

Revenue Finance Committee

Filed: 1/11/2010

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	09600HB4622ham001 LRB096 14663 HLH 32090
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4622
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 4622 by replacin
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act is amended b
5	changing Section 10 as follows:
6	(35 ILCS 745/10)
7	Sec. 10. Amnesty program. The Department shall establish a
8	amnesty program for all taxpayers owing any tax imposed b
9	reason of or pursuant to authorization by any law of the Stat
10	of Illinois and collected by the Department.
11	The amnesty program shall be for a period from October 1
12	2003 through November 15, 2003 and for a period beginning of
13	the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th Genera
14	Assembly and ending 60 days after the effective date of thi
15	amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

The amnesty program shall provide that, upon payment by a

taxpayer of all taxes due from that taxpayer to the State of Illinois for any taxable period ending (i) after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 for the tax amnesty period occurring from October 1, 2003 through November 15, 2003, and (ii) after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly for the tax amnesty period beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Department shall abate and not seek to collect any interest or penalties that may be applicable and the Department shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution for any taxpayer for the period of time for which amnesty has been granted to the taxpayer. Failure to pay all taxes due to the State for a taxable period shall invalidate any amnesty granted under this Act. Amnesty shall be granted only if all amnesty conditions are satisfied by the taxpayer.

Amnesty shall not be granted to taxpayers who are a party to any criminal investigation or to any civil or criminal litigation that is pending in any circuit court or appellate court or the Supreme Court of this State for nonpayment, delinquency, or fraud in relation to any State tax imposed by any law of the State of Illinois.

Voluntary payments made under this Act shall be made by cash, check, guaranteed remittance, or ACH debit.

The Department shall adopt rules as necessary to implement the provisions of this Act.

26 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, all money

- 1 collected under this Act for the amnesty period from October 1, 2 2003 through November 15, 2003 that would otherwise be deposited into the General Revenue Fund shall be deposited as 3 4 follows: (i) one-half into the Common School Fund; (ii) 5 one-half into the General Revenue Fund. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, all money collected under this Act 6 for the 60-day amnesty period beginning on the effective date 7 8 of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that would 9 otherwise be deposited into the General Revenue Fund shall be 10 deposited into the Monetary Award Program Reserve Fund. Two 11 percent of all money collected under this Act shall be deposited by the State Treasurer into the Tax Compliance and 12 Administration Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be 13 used by the Department to cover costs associated with the 14
- (Source: P.A. 93-26, eff. 6-20-03.) 16

administration of this Act.

- 17 Section 10. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is amended by changing Sections 3-2, 3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6, and 3-7.5 as 18 follows:
- 20 (35 ILCS 735/3-2) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-2)
- 21 Sec. 3-2. Interest.

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22 Interest paid by the Department to taxpayers and 23 interest charged to taxpayers by the Department shall be paid 24 at the annual rate determined by the Department. For periods

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- prior to January 1, 2004, that rate shall be the underpayment rate established under Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code. For periods after December 31, 2003, that rate shall be:
 - (1) for the one-year period beginning with the date of underpayment or overpayment, the short-term federal rate established under Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (2) for any period beginning the day after the one-year period described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a), the underpayment rate established under Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (b) The interest rate shall be adjusted on a semiannual basis, on January 1 and July 1, based upon the underpayment rate or short-term federal rate going into effect on that January 1 or July 1 under Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) This subsection (c) is applicable to returns due on and before December 31, 2000. Interest shall be simple interest calculated on a daily basis. Interest shall accrue upon tax and penalty due. If notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount of tax due and if the amount due is paid within 30 days after the date of such notice and demand, interest under this Section on the amount so paid shall not be imposed for the period after the date of the notice and demand.
 - (c-5) This subsection (c-5) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 2001. Interest shall be simple interest

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1 calculated on a daily basis. Interest shall accrue upon tax due. If notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount of tax due and if the amount due is paid within 30 days after the date of the notice and demand, interest under this Section on the amount so paid shall not be imposed for the period after the date of the notice and demand.

