96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB0966

Introduced 2/10/2009, by Rep. LaShawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the MR/DD Community Care Act and amends the Nursing Home Care Act. Provides that all intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled and long-term care for under age 22 facilities shall be licensed by the Department of Public Health under the MR/DD Community Care Act instead of under the Nursing Home Care Act. Makes the provisions in the MR/DD Community Care Act substantially the same as those in the Nursing Home Care Act, including provisions for the rights of residents and responsibilities of facilities, licensing, violations and penalties, and transfer or discharge of residents. Amends the Illinois Act on the Aging, the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act, the Illinois Income Tax Act, the Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act, the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HB0966

AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

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ARTICLE I. SHORT TITLE AND DEFINITIONS

5 Section 1-101. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6 MR/DD Community Care Act.

Section 1-102. Definitions. For the purposes of this Act,
unless the context otherwise requires, the terms defined in
this Article have the meanings ascribed to them herein.

Section 1-103. Abuse. "Abuse" means any physical or mental injury or sexual assault inflicted on a resident other than by accidental means in a facility.

13 Section 1-104. Access. "Access" means the right to:

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(1) Enter any facility;

15 (2) Communicate privately and without restriction withany resident who consents to the communication;

17 (3) Seek consent to communicate privately and without
 18 restriction with any resident;

19 (4) Inspect the clinical and other records of a
 20 resident with the express written consent of the resident;

or

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2 (5) Observe all areas of the facility except the living
3 area of any resident who protests the observation.

4 Section 1-105. Administrator. "Administrator" means a 5 person who is charged with the general administration and 6 supervision of a facility and licensed, if required, under the 7 Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act, as 8 now or hereafter amended.

9 Section 1-106. Affiliate. "Affiliate" means:

10 (1) With respect to a partnership, each partner11 thereof.

12 (2) With respect to a corporation, each officer,13 director and stockholder thereof.

14 (3) With respect to a natural person: any person 15 related in the first degree of kinship to that person; each 16 partnership and each partner thereof of which that person 17 or any affiliate of that person is a partner; and each 18 corporation in which that person or any affiliate of that 19 person is an officer, director or stockholder.

20 Section 1-107. Applicant. "Applicant" means any person 21 making application for a license.

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Section 1-108.1. Complaint classification. "Complaint

1 classification" means the Department shall categorize reports 2 about conditions, care or services in a facility into one of 3 three groups after an investigation:

4 (1) "An invalid report" means any report made under 5 this Act for which it is determined after an investigation 6 that no credible evidence of abuse, neglect or other 7 deficiency relating to the complaint exists;

8 (2) "A valid report" means a report made under this Act 9 if an investigation determines that some credible evidence 10 of the alleged abuse, neglect or other deficiency relating 11 to the complaint exists; and

12 (3) "An undetermined report" means a report made under 13 this Act in which it was not possible to initiate or 14 complete an investigation on the basis of information 15 provided to the Department.

Section 1-109. Department. "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

18 Section 1-110. Director. "Director" means the Director of 19 Public Health or his or her designee.

20 Section 1-111. Discharge. "Discharge" means the full 21 release of any resident from a facility.

22 Section 1-112. Emergency. "Emergency" means a situation,

1 physical condition or one or more practices, methods or 2 operations which present imminent danger of death or serious 3 physical or mental harm to residents of a facility.

Section 1-113. Facility. "Facility" means an intermediate 4 5 care facility for the developmentally disabled or a long-term 6 care for under age 22 facility, whether operated for profit or 7 not, which provides, through its ownership or management, 8 personal care or nursing for 3 or more persons not related to 9 the applicant or owner by blood or marriage. It includes 10 intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded as the 11 term is defined in Title XVIII and Title XIX of the federal 12 Social Security Act.

13

"Facility" does not include the following:

(1) A home, institution, or other place operated by the
federal government or agency thereof, or by the State of
Illinois, other than homes, institutions, or other places
operated by or under the authority of the Illinois
Department of Veterans' Affairs;

19 (2) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution whose 20 principal activity or business is the diagnosis, care, and 21 treatment of human illness through the maintenance and 22 operation as organized facilities therefore, which is 23 required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act;

24 (3) Any "facility for child care" as defined in the25 Child Care Act of 1969;

1 2 (4) Any "community living facility" as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act;

3 4 (5) Any "community residential alternative" as defined in the Community Residential Alternatives Licensing Act;

5 (6) Any nursing home or sanatorium operated solely by 6 and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by 7 spiritual means through prayer, in accordance with the 8 creed or tenets of any well recognized church or religious 9 denomination. However, such nursing home or sanatorium 10 shall comply with all local laws and rules relating to 11 sanitation and safety;

12 (7) Any facility licensed by the Department of Human 13 Services as a community integrated living arrangement as 14 defined in the Community Integrated Living Arrangements 15 Licensure and Certification Act;

16 (8) Any "supportive residence" licensed under the
17 Supportive Residences Licensing Act;

18 (9) Any "supportive living facility" in good standing 19 with the program established under Section 5-5.01a of the 20 Illinois Public Aid Code, except only for purposes of the 21 employment of persons in accordance with Section 3-206.01;

22 (10)assisted living or shared housing Anv 23 establishment licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, except only for purposes of 24 the 25 employment of persons in accordance with Section 3-206.01; 26 (11)An Alzheimer's disease management center

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alternative health care model licensed under the
 Alternative Health Care Delivery Act; or

3 (12) A home, institution, or other place operated by or
4 under the authority of the Illinois Department of Veterans'
5 Affairs.

6 Section 1-114. Guardian. "Guardian" means a person 7 appointed as a guardian of the person or guardian of the 8 estate, or both, of a resident under the "Probate Act of 1975", 9 as now or hereafter amended.

10 Section 1-114.01. Identified offender. "Identified 11 offender" means a person who has been convicted of any felony 12 offense listed in Section 25 of the Health Care Worker 13 Background Check Act, is a registered sex offender, or is 14 serving a term of parole, mandatory supervised release, or 15 probation for a felony offense.

Section 1-114.1. Immediate family. "Immediate family" means the spouse, an adult child, a parent, an adult brother or sister, or an adult grandchild of a person.

Section 1-115. Licensee. "Licensee" means the individual
 or entity licensed by the Department to operate the facility.

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Section 1-116. Maintenance. "Maintenance" means food,

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2 Section 1-116.5. Misappropriation of a resident's 3 property. "Misappropriation of a resident's property" means 4 the deliberate misplacement, exploitation, or wrongful 5 temporary or permanent use of a resident's belongings or money 6 without the resident's consent.

Section 1-117. Neglect. "Neglect" means a failure in a facility to provide adequate medical or personal care or maintenance, which failure results in physical or mental injury to a resident or in the deterioration of a resident's physical or mental condition.

Section 1-118. Nurse. "Nurse" means a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse as defined in the Nurse Practice Act.

14 Section 1-119. Owner. "Owner" means the individual. 15 partnership, corporation, association or other person who owns 16 a facility. In the event a facility is operated by a person who leases the physical plant, which is owned by another person, 17 18 "owner" means the person who operates the facility, except that if the person who owns the physical plant is an affiliate of 19 the person who operates the facility and has significant 20 21 control over the day to day operations of the facility, the 22 person who owns the physical plant shall incur jointly and HB0966 - 8 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b severally with the owner all liabilities imposed on an owner under this Act.

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3 Section 1-120. Personal care. "Personal care" means 4 assistance with meals, dressing, movement, bathing or other 5 personal needs or maintenance, or general supervision and 6 oversight of the physical and mental well being of an 7 individual, who is incapable of maintaining a private, 8 independent residence or who is incapable of managing his 9 person whether or not a guardian has been appointed for such 10 individual.

Section 1-121. Reasonable hour. "Reasonable hour" means any time between the hours of 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. daily.

Section 1-122. Resident. "Resident" means a person residing in and receiving personal care from a facility.

15 Section 1-123. Resident's representative. "Resident's 16 representative" means a person other than the owner, or an 17 agent or employee of a facility not related to the resident, 18 designated in writing by a resident to be his representative, 19 or the resident's guardian, or the parent of a minor resident 20 for whom no guardian has been appointed.

