

Judiciary II - Criminal Law Committee

Filed: 3/4/2010

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1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5394
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 5394 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4 5	"Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by changing Section 5.2 as follows:
6	(20 ILCS 2630/5.2)
7	Sec. 5.2. Expungement and sealing.
8	(a) General Provisions.
9	(1) Definitions. In this Act, words and phrases have
10	the meanings set forth in this subsection, except when a
11	particular context clearly requires a different meaning.
12	(A) The following terms shall have the meanings
13	ascribed to them in the Unified Code of Corrections,
14	730 ILCS 5/5-1-2 through 5/5-1-22:
15	(i) Business Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-2),
16	(ii) Charge (730 ILCS 5/5-1-3),

(iii) Court (730 ILCS 5/5-1-6), 1 (iv) Defendant (730 ILCS 5/5-1-7), 2 3 (v) Felony (730 ILCS 5/5-1-9), 4 (vi) Imprisonment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-10), 5 (vii) Judgment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-12), (viii) Misdemeanor (730 ILCS 5/5-1-14), 6 7 (ix) Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-15), 8 (x) Parole (730 ILCS 5/5-1-16), 9 (xi) Petty Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-17), 10 (xii) Probation (730 ILCS 5/5-1-18), 11 (xiii) Sentence (730 ILCS 5/5-1-19), (xiv) Supervision (730 ILCS 5/5-1-21), and 12 13 (xv) Victim (730 ILCS 5/5-1-22).

(B) As used in this Section, "charge not initiated
by arrest" means a charge (as defined by 730 ILCS
5/5-1-3) brought against a defendant where the
defendant is not arrested prior to or as a direct
result of the charge.

19 (C) "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or 20 sentence entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a 21 verdict or finding of guilty of an offense, rendered by 22 a legally constituted jury or by a court of competent 23 jurisdiction authorized to try the case without a jury. 24 An order of supervision successfully completed by the 25 petitioner is not a conviction. An order of qualified 26 defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)) probation (as

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successfully completed by the petitioner is not a 1 conviction. An order of supervision or an order of 2 qualified 3 probation that is terminated 4 unsatisfactorily is a conviction, unless the 5 unsatisfactory termination is reversed, vacated, or modified and the judgment of conviction, if any, is 6 7 reversed or vacated.

8 (D) "Criminal offense" means a petty offense, 9 business offense, misdemeanor, felony, or municipal 10 ordinance violation (as defined in subsection 11 (a)(1)(H)). As used in this Section, a minor traffic 12 offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)) shall not 13 be considered a criminal offense.

14 (E) "Expunge" means to physically destroy the 15 records or return them to the petitioner and to 16 obliterate the petitioner's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act 17 18 shall require the physical destruction of the circuit court file, but such records relating to arrests or 19 20 charges, or both, ordered expunged shall be impounded 21 required by subsections (d)(9)(A)(ii) as and 22 (d)(9)(B)(ii).

(F) As used in this Section, "last sentence" means
the sentence, order of supervision, or order of
qualified probation (as defined by subsection
(a) (1) (J)), for a criminal offense (as defined by

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subsection (a)(1)(D)) that terminates last in time in 1 any jurisdiction, regardless of whether the petitioner 2 included the criminal offense for which the 3 has sentence or order of supervision or qualified 4 5 probation was imposed in his or her petition. If multiple sentences, orders of supervision, or orders 6 of qualified probation terminate on the same day and 7 8 are last in time, they shall be collectively considered 9 the "last sentence" regardless of whether they were 10 ordered to run concurrently.

(G) "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a municipal or local ordinance.

(H) "Municipal ordinance violation" means an
offense defined by a municipal or local ordinance that
is criminal in nature and with which the petitioner was
charged or for which the petitioner was arrested and
released without charging.

(I) "Petitioner" means an adult or a minor
 prosecuted as an adult who has applied for relief under
 this Section.

(J) "Qualified probation" means an order of
probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act,
Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and

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Community Protection Act, Section 12-4.3(b)(1) and (2) 1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 (as those provisions 2 3 existed before their deletion by Public Act 89-313), 4 Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other 5 Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 6 of the Steroid Control Act. For the purpose of this 7 8 Section, "successful completion" of an order of 9 qualified probation under Section 10-102 of the 10 Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act and 11 Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse 12 and Dependency Act means that the probation was 13 terminated satisfactorily and the judgment of 14 conviction was vacated.