(d) No interest shall be paid upon any overpayment of tax if the overpayment is refunded or a credit approved within 90 days after the last date prescribed for filing the original return, or within 90 days of the receipt of the processable return, or within 90 days after the date of overpayment, whichever date is latest, as determined without regard to processing time by the Comptroller or without regard to the date on which the credit is applied to the taxpayer's account. In order for an original return to be processable for purposes of this Section, it must be in the form prescribed or approved by the Department, signed by the person authorized by law, and contain all information, schedules, and support documents necessary to determine the tax due and to make allocations of tax as prescribed by law. For the purposes of computing interest, a return shall be deemed to be processable unless the Department notifies the taxpayer that the return is not processable within 90 days after the receipt of the return; however, interest shall not accumulate for the period following this date of notice. Interest on amounts refunded or credited pursuant to the filing of an amended return or claim for refund

- shall be determined from the due date of the original return or the date of overpayment, whichever is later, to the date of payment by the Department without regard to processing time by the Comptroller or the date of credit by the Department or without regard to the date on which the credit is applied to the taxpayer's account. If a claim for refund relates to an overpayment attributable to a net loss carryback as provided by Section 207 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, the date of overpayment shall be the last day of the taxable year in which the loss was incurred.
 - (e) Interest on erroneous refunds. Any portion of the tax imposed by an Act to which this Act is applicable or any interest or penalty which has been erroneously refunded and which is recoverable by the Department shall bear interest from the date of payment of the refund. However, no interest will be charged if the erroneous refund is for an amount less than \$500 and is due to a mistake of the Department.
 - period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the interest charged by the Department under this Section shall be imposed at a rate that is 200% of the rate that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
 - (g) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable

- period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective 1 date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that 2 is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act 3 4 and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the 5 amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable 6 period, then the interest charged by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the 7 8 amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 10 (35 ILCS 735/3-3) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-3)
- 11 Sec. 3-3. Penalty for failure to file or pay.
- 12 (a) This subsection (a) is applicable before January 1, 1996. A penalty of 5% of the tax required to be shown due on a 13 14 return shall be imposed for failure to file the tax return on 15 or before the due date prescribed for filing determined with regard for any extension of time for filing (penalty for late 16 filing or nonfiling). If any unprocessable return is corrected 17 and filed within 21 days after notice by the Department, the 18 19 late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not apply. If a penalty for late filing or nonfiling is imposed in addition to a 20 penalty for late payment, the total penalty due shall be the 21 22 sum of the late filing penalty and the applicable late payment penalty. Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 23 24 of 1995, in the case of any type of tax return required to be 25 filed more frequently than annually, when the failure to file

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the tax return on or before the date prescribed for filing (including any extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not occurred in the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by Section 3-3(a) shall be abated.

(a-5) This subsection (a-5) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 1996 and on or before December 31, 2000. A penalty equal to 2% of the tax required to be shown due on a return, up to a maximum amount of \$250, determined without regard to any part of the tax that is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was required to be filed, shall be imposed for failure to file the tax return on or before the due date prescribed for filing determined with regard for any extension of time for filing. However, if any return is not filed within 30 days after notice of nonfiling mailed by the Department to the last known address of the taxpayer contained in Department records, an additional penalty amount shall be imposed equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of the tax shown on the return. However, the additional penalty amount may not exceed \$5,000 and is determined without regard to any part of the tax that is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was required to be filed (penalty for late filing or nonfiling). If any unprocessable return is corrected and filed within 30 days after notice by the Department, the late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not apply. If a penalty for late filing or

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nonfiling is imposed in addition to a penalty for late payment, the total penalty due shall be the sum of the late filing penalty and the applicable late payment penalty. In the case of any type of tax return required to be filed more frequently than annually, when the failure to file the tax return on or before the date prescribed for filing (including any extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not occurred in the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by Section 3-3(a-5) shall be abated.

(a-10) This subsection (a-10) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 2001. A penalty equal to 2% of the tax required to be shown due on a return, up to a maximum amount of \$250, reduced by any tax that is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was required to be filed, shall be imposed for failure to file the tax return on or before the due date prescribed for filing determined with regard for any extension of time for filing. However, if any return is not filed within 30 days after notice of nonfiling mailed by the Department to the last known address of the taxpayer contained in Department records, an additional penalty amount shall be imposed equal to the greater of \$250 or 2% of the tax shown on the return. However, the additional penalty amount may not exceed \$5,000 and is determined without regard to any part of the tax that is paid on time or by any credit that was properly allowable on the date the return was

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required to be filed (penalty for late filing or nonfiling). If any unprocessable return is corrected and filed within 30 days after notice by the Department, the late filing or nonfiling penalty shall not apply. If a penalty for late filing or nonfiling is imposed in addition to a penalty for late payment, the total penalty due shall be the sum of the late filing penalty and the applicable late payment penalty. In the case of any type of tax return required to be filed more frequently than annually, when the failure to file the tax return on or before the date prescribed for filing (including any extensions) is shown to be nonfraudulent and has not occurred in the 2 years immediately preceding the failure to file on the prescribed due date, the penalty imposed by Section 3-3(a-10) shall be abated.

