

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB3754

Introduced 2/25/2009, by Rep. Karen May

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Individual Health Insurance Fairness Law. Provides that no insurer authorized to transact the class of business set forth in Class 1 and Class 2 (accident and health) of the Insurance Code and issuing small group coverage may deny coverage to applicants based on health status. Creates the Health Insurance Financial Transparency Law. Provides that all insurers authorized to transact the class of business set forth in Class 1 and Class 2 (accident and health) of the Insurance Code shall maintain a minimum medical loss ratio of 85% or above for all companies in the individual and small group markets. Provides that such companies may average total costs across all plans. Creates the Small Group and Self-Employed Health Insurance Fairness Law. Provides that all insurers, as defined in the Law, shall offer one or more health insurance choice policies to employees of eligible employers in this State and to self-employed persons. Provides that an insurer offering a policy under the Law may not base insurance ratings on the health status or claims experience in the employer-based small group market. Creates the Health Insurer Accountability and Patient Protection Law. Provides that in cases of an adverse determination by an insurer or health carrier, the insurer or health carrier shall provide for external independent reviews of claim denials or adverse determinations. Sets forth provisions concerning denials of treatment for mental and emotional disorders. Creates the Illinois Affordable Health Insurance Law. Contains a short title provision only. Makes other changes.

LRB096 10358 RPM 20528 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

/	1	ARTICLE	5	TMDTU	T DII A T.	HEALTH

5 INSURANCE FAIRNESS LAW

Section 5-1. Short title. This Law may be cited as the Individual Health Insurance Fairness Law.

Section 5-5. Guaranteed issue. No insurer authorized to transact the class of business set forth in subsection (b) of Class 1 and subsection (a) of Class 2 of Section 4 of the Illinois Insurance Code and issuing small group coverage may deny coverage to applicants based on health status. An insurer under this Section must use standard risk rates to set premiums for each plan and may not apply any risk adjustment factor for the first 4 years of implementation under this Section to account for the health status of individuals. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Law, this Section shall not apply to cases where an:

- (1) individual does not work or reside in the plan's service area;
- 21 (2) insurer can demonstrate a lack of capacity for new applicants; or

1	(3) ind	dividual	has	been	an	Illinois	resi	dent	for	6
2	months	or	less,	unles	s the	9 3	individual	is	HIPA	A-CH	ΙP
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ARTICLE 10. HEALTH INSURANCE

FINANCIAL TRANSPARENCY LAW

Section 10-1. Short title. This Law may be cited as the
Health Insurance Financial Transparency Law.

Section 10-5. Minimum medical loss ratio. All insurers authorized to transact the class of business set forth in subsection (b) of Class 1 and subsection (a) of Class 2 of Section 4 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall maintain a minimum medical loss ratio of 85% or above for all companies in the individual and small group markets. Such companies may average total costs across all plans. The Division of Insurance within the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may establish rules to exclude new plans for up to the first 2 years. For the purposes of this Section, "minimum medical loss ratio" means the minimum percentage of premium dollars that must be spent on medical care rather than on administrative costs, marketing costs, and profit.

ARTICLE 15. SMALL GROUP AND SELF-EMPLOYED

HEALTH INSURANCE FAIRNESS LAW

- 1 Section 15-1. Short title. This Law may be cited as the
- 2 Small Group and Self-Employed Health Insurance Fairness Law.
- 3 Section 15-5. Definitions. For purposes of this Law:
- 4 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 5 Professional Regulation.
- 6 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Insurance
- 7 of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 8 "Eligible employer" means a small employer (1) that has not
- 9 offered group health plans to its employees for at least 12
- 10 months before the employee applies for such coverage under a
- 11 health insurance choice policy; and (2) whose average annual
- 12 compensation paid to employees is less than 250% of the Federal
- poverty level.
- "Employee" means an employee who is scheduled to work not
- less than 20 hours per week on a regular basis.
- 16 "Enrollee" means an individual covered under a health
- insurance choice policy, including both an employee and his or
- 18 her dependents.
- "Federal poverty level" means the federal poverty level
- 20 quidelines published annually by the United States Department
- of Health and Human Services.
- "Group health plan" has the meaning given to such term in
- 23 the Illinois Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
- 24 Act.

- 1 "Health insurance choice policy" or "policy" means a policy
- 2 of accident and health insurance that provides standard
- 3 required benefits.
- 4 "Insurer" means a small employer carrier as such term is
- 5 defined in the Small Employer Health Insurer Rating Act.
- 6 "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of
- 7 Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 8 "Small employer" has the meaning given that term in the
- 9 Illinois Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
- "State-mandated health benefits" means coverage required
- 11 under the laws of this State to be provided in a group major
- 12 medical policy for accident and health insurance or a contract
- for a health-related condition that: (1) includes coverage for
- 14 specific health care services or benefits; (2) places
- 15 limitations or restrictions on deductibles, coinsurance,
- 16 co-payments, or any annual or lifetime maximum benefit amounts;
- or (3) includes coverage for a specific category of licensed
- 18 health practitioner from whom an insured is entitled to receive
- 19 care.
- 20 Section 15-10. Group and self-employed health insurance
- 21 policies; rates.
- 22 (a) All insurers, as defined in Section 15-5 of this Law,
- 23 shall offer one or more health insurance choice policies to
- 24 employees of eligible employers in this State and to
- 25 self-employed persons.

