

Rep. Robert F. Flider

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Filed: 3/19/2010

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LRB096 20996 RLJ 39072 a

- AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 6384

 AMENDMENT NO. ______. Amend House Bill 6384 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

 "Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Section 3.1-30-20 as follows:

 (65 ILCS 5/3.1-30-20) (from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-30-20)

 Sec. 3.1-30-20. Auxiliary police officers.
 - (a) Auxiliary police officers shall not be members of the regular police department of the municipality. Auxiliary police officers shall not supplement members of the regular police department of any municipality in the performance of their assigned and normal duties, except as otherwise provided in this Code. Auxiliary police officers shall only be assigned to perform the following duties in a municipality: (i) to aid or direct traffic within the municipality, (ii) to aid in control of natural or man made disasters, and (iii) to aid in

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case of civil disorder as directed by the chief of police. When it is impractical for members of the regular police department to perform those normal and regular police duties, however, the chief of police of the regular police department may assign auxiliary police officers to perform those normal and regular police duties. Identification symbols worn by auxiliary police officers shall be different and distinct from those used by members of the regular police department. Auxiliary police officers shall at all times during the performance of their duties be subject to the direction and control of the chief of police of the municipality. Auxiliary police officers shall not carry firearms, except with the permission of the chief of police and while in uniform and in the performance of their duties. Auxiliary police officers, when on duty, shall also be conservators of the peace and shall have the powers specified in Section 3.1-15-25.

(b) Auxiliary police officers, before entering upon any of their duties, shall receive a course of training in the use of weapons and other police procedures appropriate for the exercise of the powers conferred upon them under this Code. The training and course of study shall be determined and provided by the corporate authorities of each municipality employing auxiliary police officers. Before being permitted to carry a firearm, however, an auxiliary police officer must have the same course of training as required of peace officers under Section 2 of the Peace Officer Firearm Training Act. The

1 municipal authorities may require that all auxiliary police

officers be residents of the municipality served by them.

Before the appointment of an auxiliary police officer, the

person's fingerprints shall be taken, and no person shall be

appointed as an auxiliary police officer if that person has

been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral

turpitude.

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- (b-5) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 do not apply to auxiliary police officers who meet the following conditions:
- (1) The auxiliary police officer must receive training in the use of firearms while off-duty conducted by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board or a substantially equivalent entity and be certified as having successfully completing such training. The Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board shall determine the amount of such training and the course content for such training. The Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board may impose reasonable fees for conducting the training. Before a person may undergo firearms training under this subsection (b-5), the local law enforcement agency that the person serves must provide documentation to the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board verifying that the person is an auxiliary police officer. The auxiliary police officer shall requalify for the firearms training annually at a State-certified range.

- 1 (2) The auxiliary police officer shall register the
- firearm with the Illinois Department of State Police and 2
- with any other local law enforcement agencies that require 3
- 4 such registration.
- 5 (b-10) Except for gross negligence and willful misconduct,
- neither the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board 6
- nor the agents, employees, or representatives of the Board 7
- shall be liable for damages, injuries, or deaths arising from 8
- 9 or in connection with the use of a firearm by an auxiliary
- 10 police officer trained by the Board.
- 11 (c) The Line of Duty Compensation Act shall be applicable
- to auxiliary police officers upon their death in the line of 12
- 13 duty described in this Code.
- (Source: P.A. 94-984, eff. 6-30-06.) 14
- 15 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- changing Section 24-2 as follows: 16
- (720 ILCS 5/24-2) 17
- 18 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.
- (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and 19
- 20 24-1(a)(13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of
- 21 the following:
- 22 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
- 23 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
- 24 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

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- (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense, while in the performance of their official duty, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment.
- (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance of their official duty.
- (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.
- (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or employed by an agency certified by the Department of Professional Regulation, if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment, provided that such commuting is accomplished within one

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hour from departure from home or place of employment, as the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision (a)(5) shall be required to have completed a course of study in firearms handling and training approved and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, prior to becoming eligible for this exemption. The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide suitable documentation demonstrating the successful completion of the prescribed firearms training. documentation shall be carried at all times when such persons are in possession of a concealable weapon.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or industrial operation as a security quard for the protection of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security quard, is a member of a security force of at 5 persons registered with the Department Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of study, approved by supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training that includes the theory of law enforcement,

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liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm control card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

- (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.
- (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes and places of employment, or traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by such financial institution, provided that any person so employed has successfully completed a course of study, approved by and

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supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm control card shall be carried by the person so trained at all times when such person is in possession of concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.

- (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the performance of his duties.
- (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.
- (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of

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- governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate
 Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the
 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.
 - (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.
 - (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of their duties, or while commuting between their homes, places of employment or specific locations that are part of their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge of the circuit for which they are employed.
 - (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance of their official duties, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff.
 - (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
 - (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.
- 24 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 25 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:
 - (1) Members of any club or organization organized for

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1	the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon
2	established target ranges, whether public or private, and
3	patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are
4	using their firearms on those target ranges.

- (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, with the special permission of the Governor.
- (3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.
- (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.
- (5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stun qun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal dwelling of another person as an invitee with that person's permission.
- (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any of the following:
 - (1) Peace officers while in performance of their official duties.
 - (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.
 - (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
 - (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine

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guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

(5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, or ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but only with respect to activities which are within the lawful such business, such as the manufacture, scope of transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the general private possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

During transportation, such weapons shall be broken down in a non-functioning state or not immediately accessible.

The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a

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person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

- (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase, possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace officer.
- (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner, manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.
- (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

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- 1 (q) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply 2 to:
 - (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in the performance of their official duty.
 - (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military ordinance.
 - (3) Laboratories having a department of ballistics, or specializing in the development ammunition or explosive ordinance.
 - (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed by the federal government, in connection with the supply of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision (q)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive bullets to any organization or person exempted in this Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased by an exempted manufacturer.
 - (g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices, firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities

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1 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the 2 manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, 3 firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the 4 general private possession of any device or attachment of any 5 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the 6 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing 7 this 8 business described in subsection (a-5). 9 transportation, those devices shall be detached from any weapon 10 or not immediately accessible.

(q-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(q-8) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any auxiliary police officer who meets the qualifications and conditions prescribed in subsection (b-5) of Section 3.1-30-20 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(a-10)Subsections 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), and 24-1(a)(10), and Sections 24-1.6 and 24-3.1 do not apply to an athlete's possession, transport on official Olympic and Paralympic transit systems established for athletes, or use of competition firearms sanctioned by the International Olympic Committee, the International Paralympic Committee, the

- 1 International Shooting Sport Federation, or USA Shooting in
- connection with such athlete's training for and participation 2
- in shooting competitions at the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic 3
- 4 Games and sanctioned test events leading up to the 2016 Olympic
- 5 and Paralympic Games.
- 6 (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of
- any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions 7
- contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden 8
- 9 of proving such an exemption.
- 10 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or
- 11 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any
- pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned 12
- to a common carrier operating under license of the State of 13
- Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, 14
- 15 possession is incident to the carrying, or
- 16 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and
- nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the 17
- transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, 18
- revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of 19
- 20 and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of
- 21 this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm
- 22 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the
- 23 possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-613, eff. 9-11-07;
- 25 95-885, eff. 1-1-09; 96-7, eff. 4-3-09; 96-230, eff. 1-1-10;
- 96-742, eff. 8-25-09; revised 10-9-09.)". 26