1005 as follows:

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Explosives Act is amended by changing Sections 1002, 1003, 1004, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2007, 2008, 2011, 3000, 3001, 3002, 4002, 4003, 5001, 5003, 5004, 5006, 5008, and 5010 and by adding Section
- Sec. 1002. Legislative Declaration. It is hereby declared to be the policy of this State that safety and security are primary considerations in the storage, use, acquisition,

(225 ILCS 210/1002) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-1002)

- possession, disposal and transfer of explosive materials.
- An appropriate and thorough system of <u>training</u>, licensing,
- and certification is necessary to promote these considerations
- 16 by assuring that these products are handled only by qualified
- 17 persons.

8

- 18 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)
- 19 (225 ILCS 210/1003) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-1003)
- 20 Sec. 1003. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 21 (a) "Person" means any individual, corporation, company,
- association, partnership, or other legal entity.

- (b) "Explosive materials" means explosives, blasting agents, and detonators.
 - (c) "Explosive" means any chemical compound, mixture, or device (1), the primary or common purpose of which is to function by explosion and (2) that is classified as a Division 1.1, 1.2, or 1.3 material under 49 CFR 173.50, as now or hereafter amended, renumbered, or succeeded. The term includes high and or low explosives. Manufactured articles, including, but not limited to, fixed ammunition for small arms, fire crackers, safety fuses, and matches are not explosives when the individual units contain explosives in such limited quantity and of such nature or in such packing that it is impossible to produce a simultaneous or a destructive explosion of such units which would be injurious to life, limb or property.
 - (d) "Blasting agent" means any material or mixture that (1) consists consisting of a fuel and oxidizer intended for blasting, not otherwise defined as an explosive, provided that the finished product, as mixed and packaged for use or shipment, cannot be detonated by means of a No. 8 blasting cap, as defined by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms and Explosives, U.S. Department of Treasury, when unconfined and (2) is classified as a Division 1.5 material under 49 CFR 173.50, as now or hereafter amended, renumbered, or succeeded.
 - (d-5) "Crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year" does not mean (1) any federal or state offenses pertaining to antitrust violations, unfair trade

- 1 practices, restraint of trade, or similar offenses relating to
- 2 the regulation of business practices as the Secretary of the
- 3 Treasury may by regulation designate or (2) any State offense,
- 4 other than one involving a firearm or explosive, classified by
- 5 the laws of the State as a misdemeanor or punishable by a term
- of imprisonment of 2 years or less.
- 7 (e) "Detonator" means any device that (1) contains
- 8 containing any initiating or primary explosive that is used for
- 9 initiating detonation and (2) is classified as Division 1.1 or
- 10 1.4 material under 49 CFR 173.50, as now or hereafter amended,
- 11 renumbered, or succeeded. A detonator may not contain more than
- 10 grams of total explosives by weight, excluding ignition or
- delay charges.
- (f) "Highway" means any public street, public road highway,
- or public alley and includes privately financed, constructed,
- or maintained roads that are regularly and openly traveled by
- 17 the general public.
- 18 (g) "Railroad" or "railway" means any public steam,
- 19 electric or other railroad or rail system which carries
- 20 passengers for hire, but shall not include auxiliary tracks,
- 21 spurs and sidings installed and primarily used in serving any
- 22 mine, quarry or plant.
- (h) "Building" means and includes any building regularly
- 24 occupied, in whole or in part, as a habitation for human
- 25 beings, and any church, schoolhouse, railway station or other
- 26 building where people are accustomed to assemble, but does not

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 mean or include any buildings of a mine or quarry or any of the
- 2 buildings of a manufacturing plant where the business of
- 3 manufacturing explosive materials is conducted.
- 4 (i) "Factory building" means any building or other 5 structure in which the manufacture or any part of the 6 manufacture of explosive materials is conducted.
 - (j) "Magazine" means any building or other structure or container, other than a factory building, used to store explosive materials. Where mobile or portable type 5 magazines are permissible and used, "magazine", for the purpose of obtaining certificates and calculating fees, means the site on which such magazines are located.
 - (k) "Magazine keeper" means a qualified supervisory person licensed by the Department under Article 2 of this Act who is responsible for the acquisition, storage, use, possession, transfer, and disposal of explosive materials, including inventory and transaction records, and responsible for the inventory and safe storage of explosive materials, including the proper maintenance of explosive materials, storage magazines, and surrounding areas.
 - (1) "Black powder" means a deflagrating or low explosive compound of an intimate mixture of sulfur, charcoal and an alkali nitrate, usually potassium or sodium nitrate.
- 24 (m) "Municipality" means includes cities, villages, and incorporated towns, and townships.
- 26 (n) "Fugitive from justice" means any individual who has