- (b) An insurer that offers one or more health insurance choice policies under this Law to the employees of an eligible employer and to self-employed persons must also offer to all employees of such eligible employer at least one accident and health insurance policy that has been filed with and approved by the Department and includes coverage for the State-mandated health benefits required of such policy.
- (c) Each employee may elect whether he or she wants to apply for coverage.
- (d) An insurer offering a policy under this Section may not base insurance ratings on the health status or claims experience in the employer-based small group market. Rates for small groups may vary from the adjusted community rate based only on employee characteristics related to: age, geographic area, family size, and participation in wellness activities. Age brackets may not be smaller than 5-year increments for ages 20 through 65. Employees under age 20 shall be treated as those age 20. The following provisions shall apply with regard to age:
 - (1) Year 1: The premiums for highest-rated age group may be no more than 425% of the premiums for lowest-rated age group.
 - (2) Years 2 and 3: 400% variation allowed.
- 24 (3) Years 4 and after: 375% variation allowed.
- Annual rate adjustments are allowed for each plan based on deductible levels, benefit design, or provider network

- 1 characteristics. Adjustments may not be more than 4% of the
- 2 overall adjustment for the carrier's entire small employer
- 3 pool.

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4 ARTICLE 20. HEALTH INSURER ACCOUNTABILITY

AND PATIENT PROTECTION LAW

- Section 20-1. Short title. This Law may be cited as the
 Health Insurer Accountability and Patient Protection Law.
- 8 Section 20-5. Definitions. For the purposes of this Law:
 - "Adverse determination" means a determination by a health carrier or its designee utilization review organization that an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or other health care service that is a covered benefit has been reviewed and, based upon the information provided, does not meet the health carrier's requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or effectiveness, and the requested service or payment for the service is therefore denied, reduced, or terminated.

"Authorized representative" means:

- (i) a person to whom a covered person has given express written consent to represent the covered person in an external review;
- (ii) a person authorized by law to provide substituted consent for a covered person;

- 1 (iii) a family member of the covered person; or
- 2 (iv) the covered person's health care provider.
- 3 "Clinical review criteria" means the written screening
- 4 procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and
- 5 practice guidelines used by a health carrier to determine the
- 6 necessity and appropriateness of health care services.
- 7 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Insurance
- 8 within the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional
- 9 Regulation.
- "Covered benefits" or "benefits" means those health care
- 11 services to which a covered person is entitled under the terms
- of a health benefit plan.
- "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber,
- 14 enrollee, or other individual participating in a health benefit
- 15 plan.
- "Emergency medical condition" means the sudden onset of a
- 17 health condition or illness that requires immediate medical
- 18 attention, where failure to provide medical attention would
- 19 result in a serious impairment to bodily functions or a serious
- 20 dysfunction of a bodily organ or part or would place the
- 21 person's health in serious jeopardy.
- "Emergency services" means health care items and services
- 23 furnished or required to evaluate and treat an emergency
- 24 medical condition.
- 25 "Evidence-based standard" means a standard of care
- 26 developed through the judicious use of the current best

- 1 evidence and based on an overall systematic review of
- 2 applicable research.
- 3 "Facility" means an institution providing health care
- 4 services or a health care setting.
- 5 "Final adverse determination" means an adverse
- 6 determination involving a covered benefit that has been upheld
- 7 by a health carrier, or its designee utilization review
- 8 organization, at the completion of the health carrier's
- 9 internal grievance process procedures as set forth in Section
- 10 45 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.
- "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract,
- 12 certificate, plan, or agreement offered or issued by a health
- carrier to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse
- any of the costs of health care services.
- "Health care provider" or "provider" means a physician or
- 16 other health care practitioner licensed, accredited, or
- 17 certified to perform specified health care services consistent
- 18 with State law, responsible for recommending health care
- services on behalf of a covered person.
- "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis,
- 21 prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health condition,
- 22 illness, injury, or disease.
- "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance
- 24 laws and regulations of this State, or subject to the
- 25 jurisdiction of the Director, that contracts or offers to
- 26 contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or

- 1 reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including a
- 2 sickness and accident insurance company, a health maintenance
- 3 organization, a nonprofit hospital and health service
- 4 corporation, or any other entity providing a plan of health
- 5 insurance, health benefits, or health care services.
- 6 "Health carrier" also means Limited Health Service
- 7 Organizations (LHSO) and Voluntary Health Service Plans.
- 8 "Health information" means information or data, whether
- 9 oral or recorded in any form or medium, and personal facts or
- information about events or relationships that relate to:
- 11 (1) the past, present, or future physical, mental, or
- behavioral health or condition of an individual or a member
- of the individual's family;
- 14 (2) the provision of health care services to an
- 15 individual; or
- 16 (3) payment for the provision of health care services
- to an individual.
- "Independent review organization" means an entity that
- 19 conducts independent external reviews of adverse
- 20 determinations and final adverse determinations.
- "Medical or scientific evidence" means evidence found in
- the following sources:
- 23 (1) peer-reviewed scientific studies published in or
- 24 accepted for publication by medical journals that meet
- 25 nationally recognized requirements for scientific
- 26 manuscripts and that submit most of their published

