

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB5277

Introduced 2/3/2010, by Rep. Elaine Nekritz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45 65 ILCS 5/3.1-25-20 65 ILCS 5/3.1-25-40 from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-25-40

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. In provisions concerning nonpartisan primary elections, provides that a write-in candidate shall not be construed as having timely filed valid nominating papers for the purposes of preparing a primary ballot and holding a primary election.

LRB096 17579 RLJ 32936 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 3.1-20-45, 3.1-25-20, and 3.1-25-40 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45)
- 8 Sec. 3.1-20-45. Nonpartisan primary elections; uncontested
- 9 office. A city incorporated under this Code that elects
- 10 municipal officers at nonpartisan primary and general
- 11 elections shall conduct the elections as provided in the
- 12 Election Code, except that no office for which nomination is
- uncontested shall be included on the primary ballot and no
- 14 primary shall be held for that office. For the purposes of this
- 15 Section, an office is uncontested when not more than 4 persons
- 16 to be nominated for each office have timely filed valid
- 17 nominating papers seeking nomination for the election to that
- 18 office.
- 19 For the purposes of preparing a primary ballot and holding
- 20 a primary election under this Section, a write-in candidate
- 21 <u>shall not be construed as having timely filed valid nominating</u>
- 22 papers.
- 23 Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, when a person (i)

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

24

25

who has not timely filed valid nomination papers and (ii) who intends to become a write-in candidate for nomination for any office for which nomination is uncontested files a written statement or notice of that intent with the proper election official with whom the nomination papers for that office are filed, if the write in candidate becomes the fifth candidate filed, a primary ballot must be prepared and a primary must be held for the office. The statement or notice must be filed on or before the 61st day before the consolidated primary election. The statement must contain (i) the name and address of the person intending to become a write-in candidate, (ii) a statement that the person intends to become a write-in candidate, and (iii) the office the person is seeking as a write-in candidate. An election authority has no duty to conduct a primary election or prepare a primary ballot unless a statement meeting the requirements of this paragraph is filed in a timely manner.

19 (65 ILCS 5/3.1-25-20) (from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-25-20)

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

Sec. 3.1-25-20. Primary election. A village incorporated under this Code shall nominate and elect candidates for president and trustees in nonpartisan primary and general elections as provided in Sections 3.1-25-20 through 3.1-25-55 until the electors of the village vote to require the partisan election of the president and trustees at a referendum in the

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

manner provided in Section 3.1-25-65 after January 1, 1992. The provisions of Sections 3.1-25-20 through 3.1-25-55 shall apply to all villages incorporated under this Code that have operated under those Sections without the adoption of those provisions by the referendum provided in Section 3.1-25-60 as well as those villages that have adopted those provisions by the referendum provided in Section 3.1-25-60 until the electors of those villages vote to require the partisan election of the president and trustees in the manner provided in Section 3.1-25-65. Villages that have nominated and elected candidates for president and trustees in partisan elections prior to January 1, 1992, may continue to hold partisan elections without conducting a referendum in the manner provided in Section 3.1-25-65. All candidates for nomination to be voted for at all general municipal elections at which a president or trustees, or both, are to be elected under this Article shall be nominated from the village at large by a primary election.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no primary shall be held in any village when the nomination for every office to be voted upon by the electors of the village is uncontested. If the nomination of candidates is uncontested as to one or more, but not all, of the offices to be voted upon by the electors of the village, then a primary must be held in the village, provided that the primary ballot shall not include those offices in the village for which the nomination is uncontested. For the purposes of this Section, an office is

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

uncontested when not more than the number of persons to be nominated to the office have timely filed valid nominating papers seeking nomination for election to that office.

For the purposes of preparing a primary ballot and holding a primary election under this Section, a write-in candidate shall not be construed as having timely filed valid nominating papers.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, when a person (i) who has not timely filed valid nomination papers and (ii) who intends to become a write in candidate for nomination for any office for which nomination is uncontested files a written statement or notice of that intent with the proper election official with whom the nomination papers for that office filed, a primary ballot must be prepared and a primary must be held for the office. The statement or notice must be filed on or before the 61st day before the consolidated primary election. The statement must contain (i) the name and address of the person intending to become a write in candidate, (ii) a statement that the person intends to become a write in candidate, and (iii) the office the person is seeking as a write-in candidate. An election authority has no duty to conduct a primary election or prepare a primary ballot unless a statement meeting the requirements of this paragraph is filed in a timely manner.

Only the names of those persons nominated in the manner prescribed in Sections 3.1-25-20 through 3.1-25-65 shall be

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1 placed on the ballot at the general municipal election. The
- 2 village clerk shall certify the offices to be filled and the
- 3 candidates for those offices to the proper election authority
- 4 as provided in the general election law. A primary for those
- offices, if required, shall be held in accordance with the
- 6 general election law.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 91-57, eff. 6-30-99.)
- 8 (65 ILCS 5/3.1-25-40) (from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-25-40)
- 9 Sec. 3.1-25-40. Ballots.
- (a) If the office of president is to be filled, only the 10 11 names of the 4 candidates receiving the highest number of votes 12 for president shall be placed on the ballot for president at the next succeeding general municipal election. The names of 1.3 14 candidates in a number equal to 4 times the number of trustee 15 positions to be filled receiving the highest number of votes 16 for trustee, or the names of all candidates if less than 4 times the number of trustee positions to be filled, shall be 17 placed on the ballot for that office at the municipal election. 18
 - (b) An elector, however, at either a primary election or a general municipal election held under Sections 3.1-25-20 through 3.1-25-55, may write in the names of the candidates of that elector's choice in accordance with the general election law. If, however, the name of only one candidate for a particular office appeared on the primary ballot, the name of the person having the largest number of write in votes shall

- not be placed upon the ballot at the general municipal election unless the number of votes received in the primary election by that person was at least 10% of the number of votes received by the candidate for the same office whose name appeared on the primary ballot.
- (c) If a nominee at a general primary election dies or withdraws before the general municipal election, there shall be placed on the ballot the name of the candidate receiving the next highest number of votes, and so on in case of the death or withdrawal of more than one nominee.
- (d) If in the application of this Section there occurs the condition provided for in Section 3.1-25-45, there shall be placed on the ballot the name of the candidate who was not chosen by lot under that Section where one of 2 tied candidates had been placed on the ballot before the death or withdrawal occurred. If, however, in the application of this Section, the candidate with the next highest number of votes cannot be determined because of a tie among 2 or more candidates, the successor nominee whose name shall be placed on the ballot shall be determined by lot as provided in Section 3.1-25-45.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)