) distribution by the licensee, upon presentation of the winning ticket or tickets, of all sums payable to the patrons of pari-mutuel pools.

- (5) Each license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall specify the person to whom it is issued, the dates on which such wagering is permitted, and the track or location where the wagering is to be conducted.
- (6) All wagering under such license is subject to this Act and to the rules and regulations from time to time prescribed by the Board, and every such license issued by the Board shall contain a recital to that effect.
- (7) An inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee may accept wagers at the track or location where it is licensed, or as otherwise provided under this Act.
- (8) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted at any track less than 4  $\frac{5}{2}$  miles from a track at which a racing meeting is in progress.
- Inter-track wagering location licensees who (8.1)derive their licenses from a particular organization

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licensee shall conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only at locations which are either within 90 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing, or within 135 miles of that race track where the particular organization licensee is licensed to conduct racing in the case of race tracks in counties of less than 400,000 that were operating on or before June 1, 1986. However, inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by those licensees at any location within 5 miles of any race track at which a horse race meeting has been licensed in the current year, unless the person having operating control of such race track has given its written consent to such inter-track wagering location licensees, which consent must be filed with the Board at or prior to the time application is made.

(8.2) Inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering shall not be conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee at any location within 500 feet of an existing church, an or existing elementary or secondary public school, or an existing elementary or secondary private school registered with or recognized by the State Board of Education school, nor within 500 feet of the residences of more than 50 registered voters without receiving written permission from a majority of the registered voters at such residences. Such written permission statements shall be

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filed with the Board. The distance of 500 feet shall be measured to the nearest part of any building used for residential worship services, education programs, purposes, or conducting inter-track wagering location inter-track wagering licensee, and not property boundaries. However, inter-track wagering or simulcast wagering may be conducted at a site within 500 feet of a church, school or residences of 50 or more registered voters if such church, school or residences have been erected or established, or such voters have been registered, after the Board issues the original inter-track wagering location license at the site in question. Inter-track wagering location licensees conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering only in areas that are zoned for commercial or manufacturing purposes or in areas for which a special use has been approved by the local zoning authority. However, no license to conduct inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering shall be granted by the Board with respect to inter-track wagering location within the jurisdiction of any local zoning authority which has, by ordinance or by resolution, prohibited the establishment of an inter-track wagering location within its jurisdiction. inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering conducted at a site if such ordinance or resolution is enacted after the Board licenses the original inter-track

wagering location licensee for the site in question.

(9) (Blank).

- (10) An inter-track wagering licensee or an inter-track wagering location licensee may retain, subject to the payment of the privilege taxes and the purses, an amount not to exceed 17% of all money wagered. Each program of racing conducted by each inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax or pari-mutuel tax on such daily handle as provided in Section 27.
- (10.1) Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, inter-track wagering location licensees shall pay 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the municipality in which such location is situated and 1% of the pari-mutuel handle at each location to the county in which such location is situated. In the event that an inter-track wagering location licensee is situated in an unincorporated area of a county, such licensee shall pay 2% of the pari-mutuel handle from such location to such county.
- (10.2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, with respect to intertrack wagering at a race track located in a county that has a population of more than 230,000 and that is bounded by the Mississippi River ("the

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first race track"), or at a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, on races conducted at the first race track or on races Illinois conducted at another race track simultaneously televised to the first race track or to a facility operated by an inter-track wagering licensee or inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the organization licensee that operates the first race track, those moneys shall be allocated as follows:

- That portion of all moneys wagered on (A) standardbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for standardbred races.
- That portion of all moneys wagered thoroughbred racing that is required under this Act to be paid to purses shall be paid to purses for thoroughbred races.
- (11) (A) After payment of the privilege or pari-mutuel tax, any other applicable taxes, and the costs and expenses connection with the gathering, transmission, dissemination of all data necessary to the conduct of inter-track wagering, the remainder of the monies retained under either Section 26 or Section 26.2 of this Act by the

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inter-track wagering licensee on inter-track wagering shall be allocated with 50% to be split between the 2 participating licensees and 50% to purses, except that an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not any remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races, and an intertrack wagering licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any remaining retention with that organization licensee.

(B) From the sums permitted to be retained pursuant to this Act each inter-track wagering location licensee shall pay (i) the privilege or pari-mutuel tax to the State; (ii) 4.75% of the pari-mutuel handle on intertrack wagering at such location on races as purses, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall retain all purse moneys for its own purse account consistent with distribution set forth in this subsection (h), intertrack wagering location licensees that accept wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee located in a

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county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall distribute all purse moneys to purses at the operating host track; (iii) until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 1% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered on inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering at each inter-track wagering location licensee facility to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund, provided that, to the extent the total amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund under this subsection (h) during any calendar year exceeds the amount collected and distributed to the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund during year 1994, that amount shall excess redistributed (I) to all inter-track wagering location licensees, based on each licensee's pro-rata share of the total handle from inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering for all inter-track wagering location licensees during the calendar year in which this provision is applicable; then (II) the amounts redistributed to each inter-track wagering location licensee as described in subpart (I) shall be further redistributed as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 provided first, that the shares of those amounts, which are to be redistributed to the host track or to purses at the host track under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section 26 shall be

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redistributed based on each host track's pro rata share of the total inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering handle at all host tracks during the calendar year in question, and second, that any amounts redistributed as described in part (I) to an inter-track wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall be further redistributed provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (7) of subsection (q) of this Section 26, with the portion of that further redistribution allocated to purses at. organization licensee to be divided between standardbred purses and thoroughbred purses based on the otherwise allocated to purses at that organization licensee during the calendar year in question; and (iv) 8% of the pari-mutuel handle on inter-track wagering wagered at such location to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering. The remainder of the monies retained by the inter-track wagering location licensee shall be allocated 40% to the location licensee and 60% to the organization licensee which provides the Illinois races to the location, except that an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from a track located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide any

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remaining retention with the organization licensee that provides the race or races and an intertrack wagering location licensee that accepts wagers on races conducted by an organization licensee that conducts a race meet in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and that borders the Mississippi River shall not divide remaining retention with the organization Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iv) of this paragraph, in the case of the additional inter-track wagering location licenses authorized under paragraph (1) of this subsection (h) by this amendatory Act of 1991, those licensees shall pay the following amounts as purses: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 5.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location on races; during the second 12 months, 5.25%; during the third 12 months, 5.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 6.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. The following amounts shall be retained by the licensee to satisfy all costs and expenses of conducting its wagering: during the first 12 months the licensee is in operation, 8.25% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location; during the second 12 months, 8.25%; during the third 12 months, 7.75%; during the fourth 12 months, 7.25%; and during the fifth 12 months and thereafter, 6.75%. For additional intertrack wagering location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, purses for

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the first 12 months the licensee is in operation shall be 5.75% of the pari-mutuel wagered at the location, purses for the second 12 months the licensee is in operation shall 6.25%, and purses thereafter shall be 6.75%. For additional intertrack location licensees authorized under this amendatory Act of 1995, the licensee shall be allowed to retain to satisfy all costs and expenses: 7.75% of the pari-mutuel handle wagered at the location during its first 12 months of operation, 7.25% during its second 12 months of operation, and 6.75% thereafter.

(C) There is hereby created the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund which shall remain in existence until December 31, 1999. Moneys remaining in the Fund after December 31, 1999 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. Until January 1, 2000, all monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) by inter-track wagering location licensees located in park districts of 500,000 population or less, or in municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, and operating on May 1, 1994 shall be allocated bv appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture.

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Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve representatives of chairman; 2 organization as licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in by those this State, recommended licensees; representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of Illinois Standardbred Owners and t.he Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's that Association, recommended by Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has

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not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to park districts or municipalities that do not have a park district of 500,000 population or less for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in such a park district) or to conservation districts for museum purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district and is the county seat of a county that (i) is contiguous to the state of Indiana and (ii) has a 1990 population of 88,257 according to the United States Bureau of the Census, except that if the conservation district does not maintain a museum, the monies shall be allocated equally between the county and the municipality in which the inter-track wagering location licensee is located for general purposes) or

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to a municipal recreation board for park purposes (if an inter-track wagering location licensee is located in a municipality that is not included within any park district and park maintenance is the function of the municipal recreation board and the municipality has a 1990 population of 9,302 according to the United States Bureau of the Census); provided that the monies are distributed to each park district or conservation district or municipality that does not have a park district in an amount equal to four-sevenths of the amount collected by each inter-track wagering location licensee within the park district or conservation district or municipality for the Fund. Monies that were paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 by an inter-track wagering location licensee located in a municipality that is not included within any park district but is included within a conservation district as provided in this paragraph shall, as soon as practicable after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991, be allocated and paid to that conservation district as provided in this paragraph. Any park district or municipality not maintaining a museum may deposit the monies in the corporate fund of park district or municipality where the inter-track wagering location is located, to be used

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for general purposes; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967.

Until January 1, 2000, all other monies paid into the Horse Racing Tax Allocation Fund pursuant to this paragraph (11) shall be allocated by appropriation as follows:

Two-sevenths to the Department of Agriculture. Fifty percent of this two-sevenths shall be used to promote the Illinois horse racing and breeding industry, and shall be distributed by the Department of Agriculture upon the advice of a 9-member committee appointed by the Governor consisting of the following members: the Director of Agriculture, who shall serve chairman; 2 representatives of organization as licensees conducting thoroughbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; representatives of organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings in this State, recommended by those licensees; a representative of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by that Foundation; a representative of

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Illinois Standardbred Owners the and Breeders Association, recommended by that Association; a representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent Protective Association or any successor organization thereto established in Illinois comprised of the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by that Association or that successor organization; and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by that Association. Committee members shall serve for terms of 2 years, commencing January 1 of each even-numbered year. If a representative of any of the above-named entities has not been recommended by January 1 of any even-numbered year, the Governor shall appoint a committee member to fill that position. Committee members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the performance of their official duties. The remaining 50% of this two-sevenths shall be distributed to county fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the Agricultural Fair Act;

Four-sevenths to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population; provided that the monies are distributed in accordance with the previous year's distribution of the maintenance tax

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for such museums and aquariums as provided in Section 2 of the Park District Aquarium and Museum Act; and

One-seventh to the Agricultural Premium Fund to be used for distribution to agricultural home economics extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finances for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties of this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967. This subparagraph (C) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

- (D) Except as provided in paragraph (11) of this subsection (h), with respect to purse allocation from intertrack wagering, the monies so retained shall be divided as follows:
  - If the inter-track wagering licensee, (i) except an intertrack wagering licensee that derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is not conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the entire purse allocation shall be to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted.
  - (ii) If the inter-track wagering licensee, except an intertrack wagering licensee that

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derives its license from an organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, is also conducting its own race meeting during the same dates, then the purse allocation shall be as follows: 50% to purses at the track where the races wagered on are being conducted; 50% to purses at the track where the inter-track wagering licensee is accepting such wagers.

(iii) If the inter-track wagering is being conducted by an inter-track wagering location licensee, except an intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from organization licensee located in a county with a population in excess of 230,000 and bounded by the Mississippi River, the entire purse allocation for Illinois races shall be to purses at the track where the race meeting being wagered on is being held.

- (12) The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully supervise and control the conduct of inter-track wagering and simulcast wagering by inter-track wagering licensees and inter-track wagering location licensees, including, but not limited to the following:
  - (A) The Board is vested with power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of

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administering the conduct of this wagering and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which such wagering shall be held and conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of said wagering and to impose penalties for violations thereof.

- (B) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations relating to the conduct of such wagering.
- (C) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any licensee's facilities, any person whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on such premises may, in the opinion of the Board, call into the question the honesty and integrity of, or interfere with the orderly conduct of such wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected from such premises solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex.
  - (D) (Blank).
- (E) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it

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under this Section for the purpose of administering this wagering and any rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.

- The Board shall name and appoint a State director of this wagering who shall be a representative of the Board and whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of inter-track wagering as may be provided for by the rules and regulations of the Board; such rules and regulation shall specify the method of appointment and the Director's powers, authority and duties.
- (G) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 against licensees for each violation of any provision of this Act relating to the conduct of this wagering, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to such wagering.
- (13) The Department of Agriculture may enter into agreements with licensees authorizing such licensees to conduct inter-track wagering on races to be held at the licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Such agreement shall specify the races of the Department of Agriculture's licensed race meeting upon which the licensees will conduct wagering. In the event

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that a licensee conducts inter-track pari-mutuel wagering on races from the Illinois State Fair or DuOuoin State Fair which are in addition to the licensee's previously approved racing program, those races shall be considered a separate racing day for the purpose of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege or pari-mutuel tax on that daily handle as provided in Sections 27 and 27.1. Such agreements shall be approved by the Board before such wagering may be conducted. In determining whether to grant approval, the Board shall give due consideration to the best interests of the public and of horse racing. The provisions of paragraphs (1), (8), (8.1), and (8.2) of subsection (h) of this Section which are not specified in this paragraph (13) shall not apply to licensed race meetings conducted by the Department of Agriculture at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County or the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County, or to any wagering conducted on those race meetings.

(i) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Act, the conduct of wagering at wagering facilities is authorized on all days, except as limited by subsection (b) of Section 19 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 96-762, eff. 8-25-09.)

24 (230 ILCS 5/27) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-27)

Sec. 27. (a) In addition to the organization license fee

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provided by this Act, until January 1, 2000, a graduated privilege tax is hereby imposed for conducting the pari-mutuel system of wagering permitted under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, except as provided in subsection (q) of Section 27 of this Act, all of the breakage of each racing day held by any licensee in the State shall be paid to the State. Until January 1, 2000, such daily graduated privilege tax shall be paid by the licensee from the amount permitted to be retained under this Act. Until January 1, 2000, each day's graduated privilege tax, breakage, and Horse Racing Tax Allocation funds shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes. The privilege tax hereby imposed, until January 1, 2000, shall be a flat tax at the rate of 2% of the daily pari-mutuel handle except as provided in Section 27.1.

In addition, every organization licensee, except provided in Section 27.1 of this Act, which conducts multiple wagering shall pay, until January 1, 2000, as a privilege tax on multiple wagers an amount equal to 1.25% of all moneys wagered each day on such multiple wagers, plus an additional amount equal to 3.5% of the amount wagered each day on any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest on 3 or more horses. The licensee shall remit the amount of such taxes to the Department of Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day on which it is assessed or within

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such other time as the Board prescribes.

This subsection (a) shall be inoperative and of no force and effect on and after January 1, 2000.

(a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2000, a flat pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5% of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at all pari-mutuel wagering facilities and on advance deposit wagering from a location other than a wagering facility, except as otherwise provided for in this subsection (a-5). In addition to the pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering pursuant to this subsection (a-5), an additional pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.25% shall be imposed on advance deposit wagering, the amount of which shall not exceed \$250,000 in each calendar year. The additional 0.25% pari-mutuel tax imposed on advance deposit wagering by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deposited into the Quarter Horse Purse Fund, which shall be created as a non-appropriated trust fund administered by the Board for grants to thoroughbred organization licensees for payment of purses for quarter horse races conducted by the organization licensee. Thoroughbred organization licensees may petition the Board to conduct quarter horse racing and receive purse grants from the Quarter Horse Purse Fund. The Board shall have complete discretion in distributing the Quarter Horse Purse Fund to the petitioning organization licensees. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly and until moneys deposited pursuant to Section 54 are distributed and received,

a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 0.75% of the daily pari-mutuel
handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel facility whose license is
derived from a track located in a county that borders the
Mississippi River and conducted live racing in the previous
year. After moneys deposited pursuant to Section 54 are
distributed and received, a pari-mutuel tax at the rate of 1.5%
of the daily pari-mutuel handle is imposed at a pari-mutuel
facility whose license is derived from a track located in a
county that borders the Mississippi River and conducted live
racing in the previous year. The pari-mutuel tax imposed by
this subsection (a-5) shall be remitted to the Department of
Revenue within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon
which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board
prescribes.

(a-10) Beginning on the date when an organization licensee begins conducting electronic gaming pursuant to an electronic gaming license, the following pari-mutuel tax is imposed upon an organization licensee on Illinois races at the licensee's race track:

1.5% of the pari-mutuel handle at or below the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010.

2% of the pari-mutuel handle above the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010 up to 125% of the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010.

2.5% of the pari-mutuel handle 125% or more above the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010 up to 150% of the

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average	daily	pari-mutuel	handle	for	2010.
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- 3% of the pari-mutuel handle 150% or more above the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010 up to 175% of the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010.
- 3.5% of the pari-mutuel handle 175% or more above the average daily pari-mutuel handle for 2010.

The pari-mutuel tax imposed by this subsection (a-10) shall be remitted to the Board within 48 hours after the close of the racing day upon which it is assessed or within such other time as the Board prescribes.

- (b) On or before December 31, 1999, in the event that any organization licensee conducts 2 separate programs of races on any day, each such program shall be considered a separate racing day for purposes of determining the daily handle and computing the privilege tax on such daily handle as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) Licensees shall at all times keep accurate books and records of all monies wagered on each day of a race meeting and of the taxes paid to the Department of Revenue under the provisions of this Section. The Board or its duly authorized representative or representatives shall at all reasonable times have access to such records for the purpose of examining and checking the same and ascertaining whether the proper amount of taxes is being paid as provided. The Board shall require verified reports and a statement of the total of all monies wagered daily at each wagering facility upon which the

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- 1 taxes are assessed and may prescribe forms upon which such 2 reports and statement shall be made.
  - (d) Any licensee failing or refusing to pay the amount of any tax due under this Section shall be quilty of a business offense and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$5,000 in addition to the amount found due as tax under this Section. Each day's violation shall constitute a separate offense. All fines paid into Court by a licensee hereunder shall be transmitted and paid over by the Clerk of the Court to the Board.
  - (e) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax, or racing fee, except as provided in this Act, shall be assessed or collected from any such licensee by the State.
- (f) No other license fee, privilege tax, excise tax or 14 15 racing fee shall be assessed or collected from any such 16 licensee by units of local government except as provided in paragraph 10.1 of subsection (h) and subsection (f) of Section 17 26 of this Act. However, any municipality that has a Board 18 licensed horse race meeting at a race track wholly within its 19 20 corporate boundaries or a township that has a Board licensed 21 horse race meeting at a race track wholly within the 22 unincorporated area of the township may charge a local 23 amusement tax not to exceed 10¢ per admission to such horse 24 race meeting by the enactment of an ordinance. However, any 25 municipality or county that has a Board licensed inter-track 26 wagering location facility wholly within its corporate

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- 1 boundaries may each impose an admission fee not to exceed \$1.00 per admission to such inter-track wagering location facility, 2 3 so that a total of not more than \$2.00 per admission may be 4 imposed. Except as provided in subparagraph (g) of Section 27 5 of this Act, the inter-track wagering location licensee shall collect any and all such fees and within 48 hours remit the 6 fees to the Board, which shall, pursuant to rule, cause the 7 8 fees to be distributed to the county or municipality.
  - (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this Act to the contrary, if in any calendar year the total taxes and fees from wagering on live racing and from inter-track wagering required to be collected from licensees and distributed under this Act to all State and local governmental authorities exceeds the amount of such taxes and fees distributed to each State and local governmental authority to which each State and local governmental authority was entitled under this Act for calendar year 1994, then the first \$11 million of that excess amount shall be allocated at the earliest possible date distribution as purse money for the succeeding calendar year. Upon reaching the 1994 level, and until the excess amount of taxes and fees exceeds \$11 million, the Board shall direct all licensees to cease paying the subject taxes and fees and the Board shall direct all licensees to allocate any such excess amount for purses as follows:
    - (i) the excess amount shall be initially divided between thoroughbred and standardbred purses based on the

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thoroughbred's and standardbred's respective percentages of total Illinois live wagering in calendar year 1994;

(ii) each thoroughbred and standardbred organization licensee issued an organization licensee in succeeding allocation year shall be allocated an amount equal to the product of its percentage of total Illinois live thoroughbred or standardbred wagering in calendar year 1994 (the total to be determined based on the sum of 1994 on-track wagering for all organization licensees issued organization licenses in both the allocation year and the preceding year) multiplied by the total amount standardbred or allocated for thoroughbred purses, provided that the first \$1,500,000 of the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture to be expended with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Funds Advisory Board for the purposes listed in subsection (g) of Section 31 of this Act, before the amount allocated to standardbred purses under item (i) allocated to standardbred organization licensees in the succeeding allocation year.

To the extent the excess amount of taxes and fees to be collected and distributed to State and local governmental authorities exceeds \$11 million, that excess amount shall be collected and distributed to State and local authorities as provided for under this Act.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 96-762, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1287, eff. 7-26-10.)
- (230 ILCS 5/28) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-28) 2
- 3 Sec. 28. Except as provided in subsection (q) of Section 27
- 4 of this Act, moneys collected shall be distributed according to
- 5 the provisions of this Section 28.
- (a) Thirty per cent of the total of all monies received by 6
- 7 State as privilege taxes shall be paid
- 8 Metropolitan Exposition Auditorium and Office Building Fund in
- 9 the State Treasury.
- 10 (b) In addition, 4.5% of the total of all monies received
- by the State as privilege taxes shall be paid into the State 11
- 12 treasury into a special Fund to be known as the Metropolitan
- 13 Exposition, Auditorium, and Office Building Fund.
- 14 (c) Fifty per cent of the total of all monies received by
- 15 the State as privilege taxes under the provisions of this Act
- shall be paid into the Agricultural Premium Fund. 16
- 17 (d) Seven per cent of the total of all monies received by
- 18 the State as privilege taxes shall be paid into the Fair and
- 19 Exposition Fund in the State treasury; provided, however, that
- 20 when all bonds issued prior to July 1, 1984 by the Metropolitan
- 21 Fair and Exposition Authority shall have been paid or payment
- 22 shall have been provided for upon a refunding of those bonds,
- 23 thereafter 1/12 of \$1,665,662 of such monies shall be paid each
- 24 month into the Build Illinois Fund, and the remainder into the
- 25 Fair and Exposition Fund. All excess monies shall be allocated

- to the Department of Agriculture for distribution to county 1
- fairs for premiums and rehabilitation as set forth in the 2
- 3 Agricultural Fair Act.
- 4 (e) The monies provided for in Section 30 shall be paid
- 5 into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
- (f) The monies provided for in Section 31 shall be paid 6
- into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund. 7
- (g) Until January 1, 2000, that part representing 1/2 of 8
- 9 the total breakage in Thoroughbred, Harness, Appaloosa,
- 10 Arabian, and Quarter Horse racing in the State shall be paid
- 11 into the Illinois Race Track Improvement Fund as established in
- Section 32. 12
- (h) All other monies received by the Board under this Act 13
- 14 shall be paid into the Horse Racing Fund General Revenue Fund
- 15 of the State.
- 16 (i) The salaries of the Board members, secretary, stewards,
- 17 directors of mutuels, veterinarians, representatives,
- accountants, clerks, stenographers, inspectors and other 18
- employees of the Board, and all expenses of the Board incident 19
- 20 to the administration of this Act, including, but not limited
- 21 to, all expenses and salaries incident to the taking of saliva
- 22 and urine samples in accordance with the rules and regulations
- 23 of the Board shall be paid out of the Agricultural Premium
- 24 Fund.
- 25 (i) The Agricultural Premium Fund shall also be used:
- 26 (1) for the expenses of operating the Illinois State

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2	prize	e mon	ey o	r premium	ms;					

- (2) for the distribution to county fairs, vocational agriculture section fairs, agricultural societies, agricultural extension clubs in accordance with the Agricultural Fair Act, as amended;
- (3) for payment of prize monies and premiums awarded for expenses incurred in connection International Livestock Exposition and the Mid-Continent Livestock Exposition held in Illinois, which premiums, and awards must be approved, and paid by the Illinois Department of Agriculture;
- for personal service of county agricultural advisors and county home advisors;
- (5) for distribution to agricultural home economic extension councils in accordance with "An Act in relation to additional support and finance for the Agricultural and Home Economic Extension Councils in the several counties in this State and making an appropriation therefor", approved July 24, 1967, as amended;
- for research on equine disease, including a development center therefor;
- (7) for training scholarships for study on equine diseases to students at the University of Illinois College of Veterinary Medicine;
  - (8) for the rehabilitation, repair and maintenance of

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the	Illino	is and	DuQuoin	State	e Fair	Ground	ds and	d the
struc	ctures	and fac	cilities	thereon	and t	the cons	tructi	on of
perma	anent	improve	ments on	such	Fair	Grounds	, incl	luding
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State	e Fair	Grounds	which ar	e unde	r the d	custody	and co	ontrol
of th	ne Depa	rtment	of Agricu	lture;				

- (9) for the expenses of the Department of Agriculture under Section 5-530 of the Departments of State Government Law (20 ILCS 5/5-530);
- (10) for the expenses of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Sections 605-620, 605-625, and 605-630 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law (20 ILCS 605/605-620, 605/605-625, and 605/605-630);
- (11) for remodeling, expanding, and reconstructing facilities destroyed by fire of any Fair and Exposition Authority in counties with a population of 1,000,000 or more inhabitants;
- (12) for the purpose of assisting in the care and general rehabilitation of disabled veterans of any war and their surviving spouses and orphans;
- (13) for expenses of the Department of State Police for duties performed under this Act;
- (14) for the Department of Agriculture for soil surveys and soil and water conservation purposes;
  - (15) for the Department of Agriculture for grants to

- 1 the City of Chicago for conducting the Chicagofest;
- (16) for the State Comptroller for grants and operating 2
- expenses authorized by the Illinois Global Partnership 3
- 4 Act.
- 5 (k) To the extent that monies paid by the Board to the
- Agricultural Premium Fund are in the opinion of the Governor in 6
- excess of the amount necessary for the purposes herein stated, 7
- 8 the Governor shall notify the Comptroller and the State
- 9 Treasurer of such fact, who, upon receipt of such notification,
- 10 shall transfer such excess monies from the Agricultural Premium
- 11 Fund to the General Revenue Fund.
- (Source: P.A. 94-91, Sections 55-135 and 90-10, eff. 7-1-05.) 12
- (230 ILCS 5/28.1) 13
- 14 Sec. 28.1. Payments.
- 15 (a) Beginning on January 1, 2000, moneys collected by the
- Department of Revenue and the Racing Board pursuant to Section 16
- 26 or Section 27 of this Act shall be deposited into the Horse 17
- 18 Racing Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund in the
- 19 State Treasury.
- 2.0 (b) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly,
- 21 may be made from the Horse Racing Fund to the Board to pay the
- salaries of the Board members, secretary, stewards, directors 22
- mutuels, veterinarians, representatives, accountants, 23
- 24 clerks, stenographers, inspectors and other employees of the
- 25 Board, and all expenses of the Board incident to the

- administration of this Act, including, but not limited to, all 1
- expenses and salaries incident to the taking of saliva and 2
- 3 urine samples in accordance with the rules and regulations of
- 4 the Board.
- 5 (c) Beginning on January 1, 2000, the Board shall transfer
- the remainder of the funds generated pursuant to Sections 26 6
- and 27 from the Horse Racing Fund into the General Revenue 7
- 8 Fund.
- 9 In the event that in any fiscal year, the amount of total
- 10 funds in the Horse Racing Fund is insufficient to meet the
- 11 annual operating expenses of the Board, as appropriated by the
- General Assembly for that fiscal year, the Board shall invoice 12
- the organization licensees for the amount of the deficit. The 13
- 14 amount of the invoice shall be allocated in a proportionate
- 15 amount of pari-mutuel wagering handled by the organization
- 16 licensee in the year preceding assessment and divided by the
- total pari-mutuel wagering handled by all Illinois 17
- organization licensees. The payments shall be made 50% from the 18
- organization licensee's account and 50% from the organization 19
- 20 licensee's purse account.
- (d) Beginning January 1, 2000, payments to all programs in 21
- existence on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999 22
- 23 that are identified in Sections 26(c), 26(f), 26(h) (11) (C), and
- 24 28, subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of
- 25 Section 30, and subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g),
- 26 and (h) of Section 31 shall be made from the General Revenue

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1 Fund at the funding levels determined by amounts paid under this Act in calendar year 1998. Beginning on the effective date 2 3 of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, payments 4 to the Peoria Park District shall be made from the General 5 Revenue Fund at the funding level determined by amounts paid to 6 that park district for museum purposes under this Act in 7 calendar year 1994.