21 Section 1-125. Stockholder. "Stockholder" of a corporation

means any person who, directly or indirectly, beneficially owns, holds or has the power to vote, at least 5% of any class of securities issued by the corporation.

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4 Section 1-125.1. Student intern. "Student intern" means 5 any person whose total term of employment in any facility 6 during any 12 month period is equal to or less than 90 7 continuous days, and whose term of employment is either:

8 (1) an academic credit requirement in a high school or
9 undergraduate institution, or

10 (2) immediately succeeds a full quarter, semester or 11 trimester of academic enrollment in either a high school or 12 undergraduate institution, provided that such person is 13 registered for another full quarter, semester or trimester 14 of academic enrollment in either a high school or 15 undergraduate institution which guarter, semester or 16 trimester will commence immediately following the term of 17 employment.

Section 1-126. Title XVIII. "Title XVIII" means Title XVIIIof the federal Social Security Act as now or hereafter amended.

20 Section 1-127. Title XIX. "Title XIX" means Title XIX of 21 the federal Social Security Act as now or hereafter amended.

22 Section 1-128. Transfer. "Transfer" means a change in

HB0966 - 10 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b 1 status of a resident's living arrangements from one facility to 2 another facility.

3 Section 1-129. Type 'A' violation. A "Type 'A' violation" 4 means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated 5 thereunder which creates a condition or occurrence relating to 6 the operation and maintenance of a facility presenting a 7 substantial probability that death or serious mental or 8 physical harm to a resident will result therefrom.

9 Section 1-130. Type 'B' violation. A "Type 'B' violation" 10 means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated 11 thereunder which creates a condition or occurrence relating to 12 the operation and maintenance of a facility directly 13 threatening to the health, safety or welfare of a resident.

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ARTICLE II. RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

15

PART 1. RESIDENT RIGHTS

16 Section 2-101. Constitutional and legal rights. No 17 resident shall be deprived of any rights, benefits, or 18 privileges guaranteed by law, the Constitution of the State of 19 Illinois, or the Constitution of the United States solely on 20 account of his status as a resident of a facility. Section 2-101.1. Spousal impoverishment. All new residents and their spouses shall be informed on admittance of their spousal impoverishment rights as defined at Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, as now or hereafter amended and at Section 303 of Title III of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 (P.L. 100 360).

Section 2-102. Financial affairs. A resident shall be permitted to manage his own financial affairs unless he or his guardian or if the resident is a minor, his parent, authorizes the administrator of the facility in writing to manage such resident's financial affairs under Section 2-201 of this Act.

Section 2-103. Personal property. A resident shall be permitted to retain and use or wear his personal property in his immediate living quarters, unless deemed medically inappropriate by a physician and so documented in the resident's clinical record. If clothing is provided to the resident by the facility, it shall be of a proper fit.

The facility shall provide adequate storage space for the personal property of the resident. The facility shall provide a means of safeguarding small items of value for its residents in their rooms or in any other part of the facility so long as the residents have daily access to such valuables. The facility shall make reasonable efforts to prevent loss and theft of residents' property. Those efforts shall be appropriate to the

particular facility and may include, but are not limited to, staff training and monitoring, labeling property, and frequent property inventories. The facility shall develop procedures for investigating complaints concerning theft of residents' property and shall promptly investigate all such complaints.

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Section 2-104. Medical treatment; records.

7 (a) A resident shall be permitted to retain the services of 8 his own personal physician at his own expense or under an 9 individual or group plan of health insurance, or under any 10 public or private assistance program providing such coverage. 11 However, the facility is not liable for the negligence of any 12 such personal physician. Every resident shall be permitted to obtain from his own physician or the physician attached to the 13 14 facility complete and current information concerning his 15 medical diagnosis, treatment and prognosis in terms and 16 language the resident can reasonably be expected to understand. Every resident shall be permitted to participate in the 17 planning of his total care and medical treatment to the extent 18 19 that his condition permits. No resident shall be subjected to 20 experimental research or treatment without first obtaining his 21 informed, written consent. The conduct of any experimental 22 research or treatment shall be authorized and monitored by an institutional review committee appointed by the administrator 23 24 of the facility where such research and treatment is conducted. 25 The membership, operating procedures and review criteria for

1 institutional review committees shall be prescribed under 2 rules and regulations of the Department.

3 (b) All medical treatment and procedures shall be 4 administered as ordered by a physician. All new physician 5 orders shall be reviewed by the facility's director of nursing 6 or charge nurse designee within 24 hours after such orders have 7 been issued to assure facility compliance with such orders.

8 According to rules adopted by the Department, every woman 9 resident of child bearing age shall receive routine obstetrical 10 and gynecological evaluations as well as necessary prenatal 11 care.

12 (c) Every resident shall be permitted to refuse medical 13 treatment and to know the consequences of such action, unless 14 such refusal would be harmful to the health and safety of 15 others and such harm is documented by a physician in the 16 resident's clinical record. The resident's refusal shall free 17 the facility from the obligation to provide the treatment.

(d) Every resident, resident's guardian, or parent if the resident is a minor shall be permitted to inspect and copy all his clinical and other records concerning his care and maintenance kept by the facility or by his physician. The facility may charge a reasonable fee for duplication of a record.

24 Section 2-104.1. Transfer of facility ownership after 25 license suspension or revocation. Whenever ownership of a

private facility is transferred to another private owner 1 2 following a final order for a suspension or revocation of the 3 facility's license, the new owner, if the Department so determines, shall thoroughly evaluate the condition and needs 4 5 of each resident as if each resident were being newly admitted to the facility. The evaluation shall include a review of the 6 medical record and the conduct of a physical examination of 7 8 each resident which shall be performed within 30 days after the 9 transfer of ownership.

10 Section 2-104.2. Do Not Resuscitate Orders. Every facility 11 licensed under this Act shall establish a policy for the 12 implementation of physician orders limiting resuscitation such as those commonly referred to as "Do Not Resuscitate" orders. 13 14 This policy may only prescribe the format, method of 15 documentation and duration of any physician orders limiting 16 resuscitation. Any orders under this policy shall be honored by the facility. The Department of Public Health Uniform DNR Order 17 18 form or a copy of that form shall be honored by the facility.

19 Section 2-105. Privacy. A resident shall be permitted 20 respect and privacy in his medical and personal care program. 21 Every resident's case discussion, consultation, examination 22 and treatment shall be confidential and shall be conducted 23 discreetly, and those persons not directly involved in the 24 resident's care must have his permission to be present.

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1 Section 2-106. Restraints and confinements.

(a) For purposes of this Act:

3 (i) A physical restraint is any manual method or 4 physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached or adjacent to a resident's body that the resident 5 6 cannot remove easily and restricts freedom of movement or 7 normal access to one's body. Devices used for positioning, 8 including but not limited to bed rails, gait belts, and 9 cushions, shall not be considered to be restraints for 10 purposes of this Section.

11 (ii) A chemical restraint is any drug used for 12 discipline or convenience and not required to treat medical 13 symptoms. The Department shall by rule, designate certain 14 devices as restraints, including at least all those devices 15 which have been determined to be restraints by the United 16 States Department of Health and Human Services in interpretive guidelines issued for the 17 purposes of administering Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security 18 Act. 19

20 (b) Neither restraints nor confinements shall be employed 21 for the purpose of punishment or for the convenience of any 22 facility personnel. No restraints or confinements shall be 23 employed except as ordered by a physician who documents the 24 need for such restraints or confinements in the resident's 25 clinical record. Each facility licensed under this Act must have a written policy to address the use of restraints and seclusion. The Department shall establish by rule the provisions that the policy must include, which, to the extent practicable, should be consistent with the requirements for participation in the federal Medicare program. Each policy shall include periodic review of the use of restraints.