- 1 fled from the jurisdiction of any court of record to avoid
- 2 prosecution for any crime or to avoid giving testimony in any
- 3 criminal proceeding. This term shall also include any
- 4 individual who has been convicted of any crime and has fled to
- 5 avoid imprisonment.
- 6 (o) "Department" means the Department of Natural
- 7 Resources.
- 8 (p) (Blank) "Small arms" means guns of 50 calibers or less.
- 9 (q) "Director" means the Director of Natural Resources.
- 10 (r) "Storage certificate" means the certificate issued by
- 11 the Department under Article 3 of this Act that authorizes the
- 12 holder to store explosive materials in the magazine for which
- 13 the certificate is issued.
- 14 (s) "License" means that license issued by the Department
- under Article 2 of this Act authorizing the holder to possess,
- 16 use, purchase, transfer or dispose of, but not to store,
- 17 explosive materials.
- 18 (t) "Transfer" of explosive materials means to sell, give,
- 19 distribute, or otherwise dispose of explosive materials.
- 20 (u) "Use" of explosive materials means the detonation,
- 21 ignition, deflagration, or any other means of initiating
- 22 explosive materials.
- 23 (v) "Disposal" of explosive materials means to render inert
- 24 pursuant to manufacturer's recommendations or commonly
- 25 accepted industry standards.
- 26 (w) "BATFE" means the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

l Firearms and Explosives.

(Source: P.A. 88-599, eff. 9-1-94; 89-445, eff. 2-7-96.) 2

3 (225 ILCS 210/1004) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-1004)

Sec. 1004. Scope. This Act is intended to supplement the requirements of any federal or State laws and regulations and shall apply to all acquisition, storage, use, possession, transfer and disposal of explosive materials, except as provided in Sections 1005, 2000, and 3000 of this Act this Section.

(a) The licensing provisions of Article 2 do not apply to:

- (1) agricultural fertilizers which might be of an explosive nature when the use of such fertilizers agricultural or horticultural purposes;
- (2) a common or contract carrier authorized to carry explosive material pursuant to the Interstate Commerce Act or by the Illinois Commerce Commission;
- (3) the purchase, receipt, possession or use, by an individual, of primers or propellant power used in muzzle loading firearms, hand loading, reloading or custom loading ammunition for small arms for his own use or for that of his immediate family;
- (4) the possession or purchase from dealers, importers or manufacturers by any person who holds a valid Illinois Firearm Owner's Identification Card of smokeless small arms propellant in quantities not to exceed 25 pounds,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

black powder not to exceed 5 pounds, and small arms primers or percussion caps for muzzle loading arms in containers provided by the manufacturer or containers generally recognized as being suitable for the transportation and storage, or commerce in these items at retail, or the transportation or use of the items by any such person in muzzle loading small arms, or in loading ammunition for small arms; or

(5) The acquisition, possession, use, transfer or disposal of explosive materials in connection with mine, quarry, construction, manufacturing or wholesale or retail dealership operations in the ordinary course of business provided that (A) the operator has obtained a certificate from the Department in accordance with Article 3 of this Act, (B) the acquisition, possession, use, transfer or disposal of explosive materials is limited to the operator's business operations, and (C) the person or persons designated as "magazine keeper" satisfy the licensure requirements, other than an examination, of Article 2 of this Act.

(b) The storage requirements of Article 3 shall not apply to black powder in quantities not to exceed 5 pounds or smokeless powder explosives in quantities not to exceed 25 pounds, however:

(1) all black powder and smokeless powder shall be stored in shipping containers as required by regulations of

1	the U.S. Department of Transportation, except as
2	hereinafter provided;
3	(2) black powder in quantities not to exceed 5 pounds
4	and smokeless powder in quantities not to exceed 25 pounds
5	intended for personal use may be stored in original
6	containers in a locked wooden box or cabinet having walls
7	of at least one inch nominal thickness; and
8	(3) black powder in quantities exceeding 5 pounds shall
9	be stored in magazines constructed and located as specified
10	in this Act and no black powder or smokeless powder shall
11	be commercially displayed.
12	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Articles 2 and 3, a
13	person licensed as a manufacturer or dealer in explosive
14	materials may sell, give or dispose of explosive materials to a
15	non-resident of Illinois who is duly licensed in the state of
16	his residence. Possession and transportation within this State
17	by such non residents shall conform to the laws of this State,
18	except that the requirements of Section 2001, requiring a
19	license to be issued by the Department, shall not apply.
20	(Source: P.A. 86-364; 86-1298; 87-835.)
21	(225 ILCS 210/1005 new)
22	Sec. 1005. Exemptions.
23	(a) This Act does not apply to any aspect of the
24	transporting of explosive materials via railroad, water,
25	highway, or air that is regulated by the United States

- 1 Department of Transportation and agencies thereof, or state
- 2 agencies with similar jurisdiction, and which pertains to
- 3 safety.