If an inter-track wagering location licensee's facility changes its location, then the payments associated with that facility under this subsection (d) for museum purposes shall be paid to the park district in the area where the facility relocates, and the payments shall be used for museum purposes. If the facility does not relocate to a park district, then the payments shall be paid to the taxing district that is responsible for park or museum expenditures.

- (e) Beginning July 1, 2006, the payment authorized under subsection (d) to museums and aquariums located in park districts of over 500,000 population shall be paid to museums, aquariums, and zoos in amounts determined by Museums in the Park, an association of museums, aquariums, and zoos located on Chicago Park District property.
- (f) Beginning July 1, 2007, the Children's Discovery Museum in Normal, Illinois shall receive payments from the General Revenue Fund at the funding level determined by the amounts paid to the Miller Park Zoo in Bloomington, Illinois under this Section in calendar year 2006.

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1 (Source: P.A. 95-222, eff. 8-16-07; 96-562, eff. 8-18-09.)

(230 ILCS 5/30) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-30) 2

Sec. 30. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the policy of this State to encourage the breeding of thoroughbred horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient numbers of high quality thoroughbred horses to participate in thoroughbred racing meetings in this State, and to establish and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by the provisions of this Act.

- (b) Each organization licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide at least two races each day limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses or both. No horses shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.
- (c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) commensurate with past performance, quality, and class of Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses available. If, however, sufficient competition cannot be had among horses of that class on any day, the races may, with

- 1 consent of the Board, be eliminated for that day and substitute
- 2 races provided.
- (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State 3
- 4 Treasury to be known as the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders
- 5 Fund.
- 6 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
- the 96th General Assembly, the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders 7
- 8 Fund shall become a non-appropriated trust fund held separate
- 9 and apart from State moneys. Expenditures from this fund shall
- 10 no longer be subject to appropriation.
- 11 Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this
- Act, 8.5% of all the monies received by the State as privilege 12
- 13 taxes on Thoroughbred racing meetings shall be paid into the
- 14 Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
- 15 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
- 16 amounts deposited into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund
- from revenues generated by electronic gaming after the 17
- effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General 18
- 19 Assembly shall be in addition to tax and fee amounts paid under
- 20 this Section for calendar year 2010 and thereafter.
- 21 The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be
- 22 administered by the Department of Agriculture with the advice
- 23 and assistance of the Advisory Board created in subsection (f)
- 24 of this Section.
- 25 (f) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board
- 26 shall consist of the Director of the Department of Agriculture,

1 who shall serve as Chairman; a member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; 2 representatives of the organization 2 3 licensees conducting thoroughbred racing meetings, recommended 4 by them; 2 representatives of the Illinois Thoroughbred 5 Breeders and Owners Foundation, recommended by it; <u>representative</u> and 2 representatives of the Horsemen's 6 Benevolent Protective Association; and one representative from 7 the Illinois Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association or any 8 9 successor organization established in Illinois comprised of 10 the largest number of owners and trainers, recommended by it, 11 with one representative of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association to come from its Illinois Division, and 12 13 one from its Chicago Division. Advisory Board members shall 14 serve for 2 years commencing January 1 of each odd numbered 15 representatives of the organization licensees vear. If 16 conducting thoroughbred racing meetings, the Illinois 17 Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, and Horsemen's Benevolent Protection Association, and the Illinois 18 Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association have not been recommended 19 20 by January 1, of each odd numbered year, the Director of the 21 Department of Agriculture shall make an appointment for the organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory 22 23 Board. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for 24 their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all 25 actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of their official duties. 26

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- Thoroughbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the General Assembly. Monies expended appropriated from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, for the following purposes only:
  - (1) To provide purse supplements to owners of horses participating in races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses. Any such purse supplements shall not be included in and shall be paid in addition to any purses, stakes, or breeders' awards offered by each organization licensee as determined by agreement between such organization licensee and an organization representing the horsemen. No monies from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be used to provide purse supplements for claiming races in which the minimum claiming price is less than \$7,500.
  - (2) To provide stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in certain races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses designated as stakes races.
  - (2.5) To provide an award to the owner or owners of an Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horse that wins a maiden special weight, an allowance, overnight handicap race, or claiming race with claiming price of

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\$10,000 or more providing the race is not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled or Illinois foaled horses. Awards shall also be provided to the owner or owners of Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses that place second or third in those races. To the extent that additional moneys are required to pay the minimum additional awards of 40% of the purse the horse earns for placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois foaled horses and of 60% of the purse the horse earns for placing first, second or third in those races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses, those moneys shall be provided from the purse account at the track where earned.

(3) To provide stallion awards to the owner or owners of any stallion that is duly registered with the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Program prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995 whose duly registered Illinois conceived and foaled offspring wins a race conducted at an Illinois thoroughbred racing meeting other than a claiming race, provided that the stallion stood service within Illinois at the time the offspring was conceived and that the stallion did not stand for service outside of Illinois at any time during the year in which the offspring was conceived. Such award shall not be paid to the owner or owners of an Illinois stallion that served this State at any time during the calendar year which such race was conducted.

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(4) To provide \$75,000 annually for purses to	be
distributed to county fairs that provide for the running	of
races during each county fair exclusively for t	:he
thoroughbreds conceived and foaled in Illinois. T	'he
conditions of the races shall be developed by the coun	ıty
fair association and reviewed by the Department with t	he
advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbr	:ed
Breeders Fund Advisory Board. There shall be no wagering	of
any kind on the running of Illinois conceived and foal	.ed
races at county fairs.	

- (4.1) To provide purse money for an Illinois stallion stakes program.
- (5) No less than 90% 80% of all monies appropriated from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for the purposes in (1), (2), (2.5), (3), (4), (4.1), and (5) as shown above.
- (6) To provide for educational programs regarding the thoroughbred breeding industry.
- (7) To provide for research programs concerning the health, development and care of the thoroughbred horse.
- (8) To provide for a scholarship and training program for students of equine veterinary medicine.
- (9) To provide for dissemination of public information designed to promote the breeding of thoroughbred horses in Illinois.
  - (10) To provide for all expenses incurred in the

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1 administration of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.

- (h) The Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund is not subject to administrative charges or chargebacks, including, but not limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the State Finance Act. Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund is more than the total of the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, upon receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund to the General Revenue Fund.
- (i) A sum equal to 13%  $\frac{12}{1/2}$ % of the first prize money of every purse won by an Illinois foaled or an Illinois conceived and foaled horse in races not limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting. Such sum shall be paid 50% from the organization licensee's account and 50% from the purse account of the licensee share of the money wagered as follows: 11 1/2% to the breeder of the winning horse and 1 1/2%  $\frac{1}{8}$  to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of breeders' awards earned, assuring their distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry.

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The organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (i) to be audited at least annually by a registered public accountant. The organization shall file copies of each annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the public upon request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying the requested number of copies. Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owner of the horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Upon completion of its racing meet, each organization licensee shall deliver to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the Illinois foaled and the Illinois conceived and foaled horses which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' awards under this subsection to verify accuracy of payments and assure proper distribution of breeders' awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 30 days of the end of each race meeting.

(j) A sum equal to 13%  $\frac{12}{1/2}$ % of the first prize money won in each race limited to Illinois foaled horses or Illinois conceived and foaled horses, or both, shall be paid in the following manner by the organization licensee conducting the

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horse race meeting, 50% from the organization licensee's account and 50% from the purse account of the licensee share of the money wagered: 11 1/2% to the breeders of the horses in each such race which are the official first, second, third and fourth finishers and 1 1/2%  $\frac{1}{8}$  to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for verifying the amounts of breeders' awards earned, assuring their proper distribution in accordance with this Act, and servicing and promoting the Illinois thoroughbred horse racing industry. The organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners shall cause all expenditures of monies received under this subsection (j) to be audited at least annually by a registered public accountant. The organization shall file copies of each annual audit with the Racing Board, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, and shall make copies of each annual audit available to the public upon request and upon payment of the reasonable cost of photocopying the requested number of copies.

The 11 1/2% paid to the breeders in accordance with this subsection shall be distributed as follows:

- (1) 60% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official first position;
- (2) 20% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official second position;
  - (3) 15% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the

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1 horse which finishes in the official third position; and

(4) 5% of such sum shall be paid to the breeder of the horse which finishes in the official fourth position.

Such payments shall not reduce any award to the owners of a horse or reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Upon completion of its racing meet, each organization licensee shall deliver to the organization representing thoroughbred breeders and owners whose representative serves on the Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board a listing of all the Illinois foaled and the Illinois conceived and foaled horses which won breeders' awards and the amount of such breeders' awards in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Such payments shall be delivered by the organization licensee within 30 days of the end of each race meeting.

(k) The term "breeder", as used herein, means the owner of the mare at the time the foal is dropped. An "Illinois foaled horse" is a foal dropped by a mare which enters this State on or before December 1, in the year in which the horse is bred, provided the mare remains continuously in this State until its foal is born. An "Illinois foaled horse" also means a foal born of a mare in the same year as the mare enters this State on or before March 1, and remains in this State at least 30 days after foaling, is bred back during the season of the foaling to Illinois Registered Stallion (unless a veterinarian certifies that the mare should not be bred for health reasons), and is not bred to a stallion standing in any other state

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- during the season of foaling. An "Illinois foaled horse" also means a foal born in Illinois of a mare purchased at public auction subsequent to the mare entering this State on or before March 1 prior to February 1 of the foaling year providing the mare is owned solely by one or more Illinois residents or an Illinois entity that is entirely owned by one or more Illinois residents.
  - (1) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board:
    - (1) Qualify stallions for Illinois breeding; such stallions to stand for service within the State of Illinois at the time of a foal's conception. Such stallion must not stand for service at any place outside the State of Illinois during the calendar year in which the foal is conceived. The Department of Agriculture may assess and collect  $\underline{an}$  application  $\underline{fee}$  of up to \$500  $\underline{fees}$  for the registration of Illinois-eligible stallions. All fees collected are to be held in trust accounts for the purposes set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund.
    - (2) Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses and Illinois foaled horses. No such horse shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses or Illinois foaled horses or both unless

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registered with the Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as are necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. The Department of Agriculture may assess and application fees for the registration of Illinois-eligible foals. All fees collected are to be held in trust accounts for the purposes set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law paid into the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund. No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application for registration of such foals containing false information.

(m) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall provide that certain races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses be stakes races and determine the total amount of stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in such races.

In determining the stakes races and the amount of awards for such races, the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund program, organization licensees' contributions, availability of stakes caliber horses as demonstrated by past performances, whether the race can be coordinated into the proposed racing dates within organization licensees' racing dates, opportunity

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for colts and fillies and various age groups to race, public wagering on such races, and the previous racing schedule.

- (n) The Board and the organizational licensee shall notify the Department of the conditions and minimum purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled and Illinois foaled horses conducted for each organizational licensee conducting a thoroughbred racing meeting. The Department of Agriculture with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board may allocate monies for purse supplements for such races. In determining whether to allocate money and the amount, the Department of Agriculture shall consider factors, including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated for the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders Fund program, the number of races that may occur, and the organizational licensee's purse structure.
- order to improve the breeding quality Ιn thoroughbred horses in the State, the General recognizes that existing provisions of this Section to encourage such quality breeding need to be revised and strengthened. As such, a Thoroughbred Breeder's Program Task Force is to be appointed by the Governor by September 1, 1999 to make recommendations to the General Assembly by no later than March 1, 2000. This task force is to be composed of 2 representatives from the Illinois Thoroughbred Breeders and Owners Foundation, 2 from the Illinois Thoroughbred Horsemen's Association, 3 from Illinois tracks race operating

- 1 thoroughbred race meets for an average of at least 30 days in
- the past 3 years, the Director of Agriculture, the Executive 2
- Director of the Racing Board, who shall serve as Chairman. 3
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.)
- 5 (230 ILCS 5/30.5)
- Sec. 30.5. Illinois Quarter Horse Breeders Fund. 6
- 7 (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the policy of 8 this State to encourage the breeding of racing quarter horses 9 in this State and the ownership of such horses by residents of 10 this State in order to provide for sufficient numbers of high quality racing quarter horses in this State and to establish 11 12 and preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is 13 14 the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by 15 the provisions of this Act.
- 16 There is hereby created a <u>non-appropriated trust</u> 17 special fund in the State Treasury to be known as the Illinois 18 Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund, which is held separate and 19 apart from State moneys. Except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act, 8.5% of all the moneys received by 20 21 the State as pari-mutuel taxes on quarter horse racing shall be 22 paid into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund. The 23 Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall not be 24 subject to administrative charges or chargebacks, including, but not limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the 25

## State Finance Act.

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- (c) The Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall be administered by the Department of Agriculture with the advice and assistance of the Advisory Board created in subsection (d) of this Section.
- The Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board shall consist of the Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as Chairman; a member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; one representative of the organization licensees conducting pari-mutuel quarter horse racing meetings, recommended by them; 2 representatives of the Illinois Running Quarter Horse Association, recommended by it; and the Superintendent of Fairs and Promotions from the Department of Agriculture. Advisory Board members shall serve for 2 years commencing January 1 of each odd numbered year. If representatives have not been recommended by January 1 of each odd numbered year, the Director of the Department of Agriculture may make an appointment for the organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but may be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of their official duties.
  - (e) Moneys in No moneys shall be expended from the Illinois
    Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund except as appropriated by
    the General Assembly. Moneys appropriated from the Illinois

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- 1 Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall be expended by the
- Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of 2
- 3 the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board,
- 4 for the following purposes only:
  - (1) To provide stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in certain races. This provision is limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.
    - (2) To provide an award to the owner or owners of an Illinois conceived and foaled horse that wins a race when pari-mutuel wagering is conducted; providing the race is not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.
    - (3) To provide purse money for an Illinois stallion stakes program.
    - (4) To provide for purses to be distributed for the running of races during the Illinois State Fair and the State Fair exclusively for quarter conceived and foaled in Illinois.
    - (5) To provide for purses to be distributed for the running of races at Illinois county fairs exclusively for quarter horses conceived and foaled in Illinois.
    - (6) To provide for purses to be distributed for running races exclusively for quarter horses conceived and foaled in Illinois at locations in Illinois determined by the Department of Agriculture with advice and consent of the Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board.

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- (7) No less than 90% of all moneys appropriated from 1 the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund shall be expended for the purposes in items (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of this subsection (e).
  - (8) To provide for research programs concerning the health, development, and care of racing quarter horses.
  - (9) To provide for dissemination of public information designed to promote the breeding of racing quarter horses in Illinois.
  - To provide for expenses incurred in the administration of the Illinois Racing Ouarter Horse Breeders Fund.
  - (f) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board:
    - (1) Qualify stallions for Illinois breeding; such stallions to stand for service within the State of Illinois, at the time of a foal's conception. Such stallion must not stand for service at any place outside the State of Illinois during the calendar year in which the foal is conceived. The Department of Agriculture may assess and collect application fees for the registration Illinois-eligible stallions. All fees collected are to be paid into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund.
    - (2) Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses. No such horse shall compete in the races

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limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses unless it is registered with the Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as are necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. The Department of Agriculture may assess and application fees for the registration of Illinois-eligible foals. All fees collected are to be paid into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund. No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application for registration of such foals that contains false information.

- (q) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund Advisory Board, shall provide that certain races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled be stakes races and determine the total amount of stakes and awards to be paid to the owners of the winning horses in such races.
- (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.) 18
- 19 (230 ILCS 5/31) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-31)

Sec. 31. (a) The General Assembly declares that it is the policy of this State to encourage the breeding of standardbred horses in this State and the ownership of such horses by residents of this State in order to provide for: sufficient numbers of high quality standardbred horses to participate in harness racing meetings in this State, and to establish and

- 1 preserve the agricultural and commercial benefits of such
- breeding and racing industries to the State of Illinois. It is 2
- the intent of the General Assembly to further this policy by 3
- 4 the provisions of this Section of this Act.
- 5 (b) Each organization licensee conducting a harness racing
- 6 meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide for at least two
- races each race program limited to Illinois conceived and 7
- foaled horses. A minimum of 6 races shall be conducted each 8
- 9 week limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses. No horses
- 10 shall be permitted to start in such races unless duly
- 11 registered under the rules of the Department of Agriculture.
- (b-5) Organization licensees, not including the Illinois 12
- State Fair or the DuQuoin State Fair, shall provide stake races 13
- 14 and early closer races for Illinois conceived and foaled horses
- 15 so that purses distributed for such races shall be no less than
- 16 17% of total purses distributed for harness racing in that
- calendar year in addition to any stakes payments and starting 17
- 18 fees contributed by horse owners.
- 19 (b-10) Each organization licensee conducting a harness
- 20 racing meeting pursuant to this Act shall provide an owner
- 21 award to be paid from the purse account equal to 25% of the
- 22 amount earned by Illinois conceived and foaled horses in races
- that are not restricted to Illinois conceived and foaled 23
- 24 horses. The owner awards shall not be paid on races below the
- 25 \$10,000 claiming class.
- 26 (c) Conditions of races under subsection (b) shall be

- 1 commensurate with past performance, quality and class of
- Illinois conceived and foaled horses available. If, however, 2
- 3 sufficient competition cannot be had among horses of that class
- 4 on any day, the races may, with consent of the Board, be
- 5 eliminated for that day and substitute races provided.
- (d) There is hereby created a special fund of the State 6
- Treasury to be known as the Illinois Standardbred Breeders 7
- 8 Fund.
- 9 During the calendar year 1981, and each year thereafter,
- 10 except as provided in subsection (g) of Section 27 of this Act,
- 11 eight and one-half per cent of all the monies received by the
- State as privilege taxes on harness racing meetings shall be 12
- 13 paid into the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.
- The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be 14
- 15 administered by the Department of Agriculture with the
- 16 assistance and advice of the Advisory Board created in
- subsection (f) of this Section. 17
- 18 (f) The Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board
- is hereby created. The Advisory Board shall consist of the 19
- 20 Director of the Department of Agriculture, who shall serve as
- Chairman; the Superintendent of the Illinois State Fair; a 21
- 22 member of the Illinois Racing Board, designated by it; a
- 23 representative of the Illinois Standardbred Owners
- 24 Breeders Association, recommended by it; a representative of
- 25 the Illinois Association of Agricultural Fairs, recommended by
- 26 it, such representative to be from a fair at which Illinois

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conceived and foaled racing is conducted; a representative of the organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings, recommended by them and a representative of the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, recommended by it. Advisory Board members shall serve for 2 years commencing January 1, of each odd numbered year. If representatives of the Illinois Standardbred Owners and Breeders Associations, the Illinois Association of Agricultural Fairs, the Illinois Harness Horsemen's Association, and the organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings have not been recommended by January 1, of each odd numbered year, the Director of the Department of Agriculture shall make an appointment for the organization failing to so recommend a member of the Advisory Board. Advisory Board members shall receive no compensation for their services as members but shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and disbursements incurred in the execution of their official duties.

- monies shall be expended from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund except as appropriated by the General Assembly. Monies appropriated from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended by the Department of Agriculture, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board for the following purposes only:
- 25 1. To provide purses for races limited to Illinois 26 conceived and foaled horses at the State Fair and the

## DuQuoin State Fair. 1

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- 2. To provide purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses at county fairs.
- 3. To provide purse supplements for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses conducted associations conducting harness racing meetings.
- 4. No less than 75% of all monies in the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for purses in 1, 2 and 3 as shown above.
- 5. In the discretion of the Department of Agriculture to provide awards to harness breeders of Illinois conceived and foaled horses which win races conducted by organization licensees conducting harness racing meetings. A breeder is the owner of a mare at the time of conception. No more than all monies appropriated from the of Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be expended for such harness breeders awards. No more than 25% of the amount expended for harness breeders awards shall be expended for expenses incurred in the administration of such harness breeders awards.
- 6. To pay for the improvement of racing facilities located at the State Fair and County fairs.
- 7. To pay the expenses incurred in the administration of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund.
- 8. To promote the sport of harness racing, including grants up to a maximum of \$7,500 per fair per year for

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1	conducting	pari-mutuel	wagering	during	the	advertised
2	dates of a d	county fair.				

- 9. To pay up to \$50,000 annually for the Department of Agriculture to conduct drug testing at county fairs racing standardbred horses.
- 10. To pay up to \$100,000 annually for distribution to Illinois county fairs to supplement premiums offered in junior classes.
- 11. To pay up to \$100,000 annually for division and equal distribution to the animal sciences department of each Illinois public university system engaged in equine research and education on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly for equine research and education.
- (h) (Blank) Whenever the Governor finds that the amount in the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund is more than the total of the outstanding appropriations from such fund, the Governor shall notify the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer of such fact. The Comptroller and the State Treasurer, receipt of such notification, shall transfer such excess amount from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund to the General Revenue Fund.
- (i) A sum equal to 13%  $\frac{12}{1/2}$ % of the first prize money of the gross every purse won by an Illinois conceived and foaled horse shall be paid 50% by the organization licensee conducting the horse race meeting to the breeder of such winning horse

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- from the organization licensee's account and 50% from the purse 1 account of the licensee share of the money wagered. Such 2 3 payment shall not reduce any award to the owner of the horse or 4 reduce the taxes payable under this Act. Such payment shall be 5 delivered by the organization licensee at the end of each 6 quarter race meeting.
  - (j) The Department of Agriculture shall, by rule, with the assistance and advice of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board:
    - 1. Qualify stallions for Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund breeding; such stallion shall be owned by a resident of the State of Illinois or by an Illinois corporation all of whose shareholders, directors, officers and incorporators are residents of the State of Illinois. Such stallion shall stand for service at and within the State of Illinois at the time of a foal's conception, and such stallion must not stand for service at any place, nor may semen from such stallion be transported, outside the State of Illinois during that calendar year in which the foal is conceived and that the owner of the stallion was for the 12 months prior, a resident of Illinois. Foals conceived outside the State of Illinois from shipped semen from a stallion qualified for breeders' awards under this Section are not eligible to participate in the Illinois conceived and foaled program. The articles of agreement of any partnership, joint venture, limited partnership,

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syndicate, association or corporation and any bylaws and stock certificates must contain a restriction that provides that the ownership or transfer of interest by any one of the persons a party to the agreement can only be made to a person who qualifies as an Illinois resident.

2. Provide for the registration of Illinois conceived and foaled horses and no such horse shall compete in the races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses unless registered with the Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture may prescribe such forms as may be necessary to determine the eligibility of such horses. No person shall knowingly prepare or cause preparation of an application for registration of such foals containing false information. A mare (dam) must be in the state at least 30 days prior to foaling or remain in the State at least 30 days at the time of foaling. Beginning with the 1996 breeding season and for foals of 1997 and thereafter, a foal conceived in the State of Illinois by transported fresh semen may be eligible for Illinois conceived and foaled registration provided all breeding and foaling requirements are met. The stallion must be qualified for Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund breeding at the time of conception and the mare must be inseminated within the State of Illinois. The foal must be dropped in Illinois and properly registered with the Department of Agriculture in accordance with this Act.

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- 3. Provide that at least a 5 day racing program shall be conducted at the State Fair each year, which program shall include at least the following races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses: (a) a two year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (b) a three year old Trot and Pace, and Filly Division of each; (c) an aged Trot and Pace, and Mare Division of each.
- 4. Provide for the payment of nominating, sustaining and starting fees for races promoting the sport of harness racing and for the races to be conducted at the State Fair as provided in subsection (j) 3 of this Section provided that the nominating, sustaining and starting payment required from an entrant shall not exceed 2% of the purse of such race. All nominating, sustaining and starting payments shall be held for the benefit of entrants and shall be paid out as part of the respective purses for such races. Nominating, sustaining and starting fees shall be held in trust accounts for the purposes as set forth in this Act and in accordance with Section 205-15 of the Department of Agriculture Law (20 ILCS 205/205-15).
- 5. Provide for the registration with the Department of Agriculture of Colt Associations or county fairs desiring to sponsor races at county fairs.
- 6. Provide for the promotion of producing standardbred racehorses by providing a bonus award program for owners of 2-year-old horses that win multiple major stakes races that

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## are limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses.