(c) A restraint may be used only with the informed consent 7 8 of the resident, the resident's guardian, or other authorized 9 representative. A restraint may be used only for specific 10 periods, if it is the least restrictive means necessary to 11 attain and maintain the resident's highest practicable 12 physical, mental or psychosocial well being, including brief 13 periods of time to provide necessary life saving treatment. A 14 restraint may be used only after consultation with appropriate health professionals, such as occupational or physical 15 16 therapists, and a trial of less restrictive measures has led to 17 the determination that the use of less restrictive measures would not attain or maintain the resident's highest practicable 18 19 physical, mental or psychosocial well being. However, if the 20 resident needs emergency care, restraints may be used for brief periods to permit medical treatment to proceed unless the 21 22 facility has notice that the resident has previously made a 23 valid refusal of the treatment in question.

(d) A restraint may be applied only by a person trained inthe application of the particular type of restraint.

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(e) Whenever a period of use of a restraint is initiated,

the resident shall be advised of his or her right to have a 1 2 person or organization of his or her choosing, including the 3 Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, notified of the use of the restraint. A recipient who is under guardianship may 4 5 request that a person or organization of his or her choosing be notified of the restraint, whether or not the guardian approves 6 7 the notice. If the resident so chooses, the facility shall make 8 the notification within 24 hours, including any information 9 about the period of time that the restraint is to be used. 10 Whenever the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission is notified 11 that a resident has been restrained, it shall contact the 12 resident to determine the circumstances of the restraint and 13 whether further action is warranted.

(f) Whenever a restraint is used on a resident whose primary mode of communication is sign language, the resident shall be permitted to have his or her hands free from restraint for brief periods each hour, except when this freedom may result in physical harm to the resident or others.

19 (g) The requirements of this Section are intended to 20 control in any conflict with the requirements of Sections 1-126 21 and 2-108 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 22 Code.

23 Section 2-106.1. Drug treatment.

(a) A resident shall not be given unnecessary drugs. An
 unnecessary drug is any drug used in an excessive dose,

including in duplicative therapy; for excessive duration; 1 without adequate monitoring; without adequate indications for 2 3 its use; or in the presence of adverse consequences that indicate the drugs should be reduced or discontinued. The 4 5 Department shall adopt, by rule, the standards for unnecessary drugs contained in interpretive guidelines issued by the United 6 States Department of Health and Human Services for the purposes 7 of administering Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security 8 9 Act.

10 (b) Psychotropic medication shall not be prescribed 11 without the informed consent of the resident, the resident's 12 guardian, or other authorized representative. "Psychotropic 13 medication" means medication that is used for or listed as used 14 for antipsychotic, antidepressant, antimanic, or antianxiety 15 behavior modification or behavior management purposes in the 16 latest editions of the AMA Drug Evaluations or the Physician's 17 Desk Reference.

18 (c) The requirements of this Section are intended to 19 control in a conflict with the requirements of Sections 2-102 20 and 2-107.2 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 21 Code with respect to the administration of psychotropic 22 medication.

23 Section 2-106a. Resident identification wristlet. No 24 identification wristlets shall be employed except as ordered by 25 a physician who documents the need for such mandatory

identification in the resident's clinical record. When identification bracelets are required, they must identify the resident's name, and the name and address of the facility issuing the identification wristlet.

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5 Section 2-107. Abuse or neglect; duty to report. An owner, 6 licensee, administrator, employee or agent of a facility shall 7 not abuse or neglect a resident. It is the duty of any facility 8 employee or agent who becomes aware of such abuse or neglect to 9 report it as provided in the Abused and Neglected Long Term 10 Care Facility Residents Reporting Act.

11 Section 2-108. Communications; visits; married residents. 12 Every resident shall be permitted unimpeded, private and 13 uncensored communication of his choice by mail, public 14 telephone or visitation.

(a) The administrator shall ensure that correspondence is
 conveniently received and mailed, and that telephones are
 reasonably accessible.

(b) The administrator shall ensure that residents may have private visits at any reasonable hour unless such visits are not medically advisable for the resident as documented in the resident's clinical record by the resident's physician.

(c) The administrator shall ensure that space for visits is
available and that facility personnel knock, except in an
emergency, before entering any resident's room.

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(d) Unimpeded, private and uncensored communication by 1 2 mail, public telephone and visitation may be reasonably 3 restricted by a physician only in order to protect the resident or others from harm, harassment or intimidation, provided that 4 5 the reason for any such restriction is placed in the resident's clinical record by the physician and that notice of such 6 restriction shall be given to all residents upon admission. 7 8 However, all letters addressed by a resident to the Governor, 9 members of the General Assembly, Attorney General, judges, 10 state's attorneys, officers of the Department, or licensed 11 attorneys at law shall be forwarded at once to the persons to 12 whom they are addressed without examination by facility personnel. Letters in reply from the officials and attorneys 13 mentioned above shall be delivered to the recipient without 14 15 examination by facility personnel.

16 (e) The administrator shall ensure that married residents 17 residing in the same facility be allowed to reside in the same 18 room within the facility unless there is no room available in 19 the facility or it is deemed medically inadvisable by the 20 residents' attending physician and so documented in the 21 residents' medical records.

22 Section 2-109. Religion. A resident shall be permitted the 23 free exercise of religion. Upon a resident's request, and if 24 necessary at his expense, the administrator shall make 25 arrangements for a resident's attendance at religious services

of the resident's choice. However, no religious beliefs or practices, or attendance at religious services, may be imposed upon any resident.

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Section 2-110. Access to residents.

5 (a) Any employee or agent of a public agency, any 6 representative of a community legal services program or any 7 other member of the general public shall be permitted access at 8 reasonable hours to any individual resident of any facility, 9 but only if there is neither a commercial purpose nor effect to 10 such access and if the purpose is to do any of the following:

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(1) Visit, talk with and make personal, social and legal services available to all residents;

13 (2) Inform residents of their rights and entitlements
14 and their corresponding obligations, under federal and
15 State laws, by means of educational materials and
16 discussions in groups and with individual residents;

17 (3) Assist residents in asserting their legal rights
18 regarding claims for public assistance, medical assistance
19 and social security benefits, as well as in all other
20 matters in which residents are aggrieved. Assistance may
21 include counseling and litigation; or

(4) Engage in other methods of asserting, advising and
representing residents so as to extend to them full
enjoyment of their rights.

25 (a-5) If a resident of a licensed facility is an identified

offender, any federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or county probation officer shall be permitted reasonable access to the individual resident to verify compliance with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act or to verify compliance with applicable terms of probation, parole, or mandatory supervised release.

7 (b) All persons entering a facility under this Section shall promptly notify appropriate facility personnel of their 8 9 presence. They shall, upon request, produce identification to 10 establish their identity. No such person shall enter the 11 immediate living area of any resident without first identifying 12 himself and then receiving permission from the resident to 13 enter. The rights of other residents present in the room shall 14 be respected. A resident may terminate at any time a visit by a 15 person having access to the resident's living area under this 16 Section.

17 (c) This Section shall not limit the power of the 18 Department or other public agency otherwise permitted or 19 required by law to enter and inspect a facility.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this Section, the administrator of a facility may refuse access to the facility to any person if the presence of that person in the facility would be injurious to the health and safety of a resident or would threaten the security of the property of a resident or the facility, or if the person seeks access to the facility for commercial purposes. Any person refused access to a facility

1 may within 10 days request a hearing under Section 3-703. In 2 that proceeding, the burden of proof as to the right of the 3 facility to refuse access under this Section shall be on the 4 facility.

5 Section 2-111. Discharge. A resident may be discharged from 6 a facility after he gives the administrator, a physician, or a nurse of the facility written notice of his desire to be 7 8 discharged. If a quardian has been appointed for a resident or 9 if the resident is a minor, the resident shall be discharged upon written consent of his guardian or if the resident is a 10 11 minor, his parent unless there is a court order to the 12 contrary. In such cases, upon the resident's discharge, the facility is relieved from any responsibility for the resident's 13 14 care, safety or well being.