- 4 A person who is licensed under Article 2 of this Act or
- 5 holds a storage certificate under Article 3 of this Act may
- transfer explosive materials to a non-resident of Illinois if 6
- the transfer is limited to the purpose of transporting the 7
- 8 explosive materials. The non-resident may not use or store
- 9 explosive materials within Illinois unless he or she is
- 10 licensed under Article 2 of this Act or holds a storage
- 11 certificate under Article 3 of this Act.
- 12 (b) This Act does not apply to an agricultural fertilizer
- if the use of the agricultural fertilizer is for agricultural 13
- 14 or horticultural purposes.
- (c) This Act does not apply to the possession, use, 15
- 16 purchase, transfer, storage, or disposal of explosive material
- by United States military or other agencies of the United 17
- 18 States; or to arsenals, navy yards, depots, or other
- 19 establishments owned or operated by the United States.
- 20 (d) Government agencies and their employees that are (1)
- 21 subject to the requirements of this Act and, (2) in the
- 22 exercise of their official emergency response functions, are
- 23 required to store, use, or possess explosive materials, shall
- 24 not be subject to any fee required by this Act.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Sec. 2000. Scope; exemptions.

- (a) The license requirements of this Article apply to all explosive materials unless otherwise excepted under this Section or Section 1005 of this Act.
 - (b) This Article does not apply to the purchase, receipt, possession, or use of black powder solely for sporting, recreational, or cultural purposes by an individual for his or her own use or for his or her immediate family living in the same household. This includes components for use in muzzle loading firearms and other antique devices and hand loading, reloading, or custom loading fixed ammunition.
- (c) A person is not required to have a license under this Article for the acquisition, possession, use, transfer, or disposal of explosive materials in connection with mine, quarry, construction, manufacturing, or wholesale or retail explosive materials operations if (1) the person holds a storage certificate under Article 3 of this Act and (2) the acquisition, possession, use, transfer, or disposal of the explosive materials is limited to the purpose authorized by his or her storage certificate.

In addition to the person who holds the storage certificate, this exemption shall also apply to any employee, contractor, or other authorized individual if he or she is under the direct supervision of an individual who is either licensed under this Act, licensed for blasting operations or use of explosives in aggregate mining operations under the

- 1 Surface-Mined Land Conservation and Reclamation Act, certified
- 2 for blasting or use of explosives in mining operations under
- 3 the Surface Coal Mining Land Conservation and Reclamation Act,
- 4 or certified as a shot firer under the Coal Mining Act. Direct
- 5 supervision requires the supervising individual to be
- 6 physically present at all times during the use or disposal of
- 7 the explosive materials.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)
- 9 (225 ILCS 210/2001) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2001)
- 10 Sec. 2001. Unlicensed activity; non-residents. No person
- 11 shall acquire, possess, use, transfer, or dispose of purchase
- 12 or transfer explosive materials unless licensed by the
- 13 Department except as otherwise provided under Section 1005 or
- 14 2000 of by this Act and the Pyrotechnic Distributor and
- 15 Operator Licensing Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 93-263, eff. 7-22-03; 94-385, eff. 7-29-05.)
- 17 (225 ILCS 210/2002) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2002)
- 18 Sec. 2002. Original individual license; Application; Fees.
- 19 Applications by individuals for original licenses shall be made
- 20 to the Department, in writing, on forms prescribed by the
- 21 Department. The application shall be accompanied by the
- 22 required fee, which is not refundable. All license application
- 23 fees collected under this provision of this Act shall be
- deposited into the Explosives Regulatory Fund. The application

shall require such information as in the judgment of the 1 2 Department will enable the Department to pass the 3 qualifications of the applicant for a license. It shall 4 include, but need not be limited to, information concerning 5 age, full name of applicant, present residence, date of birth, 6 sex, physical description, social security number or drivers license number, and the purpose for which and the place or 7 8 places where the explosive materials are to be used or 9 possessed. Each applicant shall file, with his application, 10 fingerprint based data, or other state of the art criminal 11 identification data, cards in the form and manner required by 12 the Illinois Department of State Police to enable the Illinois Department of State Police to conduct criminal history checks 13 14 on the applicant.

