

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB1302

Introduced 2/18/2009, by Rep. Kevin Joyce

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

5 ILCS 315/4 from Ch. 48, par. 1604 5 ILCS 315/14 from Ch. 48, par. 1614

Amends the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act. Includes manning levels in the terms and conditions of employment subject to collective bargaining and, with respect to peace officers, within the scope of arbitration decisions.

LRB096 08300 JAM 18408 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning government.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Public Labor Relations Act is amended by changing Sections 4 and 14 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 315/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 1604)
- 7 Sec. 4. Management Rights. Employers shall not be required 8 to bargain over matters of inherent managerial policy, which 9 shall include such areas of discretion or policy as the 10 functions of the employer, standards of services, its overall budget, the organizational structure and selection of new 11 employees, examination techniques and direction of employees. 12 13 Employers, however, shall be required to bargain collectively 14 with regard to policy matters directly affecting wages, hours and terms and conditions of employment, including manning, as 15 16 well as the impact thereon upon request by employee 17 representatives.
  - To preserve the rights of employers and exclusive representatives which have established collective bargaining relationships or negotiated collective bargaining agreements prior to the effective date of this Act, employers shall be required to bargain collectively with regard to any matter concerning wages, hours or conditions of employment about which

- they have bargained for and agreed to in a collective bargaining agreement prior to the effective date of this Act.
- 3 The chief judge of the judicial circuit that employs a
- 4 public employee who is a court reporter, as defined in the
- 5 Court Reporters Act, has the authority to hire, appoint,
- 6 promote, evaluate, discipline, and discharge court reporters
- 7 within that judicial circuit.
- 8 Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly
- 9 shall be construed to intrude upon the judicial functions of
- 10 any court. This amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly
- applies only to nonjudicial administrative matters relating to
- 12 the collective bargaining rights of court reporters.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-98, eff. 7-1-05.)
- 14 (5 ILCS 315/14) (from Ch. 48, par. 1614)
- 15 Sec. 14. Security Employee, Peace Officer and Fire Fighter
- 16 Disputes.
- 17 (a) In the case of collective bargaining agreements
- involving units of security employees of a public employer,
- 19 Peace Officer Units, or units of fire fighters or paramedics,
- 20 and in the case of disputes under Section 18, unless the
- 21 parties mutually agree to some other time limit, mediation
- 22 shall commence 30 days prior to the expiration date of such
- 23 agreement or at such later time as the mediation services
- 24 chosen under subsection (b) of Section 12 can be provided to
- 25 the parties. In the case of negotiations for an initial

collective bargaining agreement, mediation shall commence upon 15 days notice from either party or at such later time as the mediation services chosen pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 12 can be provided to the parties. In mediation under this Section, if either party requests the use of mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, the other party shall either join in such request or bear the additional cost of mediation services from another source. The mediator shall have a duty to keep the Board informed on the progress of the mediation. If any dispute has not been resolved within 15 days after the first meeting of the parties and the mediator, or within such other time limit as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties, either the exclusive representative or employer may request of the other, in writing, arbitration, and shall submit a copy of the request to the Board.

- (b) Within 10 days after such a request for arbitration has been made, the employer shall choose a delegate and the employees' exclusive representative shall choose a delegate to a panel of arbitration as provided in this Section. The employer and employees shall forthwith advise the other and the Board of their selections.
- (c) Within 7 days of the request of either party, the Board shall select from the Public Employees Labor Mediation Roster 7 persons who are on the labor arbitration panels of either the American Arbitration Association or the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, or who are members of the National

Academy of Arbitrators, as nominees for impartial arbitrator of the arbitration panel. The parties may select an individual on the list provided by the Board or any other individual mutually agreed upon by the parties. Within 7 days following the receipt of the list, the parties shall notify the Board of the person they have selected. Unless the parties agree on an alternate selection procedure, they shall alternatively strike one name from the list provided by the Board until only one name remains. A coin toss shall determine which party shall strike the first name. If the parties fail to notify the Board in a timely manner of their selection for neutral chairman, the Board shall appoint a neutral chairman from the Illinois Public Employees Mediation/Arbitration Roster.

(d) The chairman shall call a hearing to begin within 15 days and give reasonable notice of the time and place of the hearing. The hearing shall be held at the offices of the Board or at such other location as the Board deems appropriate. The chairman shall preside over the hearing and shall take testimony. Any oral or documentary evidence and other data deemed relevant by the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. The proceedings shall be informal. Technical rules of evidence shall not apply and the competency of the evidence shall not thereby be deemed impaired. A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be made and the arbitrator shall arrange for the necessary recording service. Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party ordering them, but the transcripts

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shall not be necessary for a decision by the arbitration panel.

2 The expense of the proceedings, including a fee for the

chairman, established in advance by the Board, shall be borne

equally by each of the parties to the dispute. The delegates,

if public officers or employees, shall continue on the payroll

of the public employer without loss of pay. The hearing

conducted by the arbitration panel may be adjourned from time

to time, but unless otherwise agreed by the parties, shall be

concluded within 30 days of the time of its commencement.