- (k) The Department of Agriculture, with the advice and assistance of the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund Advisory Board, may allocate monies for purse supplements for such races. In determining whether to allocate money and the amount, of Agriculture shall consider Department including but not limited to, the amount of money appropriated for the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund program, the number of races that may occur, and an organizational licensee's purse structure. The organizational licensee shall notify the Department of Agriculture of the conditions and minimum purses for races limited to Illinois conceived and foaled horses to be conducted by each organizational licensee conducting a harness racing meeting for which purse supplements have negotiated.
- (1) All races held at county fairs and the State Fair which receive funds from the Illinois Standardbred Breeders Fund shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the United States Trotting Association unless otherwise modified by the Department of Agriculture.
- (m) At all standardbred race meetings held or conducted under authority of a license granted by the Board, and at all standardbred races held at county fairs which are approved by the Department of Agriculture or at the Illinois or DuQuoin State Fairs, no one shall jog, train, warm up or drive a standardbred horse unless he or she is wearing a protective

1 safety helmet, with the chin strap fastened and in place, which 2 meets the standards and requirements as set forth in the 1984 3 Standard for Protective Headgear for Use in Harness Racing and 4 Other Equestrian Sports published by the Snell 5 Foundation, or any standards and requirements for headgear the 6 Illinois Racing Board may approve. Any other standards and requirements so approved by the Board shall equal or exceed 7 8 those published by the Snell Memorial Foundation. 9 equestrian helmet bearing the Snell label shall be deemed to 10 have met those standards and requirements.

11 (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

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12 (230 ILCS 5/31.1) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-31.1)

> Sec. 31.1. (a) Organization licensees collectively shall contribute annually to charity the sum of \$1,000,000 \$750,000 to non-profit organizations that provide medical and family, counseling, and similar services to persons who reside or work on the backstretch of Illinois racetracks. These contributions shall be collected as follows: (i) no later than July 1st of each year the Board shall assess each organization licensee, except those tracks which are not within 100 miles of each other which tracks shall pay \$40,000 \$30,000 annually apiece into the Board charity fund, that amount which equals \$920,000 \$690,000 multiplied by the amount of pari-mutuel wagering handled by the organization licensee in the year preceding assessment and divided by the total pari-mutuel wagering

- 1 handled by all Illinois organization licensees, except those
- tracks which are not within 100 miles of each other, in the 2
- year preceding assessment; (ii) notice of the assessed 3
- 4 contribution shall be mailed to each organization licensee;
- 5 (iii) within thirty days of its receipt of such notice, each
- organization licensee shall remit the assessed contribution to 6
- the Board. If an organization licensee wilfully fails to so 7
- remit the contribution, the Board may revoke its license to 8
- 9 conduct horse racing.
- 10 (b) No later than October 1st of each year, any qualified
- 11 charitable organization seeking an allotment of contributed
- funds shall submit to the Board an application for those funds, 12
- 13 using the Board's approved form. No later than December 31st of
- each year, the Board shall distribute all such amounts 14
- 15 collected that vear to such charitable organization
- 16 applicants.
- (Source: P.A. 87-110.) 17
- (230 ILCS 5/32.1) 18
- 19 Sec. 32.1. Pari-mutuel tax credit; statewide racetrack
- 2.0 real estate equalization.
- 21 (a) In order to encourage new investment in Illinois
- 22 racetrack facilities and mitigate differing real estate tax
- 23 burdens among all racetracks, the licensees affiliated or
- 24 associated with each racetrack that has been awarded live
- 25 racing dates in the current year shall receive an immediate

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1 pari-mutuel tax credit in an amount equal to the greater of (i) 50% of the amount of the real estate taxes paid in the prior year attributable to that racetrack, or (ii) the amount by which the real estate taxes paid in the prior year attributable to that racetrack exceeds 60% of the average real estate taxes paid in the prior year for all racetracks awarded live horse 7 racing meets in the current year.

Each year, regardless of whether the organization licensee conducted live racing in the year of certification, the Board shall certify in writing, prior to December 31, the real estate taxes paid in that year for each racetrack and the amount of the pari-mutuel tax credit that each organization licensee, intertrack wagering licensee, and intertrack wagering location licensee that derives its license from such racetrack is entitled in the succeeding calendar year. The real estate taxes considered under this Section for any racetrack shall be those taxes on the real estate parcels and related facilities used to conduct a horse race meeting and inter-track wagering at such racetrack under this Act. In no event shall the amount of the tax credit under this Section exceed the amount of pari-mutuel taxes otherwise calculated under this Act. The amount of the tax credit under this Section shall be retained by each licensee and shall not be subject to any reallocation or further distribution under this Act. The Board may promulgate emergency rules to implement this Section.

(b) Beginning on January 1 following the calendar yar

- 1 during which an organization licensee begins conducting
- electronic gaming operations pursuant to Section 56 of this 2
- Act, the maximum credit amount an organization licensee shall 3
- 4 be eligible to receive pursuant to this Section shall be equal
- 5 to 50% of the credit awarded to the organization licensee in
- calendar year 2010. 6
- (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.) 7
- 8 (230 ILCS 5/34.3 new)
- 9 Sec. 34.3. Drug testing. The Illinois Racing Board and the
- 10 Department of Agriculture shall jointly establish a program for
- the purpose of conducting drug testing of horses at county 11
- 12 fairs and shall adopt any rules necessary for enforcement of
- 13 the program. The rules shall include appropriate penalties for
- 14 violations.
- 15 (230 ILCS 5/36) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-36)
- Sec. 36. (a) Whoever administers or conspires to administer 16
- to any horse a hypnotic, narcotic, stimulant, depressant or any 17
- 18 chemical substance which may affect the speed of a horse at any
- time in any race where the purse or any part of the purse is 19
- 20 made of money authorized by any Section of this Act, except
- those chemical substances permitted by ruling of the Board, 21
- 22 internally, externally or by hypodermic method in a race or
- 23 prior thereto, or whoever knowingly enters a horse in any race
- 24 within a period of 24 hours after any hypnotic, narcotic,

- 1 stimulant, depressant or any other chemical substance which may
- 2 affect the speed of a horse at any time, except those chemical
- substances permitted by ruling of the Board, has been 3
- 4 administered to such horse either internally or externally or
- 5 by hypodermic method for the purpose of increasing or retarding
- the speed of such horse shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony. 6
- The Board shall suspend or revoke such violator's license. 7
- (b) The term "hypnotic" as used in this Section includes 8
- 9 all barbituric acid preparations and derivatives.
- 10 (c) The term "narcotic" as used in this Section includes
- 11 opium and all its alkaloids, salts, preparations and
- derivatives, cocaine and all its salts, preparations 12 and
- 13 derivatives and substitutes.
- 14 (d) The provisions of this Section 36 and the treatment
- 15 authorized herein apply to horses entered in and competing in
- 16 race meetings as defined in Section 3.47 of this Act and to
- horses entered in and competing at any county fair. 17
- (Source: P.A. 79-1185.) 18
- 19 (230 ILCS 5/40) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-40)
- Sec. 40. (a) The imposition of any fine or penalty provided 20
- 21 in this Act shall not preclude the Board in its rules and
- regulations from imposing a fine or penalty for any other 22
- 23 action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or
- 24 impediment to horse racing.
- 25 (b) The Director of Agriculture or his or her authorized

Т	representative shall impose the following monetary penalties
2	and hold administrative hearings as required for failure to
3	submit the following applications, lists, or reports within the
4	time period, date or manner required by statute or rule or for
5	removing a foal from Illinois prior to inspection:
6	(1) late filing of a renewal application for offering
7	or standing stallion for service:
8	(A) if an application is submitted no more than 30
9	days late, \$50;
10	(B) if an application is submitted no more than 45
11	days late, \$150; or
12	(C) if an application is submitted more than 45
13	days late, if filing of the application is allowed
14	under an administrative hearing, \$250;
15	(2) late filing of list or report of mares bred:
16	(A) if a list or report is submitted no more than
17	30 days late, \$50;
18	(B) if a list or report is submitted no more than
19	60 days late \$150; or
20	(C) if a list or report is submitted more than 60
21	days late, if filing of the list or report is allowed
22	under an administrative hearing, \$250;
23	(3) filing an Illinois foaled thoroughbred mare status
24	report after the statutory deadline as provided in
25	subsection (k) of Section 30 of this Act December 31:

(A) if a report is submitted no more than 30 days

1	late, \$50;
2	(B) if a report is submitted no more than 90 days
3	late, \$150;
4	(C) if a report is submitted no more than 150 days
5	late, \$250; or
6	(D) if a report is submitted more than 150 days
7	late, if filing of the report is allowed under an
8	administrative hearing, \$500;
9	(4) late filing of application for foal eligibility
10	certificate:
11	(A) if an application is submitted no more than 30
12	days late, \$50;
13	(B) if an application is submitted no more than 90
14	days late, \$150;
15	(C) if an application is submitted no more than 150
16	days late, \$250; or
17	(D) if an application is submitted more than 150
18	days late, if filing of the application is allowed
19	under an administrative hearing, \$500;
20	(5) failure to report the intent to remove a foal from
21	Illinois prior to inspection, identification and
22	certification by a Department of Agriculture investigator,
23	\$50; and
24	(6) if a list or report of mares bred is incomplete,
25	\$50 per mare not included on the list or report.
26	Any person upon whom monetary penalties are imposed under

- 1 this Section 3 times within a 5 year period shall have any
- further monetary penalties imposed at double the amounts set 2
- forth above. All monies assessed and collected for violations 3
- 4 relating to thoroughbreds shall be paid into the Thoroughbred
- 5 Breeders Fund. All monies assessed and collected for violations
- 6 relating to standardbreds shall be paid into the Standardbred
- Breeders Fund. 7
- (Source: P.A. 87-397.) 8
- 9 (230 ILCS 5/56 new)
- 10 Sec. 56. Electronic gaming.
- (a) A person, firm, or corporation having operating control 11
- 12 of a race track may apply to the Gaming Board for an electronic
- 13 gaming license. An electronic gaming license shall authorize
- 14 its holder to conduct electronic gaming on the grounds of the
- 15 race track controlled by the licensee's race track. Only one
- electronic gaming license may be awarded for any race track. 16
- Each license shall specify the number of gaming positions that 17
- 18 its holder may operate.
- 19 An electronic gaming licensee may not permit persons under
- 21 years of age to be present in its electronic gaming 20
- 21 facility, but the licensee may accept wagers on live racing and
- inter-track wagers at its electronic gaming facility. 22
- 23 (b) The adjusted gross receipts by an electronic gaming
- 24 licensee from electronic gaming remaining after the payment of
- taxes under Section 13 of the Illinois Gambling Act shall be 25

1	distributed as follows:
2	(1) Amounts shall be paid to the purse account at the
3	track at which the organization licensee is conducting
4	racing equal to the following:
5	12.75% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
6	<pre>including \$75,000,000;</pre>
7	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
8	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
9	26.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess
10	of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$125,000,000; and
11	20.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess
12	of \$125,000,000.
13	(2) The remainder shall be retained by the electronic
14	gaming licensee.
15	(c) Electronic gaming receipts placed into the purse
16	account of an organization licensee racing thoroughbred horses
17	shall be used for purses, for health care services and worker's
18	compensation for racing industry workers, for equine research,
19	for programs to care for and transition injured and retired
20	thoroughbred horses that race at the race track, or for horse
21	ownership promotion, in accordance with the agreement of the
22	horsemen's association representing the largest number of
23	owners or trainers who race at that organization licensee's
24	race meeting. Annually, from the purse account of an
25	organization licensee racing thoroughbred horses, an amount

equal to 12% of the electronic gaming receipts placed into the

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purse accounts shall be paid to the Illinois Thoroughbred

Breeders Fund and shall be used for owner awards; a stallion program pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (g) of Section 30 of this Act; and Illinois conceived and foaled stakes races pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (g) of Section 30 of this Act, as specifically designated by the horsemen's association representing the largest number of owners or trainers who race at the organization licensee's race meeting. Annually, from the purse account of an organization licensee conducting thoroughbred races at a race track in Madison County, an amount equal to 1% of the electronic gaming receipts <u>distributed to purses per subsection</u> (b) of this Section 56 shall be paid as follows: 0.33 1/3% to Southern Illinois University Department of Animal Sciences for equine research and education, an amount equal to 0.33 1/3% of the electronic gaming receipts shall be used to operate laundry facilities for backstretch workers at that race track, and an amount equal to 0.33 1/3% of the electronic gaming receipts shall be paid to programs to care for injured and unwanted horses that race at that race track. Annually, from the purse account of organization licensees conducting thoroughbred races at race tracks in Cook County, \$100,000 shall be paid for division and equal distribution to the animal sciences department of each Illinois public university system engaged in equine research and education on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th

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General Assembly for equine research and education.

(d) Annually, from the purse account of an organization licensee racing standardbred horses, an amount equal to 15% of the electronic gaming receipts placed into that purse account shall be paid to the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund. Moneys deposited into the Illinois Colt Stakes Purse Distribution Fund shall be used for standardbred racing as authorized in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (8), (9), (10), and (11) of subsection (g) of Section 31 of this Act and for bonus awards as authorized under paragraph 6 of subsection (j) of Section 31 of this Act.

(e) As a requirement for continued eligibility to conduct electronic gaming, each organization licensee must promote live racing and horse ownership through marketing and promotional efforts. To meet this requirement, all organization licensees operating at each race track facility must collectively expend the amount of the pari-mutuel tax credit that was certified by the Illinois Racing Board in the prior calendar year pursuant to Section 32.1 of this Act for that race track facility, in addition to the amount that was expended by each organizational licensee for such efforts in calendar year 2009. Such incremental expenditures must be directed to assure that all marketing expenditures, including those for the organization licensee's electronic gaming facility, advertise, market, and promote horse racing or horse ownership. The amount spent by the organization licensee for

- 1 such marketing and promotional efforts in 2009 shall be
- certified by the Board no later than 90 days after the 2
- 3 effective date of this Section.
- 4 Section 90-40. The Riverboat Gambling Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5.1, 6, 7, 7.3, 8, 9, 11, 11.1,
- 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, and 23 and by adding Sections 5.3, 7.6, 6
- 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 7.10, and 7.11 as follows: 7
- 8 (230 ILCS 10/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2401)
- Sec. 1. Short title. This Act shall be known and may be 9
- cited as the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act. 10
- 11 (Source: P.A. 86-1029.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 10/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 2402)
- 13 Sec. 2. Legislative Intent.
- (a) This Act is intended to benefit the people of the State 14
- of Illinois by assisting economic development and promoting 15
- Illinois tourism and by increasing the amount of revenues 16
- 17 available to the State to assist and support education.
- (b) While authorization of riverboat and casino gambling 18
- 19 will enhance investment, development and tourism in Illinois,
- 20 it is recognized that it will do so successfully only if public
- 21 confidence and trust in the credibility and integrity of the
- 22 gambling operations and the regulatory process is maintained.
- 23 Therefore, regulatory provisions of this Act are designed to

- strictly regulate the facilities, persons, associations and 1
- practices related to gambling operations pursuant to the police 2
- powers of the State, including comprehensive law enforcement 3
- 4 supervision.
- 5 (c) The Illinois Gaming Board established under this Act
- 6 should, as soon as possible, inform each applicant for an
- owners license of the Board's intent to grant or deny a 7
- 8 license.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)
- 10 (230 ILCS 10/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2403)
- Sec. 3. Riverboat Gambling Authorized. 11
- 12 Riverboat and casino gambling operations and
- 13 electronic gaming operations and the system of wagering
- 14 incorporated therein, as defined in this Act, are hereby
- 15 authorized to the extent that they are carried out in
- accordance with the provisions of this Act. 16
- 17 (b) This Act does not apply to the pari-mutuel system of
- wagering used or intended to be used in connection with the 18
- 19 horse-race meetings as authorized under the Illinois Horse
- 20 Racing Act of 1975, lottery games authorized under the Illinois
- 21 Lottery Law, bingo authorized under the Bingo License and Tax
- 22 Act, charitable games authorized under the Charitable Games Act
- 23 or pull tabs and jar games conducted under the Illinois Pull
- 24 Tabs and Jar Games Act. This Act applies to electronic gaming
- 25 authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 to the

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## extent provided in that Act and in this Act.

- (c) Riverboat gambling conducted pursuant to this Act may 2 be authorized upon any water within the State of Illinois or 3 4 any water other than Lake Michigan which constitutes a boundary 5 of the State of Illinois. Notwithstanding any provision in this 6 subsection (c) to the contrary, a licensee that receives its license pursuant to subsection (e-5) of Section 7 may conduct 7 riverboat gambling on Lake Michigan from a home dock located on 8 9 Lake Michigan subject to any limitations contained in Section 10 7. Notwithstanding any provision in this subsection (c) to the 11 contrary, a licensee may conduct gambling at its home dock facility as provided in Sections 7 and 11. A licensee may 12 13 conduct riverboat gambling authorized under this regardless of whether it conducts excursion cruises. A licensee 14 15 may permit the continuous ingress and egress of passengers for 16 the purpose of gambling.
  - (d) Gambling that is conducted in accordance with this Act using slot machines and video games of chance and other electronic gambling games as defined in both the Illinois Gambling Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is authorized.
- (Source: P.A. 91-40, eff. 6-25-99.) 22
- 23 (230 ILCS 10/4) (from Ch. 120, par. 2404)
- 24 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 25 (a) "Board" means the Illinois Gaming Board.

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- 1 (b) "Occupational license" means a license issued by the Board to a person or entity to perform an occupation which the 2 Board has identified as requiring a license to engage in 3 4 riverboat gambling in Illinois.
  - (c) "Gambling game" includes, but is not limited to, baccarat, twenty-one, poker, craps, slot machine, video game of chance, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, push card, jar ticket, or pull tab which is authorized by the Board as a wagering device under this Act.
- (d) "Riverboat" means a self-propelled excursion boat, a permanently moored barge, or permanently moored barges that are 13 permanently fixed together to operate as one vessel, on which lawful gambling is authorized and licensed as provided in this Act.
  - "Slot machine" means any mechanical, electrical, or other device, contrivance, or machine that is authorized by the Board as a wagering device under this Act which, upon insertion of a coin, currency, token or similar object therein, or upon payment of any consideration whatsoever, is available to play or operate, the play or operation of which may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the machine to receive cash, premiums, merchandise, tokens, or anything of value whatsoever, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner whatsoever. A slot machine:
    - (1) May utilize spinning reels or video displays or

1	both.
2	(2) May or may not dispense coins, tickets or tokens to
3	winning patrons.
4	(3) May use an electronic credit system for receiving
5	wagers and making payouts.
6	"Slot machine" does not include table games authorized by the
7	Board as a wagering device under this Act.
8	(e) "Managers license" means a license issued by the Board
9	to a person or entity to manage gambling operations conducted
10	by the State pursuant to Section 7.3.
11	(f) "Dock" means the location where a riverboat moors for
12	the purpose of embarking passengers for and disembarking
13	passengers from the riverboat.
14	(g) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money
15	exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens $_{m{L}}$ or electronic
16	cards by gaming riverboat patrons, excluding the total dollar
17	amount of non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic
18	promotions redeemed by patrons upon a riverboat or in a casino.
19	(h) "Adjusted gross receipts" means the gross receipts less
20	winnings paid to wagerers. "Adjusted gross receipts" shall not
21	include the total dollar amount of non-cashable vouchers,
22	coupons, and electronic promotions redeemed by wagerers upon a
23	riverboat or in a casino.
24	(i) "Cheat" means to alter the selection of criteria which
25	determine the result of a gambling game or the amount or
26	frequency of payment in a gambling game.

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- (k) "Gambling operation" means the conduct of authorized gambling games authorized under this Act upon a riverboat or in a casino or authorized under this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 at an electronic gaming facility.
- 6 (1) "License bid" means the lump sum amount of money that an applicant bids and agrees to pay the State in return for an 7 8 owners license that is re-issued on or after July 1, 2003.
- 9 "Table game" means a live gaming apparatus upon which 10 gaming is conducted or that determines the outcome that is the object of a wager, including, but not limited to, baccarat, 11 twenty-one, blackjack, poker, craps, roulette wheel, klondike 12 table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, 13 14 push card, jar ticket, pull tab, or other similar games that 15 are authorized by the Board as a wagering device under this Act. "Table game" does not include slot machines or video games 16 17 of chance.
  - (m) The terms "minority person", "female", and "person with a disability" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act.
- 22 "Casino" means a facility at which lawful gambling is 23 authorized as provided in this Act.
- 24 "Owners license" means a license to conduct riverboat 25 gambling operations, but does not include an electronic gaming 26 license.

1	"Licensed owner" means a person who holds an owners
2	license.
3	"Electronic gaming" means slot machine gambling, video
4	game of chance gambling, or gambling with electronic gambling
5	games as defined in the Illinois Gambling Act or defined by the
6	Board that is conducted at a race track pursuant to an
7	electronic gaming license.
8	"Electronic gaming facility" means the area where the Board
9	has authorized electronic gaming at a race track of an
10	organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of
11	1975 that holds an electronic gaming license.
12	"Electronic gaming license" means a license issued by the
13	Board under Section 7.6 of this Act authorizing electronic
14	gaming at an electronic gaming facility.
15	"Electronic gaming licensee" means an entity that holds an
16	electronic gaming license.
17	"Organization licensee" means an entity authorized by the
18	Illinois Racing Board to conduct pari-mutuel wagering in
19	accordance with the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. With
20	respect only to electronic gaming, "organization licensee"
21	includes the authorization for electronic gaming created under
22	subsection (a) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act
23	of 1975.
24	"Casino operator license" means the license held by the
25	person or entity selected by the Chicago Casino Development
26	Authority to manage and operate a riverboat or casino within

- 1 the geographic area of the authorized municipality pursuant to
- this Act and the Chicago Casino Development Authority Act. 2
- (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.) 3
- 4 (230 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405)
- 5 Sec. 5. Gaming Board.

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- (a) (1) There is hereby established the Illinois Gaming 6 7 Board, which shall have the powers and duties specified in this 8 Act, and all other powers necessary and proper to fully and 9 effectively execute this Act for the purpose of administering, 10 regulating, and enforcing the system of riverboat and casino gambling and electronic gaming established by this Act. Its 11 12 jurisdiction shall extend under this Act to every person, 13 association, corporation, partnership and trust involved in 14 riverboat and casino gambling operations and electronic gaming 15 in the State of Illinois.
  - (2) The Board shall consist of 5 members to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor to be chairperson chairman. Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the practice, procedure and principles of gambling operations. Each member shall either be a resident of Illinois or shall certify that he or she will become a resident of Illinois before taking office.
    - The Board must include the following:
- (A) One member who has received, at a minimum, a 25

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1	bachelor's degree from an accredited school and at least 10
2	years of verifiable training and experience in the fields
3	of investigation and law enforcement.
4	(B) One member who is a certified public accountant

- with experience in auditing and with knowledge of complex corporate structures and transactions.
- (C) One member who has 5 years' experience as a principal, senior officer, or director of a company or business with either material responsibility for the daily operations and management of the overall company or business or material responsibility for the policy making of the company or business.
- 13 (D) One member who is a lawyer licensed to practice law 14 in Illinois.

No more than 3 members of the Board may be from the same political party. The Board should reflect the ethnic, cultural, and geographic diversity of the State. No Board member shall, within a period of one year immediately preceding nomination, have been employed or received compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Board members must publicly disclose all prior affiliations with gaming interests, including any compensation, fees, bonuses, salaries, and other reimbursement received from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in

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- business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. This disclosure must be made within 30 days after nomination but prior to confirmation by the Senate and must be made available to the members of the Senate. At least one member shall be experienced in law enforcement and criminal investigation, at least one member shall be a certified public accountant experienced in accounting and auditing, and at least one member shall be a lawyer licensed to practice law in Illinois.
  - (3) The terms of office of the Board members shall be 3 years, except that the terms of office of the initial Board members appointed pursuant to this Act will commence from the effective date of this Act and run as follows: one for a term ending July 1, 1991, 2 for a term ending July 1, 1992, and 2 for a term ending July 1, 1993. Upon the expiration of the foregoing terms, the successors of such members shall serve a term for 3 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified for like terms. Vacancies in the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term in like manner as original appointments. Each member of the Board shall be eligible for reappointment at the discretion of the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
  - (4) Each member of the Board shall receive \$300 for each day the Board meets and for each day the member conducts any hearing pursuant to this Act. Each member of the Board shall also be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses and

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disbursements incurred in the execution of official duties.

- (5) No person shall be appointed a member of the Board or continue to be a member of the Board who is, or whose spouse, child or parent is, a member of the board of directors of, or a person financially interested in, any gambling operation subject to the jurisdiction of this Board, or any race track, race meeting, racing association or the operations thereof subject to the jurisdiction of the Illinois Racing Board. No Board member shall hold any other public office. No person shall be a member of the Board who is not of good moral character or who has been convicted of, or is under indictment for, a felony under the laws of Illinois or any other state, or the United States.
- (5.5) No member of the Board shall engage in any political activity. For the purposes of this Section, "political" means any activity in support of or in connection with any campaign for federal, State, or local elective office or any political organization, but does not include activities (i) relating to the support or opposition of any executive, legislative, or administrative action (as those terms are defined in Section 2 of the Lobbyist Registration Act), (ii) relating to collective bargaining, or (iii) that are otherwise in furtherance of the person's official State duties or governmental and public service functions.
  - (6) Any member of the Board may be removed by the Governor for neglect of duty, misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance

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1 in office or for engaging in any political activity.