15 (Source: P.A. 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

16 (225 ILCS 210/2003) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2003)

Sec. 2003. Criminal history background Fingerprint card fees; law enforcement exemption. Each applicant for a license shall submit, in addition to the license fee, a fee specified by the Illinois Department of State Police for processing fingerprint based data, or other state of the art criminal identification data, cards which may be made payable to the State Police Services Fund and shall be remitted to the Illinois Department of State Police for deposit into that fund. Law enforcement personnel who apply for an explosives license

- in order to carry out their official functions may be exempted
- 2 from the criminal history background requirement provided the
- 3 <u>law enforcement agency submits documentation that the</u>
- 4 applicant has previously been subjected to a criminal history
- 5 background check.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)
- 7 (225 ILCS 210/2004) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2004)
- Sec. 2004. Investigation; Examination of applicant. Upon receipt of an application, the Department shall investigate the eligibility of the applicant. The Department has authority to
- 11 request and receive from any federal, state or local
- 12 governmental agency such information and assistance as will
- enable the Department him to carry out its his powers and
- 14 duties under this Act. The <u>Illinois</u> Department of State Police
- shall cause the <u>fingerprint based data or other state of the</u>
- 16 <u>art criminal identification data</u> <u>fingerprints</u> of each
- 17 applicant to be compared with <u>the fingerprint based data or</u>
- 18 <u>other state of the art criminal identification data</u>
- 19 <u>fingerprints</u> of criminals now or hereafter filed with the
- 20 <u>Illinois</u> Department of State Police and with federal law
- 21 enforcement agencies maintaining official <u>criminal</u>
- 22 <u>identification</u> <u>fingerprint</u> files. The investigation shall
- 23 include, but is not limited to, an oral examination and a
- 24 written examination as to the applicant's knowledge and ability
- 25 regarding basic safety, possession, handling, use, storage,

24

25

under this Act are met.

1	disposal and transportation of explosives. Passage of these
2	examinations is prerequisite to being considered for license
3	issuance. Such examinations may be administered by any person
4	designated by the Department.
5	(Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)
6	(225 ILCS 210/2005) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2005)
7	Sec. 2005. Qualifications for licensure.
8	(a) No person shall qualify to hold a license who:
9	(1) is under 21 years of age;
10	(2) has been convicted in any court of a crime
11	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
12	(3) is under indictment for a crime punishable by
13	<pre>imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;</pre>
14	(4) is a fugitive from justice;
15	(5) is an unlawful user of or addicted to any
16	controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the
17	federal Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 802 et
18	<u>seq.);</u>
19	(6) has been adjudicated a mental defective; or
20	(7) is not a legal citizen of the United States.
21	(b) A person who has been granted a "relief from
22	disabilities" regarding criminal convictions and indictments,

pursuant to the federal Safe Explosives Act (18 U.S.C. Sec.

845) may receive a license provided all other qualifications

1	A person is qualified to receive a license under this Act if
2	the person meets the following minimum requirements:
3	(1) is at least 21 years of age;
4	(2) has not willfully violated any provisions of this
5	Act;
6	(3) has not made any material misstatement or knowingly
7	withheld information in connection with any original or
8	renewal application;
9	(4) has not been declared incompetent by any competent
10	court by reasons of mental or physical defect or disease
11	unless a court has since declared him competent;
12	(5) does not abuse alcohol or prescription drugs or use
13	illegal drugs;
14	(6) has not been convicted in any jurisdiction of any
15	felony within the prior 5 years;
16	(7) is not a fugitive from justice;
17	(8) is of good moral character. Convictions of crimes
18	not listed in subsection (6) of this Section may be taken
19	into account in determining moral character but shall not
20	operate as an absolute bar to licensure; and
21	(9) has passed the oral and written examinations
22	required under Section 2004 of this Act.
23	A licensee shall continue to meet these requirements in
24	order to maintain his license.
25	(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

3

4

5

7

8

1.3

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

24

Sec. 2007. Fee; Exemptions. Agencies of the United States,

(225 ILCS 210/2007) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2007)

the State and its political and civil subdivisions which are

subject to the requirements of this Act, and which, in the

exercise of their emergency response functions, are required to

store, <u>acquire</u>, <u>possess</u>, use, <u>transfer</u>, <u>or dispose of explosive</u>

<u>materials</u> or possess explosive materials shall not be liable

for the payment of any fee required by this Act.

9 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)

10 (225 ILCS 210/2008) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2008)

11 Sec. 2008. Issuance of license and renewals; notification

of law enforcement officers Renewal. The Department shall issue

the appropriate license or renewal where the applicant

satisfactorily meets the requirements of this Act and no

15 grounds for refusal, revocation, or suspension exist. Within 10

days after the issuance of an original, replacement, or renewed

license, the Department shall notify the appropriate law

enforcement officer of the municipality or county where the

explosive materials are to be used or possessed, and provide

such officer with any other information pertaining thereto as

the Director may prescribe.

22 (Source: P.A. 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)

23 (225 ILCS 210/2011) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-2011)

Sec. 2011. Enforcement action; licenses. Refusal to issue

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

or renew license; disciplinary actions.