- (b) This subsection is applicable before January 1, 1998. A penalty of 15% of the tax shown on the return or the tax required to be shown due on the return shall be imposed for failure to pay:
 - (1) the tax shown due on the return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability); or
 - (2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown due

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on a return and which is not shown (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and demand, or a final assessment is issued by the Department. In the case of a final assessment arising following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall not begin until all proceedings in court for review of the final assessment have terminated or the period for obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a review having been instituted. In the case of a notice of tax liability that becomes a final assessment without a protest and hearing, the penalty provided in this paragraph (2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the period provided for the filing of a protest.

(b-5) This subsection is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 1998 and on or before December 31, 2000. A penalty of 20% of the tax shown on the return or the tax required to be shown due on the return shall be imposed for failure to pay:

(1) the tax shown due on the return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability); or

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(2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown due on a return and which is not shown (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and demand, or a final assessment is issued by the Department. In the case of a final assessment arising following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall not begin until all proceedings in court for review of the final assessment have terminated or the period for obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a review having been instituted. In the case of a notice of tax liability that becomes a final assessment without a protest and hearing, the penalty provided in this paragraph (2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the period provided for the filing of a protest.

(b-10) This subsection (b-10) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 2001 and on or before December 31, 2003. A penalty shall be imposed for failure to pay:

(1) the tax shown due on a return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability). The amount of penalty imposed under this subsection (b-10)(1) shall be 2% of any

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amount that is paid no later than 30 days after the due date, 5% of any amount that is paid later than 30 days after the due date and not later than 90 days after the due date, 10% of any amount that is paid later than 90 days after the due date and not later than 180 days after the due date, and 15% of any amount that is paid later than 180 days after the due date. If notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount of tax due and if the amount due is paid within 30 days after the date of the notice and demand, then the penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability under this subsection (b-10)(1) on the amount so paid shall not accrue for the period after the date of the notice and demand.

(2) the full amount of any tax required to be shown due on a return and that is not shown (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of additional liability), within 30 days after a notice of arithmetic error, notice and demand, or a final assessment is issued by the Department. In the case a final assessment arising following a protest and hearing, the 30-day period shall not begin until all proceedings in court for review of the final assessment have terminated or the period for obtaining a review has expired without proceedings for a review having been instituted. The amount of penalty imposed under this subsection (b-10)(2) shall be 20% of any amount that is not paid within the 30-day period. In the case of a notice of

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tax liability that becomes a final assessment without a protest and hearing, the penalty provided in subsection (b-10)(2) shall be imposed at the expiration of the period provided for the filing of a protest.

(b-15) This subsection (b-15) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 2004 and on or before December 31, 2004. A penalty shall be imposed for failure to pay the tax shown due or required to be shown due on a return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax, an amount of underpayment of estimated tax, or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability). The amount of penalty imposed under this subsection (b-15)(1) shall be 2% of any amount that is paid no later than 30 days after the due date, 10% of any amount that is paid later than 30 days after the due date and not later than 90 days after the due date, 15% of any amount that is paid later than 90 days after the due date and not later than 180 days after the due date, and 20% of any amount that is paid later than 180 days after the due date. If notice and demand is made for the payment of any amount of tax due and if the amount due is paid within 30 days after the date of this notice and demand, then the penalty for late payment or nonpayment of admitted liability under this subsection (b-15)(1) on the amount so paid shall not accrue for the period after the date 1 of the notice and demand.

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(b-20) This subsection (b-20) is applicable to returns due on and after January 1, 2005.