15 Section 2-112. Grievances. A resident shall be permitted to present grievances on behalf of himself or others to the 16 17 administrator, the Long-Term Care Facility Advisory Board established under Section 2-204 of the Nursing Home Care Act, 18 the residents' advisory council, State governmental agencies 19 20 or other persons without threat of discharge or reprisal in any 21 form or manner whatsoever. The administrator shall provide all residents or their representatives with the name, address, and 22 23 telephone number of the appropriate State governmental office 24 where complaints may be lodged.

Section 2-113. Labor. A resident may refuse to perform
 labor for a facility.

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PART 2. RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 2-201. Residents' funds. To protect the residents'
funds, the facility:

6 (1) Shall at the time of admission provide, in order of 7 priority, each resident, or the resident's quardian, if any, or the resident's representative, if any, or the resident's 8 9 immediate family member, if any, with a written statement 10 explaining to the resident and to the resident's spouse (a) 11 their spousal impoverishment rights, as defined at Section 5-4 12 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, and at Section 303 of Title 13 III of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 (P.L. 100 14 360), and (b) the resident's rights regarding personal funds and listing the services for which the resident will be 15 charged. The facility shall obtain a signed acknowledgment from 16 17 each resident or the resident's quardian, if any, or the resident's representative, if any, or the resident's immediate 18 19 family member, if any, that such person has received the 20 statement.

(2) May accept funds from a resident for safekeeping and managing, if it receives written authorization from, in order of priority, the resident or the resident's guardian, if any, or the resident's representative, if any, or the resident's immediate family member, if any; such authorization shall be attested to by a witness who has no pecuniary interest in the facility or its operations, and who is not connected in any way to facility personnel or the administrator in any manner whatsoever.

7 (3) Shall maintain and allow, in order of priority, each 8 resident or the resident's guardian, if any, or the resident's 9 representative, if any, or the resident's immediate family 10 member, if any, access to a written record of all financial 11 arrangements and transactions involving the individual 12 resident's funds.

13 (4) Shall provide, in order of priority, each resident, or resident's guardian, if 14 the any, or the resident's 15 representative, if any, or the resident's immediate family 16 member, if any, with a written itemized statement at least 17 quarterly, of all financial transactions involving the resident's funds. 18

(5) Shall purchase a surety bond, or otherwise provide assurance satisfactory to the Departments of Public Health and Financial and Professional Regulation that all residents' personal funds deposited with the facility are secure against loss, theft, and insolvency.

(6) Shall keep any funds received from a resident for
safekeeping in an account separate from the facility's funds,
and shall at no time withdraw any part or all of such funds for

any purpose other than to return the funds to the resident upon the request of the resident or any other person entitled to make such request, to pay the resident his allowance, or to make any other payment authorized by the resident or any other person entitled to make such authorization.

6 (7) Shall deposit any funds received from a resident in 7 excess of \$100 in an interest bearing account insured by 8 agencies of, or corporations chartered by, the State or federal 9 government. The account shall be in a form which clearly 10 indicates that the facility has only a fiduciary interest in 11 the funds and any interest from the account shall accrue to the 12 resident. The facility may keep up to \$100 of a resident's 13 money in a non-interest-bearing account or petty cash fund, to be readily available for the resident's current expenditures. 14

(8) Shall return to the resident, or the person who executed the written authorization required in subsection (2) of this Section, upon written request, all or any part of the resident's funds given the facility for safekeeping, including the interest accrued from deposits.

(9) Shall (a) place any monthly allowance to which a resident is entitled in that resident's personal account, or give it to the resident, unless the facility has written authorization from the resident or the resident's guardian or if the resident is a minor, his parent, to handle it differently, (b) take all steps necessary to ensure that a personal needs allowance that is placed in a resident's

personal account is used exclusively by the resident or for the 1 2 benefit of the resident, and (c) where such funds are withdrawn 3 from the resident's personal account by any person other than the resident, require such person to whom funds constituting 4 5 any part of a resident's personal needs allowance are released, to execute an affidavit that such funds 6 shall be used exclusively for the benefit of the resident. 7

8 (10) Unless otherwise provided by State law, upon the death 9 of a resident, shall provide the executor or administrator of 10 the resident's estate with a complete accounting of all the 11 resident's personal property, including any funds of the 12 resident being held by the facility.

(11) If an adult resident is incapable of managing his funds and does not have a resident's representative, guardian, or an immediate family member, shall notify the Office of the State Guardian of the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission.

(12) If the facility is sold, shall provide the buyer with a written verification by a public accountant of all residents' monies and properties being transferred, and obtain a signed receipt from the new owner.

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Section 2-201.5. Screening prior to admission.

(a) All persons age 18 or older seeking admission to a
facility must be screened to determine the need for facility
services prior to being admitted, regardless of income, assets,
or funding source. In addition, any person who seeks to become

eligible for medical assistance from the Medical Assistance Program under the Illinois Public Aid Code to pay for services while residing in a facility must be screened prior to receiving those benefits. Screening for facility services shall be administered through procedures established by administrative rule. Screening may be done by agencies other than the Department as established by administrative rule.

8 (b) In addition to the screening required by subsection 9 (a), identified offenders who seek admission to a licensed 10 facility shall not be admitted unless the licensed facility 11 complies with the requirements of the Department's 12 administrative rules adopted pursuant to Section 3-202.3.

13 Section 2-202. Contract required.

(a) Before a person is admitted to a facility, or at the expiration of the period of previous contract, or when the source of payment for the resident's care changes from private to public funds or from public to private funds, a written contract shall be executed between a licensee and the following in order of priority:

20 (1) the person, or if the person is a minor, his parent21 or guardian; or

(2) the person's guardian, if any, or agent, if any, as
defined in Section 2-3 of the Illinois Power of Attorney
Act; or

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(3) a member of the person's immediate family.

1 An adult person shall be presumed to have the capacity to 2 contract for admission to a long term care facility unless he 3 has been adjudicated a "disabled person" within the meaning of 4 Section 11a-2 of the Probate Act of 1975, or unless a petition 5 for such an adjudication is pending in a circuit court of 6 Illinois.

If there is no guardian, agent or member of the person's 7 8 immediate family available, able or willing to execute the 9 contract required by this Section and a physician determines 10 that a person is so disabled as to be unable to consent to 11 placement in a facility, or if a person has already been found 12 to be a "disabled person", but no order has been entered allowing residential placement of the person, that person may 13 be admitted to a facility before the execution of a contract 14 15 required by this Section; provided that a petition for guardianship or for modification of guardianship is filed 16 17 within 15 days of the person's admission to a facility, and provided further that such a contract is executed within 10 18 19 days of the disposition of the petition.

No adult shall be admitted to a facility if he objects, orally or in writing, to such admission, except as otherwise provided in Chapters III and IV of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code or Section 11a-14.1 of the Probate Act of 1975.

25 Before a licensee enters a contract under this Section, it 26 shall provide the prospective resident and his guardian, if

1 any, with written notice of the licensee's policy regarding 2 discharge of a resident whose private funds for payment of care 3 are exhausted.

4 (b) A resident shall not be discharged or transferred at
5 the expiration of the term of a contract, except as provided in
6 Sections 3-401 through 3-423.

7 (c) At the time of the resident's admission to the 8 facility, a copy of the contract shall be given to the 9 resident, his guardian, if any, and any other person who 10 executed the contract.

(d) A copy of the contract for a resident who is supported by nonpublic funds other than the resident's own funds shall be made available to the person providing the funds for the resident's support.

(e) The original or a copy of the contract shall be maintained in the facility and be made available upon request to representatives of the Department and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

(f) The contract shall be written in clear and unambiguous language and shall be printed in not less than 12-point type. The general form of the contract shall be prescribed by the Department.

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(g) The contract shall specify:

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(1) the term of the contract;

(2) the services to be provided under the contract and
the charges for the services;

1 2 (3) the services that may be provided to supplement the contract and the charges for the services;

- 3 (4) the sources liable for payments due under the 4 contract;
- 5

(5) the amount of deposit paid; and

6 (6) the rights, duties and obligations of the resident, 7 except that the specification of a resident's rights may be 8 furnished on a separate document which complies with the 9 requirements of Section 2-211.