- (a) Failure to satisfy the age or examination requirements of Sections 2004 and 2005(1) shall result in automatic license denial.
 - (b) Subject to the provisions of Sections 5003 through 5005 of this Act, the Department <u>may suspend</u>, <u>revoke</u>, <u>or</u> shall refuse to issue or renew a license and may or shall take any other disciplinary action that as the Department may deem proper, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$5,000 for each occurrence, if the applicant or licensee fails to comply with or satisfy the requirements of any provision of this Act and for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) Failure to meet or maintain the qualifications for licensure set forth in Section 2005.
 - (2) Willful disregard or violation of this Act or its rules.
 - Willfully aiding or abetting another in the violation of this Act or its rules.
 - (4) Allowing a license issued under this Act to be used by an unlicensed person.
 - (5) Possession, use, acquisition, transfer, handling, disposal, or storage of explosive materials in a manner that endangers the public health, safety, or welfare.
 - (6) Refusal to produce records or reports or permit any inspection lawfully requested by the Department.
 - (7) Failure to make, keep, or submit any record or

- report required by this Act or its implementing 1 2 regulations; or making, keeping, or submitting a false
- 3 record or report.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (8) Material misstatement in the application for an original or renewal license.
- (c) (Blank). Subject to the provisions of Sections 5003 through 5005 of this Act, the Department shall refuse to issue or renew a license or shall take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$5,000 for each occurrence, if the applicant or licensee fails to comply with or satisfy the requirements of any provision of this Act and for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) Refusal to produce records or reports or permit any inspection lawfully requested by the Department.
 - (2) Failure to make, keep, or submit any record or report required by this Act or its implementing regulations; or making, keeping, or submitting a false record or report.
- (d) (Blank). Subject to the provisions of Sections 5003 through 5005 of this Act, violation of or non-compliance with any provision of this Act or its implementing regulations constitutes grounds for disciplinary action, revocation, or both.
- (e) All fines collected under this Section shall be deposited into the Explosives Regulatory Fund.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.) 1

- (225 ILCS 210/3000) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-3000) 2
- 3 Sec. 3000. Storage requirements; exemptions.
 - (a) No person, unless otherwise exempt excepted, shall store explosive materials unless a storage certificate has been issued by the Department. The Department shall, by rule, establish requirements for the storage of explosive materials including magazine construction, magazine maintenance and the distances from which magazines or factory buildings must be separated from other magazines, buildings, railroads and highways. In establishing magazine construction, maintenance and distance requirements, the Department shall differentiate, as appropriate, between types, classifications and quantities of explosive materials and shall fully consider nationally recognized industry standards and the standards enforced by agencies of the federal government including the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the United States Department of the Treasury.
 - (b) This Article does not apply to the purchase, receipt, possession, or use of black powder solely for sporting, recreational, or cultural purposes by an individual for his or her own use or for his or her immediate family living in the same household, unless the quantity of black powder is more than 5 pounds. Black powder in quantities greater than 5 pounds must be stored in accordance with this Article, regardless of

1 the intended usage.

- 2 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 210/3001) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-3001)
- 4 Sec. 3001. Storage requirements; Magazines.
 - (a) No person shall possess or store explosive materials unless such explosive materials are stored in a magazine or in a factory building in accordance with this Act except while being transported or being used in preparation for blasting or while in the custody of a common carrier awaiting shipment or delivery to a consignce during the time permitted by federal law.
- 12 (b) Not more than 300,000 pounds of explosive materials
 13 shall be stored in any magazine at any one time.
 - (c) (Blank). Magazines in which explosive materials shall be lawfully kept or stored shall be constructed of brick, concrete, iron, wood covered with iron or other suitable materials. The magazine shall not have openings except for ventilation and entrance. Blasting caps, detonating or fulminating caps, or detonators shall be kept or stored in a separate magazine from magazines where other explosive materials are kept or stored and a storage certificate shall be obtained from the Department in accordance with Section 3002.
 - (d) (Blank). The doors of magazines shall be kept closed and locked at all times, except when opened for storage or removal of explosive materials by persons authorized to enter

the magazine. Sufficient openings shall be provided for ventilation and shall be screened to prevent the entrance of sparks, except that magazines containing only black powder may be constructed without openings for ventilation. At each magazine site there shall at all times be kept conspicuously posted warning signs as specified by the Department. All explosive materials must be stored within the magazine in their original containers and such containers shall be plainly marked with the name of the explosive contained therein. Except for testing purposes in accordance with Section 5009, no individual shall discharge firearms within 500 feet of a magazine or factory building, or at or against any such building or magazine.