- (7) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, each member of the Board shall take an oath that he will faithfully execute the duties of his office according to the laws of the State and the rules and regulations adopted therewith and shall give bond to the State of Illinois, approved by the Governor, in the sum of \$25,000. Every such bond, when duly executed and approved, shall be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State. Whenever the Governor determines that the bond of any member of the Board has become or is likely to become invalid or insufficient, he shall require such member forthwith to renew his bond, which is to be approved by the Governor. Any member of the Board who fails to take oath and give bond within 30 days from the date of his appointment, or who fails to renew his bond within 30 days after it is demanded by the Governor, shall be quilty of neglect of duty and may be removed by the Governor. The cost of any bond given by any member of the Board under this Section shall be taken to be a part of the necessary expenses of the Board.
- The Board shall employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out its functions and shall determine the salaries of all personnel, except those personnel whose salaries are determined under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement. No person shall be employed to serve the Board who is, or whose spouse, parent or child is, an official

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of, or has a financial interest in or financial relation with, any operator engaged in gambling operations within this State or any organization engaged in conducting horse racing within this State. For the one year immediately preceding employment, an employee shall not have been employed or received compensation or fees for services from a person or entity, or its parent or affiliate, that has engaged in business with the Board, a licensee, or a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Any employee violating these prohibitions shall be subject to termination of employment. In addition, all Board members and employees are subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 5-45 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

(9) An Administrator shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. An Administrator shall perform any and all duties that the Board shall assign him. The salary of the Administrator shall be determined by the Board and, in addition, he shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred by him in discharge of his official duties. The Administrator shall keep records of all proceedings of the Board and shall preserve all records, books, documents and other papers belonging to the Board or entrusted to its care. The Administrator shall devote his full time to the duties of the office and shall not hold any other office or employment. In addition to other prescribed duties, the Administrator shall establish a system by which personnel

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- 1 assisting the Board regarding the issuance of owner's licenses, whether it be relocation, re-issuance, or the initial issuance, 2 shall be assigned specific duties in each instance, thereby 3 4 preventing a conflict of interest in regards to the 5 decision-making process. A conflict of interest exists if a situation influences or creates the appearance that it may 6 influence judgment or performance of duties 7 or 8 responsibilities.
  - (b) The Board shall have general responsibility for the implementation of this Act. Its duties include, without limitation, the following:
    - (1) To decide promptly and in reasonable order all license applications. Any party aggrieved by an action of the Board denying, suspending, revoking, restricting or refusing to renew a license may request a hearing before the Board. A request for a hearing must be made to the Board in writing within 5 days after service of notice of the action of the Board. Notice of the action of the Board shall be served either by personal delivery or by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the aggrieved party. Notice served by certified mail shall be deemed complete on the business day following the date of such mailing. The Board shall conduct all requested hearings promptly and in reasonable order;
    - (2) To conduct all hearings pertaining to civil violations of this Act or rules and regulations promulgated

## hereunder;

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- (3) To promulgate such rules and regulations as in its judgment may be necessary to protect or enhance the credibility and integrity of gambling operations authorized by this Act and the regulatory process hereunder;
- (4) To provide for the establishment and collection of all license and registration fees and taxes imposed by this Act and the rules and regulations issued pursuant hereto. All such fees and taxes shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund;
- (5) To provide for the levy and collection of penalties and fines for the violation of provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. All such fines and penalties shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois;
- (6) To be present through its inspectors and agents any time gambling operations are conducted on any riverboat, in any casino, or at any electronic gaming facility for the purpose of certifying the revenue thereof, receiving complaints from the public, and conducting such other investigations into the conduct of the gambling games and the maintenance of the equipment as from time to time the Board may deem necessary and proper;
  - (7) To review and rule upon any complaint by a licensee

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regarding any investigative procedures of the State which are unnecessarily disruptive of gambling operations. The need to inspect and investigate shall be presumed at all times. The disruption of a licensee's operations shall be proved by clear and convincing evidence, and establish that: (A) the procedures had no reasonable law enforcement purposes, and (B) the procedures were so disruptive as to unreasonably inhibit gambling operations;

(8) To hold at least one meeting each quarter of the fiscal year. In addition, special meetings may be called by the Chairman or any 2 Board members upon 72 hours written notice to each member. All Board meetings shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and 3 votes shall be required for any final determination by the Board. The Board shall keep a complete and accurate record of all its meetings. A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business, for the performance of any duty, or for the exercise of any power which this Act requires the Board members to transact, perform or exercise en banc, except that, upon order of the Board, one of the Board members or an administrative law judge designated by the Board may conduct any hearing provided for under this Act or by Board rule and may recommend findings and decisions to the Board. The Board member or administrative law judge conducting such hearing

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shall have all powers and rights granted to the Board in
this Act. The record made at the time of the hearing shall
be reviewed by the Board, or a majority thereof, and the
findings and decision of the majority of the Board shall
constitute the order of the Board in such case;

- (9) To maintain records which are separate and distinct from the records of any other State board or commission. Such records shall be available for public inspection and shall accurately reflect all Board proceedings;
- (10) To file a written annual report with the Governor on or before March 1 each year and such additional reports the Governor may request. The annual report shall include a statement of receipts and disbursements by the Board, actions taken by the Board, and any additional information and recommendations which the Board may deem valuable or which the Governor may request;
  - (11) (Blank);
  - (12) (Blank);
- (13) To assume responsibility for administration and enforcement of the Video Gaming Act; and
- (13.5) To assume responsibility for the administration and enforcement of operations at electronic gaming facilities pursuant to this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975; and
- (14) To adopt, by rule, a code of conduct governing Board members and employees that ensure, to the maximum

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1 extent possible, that persons subject to this Code avoid situations, relationships, or associations that 2 may represent or lead to a conflict of interest. 3

Any action by the Board or staff of the Board, including, but not limited to, denying a renewal, approving procedures (including internal controls), levying a fine or penalty, promotions, or other activities by an applicant for licensure or a licensee, may at the discretion of the applicant or licensee be appealed to an administrative law judge in accordance with subsection (b) of Section 17.1.

Internal controls and changes submitted by licensees must be reviewed and either approved or denied with cause within 60 days after receipt by the Illinois Gaming Board. In the event an internal control submission or change does not meet the standards set by the Board, staff of the Board must provide technical assistance to the licensee to rectify such deficiencies within 60 days after the initial submission and the revised submission must be reviewed and approved or denied with cause within 60 days. For the purposes of this paragraph, "with cause" means that the approval of the submission would jeopardize the integrity of gaming. In the event the Board staff has not acted within the timeframe, the submission shall be deemed approved.

(c) The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall supervise all gambling operations governed by this Act. The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and

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- 1 effectively execute the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, the following: 2
  - To investigate applicants and determine eligibility of applicants for licenses and to select among competing applicants the applicants which best serve the interests of the citizens of Illinois.
  - (2) To have jurisdiction and supervision over all riverboat gambling operations authorized under this Act in this State and all persons in places on riverboats where gambling operations are conducted.
  - (3) To promulgate rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe rules, regulations and conditions under which all riverboat gambling operations subject to this Act in the State shall be conducted. Such rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of riverboat gambling, including rules and regulations regarding the inspection of electronic gaming facilities, casinos, and such riverboats and the review of any permits or licenses necessary to operate a riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming facilities under any laws or regulations applicable to riverboats, casinos, or electronic gaming facilities and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
  - (4)To enter the office, riverboats, casinos, electronic gaming facilities, and other facilities, or

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other places of business of a licensee, where evidence of the compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of this Act is likely to be found.

- (5) To investigate alleged violations of this Act or the rules of the Board and to take appropriate disciplinary action against a licensee or a holder of an occupational license for a violation, or institute appropriate legal action for enforcement, or both.
- (6) To adopt standards for the licensing of all persons under this Act, as well as for electronic or mechanical gambling games, and to establish fees for such licenses.
- (7) To adopt appropriate standards for all electronic gaming faciliti<u>es,</u> riverboats, casinos, and other facilities authorized under this Act.
- (8) To require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee under this Act, shall be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board and that any such licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations submit to the Board an annual balance sheet and profit and loss statement, list of stockholders or other persons having a 1% or greater beneficial interest in the gambling activities of each licensee, and any other information the Board deems necessary in order to effectively administer this Act and rules, regulations, orders and final decisions promulgated under this Act.

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- (9) To conduct hearings, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of books, records and other pertinent documents in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and to administer oaths and affirmations to the witnesses, when, in the judgment of the Board, it is necessary to administer or enforce this Act or the Board rules.
- (10) To prescribe a form to be used by any licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations as an application for employment for their employees.
- (11) To revoke or suspend licenses, as the Board may see fit and in compliance with applicable laws of the State regarding administrative procedures, and to review applications for the renewal of licenses. The Board may suspend an owners license, electronic gaming license, or casino operator license, without notice or hearing upon a determination that the safety or health of patrons or employees is jeopardized by continuing a gambling operation conducted under that license riverboat's operation. The suspension may remain in effect until the Board determines that the cause for suspension has been abated. The Board may revoke the owners license, electronic gaming license, or casino operator license upon determination that the licensee owner has not made

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satisfactory progress toward abating the hazard.

- (12) To eject or exclude or authorize the ejection or exclusion of, any person from <del>riverboat</del> facilities where that <del>such</del> person is in violation of this Act, rules and regulations thereunder, or final orders of the Board, or where such person's conduct or reputation is such that his or her presence within the riverboat gambling facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of the gambling operations or interfere with the orderly conduct thereof; provided that the propriety of such ejection or exclusion is subject to subsequent hearing by the Board.
- (13) To require all licensees of gambling operations to utilize a cashless wagering system whereby all players' money is converted to tokens, electronic cards, or chips which shall be used only for wagering in the gambling establishment.
  - (14) (Blank).
- To suspend, revoke or restrict licenses, to require the removal of a licensee or an employee of a licensee for a violation of this Act or a Board rule or for engaging in a fraudulent practice, and to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against individuals and up to \$10,000 or an amount equal to the daily gross receipts, whichever is larger, against licensees for each violation of any provision of the Act, any rules adopted by the

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Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to riverboat gambling operations.

- (16) To hire employees to gather information, conduct investigations and carry out any other tasks contemplated under this Act.
- (17) To establish minimum levels of insurance to be maintained by licensees.
- (18) To authorize a licensee to sell or serve alcoholic liquors, wine or beer as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934 on board a riverboat or in a casino and to have exclusive authority to establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino, notwithstanding any provision of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or any local ordinance, and regardless riverboat. makes excursions. of whether t.he establishment of the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic liquor on board a riverboat or in a casino. This subdivision (18) amendatory Act of 1991 is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
  - (19) After consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of

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Engineers, to establish binding emergency orders upon the concurrence of a majority of the members of the Board regarding the navigability of water, relative excursions, in the event of extreme weather conditions, acts of God or other extreme circumstances.

- (20) To delegate the execution of any of its powers under this Act for the purpose of administering and enforcing this Act and its rules and regulations hereunder.
- (20.5) To approve any contract entered into on its behalf.
- (20.6)investigators To appoint to conduct. investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act, as deemed necessary by the Board. These investigators have and may exercise all of the rights and powers of peace officers, provided that these powers shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring or committed on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act or any other law.
- (20.7) To contract with the Department of State Police for the use of trained and qualified State police officers and with the Department of Revenue for the use of trained qualified Department of Revenue investigators conduct investigations, searches, seizures, arrests, and other duties imposed under this Act and to exercise all of the rights and powers of peace officers, provided that the

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powers of Department of Revenue investigators under this subdivision (20.7) shall be limited to offenses or violations occurring or committed on a riverboat or dock, as defined in subsections (d) and (f) of Section 4, or as otherwise provided by this Act or any other law. In the event the Department of State Police or the Department of Revenue is unable to fill contracted police investigative positions, the Board may appoint investigators to fill those positions pursuant subdivision (20.6).

## (21) To make rules concerning the conduct of electronic gaming.

- (22)  $\frac{(21)}{(21)}$  To take any other action as may be reasonable appropriate to enforce this Act and rules regulations hereunder.
- (d) The Board may seek and shall receive the cooperation of the Department of State Police in conducting background investigations of applicants and in fulfilling responsibilities under this Section. Costs incurred by the Department of State Police as a result of such cooperation shall be paid by the Board in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400).
- (e) The Board must authorize to each investigator and to any other employee of the Board exercising the powers of a peace officer a distinct badge that, on its face, (i) clearly

- 1 states that the badge is authorized by the Board and (ii)
- contains a unique identifying number. No other badge shall be 2
- 3 authorized by the Board.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09;
- 5 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- (230 ILCS 10/5.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2405.1) 6
- 7 Sec. 5.1. Disclosure of records.
- 8 (a) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to
- the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any 9
- 10 person, provide information furnished by an applicant or
- licensee concerning the applicant or licensee, his products, 11
- 12 services or gambling enterprises and his business holdings, as
- 13 follows:
- 14 (1) The name, business address and business telephone
- 15 number of any applicant or licensee.
- (2) An identification of any applicant or licensee 16
- 17 including, if an applicant or licensee is
- 18 individual, the state of incorporation or registration,
- 19 the corporate officers, and the identity of
- 20 shareholders or participants. If an applicant or licensee
- 21 a pending registration statement filed with the
- 22 Securities and Exchange Commission, only the names of those
- 23 persons or entities holding interest of 5% or more must be
- 24 provided.
- 25 (3) An identification of any business, including, if

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applicable, the state of incorporation or registration, in which an applicant or licensee or an applicant's or licensee's spouse or children has an equity interest of more than 1%. If an applicant or licensee is a corporation, partnership or other business entity, the applicant or licensee shall identify any other corporation, partnership or business entity in which it has an equity interest of 1% or more, including, if applicable, the state of incorporation or registration. This information need not be provided by a corporation, partnership or other business entity that has a pending registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

- (4) Whether an applicant or licensee has been indicted, convicted, pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, or forfeited bail concerning any criminal offense under the laws of any jurisdiction, either felony or misdemeanor (except for traffic violations), including the date, the name and location of the court, arresting agency and prosecuting agency, the case number, the offense, the disposition and the location and length of incarceration.
- (5) Whether an applicant or licensee has had any license or certificate issued by a licensing authority in Illinois or any other jurisdiction denied, restricted, suspended, revoked or not renewed and a statement describing the facts and circumstances concerning the denial, restriction, suspension, revocation or

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non-renewal, including the licensing authority, the date each such action was taken, and the reason for each such action.

- (6) Whether an applicant or licensee has ever filed or had filed against it a proceeding in bankruptcy or has ever been involved in any formal process to adjust, defer, suspend or otherwise work out the payment of any debt including the date of filing, the name and location of the court, the case and number of the disposition.
- (7) Whether an applicant or licensee has filed, or been served with a complaint or other notice filed with any public body, regarding the delinquency in the payment of, or a dispute over the filings concerning the payment of, any tax required under federal, State or local law, including the amount, type of tax, the taxing agency and time periods involved.
- (8) A statement listing the names and titles of all public officials or officers of any unit of government, and relatives of said public officials or officers who, directly or indirectly, own any financial interest in, have any beneficial interest in, are the creditors of or hold any debt instrument issued by, or hold or have any interest in any contractual or service relationship with, an applicant or licensee.
- (9) Whether an applicant or licensee has made, directly or indirectly, any political contribution, or any loans,

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- donations or other payments, to any candidate or office holder, within 5 years from the date of filing the application, including the amount and the method of payment.
  - (10) The name and business telephone number of the counsel representing an applicant or licensee in matters before the Board.
  - (11) A description of any proposed or approved riverboat or casino gaming or electronic gaming operation, including the type of boat, home dock or casino or electronic gaming location, expected economic benefit to the community, anticipated or actual number of employees, any statement from an applicant or licensee regarding compliance with federal and State affirmative action quidelines, projected or actual admissions and projected or actual adjusted gross gaming receipts.
  - (12) A description of the product or service to be supplied by an applicant for a supplier's license.
  - (b) Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to the contrary, the Board shall, on written request from any person, also provide the following information:
    - (1) The amount of the wagering tax and admission tax paid daily to the State of Illinois by the holder of an owner's license.
    - (2) Whenever the Board finds an applicant for an owner's license unsuitable for licensing, a copy of the

- 1 written letter outlining the reasons for the denial.
- (3) Whenever the Board has refused to grant leave for 2
- 3 an applicant to withdraw his application, a copy of the
- 4 letter outlining the reasons for the refusal.
- 5 (c) Subject to the above provisions, the Board shall not
- disclose any information which would be barred by: 6
- (1) Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act; or 7
- 8 (2) The statutes, rules, regulations or
- 9 intergovernmental agreements of any jurisdiction.
- 10 The Board may assess fees for the copying of (d)
- information in accordance with Section 6 of the Freedom of 11
- Information Act. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 14 (230 ILCS 10/5.3 new)
- 15 Sec. 5.3. Prioritization of video gaming operations.
- (a) The General Assembly finds that the implementation of 16
- the Video Gaming Act and the commencement of video gaming 17
- 18 operations authorized pursuant to that Act are no less
- 19 important than the activities and operations authorized by this
- 20 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. It is the intent
- 21 of the General Assembly that the implementation of operations
- authorized by the Video Gaming Act must not be delayed as a 22
- 23 result of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.
- 24 (b) No licenses or additional gaming positions authorized
- 25 in this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be

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- 1 awarded or issued before the video gaming implementation date. For the purposes of this Section and this Act, "video gaming 2 implementation date" means the date when at least 2,000 video 3 4 gaming terminals authorized pursuant to the Video Gaming Act 5 are operational and are being used to conduct video gaming with at least 1,000 video gaming terminals operating in Cook, Lake, 6 McHenry, Kane, DuPage, and Will Counties, and at least 1,000 7 video gaming terminals operating in the remaining counties. 8
- 9 (230 ILCS 10/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2406)
- 10 Sec. 6. Application for Owners License.
  - (a) A qualified person may apply to the Board for an owners license to conduct a riverboat gambling operation as provided in this Act. The application shall be made on forms provided by the Board and shall contain such information as the Board prescribes, including but not limited to the identity of the riverboat on which such gambling operation is to be conducted, if applicable, and the exact location where such riverboat will be located <del>docked</del>, a certification that the riverboat will be registered under this Act at all times during which gambling operations are conducted on board, detailed information regarding the ownership and management of the applicant, and detailed personal information regarding the applicant. Any application for an owners license to be re-issued on or after June 1, 2003 shall also include the applicant's license bid in a form prescribed by the Board. Information provided on the

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1	application shall be used as a basis for a thorough background
2	investigation which the Board shall conduct with respect to
3	each applicant. An incomplete application shall be cause for
4	denial of a license by the Board.

- (a-5) In addition to any other information required under this Section, each application for an owners license must include the following information:
  - (1) The history and success of the applicant and each person and entity disclosed under subsection (c) of this Section in developing tourism facilities ancillary to gaming, if applicable.
  - (2) The likelihood that granting a license to the applicant will lead to the creation of quality, living wage jobs and permanent, full-time jobs for residents of the State and residents of the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the proposed facility where gambling is to be conducted by the applicant.
  - (3) The projected number of jobs that would be created if the license is granted and the projected number of new employees at the proposed facility where gambling is to be conducted by the applicant.
  - (4) The record of the applicant and its developer in meeting commitments to local agencies, community-based organizations, and employees at other locations where the applicant or its developer has performed similar functions as they would perform if the applicant were granted a

1 license.

2	(5) Identification of adverse effects that might be
3	caused by the proposed facility where gambling is to be
4	conducted by the applicant, including the costs of meeting
5	increased demand for public health care, child care, public
6	transportation, affordable housing, and social services,
7	and a plan to mitigate those adverse effects.
8	(6) The record of the applicant and its developer
9	regarding compliance with:
10	(A) federal, state, and local discrimination, wage
11	and hour, disability, and occupational and
12	environmental health and safety laws; and
13	(B) state and local labor relations and employment
14	laws.
15	(7) The applicant's record in dealing with its
16	employees and their representatives at other locations.
17	(8) A plan concerning the utilization of minority
18	person-owned and female-owned businesses and concerning
19	the hiring of minorities and females.
20	(b) Applicants shall submit with their application all
21	documents, resolutions, and letters of support from the
22	governing body that represents the municipality or county
23	wherein the licensee will be located dock.
24	(c) Each applicant shall disclose the identity of every
25	person, association, trust or corporation having a greater than
26	1% direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the riverboat

- 1 gambling operation with respect to which the license is sought.
- 2 If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application shall
- disclose the names and addresses of the beneficiaries; if a 3
- 4 corporation, the names and addresses of all stockholders and
- 5 directors; if a partnership, the names and addresses of all
- partners, both general and limited. 6
- (d) An application shall be filed and considered in 7 8 accordance with the rules of the Board. An application fee of 9 \$50,000 shall be paid at the time of filing to defray the costs 10 associated with the background investigation conducted by the 11 Board. If the costs of the investigation exceed \$50,000, the applicant shall pay the additional amount to the Board. If the 12 13 costs of the investigation are less than \$50,000, the applicant shall receive a refund of the remaining 14 amount. 15 information, records, interviews, reports, statements, 16 memoranda or other data supplied to or used by the Board in the course of its review or investigation of an application for a 17 license or a renewal under this Act shall be privileged, 18 strictly confidential and shall be used only for the purpose of 19 20 evaluating an applicant for a license or a renewal. Such 21 information, records, interviews, reports, statements, 22 memoranda or other data shall not be admissible as evidence, 23 nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or 24 before any tribunal, board, agency or person, except for any 25 action deemed necessary by the Board.
  - (e) The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the

- 1 Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with
- 2 the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the
- Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees 3
- 4 shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.
- 5 (f) The licensed owner shall be the person primarily
- 6 responsible for the boat itself. Only one riverboat gambling
- operation may be authorized by the Board on any riverboat. The 7
- applicant must identify the each riverboat or premises it 8
- 9 intends to use and certify that the riverboat or premises: (1)
- 10 has the authorized capacity required in this Act; (2) is
- 11 accessible to disabled persons; and (3) is fully registered and
- licensed in accordance with any applicable laws. 12
- 13 (g) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
- 14 application is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- (230 ILCS 10/7) (from Ch. 120, par. 2407) 16
- 17 Sec. 7. Owners Licenses.
- 18 (a) The Board shall issue owners licenses to persons, firms
- 19 or corporations which apply for such licenses upon payment to
- 20 the Board of the non-refundable license fee set by the Board,
- 21 upon payment of a \$25,000 license fee for the first year of
- 22 operation and a \$5,000 license fee for each succeeding year and
- 23 upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is
- 24 eligible for an owners license pursuant to this Act and the
- 25 rules of the Board. From the effective date of this amendatory

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Act of the 95th General Assembly until (i) 3 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, (ii) the date any organization licensee begins to operate a slot machine or video game of chance under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, (iii) the date that payments begin under subsection (c-5) of Section 13 of the Act, or (iv) the wagering tax imposed under Section 13 of this Act is increased by law to reflect a tax rate that is at least as stringent or more stringent than the tax rate contained in subsection (a-3) of Section 13, or (v) when an owners licensee holding a license issued pursuant to Section 7.1 of this Act begins conducting gaming, whichever occurs first, as condition of licensure and as an alternative source of payment for those funds payable under subsection (c-5) of Section 13 of this the Riverboat Gambling Act, any owners licensee that holds or receives its owners license on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, other than an owners licensee operating a riverboat with adjusted gross receipts in calendar year 2004 of less than \$200,000,000, must pay into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund, in addition to any other payments required under this Act, an amount equal to 3% of the adjusted gross receipts received by the owners licensee. The payments required under this Section shall be made by the owners licensee to the State Treasurer no later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when the adjusted gross receipts were received by the owners licensee. A person, firm

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- or corporation is ineligible to receive an owners license if: 1
- (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the 2 laws of this State, any other state, or the United States; 3
  - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
  - (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act which contains false information;
    - (4) the person is a member of the Board;
  - (5) a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) is an officer, director or managerial employee of the firm or corporation;
    - (6) the firm or corporation employs a person defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4) who participates in the management or operation of gambling operations authorized under this Act:
      - (7) (blank); or
    - (8) a license of the person, firm or corporation issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.

The Board is expressly prohibited from making changes to the requirement that licensees make payment into the Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund without the express authority of the Illinois General Assembly and making any other rule to implement or interpret this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. For the purposes of this paragraph, "rules" is given

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- 1 the meaning given to that term in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. 2
  - (b) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an applicant, the Board shall consider:
    - character, reputation, experience (1)the financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or separate person that either:
      - (A) controls, directly or indirectly, applicant, or
      - (B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such applicant or by a person which controls, directly or indirectly, such applicant;
      - (2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the conduct of riverboat gambling;
      - (3) the highest prospective total revenue to be derived by the State from the conduct of riverboat gambling;
      - (4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant reflects the diversity of the State by including minority persons, females, and persons with a disability and the good faith affirmative action plan of each applicant to recruit, train and upgrade minority persons, females, and persons with а disability in all employment classifications;
      - (5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
        - (6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization

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1	to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a
2	riverboat or casino;

- (7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets other standards for the issuance of an owners license which the Board may adopt by rule; and
  - (8) the The amount of the applicant's license bid; -
- (9) the extent to which the applicant plans to enter into revenue sharing agreements with communities other than the host municipality and the terms of those agreements; and
- (10) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant includes the most qualified number of minority persons, females, and persons with a disability.
- (c) Each owners license shall specify the place where the casino shall operate or the riverboat <del>riverboats</del> shall operate and dock.
- (d) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints.
- (e) In addition to any licenses authorized under subsections (e-5) and (e-10), the  $\frac{10}{10}$  Board may issue up to 10 licenses authorizing the holders of such licenses to own riverboats. In the application for an owners license, the applicant shall state the dock at which the riverboat is based and the water on which the riverboat will be located. The Board shall issue 5 licenses to become effective not earlier than January 1, 1991. Three of such licenses shall authorize

1 riverboat gambling on the Mississippi River, or, with approval by the municipality in which the riverboat was docked on August 2 7, 2003 and with Board approval, be authorized to relocate to a 3 4 new location, in a municipality that (1) borders on the 5 Mississippi River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a 6 municipality that borders on the Mississippi River and (2), on August 7, 2003, had a riverboat conducting riverboat gambling 7 8 operations pursuant to a license issued under this Act; one of 9 which shall authorize riverboat gambling from a home dock in 10 the city of East St. Louis. One other license shall authorize 11 riverboat gambling on the Illinois River in Tazewell County, or, with approval by a municipality in which such riverboat was 12 docked on January 1, 2010 and with Board approval, be 13 14 authorized to relocate to a new location that is no more than 10 miles away from its original location, in a municipality 15 16 that (1) borders on the Illinois River or is within 5 miles of the city limits of a municipality that borders on the Illinois 17 River and (2), on January 1, 2010, had a riverboat conducting 18 19 riverboat gambling operations pursuant to a license issued 20 under this Act south of Marshall County. The Board shall issue one additional license to become effective not earlier than 21 22 March 1, 1992, which shall authorize riverboat gambling on the 23 Des Plaines River in Will County. The Board may issue 4 24 additional licenses to become effective not earlier than March 25 1, 1992. In determining the water upon which riverboats will 26 operate, the Board shall consider the economic benefit which

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1 riverboat gambling confers on the State, and shall seek to 2 assure that all regions of the State share in the economic 3 benefits of riverboat gambling.

In granting all licenses, the Board may give favorable consideration to economically depressed areas of the State, to applicants presenting plans which provide for significant economic development over a large geographic area, and to applicants who currently operate non-gambling riverboats in Illinois. The Board shall review all applications for owners licenses, and shall inform each applicant of the Board's decision. The Board may grant an owners license to an applicant that has not submitted the highest license bid, but if it does not select the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written decision explaining why another applicant was selected and identifying the factors set forth in this Section that favored the winning bidder.