(h) The contract shall designate the name of the resident's representative, if any. The resident shall provide the facility with a copy of the written agreement between the resident and the resident's representative which authorizes the resident's representative to inspect and copy the resident's records and authorizes the resident's representative to execute the contract on behalf of the resident required by this Section.

17 (i) The contract shall provide that if the resident is compelled by a change in physical or mental health to leave the 18 19 facility, the contract and all obligations under it shall terminate on 7 days' notice. No prior notice of termination of 20 the contract shall be required, however, in the case of a 21 22 resident's death. The contract shall also provide that in all 23 other situations, a resident may terminate the contract and all obligations under it with 30 days' notice. All charges shall be 24 25 prorated as of the date on which the contract terminates, and, 26 if any payments have been made in advance, the excess shall be refunded to the resident. This provision shall not apply to life care contracts through which a facility agrees to provide maintenance and care for a resident throughout the remainder of his life nor to continuing care contracts through which a facility agrees to supplement all available forms of financial support in providing maintenance and care for a resident throughout the remainder of his life.

8 (j) In addition to all other contract specifications 9 contained in this Section admission contracts shall also 10 specify:

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(1) whether the facility accepts Medicaid clients;

12 (2) whether the facility requires a deposit of the 13 resident or his family prior to the establishment of 14 Medicaid eligibility;

15 (3) in the event that a deposit is required, a clear 16 and concise statement of the procedure to be followed for 17 the return of such deposit to the resident or the 18 appropriate family member or guardian of the person;

(4) that all deposits made to a facility by a resident, 19 20 or on behalf of a resident, shall be returned by the facility within 30 days of the establishment of Medicaid 21 22 eligibility, unless such deposits must be drawn upon or 23 encumbered in accordance with Medicaid eligibility requirements established by the Department of Healthcare 24 25 and Family Services.

26 (k) It shall be a business offense for a facility to

knowingly and intentionally both retain a resident's deposit
 and accept Medicaid payments on behalf of that resident.

3 Section 2-203. Residents' advisory council. Each facility 4 shall establish a residents' advisory council. The 5 administrator shall designate a member of the facility staff to 6 coordinate the establishment of, and render assistance to, the 7 council.

8 (a) The composition of the residents' advisory council 9 shall be specified by Department regulation, but no employee or 10 affiliate of a facility shall be a member of any council.

11 (b) The council shall meet at least once each month with 12 the staff coordinator who shall provide assistance to the 13 council in preparing and disseminating a report of each meeting 14 to all residents, the administrator, and the staff.

15 (c) Records of the council meetings will be maintained in 16 the office of the administrator.

(d) The residents' advisory council may communicate to the administrator the opinions and concerns of the residents. The council shall review procedures for implementing resident rights, facility responsibilities and make recommendations for changes or additions which will strengthen the facility's policies and procedures as they affect residents' rights and facility responsibilities.

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- (e) The council shall be a forum for:
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(1) Obtaining and disseminating information;

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(2) Soliciting and adopting recommendations for
 facility programing and improvements;

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3 (3) Early identification and for recommending orderly
 4 resolution of problems.

5 (f) The council may present complaints as provided in 6 Section 3-702 on behalf of a resident to the Department, the 7 Long-Term Care Facility Advisory Board established under 8 Section 2-204 of the Nursing Home Care Act or to any other 9 person it considers appropriate.

10 Section 2-204. Long-Term Care Facility Advisory Board. The 11 Long-Term Care Facility Advisory Board established under 12 Section 2-204 of the Nursing Home Care Act shall advise the 13 Department of Public Health on all aspects of its responsibilities under this Act, including the format and 14 15 content of any rules promulgated by the Department of Public 16 Health. Any such rules, except emergency rules promulgated pursuant to Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative 17 18 Procedure Act, promulgated without obtaining the advice of the 19 Advisory Board are null and void. In the event that the 20 Department fails to follow the advice of the Board, the 21 Department shall, prior to the promulgation of such rules, 22 transmit a written explanation of the reason thereof to the Board. During its review of rules, the Board shall analyze the 23 24 economic and regulatory impact of those rules. If the Advisory 25 Board, having been asked for its advice, fails to advise the

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Department within 90 days, the rules shall be considered acted upon.

3 Section 2-205. Disclosure of information to public. The 4 following information is subject to disclosure to the public 5 from the Department or the Department of Healthcare and Family 6 Services:

7 (1) Information submitted under Sections 3-103 and 8 3-207 except information concerning the remuneration of 9 personnel licensed, registered, or certified by the 10 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (as 11 successor to the Department of Professional Regulation) 12 and monthly charges for an individual private resident;

(2) Records of license and certification inspections,
surveys, and evaluations of facilities, other reports of
inspections, surveys, and evaluations of resident care,
and reports concerning a facility prepared pursuant to
Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, subject to
the provisions of the Social Security Act;

19 (3) Cost and reimbursement reports submitted by a 20 facility under Section 3-208, reports of audits of 21 facilities, and other public records concerning costs 22 incurred by, revenues received by, and reimbursement of 23 facilities; and

24 (4) Complaints filed against a facility and complaint
 25 investigation reports, except that a complaint or

complaint investigation report shall not be disclosed to a 1 2 person other than the complainant or complainant's representative before it is disclosed to a facility under 3 Section 3-702, and, further, except that a complainant or 4 5 resident's name shall not be disclosed except under Section 3-702. The Department shall disclose information under 6 7 this Section in accordance with provisions for inspection 8 and copying of public records required by the Freedom of 9 Information Act. However, the disclosure of information 10 described in subsection (1) shall not be restricted by any 11 provision of the Freedom of Information Act.

12 Section 2-206. Confidentiality of records.

(a) The Department shall respect the confidentiality of a resident's record and shall not divulge or disclose the contents of a record in a manner which identifies a resident, except upon a resident's death to a relative or guardian, or under judicial proceedings. This Section shall not be construed to limit the right of a resident to inspect or copy the resident's records.

(b) Confidential medical, social, personal, or financial
 information identifying a resident shall not be available for
 public inspection in a manner which identifies a resident.

Section 2-207. Directories for public health regions;
 information concerning facility costs and policies.

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1 (a) Each year the Department shall publish a Directory for 2 each public health region listing facilities to be made 3 available to the public and be available at all Department 4 offices. The Department may charge a fee for the Directory. The 5 Directory shall contain, at a minimum, the following 6 information:

7 (1) The name and address of the facility;
8 (2) The number and type of licensed beds;

9 (3) The name of the cooperating hospital, if any;

10 (4) The name of the administrator;

11 (5) The facility telephone number; and

12 (6) Membership in a provider association and13 accreditation by any such organization.

(b) Detailed information concerning basic costs for care and operating policies shall be available to the public upon request at each facility. However, a facility may refuse to make available any proprietary operating policies to the extent such facility reasonably believes such policies may be revealed to a competitor.

Section 2-208. Notice of imminent death. A facility shall immediately notify the resident's next of kin, representative and physician of the resident's death or when the resident's death appears to be imminent.

Section 2-209. Number of residents. A facility shall admit

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only that number of residents for which it is licensed.

2 Section 2-210. Policies and procedures. A facility shall 3 establish written policies and procedures to implement the responsibilities and rights provided in this Article. The 4 5 policies shall include the procedure for the investigation and resolution of resident complaints as set forth under Section 6 7 3-702. The policies and procedures shall be clear and unambiquous and shall be available for inspection by any 8 9 person. A summary of the policies and procedures, printed in 10 not less than 12-point type, shall be distributed to each 11 resident and representative.

12 Section 2-211. Explanation of rights. Each resident and 13 resident's guardian or other person acting for the resident 14 shall be given a written explanation, prepared by the Office of 15 the State Long Term Care Ombudsman, of all the rights enumerated in Part 1 of this Article and in Part 4 of Article 16 17 III. For residents of facilities participating in Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act, the explanation shall 18 include an explanation of residents' rights enumerated in that 19 20 Act. The explanation shall be given at the time of admission to 21 a facility or as soon thereafter as the condition of the 22 resident permits, but in no event later than 48 hours after 23 admission, and again at least annually thereafter. At the time 24 of the implementation of this Act each resident shall be given 1 a written summary of all the rights enumerated in Part 1 of 2 this Article.