15 (K) "Seal" means to physically and electronically 16 maintain the records, unless the records would 17 otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to make the 18 records unavailable without a court order, subject to the exceptions in Sections 12 and 13 of this Act. The 19 20 petitioner's name shall also be obliterated from the 21 official index required to be kept by the circuit court 22 clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 23 any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the 24 entry of the order to seal shall not be affected.

(L) "Sexual offense committed against a minor"
 includes but is not limited to the offenses of indecent

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solicitation of a child or criminal sexual abuse when the victim of such offense is under 18 years of age.

3 (M) "Terminate" as it relates to a sentence or
4 order of supervision or qualified probation includes
5 either satisfactory or unsatisfactory termination of
6 the sentence, unless otherwise specified in this
7 Section.

8 (2) Minor Traffic Offenses. Orders of supervision or 9 convictions for minor traffic offenses shall not affect a 10 petitioner's eligibility to expunge or seal records 11 pursuant to this Section.

12 (3) Exclusions. Except as otherwise provided in 13 subsections (b)(5), (b)(6), and (e) of this Section, the 14 court shall not order:

15 (A) the sealing or expungement of the records of 16 arrests or charges not initiated by arrest that result in an order of supervision for or conviction of: (i) 17 any sexual offense committed against a minor; (ii) 18 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 19 20 similar provision of a local ordinance; or (iii) Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 21 similar provision of a local ordinance. 22

(B) the sealing or expungement of records of minor
traffic offenses (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)),
unless the petitioner was arrested and released
without charging.

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(C) the sealing of the records of arrests or 1 charges not initiated by arrest which result in an 2 3 order of supervision, an order of qualified probation (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(J)), or a conviction 4 for the following offenses: 5 (i) offenses included in Article 11 of the 6 Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a 7 8 local ordinance, except <u>Sections</u> Section 11-14, 9 11-14.1, and 11-18 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or 10 a similar provision of a local ordinance; (ii) Section 12-15, 12-30, or 26-5 of the 11 Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a 12 13 local ordinance; (iii) offenses defined as "crimes of violence" 14 15 in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except 16 Sections 12-1 and 12-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 17 or a similar provision of a local ordinance; 18 (iv) offenses which are Class A misdemeanors 19 20 under the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (v) any offense or attempted offense that 21 22 would subject a person to registration under the 23 Sex Offender Registration Act. 24 (D) the sealing of the records of an arrest which 25 results in the petitioner being charged with a felony 26 offense or records of a charge not initiated by arrest

for a felony offense, regardless of the 1 2 unless: 3 (i) the charge results in acquittal, 4 dismissal, or the petitioner's release without 5 conviction; (ii) the charge results in a conviction, but 6 the conviction was reversed or vacated; 7 8 (iii) (i) the charge is amended to а 9 misdemeanor and is otherwise eligible to be sealed 10 pursuant to subsection (c); 11 (iv) (ii) the charge results in first offender probation as set forth in subsection (c) (2) (E); or 12 13 (v) (iii) the charge is for a Class 4 felony offense listed in subsection (c)(2)(F) or the 14 15 charge is amended to a Class 4 felony offense 16 listed in subsection (c) (2) (F). Records of arrests which result in the petitioner being charged with a 17 Class 4 felony offense listed in subsection 18 19 (c)(2)(F), records of charges not initiated by 20 arrest for Class 4 felony offenses listed in 21 subsection (c)(2)(F), and records of charges amended to a Class 4 felony offense listed in 22 23 (c)(2)(F) may be sealed, regardless of the 24 disposition, subject to any waiting periods set 25 forth in subsection (c)(3).

26 (b) Expungement.

1 (1) A petitioner may petition the circuit court to 2 expunge the records of his or her arrests and charges not 3 initiated by arrest when:

4 (A) He or she has never been convicted of a 5 criminal offense; and

(B) Each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest 6 7 sought to be expunded resulted in: (i) acquittal, 8 dismissal, or the petitioner's release without 9 charging, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); 10 (ii) a conviction which was vacated or reversed, unless 11 excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (iii) an order of supervision and such supervision was successfully 12 13 completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by subsection (a) (3) (A) or (a) (3) (B); or (iv) an order of 14 15 qualified probation (as defined in subsection 16 such probation was successfully (a)(1)(J)) and 17 completed by the petitioner.