- (e) (Blank). Magazines and the areas surrounding magazines shall be maintained, as provided by rule, to avoid fire or explosive hazards.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 86-364; 87-835.)
- 18 (225 ILCS 210/3002) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-3002)
- 19 Sec. 3002. Storage Certificates.
 - (a) No person shall store explosive materials until he has obtained a storage certificate from the Department. No storage certificate shall be required, however, where holes are drilled and the explosive materials are upon delivery, immediately and continuously loaded into the holes for blasting from the mobile container in which they were delivered. The container shall at

- all times be attended by an authorized agent or employee of the seller or the user of the explosive materials. In no event shall the mobile container of explosive materials be exempt unless it is completely unloaded for blasting. Every person to which this Section applies shall <u>submit an application report</u> to the Department, on forms furnished by the Department, <u>containing</u> the following information:
 - (1) the location or proposed location of a magazine;
 - (2) the kind and maximum quantity of explosive materials intended to be generally stored in the magazine;
 - (3) the distance or intended distance of the magazine from the nearest magazine, building, railroad and highway;
 - (4) the name, <u>explosive license number</u>, and residence and business addresses of the person designated as "magazine keeper";
 - (5) a description of the purposes for which explosive materials are intended to be stored or used; and
 - (6) any other information that the Department deems necessary to implement the requirements of this Act.
- (b) All storage certificate application fees collected under this Act shall be deposited into the Explosives Regulatory Fund. Following receipt of an application such report, the Department shall inspect the magazine. If it finds that the magazine is located and constructed in accordance with

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

this Act and rules adopted promulgated by the Department, then it shall determine the quantity of explosive materials that may be stored in such magazine and shall issue a storage certificate to the applicant showing compliance with this Act and the maximum quantity of explosive materials that may be stored in the magazine. The storage certificate shall be prominently and conspicuously posted at the magazine.

(c) A storage certificate holder's authority to store explosives shall be limited to the type, maximum quantity, and purpose specified in his or her application to the Department, unless the certificate holder is granted a modification to the storage certificate. The Department shall approve any modification to the storage certificate if the certificate holder requests a modification and he or she meets the requirements of this Act. If any person to whom the certificate has been issued keeps or stores explosive materials in excess of the amount authorized by the certificate, or stores explosives material for a different purpose than indicated in the application without first obtaining the Department's approval to modify the certificate, then the Department may cancel the certificate or initiate an enforcement action. Whenever there are changes in the physical conditions surrounding a magazine, such as the erection of buildings, operation of railways or opening of highways near such magazine, the Department shall, in accordance with the changed conditions, modify or cancel the certificate.

- 1 cancellation of the certificate, the $\underline{\text{magazine keeper}}$ $\underline{\text{owner}}$
- 2 shall immediately remove all explosive materials from the
- 3 magazine. The <u>magazine keeper</u> owner or user of a magazine shall
- 4 promptly notify the Department of any change in conditions.
- 5 (d) Storage certificates issued under this Act are not
- 6 transferable. In the event of the lease, sale or other transfer
- of the business or operations covered by the certificate, the
- 8 new owner, tenant or successor in interest must obtain the
- 9 storage certificate required by this Article before storing
- 10 explosive materials.
- 11 (e) No individual may act as a magazine keeper unless
- 12 licensed under Article 2 of this Act.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)
- 14 (225 ILCS 210/4002) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-4002)
- Sec. 4002. Reporting accidents, incidents, theft, or loss
- 16 Theft or loss.
- 17 <u>(a) A licensee or certificate</u> holder shall immediately
- 18 report to the Department, in a manner and form prescribed by
- 19 the Department, any incident or accident related to explosive
- 20 materials that results in personal injury or property damage.
- 21 (b) The theft or loss of explosive materials shall be
- 22 reported within 24 hours of the discovery by the licensee or
- 23 certificate holder to the Department and to local law
- 24 enforcement authorities.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(225 ILCS 210/4003) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-4003) 1

Sec. 4003. Recordkeeping and inspection.

- (a) All license and certificate holders shall maintain such records pertaining to the possession, use, purchase, transfer and storage of explosive materials as the Department may prescribe and shall furnish the Department or its authorized representatives such records or other relevant information legally requested by the Department or its representatives. In establishing record keeping requirements, the Department shall consider the requirements imposed by agencies of the federal government to avoid duplication or inconsistency. All records required by the Department related to the possession, use, purchase, transfer, or storage of explosive materials shall be maintained for a minimum of 3 years.
- (b) (Blank). Every person selling or giving away explosive material shall keep at his principal office or place of business a journal, book of record or other record setting forth, in legible writing, a complete history of the transaction, including the following: (1) the name and quantity of the explosive material, (2) the identification numbers of each stick and container, (3) the name, residence and business address of the purchaser, (4) the address explosive material is to be delivered, if different, and (5) the name and address, social security number, driver's license number, and brief physical description of the individual taking

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

the explosive material and the type and license number of the vehicle by which it is to be transported. The record keeping requirements of this subsection do not apply when such is between the manufacturer of the explosive material and that manufacturer's employees when the explosive materials involved are being shipped by common carrier direct from the manufacturer's place of business. Such journal, book of record or other record shall be open to inspection by Department or by law enforcement agencies. No explosive materials shall be sold, given away or otherwise disposed of or delivered to any person under 21 years of age, whether such person is acting for himself or another.