If a resident is unable to read such written explanation, it shall be read to the resident in a language the resident understands. In the case of a minor or a person having a guardian or other person acting for him, both the resident and the parent, guardian or other person acting for the resident shall be fully informed of these rights.

9 Section 2-212. Staff familiarity with rights and 10 responsibilities. The facility shall ensure that its staff is 11 familiar with and observes the rights and responsibilities 12 enumerated in this Article.

13 Section 2-213. Vaccinations.

14 (a) A facility shall annually administer or arrange for 15 administration of a vaccination against influenza to each in accordance with the recommendations of 16 resident. the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for 17 Disease Control and Prevention that are most recent to the time 18 19 of vaccination, unless the vaccination is medically 20 contraindicated or the resident has refused the vaccine. 21 Influenza vaccinations for all residents age 65 and over shall 22 be completed by November 30 of each year or as soon as 23 practicable if vaccine supplies are not available before 24 November 1. Residents admitted after November 30, during the

season, and until February 1 shall, as medically 1 flu 2 appropriate, receive an influenza vaccination prior to or upon 3 admission or as soon as practicable if vaccine supplies are not available at the time of the admission, unless the vaccine is 4 5 medically contraindicated or the resident has refused the 6 vaccine. In the event that the Advisory Committee on 7 Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention determines that dates of administration other than 8 9 those stated in this Act are optimal to protect the health of 10 residents, the Department is authorized to develop rules to 11 mandate vaccinations at those times rather than the times 12 stated in this Act. A facility shall document in the resident's 13 medical record that an annual vaccination against influenza was 14 administered, arranged, refused or medically contraindicated.

15 (b) Α facilitv shall administer or arrange for 16 administration of a pneumococcal vaccination to each resident 17 who is age 65 and over, in accordance with the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the 18 19 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, who has not 20 received this immunization prior to or upon admission to the facility, unless the resident refuses the offer for vaccination 21 22 or the vaccination is medically contraindicated. A facility 23 shall document in each resident's medical record that a 24 vaccination against pneumococcal pneumonia was offered and 25 administered, arranged, refused, or medically contraindicated.

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Section 2-214. Consumer Choice Information Reports.

2 (a) Every facility shall complete a Consumer Choice 3 Information Report and shall file it with the Office of State 4 Long Term Care Ombudsman electronically as prescribed by the 5 Office. The Report shall be filed annually and upon request of 6 the Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman. The Consumer 7 Choice Information Report must be completed by the facility in 8 full.

9 (b) A violation of any of the provisions of this Section 10 constitutes an unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and 11 Deceptive Business Practices Act. All remedies, penalties, and 12 authority granted to the Attorney General by the Consumer Fraud 13 and Deceptive Business Practices Act shall be available to him 14 or her for the enforcement of this Section.

15 (c) The Department of Public Health shall include 16 verification of the submission of a facility's current Consumer 17 Choice Information Report when conducting an inspection 18 pursuant to Section 3-212.

19 Section 2-216. Notification of identified offenders. If 20 identified offenders are residents of the licensed facility, 21 the licensed facility shall notify every resident or resident's 22 guardian in writing that such offenders are residents of the 23 licensed facility. The licensed facility shall also provide 24 notice to its employees and to visitors to the facility that 25 identified offenders are residents.

1	ARTICLE III. LICENSING, ENFORCEMENT, VIOLATIONS, PENALTIES AND
2	REMEDIES
3	PART 1. LICENSING
4	Section 3-101. Licensure system. The Department shall
5	establish a comprehensive system of licensure for facilities in
6	accordance with this Act for the purposes of:
7	(1) Protecting the health, welfare, and safety of
8	residents; and
9	(2) Assuring the accountability for reimbursed care
10	provided in certified facilities participating in a
11	federal or State health program.
12	Section 3-102. Necessity of license. No person may
13	establish, operate, maintain, offer or advertise a facility
14	within this State unless and until he obtains a valid license
15	therefore as hereinafter provided, which license remains
16	unsuspended, unrevoked and unexpired. No public official or
17	employee may place any person in, or recommend that any person
18	be placed in, or directly or indirectly cause any person to be
19	placed in any facility which is being operated without a valid
20	license.

21 Section 3-102.1. Denial of Department access to facility.

If the Department is denied access to a facility or any other 1 2 place which it reasonably believes is required to be licensed 3 as a facility under this Act, it shall request intervention of local, county or State law enforcement agencies to seek an 4 5 appropriate court order or warrant to examine or interview the residents of such facility. Any person or entity preventing the 6 Department from carrying out its duties under this Section 7 8 shall be quilty of a violation of this Act and shall be subject 9 to such penalties related thereto.

Section 3-103. Application for license; financial statement. The procedure for obtaining a valid license shall be as follows:

- 13 (1) Application to operate a facility shall be made to14 the Department on forms furnished by the Department.
- 15 (2) All license applications shall be accompanied with 16 an application fee. The fee for an annual license shall be \$995. Facilities that pay a fee or assessment pursuant to 17 18 Article V-C of the Illinois Public Aid Code shall be exempt 19 from the license fee imposed under this item (2). The fee for a 2-year license shall be double the fee for the annual 20 21 license set forth in the preceding sentence. The fees 22 collected shall be deposited with the State Treasurer into 23 the Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund, which has been 24 created as a special fund in the State treasury. This 25 special fund is to be used by the Department for expenses

related to the appointment of monitors and receivers as 1 2 contained in Sections 3-501 through 3-517. At the end of 3 each fiscal year, any funds in excess of \$1,000,000 held in the Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund shall be deposited 4 5 in the State's General Revenue Fund. The application shall be under oath and the submission of false or misleading 6 7 information shall be a Class A misdemeanor. The application 8 shall contain the following information:

9 (a) The name and address of the applicant if an 10 individual, and if а firm, partnership, or 11 association, of every member thereof, and in the case 12 of a corporation, the name and address thereof and of 13 its officers and its registered agent, and in the case 14 of a unit of local government, the name and address of 15 its chief executive officer;

16 (b) The name and location of the facility for which17 a license is sought;

18 (c) The name of the person or persons under whose 19 management or supervision the facility will be 20 conducted;

(d) The number and type of residents for which
maintenance, personal care, or nursing is to be
provided; and

(e) Such information relating to the number,
experience, and training of the employees of the
facility, any management agreements for the operation

1 of the facility, and of the moral character of the 2 applicant and employees as the Department may deem 3 necessary.

(3) Each initial application shall be accompanied by a 4 5 financial statement setting forth the financial condition of the applicant and by a statement from the unit of local 6 7 government having zoning jurisdiction over the facility's location stating that the location of the facility is not 8 9 in violation of a zoning ordinance. An initial application 10 for a new facility shall be accompanied by a permit as 11 required by the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act. 12 After the application is approved, the applicant shall advise the Department every 6 months of any changes in the 13 14 information originally provided in the application.

15 (4) Other information necessary to determine the 16 identity and qualifications of an applicant to operate a 17 facility in accordance with this Act shall be included in 18 the application as required by the Department in 19 regulations.

20 Section 3-104. Licensing and regulation by municipality. 21 Any city, village or incorporated town may by ordinance provide 22 for the licensing and regulation of a facility or any 23 classification of such facility, as defined herein, within such 24 municipality, provided that the ordinance requires compliance 25 with at least the minimum requirements established by the

Department under this Act. The licensing and enforcement 1 2 provisions of the municipality shall fully comply with this 3 Act, and the municipality shall make available information as required by this Act. Such compliance shall be determined by 4 5 the Department subject to review as provided in Section 3-703. Section 3-703 shall also be applicable to the judicial review 6 7 of final administrative decisions of the municipality under 8 this Act.

9 Section 3-105. Reports by municipality. Any city, village 10 or incorporated town which has or may have ordinances requiring 11 the licensing and regulation of facilities with at least the 12 minimum standards established by the Department under this Act, 13 shall make such periodic reports to the Department as the 14 Department deems necessary. This report shall include a list of 15 those facilities licensed by such municipality, the number of 16 beds of each facility and the date the license of each facility is effective. 17

Section 3-106. Issuance of license to holder of municipal license.