- (1) A penalty shall be imposed for failure to pay, prior to the due date for payment, any amount of tax the payment of which is required to be made prior to the filing of a return or without a return (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of estimated or accelerated tax). The amount of penalty imposed under this paragraph (1) shall be 2% of any amount that is paid no later than 30 days after the due date and 10% of any amount that is paid later than 30 days after the due date.
- (2) A penalty shall be imposed for failure to pay the tax shown due or required to be shown due on a return on or before the due date prescribed for payment of that tax or an amount that is reported in an amended return other than an amended return timely filed as required by subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act (penalty for late payment or nonpayment of tax). The amount of penalty imposed under this paragraph (2) shall be 2% of any amount that is paid no later than 30 days after the due date, 10% of any amount that is paid later than 30 days after the due date and prior to the date the Department has initiated an audit or investigation of the taxpayer, and 20% of any amount that is paid after the date the Department has initiated an audit or investigation of the

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taxpayer; provided that the penalty shall be reduced to 15% if the entire amount due is paid not later than 30 days after the Department has provided the taxpayer with an amended return (following completion of an occupation, use, or excise tax audit) or a form for waiver of restrictions on assessment (following completion of an income tax audit); provided further that the reduction to 15% shall be rescinded if the taxpayer makes any claim for refund or credit of the tax, penalties, or interest determined to be due upon audit, except in the case of a claim filed pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 506 of the Illinois Income Tax Act or to claim a carryover of a or credit, the availability of which was determined in the audit. For purposes of this paragraph (2), any overpayment reported on an original return that has been allowed as a refund or credit to the taxpayer shall be deemed to have not been paid on or before the due date for payment and any amount paid under protest pursuant to the provisions of the State Officers and Employees Money Disposition Act shall be deemed to have been paid after the Department has initiated an audit and more than 30 days after the Department has provided the taxpayer with an amended return (following completion of an occupation, use, or excise tax audit) or a form for waiver of restrictions on assessment (following completion of an income tax audit).

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- 1 (3) The penalty imposed under this subsection (b-20) shall be deemed assessed at the time the tax upon which the 2 3 penalty is computed is assessed, except that, if the 4 reduction of the penalty imposed under paragraph (2) of 5 this subsection (b-20) to 15% is rescinded because a claim for refund or credit has been filed, the increase in 6 penalty shall be deemed assessed at the time the claim for 7 8 refund or credit is filed.
 - (c) For purposes of the late payment penalties, the basis of the penalty shall be the tax shown or required to be shown on a return, whichever is applicable, reduced by any part of the tax which is paid on time and by any credit which was properly allowable on the date the return was required to be filed.
 - (d) A penalty shall be applied to the tax required to be shown even if that amount is less than the tax shown on the return.
- 18 (e) This subsection (e) is applicable to returns due before 19 January 1, 2001. If both a subsection (b)(1) or (b-5)(1)20 penalty and a subsection (b)(2) or (b-5)(2) penalty are assessed against the same return, the subsection (b)(2) or 2.1 22 (b-5)(2) penalty shall be assessed against only the additional 23 tax found to be due.
- 24 (e-5) This subsection (e-5) is applicable to returns due on 25 and after January 1, 2001. If both a subsection (b-10)(1) 26 penalty and a subsection (b-10)(2) penalty are assessed against

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- 1 the same return, the subsection (b-10)(2) penalty shall be assessed against only the additional tax found to be due. 2
 - (f) If the taxpayer has failed to file the return, the Department shall determine the correct tax according to its best judgment and information, which amount shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the tax due.
 - (q) The time within which to file a return or pay an amount of tax due without imposition of a penalty does not extend the time within which to file a protest to a notice of tax liability or a notice of deficiency.
 - (h) No return shall be determined to be unprocessable because of the omission of any information requested on the return pursuant to Section 2505-575 of the Department of Revenue Law (20 ILCS 2505/2505-575).
 - (i) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
 - (j) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that is eliqible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act

- 1 and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the
- amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable 2
- 3 period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this
- 4 Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the
- 5 amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 92-742, eff. 7-25-02; 93-26, eff. 6-20-03; 93-32,
- eff. 6-20-03; 93-1068, eff. 1-15-05.) 7
- (35 ILCS 735/3-4) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-4) 8
- 9 Sec. 3-4. Penalty for failure to file correct information
- 10 returns.
- Failure to file correct information returns 11 (a)
- 12 imposition of penalty.
- 13 (1) In general. Unless otherwise provided in a tax Act,
- 14 in the case of a failure described in paragraph (2) of this
- 15 subsection (a) by any person with respect to an information
- return, that person shall pay a penalty of \$5 for each 16
- 17 return or statement with respect to which the failure
- occurs, but the total amount imposed on that person for all 18
- 19 such failures during any calendar year shall not exceed
- 20 \$25,000.
- 21 (2) Failures subject to penalty. The
- 22 failures are subject to the penalty imposed in paragraph
- 23 (1) of this subsection (a):
- 24 (A) any failure to file an information return with
- 25 the Department on or before the required filing date,

