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1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 5 changing Section 15-1508 as follows:

6 (735 ILCS 5/15-1508) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1508)

Sec. 15-1508. Report of Sale and Confirmation of Sale.

8 (a) Report. The person conducting the sale shall promptly 9 make a report to the court, which report shall include a copy 10 of all receipts and, if any, certificate of sale.

(b) Hearing. Upon motion and notice in accordance with 11 12 court rules applicable to motions generally, which motion shall 13 not be made prior to sale, the court shall conduct a hearing to 14 confirm the sale. Unless the court finds that (i) a notice required in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 15 was not given, (ii) the terms of sale were unconscionable, 16 17 (iii) the sale was conducted fraudulently or (iv) that justice was otherwise not done, the court shall then enter an order 18 19 confirming the sale. The confirmation order may also:

(1) approve the mortgagee's fees and costs arising
between the entry of the judgment of foreclosure and the
confirmation hearing, those costs and fees to be allowable
to the same extent as provided in the note and mortgage and

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1 in Section 15-1504;

2 (2) provide for a personal judgment against any party
3 for a deficiency; and

4 (3) determine the priority of the judgments of parties
5 who deferred proving the priority pursuant to subsection
6 (h) of Section 15-1506, but the court shall not defer
7 confirming the sale pending the determination of such
8 priority.

9 (b-5) Notice with respect to residential real estate. With 10 respect to residential real estate, the notice required under 11 subsection (b) of this Section shall be sent to the mortgagor 12 even if the mortgagor has previously been held in default. In the event the mortgagor has filed an appearance, the notice 13 14 shall be sent to the address indicated on the appearance. In 15 all other cases, the notice shall be sent to the mortgagor at 16 the common address of the foreclosed property. The notice shall 17 be sent by first class mail. Unless the right to possession has been previously terminated by the court, the notice shall 18 19 include the following language in 12-point boldface 20 capitalized type:

21 IF YOU ARE THE MORTGAGOR (HOMEOWNER), YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO 22 REMAIN IN POSSESSION FOR 30 DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF AN ORDER OF 23 POSSESSION, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 15-1701(c) OF THE 24 ILLINOIS MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE LAW.

(c) Failure to Give Notice. If any sale is held without
 compliance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 of this

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Article, any party entitled to the notice provided for in 1 2 paragraph (3) of that subsection (c) who was not so notified 3 by motion supported by affidavit made prior may, to confirmation of such sale, ask the court which entered the 4 5 judgment to set aside the sale, provided that such party shall 6 guarantee or secure by bond a bid equal to the successful bid 7 at the prior sale. Any such party shall guarantee or secure by 8 bond a bid equal to the successful bid at the prior sale, 9 unless the party seeking to set aside the sale is the 10 mortgagor, the real estate sold at the sale is residential real 11 estate, and the mortgagor occupies the residential real estate 12 at the time the motion is filed. In that event, no guarantee or 13 bond shall be required of the mortgagor. Any subsequent sale is 14 subject to the same notice requirement as the original sale.

15 (d) Validity of Sale. Except as provided in subsection (c) 16 of Section 15-1508, no sale under this Article shall be held 17 invalid or be set aside because of any defect in the notice thereof or in the publication of the same, or 18 in the proceedings of the officer conducting the sale, except upon 19 20 good cause shown in a hearing pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 15-1508. At any time after a sale has occurred, any 21 22 party entitled to notice under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) 23 of Section 15-1507 may recover from the mortgagee any damages caused by the mortgagee's failure to comply with such paragraph 24 25 (3). Any party who recovers damages in a judicial proceeding 26 brought under this subsection may also recover from the HB2005 Enrolled - 4 - LRB096 05442 AJO 15508 b

1 mortgagee the reasonable expenses of litigation, including 2 reasonable attorney's fees.

(e) Deficiency Judgment. In any order confirming a sale 3 pursuant to the judgment of foreclosure, the court shall also 4 5 enter a personal judgment for deficiency against any party (i) 6 if otherwise authorized and (ii) to the extent requested in the 7 complaint and proven upon presentation of the report of sale in accordance with Section 15-1508. Except as otherwise provided 8 9 in this Article, a judgment may be entered for any balance of 10 money that may be found due to the plaintiff, over and above 11 the proceeds of the sale or sales, and enforcement may be had 12 for the collection of such balance, the same as when the 13 judgment is solely for the payment of money. Such judgment may 14 be entered, or enforcement had, only in cases where personal 15 service has been had upon the persons personally liable for the 16 mortgage indebtedness, unless they have entered their 17 appearance in the foreclosure action.

(f) Satisfaction. Upon confirmation of the sale, the judgment stands satisfied to the extent of the sale price less expenses and costs. If the order confirming the sale includes a deficiency judgment, the judgment shall become a lien in the manner of any other judgment for the payment of money.

(g) The order confirming the sale shall include, notwithstanding any previous orders awarding possession during the pendency of the foreclosure, an award to the purchaser of possession of the mortgaged real estate, as of the date 30 days HB2005 Enrolled - 5 - LRB096 05442 AJO 15508 b

after the entry of the order, against the parties to the
 foreclosure whose interests have been terminated.

3 An order of possession authorizing the removal of a person from possession of the mortgaged real estate shall be entered 4 5 and enforced only against those persons personally named as individuals in the complaint or the petition under subsection 6 (h) of Section 15-1701 and in the order of possession and shall 7 8 not be entered and enforced against any person who is only 9 generically described as an unknown owner or nonrecord claimant 10 or by another generic designation in the complaint.

11 Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, the failure to 12 personally name, include, or seek an award of possession of the 13 mortgaged real estate against a person in the confirmation 14 order shall not abrogate any right that the purchaser may have 15 to possession of the mortgaged real estate and to maintain a 16 proceeding against that person for possession under Article 9 17 of this Code or subsection (h) of Section 15-1701; and possession against a person who (1) has not been personally 18 19 named as a party to the foreclosure and (2) has not been 20 provided an opportunity to be heard in the foreclosure 21 proceeding may be sought only by maintaining a proceeding under 22 Article 9 of this Code or subsection (h) of Section 15-1701. 23 (Source: P.A. 95-826, eff. 8-14-08.)

24 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 25 becoming law.