

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB2896

Introduced 2/24/2009, by Rep. Tom Cross

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/10-19

from Ch. 122, par. 10-19

Amends the School Code. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the length of a school term.

LRB096 06110 NHT 16192 b

1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 5 10-19 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/10-19) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-19)

7 Sec. 10-19. Length of school term - experimental programs. 8 Each school board shall annually prepare a calendar for the the 9 school term, specifying the opening and closing dates and providing a minimum term of at least 185 days to insure 176 10 days of actual pupil attendance, computable under Section 11 18-8.05, except that for the 1980-1981 school year only 175 12 days of actual pupil attendance shall be required because of 13 14 the closing of schools pursuant to Section 24-2 on January 29, 1981 upon the appointment by the President of that day as a day 15 16 of thanksgiving for the freedom of the Americans who had been 17 held hostage in Iran. Any days allowed by law for teachers' institute but not used as such or used as parental institutes 18 19 as provided in Section 10-22.18d shall increase the minimum 20 term by the school days not so used. Except as provided in 21 Section 10-19.1, the board may not extend the school term 22 beyond such closing date unless that extension of term is necessary to provide the minimum number of computable days. In 23

case of such necessary extension school employees shall be paid for such additional time on the basis of their regular contracts. A school board may specify a closing date earlier than that set on the annual calendar when the schools of the district have provided the minimum number of computable days under this Section. Nothing in this Section prevents the board from employing superintendents of schools, principals and other nonteaching personnel for a period of 12 months, or in the case of superintendents for a period in accordance with Section 10-23.8, or prevents the board from employing other personnel before or after the regular school term with payment of salary proportionate to that received for comparable work during the school term.

A school board may make such changes in its calendar for the school term as may be required by any changes in the legal school holidays prescribed in Section 24-2. A school board may make changes in its calendar for the school term as may be necessary to reflect the utilization of teachers' institute days as parental institute days as provided in Section 10-22.18d.

The calendar for the school term and any changes must be submitted to and approved by the regional superintendent of schools before the calendar or changes may take effect.

With the prior approval of the State Board of Education and subject to review by the State Board of Education every 3 years, any school board may, by resolution of its board and in

agents, establish experimental educational programs, including but not limited to programs for self-directed learning or outside of formal class periods, which programs when so approved shall be considered to comply with the requirements of this Section as respects numbers of days of actual pupil attendance and with the other requirements of this Act as respects courses of instruction.

9 (Source: P.A. 93-1036, eff. 9-14-04.)