18 (2) Time frame for filing a petition to expunge.

(A) When the arrest or charge not initiated by
arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an acquittal,
dismissal, the petitioner's release without charging,
or the reversal or vacation of a conviction, there is
no waiting period to petition for the expundement of
such records.

(B) When the arrest or charge not initiated by
 arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of

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supervision, successfully completed by the petitioner, the following time frames will apply:

(i) Those arrests or charges that resulted in 3 orders of supervision under Section 3-707, 3-708, 4 5 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or under 6 Section 12-3.2, 12-15 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code 7 8 of 1961, shall not be eligible for expungement 9 until 5 years have passed following the 10 satisfactory termination of the supervision.

(ii) Those arrests or charges that resulted in orders of supervision for any other offenses shall not be eligible for expungement until 2 years have passed following the satisfactory termination of the supervision.

16 (C) When the arrest or charge not initiated by 17 arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of 18 qualified probation, successfully completed by the 19 petitioner, such records shall not be eligible for 20 expungement until 5 years have passed following the 21 satisfactory termination of the probation.

(3) Those records maintained by the Department for
persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be
expunged as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court
Act of 1987.

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(4) Whenever a person has been arrested for or

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convicted of any offense, in the name of a person whose 1 identity he or she has stolen or otherwise come into 2 3 possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, 4 5 upon learning of the person having been arrested using his or her identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief 6 7 judge of the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a 8 court order entered nunc pro tunc by the Chief Judge to 9 correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and 10 all official records of the arresting authority, the Department, other criminal 11 justice agencies, the 12 prosecutor, and the trial court concerning such arrest, if 13 any, by removing his or her name from all such records in 14 connection with the arrest and conviction, if any, and by 15 inserting in the records the name of the offender, if known or ascertainable, in lieu of the aggrieved's name. The 16 17 records of the circuit court clerk shall be sealed until 18 further order of the court upon good cause shown and the 19 name of the aggrieved person obliterated on the official 20 index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under 21 Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall 22 not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 23 before the entry of the order. Nothing in this Section 24 shall limit the Department of State Police or other 25 criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from listing 26 under an offender's name the false names he or she has

used.

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2 (5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal 3 sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal 4 5 sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the victim of that offense may request that the State's 6 Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred 7 8 file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at 9 the petitioner's trial to have a court order entered to 10 seal the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that 11 offense. However, the records of the arresting authority 12 13 and the Department of State Police concerning the offense 14 shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, 15 shall make the records of the circuit court clerk in connection with the proceedings of the trial court 16 17 concerning the offense available for public inspection.

(6) If a conviction has been set aside on direct review
or on collateral attack and the court determines by clear
and convincing evidence that the petitioner was factually
innocent of the charge, the court shall enter an
expungement order as provided in subsection (b) of Section
5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(7) Nothing in this Section shall prevent the
 Department of State Police from maintaining all records of
 any person who is admitted to probation upon terms and

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1 conditions and who fulfills those terms and conditions pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 2 3 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection 4 5 Act, Section 12-4.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency 6 Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse 7 8 and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control 9 Act.

10 (c) Sealing.

(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights to expungement of criminal records, this subsection authorizes the sealing of criminal records of adults and of minors prosecuted as adults.

16 (2) Eligible Records. The following records may be 17 sealed:

18 (A) All arrests resulting in release without19 charging;

(B) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when
the conviction was reversed or vacated, except as
excluded by subsection (a) (3) (B) or (a) (3) (D);

(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
 resulting in orders of supervision successfully
 completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by

subsection (a) (3); 1 (D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest 2 3 resulting in convictions unless excluded by subsection (a) (3); 4 5 (E) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of first offender probation under 6 7 Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 8 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 9 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 10 Protection Act; and 11 (F) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in Class 4 felony convictions for the 12 13 following offenses: (i) Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 14 15 (ii) Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act; 16 (iii) Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled 17 Substances Act: 18 (iv) the Methamphetamine Precursor Control 19 Act; and 20 (v) the Steroid Control Act. 21 (3) When Records Are Eligible to Be Sealed. Records 22 identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2) may be sealed as follows: 23 Records identified as 24 (A) eligible under 25 subsection (c) (2) (A) and (c) (2) (B) may be sealed at any 26 time.