1	or
2	(B) any failure to include all of the information
3	required to be shown on the return or the inclusion of
4	incorrect information.
5	(b) Reduction where correction in specified period.
6	(1) Correction within 60 days. If any failure described
7	in subsection (a) (2) is corrected within 60 days after the
8	required filing date:
9	(A) the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall be
10	reduced by 50%; and
11	(B) the total amount imposed on the person for all
12	such failures during any calendar year which are so
13	corrected shall not exceed 50% of the maximum
14	prescribed in subsection (a) (1).
15	(c) Information return defined. An information return is
16	any tax return required by a tax Act to be filed with the
17	Department that does not, by law, require the payment of a tax
18	liability.
19	(d) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable
20	period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002
21	that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty
22	Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during
23	the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable
24	period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this
25	Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the

amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.

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- 1 (e) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective 2 date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that 3 4 is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act 5 and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the 6 amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this 7 Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the 8 9 amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- (35 ILCS 735/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-5) 11
- 12 Sec. 3-5. Penalty for negligence.

(Source: P.A. 93-26, eff. 6-20-03.)

- 13 Ιf any return or amended return is 14 negligently, but without intent to defraud, and filed, in 15 addition to any penalty imposed under Section 3-3 of this Act, a penalty shall be imposed in an amount equal to 20% of any 16 17 resulting deficiency.
 - (b) Negligence includes any failure to make a reasonable attempt to comply with the provisions of any tax Act and includes careless, reckless, or intentional disregard of the law or regulations.
- 22 (c) No penalty shall be imposed under this Section if it is 23 shown that failure to comply with the tax Act is due to 24 reasonable cause. A taxpayer is not negligent if the taxpayer 25 shows substantial authority to support the return as filed.

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- 1 (d) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 2 that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinguency Amnesty 3 4 Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during 5 the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable 6 period, then the penalty imposed by the Department shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would 7 8 otherwise be imposed in accordance with this Section.
 - (e) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 93-26, eff. 6-20-03.) 18
- 19 (35 ILCS 735/3-6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2603-6)
- Sec. 3-6. Penalty for fraud. 20
- (a) If any return or amended return is filed with intent to 21 22 defraud, in addition to any penalty imposed under Section 3-3 of this Act, a penalty shall be imposed in an amount equal to 23
- 24 50% of any resulting deficiency.
- 25 (b) If any claim is filed with intent to defraud, a penalty

- 1 shall be imposed in an amount equal to 50% of the amount 2 fraudulently claimed for credit or refund.
- 3 (c) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable 4 period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 5 that is eliqible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty 6 Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable 7 8 period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the 9 10 amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
 - (d) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 93-26, eff. 6-20-03.)
- 21 (35 ILCS 735/3-7.5)

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- 22 Sec. 3-7.5. Bad check penalty.
- 23 (a) In addition to any other penalty provided in this Act, 24 a penalty of \$25 shall be imposed on any person who issues a 25 check or other draft to the Department that is not honored upon

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- 1 presentment. The penalty imposed under this Section shall be 2 deemed assessed at the time of presentment of the check or other draft and shall be treated for all purposes, including 3 4 collection and allocation, as part of the tax or other 5 liability for which the check or other draft represented 6 payment.
 - (b) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 1983 and prior to July 1, 2002 that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
 - (c) If a taxpayer has a tax liability for the taxable period ending after June 30, 2002 and prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly that is eligible for amnesty under the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act and the taxpayer fails to satisfy the tax liability during the amnesty period provided for in that Act for that taxable period, then the penalty imposed by the Department under this Section shall be imposed in an amount that is 200% of the amount that would otherwise be imposed under this Section.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 93-26, eff. 6-20-03.)
 - Section 15. The Higher Education Student Assistance Act is