Majority actions and rulings shall constitute the actions and

rulings of the arbitration panel. Arbitration proceedings

under this Section shall not be interrupted or terminated by

reason of any unfair labor practice charge filed by either

14 party at any time.

(e) The arbitration panel may administer oaths, require the attendance of witnesses, and the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements and documents as may be deemed by it material to a just determination of the issues in dispute, and for such purpose may issue subpoenas. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena, or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any witness, party or attorney is guilty of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing, the arbitration panel may, or the attorney general if requested shall, invoke the aid of any circuit court within the jurisdiction in which the hearing is being held, which court shall issue an appropriate order. Any failure to obey the order may be punished by the court as

contempt.

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- (f) At any time before the rendering of an award, the chairman of the arbitration panel, if he is of the opinion that it would be useful or beneficial to do so, may remand the dispute to the parties for further collective bargaining for a period not to exceed 2 weeks. If the dispute is remanded for further collective bargaining the time provisions of this Act shall be extended for a time period equal to that of the remand. The chairman of the panel of arbitration shall notify the Board of the remand.
- (q) At or before the conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to subsection (d), the arbitration panel shall identify the economic issues in dispute, and direct each of the parties to submit, within such time limit as the panel shall prescribe, to the arbitration panel and to each other its last offer of settlement on each economic issue. The determination of the arbitration panel as to the issues in dispute and as to which of these issues are economic shall be conclusive. The arbitration panel, within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, or such further additional periods to which the parties may agree, shall make written findings of fact and promulgate a written opinion and shall mail or otherwise deliver a true copy thereof to the parties and their representatives and to the Board. As to each economic issue, the arbitration panel shall adopt the last offer of settlement which, in the opinion of the arbitration panel, more nearly

- 1 complies with the applicable factors prescribed in subsection
- 2 (h). The findings, opinions and order as to all other issues
- 3 shall be based upon the applicable factors prescribed in
- 4 subsection (h).
- 5 (h) Where there is no agreement between the parties, or
- 6 where there is an agreement but the parties have begun
- 7 negotiations or discussions looking to a new agreement or
- 8 amendment of the existing agreement, and wage rates or other
- 9 conditions of employment under the proposed new or amended
- 10 agreement are in dispute, the arbitration panel shall base its
- 11 findings, opinions and order upon the following factors, as
- 12 applicable:

- (1) The lawful authority of the employer.
- 14 (2) Stipulations of the parties.
- 15 (3) The interests and welfare of the public and the
- 16 financial ability of the unit of government to meet those
- costs.
- 18 (4) Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of
- 19 employment of the employees involved in the arbitration
- 20 proceeding with the wages, hours and conditions of
- 21 employment of other employees performing similar services
- and with other employees generally:
- 23 (A) In public employment in comparable
- communities.
- 25 (B) In private employment in comparable
- 26 communities.

- 1 (5) The average consumer prices for goods and services, 2 commonly known as the cost of living.
  - (6) The overall compensation presently received by the employees, including direct wage compensation, vacations, holidays and other excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the continuity and stability of employment and all other benefits received.
  - (7) Changes in any of the foregoing circumstances during the pendency of the arbitration proceedings.
  - (8) Such other factors, not confined to the foregoing, which are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of wages, hours and conditions of employment through voluntary collective bargaining, mediation, fact-finding, arbitration or otherwise between the parties, in the public service or in private employment.
  - (i) In the case of peace officers, the arbitration decision shall be limited to wages, hours, and conditions of employment (which may include residency requirements in municipalities with a population under 1,000,000, but those residency requirements shall not allow residency outside of Illinois) and shall not include the following: i) residency requirements in municipalities with a population of at least 1,000,000; ii) the type of equipment, other than uniforms, issued or used; iii) (blank) manning; iv) the total number of employees employed by the department; v) mutual aid and assistance agreements to

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other units of government; and vi) the criterion pursuant to which force, including deadly force, can be used; provided, nothing herein shall preclude an arbitration decision regarding equipment or manning levels if such decision is based on a finding that the equipment or manning considerations in a specific work assignment involves involve a serious risk to the safety of a peace officer beyond that which is inherent in the normal performance of police duties. Limitation of the terms of the arbitration decision pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to limit the factors upon which the decision may be based, as set forth in subsection (h).

In the case of fire fighter, and fire department or fire district paramedic matters, the arbitration decision shall be limited to wages, hours, and conditions of employment (which may include residency requirements in municipalities with a population under 1,000,000, but those residency requirements shall not allow residency outside of Illinois) and shall not include the following matters: i) residency requirements in municipalities with a population of at least 1,000,000; ii) the type of equipment (other than uniforms and fire fighter turnout gear) issued or used; iii) the total number of employees employed by the department; iv) mutual aid and assistance agreements to other units of government; and v) the criterion pursuant to which force, including deadly force, can be used; provided, however, nothing herein shall preclude arbitration decision regarding equipment levels if

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is 1 decision based on а finding that the equipment 2 considerations in a specific work assignment involve a serious risk to the safety of a fire fighter beyond that which is 3 inherent in the normal performance of fire fighter duties. 4 5 Limitation of the terms of the arbitration decision pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to limit the facts upon 6 which the decision may be based, as set forth in subsection 7 8 (h).