(a) Upon receipt of notice and proof from an applicant or licensee that he has received a license or renewal thereof from a city, village or incorporated town, accompanied by the required license or renewal fees, the Department shall issue a license or renewal license to such person. The Department shall

not issue a license hereunder to any person who has failed to qualify for a municipal license. If the issuance of a license by the Department antedates regulatory action by a municipality, the municipality shall issue a local license unless the standards and requirements under its ordinance or resolution are greater than those prescribed under this Act.

7 (b) In the event that the standards and requirements under the ordinance or resolution of the municipality are greater 8 9 than those prescribed under this Act, the license issued by the 10 Department shall remain in effect pending reasonable 11 opportunity provided by the municipality, which shall be not 12 less than 60 days, for the licensee to comply with the local requirements. Upon notice by the municipality, or upon the 13 Department's own determination that the licensee has failed to 14 qualify for a local license, the Department shall revoke such 15 16 license.

17 Section 3-107. Inspection; fees. The Department and the 18 city, village or incorporated town shall have the right at any 19 time to visit and inspect the premises and personnel of any 20 facility for the purpose of determining whether the applicant 21 or licensee is in compliance with this Act or with the local 22 ordinances which govern the regulation of the facility. The Department may survey any former facility which once held a 23 24 license to ensure that the facility is not again operating 25 without a license. Municipalities may charge a reasonable

license or renewal fee for the regulation of facilities, which
 fees shall be in addition to the fees paid to the Department.

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3 Section 3-107.1. Access by law enforcement officials and 4 agencies. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the 5 Attorney General, the State's Attorneys and various law agencies of this 6 enforcement State and its political 7 subdivisions shall have full and open access to any facility pursuant to Article 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 8 9 1963 in the exercise of their investigatory and prosecutorial 10 powers in the enforcement of the criminal laws of this State. 11 Furthermore, the Attorney General, the State's Attorneys and 12 law enforcement agencies of this State shall inform the Department of any violations of this Act of which they have 13 14 knowledge. Disclosure of matters before a grand jury shall be 15 made in accordance with Section 112-6 of the Code of Criminal 16 Procedure of 1963.

17 Section 3-108. Cooperation with State agencies. The shall coordinate the functions within State 18 Department government affecting facilities licensed under this Act and 19 20 shall cooperate with other State agencies which establish 21 standards or requirements for facilities to assure necessary, equitable, and consistent State supervision of licensees 22 without unnecessary duplication of survey, evaluation, 23 and 24 consultation services or complaint investigations. The

Department shall cooperate with the Department of Human 1 2 Services in regard to facilities containing more than 20% of 3 residents for whom the Department of Human Services has mandated follow up responsibilities under the Mental Health and 4 5 Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act. The Department 6 shall cooperate with the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in regard to facilities where recipients of public aid 7 8 are residents. The Department shall immediately refer to the 9 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (as 10 successor to the Department of Professional Regulation) for 11 investigation any credible evidence of which it has knowledge 12 that an individual licensed by that Department has violated this Act or any rule issued under this Act. The Department 13 14 shall enter into agreements with other State Departments, 15 agencies or commissions to effectuate the purpose of this 16 Section.

17 Section 3-109. Issuance of license based on Director's 18 findings. Upon receipt and review of an application for a 19 license made under this Article and inspection of the applicant 20 facility under this Article, the Director shall issue a license 21 if he finds:

(1) That the individual applicant, or the corporation,
partnership or other entity if the applicant is not an
individual, is a person responsible and suitable to operate
or to direct or participate in the operation of a facility

by virtue of financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of compliance with lawful orders of the Department and lack of revocation of a license during the previous 5 years;

5 (2) That the facility is under the supervision of an 6 administrator who is licensed, if required, under the 7 Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary 8 Act, as now or hereafter amended; and

9 (3) That the facility is in substantial compliance with 10 this Act, and such other requirements for a license as the 11 Department by rule may establish under this Act.

12 Section 3-110. Contents and period of license.

13 (a) Any license granted by the Director shall state the 14 maximum bed capacity for which it is granted, the date the 15 license was issued, and the expiration date. Except as provided 16 in subsection (b), such licenses shall normally be issued for a period of one year. However, the Director may issue licenses or 17 renewals for periods of not less than 6 months nor more than 18 18 months for facilities with annual licenses and not less than 18 19 20 months nor more than 30 months for facilities with 2-year 21 licenses in order to distribute the expiration dates of such 22 licenses throughout the calendar year, and fees for such licenses shall be prorated on the basis of the portion of a 23 24 year for which they are issued. Each license shall be issued 25 only for the premises and persons named in the application and

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1 shall not be transferable or assignable. 2 The Department shall require the licensee to comply with 3 the requirements of a court order issued under Section 3-515, as a condition of licensing. 4 5 (b) A license for a period of 2 years shall be issued to a 6 facility if the facility: (1) has not received a Type "A" violation within the 7 8 last 24 months; 9 (2) has not received a Type "B" violation within the 10 last 24 months: 11 (3) has not had an inspection, survey, or evaluation 12 that resulted in the issuance of 10 or more administrative warnings in the last 24 months; 13 14 (4) has not had an inspection, survey, or evaluation 15 that resulted in an administrative warning issued for a 16 violation of Sections 3-401 through 3-413 in the last 24 17 months; (5) has not been issued an order to reimburse a 18 resident for a violation of Article II under subsection (6) 19 of Section 3-305 in the last 24 months; and 20 21 (6) has not been subject to sanctions or 22 decertification for violations in relation to patient care 23 of a facility under Titles XVIII and XIX of the federal 24 Social Security Act within the last 24 months.

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If a facility with a 2-year license fails to meet the conditions in items (1) through (6) of this subsection, in addition to any other sanctions that may be applied by the Department under this Act, the facility's 2-year license shall be replaced by a one year license until such time as the facility again meets the conditions in items (1) through (6) of this subsection.

6 Section 3-111. Issuance or renewal of license after notice 7 of violation. The issuance or renewal of a license after notice 8 of a violation has been sent shall not constitute a waiver by 9 the Department of its power to rely on the violation as the 10 basis for subsequent license revocation or other enforcement 11 action under this Act arising out of the notice of violation.

12 Section 3-112. Transfer of ownership; license.

(a) Whenever ownership of a facility is transferred from the person named in the license to any other person, the transferee must obtain a new probationary license. The transferee shall notify the Department of the transfer and apply for a new license at least 30 days prior to final transfer.

(b) The transferor shall notify the Department at least 30 days prior to final transfer. The transferor shall remain responsible for the operation of the facility until such time as a license is issued to the transferee.

23 Section 3-113. Transferee; conditional license. The

license granted to the transferee shall be subject to the plan of correction submitted by the previous owner and approved by the Department and any conditions contained in a conditional license issued to the previous owner. If there are outstanding violations and no approved plan of correction has been implemented, the Department may issue a conditional license and plan of correction as provided in Sections 3-311 through 3-317.

8 Section 3-114. Transferor liable for penalties. The 9 transferor shall remain liable for all penalties assessed 10 against the facility which are imposed for violations occurring 11 prior to transfer of ownership.

