## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2009 and 2010

### HB2332

Introduced 2/18/2009, by Rep. Careen M Gordon

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

50 ILCS 722/10 50 ILCS 722/90 new 50 ILCS 722/92 new 30 ILCS 805/8.33 new

Amends the Missing Persons Identification Act. Revises the list of persons who are considered a "high-risk missing person". Requires law enforcement agencies to actively search for high-risk missing persons that may be in the area. Provides that law enforcement agencies must comply with the requirements of the Act. Limits the exercise of concurrent home rule powers. Provides that the Act is exempt from the reimbursement requirements of the State Mandates Act. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning local government.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Missing Persons Identification Act is 5 amended by changing Section 10 and by adding Sections 90 and 92 6 as follows:

7 (50 ILCS 722/10)

8 Sec. 10. Law enforcement analysis and reporting of missing 9 person information.

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(a) Prompt determination of high-risk missing person.

(1) Definition. "High-risk missing person" means a person whose whereabouts are not currently known and whose circumstances indicate that the person may be at risk of injury or death. The circumstances that indicate that a person is a high-risk missing person include, but are not limited to, any of the following:

17 (A) the person is missing as a result of a stranger
18 abduction;

19(B) the person is missing under suspicious20circumstances;

21 <u>(A)</u> <del>(C)</del> the person is missing under unknown 22 circumstances;

(D) the person is missing under known dangerous

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1 circumstances; 2 (B) (E) the person is missing more than 30 days; 3 (C) (F) the person has already been designated as a high-risk missing person by another law enforcement 4 5 agency; 6 (D) (G) there is evidence that the person is at risk because: 7 8 (i) the person is in need of medical attention 9 or prescription medication; 10 (ii) the person does not have a pattern of 11 running away or disappearing; 12 (iii) the person may have been abducted by a 13 non-custodial parent; 14 (iv) the person is mentally impaired; 15 (v) the person has an active order of 16 protection against another or has requested an 17 order of protection within the previous 12 months 18 is under the age of 21; 19 (vi) the person has been the subject of past 20 threats or acts of violence by another; 21 (vii) the person has been the victim of 22 domestic violence, stalking, aggravated stalking, 23 a sex offense under Article 11 or bodily harm under 24 Article 12 of the Criminal Code of 1961, attempted 25 murder, or any documented act or threat of violence 26 eloped from a nursing home; or

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1(E)(H)any other factor that may, in the judgment2of the law enforcement official, indicate that the3missing person may be at risk.

(2) Law enforcement risk assessment.

5 (A) Upon initial receipt of a missing person 6 report, the law enforcement agency shall immediately 7 determine whether there is a basis to determine that 8 the missing person is a high-risk missing person.

9 (B) If a law enforcement agency has previously 10 determined that a missing person is not a high-risk 11 missing person, but obtains new information, it shall 12 immediately determine whether the information 13 indicates that the missing person is a high-risk 14 missing person.

15 (C) Law enforcement agencies are encouraged to 16 establish written protocols for the handling of 17 missing person cases to accomplish the purposes of this 18 Act.

19 (3) Law enforcement agency reports.

20 (A) The responding local law enforcement agency shall immediately enter all collected information 21 22 relating to the missing person case in the Law 23 Enforcement Agencies Data System (LEADS) and the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) databases. 24 25 The information shall be provided in accordance with 26 applicable quidelines relating to the databases. The HB2332 - 4 - LRB096 10066 RLJ 20231 b

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information shall be entered as follows:

2 (i) All appropriate DNA profiles, as 3 determined by the Department of State Police, uploaded into the missing person 4 shall be 5 databases of the State DNA Index System (SDIS) and 6 National DNA Index System (NDIS) after completion 7 of the DNA analysis and other procedures required for database entry. 8

9 (ii) Information relevant to the Federal 10 Bureau of Investigation's Violent Criminal 11 Apprehension Program shall be entered as soon as 12 possible.

13 The Department of State Police shall (iii) 14 ensure that persons entering data relating to medical or dental records in State or federal 15 16 databases are specifically trained to understand 17 and correctly enter the information sought by these databases. The Department of State Police 18 19 shall either use a person with specific expertise 20 in medical or dental records for this purpose or consult with a chief medical examiner, forensic 21 22 anthropologist, or odontologist to ensure the 23 accuracy and completeness of information entered into the State and federal databases. 24

(B) The Department of State Police shall
immediately notify all law enforcement agencies within

1 this State and the surrounding region of the 2 information that will aid in the prompt location and 3 safe return of the high-risk missing person.

4 (C) The local law enforcement agencies that 5 receive the notification from the Department of State 6 Police, or otherwise are aware that a high-risk missing 7 <u>person may be in the area</u>, shall notify officers to be 8 on the lookout for <u>and to actively search for</u> the 9 missing person or a suspected abductor.

10 (D) Pursuant to any applicable State criteria, 11 local law enforcement agencies shall also provide for 12 the prompt use of an Amber Alert in cases involving 13 abducted children; or public dissemination of 14 photographs in appropriate high risk cases.

15 (Source: P.A. 95-192, eff. 8-16-07.)

16 (50 ILCS 722/90 new)

Sec. 90. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this Act.

(50 ILCS 722/92 new)
Sec. 92. Home rule preemption. All law enforcement
agencies, including those of home rule units, must comply with
the requirements of this Act. Governmental entities employing

1	law enforcement personnel are authorized to take additional
2	steps to ensure that the purposes of this Act are accomplished.
3	This Section is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6
4	of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent
5	exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised
6	by the State.

7 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding8 Section 8.33 as follows:

9 (30 ILCS 805/8.33 new)

Sec. 8.33. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by the Missing Persons Identification Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.