(e-5) In addition to licenses authorized under subsections (e) and (e-10), the Board may issue one license authorizing either the conduct of riverboat gambling operations from a home dock located in the City of Chicago or the conduct of gambling operations in a casino located in the City of Chicago.

The license authorized under this subsection (e-5) shall be awarded to the Chicago Casino Development Authority for a term of 20 years.

The license authorized under this subsection (e-5) may authorize the conduct of riverboat gambling on Lake Michigan or

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- The license authorized under this subsection (e-5) shall be issued within 6 months after the video gaming implementation date, as defined in Section 5.3 of this Act. The fee for the issuance or renewal of a license authorized under this subsection (e-5) shall be \$100,000. Additionally, the licensee shall pay an initial fee of \$25,000 per gaming position, which shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. (e-10) In addition to licenses authorized under subsections (e) and (e-5), the Board may issue the following owners licenses:
- (1) One owners license authorizing the conduct of 12 13 riverboat gambling located in the City of Park City.
  - (2) One owners license authorizing the conduct of riverboat gambling in the City of Danville.
    - (3) One owners license authorizing the conduct of riverboat gambling in one of one of the following townships located in Cook County: Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Rich, Thornton, or Worth Township.
- 20 (4) One owners license authorizing the conduct of 21 riverboat gambling in the City of Rockford.

The city council of the municipality in which the home dock of the riverboat is located may make recommendations regarding the location, proposal for ownership, licensee, and any other decisions made in connection with the license issued under this subsection (e-10).

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The licenses authorized under this subsection (e-10) shall be issued within 6 months after the video gaming implementation date, as defined in Section 5.3 of this Act. The fee for the issuance or renewal of a license issued pursuant to this subsection (e-10) shall be \$100,000. Additionally, a licensee located outside of Cook County shall pay an initial fee of \$12,500 per gaming position, and a licensee located in Cook County shall pay \$25,000 per gaming position. The initial fees payable under this subsection shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. (e-12) Each licensee of a license authorized under subsection (e-5) or (e-10) shall make a reconciliation payment 4 years after the date the licensee begins operating in an amount equal to 75% of the adjusted gross receipts for the most lucrative 12-month period of operations, minus an amount equal to the initial \$12,500 or \$25,000 initial payment per gaming position, whichever was the initial amount paid by the specific licensee. If this calculation results in a negative amount, then the licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in installments over a period of no more than 5 years, subject to Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an annual market interest rate as determined by the Board. All payments by licensees under this subsection shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(e-15) In addition to any other revocation powers granted

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to the Board under this Act, the Board may revoke the owners 1 2 license of a licensee which fails to begin conducting gambling within 15 months of receipt of the Board's approval of the 3 4 application if the Board determines that license revocation is

in the best interests of the State.

(e-16) The provisions of this subsection (e-16) apply only to an owners licensee of a license issued or re-issued pursuant to Section 7.1 of this Act and if the owners licensee was found preliminarily suitable or suitable by the Board prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. The owners licensee shall pay (i) a \$100,000 fee for the issuance or renewal of its license and (ii) an initial fee of \$25,000 per gaming position in place of, and not in addition to, the initial fee under subsection (h) of this Section 7. Additionally, the owners licensee shall make a reconciliation payment on July 1, 2016 in an amount equal to 75% of the average annual adjusted gross receipts, minus an amount equal to the \$25,000 initial payment per gaming position. If this calculation results in a negative amount, then the owners licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in installments over a period of no more than 5 years, subject to Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an annual market interest rate as determined by the Board. All payments by licensees under this subsection shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund. For any payments required under

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this Section, the owners licensee shall receive (i) a credit for any amounts that the owners licensee has paid to the State or the Board or their agents prior to November 1, 2010 for consultants, licensing fees, up-front fees, or other items, not to exceed \$53,000,000 and (ii) a credit for any payments that the local unit of government has pledged to remit to the State, which shall be equal to the present-day value of such payments as determined by the Board but in no event shall the credit exceed \$147,000,000, provided however that the owners licensee shall reimburse the State if the unit of local government fails to make timely payments. An owners licensee subject to this subsection (e-16) shall only pay the initial fees required pursuant to this subsection and shall not have to pay any initial fees or payments that were ordered by the Board prior to November 1, 2010. However, any payments that have been made by the owners licensee to the State or the Board or to their agents for consultants, licensing fees, up front fees, or other items shall remain with the State, and the owners licensee shall receive a credit as specified in this subsection.

- (f) The first 10 owners licenses issued under this Act shall permit the holder to own up to 2 riverboats and equipment thereon for a period of 3 years after the effective date of the license. Holders of the first 10 owners licenses must pay the annual license fee for each of the 3 years during which they are authorized to own riverboats.
  - (g) Upon the termination, expiration, or revocation of an

- owners license of each of the first 10 licenses, which shall be 1
- 2 issued for a 3 year period, all licenses are renewable annually
- upon payment of the fee and a determination by the Board that 3
- 4 the licensee continues to meet all of the requirements of this
- 5 Act and the Board's rules. However, for licenses renewed on or
- 6 after May 1, 1998, renewal shall be for a period of 4 years,
- 7 unless the Board sets a shorter period.
- (h) An owners license, except for an owners license issued 8
- 9 under subsection (e-5) or (e-10), shall entitle the licensee to
- 10 own up to 2 riverboats.
- 11 An owners licensee that acquired its license under
- subsection (e-5) shall limit the number of gambling positions 12
- 13 to 4,000 for such owners.
- All other licensees A licensee shall limit the number of 14
- 15 gambling positions  $\frac{1}{2}$  participants to 1,600  $\frac{1}{2}$  for any such
- owners license prior to January 1, 2013. On or after January 1, 16
- 2013, a licensee shall limit the number of gambling positions 17
- to 2,000 for any such owners license. The initial fee for each 18
- 19 gaming position obtained on or after the effective date of this
- 20 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be \$12,500
- for licensees not located in Cook County and \$25,000 for 21
- licensees located in Cook County, in addition to the 22
- reconciliation payment, as set forth in (e-12), (e-16), or 23
- 24 (h-5). A licensee may operate both of its riverboats
- 25 concurrently, provided that the total number of gambling
- 26 positions participants on both riverboats does not exceed 1,600

capacity of at least 400 persons.

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prior to January 1, 2013 and 2,000 on or after January 1, 2013. 1 1,200. Riverboats licensed to operate on the Mississippi River 2 and the Illinois River south of Marshall County shall have an 3 4 authorized capacity of at least 500 persons. Any other 5 riverboat licensed under this Act shall have an authorized

(h-5) An owners licensee who purchases positions under subsection (h) on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly must pay an initial fee of \$12,500 per gaming position if the licensee is located outside Cook County and an initial fee of \$25,000 per gaming position if the licensee is located in Cook County, as stated in subsection (h). These initial fees shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund. Additionally, the owners licensee shall make a reconciliation payment 4 years after any additional gaming positions authorized by subsection (h) begin operating in an amount equal to 75% of the owners licensee's average gross receipts for the most lucrative 12-month period of operations minus an amount equal to \$12,500 or \$25,000 that the owners licensee paid per additional gaming position. For purposes of this subsection, "average gross receipts" means (i) the increase in adjusted gross receipts for the most lucrative 12-month period of operations over the adjusted gross receipts for 2012, multiplied by (ii) the percentage derived by dividing the number of additional gaming positions that an owners licensee had purchased pursuant to

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subsection (h) by the total number of gaming positions operated by the owners licensee. If this calculation results in a negative amount, then the owners licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in installments over a period of no more than 5 years, subject to Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an annual market interest rate as determined by the Board. These reconciliation payments shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(h-10) Any positions that are not purchased by a licensed owner as of January 1, 2016 shall be forfeited and retained by the Board and shall be offered in equal amounts to licensed owners who have purchased all of the positions that were offered. This process shall continue until all positions have been purchased. All positions obtained pursuant to this process must be in operation within 18 months after they were obtained or the licensed owner forfeits the right to operate all of the positions, but is not entitled to a refund of any fees paid. The Board may, after holding a public hearing, grant extensions so long as a licensed owner is working in good faith to make the positions operational. The extension may be for a period of 6 months. If, after the period of the extension, a licensed owner has not made the positions operational, another public hearing must be held by the Board before it may grant another extension.

(i) A licensed owner is authorized to apply to the Board

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- 1 for and, if approved therefor, to receive all licenses from the 2 Board necessary for the operation of a riverboat or a casino, including a liquor license, a license to prepare and serve food 3 4 for human consumption, and other necessary licenses. All use, 5 occupation and excise taxes which apply to the sale of food and 6 beverages in this State and all taxes imposed on the sale or use of tangible personal property apply to such sales aboard 7 8 the riverboat or in a casino.
  - (j) The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in a municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of the municipality in which the riverboat will dock has by a majority vote approved the docking of riverboats in the municipality. The Board may issue or re-issue a license authorizing a riverboat to dock in areas of a county outside any municipality or approve a relocation under Section 11.2 only if, prior to the issuance or re-issuance of the license or approval, the governing body of the county has by a majority vote approved of the docking of riverboats within such areas.
  - (k) An owners licensee may conduct land-based gambling operations upon approval by the Board.
  - (1) An owners licensee may conduct gaming at a temporary facility pending the construction of a permanent facility or the remodeling or relocation of an existing facility to accommodate gaming participants for up to 24 months after the

- 1 temporary facility begins to conduct gaming. Upon request by an
- owners licensee and upon a showing of good cause by the owners 2
- licensee, the Board shall extend the period during which the 3
- 4 licensee may conduct gaming at a temporary facility by up to 12
- 5 months. The Board shall make rules concerning the conduct of
- gaming from temporary facilities. 6
- (m) All casinos, riverboats, and electronic gaming 7
- facilities shall consist of buildings that are certified as 8
- 9 meeting the U.S. Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy
- 10 and Environmental Design standards. The provisions of this
- 11 subsection (m) apply to a holder of an owners license, casino
- operator license, or electronic gaming license that (i) begins 12
- operations on or after January 1, 2012 or (ii) relocates its 13
- 14 facilities.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 95-1008, eff. 12-15-08; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- (230 ILCS 10/7.3) 16
- Sec. 7.3. State conduct of gambling operations. 17
- (a) If, after reviewing each application for a re-issued 18
- 19 license, the Board determines that the highest prospective
- total revenue to the State would be derived from State conduct 20
- 21 of the gambling operation in lieu of re-issuing the license,
- 22 the Board shall inform each applicant of its decision. The
- 23 Board shall thereafter have the authority, without obtaining an
- 24 owners license, to conduct riverboat gambling operations as
- 25 previously authorized by the terminated, expired, revoked, or

- 1 license through a licensed manager selected nonrenewed
- pursuant to an open and competitive bidding process as set 2
- forth in Section 7.5 and as provided in Section 7.4. 3
- 4 (b) The Board may locate any riverboat on which a gambling
- 5 operation is conducted by the State in any home dock location
- 6 authorized by Section 3(c) upon receipt of approval from a
- majority vote of the governing body of the municipality or 7
- county, as the case may be, in which the riverboat will dock. 8
- 9 The Board shall have jurisdiction over and shall
- 10 supervise all gambling operations conducted by the State
- 11 provided for in this Act and shall have all powers necessary
- and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of 12
- 13 this Act relating to gambling operations conducted by the
- 14 State.
- 15 (d) The maximum number of owners licenses authorized under
- 16 Section 7  $\frac{7}{(e)}$  shall be reduced by one for each instance in
- which the Board authorizes the State to conduct a riverboat 17
- 18 gambling operation under subsection (a) in lieu of re-issuing a
- license to an applicant under Section 7.1. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.)
- 21 (230 ILCS 10/7.6 new)
- 22 Sec. 7.6. Electronic gaming.
- 23 (a) The General Assembly finds that the horse racing and
- 24 riverboat gambling industries share many similarities and
- collectively comprise the bulk of the State's gaming industry. 25

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One feature common to both industries is that each is highly regulated by the State of Illinois. The General Assembly further finds, however, that despite their shared features each industry is distinct from the other in that horse racing is and continues to be intimately tied to Illinois' agricultural economy and is, at its core, a spectator sport. This distinction requires the General Assembly to utilize different methods to regulate and promote the horse racing industry throughout the State. The General Assembly finds that in order to promote live horse racing as a spectator sport in Illinois and the agricultural economy of this State, it is necessary to allow electronic gaming at Illinois race tracks as an ancillary use given the success of other states in increasing live racing purse accounts and improving the quality of participating in horse race meetings.

(b) The Illinois Gaming Board shall award one electronic gaming license to each person, firm, or corporation having operating control of a race track that applies under Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, subject to the application and eligibility requirements of this Section. Within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, a person, firm, or corporation having operating control of a race track may submit an application for an electronic gaming license. The application shall specify the number of gaming positions the applicant intends to use and the place where the electronic gaming

facility will operate.

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The Board shall determine within 120 days after the video gaming implementation date, as defined in Section 5.3 of this Act, whether to grant an electronic gaming license to the applicant. If the Board does not make a determination within that time period, the Board shall give a written explanation to the applicant as to why it has not reached a determination and when it reasonably expects to make a determination.

The electronic gaming licensee shall purchase up to the amount of electronic gaming positions authorized under this Act within 120 days after receiving its electronic gaming license. If an electronic gaming licensee is prepared to purchase the electronic gaming positions, but is temporarily prohibited from doing so by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or the Board, then the 120-day period is tolled until a resolution is reached.

An electronic gaming license shall authorize its holder to conduct electronic gaming at its race track at the following times:

- (1) On days when it conducts live <u>racing at the track</u> where its electronic gaming facility is located, from 8:00 a.m. until 3:00 a.m. on the following day.
- 23 (2) On days when it is scheduled to conduct simulcast 24 wagering on races run in the United States, from 8:00 a.m. 25 until 3:00 a.m. on the following day.
- 26 Additionally, the Board may extend these days of operation

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1 and hours upon request by an organization licensee as the Board 2 sees fit.

A license to conduct electronic gaming and any renewal of an electronic gaming license shall authorize electronic gaming for a period of 4 years. The fee for the issuance or renewal of an electronic gaming license shall be \$100,000.

(c) To be eligible to conduct electronic gaming, a person, firm, or corporation having operating control of a race track must (i) obtain an electronic gaming license, (ii) hold an organization license under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, (iii) hold an inter-track wagering license, (iv) pay an initial fee of \$25,000 per gaming position from electronic gaming licensees where electronic gaming is conducted in Cook County and \$12,500 for electronic gaming licensees where electronic gaming is located outside of Cook County before beginning to conduct electronic gaming plus make the reconciliation payment required under subsection (i), (v) conduct at least 240 live races per year, (vi) meet the requirements of subsection (a) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, (vii) for organization licensees conducting standardbred race meetings that had an open backstretch in 2009, keep backstretch barns and dormitories open and operational year-round unless a lesser schedule is mutually agreed to by the organization licensee and the horsemen's association racing at that organization licensee's race meeting, (viii) for organization licensees conducting

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1 thoroughbred race meetings, the organization licensee must maintain accident medical expense liability insurance coverage 2 of \$1,000,000 for jockeys, and (ix) meet all other requirements 3 4 of this Act that apply to owners licensees. Only those persons, 5 firms, or corporations (or its successors or assigns) that had 6 operating control of a race track and held an inter-track wagering license authorized by the Illinois Racing Board in 7 8 2009 are eligible.

All payments by licensees under this subsection (c) shall be deposited into the Gaming Facilities Fee Revenue Fund, except for the reconciliation payments that are governed by subsection (i) of this Section.

(d) The Board may approve electronic gaming positions statewide as provided in this Section. The authority to operate electronic gaming positions under this Section shall be allocated as follows: up to 1,200 gaming positions for any electronic gaming licensee in Cook County and up to 900 gaming positions for any electronic gaming licensee outside of Cook County.

(e) Any positions that are not obtained by an organization licensee shall be retained by the Gaming Board and shall be offered in equal amounts to organization licensees who have purchased all of the positions that were offered. This process shall continue until all positions have been purchased. All positions obtained pursuant to this process must be in operation within 18 months after they were obtained or the

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organization licensee forfeits the right to operate all of the positions, but is not entitled to a refund of any fees paid. The Board may, after holding a public hearing, grant extensions so long as an organization licensee is working in good faith to begin conducting electronic gaming. The extension may be for a period of 6 months. If, after the period of the extension, a licensee has not begun to conduct electronic gaming, another public hearing must be held by the Board before it may grant another extension.

(f) Subject to the approval of the Illinois Gaming Board, an electronic gaming licensee may make modification or additions to any existing buildings and structures to comply with the requirements of this Act. The Illinois Gaming Board shall make its decision after consulting with the Illinois Racing Board. In no case, however, shall the Illinois Gaming Board approve any modification or addition that alters the grounds of the organizational licensee such that the act of live racing is an ancillary activity to electronic gaming. Electronic gaming may take place in existing structures where inter-track wagering is conducted at the race track or a facility within 300 yards of the race track in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

(q) An electronic gaming licensee may conduct electronic gaming at a temporary facility pending the construction of a permanent facility or the remodeling or relocation of an

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existing facility to accommodate electronic gaming participants for up to 24 months after the temporary facility begins to conduct electronic gaming. Upon request by an electronic gaming licensee and upon a showing of good cause by the electronic gaming licensee, the Board shall extend the period during which the licensee may conduct electronic gaming at a temporary facility by up to 12 months. The Board shall make rules concerning the conduct of electronic gaming from temporary facilities.

Electronic gaming may take place in existing structures where inter-track wagering is conducted at the race track or a facility within 300 yards of the race track in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975. Any electronic gaming conducted at a permanent facility within 300 yards of the race track in accordance with this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall have either an all-weather egress connecting the electronic gaming facility to the race track facility or, on days and hours of live racing, a complimentary shuttle service between the permanent electronic gaming facility and the race track facility and shall not charge electronic gaming participants an additional admission fee to the race track facility.

(h) The Illinois Gaming Board must adopt emergency rules in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act as necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly

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concerning electronic gaming. The adoption of emergency rules 1 authorized by this subsection (h) shall be deemed to be 2 necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. 3

(i) Each electronic gaming licensee who obtains electronic gaming positions must make a reconciliation payment 4 years after the date the electronic gaming licensee begins operating the positions in an amount equal to 75% of the difference between its adjusted gross receipts from electronic gaming and amounts paid to its purse accounts pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 for the 12-month period of operations over which such difference was the largest, minus an amount equal to the initial \$25,000 or \$12,500 per electronic gaming position initial payment. If this calculation results in a negative amount, then the electronic gaming licensee is not entitled to any reimbursement of fees previously paid. This reconciliation payment may be made in installments over a period of no more than 5 years, subject to Board approval. Any installment payments shall include an annual market interest rate as determined by the Board.

All payments by licensees under this subsection (i) shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(j) As soon as practical after a request is made by the Illinois Gaming Board, to minimize duplicate submissions by the applicant, the Illinois Racing Board must provide information on an applicant for an electronic gaming license to the

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- (k) Subject to the approval of the Illinois Gaming Board, an organization licensee that has received an electronic gaming license under this Act and has operating control of a race track facility located in Cook County may relocate its race track facility as follows:
  - (1) the organization licensee may relocate within a 3-mile radius of its existing race track facility so long as the organization licensee remains in Cook County and submits its plan to construct a new structure to conduct electronic gaming operations; and
    - (2) the organization licensee may not relocate within a 5-mile radius of a riverboat if the owners license was issued prior to December 31, 2011.

The relocation must include the race track facility, including the race track operations used to conduct live racing and the electronic gaming facility in its entirety. For the purposes of this subsection (k), "race track facility" means all operations conducted on the race track property for which it was awarded a license for pari-mutuel wagering and live racing in the year 2010, except for the real estate itself. The Illinois Gaming Board shall make its decision after consulting with the Illinois Racing Board, and any relocation application shall be subject to all of the provisions of this Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

1 (230 ILCS 10/7.7 new)

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Sec. 7.7. Home rule. The regulation and licensing of electronic gaming and electronic gaming licensees are exclusive powers and functions of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate or license electronic gaming or electronic gaming licensees. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

- (230 ILCS 10/7.8 new)
- 10 Sec. 7.8. Casino operator license.
  - (a) A qualified person may apply to the Board for a casino operator license to operate and manage any gambling operation conducted by the Authority. The application shall be made on forms provided by the Board and shall contain such information as the Board prescribes, including but not limited to information required in Sections 6(a), (b), and (c) and information relating to the applicant's proposed price to manage the Authority's gambling operations and to provide the casino, gambling equipment, and supplies necessary to conduct Authority gambling operations.
- 21 (b) A person, firm, or corporation is ineligible to receive 22 a casino operator license if:
- 23 (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the 24 laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
- 25 (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of

1	Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or substantially
2	similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
3	(3) the person has submitted an application for a
4	license under this Act which contains false information;
5	(4) the person is a member of the Board;
6	(5) a person defined in (1), (2), (3), or (4) is an
7	officer, director, or managerial employee of the firm or
8	<pre>corporation;</pre>
9	(6) the firm or corporation employs a person defined in
10	(1), $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$ who participates in the management or
11	operation of gambling operations authorized under this
12	Act; or
13	(7) a license of the person, firm, or corporation
14	issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate
15	gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been
16	revoked.
17	(c) In determining whether to grant a casino operator
18	license, the Board shall consider:
19	(1) the character, reputation, experience and
20	financial integrity of the applicants and of any other or
21	separate person that either:
22	(A) controls, directly or indirectly, such
23	applicant, or
24	(B) is controlled, directly or indirectly, by such
25	applicant or by a person which controls, directly or
26	indirectly, such applicant;

1	(2) the facilities or proposed facilities for the
2	<pre>conduct of gambling;</pre>
3	(3) the preference of the municipality in which the
4	licensee will operate;
5	(4) the extent to which the ownership of the applicant
6	reflects the diversity of the State by including minority
7	persons and females and the good faith affirmative action
8	plan of each applicant to recruit, train, and upgrade
9	minority persons and females in all employment
10	classifications;
11	(5) the financial ability of the applicant to purchase
12	and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance;
13	(6) whether the applicant has adequate capitalization
14	to provide and maintain, for the duration of a license, a
15	casino; and
16	(7) the extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets
17	other standards for the issuance of a managers license that
18	the Board may adopt by rule.
19	(d) Each applicant shall submit with his or her
20	application, on forms prescribed by the Board, 2 sets of his or
21	her fingerprints.
22	(e) The Board shall charge each applicant a fee, set by the
23	Board, to defray the costs associated with the background
24	investigation conducted by the Board.
25	(f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
26	application is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(g) The casino operator license shall be issued only upor
proof that it has entered into a labor peace agreement with
each labor organization that is actively engaged in
representing and attempting to represent casino and
hospitality industry workers in this State. The labor peace
agreement must be a valid and enforceable agreement under 29
U.S.C. 185 that protects the city's and State's revenues from
the operation of the casino facility by prohibiting the labor
organization and its members from engaging in any picketing,
work stoppages, boycotts, or any other economic interference
with the casino facility for at least the first 5 years of the
casino license and must cover all operations at the casino
facility that are conducted by lessees or tenants or under
management agreements.
(h) The casino operator license shall be for a term of 4
years, shall be renewable at the Board's option, and shall
contain such terms and provisions as the Board deems necessary
to protect or enhance the credibility and integrity of State
gambling operations, achieve the highest prospective total
revenue to the State, and otherwise serve the interests of the
citizens of Illinois. The Board may revoke the license:
(1) for violation of any provision of this Act;
(2) for violation of any rules of the Board;
(3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would
have disqualified the applicant from receiving the
license; or

- (4) for any other just cause. 1
- 2 (230 ILCS 10/7.9 new)

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3 Sec. 7.9. Diversity program.

to female owned businesses.

- 4 (a) Each owners licensee, electronic gaming licensee, 5 casino operator licensee, and suppliers licensee shall establish and maintain a diversity program to ensure 6 non-discrimination in the award and administration of 7 8 contracts. The programs shall establish goals of awarding not 9 less than 20% of the annual dollar value of all contracts, 10 purchase orders, or other agreements to minority owned businesses and 5% of the annual dollar value of all contracts 11
  - (b) Each owners licensee, electronic gaming licensee, casino operator licensee, and suppliers licensee shall establish and maintain a diversity program designed to promote equal opportunity for employment. The program shall establish hiring goals as the Board and each licensee determines appropriate. The Board shall monitor the progress of the gaming licensee's progress with respect to the program's goals.
    - (c) No later than May 31 of each year each licensee shall report to the Board the number of respective employees and the number of their respective employees who have designated themselves as members of a minority group and gender. In addition, all licensees shall submit a report with respect to the minority owned and female owned businesses program created

of each year.

1	in this Section to the Board.
2	(230 ILCS 10/7.10 new)
3	Sec. 7.10. Annual report on diversity.
4	(a) Each licensee that receives a license under Sections 7,
5	7.1, and 7.6 shall execute and file a report with the Board no
6	later than December 31 of each year that shall contain, but not
7	be limited to, the following information:
8	(i) a good faith affirmative action plan to recruit,
9	train, and upgrade minority persons, females, and persons
10	with a disability in all employment classifications;
11	(ii) the total dollar amount of contracts that were
12	awarded to businesses owned by minority persons, females,
13	and persons with a disability;
14	(iii) the total number of businesses owned by minority
15	persons, females, and persons with a disability that were
16	utilized by the licensee;
17	(iv) the utilization of businesses owned by minority
18	persons, females, and persons with disabilities during the
19	preceding year; and
20	(v) the outreach efforts used by the licensee to
21	attract investors and businesses consisting of minority
22	persons, females, and persons with a disability.
23	(b) The Board shall forward a copy of each licensee's
24	annual reports to the General Assembly no later than February 1

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         (230 ILCS 10/7.11 new)
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Sec. 7.11. Issuance of new owners licenses.

in subsection (e-10) of Section 7 of this Act.