1	articles	for	review	by	experts	who	are	not	part	of	the
2	editorial	. sta	ff;								

- (2) peer-reviewed medical literature, including literature relating to therapies reviewed and approved by a qualified institutional review board, biomedical compendia, and other medical literature that meet the criteria of the National Institutes of Health's Library of Medicine for indexing in Index Medicus (Medline) and Elsevier Science Ltd. for indexing in Excerpta Medicus (EMBASE);
- (3) medical journals recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under Section 1861(t)(2) of the federal Social Security Act;
 - (4) the following standard reference compendia:
 - (a) the American Hospital Formulary Service-Drug Information:
 - (b) Drug Facts and Comparisons;
 - (c) the American Dental Association Accepted Dental Therapeutics; and
 - (d) the United States Pharmacopoeia-Drug Information;
- (5) findings, studies, or research conducted by or under the auspices of federal government agencies and nationally recognized federal research institutes, including:
- (a) the federal Agency for Healthcare Research and

1	Quality;
2	(b) the National Institutes of Health;
3	(c) the National Cancer Institute;
4	(d) the National Academy of Sciences;
5	(e) the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services;
6	(f) the federal Food and Drug Administration; and
7	(g) any national board recognized by the National
8	Institutes of Health for the purpose of evaluating the
9	medical value of health care services; or
10	(6) any other medical or scientific evidence that is
11	comparable to the sources listed in items (1) through (5).
12	"Protected health information" means health information
13	(i) that identifies an individual who is the subject of the
14	information; or (ii) with respect to which there is a
15	reasonable basis to believe that the information could be used
16	to identify an individual.
17	"Utilization review" has the meaning provided by the
18	Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.
19	"Utilization review organization" means a utilization
20	review program as defined by the Managed Care Reform and
21	Patient Rights Act.

- 22 Section 20-10. Applicability and scope.
- 23 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this Law shall apply to all health carriers.
- 25 (b) The provisions of this Law shall not apply to a policy

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or certificate that provides coverage only for a specified disease, specified accident or accident-only coverage, credit, dental, disability income, hospital indemnity, long-term care insurance, as defined by Article XIXA of the Illinois Insurance Code, vision care, or any other limited supplemental benefit or to a Medicare supplement policy of insurance, as defined by the Director by rule, coverage under a plan through Medicare, Medicaid, or the federal employees health benefits program, any coverage issued under Chapter 55 of Title 10, U.S. Code and any coverage issued as a supplement to that coverage, any coverage issued as supplemental to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, automobile medical-payment insurance, or any insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault, whether written on a group blanket or individual basis.

- Section 20-15. Notice of right to external review.
- 17 (a) In cases of an adverse determination by an insurer or 18 health carrier, the insurer or health carrier shall provide for 19 external independent reviews of claim denials or adverse 20 determinations.
- 21 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, enrollees 22 to request an external independent review may make a request 23 for an external independent review up to 180 days after an 24 adverse determination.
- 25 (c) At the same time the health carrier sends written

- 1 notice of a covered person's right to appeal a coverage
- 2 decision as provided by the Managed Care Reform and Patient
- 3 Rights Act, a health carrier shall notify a covered person and
- 4 a covered person's health care provider in writing of the
- 5 covered person's right to request an external review as
- 6 provided by this Law.
- 7 Section 20-20. Denials of treatment for mental and
- 8 emotional disorders.
- 9 (a) For denials of treatment for mental and emotional
- 10 disorders, a health carrier shall communicate with the
- 11 insured's attending mental health provider and provide
- 12 specific information on review criteria, evaluation methods
- used, and the credentials of the peer reviewer selected by the
- 14 carrier.
- 15 (b) For group policies, the insured's health care provider
- shall make the final determination of medical necessity for the
- 17 treatment of mental and emotional disorders.
- 18 Section 20-25. Uniform applications. Health carriers in
- 19 the small group market shall disseminate to enrollees who
- 20 request an external independent review a standard application
- 21 form as developed by the Division. The Division shall develop a
- 22 standard individual health statement form to be used as the
- 23 sole method of determining an individual's health status for
- independent external reviews. The Division may develop the

- 1 forms required under this Section in cooperation with health
- 2 carriers in the small group market.
- 3 Section 20-30. Office of Patient Protection. There is
- 4 hereby established within the Division of Insurance an Office
- of Patient Protection to assist consumers, monitor health
- 6 insurer compliance, and investigate claims practices.
- 7 ARTICLE 25. ILLINOIS AFFORDABLE HEALTH INSURANCE LAW
- 8 Section 25-1. Short title. This Law may be cited as the
- 9 Illinois Affordable Health Insurance Law.