- (c) All license and certificate holders shall permit their facilities to be inspected at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner by representatives of the Department.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 86-364; 87-835.)
- 17 (225 ILCS 210/5001) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5001)
- Sec. 5001. Powers, duties and functions of Department. In 18 addition to the powers, duties and functions vested in the 19 Department by this Act, or by other laws of this State, the 20 21 Department shall have the full powers and authority to carry out and administer this Act, including has the following 22 powers, duties, and functions: 23
- (a) To adopt promulgate reasonable rules consistent with 24 25 this Act to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions

of this Act. 1

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 2 (b) To prescribe and furnish application forms, licenses, 3 certificates and any other forms necessary under this Act.
 - (c) To prescribe examinations which reasonably test the applicant's knowledge of the safe and proper use, storage, possession, handling, and transfer of explosive materials.
 - (d) To establish and enforce reasonable standards for the use, storage, disposal and transfer of explosive materials.
 - To issue licenses and certificates to qualified (e)applicants who comply with the requirements of this Act and its rules.
 - (f) To suspend, revoke or refuse to issue or renew licenses or certificates, or take other disciplinary action, including the imposition of fines. All fines collected under this Act shall be deposited into the Explosives Regulatory Fund.
 - (g) To establish by rule the expiration and renewal period for licenses and certificates issued under this Act, and to establish and collect license and certificate application fees, fingerprint card fees required by the Illinois State Police for criminal identification purposes, and such other fees as are authorized or necessary under this Act.
 - To conduct and prescribe rules of procedure for hearings under this Act.
- (i) To appoint qualified inspectors to periodically visit places where explosive materials may be stored or used, and to 26 make such other inspections as are necessary to determine

- satisfactory compliance with this Act.
- (j) To receive data and assistance from federal, State and local governmental agencies, and to obtain copies of identification and arrest data from all federal, State and local law enforcement agencies for use in carrying out the purposes and functions of the Department and this Act.
 - (k) To receive and respond to inquiries from the industry, public, and agencies or instrumentalities of the State, and to offer advice, make recommendations and provide monitoring services pertinent to such inquiries regarding the safe and proper storage, handling, and use of explosive materials.
 - (1) To <u>inform</u>, advise, and assist <u>institute or cause to be</u> instituted <u>legal proceedings in the circuit court by</u> the State's Attorney of the county where any noncompliance with or violation of this Act occurs <u>when the State's Attorney is seeking criminal charges against a person pursuant to Section 5010 or 5011 of this Act.</u>
 - (m) To bring an action in the name of the Department, through the Attorney General of the State of Illinois, whenever it appears to the Department that any person is engaged or is about to engage in any acts or practices that constitute or may constitute a violation of the provisions of this Act or its rules, for an order enjoining such violation or for an order enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon filing of a verified petition in such court, the court may issue a temporary restraining order without notice or bond and may preliminarily

- or permanently enjoin such violation. If it is established that
- 2 such person has violated or is violating the injunction, the
- 3 court may punish the offender for contempt of court.
- 4 Proceedings under this paragraph are in addition to, and not in
- 5 lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided for by this
- 6 Act.
- 7 (n) The powers, duties and functions vested in the
- 8 Department under the provisions of this Act shall not be
- 9 construed to affect in any manner the powers, duties and
- 10 functions vested in the Department under any other provision of
- 11 law.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)
- 13 (225 ILCS 210/5003) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5003)
- 14 Sec. 5003. Appeal to Department; Hearing; Notice.
- 15 (a) Whenever the Department intends to refuse to issue or
- 16 renew or to suspend, revoke or take other disciplinary action
- 17 with respect to a license or certificate, the Department shall
- 18 give notice to the applicant or holder. Such notice shall be in
- 19 writing, shall state specifically the grounds upon which the
- 20 Department intends to take the indicated action and shall be
- 21 served by delivery of the same personally to the applicant or
- 22 holder, or by mailing the same by registered or certified mail
- 23 to the applicant or holder's last known address. The aggrieved
- 24 party may appeal to the Department for a hearing. The applicant
- or holder shall request such a hearing in writing within 30