- amended by changing Section 35 as follows: 1
- 2 (110 ILCS 947/35)
- 3 Sec. 35. Monetary award program.
- (a) The Commission shall, each year, receive and consider 4 applications for grant assistance under this Section. Subject 5 to a separate appropriation for such purposes, an applicant is 6 7 eligible for a grant under this Section when the Commission
- 8 finds that the applicant:

- 9 (1) is a resident of this State and a citizen or 10 permanent resident of the United States; and
- (2) in the absence of grant assistance, will be 11 12 deterred by financial considerations from completing an 13 educational program at the qualified institution of his or 14 her choice.
- 15 (b) The Commission shall award renewals only upon the student's application and upon the Commission's finding that 16 17 the applicant:
 - (1) has remained a student in good standing;
- 19 (2) remains a resident of this State; and
- (3) is in a financial situation that continues to 2.0 21 warrant assistance.
- 22 (c) All grants shall be applicable only to tuition and 23 necessary fee costs. The Commission shall determine the grant 24 amount for each student, which shall not exceed the smallest of 25 the following amounts:

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(1) subject to appropriation, \$5,468 for fiscal year
2009, \$5,968 for fiscal year 2010, and \$6,468 for fiscal
year 2011 and each fiscal year thereafter, or such lesser
amount as the Commission finds to be available, during an
academic year;

- (2) the amount which equals 2 semesters or 3 quarters tuition and other necessary fees required generally by the institution of all full-time undergraduate students; or
- (3) such amount as the Commission finds to be appropriate in view of the applicant's financial resources.

Subject to appropriation, the maximum grant amount for students not subject to subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) must be increased by the same percentage as any increase made by law to the maximum grant amount under subdivision (1) of this subsection (c).

"Tuition and other necessary fees" as used in this Section include the customary charge for instruction and use of facilities in general, and the additional fixed fees charged for specified purposes, which are required generally of nongrant recipients for each academic period for which the grant applicant actually enrolls, but do not include fees payable only once or breakage fees and other contingent deposits which are refundable in whole or in part. The Commission may prescribe, by rule not inconsistent with this Section, detailed provisions concerning the computation of

- 1 tuition and other necessary fees.
 - (d) No applicant, including those presently receiving scholarship assistance under this Act, is eligible for monetary award program consideration under this Act after receiving a baccalaureate degree or the equivalent of 135 semester credit hours of award payments.
 - (e) The Commission, in determining the number of grants to be offered, shall take into consideration past experience with the rate of grant funds unclaimed by recipients. The Commission shall notify applicants that grant assistance is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds.
 - (f) The Commission may request appropriations for deposit into the Monetary Award Program Reserve Fund. Monies deposited into the Monetary Award Program Reserve Fund may be expended exclusively for one purpose: to make Monetary Award Program grants to eligible students. Amounts on deposit in the Monetary Award Program Reserve Fund, other than amounts deposited as a result of the tax amnesty program established under Section 10 of the Tax Delinquency Amnesty Act, may not exceed 2% of the current annual State appropriation for the Monetary Award Program.

The purpose of the Monetary Award Program Reserve Fund is to enable the Commission each year to assure as many students as possible of their eligibility for a Monetary Award Program grant and to do so before commencement of the academic year. Moneys deposited in this Reserve Fund are intended to enhance

- 1 the Commission's management of the Monetary Award Program,
- 2 minimizing the necessity, magnitude, and frequency of
- adjusting award amounts and ensuring that the annual Monetary 3
- 4 Award Program appropriation can be fully utilized.
- 5 (g) The Commission shall determine the eligibility of and
- make grants to applicants enrolled at qualified for-profit 6
- institutions in accordance with the criteria set forth in this 7
- Section. The eligibility of applicants enrolled at such 8
- 9 for-profit institutions shall be limited as follows:
- 10 (1) Beginning with the academic year 1997, only to
- 11 eligible first-time freshmen and first-time transfer
- students who have attained an associate degree. 12
- (2) Beginning with the academic year 1998, only to 13
- eligible freshmen students, transfer students who have 14
- 15 attained an associate degree, and students who receive a
- 16 grant under paragraph (1) for the academic year 1997 and
- whose grants are being renewed for the academic year 1998. 17
- (3) Beginning with the academic year 1999, to all 18
- 19 eligible students.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 95-917, eff. 8-26-08.)
- 21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 22 becoming law.".