- 3 (a) Owners licenses newly authorized pursuant to this 4 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly may be issued by 5 the Board to a qualified applicant pursuant to an open and competitive bidding process, as set forth in Section 7.5, and 6 subject to the maximum number of authorized licenses set forth 7
- 9 (b) To be a qualified applicant, a person, firm, or 10 corporation cannot be ineligible to receive an owners license 11 under subsection (a) of Section 7 of this Act and must submit 12 an application for an owners license that complies with Section 13 6 of this Act.
- 14 (c) In determining whether to grant an owners license to an applicant, the Board shall consider all of the factors set 15 forth in subsections (b) and (e-10) of Section 7 of this Act, 16 as well as the amount of the applicant's license bid. The Board 17 18 may grant the owners license to an applicant that has not 19 submitted the highest license bid, but if it does not select the highest bidder, the Board shall issue a written decision 20 21 explaining why another applicant was selected and identifying 22 the factors set forth in subsections (b) and (e-10) of Section 23 7 of this Act that favored the winning bidder.

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- 1 Sec. 8. Suppliers licenses.
  - The Board may issue a suppliers license to such persons, firms or corporations which apply therefor upon the payment of a non-refundable application fee set by the Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is eligible for a suppliers license and upon payment of a \$5,000 annual license fee.
    - (b) The holder of a suppliers license is authorized to sell or lease, and to contract to sell or lease, gambling equipment and supplies to any licensee involved in the ownership or management of gambling operations.
    - (c) Gambling supplies and equipment may not be distributed unless supplies and equipment conform to standards adopted by rules of the Board.
    - (d) A person, firm or corporation is ineligible to receive a suppliers license if:
      - (1) the person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this State, any other state, or the United States;
      - (2) the person has been convicted of any violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or substantially similar laws of any other jurisdiction;
      - (3) the person has submitted an application for a license under this Act which contains false information;
        - (4) the person is a member of the Board;
- 25 (5) the firm or corporation is one in which a person 26 defined in (1), (2), (3) or (4), is an officer, director or

managerial employee;

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- (6) the firm or corporation employs a person who participates in the management or operation of riverboat gambling authorized under this Act;
- (7) the license of the person, firm or corporation issued under this Act, or a license to own or operate gambling facilities in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.
- (e) Any person that supplies any equipment, devices, or supplies to a licensed riverboat gambling operation or casino or electronic gaming operation must first obtain a suppliers license. A supplier shall furnish to the Board a list of all equipment, devices and supplies offered for sale or lease in connection with gambling games authorized under this Act. A supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of equipment, devices and supplies to gambling operations separate and distinct from any other business that the supplier might operate. A supplier shall file a quarterly return with the Board listing all sales and leases. A supplier shall permanently affix its name to all its equipment, devices, and supplies for gambling operations. Any supplier's equipment, devices or supplies which are used by any person in an unauthorized gambling operation shall be forfeited to the State. A holder of an owners license or an electronic gaming license A licensed owner may own its own equipment, devices and supplies. Each holder of an owners license or an electronic

- gaming license under the Act shall file an annual report 1
- 2 listing its inventories of gambling equipment, devices and
- 3 supplies.
- 4 (f) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an
- 5 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (q) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided 6
- by any licensed supplier may either be repaired on the 7
- 8 riverboat, in the casino, or at the electronic gaming facility
- 9 or removed from the riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming
- 10 facility to a an on-shore facility owned by the holder of an
- 11 owners license or electronic gaming license for repair.
- (Source: P.A. 86-1029; 87-826.) 12
- 13 (230 ILCS 10/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 2409)
- 14 Sec. 9. Occupational licenses.
- 15 (a) The Board may issue an occupational license to an
- applicant upon the payment of a non-refundable fee set by the 16
- 17 Board, upon a determination by the Board that the applicant is
- eligible for an occupational license and upon payment of an 18
- 19 annual license fee in an amount to be established. To be
- 20 eligible for an occupational license, an applicant must:
- 21 (1) be at least 21 years of age if the applicant will
- 22 perform any function involved in gaming by patrons. Any
- 23 applicant seeking an occupational license for a non-gaming
- 24 function shall be at least 18 years of age;
- 25 (2) not have been convicted of a felony offense, a

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violation of Article 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a similar statute of any other jurisdiction;

- (2.5) not have been convicted of a crime, other than a crime described in item (2) of this subsection (a), involving dishonesty or moral turpitude, except that the Board may, in its discretion, issue an occupational license to a person who has been convicted of a crime described in this item (2.5) more than 10 years prior to his or her application and has not subsequently been convicted of any other crime;
- (3) have demonstrated a level of skill or knowledge which the Board determines to be necessary in order to operate gambling aboard a riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic gaming facility; and
- have met standards for the holding of (4)occupational license as adopted by rules of the Board. Such rules shall provide that any person or entity seeking an occupational license to manage gambling operations hereunder shall be subject to background inquiries and further requirements similar to those required of applicants for an owners license. Furthermore, such rules shall provide that each such entity shall be permitted to manage gambling operations for only one licensed owner.
- (b) Each application for an occupational license shall be forms prescribed by the Board and shall contain all information required by the Board. The applicant shall set

- forth in the application: whether he has been issued prior gambling related licenses; whether he has been licensed in any other state under any other name, and, if so, such name and his age; and whether or not a permit or license issued to him in any other state has been suspended, restricted or revoked, and, if so, for what period of time.
  - (c) Each applicant shall submit with his application, on forms provided by the Board, 2 sets of his fingerprints. The Board shall charge each applicant a fee set by the Department of State Police to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of fingerprints obtained by the Board with respect to the applicant's application. These fees shall be paid into the State Police Services Fund.
  - (d) The Board may in its discretion refuse an occupational license to any person: (1) who is unqualified to perform the duties required of such applicant; (2) who fails to disclose or states falsely any information called for in the application; (3) who has been found guilty of a violation of this Act or whose prior gambling related license or application therefor has been suspended, restricted, revoked or denied for just cause in any other state; or (4) for any other just cause.
  - (e) The Board may suspend, revoke or restrict any occupational licensee: (1) for violation of any provision of this Act; (2) for violation of any of the rules and regulations of the Board; (3) for any cause which, if known to the Board, would have disqualified the applicant from receiving such

- 1 license; or (4) for default in the payment of any obligation or
- 2 debt due to the State of Illinois; or (5) for any other just
- 3 cause.
- (f) A person who knowingly makes a false statement on an 4
- 5 application is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 6 (q) Any license issued pursuant to this Section shall be
- valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. 7
- 8 (h) Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to prohibit a
- 9 licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee from entering into
- 10 an agreement with a public community college or a school
- 11 approved under the Private Business and Vocational Schools Act
- for the training of any occupational licensee. Any training 12
- 13 offered by such a school shall be in accordance with a written
- agreement between the licensed owner or electronic gaming 14
- 15 licensee and the school.
- 16 (i) Any training provided for occupational licensees may be
- conducted either at the site of the gambling facility on the 17
- riverboat or at a school with which a licensed owner or 18
- 19 electronic gaming licensee has entered into an agreement
- 20 pursuant to subsection (h).
- (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.) 21
- 22 (230 ILCS 10/11) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411)
- 23 Sec. 11. Conduct of gambling. Gambling may be conducted by
- 24 licensed owners or licensed managers on behalf of the State
- aboard riverboats. Gambling may be conducted by electronic 25

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- 1 gaming licensees at electronic gaming facilities. Gambling authorized under this Section is, subject to the following 2 standards: 3
  - (1)licensee may conduct riverboat gambling authorized under this Act regardless of whether it conducts excursion cruises. A licensee may permit the continuous ingress and egress of patrons passengers on a riverboat not used for excursion cruises for the purpose of gambling. Excursion cruises shall not exceed 4 hours for a round trip. However, the Board may grant express approval for an extended cruise on a case-by-case basis.
    - (2) (Blank).
  - (3) Minimum and maximum wagers on games shall be set by the licensee.
  - (4) Agents of the Board and the Department of State Police may board and inspect any riverboat, enter and inspect any portion of a casino, or enter and inspect any portion of an electronic gaming facility at any time for the purpose of determining whether this Act is being complied with. Every riverboat, if under way and being hailed by a law enforcement officer or agent of the Board, must stop immediately and lay to.
  - (5) Employees of the Board shall have the right to be present on the riverboat or in the casino or on adjacent facilities under the control of the licensee and at the electronic gaming facility under the control of the

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## electronic gaming licensee.

- (6) Gambling equipment and supplies customarily used in conducting riverboat or casino gambling or electronic gaming must be purchased or leased only from suppliers licensed for such purpose under this Act. The Board may approve the transfer, sale, or lease of gambling equipment and supplies by a licensed owner from or to an affiliate of the licensed owner as long as the gambling equipment and supplies were initially acquired from a supplier licensed in Illinois.
- (7) Persons licensed under this Act shall permit no form of wagering on gambling games except as permitted by this Act.
- (8) Wagers may be received only from a person present on a licensed riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic gaming facility. No person present on a licensed riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic gaming facility shall place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of another person who is not present on the riverboat, in a casino, or at the electronic gaming facility.
- (9) Wagering, including electronic gaming, shall not be conducted with money or other negotiable currency.
- (10) A person under age 21 shall not be permitted on an area of a riverboat or casino where gambling is being conducted or at an electronic gaming facility where gambling is being conducted, except for a person at least

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18 years of age who is an employee of the riverboat or casino gambling operation or electronic gaming operation. No employee under age 21 shall perform any function involved in gambling by the patrons. No person under age 21 shall be permitted to make a wager under this Act, and any winnings that are a result of a wager by a person under age 21, whether or not paid by a licensee, shall be treated as winnings for the privilege tax purposes, confiscated, and forfeited to the State and deposited into the Education Assistance Fund.

- (11) Gambling excursion cruises are permitted only when the waterway for which the riverboat is licensed is navigable, as determined by the Board in consultation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This paragraph (11) does not limit the ability of a licensee to conduct gambling authorized under this Act when gambling excursion cruises are not permitted.
- (12) All tokens, chips or electronic cards used to make wagers must be purchased (i) from a licensed owner or manager, in the case of a riverboat, either aboard a riverboat or at an onshore facility which has been approved by the Board and which is located where the riverboat docks, (ii) in the case of a casino, from a licensed owner at the casino, or (iii) from an electronic gaming licensee at the electronic gaming facility. The tokens, chips or electronic cards may be purchased by means of an agreement

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under which the owner or manager extends credit to the patron. Such tokens, chips or electronic cards may be used while aboard the riverboat, in the casino, or at the electronic gaming facility only for the purpose of making wagers on gambling games.

- (13) Notwithstanding any other Section of this Act, in addition to the other licenses authorized under this Act, the Board may issue special event licenses allowing persons who are not otherwise licensed to conduct riverboat gambling to conduct such gambling on a specified date or series of dates. Riverboat gambling under such a license may take place on a riverboat not normally used for riverboat gambling. The Board shall establish standards, fees and fines for, and limitations upon, such licenses, which may differ from the standards, fees, fines and limitations otherwise applicable under this Act. All such fees shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund. All such fines shall be deposited into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.
- In addition to the above, gambling must be conducted in accordance with all rules adopted by the Board.
- (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.) 24
- 25 (230 ILCS 10/11.1) (from Ch. 120, par. 2411.1)

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11.1. Collection of amounts owing under credit agreements. Notwithstanding any applicable statutory provision to the contrary, a licensed owner, or manager, or electronic gaming licensee who extends credit to a riverboat gambling patron or an electronic gaming patron pursuant to Section 11 (a) (12) of this Act is expressly authorized to institute a cause of action to collect any amounts due and owing under the extension of credit, as well as the owner's or manager's costs, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred collection.

- (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03.) 11
- 12 (230 ILCS 10/12) (from Ch. 120, par. 2412)
- 13 Sec. 12. Admission tax; fees.
- 14 (a) A tax is hereby imposed upon admissions to riverboat 15 and casino qambling facilities riverboats operated by licensed 16 owners authorized pursuant to this Act. Until July 1, 2002, the rate is \$2 per person admitted. From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 17 2003, the rate is \$3 per person admitted. From July 1, 2003 18 19 until August 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or 20 21 fewer in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person 22 admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, 23 24 the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that 25 admitted more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar

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- 1 year, the rate is \$5 per person admitted. Beginning on August 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-673), for a 2 licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar 3 4 year 2004, the rate is \$2 per person admitted, and for all 5 other licensees, including licensees that were not conducting gambling operations in 2004, the rate is \$3 per person 6 admitted. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner 7 8 conducting gambling.
  - (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission, except that a person who exits a riverboat gambling facility and reenters that riverboat gambling facility within the same gaming day shall be subject only to the initial admission tax.
    - (2) (Blank).
  - (3) The riverboat licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee or other persons actually working the riverboat.
  - (4) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
  - (a-5) A fee is hereby imposed upon admissions operated by licensed managers on behalf of the State pursuant to Section 7.3 at the rates provided in this subsection (a-5). For a licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in the

- previous calendar year, the rate is \$3 per person admitted; for a licensee that admitted more than 1,000,000 but no more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$4 per person admitted; and for a licensee that admitted more than 2,300,000 persons in the previous calendar year, the rate is \$5
  - (1) The admission fee shall be paid for each admission.
  - (2) (Blank).

per person admitted.

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- (3) The licensed manager may issue fee-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the manager or other persons actually working on the riverboat.
- (4) The number and issuance of fee-free passes is subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all persons to whom the fee-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Board.
- (b) From the tax imposed under subsection (a) and the fee imposed under subsection (a-5), a municipality shall receive from the State \$1 for each person embarking on a riverboat docked within the municipality or entering a casino located within the municipality, and a county shall receive \$1 for each person entering a casino or embarking on a riverboat docked within the county but outside the boundaries of any municipality. The municipality's or county's share shall be collected by the Board on behalf of the State and remitted quarterly by the State, subject to appropriation, to the treasurer of the unit of local government for deposit in the

general fund.

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- (c) The licensed owner shall pay the entire admission tax to the Board and the licensed manager or the casino operator licensee shall pay the entire admission fee to the Board. Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Board which shall include other information regarding admissions as the Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the return within the specified time may result in suspension or revocation of the owners or managers license.
- (c-5) A tax is imposed on admissions to electronic gaming facilities at the rate of \$3 per person admitted by an electronic gaming licensee. The tax is imposed upon the electronic gaming licensee.
  - (1) The admission tax shall be paid for each admission, except that a person who exits an electronic gaming facility and reenters that electronic gaming facility within the same gaming day, as the term "gaming day" is defined by the Board by rule, shall be subject only to the initial admission tax. The Board shall establish, by rule, a procedure to determine whether a person admitted to an electronic gaming facility has paid the admission tax.
  - (2) An electronic gaming licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee and other persons associated with electronic gaming operations.

1	(3) The number and issuance of tax-free passes is
2	subject to the rules of the Board, and a list of all
3	persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be
4	filed with the Board.
5	(4) The electronic gaming licensee shall pay the entire
6	admission tax to the Board.
7	Such payments shall be made daily. Accompanying each
8	payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Board, which
9	shall include other information regarding admission as the
10	Board may require. Failure to submit either the payment or the
11	return within the specified time may result in suspension or
12	revocation of the electronic gaming license.
13	From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5), a
14	municipality in which an electronic gaming facility is located,
15	other than the Village of Stickney, the City of Collinsville,
16	or the Village of Arlington Heights, or if the electronic
17	gaming facility is not located within a municipality, then the
18	county in which the electronic gaming facility is located,
19	except as otherwise provided in this Section, shall receive,
20	subject to appropriation, \$1 for each person who enters the
21	electronic gaming facility.
22	From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) on an
23	electronic gaming facility located in the Village of Stickney,
24	\$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility
25	shall be distributed as follows, subject to appropriation:
26	\$0.25 to the Village of Stickney, \$0.50 to the Town of Cicero,

1 and \$0.25 to the Stickney Public Health District. For each admission to the electronic gaming facility in excess of 2 1,500,000 in a year, from the tax imposed under this subsection 3 4 (c-5), the county in which the electronic gaming facility is 5 located shall receive, subject to appropriation, \$0.30, which 6 shall be in addition to any other moneys paid to the county 7 under this Section. From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) on an 8 9 electronic gaming facility located in the City of Collinsville, 10 \$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility shall be distributed as follows, subject to appropriation: 11 \$0.45 to the City of Alton, \$0.45 to the City of East St. 12 13 Louis, and \$0.10 to the City of Collinsville. 14 From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) from an 15 electronic gaming facility located in the Village of Arlington 16 Heights, \$1 for each person who enters the electronic gaming facility shall be distributed as follows, subject to 17 appropriation: \$0.67 to the Village of Arlington Heights and 18 \$0.33 to the City of Des Plaines, except that the combined 19 20 amount paid to the City of Des Plaines under this subsection 21 (c-5) and subsection (b-5) of Section 13 of this Act shall not 22 exceed \$3,000,000 in a calendar year. 23 From the tax imposed under this subsection (c-5) on an 24 electronic gaming facility that is located in an unincorporated 25 area of Cook County and has been awarded standardbred racing

dates during 2010 by the Illinois Racing Board, \$1 for each

- 1 person who enters the electronic gaming facility shall be
- distributed as follows, subject to appropriation: \$0.50 to the 2
- 3 Village of Melrose Park and \$0.50 to Cook County.
- 4 After payments required under this subsection (c-5) have
- 5 been made, all remaining amounts shall be deposited into the
- Capital Projects Fund. 6
- (d) The Board shall administer and collect the admission 7
- tax imposed by this Section, to the extent practicable, in a 8
- manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 9
- 10 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9 and 10 of the
- 11 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- Penalty and Interest Act. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 95-663, eff. 10-11-07; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 14 (230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)
- 15 Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.
- (a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted 16
- gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under 17
- this Act at the rate of 20%. 18
- 19 (a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege
- 20 tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
- riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross 21
- 22 receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games
- 23 authorized under this Act at the following rates:
- 24 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
- 25 including \$25,000,000;

Т	20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
2	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
3	25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
4	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
5	30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
6	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
7	35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
8	\$100,000,000.
9	(a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax
10	is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
11	riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers
12	conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the
13	State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a
14	licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at
15	the following rates:
16	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
17	including \$25,000,000;
18	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
19	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
20	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
21	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
22	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
23	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
24	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
25	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
26	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

1	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
2	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3	\$200,000,000.
4	(a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on
5	persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat
6	gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting
7	riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on
8	the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from
9	gambling games authorized under this Act at the following
10	rates:
11	15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
12	including \$25,000,000;
13	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
14	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;
15	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
16	\$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
17	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
18	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
19	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
20	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
21	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
22	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000;
23	70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
24	\$250,000,000.
25	An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected

under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount

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1 of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall 2 3 be paid into the Common School Fund.

The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by this Act under which no riverboat gambling operations are being conducted on June 20, 2003.

(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed and ending on <u>December 31, 2011</u>, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat or casino gambling or electronic gaming operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

24 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to 25 including \$25,000,000;

22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

Τ	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
2	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
4	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
5	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
6	37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
7	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
8	45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
9	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
10	50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
11	\$200,000,000.
12	(a-5) Beginning on January 1, 2012 and ending on June 30,
13	2013, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the
14	business of conducting riverboat or casino gambling or
15	electronic gaming operations, other than licensed managers
16	conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the
17	State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by such
18	licensee from the gambling games authorized under this Act. The
19	privilege tax for all gambling games other than table games,
20	including, but not limited to, slot machines, video game of
21	chance gambling, and electronic gambling games shall be at the
22	<pre>following rates:</pre>
23	12% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
24	<u>including \$25,000,000;</u>
25	19.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
26	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

1	24.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
2	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
3	29.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
4	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
5	34.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
6	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
7	39% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
8	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
9	44% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
10	\$200,000,000.
11	The privilege tax for table games shall be at the following
12	<u>rates:</u>
13	12% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
14	<pre>including \$25,000,000;</pre>
15	19.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
16	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
17	24.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
18	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$70,000,000;
19	16% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
20	\$70,000,000.
21	For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection
22	(a-5), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of
23	Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not
24	be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.
25	From the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th
26	General Assembly until June 30, 2015, an owners licensee shall

1	receive a dollar-for-dollar credit by the Board for any
2	renovation or construction costs paid by the owners licensee,
3	but in no event shall the credit exceed \$2,000,000. In
4	determining whether or not to approve a relocation, the Board
5	must consider the extent to which the relocation will diminish
6	the gaming revenues received by other Illinois gaming
7	facilities.
8	(a-6) Beginning on July 1, 2013, a privilege tax is imposed
9	on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat or
10	casino gambling or electronic gaming operations, other than
11	licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on
12	behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts
13	received by a licensed owner from the gambling games authorized
14	under this Act. The privilege tax for all gambling games other
15	than table games, including, but not limited to, slot machines,
16	video game of chance gambling, and electronic gambling games
17	shall be at the following rates:
18	10% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
19	<pre>including \$25,000,000;</pre>
20	17.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
21	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
22	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
23	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
24	27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
25	\$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
26	32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

1	\$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
2	35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
3	\$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
4	40% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
5	<u>\$200,000,000.</u>
6	The privilege tax for table games shall be at the following
7	<u>rates:</u>
8	10% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
9	including \$25,000,000;
10	17.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
11	\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
12	22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
13	\$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$60,000,000;
14	16% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
15	\$60,000,000.
16	For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection
17	(a-6), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of
18	Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not
19	be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.
20	(a-7) From January 1, 2013 until January 1, 2023, if the
21	total obligation imposed pursuant to either subsection (a-5) or
22	(a-6) will result in an owners licensee receiving less
23	after-tax adjusted gross receipts than it received in calendar
24	year 2012, then the total amount of privilege taxes that such
25	owners licensee is required to pay for that calendar year shall
26	be reduced to the extent necessary, not to exceed 5% of

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1 adjusted gross receipts in that calendar year, so that the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in that calendar year equal 2 the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in calendar year 2012. If 3 4 pursuant to this subsection (a-7), the total obligation imposed 5 pursuant to either subsection (a-5) or (a-6) shall be reduced, 6 then the owners licensee shall not receive a refund from the State at the end of the subject calendar year but instead shall 7 be able to apply that amount as a credit against any payments 8 9 it owes to the State in the following calendar year to satisfy 10 its total obligation under either subsection (a-5) or (a-6). 11 For purposes of this subsection, "after-tax adjusted gross receipts" means for calendar year 2012, the adjusted gross 12 receipts less privilege taxes paid to the State, and for 13 subsequent calendar years, the adjusted gross receipts less 14 15 privilege taxes paid to the State, then divided by the owners 16 licensee's average number of gaming positions operating in that calendar year and then multiplied by the owners licensee's 17 average number of gaming positions operating in calendar year 18 2012. This subsection (a-7) does not apply to owners licensees 19 20 authorized pursuant to subsection (e-10) of Section 7 of this 21 Act. 22 (a-8)Riverboat gambling operations conducted by 23 licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the

(a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by the licensed owner or the electronic gaming licensee to the

tax imposed under this Section.

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1 Board not later than 5:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day 2 when the wagers were made.

(a-15) If the privilege tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed pursuant to item (i) of the last paragraph of subsection (a-3), then by June 15 of each year, each owners licensee, other than an owners licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, must, in addition to the payment of all amounts otherwise due under this Section, pay to the Board a reconciliation payment in the amount, if any, by which the licensed owner's base amount exceeds the amount of net privilege tax paid by the licensed owner to the Board in the then current State fiscal year. A licensed owner's net privilege tax obligation due for the balance of the State fiscal year shall be reduced up to the total of the amount paid by the licensed owner in its June 15 reconciliation payment. The obligation imposed by this subsection (a-15) is binding on any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that acquires an ownership interest in any such owners license. The obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) terminates on the earliest of: (i) July 1, 2007, (ii) the first day after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license, (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act, or (iv) the first day that a

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1 licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 conducts gaming operations with slot machines or other electronic gaming 2 devices. The Board must reduce the obligation imposed under 3 4 this subsection (a-15) by an amount the Board deems reasonable 5 for any of the following reasons: (A) an act or acts of God, 6 (B) an act of bioterrorism or terrorism or a bioterrorism or terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement 7 8 agency, or (C) a condition beyond the control of the owners licensee that does not result from any act or omission by the 9 10 owners licensee or any of its agents and that poses a hazardous 11 threat to the health and safety of patrons. If an owners licensee pays an amount in excess of its liability under this 12 13 Section, the Board shall apply the overpayment to future 14 payments required under this Section.

For purposes of this subsection (a-15):

"Act of God" means an incident caused by the operation of an extraordinary force that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person can be held liable.

"Base amount" means the following:

- 21 For a riverboat in Alton, \$31,000,000.
- 22 For a riverboat in East Peoria, \$43,000,000.
- 23 For the Empress riverboat in Joliet, \$86,000,000.
- 24 For a riverboat in Metropolis, \$45,000,000.
- 25 For the Harrah's riverboat in Joliet, \$114,000,000.
- 26 For a riverboat in Aurora, \$86,000,000.

(b) of this Section.

- 1 For a riverboat in East St. Louis, \$48,500,000.
- For a riverboat in Elgin, \$198,000,000. 2
- "Dormant license" has the meaning ascribed to it in 3 4 subsection (a-3).
- 5 "Net privilege tax" means all privilege taxes paid by a licensed owner to the Board under this Section, less all 6 7 payments made from the State Gaming Fund pursuant to subsection
- 9 The changes made to this subsection (a-15) by Public Act 10 94-839 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public 11 Act 94-673 with respect to the amount of the payments required to be made under this subsection by an owners licensee to the 12 13 Board.
- (b) Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue deposited 14 15 in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be paid, 16 subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government which is designated as the home dock of the 17 riverboat. Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax revenue from 18 19 riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund 20 under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat or a casino shall be paid 21 22 monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to 23 the unit of local government that is designated as the home 24 dock of the riverboat. From the tax revenue deposited in the 25 State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat or casino gambling 26 operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the

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State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat or casino gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted or in which the casino is located. Units of local government may refund any portion of the payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b) to the riverboat or casino.