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- days after notice is mailed. The provisions of Sections 5003 1 2 through 5005 shall not apply to decisions of the Department to 3 deny a license or certificate based on an applicant's failure to satisfy any age or examination requirements. 4
 - (b) Upon the receipt of a request for a hearing, the Department shall order a hearing to be held. The hearing proceedings shall be commenced within 30 days after of the receipt by the Department of the request for a hearing unless the hearing is continued for good cause at the request of any party. The Department shall, at least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify in writing the applicant for or holder of a license or certificate that a hearing will be held at the place and on the date designated in the notice to determine whether the applicant or holder is qualified to hold a license or certificate, and that the Department shall afford the applicant or holder an opportunity to be heard. Such written notice may be served by personal delivery to the applicant or holder, or by mailing the notice by registered or certified mail to the applicant or holder's last known address.
 - (c) At the time and place fixed in the notice, the Department shall proceed to hear the appeal, and all parties to the proceeding shall have the opportunity to present such statements, testimony, evidence and argument as may be relevant to the proceeding. Hearings shall be conducted by hearing officers appointed by the Department, and an authorized agent of the Department may administer oaths to witnesses at any

- 1 hearing which the Department is authorized to conduct. The
- 2 Department, if necessary, may continue such hearing from time
- 3 to time. Hearing officers may authorize reasonable discovery by
- 4 any party. The Illinois Code of Civil Procedure and Illinois
- 5 Supreme Court rules shall not be applicable to hearing
- 6 proceedings under this Section.
- 7 (d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit the
- 8 authority of the Department to deny, refuse to issue or renew,
- 9 or suspend, revoke, or take other disciplinary action with
- 10 respect to a license or certificate if the applicant or holder
- 11 waives the right to a hearing by failing to request a hearing
- 12 within the prescribed time after notice is mailed received.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)
- 14 (225 ILCS 210/5004) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5004)
- 15 Sec. 5004. Record of proceedings; transcript. The
- Department or aggrieved party may shall provide at its or his
- or her expense a certified shorthand reporter to take down the
- 18 testimony and preserve a record of all proceedings at the
- 19 hearing of any case involving denial or refusal to issue or
- 20 renew a license or certificate, or the suspension or revocation
- 21 or other discipline of a license or certificate. Copies of the
- transcript of such record may be purchased from the certified
- shorthand reporter who prepared the record.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

25

(225 ILCS 210/5006) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5006) 1

5006. without notice Sec. Actions of hearing. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, whenever the Department finds that a condition or practice exists which could reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical harm or property damage, and if the Department incorporates a finding to that effect in an order, it may summarily suspend or revoke a license or certificate, or order such immediate action as may be necessary to abate the condition or practice. Whenever summary action is taken under this Section, the Department shall, simultaneously with such action, serve upon the holder a copy of its order which shall be effective immediately. Upon the request of the aggrieved party, the Department shall conduct a hearing regarding its order in accordance with the requirements of Sections 5003, 5004, and 5005 of this Act. A hearing, if properly requested, shall be commenced within 15 days of the date of the order and concluded as soon as practicably possible.

(Source: P.A. 87-835; 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.) 19

20 (225 ILCS 210/5008) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5008)

> Sec. 5008. Administrative Review Law. All final administrative decisions of the Department under this Act are subject to judicial review pursuant to the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.), as now or hereafter amended, and its rules. The term "administrative decision" is

4

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

20

21

22

23

24

25

defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

2 Appeals from all orders and judgments entered by the court, in

reviewing a final administrative decision of the Department,

may be taken by any party to the action as in other civil

5 cases. Pending final decision on such review, the acts, orders

6 and rulings of the Department shall remain in full force and

effect unless modified or suspended by order of court pending

final judicial decision. The Department shall not be required

to certify any record to the court or file any answer in court

10 or otherwise appear in any court in a judicial review

proceeding, unless there is filed in the court with the

complaint a receipt from the Department acknowledging payment

of the costs of furnishing and certifying the record, which

costs shall be computed at the rate of 35 cents per page.

15 Failure on the part of the plaintiff to file such receipt in

16 court shall be grounds for dismissal of the action.

17 (Source: P.A. 88-599, eff. 9-1-94.)

18 (225 ILCS 210/5010) (from Ch. 96 1/2, par. 1-5010)

19 Sec. 5010. Unlawful possession. Any person subject to this

Act who possesses an explosive material without having obtained

a valid license or certificate under this Act is guilty of a

Class 3 felony unless otherwise exempted <u>under Section 1005 or</u>

2000 of this Act. Any person subject to this Act who transfers

explosive material to a person who does not possess a valid

license or certificate under this Act is quilty of a Class 3

- felony unless otherwise exempted under Section 1005 or 2000 of 1
- 2 this Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 86-364.)
- (225 ILCS 210/3003 rep.) 4
- (225 ILCS 210/5002 rep.) 5
- (225 ILCS 210/5014 rep.) 6
- 7 Section 20. The Illinois Explosives Act is amended by
- 8 repealing Sections 3003, 5002, and 5014.
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
- 10 1, 2011.