The changes to this subsection (i) made by Public Act 90-385 (relating to residency requirements) do not apply to persons who are employed by a combined department that performs both police and firefighting services; these persons shall be governed by the provisions of this subsection (i) relating to peace officers, as they existed before the amendment by Public Act 90-385.

To preserve historical bargaining rights, this subsection shall not apply to any provision of a fire fighter collective bargaining agreement in effect and applicable on the effective date of this Act; provided, however, nothing herein shall preclude arbitration with respect to any such provision.

(j) Arbitration procedures shall be deemed to be initiated by the filing of a letter requesting mediation as required under subsection (a) of this Section. The commencement of a new municipal fiscal year after the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act, but before the arbitration decision, or its enforcement, shall not be deemed to render a dispute

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moot, or to otherwise impair the jurisdiction or authority of the arbitration panel or its decision. Increases in rates of compensation awarded by the arbitration panel may be effective only at the start of the fiscal year next commencing after the date of the arbitration award. If a new fiscal year has commenced initiation either since the of arbitration procedures under this Act or since any mutually agreed extension of the statutorily required period of mediation under this Act by the parties to the labor dispute causing a delay in the initiation of arbitration, the foregoing limitations shall be inapplicable, and such awarded increases may be retroactive to the commencement of the fiscal year, any other statute or charter provisions to the contrary, notwithstanding. At any time the parties, by stipulation, may amend or modify an award of arbitration.

(k) Orders of the arbitration panel shall be reviewable, upon appropriate petition by either the public employer or the exclusive bargaining representative, by the circuit court for the county in which the dispute arose or in which a majority of the affected employees reside, but only for reasons that the arbitration panel was without or exceeded its statutory authority; the order is arbitrary, or capricious; or the order was procured by fraud, collusion or other similar and unlawful means. Such petitions for review must be filed with the appropriate circuit court within 90 days following the issuance of the arbitration order. The pendency of such proceeding for

- review shall not automatically stay the order of the arbitration panel. The party against whom the final decision of any such court shall be adverse, if such court finds such appeal or petition to be frivolous, shall pay reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the successful party as determined by said court in its discretion. If said court's decision affirms the award of money, such award, if retroactive, shall bear interest at the rate of 12 percent per annum from the effective retroactive date.
  - (1) During the pendency of proceedings before the arbitration panel, existing wages, hours, and other conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either party without the consent of the other but a party may so consent without prejudice to his rights or position under this Act. The proceedings are deemed to be pending before the arbitration panel upon the initiation of arbitration procedures under this Act.
  - (m) Security officers of public employers, and Peace Officers, Fire Fighters and fire department and fire protection district paramedics, covered by this Section may not withhold services, nor may public employers lock out or prevent such employees from performing services at any time.
  - (n) All of the terms decided upon by the arbitration panel shall be included in an agreement to be submitted to the public employer's governing body for ratification and adoption by law, ordinance or the equivalent appropriate means.

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The governing body shall review each term decided by the arbitration panel. If the governing body fails to reject one or more terms of the arbitration panel's decision by a 3/5 vote of those duly elected and qualified members of the governing body, within 20 days of issuance, or in the case of firefighters employed by a state university, at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the governing body after issuance, such term or terms shall become a part of the collective bargaining agreement of the parties. If the governing body affirmatively rejects one or more terms of the arbitration panel's decision, it must provide reasons for such rejection with respect to each term so rejected, within 20 days of such rejection and the parties shall return to the arbitration panel for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental decision with respect to the rejected terms. Any supplemental decision by an arbitration panel or other decision maker agreed to by the shall be submitted to the governing body for parties ratification and adoption in accordance with the procedures and voting requirements set forth in this Section. The voting requirements of this subsection shall apply to all disputes arbitration submitted to pursuant to this Section notwithstanding any contrary voting requirements contained in any existing collective bargaining agreement between the parties.

(o) If the governing body of the employer votes to reject the panel's decision, the parties shall return to the panel

- 1 within 30 days from the issuance of the reasons for rejection
- 2 for further proceedings and issuance of a supplemental
- decision. All reasonable costs of such supplemental proceeding
- 4 including the exclusive representative's reasonable attorney's
- 5 fees, as established by the Board, shall be paid by the
- 6 employer.
- 7 (p) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section the
- 8 employer and exclusive representative may agree to submit
- 9 unresolved disputes concerning wages, hours, terms and
- 10 conditions of employment to an alternative form of impasse
- 11 resolution.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 89-195, eff. 7-21-95; 90-202, eff. 7-24-97;
- 13 90-385, eff. 8-15-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)