Records identified eliqible 1 (B) as under 2 subsection (c)(2)(C) may be sealed (i) 3 years after 3 the termination of petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (F)) if the petitioner has 4 5 never been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D)); or (ii) 4 years after the 6 termination of the petitioner's last sentence 7 (as 8 defined in subsection (a) (1) (F)) if the petitioner has 9 ever been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined 10 in subsection (a) (1) (D)).

Records identified eligible 11 (C) as under 12 subsections (c)(2)(D), (c)(2)(E), and (c)(2)(F) may be 13 sealed 4 years after the termination of the petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection 14 15 (a) (1) (F)).

(4) Subsequent felony convictions. A person may not 16 have subsequent felony conviction records sealed as 17 18 provided in this subsection (c) if he or she is convicted 19 of any felony offense after the date of the sealing of 20 prior felony convictions as provided in this subsection 21 (c). The court may, upon conviction for a subsequent felony 22 offense, order the unsealing of prior felony conviction 23 records previously ordered sealed by the court.

(5) Notice of eligibility for sealing. Upon entry of a
disposition for an eligible record under this subsection
(c), the petitioner shall be informed by the court of the

right to have the records sealed and the procedures for the
 sealing of the records.

3 (d) Procedure. The following procedures apply to 4 expungement under subsections (b) and (e), and sealing under 5 subsection (c):

(1) Filing the petition. Upon becoming eligible to 6 petition for the expungement or sealing of records under 7 8 this Section, the petitioner shall file a petition 9 requesting the expungement or sealing of records with the 10 clerk of the court where the arrests occurred or the 11 charges were brought, or both. If arrests occurred or charges were brought in multiple jurisdictions, a petition 12 13 must be filed in each such jurisdiction. The petitioner 14 shall pay the applicable fee, if not waived.

15 (2) Contents of petition. The petition shall be 16 verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of birth, current address and, for each arrest or charge not 17 18 initiated by arrest sought to be sealed or expunged, the 19 case number, the date of arrest (if any), the identity of 20 the arresting authority, and such other information as the 21 court may require. During the pendency of the proceeding, 22 the petitioner shall promptly notify the circuit court 23 clerk of any change of his or her address.

24 (3) Drug test. The petitioner must attach to the
25 petition proof that the petitioner has passed a test taken
26 within 30 days before the filing of the petition showing

1 absence within his or her body of all illegal the defined Illinois 2 substances as by the Controlled 3 Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community 4 Protection Act, and the Cannabis Control Act if he or she 5 is petitioning to seal felony records pursuant to clause (c)(2)(E) or (c)(2)(F)(ii)-(v) or if he 6 or she is petitioning to expunge felony records of a qualified 7 8 probation pursuant to clause (b) (1) (B) (iv).

9 (4) Service of petition. The circuit court clerk shall 10 promptly serve a copy of the petition on the State's 11 Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting 12 the offense, the Department of State Police, the arresting 13 agency and the chief legal officer of the unit of local 14 government effecting the arrest.

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(5) Objections.

16 (A) Any party entitled to notice of the petition
17 may file an objection to the petition. All objections
18 shall be in writing, shall be filed with the circuit
19 court clerk, and shall state with specificity the basis
20 of the objection.

(B) Objections to a petition to expunge or seal
must be filed within 60 days of the date of service of
the petition.

24 (6) Entry of order.

(A) The Chief Judge of the circuit wherein thecharge was brought, any judge of that circuit

designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial, if any, shall rule on the petition to expunge or seal as set forth in this subsection (d)(6).

6 (B) Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the 7 Department of State Police, the arresting agency, or 8 the chief legal officer files an objection to the 9 petition to expunge or seal within 60 days from the 10 date of service of the petition, the court shall enter 11 an order granting or denying the petition.

12 (7) Hearings. If an objection is filed, the court shall 13 set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and all 14 parties entitled to notice of the petition of the hearing 15 date at least 30 days prior to the hearing, and shall hear 16 evidence on whether the petition should or should not be 17 granted, and shall grant or deny the petition to expunge or 18 seal the records based on the evidence presented at the 19 hearing.