(b-5) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by each electronic gaming facility located outside Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to a municipality outside of Madison County other than the Village of Stickney or the Village of Arlington Heights in which each electronic gaming facility is located or, if the electronic gaming facility is not located within a municipality, to the county in which the electronic gaming facility is located, except as otherwise provided in this Section. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by each electronic gaming facility that is located in an unincorporated area of Cook County and has been awarded standardbred racing dates during 2010 by the

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1 Illinois Racing Board shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 50% to the 2 Village of Melrose Park and 50% to Cook County. From the tax 3 4 revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, 5 an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located in the Village of 6 Stickney shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the 7 8 General Assembly, as follows: 25% to the Village of Stickney, 9 50% to the Town of Cicero, and 25% to the Stickney Public 10 Health District. 11 From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross 12 receipts generated by each electronic gaming facility located 13 14 in the Village of Arlington Heights shall be paid monthly, 15 subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 16 67% to the Village of Arlington Heights and 33% to the City of Des Plaines, except that the combined amount paid to the City 17 of Des Plaines under this subsection (b-5) and subsection (c-5) 18 19 of Section 12 of this Act shall not exceed \$3,000,000 in a 20 calendar year. 21 From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund 22 under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross 23 receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located in 24 the City of Collinsville shall be paid monthly, subject to

appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 45% to the

City of Alton, 45% to the City of East St. Louis, and 10% to the

City of Collinsville.

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Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to (i) 1% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located in Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to Madison County for the purposes of infrastructure improvements, and (ii) 1% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located in Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to St. Clair County for the purposes of infrastructure improvements.

Municipalities and counties may refund any portion of the payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b-5) to the electronic gaming facility.

(b-6) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 2% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an electronic gaming facility located outside Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the county in which the electronic gaming facility is located for the purposes of its criminal justice system or health care system.

Counties may refund any portion of the payment that they

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1 receive pursuant to this subsection (b-6) to the electronic 2 gaming facility.

(b-7) The State and County Fair Assistance Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Fund shall be administered by the Department of Agriculture. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax <u>revenue deposited in the State Gaming</u> Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 2% of adjusted gross receipts, not to exceed \$1,000,000, shall be paid into the State and County Fair Assistance Fund annually. No moneys shall be expended from the State and County Fair Assistance Fund except as appropriated by the General Assembly.

The Department of Agriculture is authorized to award grants from moneys appropriated from the State and County Fair Assistance Fund to counties for the development, expansion, or support of county fairs that showcase Illinois agriculture products or byproducts. No grant may exceed \$20,000. Not more than one grant under this Section may be made to any one county except for Sangamon County and Perry County, which shall be entitled to an additional grant for the Illinois State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair, respectively.

(b-8) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, \$250,000 shall be deposited annually into the Illinois Racing Quarter Horse Breeders Fund.

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- 1 (b-10) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 10% of the wagering taxes paid by the riverboats and casino created pursuant to subsections (e-5) and (e-10) of Section 7 shall be paid into the Depressed Communities Economic Development Fund annually. 7
  - (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Board (i) for the administration and enforcement of this Act and the Video Gaming Act, (ii) for distribution to the Department of State Police and to the Department of Revenue for the enforcement of this Act, and (iii) to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, \$10,000,000 shall be paid annually to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling. The Board's annual appropriations request must separately state its funding needs for the regulation of electronic gaming, riverboat gaming, casino gaming within the City of Chicago, and video gaming.
  - (c-3) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the tax revenue deposited into the State Gaming Fund from electronic gaming pursuant to this Section for the administration and enforcement of this Act.
- 26 (c-4) After payments required under subsection (b-5),

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(b-6), (b-7), (b-8), (c), and (c-3) have been made from the tax 1 revenue from electronic gaming deposited into the State Gaming 2 Fund under this Section, all remaining amounts from electronic 3 4 gaming shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

(c-5) (Blank). Before May 26, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94 804) and beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, unless any organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 begins to operate a slot machine or video game of chance under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or this Act, after the payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

(c-10) (Blank). Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.

(c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (b-8), and (c), and (c-5) have been made,

an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999 and before December 31, 2011, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

(c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.

(c-25) After the payments required under subsections (b), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (b-8), (c), (c-5) and (c-15) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999 and before December 31, 2011, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund to

- 1 Chicago State University.
- From time to time, the Board shall transfer the 2
- 3 remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education
- 4 Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of
- 5 Illinois.
- (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local 6
- government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from 7
- 8 entering into agreements with other units of local government
- 9 in this State or in other states to share its portion of the
- 10 tax revenue.
- 11 (f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer
- and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a 12
- 13 manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b,
- 14 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the
- 15 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform
- 16 Penalty and Interest Act.
- (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-1008, eff. 12-15-08; 17
- 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.) 18
- 19 (230 ILCS 10/14) (from Ch. 120, par. 2414)
- 20 Sec. 14. Licensees - Records - Reports - Supervision.
- 21 (a) Licensed owners and electronic gaming licensees A
- 22 licensed owner shall keep his books and records so as to
- clearly show the following: 23
- 24 (1) The amount received daily from admission fees.
- 25 (2) The total amount of gross receipts.

- 1 (3) The total amount of the adjusted gross receipts.
- (b) Licensed owners and electronic gaming licensees The 2 <del>licensed owner</del> shall furnish to the Board reports 3 and
- information as the Board may require with respect to its 4
- 5 activities on forms designed and supplied for such purpose by
- the Board. 6
- 7 (c) The books and records kept by a licensed owner as
- 8 provided by this Section are public records
- 9 examination, publication, and dissemination of the books and
- 10 records are governed by the provisions of The Freedom of
- 11 Information Act.
- (Source: P.A. 86-1029.) 12
- 13 (230 ILCS 10/18) (from Ch. 120, par. 2418)
- 14 Sec. 18. Prohibited Activities - Penalty.
- 15 (a) A person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for doing
- any of the following: 16
- 17 (1) Conducting gambling where wagering is used or to be
- 18 used without a license issued by the Board.
- 19 (2) Conducting gambling where wagering is permitted
- 20 other than in the manner specified by Section 11.
- 21 (b) A person is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor for doing
- 22 any of the following:
- 23 (1) permitting a person under 21 years to make a wager;
- 24 or
- 25 (2) violating paragraph (12) of subsection (a) of

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1 Section 11 of this Act.

- (c) A person wagering or accepting a wager at any location outside the riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming facility in violation of paragraph is subject to the penalties in paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of Section 28-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is subject to the penalties provided in that Section.
- (d) A person commits a Class 4 felony and, in addition, shall be barred for life from gambling operations riverboats under the jurisdiction of the Board, if the person does any of the following:
  - (1) Offers, promises, or gives anything of value or benefit to a person who is connected with a riverboat or casino owner or electronic gaming licensee including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee or holder of an occupational license pursuant to an agreement or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to whom the offer, promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action of a member of the Board.
  - (2) Solicits or knowingly accepts or receives a promise of anything of value or benefit while the person is connected with a riverboat, or casino, or electronic gaming facility, including, but not limited to, an officer or

employee of a licensed owner or electronic gaming licensee
or the holder of an occupational license, pursuant to an
understanding or arrangement or with the intent that the
promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the
actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the
outcome of a gambling game, or to influence official action
of a member of the Board.

- (3) Uses or possesses with the intent to use a device to assist:
  - (i) In projecting the outcome of the game.
  - (ii) In keeping track of the cards played.
  - (iii) In analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event relating to the gambling game.
  - (iv) In analyzing the strategy for playing or betting to be used in the game except as permitted by the Board.
  - (4) Cheats at a gambling game.
- (5) Manufactures, sells, or distributes any cards, chips, dice, game or device which is intended to be used to violate any provision of this Act.
- (6) Alters or misrepresents the outcome of a gambling game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is made sure but before it is revealed to the players.
- (7) Places a bet after acquiring knowledge, not available to all players, of the outcome of the gambling game which is subject of the bet or to aid a person in

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1 acquiring the knowledge for the purpose of placing a bet 2 contingent on that outcome.

- (8) Claims, collects, or takes, or attempts to claim, collect, or take, money or anything of value in or from the gambling games, with intent to defraud, without having made a wager contingent on winning a gambling game, or claims, collects, or takes an amount of money or thing of value of greater value than the amount won.
- (9) Uses counterfeit chips or tokens in a gambling game.
- (10) Possesses any key or device designed for the purpose of opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a gambling game, drop box, or an electronic or mechanical device connected with the gambling game or for removing coins, tokens, chips or other contents of a gambling game. This paragraph (10) does not apply to a gambling licensee or employee of a gambling licensee acting in furtherance of the employee's employment.
- The possession of more than one of the devices described in subsection (d), paragraphs (3), (5), or (10) permits a rebuttable presumption that the possessor intended to use the devices for cheating.
- (f) A person under the age of 21 who, except as authorized under paragraph (10) of Section 11, enters upon a riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming facility commits a petty offense and is subject to a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$250

- 1 for a first offense and of not less than \$200 or more than \$500
- for a second or subsequent offense. 2
- An action to prosecute any crime occurring on a riverboat 3
- 4 shall be tried in the county of the dock at which the riverboat
- 5 is based.
- (Source: P.A. 96-1392, eff. 1-1-11.) 6
- 7 (230 ILCS 10/19) (from Ch. 120, par. 2419)
- Sec. 19. Forfeiture of property. (a) Except as provided in 8
- 9 subsection (b), any riverboat, casino, or electronic gaming
- 10 facility used for the conduct of gambling games in violation of
- this Act shall be considered a gambling place in violation of 11
- 12 Section 28-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as now or hereafter
- 13 amended. Every gambling device found on a riverboat, in a
- 14 casino, or at an electronic gaming facility operating gambling
- 15 games in violation of this Act and every slot machine and video
- game of chance found at an electronic gaming facility operating 16
- gambling games in violation of this Act shall be subject to 17
- seizure, confiscation and destruction as provided in Section 18
- 19 28-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as now or hereafter amended.
- (b) It is not a violation of this Act for a riverboat or 20
- 21 other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous
- 22 state to dock on the shores of this State if the municipality
- 23 having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of
- 24 unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no
- 25 gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while

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it is docked on the shores of this State. No gambling device shall be subject to seizure, confiscation or destruction if the gambling device is located on a riverboat or other watercraft which is licensed for gaming by a contiguous state and which is docked on the shores of this State if the municipality having jurisdiction of the shores, or the county in the case of unincorporated areas, has granted permission for docking and no gaming is conducted on the riverboat or other watercraft while it is docked on the shores of this State.

(Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

(230 ILCS 10/20) (from Ch. 120, par. 2420)

Sec. 20. Prohibited activities - civil penalties. Any person who conducts a gambling operation without first obtaining a license to do so, or who continues to conduct such games after revocation of his license, or any licensee who conducts or allows to be conducted any unauthorized gambling games on a riverboat, in a casino, or at an electronic gaming facility where it is authorized to conduct its <del>riverboat</del> gambling operation, in addition to other penalties provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty equal to the amount of gross receipts derived from wagering on the gambling games, whether unauthorized or authorized, conducted on that day as well as confiscation and forfeiture of all gambling game equipment used in the conduct of unauthorized gambling games.

(Source: P.A. 86-1029.)

- (230 ILCS 10/23) (from Ch. 120, par. 2423) 1
- Sec. 23. The State Gaming Fund. On or after the effective
- 3 date of this Act, except as provided for payments into the
- Horse Racing Equity Trust Fund under subsection (a) of Section 4
- 7, all of the fees and taxes collected pursuant to this Act 5
- shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund, a special fund 6
- 7 in the State Treasury, which is hereby created. The adjusted
- 8 gross receipts of any riverboat gambling operations conducted
- 9 by a licensed manager on behalf of the State remaining after
- 10 the payment of the fees and expenses of the licensed manager
- shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund. Fines and 11
- 12 penalties collected pursuant to this Act shall be deposited
- into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 13
- 14 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.
- (Source: P.A. 93-28, eff. 6-20-03; 94-804, eff. 5-26-06.) 15
- 16 Section 90-45. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by
- changing Sections 5-1 and 6-30 as follows: 17
- (235 ILCS 5/5-1) (from Ch. 43, par. 115) 18
- 19 Sec. 5-1. Licenses issued by the Illinois Liquor Control
- 20 Commission shall be of the following classes:
- 21 (a) Manufacturer's license - Class 1. Distiller, Class 2.
- 22 Rectifier, Class 3. Brewer, Class 4. First Class Wine
- 23 Manufacturer, Class 5. Second Class Wine Manufacturer, Class 6.

- 1 First Class Winemaker, Class 7. Second Class Winemaker, Class
- 8. Limited Wine Manufacturer, Class 9. Craft Distiller, 2
- 3 (b) Distributor's license,
- (c) Importing Distributor's license, 4
- 5 (d) Retailer's license,
- (e) Special Event Retailer's license (not-for-profit), 6
- (f) Railroad license. 7
- 8 (q) Boat license,
- 9 (h) Non-Beverage User's license,
- 10 (i) Wine-maker's premises license,
- 11 (j) Airplane license,
- (k) Foreign importer's license, 12
- 13 (1) Broker's license,
- (m) Non-resident dealer's license, 14
- 15 (n) Brew Pub license,
- 16 (o) Auction liquor license,
- (p) Caterer retailer license, 17
- 18 (q) Special use permit license,
- 19 (r) Winery shipper's license.
- 20 No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal
- business entity that is engaged in the manufacturing of wine 2.1
- may concurrently obtain and hold a wine-maker's license and a 22
- wine manufacturer's license. 23
- 24 (a) A manufacturer's license shall allow the manufacture,
- 25 importation in bulk, storage, distribution and sale
- 26 alcoholic liquor to persons without the State, as may be

- permitted by law and to licensees in this State as follows: 1
- 2 Class 1. A Distiller may make sales and deliveries of
- alcoholic liquor to distillers, rectifiers, importing 3
- 4 distributors, distributors and non-beverage users and to no
- 5 other licensees.
- Class 2. A Rectifier, who is not a distiller, as defined 6
- herein, may make sales and deliveries of alcoholic liquor to 7
- rectifiers, importing distributors, distributors, retailers 8
- 9 and non-beverage users and to no other licensees.
- 10 Class 3. A Brewer may make sales and deliveries of beer to
- 11 importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees,
- and to retailers provided the brewer obtains an importing 12
- 13 distributor's license or distributor's license in accordance
- with the provisions of this Act. 14
- 15 Class 4. A first class wine-manufacturer may make sales and
- 16 deliveries of up to 50,000 gallons of wine to manufacturers,
- importing distributors and distributors, and to no other 17
- 18 licensees.
- 19 Class 5. A second class Wine manufacturer may make sales
- 20 and deliveries of more than 50,000 gallons of wine to
- manufacturers, importing distributors and distributors and to 21
- no other licensees. 22
- Class 6. A first-class wine-maker's license shall allow the 23
- 24 manufacture of up to 50,000 gallons of wine per year, and the
- 25 storage and sale of such wine to distributors in the State and
- 26 to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A

General Assembly.

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- person who, prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act 1 of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder of a first-class 2 wine-maker's license and annually produces more than 25,000 3 4 gallons of its own wine and who distributes its wine to 5 licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of the 95th 6
- 8 Class 7. A second-class wine-maker's license shall allow 9 the manufacture of between 50,000 and 150,000 gallons of wine 10 per year, and the storage and sale of such wine to distributors 11 in this State and to persons without the State, as may be permitted by law. A person who, prior to the effective date of 12 13 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, is a holder 14 of a second-class wine-maker's license and annually produces 15 more than 25,000 gallons of its own wine and who distributes 16 its wine to licensed retailers shall cease this practice on or before July 1, 2008 in compliance with this amendatory Act of 17 the 95th General Assembly. 18
  - Class 8. A limited wine-manufacturer may make sales and deliveries not to exceed 40,000 gallons of wine per year to distributors, and to non-licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
  - Class 9. A craft distiller license shall allow manufacture of up to 5,000 gallons of spirits by distillation per year and the storage of such spirits. If a craft distiller licensee is not affiliated with any other manufacturer, then

1 the craft distiller licensee may sell such spirits to

distributors in this State and non-licensees to the extent 2

permitted by any exemption approved by the Commission pursuant

4 to Section 6-4 of this Act.

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Any craft distiller licensed under this Act who on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly was licensed as a distiller and manufactured no more spirits than permitted by this Section shall not be required to pay the initial licensing fee.

(a-1) A manufacturer which is licensed in this State to make sales or deliveries of alcoholic liquor and which enlists agents, representatives, or individuals acting on its behalf who contact licensed retailers on a regular and continual basis in this State must register those agents, representatives, or persons acting on its behalf with the State Commission.

Registration of agents, representatives, or persons acting on behalf of a manufacturer is fulfilled by submitting a form to the Commission. The form shall be developed by the Commission and shall include the name and address of the applicant, the name and address of the manufacturer he or she represents, the territory or areas assigned to sell to or discuss pricing terms of alcoholic liquor, and any other questions deemed appropriate and necessary. All statements in the forms required to be made by law or by rule shall be deemed material, and any person who knowingly misstates any material fact under oath in an application is guilty of a Class B

- 1 misdemeanor. Fraud, misrepresentation, false statements,
- misleading statements, evasions, or suppression of material 2
- facts in the securing of a registration are grounds for 3
- 4 suspension or revocation of the registration.
- 5 (b) A distributor's license shall allow the wholesale
- purchase and storage of alcoholic liquors and sale of alcoholic 6
- liquors to licensees in this State and to persons without the 7
- State, as may be permitted by law. 8
- 9 (c) An importing distributor's license may be issued to and
- 10 held by those only who are duly licensed distributors, upon the
- 11 filing of an application by a duly licensed distributor, with
- the Commission and the Commission shall, without the payment of 12
- 13 anv fee, immediately issue such importing distributor's
- license to the applicant, which shall allow the importation of 14
- 15 alcoholic liquor by the licensee into this State from any point
- 16 in the United States outside this State, and the purchase of
- alcoholic liquor in barrels, casks or other bulk containers and 17
- 18 the bottling of such alcoholic liquors before resale thereof,
- 19 but all bottles or containers so filled shall be sealed,
- 20 labeled, stamped and otherwise made to comply with all
- provisions, rules and regulations governing manufacturers in 21
- 22 the preparation and bottling of alcoholic liquors.
- importing distributor's license shall permit such licensee to 23
- 24 purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident
- 25 dealers and foreign importers only.
- 26 (d) A retailer's license shall allow the licensee to sell

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1 and offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license, alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not 2 for resale in any form. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 3 4 95th General Assembly shall deny, limit, remove, or restrict 5 the ability of a holder of a retailer's license to transfer, 6 deliver, or ship alcoholic liquor to the purchaser for use or consumption subject to any applicable local law or ordinance. 7 Any retail license issued to a manufacturer shall only permit 8 9 the manufacturer to sell beer at retail on the premises 10 actually occupied by the manufacturer. For the purpose of 11 further describing the type of business conducted at a retail licensed premises, a retailer's licensee may be designated by 12 13 the State Commission as (i) an on premise consumption retailer, 14 (ii) an off premise sale retailer, or (iii) a combined on 15 premise consumption and off premise sale retailer.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (d), a retail licensee may sell alcoholic liquors to a special event retailer licensee for resale to the extent permitted under subsection (e).

(e) A special event retailer's license (not-for-profit) shall permit the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquors from an Illinois licensed distributor (unless the licensee purchases less than \$500 of alcoholic liquors for the special event, in which case the licensee may purchase the alcoholic liquors from a licensed retailer) and shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale, at retail, alcoholic liquors for use or

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consumption, but not for resale in any form and only at the location and on the specific dates designated for the special event in the license. An applicant for a special event retailer license must (i) furnish with the application: (A) a resale number issued under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or evidence that the applicant is registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, (B) a current, valid exemption identification number issued under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and a certification to the Commission that the purchase of alcoholic liquors will be a tax-exempt purchase, or (C) a statement that the applicant is not registered under Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, does not hold a resale number under Section 2c of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and does not hold an exemption number under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, in which event the Commission shall set forth on the special event retailer's license a statement to that effect; (ii) submit with the application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance in the maximum limits; and (iii) show proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant has obtained local authority approval.

(f) A railroad license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors

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directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on a club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway in this State; and provided further, that railroad licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to importing distributors. A railroad license shall also permit the licensee to sell or dispense alcoholic liquors on any club, buffet, lounge or dining car operated on an electric, gas or steam railway regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic liquors to any licensee within this State. A license shall be obtained for each car in which such sales are made.

- (g) A boat license shall allow the sale of alcoholic liquor in individual drinks, on any passenger boat regularly operated as a common carrier on navigable waters in this State or on any riverboat operated under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, which boat or riverboat maintains a public dining room or restaurant thereon.
- (h) A non-beverage user's license shall allow the licensee to purchase alcoholic liquor from a licensed manufacturer or importing distributor, without the imposition of any tax upon

1 the business of such licensed manufacturer or importing distributor as to such alcoholic liquor to be used by such 2 3 licensee solely for the non-beverage purposes set forth in 4 subsection (a) of Section 8-1 of this Act, and such licenses 5 shall be divided and classified and shall permit the purchase, 6 possession and use of limited and stated quantities of alcoholic liquor as follows: 7 Class 1, not to exceed ...... 500 gallons 8 9 Class 2, not to exceed ...... 1,000 gallons 10 Class 3, not to exceed ...... 5,000 gallons 11 Class 5, not to exceed ...... 50,000 gallons 12 13 (i) A wine-maker's premises license shall allow a licensee 14 that concurrently holds a first-class wine-maker's license to 15 sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises specified in 16 such license not more than 50,000 gallons of the first-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the first-class wine-maker's 17 18 licensed premises per year for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license shall allow 19 20 a licensee who concurrently holds a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail in the premises 21 22 specified in such license up to 100,000 gallons of the 23 second-class wine-maker's wine that is made at the second-class 24 wine-maker's licensed premises per year for use or consumption 25 but not for resale in any form. A wine-maker's premises license

shall allow a licensee that concurrently holds a first-class

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wine-maker's license or a second-class wine-maker's license to sell and offer for sale at retail at the premises specified in the wine-maker's premises license, for use or consumption but not for resale in any form, any beer, wine, and spirits purchased from a licensed distributor. Upon approval from the State Commission, a wine-maker's premises license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at (i) the wine-maker's licensed premises and (ii) at up to 2 additional locations for use and consumption and not for resale. Each location shall require additional licensing per location as specified in Section 5-3 of this Act. A wine-maker's premises licensee shall secure liquor liability insurance coverage in an amount at least equal to the maximum liability amounts set forth in subsection (a) of Section 6-21 of this Act.

(j) An airplane license shall permit the licensee to import alcoholic liquors into this State from any point in the United States outside this State and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; to make wholesale purchases of alcoholic liquors directly from manufacturers, foreign importers, distributors and importing distributors from within or outside this State; and to store such alcoholic liquors in this State; provided that the above powers may be exercised only in connection with the importation, purchase or storage of alcoholic liquors to be sold or dispensed on an airplane; and provided further, that airplane licensees exercising the above powers shall be subject to all provisions of Article VIII of this Act as applied to

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1 importing distributors. An airplane licensee shall also permit 2 the sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquors on any passenger airplane regularly operated by a common carrier in this State, 3 4 but shall not permit the sale for resale of any alcoholic 5 liquors to any licensee within this State. A single airplane 6 license shall be required of an airline company if liquor service is provided on board aircraft in this State. The annual 7 8 fee for such license shall be as determined in Section 5-3.

- (k) A foreign importer's license shall permit such licensee purchase alcoholic liquor from Illinois licensed non-resident dealers only, and to import alcoholic liquor other than in bulk from any point outside the United States and to sell such alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed importing distributors and to no one else in Illinois; provided that (i) the foreign importer registers with the State Commission every brand of alcoholic liquor that it proposes to sell to Illinois licensees during the license period, (ii) the foreign importer complies with all of the provisions of Section 6-9 of this Act with respect to registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the foreign importer complies with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these provisions apply to manufacturers.
- (1) (i) A broker's license shall be required of all persons who solicit orders for, offer to sell or offer to supply alcoholic liquor to retailers in the State of Illinois, or who

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1 offer to retailers to ship or cause to be shipped or to make contact with distillers, rectifiers, brewers or manufacturers 2 3 or any other party within or without the State of Illinois in 4 order that alcoholic liquors be shipped to a distributor, 5 importing distributor or foreign importer, whether such 6 solicitation or offer is consummated within or without the State of Illinois. 7

No holder of a retailer's license issued by the Illinois Liquor Control Commission shall purchase or receive any alcoholic liquor, the order for which was solicited or offered for sale to such retailer by a broker unless the broker is the holder of a valid broker's license.

The broker shall, upon the acceptance by a retailer of the broker's solicitation of an order or offer to sell or supply or deliver or have delivered alcoholic liquors, promptly forward to the Illinois Liquor Control Commission a notification of said transaction in such form as the Commission may by regulations prescribe.

(ii) A broker's license shall be required of a person within this State, other than a retail licensee, who, for a fee or commission, promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for alcoholic liquor, for use or consumption and not for resale, to be shipped from this State and delivered to residents outside of this State by an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier. This Section does not apply to any person who promotes, solicits, or accepts orders for wine as specifically

- 1 authorized in Section 6-29 of this Act.
- 2 A broker's license under this subsection (1) shall not
- 3 entitle the holder to buy or sell any alcoholic liquors for his
- 4 own account or to take or deliver title to such alcoholic
- 5 liquors.
- 6 This subsection (1) shall not apply to distributors,
- employees of distributors, or employees of a manufacturer who 7
- has registered the trademark, brand or name of the alcoholic 8
- 9 liquor pursuant to Section 6-9 of this Act, and who regularly
- 10 sells such alcoholic liquor in the State of Illinois only to
- 11 its registrants thereunder.
- 12 Anv agent, representative, or person subject
- 13 registration pursuant to subsection (a-1) of this Section shall
- not be eligible to receive a broker's license. 14
- 15 (m) A non-resident dealer's license shall permit such
- 16 licensee to ship into and warehouse alcoholic liquor into this
- State from any point outside of this State, and to sell such 17
- 18 alcoholic liquor to Illinois licensed foreign importers and
- 19 importing distributors and to no one else in this State;
- 20 provided that (i) said non-resident dealer shall register with
- the Illinois Liquor Control Commission each and every brand of 21
- alcoholic liquor which it proposes to sell to Illinois 22
- 23 licensees during the license period, (ii) it shall comply with
- 24 all of the provisions of Section 6-9 hereof with respect to
- 25 registration of such Illinois licensees as may be granted the
- 26 right to sell such brands at wholesale, and (iii) the

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- 1 non-resident dealer shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-5 and 6-6 of this Act to the same extent that these 2 3 provisions apply to manufacturers.
  - (n) A brew pub license shall allow the licensee manufacture beer only on the premises specified in the license, to make sales of the beer manufactured on the premises to importing distributors, distributors, and to non-licensees for use and consumption, to store the beer upon the premises, and to sell and offer for sale at retail from the licensed premises, provided that a brew pub licensee shall not sell for off-premises consumption more than 50,000 gallons per year.
  - (o) A caterer retailer license shall allow the holder to serve alcoholic liquors as an incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals which excludes the serving of snacks as the primary meal, either on or off-site whether licensed or unlicensed.
  - (p) An auction liquor license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at auction wine and spirits for use or consumption, or for resale by an Illinois liquor licensee in accordance with provisions of this Act. An auction liquor license will be issued to a person and it will permit the auction liquor licensee to hold the auction anywhere in the State. An auction liquor license must be obtained for each auction at least 14 days in advance of the auction date.
  - (q) A special use permit license shall allow an Illinois licensed retailer to transfer a portion of its alcoholic liquor

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inventory from its retail licensed premises to the premises specified in the license hereby created, and to sell or offer for sale at retail, only in the premises specified in the license hereby created, the transferred alcoholic liquor for use or consumption, but not for resale in any form. A special use permit license may be granted for the following time periods: one day or less; 2 or more days to a maximum of 15 days per location in any 12 month period. An applicant for the special use permit license must also submit with t.he application proof satisfactory to the State Commission that the applicant will provide dram shop liability insurance to the maximum limits and have local authority approval.

(r) A winery shipper's license shall allow a person with a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license or who is licensed to make wine under the laws of another state to ship wine made by that licensee directly to a resident of this State who is 21 years of age or older for that resident's personal use and not for resale. Prior to receiving a winery shipper's license, an applicant for the license must provide the Commission with a true copy of its current license in any state in which it is licensed as a manufacturer of wine. An applicant for a winery shipper's license must also complete an application form that provides any other information the Commission deems necessary. application form shall include an acknowledgement The

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1 consenting to the jurisdiction of the Commission, the Illinois Department of Revenue, and the courts of this State concerning 2 the enforcement of this Act and any related laws, rules, and 3 4 regulations, including authorizing the Department of Revenue 5 and the Commission to conduct audits for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this amendatory Act. 6

A winery shipper licensee must pay to the Department of Revenue the State liquor gallonage tax under Section 8-1 for all wine that is sold by the licensee and shipped to a person in this State. For the purposes of Section 8-1, a winery shipper licensee shall be taxed in the same manner as a manufacturer of wine. A licensee who is not otherwise required to register under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act must register under the Use Tax Act to collect and remit use tax to the Department of Revenue for all gallons of wine that are sold by the licensee and shipped to persons in this State. If a licensee fails to remit the tax imposed under this Act in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Act, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act. If a licensee fails to properly register and remit tax under the Use Tax Act or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act for all wine that is sold by the winery shipper and shipped to persons in this State, the winery shipper's license shall be revoked in accordance with the provisions of Article VII of this Act.

26 A winery shipper licensee must collect, maintain,

- 1 submit to the Commission on a semi-annual basis the total
- 2 number of cases per resident of wine shipped to residents of
- 3 this State. A winery shipper licensed under this subsection (r)
- 4 must comply with the requirements of Section 6-29 of this
- 5 amendatory Act.
- (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-634, eff. 6-1-08; 6
- 95-769, eff. 7-29-08; 96-1367, eff. 7-28-10.) 7
- 8 (235 ILCS 5/6-30) (from Ch. 43, par. 144f)
- 9 Sec. 6-30. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
- 10 the Illinois Gaming Board shall have exclusive authority to
- establish the hours for sale and consumption of alcoholic 11
- 12 liquor on board a riverboat during riverboat
- 13 excursions and in a casino conducted in accordance with the
- 14 Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)
- Section 90-50. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by 16
- changing Sections 28-1, 28-1.1, 28-3, 28-5, and 28-7 as 17
- 18 follows:
- 19 (720 ILCS 5/28-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1)
- 20 Sec. 28-1. Gambling.
- 21 (a) A person commits gambling when he:
- 22 (1) Plays a game of chance or skill for money or other
- 23 thing of value, unless excepted in subsection (b) of this

Section; or

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- (2) Makes a wager upon the result of any game, contest, or any political nomination, appointment or election; or
- (3) Operates, keeps, owns, uses, purchases, exhibits, rents, sells, bargains for the sale or lease of, manufactures or distributes any gambling device; or
- (4) Contracts to have or give himself or another the option to buy or sell, or contracts to buy or sell, at a future time, any grain or other commodity whatsoever, or any stock or security of any company, where it is at the time of making such contract intended by both parties thereto that the contract to buy or sell, or the option, whenever exercised, or the contract resulting therefrom, shall be settled, not by the receipt or delivery of such property, but by the payment only of differences in prices thereof; however, the issuance, purchase, sale, exercise, endorsement or guarantee, by or through a person registered with the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 8 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, or by or through a person exempt from such registration under said Section 8, of a put, call, or other option to buy or sell securities which have been registered with the Secretary of State or which are exempt from such registration under Section 3 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 is not gambling within the meaning of this paragraph (4); or
  - (5) Knowingly owns or possesses any book, instrument or

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- (6) Sells pools upon the result of any game or contest of skill or chance, political nomination, appointment or election; or
- (7) Sets up or promotes any lottery or sells, offers to sell or transfers any ticket or share for any lottery; or
- (8) Sets up or promotes any policy game or sells, offers to sell or knowingly possesses or transfers any policy ticket, slip, record, document or other similar device; or
- (9) Knowingly drafts, prints or publishes any lottery ticket or share, or any policy ticket, slip, record, document or similar device, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state or foreign government; or
- (10) Knowingly advertises any lottery or policy game, except for such activity related to lotteries, bingo games and raffles authorized by and conducted in accordance with the laws of Illinois or any other state; or
- (11) Knowingly transmits information as to wagers, betting odds, or changes in betting odds by telephone, telegraph, radio, semaphore or similar means; or knowingly

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installs or maintains equipment for the transmission or receipt of such information; except that nothing in this subdivision (11) prohibits transmission or receipt of such information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests; or

- (12) Knowingly establishes, maintains, or operates an Internet site that permits a person to play a game of chance or skill for money or other thing of value by means of the Internet or to make a wager upon the result of any game, contest, political nomination, appointment, election by means of the Internet. This item (12) does not apply to activities referenced in items (6) and (6.1) of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (b) Participants in any of the following activities shall not be convicted of gambling therefor:
  - (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the happening of chance including without limitation contracts of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident insurance.
  - (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest.
  - (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by the law of this State.
    - (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the

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acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign commerce to any place outside this State when such transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal law; or the manufacture, distribution, or possession of video gaming terminals, as defined in the Video Gaming Act, by manufacturers, distributors, and terminal operators licensed to do so under the Video Gaming Act.

- (5) The game commonly known as "bingo", when conducted in accordance with the Bingo License and Tax Act.
- (6) Lotteries when conducted by the State of Illinois in accordance with the Illinois Lottery Law. This exemption includes any activity conducted by the Department of Revenue to sell lottery tickets pursuant to the provisions of the Illinois Lottery Law and its rules.
- The purchase of lottery tickets through the Internet for a lottery conducted by the State of Illinois under the program established in Section 7.12 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
- (7) Possession of an antique slot machine that is neither used nor intended to be used in the operation or promotion of any unlawful gambling activity or enterprise. For the purpose of this subparagraph (b) (7), an antique slot machine is one manufactured 25 years ago or earlier.
- (8) Raffles when conducted in accordance with the Raffles Act.

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- 1 (9) Charitable games when conducted in accordance with the Charitable Games Act. 2
  - (10) Pull tabs and jar games when conducted under the Illinois Pull Tabs and Jar Games Act.
    - (11) Gambling games conducted on riverboats when authorized by the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
      - (12) Video gaming terminal games at a licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed veterans establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video Gaming Act.
  - (13) Games of skill or chance where money or other things of value can be won but no payment or purchase is required to participate.
- 15 (c) Sentence.
- Gambling under subsection (a) (1) or (a) (2) of this Section 16 17 is a Class A misdemeanor. Gambling under any of subsections 18 (a)(3) through (a)(11) of this Section is a Class 19 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under any of 20 subsections (a)(3) through (a)(11), is a Class 4 felony. Gambling under subsection (a) (12) of this Section is a Class A 2.1 22 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under 23 subsection (a) (12) is a Class 4 felony.
  - (d) Circumstantial evidence.
- 25 In prosecutions under subsection (a) (1) through (a) (12) of this Section circumstantial evidence shall have the same 26

- 1 validity and weight as in any criminal prosecution.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09;
- 3 96-1203, eff. 7-22-10.)

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- 4 (720 ILCS 5/28-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-1.1)
- 5 Sec. 28-1.1. Syndicated gambling.
  - (a) Declaration of Purpose. Recognizing the close relationship between professional gambling and other organized crime, it is declared to be the policy of the legislature to restrain persons from engaging in the business of gambling for profit in this State. This Section shall be liberally construed and administered with a view to carrying out this policy.
- (b) A person commits syndicated gambling when he operates a
  "policy game" or engages in the business of bookmaking.
  - (c) A person "operates a policy game" when he knowingly uses any premises or property for the purpose of receiving or knowingly does receive from what is commonly called "policy":
    - (1) money from a person other than the better or player whose bets or plays are represented by such money; or
    - (2) written "policy game" records, made or used over any period of time, from a person other than the better or player whose bets or plays are represented by such written record.
  - (d) A person engages in bookmaking when he receives or accepts more than five bets or wagers upon the result of any trials or contests of skill, speed or power of endurance or

- 1 upon any lot, chance, casualty, unknown or contingent event
- whatsoever, which bets or wagers shall be of such size that the 2
- 3 total of the amounts of money paid or promised to be paid to
- 4 such bookmaker on account thereof shall exceed \$2,000.
- 5 Bookmaking is the receiving or accepting of such bets or wagers
- regardless of the form or manner in which the bookmaker records 6
- 7 them.
- 8 (e) Participants in any of the following activities shall
- 9 not be convicted of syndicated gambling:
- 10 (1) Agreements to compensate for loss caused by the
- happening of chance including without limitation contracts 11
- of indemnity or guaranty and life or health or accident 12
- 13 insurance; and
- 14 (2) Offers of prizes, award or compensation to the
- 15 actual contestants in any bona fide contest for the
- determination of skill, speed, strength or endurance or to 16
- the owners of animals or vehicles entered in such contest; 17
- 18 and
- 19 (3) Pari-mutuel betting as authorized by law of this
- 20 State; and
- (4) Manufacture of gambling devices, including the 2.1
- 22 acquisition of essential parts therefor and the assembly
- 23 thereof, for transportation in interstate or foreign
- 24 commerce to any place outside this State when such
- 25 transportation is not prohibited by any applicable Federal
- 26 law; and

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- 1 (5) Raffles when conducted in accordance with the Raffles Act: and 2
  - Gambling games conducted on riverboats, in casinos, or at electronic gaming facilities authorized by the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act; and
  - Video gaming terminal games at а licensed establishment, licensed truck stop establishment, licensed fraternal establishment, or licensed establishment when conducted in accordance with the Video Gaming Act.
- 11 (f) Sentence. Syndicated gambling is a Class 3 felony. (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.) 12
- 13 (720 ILCS 5/28-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-3)
- 14 Sec. 28-3. Keeping a Gambling Place. A "gambling place" is 15 any real estate, vehicle, boat or any other property whatsoever 16 used for the purposes of gambling other than gambling conducted 17 in the manner authorized by the <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act or the Video Gaming Act. Any person who knowingly permits any 18 19 premises or property owned or occupied by him or under his control to be used as a gambling place commits a Class A 20 21 misdemeanor. Each subsequent offense is a Class 4 felony. When 22 any premises is determined by the circuit court to be a 23 gambling place:
  - (a) Such premises is a public nuisance and may be proceeded against as such, and

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- (b) All licenses, permits or certificates issued by the State of Illinois or any subdivision or public agency thereof authorizing the serving of food or liquor on such premises shall be void; and no license, permit or certificate so cancelled shall be reissued for such premises for a period of 60 days thereafter; nor shall any person convicted of keeping a gambling place be reissued such license for one year from his conviction and, after a second conviction of keeping a gambling place, any such person shall not be reissued such license, and
- (c) Such premises of any person who knowingly permits thereon a violation of any Section of this Article shall be held liable for, and may be sold to pay any unsatisfied judgment that may be recovered and any unsatisfied fine that may be levied under any Section of this Article.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 16 (720 ILCS 5/28-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-5)
- 17 Sec. 28-5. Seizure of gambling devices and gambling funds.
- (a) Every device designed for gambling which is incapable 18 19 of lawful use or every device used unlawfully for gambling 20 shall be considered a "gambling device", and shall be subject 21 to seizure, confiscation and destruction by the Department of State Police or by any municipal, or other local authority, 22 within whose jurisdiction the same may be found. As used in 23 24 this Section, a "gambling device" includes any slot machine, 25 and includes any machine or device constructed for the

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- reception of money or other thing of value and so constructed as to return, or to cause someone to return, on chance to the player thereof money, property or a right to receive money or property. With the exception of any device designed for gambling which is incapable of lawful use, no gambling device shall be forfeited or destroyed unless an individual with a property interest in said device knows of the unlawful use of the device.
- (b) Every gambling device shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs. Any money or other thing of value integrally related to acts of gambling shall be seized and forfeited to the county wherein such seizure occurs.
- (c) If, within 60 days after any seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this Section, a person having any property interest in the seized property is charged with an offense, the court which renders judgment upon such charge shall, within 30 days after such judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to determine whether such property was a gambling device at the time of seizure. Such hearing shall be commenced by a written petition by the State, including material allegations of fact, the name and address of every person determined by the State to any property interest in the seized property, representation that written notice of the date, time and place of such hearing has been mailed to every such person by certified mail at least 10 days before such date, and a request for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and

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present evidence at such hearing. The quantum of proof required shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the seized property was a gambling device at the time of seizure, an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property shall be entered: a gambling device shall be received by the State's Attorney, who shall effect its destruction, except that valuable parts thereof may be liquidated and the resultant money shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred; money and other things of value shall be received by the State's Attorney and, liquidation, shall be deposited in the general fund of the county wherein such seizure occurred. However, in the event that a defendant raises the defense that the seized slot machine is an antique slot machine described in subparagraph (b) (7) of Section 28-1 of this Code and therefore he is exempt from the charge of a gambling activity participant, the seized antique slot machine shall not be destroyed or otherwise altered until a final determination is made by the Court as to whether it is such an antique slot machine. Upon a final determination by the Court of this question in favor of the defendant, such slot machine shall be immediately returned to the defendant. Such order of forfeiture and disposition shall, for the purposes of appeal, be a final order and judgment in a civil proceeding.

(d) If a seizure pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this

- 1 Section is not followed by a charge pursuant to subparagraph 2 (c) of this Section, or if the prosecution of such charge is permanently terminated or indefinitely discontinued without 3 4 any judgment of conviction or acquittal (1) the State's 5 Attorney shall commence an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture 6 and destruction of a gambling device, or for the forfeiture and deposit in the general fund of the county of any seized money 7 or other things of value, or both, in the circuit court and (2) 8 9 any person having any property interest in such seized gambling 10 device, money or other thing of value may commence separate 11 civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.
  - (e) Any gambling device displayed for sale to a riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or electronic gaming facility or used to train occupational licensees of a riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or electronic gaming facility as authorized under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act is exempt from seizure under this Section.
- (f) Any gambling equipment, devices and supplies provided 19 20 by a licensed supplier in accordance with the Illinois 21 Riverboat Gambling Act which are removed from a the riverboat, 22 casino, or electronic gaming facility for repair are exempt from seizure under this Section. 23
- 24 (Source: P.A. 87-826.)

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25 (720 ILCS 5/28-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 28-7)

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- 1 Sec. 28-7. Gambling contracts void.
- 2 All promises, notes, bills, bonds, covenants, agreements, 3 judgments, mortgages, or 4 securities or conveyances made, given, granted, drawn, 5 entered into, or executed by any person whatsoever, where the whole or any part of the consideration thereof is for any money 6 or thing of value, won or obtained in violation of any Section 7 of this Article are null and void. 8
  - (b) Any obligation void under this Section may be set aside and vacated by any court of competent jurisdiction, upon a complaint filed for that purpose, by the person so granting, giving, entering into, or executing the same, or by his executors or administrators, or by any creditor, heir, legatee, purchaser or other person interested therein; or if a judgment, the same may be set aside on motion of any person stated above, on due notice thereof given.
  - (c) No assignment of any obligation void under this Section may in any manner affect the defense of the person giving, granting, drawing, entering into or executing such obligation, or the remedies of any person interested therein.
  - (d) This Section shall not prevent a licensed owner of a riverboat gambling operation, casino gambling operation, or an electronic gaming licensee under the Illinois Gambling Act and the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 from instituting a cause of action to collect any amount due and owing under an extension of credit to a riverboat gambling patron as

- 1 authorized under Section 11.1 of the Illinois Riverboat
- 2 Gambling Act.
- (Source: P.A. 87-826.) 3
- 4 Section 90-55. The Eminent Domain Act is amended by adding
- 5 Section 15-5-50 as follows:
- 6 (735 ILCS 30/15-5-50 new)
- 7 Sec. 15-5-50. Eminent domain powers in New Acts. The
- 8 following provisions of law may include express grants of the
- 9 power to acquire property by condemnation or eminent domain:
- 10 Chicago Casino Development Authority Act; City of Chicago; for
- 11 the purposes of the Act.
- 12 Section 90-60. The Payday Loan Reform Act is amended by
- changing Section 3-5 as follows: 13
- (815 ILCS 122/3-5) 14
- 15 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 96-936)
- Sec. 3-5. Licensure. 16
- (a) A license to make a payday loan shall state the 17
- address, including city and state, at which the business is to 18
- be conducted and shall state fully the name of the licensee. 19
- 20 The license shall be conspicuously posted in the place of
- business of the licensee and shall not be transferable or 21

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- (b) An application for a license shall be in writing and in 2 a form prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may not issue 3 4 a payday loan license unless and until the following findings 5 are made:
  - (1) that the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant are such as to command the confidence of the public and to warrant the belief that the business will be operated lawfully and fairly and within the provisions and purposes of this Act; and
- 12 that the applicant has submitted such other 13 information as the Secretary may deem necessary.
  - (c) A license shall be issued for no longer than one year, and no renewal of a license may be provided if a licensee has substantially violated this Act and has not cured the violation to the satisfaction of the Department.
  - (d) A licensee shall appoint, in writing, the Secretary as attorney-in-fact upon whom all lawful process against the licensee may be served with the same legal force and validity if served on the licensee. A copy of the written appointment, duly certified, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary, and a copy thereof certified by the Secretary shall be sufficient evidence to subject a licensee to jurisdiction in a court of law. This appointment shall remain in effect while any liability remains outstanding in this State

- 1 against the licensee. When summons is served upon the Secretary
- as attorney-in-fact for a licensee, the Secretary shall 2
- 3 immediately notify the licensee by registered mail, enclosing
- 4 the summons and specifying the hour and day of service.
- 5 (e) A licensee must pay an annual fee of \$1,000. In
- addition to the license fee, the reasonable expense of any 6
- examination or hearing by the Secretary under any provisions of 7
- this Act shall be borne by the licensee. If a licensee fails to 8
- 9 renew its license by December 31, its license
- 10 automatically expire; however, the Secretary, in his or her
- 11 discretion, may reinstate an expired license upon:
- (1) payment of the annual fee within 30 days of the 12
- 13 date of expiration; and
- (2) proof of good cause for failure to renew. 14
- 15 (f) Not more than one place of business shall be maintained
- 16 under the same license, but the Secretary may issue more than
- 17 one license to the same licensee upon compliance with all the
- 18 provisions of this Act governing issuance of a single license.
- The location, except those locations already in existence as of 19
- 20 June 1, 2005, may not be within one mile of a horse race track
- 21 subject to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, within one
- 22 mile of a facility at which gambling is conducted under the
- <u>Illinois</u> Riverboat Gambling Act, within one mile of the 23
- 24 location at which a riverboat subject to the Illinois Riverboat
- 25 Gambling Act docks, or within one mile of any State of Illinois
- 26 or United States military base or naval installation.

- 1 (q) No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans under this Act within any office, suite, room, or place of 2 3 business in which any other business is solicited or engaged in 4 unless the other business is licensed by the Department or, in 5 the opinion of the Secretary, the other business would not be contrary to the best interests of consumers and is authorized 6 7 by the Secretary in writing.
- 8 (h) The Secretary shall maintain a list of licensees that 9 shall be available to interested consumers and lenders and the 10 public. The Secretary shall maintain a toll-free number whereby 11 may obtain information about licensees. The consumers 12 Secretary shall also establish a complaint process under which 13 an aggrieved consumer may file a complaint against a licensee 14 or non-licensee who violates any provision of this Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-13, eff. 12-6-05.)
- 16 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 96-936)
- 17 Sec. 3-5. Licensure.
- 18 (a) A license to make a payday loan shall state the 19 address, including city and state, at which the business is to be conducted and shall state fully the name of the licensee. 20 21 The license shall be conspicuously posted in the place of 22 business of the licensee and shall not be transferable or
- 23 assignable.
- 24 (b) An application for a license shall be in writing and in 25 a form prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may not issue

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- 1 a payday loan license unless and until the following findings are made: 2
- 3 (1) that the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant are such as 4 5 to command the confidence of the public and to warrant the belief that the business will be operated lawfully and 6 fairly and within the provisions and purposes of this Act; 7 8 and
  - that the applicant has submitted such other information as the Secretary may deem necessary.
  - (c) A license shall be issued for no longer than one year, and no renewal of a license may be provided if a licensee has substantially violated this Act and has not cured the violation to the satisfaction of the Department.
  - (d) A licensee shall appoint, in writing, the Secretary as attorney-in-fact upon whom all lawful process against the licensee may be served with the same legal force and validity if served on the licensee. A copy of the written appointment, duly certified, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary, and a copy thereof certified by the Secretary shall be sufficient evidence to subject a licensee to jurisdiction in a court of law. This appointment shall remain in effect while any liability remains outstanding in this State against the licensee. When summons is served upon the Secretary attorney-in-fact for a licensee, the Secretary shall immediately notify the licensee by registered mail, enclosing

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- the summons and specifying the hour and day of service. 1
  - (e) A licensee must pay an annual fee of \$1,000. In addition to the license fee, the reasonable expense of any examination or hearing by the Secretary under any provisions of this Act shall be borne by the licensee. If a licensee fails to license by December 31, its license renew its automatically expire; however, the Secretary, in his or her discretion, may reinstate an expired license upon:
    - (1) payment of the annual fee within 30 days of the date of expiration; and
      - (2) proof of good cause for failure to renew.
    - (f) Not more than one place of business shall be maintained under the same license, but the Secretary may issue more than one license to the same licensee upon compliance with all the provisions of this Act governing issuance of a single license. The location, except those locations already in existence as of June 1, 2005, may not be within one mile of a horse race track subject to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, within one mile of a facility at which gambling is conducted under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act, within one mile of the location at which a riverboat subject to the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act docks, or within one mile of any State of Illinois or United States military base or naval installation.
    - (q) No licensee shall conduct the business of making loans under this Act within any office, suite, room, or place of business in which (1) any loans are offered or made under the

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- 1 Consumer Installment Loan Act other than title secured loans as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15 of the Consumer 2 3 Installment Loan Act and governed by Title 38, Section 110.330 4 of the Illinois Administrative Code or (2) any other business 5 is solicited or engaged in unless the other business is licensed by the Department or, in the opinion of the Secretary, 6 the other business would not be contrary to the best interests 7 8 of consumers and is authorized by the Secretary in writing.
  - (q-5) Notwithstanding subsection (q) of this Section, a licensee may obtain a license under the Consumer Installment Loan Act (CILA) for the exclusive purpose and use of making title secured loans, as defined in subsection (a) of Section 15 of CILA and governed by Title 38, Section 110.300 of the Illinois Administrative Code. A licensee may continue to service Consumer Installment Loan Act loans that were outstanding as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.
    - (h) The Secretary shall maintain a list of licensees that shall be available to interested consumers and lenders and the public. The Secretary shall maintain a toll-free number whereby may obtain information about consumers licensees. Secretary shall also establish a complaint process under which an aggrieved consumer may file a complaint against a licensee or non-licensee who violates any provision of this Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 96-936, eff. 3-21-11.)

- Section 90-65. The Travel Promotion Consumer Protection 1
- 2 Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 3 (815 ILCS 420/2) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 1852)
- 4 Sec. 2. Definitions.
- 5 (a) "Travel promoter" means a person, including a tour
- operator, who sells, provides, furnishes, contracts for, 6
- 7 arranges or advertises that he or she will arrange wholesale or
- 8 retail transportation by air, land, sea or navigable stream,
- 9 either separately or in conjunction with other services.
- 10 "Travel promoter" does not include (1) an air carrier; (2) a
- sea carrier; (3) an officially appointed agent of an air 11
- 12 carrier who is a member in good standing of the Airline
- Reporting Corporation; (4) a travel promoter who has in force 13
- 14 \$1,000,000 or more of liability insurance coverage for
- 15 professional errors and omissions and a surety bond or
- equivalent surety in the amount of \$100,000 or more for the 16
- 17 benefit of consumers in the event of a bankruptcy on the part
- 18 of the travel promoter; or (5) a riverboat subject to
- 19 regulation under the Illinois Riverboat Gambling Act.
- 20 (b) "Advertise" means to make any representation in the
- 21 solicitation of passengers and includes communication with
- 22 other members of the same partnership, corporation, joint
- 23 venture, association, organization, group or other entity.
- 24 (c) "Passenger" means a person on whose behalf money or
- 25 other consideration has been given or is to be given to

- 1 another, including another member of the same partnership,
- 2 corporation, joint venture, association, organization, group
- or other entity, for travel. 3
- 4 (d) "Ticket or voucher" means a writing or combination of
- 5 writings which is itself good and sufficient to obtain
- 6 transportation and other services for which the passenger has
- contracted. 7
- (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.) 8
- 9 (30 ILCS 105/5.490 rep.)
- 10 Section 90-70. The State Finance Act is amended by
- repealing Section 5.490. 11
- 12 (230 ILCS 5/54 rep.)
- 13 Section 90-75. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is
- 14 amended by repealing Section 54.
- 15 ARTICLE 99.
- 16 Section 99-97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are
- severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes. 17
- Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18
- 19 becoming law.".