20 (8) Service of order. After entering an order to 21 expunge or seal records, the court must provide copies of 22 the order to the Department, in a form and manner 23 prescribed by the Department, to the petitioner, to the 24 State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of 25 prosecuting the offense, to the arresting agency, to the 26 chief legal officer of the unit of local government

1 effecting the arrest, and to such other criminal justice agencies as may be ordered by the court. 2 (9) Effect of order. 3 4 (A) Upon entry of an order to expunge records 5 pursuant to (b) (2) (A) or (b) (2) (B) (ii), or both: (i) the records shall be expunded (as defined 6 in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency, 7 8 the Department, and any other agency as ordered by 9 the court, within 60 days of the date of service of 10 the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant 11 to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section; 12 13 (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 14 shall be impounded until further order of the court 15 upon good cause shown and the name of the 16 petitioner obliterated on the official index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 17 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 18 19 the order shall not affect any index issued by the 20 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; 21 and 22 (iii) in response to an inquiry for expunded 23 records, the court, the Department, or the agency 24 receiving such inquiry, shall reply as it does in 25 response to inquiries when no records ever

26 existed.

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(B) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to (b)(2)(B)(i) or (b)(2)(C), or both:

(i) the records shall be expunded (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

10 (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 11 shall be impounded until further order of the court 12 upon good cause shown and the name of the 13 petitioner obliterated on the official index 14 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 15 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 16 the order shall not affect any index issued by the 17 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;

(iii) the records shall be impounded by the Department within 60 days of the date of service of the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

24 (iv) records impounded by the Department may
25 be disseminated by the Department only to the
26 arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the

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court upon a later arrest for the same or a similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the Department of Corrections upon conviction for any offense; and

5 (v) in response to an inquiry for such records 6 from anyone not authorized by law to access such 7 records the court, the Department, or the agency 8 receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in 9 response to inquiries when no records ever 10 existed.

11 (C) Upon entry of an order to seal records under 12 subsection (c), the arresting agency, any other agency 13 as ordered by the court, the Department, and the court 14 shall seal the records (as defined in subsection 15 (a) (1) (K)). In response to an inquiry for such records 16 from anyone not authorized by law to access such 17 records the court, the Department, or the agency 18 receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in 19 response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

(10) Fees. The Department may charge the petitioner a fee equivalent to the cost of processing any order to expunge or seal records. Notwithstanding any provision of the Clerks of Courts Act to the contrary, the circuit court clerk may charge a fee equivalent to the cost associated with the sealing or expungement of records by the circuit court clerk. From the total filing fee collected for the 09600HB5394ham001 -22- LRB096 19331 RLC 38100 a

1 petition to seal or expunge, the circuit court clerk shall deposit \$10 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 2 Administrative Fund, to be used to offset the costs 3 4 incurred by the circuit court clerk in performing the 5 additional duties required to serve the petition to seal or expunge on all parties. The circuit court clerk shall 6 collect and forward the Department of State Police portion 7 8 of the fee to the Department and it shall be deposited in 9 the State Police Services Fund.

10 (11) Final Order. No court order issued under the 11 expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall 12 become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after 13 service of the order on the petitioner and all parties 14 entitled to notice of the petition.

15 (12) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. The 16 petitioner or any party entitled to notice may file a 17 motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order granting 18 or denying the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days 19 of service of the order.

(e) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, have a court 09600HB5394ham001 -23- LRB096 19331 RLC 38100 a

1 order entered expunding the record of arrest from the official records of the arresting authority and order that the records 2 3 of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until 4 further order of the court upon good cause shown or as 5 otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant 6 obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts 7 8 Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the 9 offense for which he or she had been pardoned but the order 10 shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 11 before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only as 12 required by law or to the arresting authority, the State's 13 14 Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or 15 similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any 16 subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed 17 18 records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon 19 entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk 20 shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was 21 pardoned.

(f) Subject to available funding, the Illinois Department of Corrections shall conduct a study of the impact of sealing, especially on employment and recidivism rates, utilizing a random sample of those who apply for the sealing of their criminal records under Public Act 93-211. At the request of the 09600HB5394ham001 -24- LRB096 19331 RLC 38100 a

1 Illinois Department of Corrections, records of the Illinois 2 Department of Employment Security shall be utilized as 3 appropriate to assist in the study. The study shall not 4 disclose any data in a manner that would allow the 5 identification of any particular individual or employing unit. 6 The study shall be made available to the General Assembly no 7 later than September 1, 2010.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-409, eff. 1-1-10.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.".