12 Section 3-115. License renewal application. At least 120 13 days but not more than 150 days prior to license expiration, 14 the licensee shall submit an application for renewal of the 15 license in such form and containing such information as the Department requires. If the application is approved, 16 the license shall be renewed in accordance with Section 3-110. The 17 18 renewal application for a facility shall not be approved unless 19 the applicant has provided to the Department an accurate 20 disclosure document in accordance with the Alzheimer's Special 21 Care Disclosure Act. If application for renewal is not timely filed, the Department shall so inform the licensee. 22

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Section 3-116. Probationary license. If the applicant has

not been previously licensed or if the facility is not in 1 2 operation at the time application is made, the Department shall 3 issue only a probationary license. A probationary license shall be valid for 120 days unless sooner suspended or revoked under 4 5 Section 3-119. Within 30 days prior to the termination of a 6 probationary license, the Department shall fully and 7 completely inspect the facility and, if the facility meets the 8 applicable requirements for licensure, shall issue a license 9 under Section 3-109. If the Department finds that the facility 10 does not meet the requirements for licensure but has made 11 substantial progress toward meeting those requirements, the 12 license may be renewed once for a period not to exceed 120 days from the expiration date of the initial probationary license. 13

- Section 3-117. Denial of license; grounds. An application for a license may be denied for any of the following reasons:
- 16 (1) Failure to meet any of the minimum standards set
 17 forth by this Act or by rules and regulations promulgated
 18 by the Department under this Act.
- (2) Conviction of the applicant, or if the applicant is a firm, partnership or association, of any of its members, or if a corporation, the conviction of the corporation or any of its officers or stockholders, or of the person designated to manage or supervise the facility, of a felony, or of 2 or more misdemeanors involving moral turpitude, during the previous 5 years as shown by a

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certified copy of the record of the court of conviction.

(3) Personnel insufficient in number or unqualified by
training or experience to properly care for the proposed
number and type of residents.

(4) Insufficient financial or other resources to operate and conduct the facility in accordance with standards promulgated by the Department under this Act.

8 Revocation of a facility license during (5) the 9 previous 5 years, if such prior license was issued to the 10 individual applicant, a controlling owner or controlling 11 combination of owners of the applicant; or any affiliate of 12 individual applicant or controlling owner of the the 13 applicant and such individual applicant, controlling owner 14 of the applicant or affiliate of the applicant was a 15 controlling owner of the prior license; provided, however, 16 that the denial of an application for a license pursuant to 17 this subsection must be supported by evidence that such prior revocation renders the applicant unqualified or 18 19 incapable of meeting or maintaining a facility in 20 accordance with the standards and rules promulgated by the Department under this Act. 21

(6) That the facility is not under the direct
supervision of a full time administrator, as defined by
regulation, who is licensed, if required, under the Nursing
Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act.

Section 3-118. Notice of denial; request for hearing. 1 2 Immediately upon the denial of any application or reapplication 3 for a license under this Article, the Department shall notify the applicant in writing. Notice of denial shall include a 4 5 clear and concise statement of the violations of Section 3-117 on which denial is based and notice of the opportunity for a 6 7 hearing under Section 3-703. If the applicant desires to 8 contest the denial of a license, it shall provide written 9 notice to the Department of a request for a hearing within 10 10 days after receipt of the notice of denial. The Department 11 shall commence the hearing under Section 3-703.

Section 3-119. Suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew license.

(a) The Department, after notice to the applicant or
licensee, may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license in
any case in which the Department finds any of the following:

17 (1) There has been a substantial failure to comply with
18 this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated by the
19 Department under this Act.

20 (2) Conviction of the licensee, or of the person 21 designated to manage or supervise the facility, of a 22 felony, or of 2 or more misdemeanors involving moral 23 turpitude, during the previous 5 years as shown by a 24 certified copy of the record of the court of conviction.

(3) Personnel is insufficient in number or unqualified

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1 2 by training or experience to properly care for the number and type of residents served by the facility.

(4) Financial or other resources are insufficient to 3 conduct and operate the facility in accordance with 4 5 standards promulgated by the Department under this Act.

(5) The facility is not under the direct supervision of 6 7 a full time administrator, as defined by regulation, who is 8 licensed, if required, under the Nursing Home 9 Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act.

10 (b) Notice under this Section shall include a clear and 11 concise statement of the violations on which the nonrenewal or 12 revocation is based, the statute or rule violated and notice of the opportunity for a hearing under Section 3-703. 13

14 (c) If a facility desires to contest the nonrenewal or 15 revocation of a license, the facility shall, within 10 days 16 after receipt of notice under subsection (b) of this Section, 17 notify the Department in writing of its request for a hearing under Section 3-703. Upon receipt of the request the Department 18 shall send notice to the facility and hold a hearing as 19 20 provided under Section 3-703.

(d) The effective date of nonrenewal or revocation of a 21 22 license by the Department shall be any of the following:

23 (1) Until otherwise ordered by the circuit court, revocation is effective on the date set by the Department 24 25 in the notice of revocation, or upon final action after hearing under Section 3-703, whichever is later. 26

(2) Until otherwise ordered by the circuit court, 1 2 nonrenewal is effective on the date of expiration of any 3 existing license, or upon final action after hearing under Section 3-703, whichever is later; however, a license shall 4 5 not be deemed to have expired if the Department fails to timely respond to a timely request for renewal under this 6 7 Act or for a hearing to contest nonrenewal under paragraph 8 (C).

9 (3) The Department may extend the effective date of 10 license revocation or expiration in any case in order to 11 permit orderly removal and relocation of residents.

12 The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the 13 license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the 14 tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any 15 final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by 16 any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, 17 until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are 18 satisfied.

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PART 2. GENERAL PROVISIONS

20 Section 3-201. Medical treatment; no prescription by 21 Department. The Department shall not prescribe the course of 22 medical treatment provided to an individual resident by the 23 resident's physician in a facility.

Section 3-202. Standards for facilities. The Department
 shall prescribe minimum standards for facilities. These
 standards shall regulate:

4 (1) Location and construction of the facility, 5 including plumbing, heating, lighting, ventilation, and 6 other physical conditions which shall ensure the health, 7 safety, and comfort of residents and their protection from 8 fire hazard;

9 Number and qualifications of all personnel, (2)10 including management and nursing personnel, having 11 responsibility for any part of the care given to residents; 12 specifically, the Department shall establish staffing ratios for facilities which shall specify the number of 13 14 staff hours per resident of care that are needed for 15 professional nursing care for various types of facilities 16 or areas within facilities;

(3) All sanitary conditions within the facility and its
surroundings, including water supply, sewage disposal,
food handling, and general hygiene, which shall ensure the
health and comfort of residents;

(4) Diet related to the needs of each resident based on
good nutritional practice and on recommendations which may
be made by the physicians attending the resident;

24 (5) Equipment essential to the health and welfare of25 the residents;

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(6) A program of habilitation and rehabilitation for

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those residents who would benefit from such programs;

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(7) A program for adequate maintenance of physical plant and equipment;

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(8) Adequate accommodations, staff and services for 4 5 the number and types of residents for whom the facility is 6 licensed to care, including standards for temperature and 7 relative humidity within comfort zones determined by the 8 Department based upon a combination of air temperature, 9 relative humidity and air movement. Such standards shall 10 also require facility plans that provide for health and 11 comfort of residents at medical risk as determined by the 12 attending physician whenever the temperature and relative humidity are outside such comfort zones established by the 13 14 Department. The standards must include a requirement that 15 areas of a facility used by residents of the facility be 16 air-conditioned and heated by means of operable 17 air-conditioning and heating equipment. The areas subject to this air-conditioning and heating requirement include, 18 19 without limitation, bedrooms or common areas such as 20 sitting rooms, activity rooms, living rooms, community 21 rooms, and dining rooms.

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(9) Development of evacuation and other appropriate safety plans for use during weather, health, fire, physical plant, environmental and national defense emergencies; and

(10) Maintenance of minimum financial or other
 resources necessary to meet the standards established

1 2 under this Section, and to operate and conduct the facility in accordance with this Act.

3 Section 3-202.1. Weather or hazard alert system. The Department shall develop and implement a system of alerting and 4 5 educating facilities and their personnel as to the existence or 6 possibility of weather or other hazardous circumstances which 7 may endanger resident health or safety and designating any 8 precautions to prevent or minimize such danger. The Department 9 may assist any facility experiencing difficulty in dealing with 10 such emergencies. The Department may provide for announcement 11 to the public of the dangers posed to facility residents by such existing or potential weather or hazardous circumstances. 12

13 Section 3-202.3. Identified offenders as residents. No 14 later than 30 days after July 11, 2005 (the effective date of 15 Public Act 94-163), the Department shall file with the Illinois Secretary of State's Office, pursuant to the 16 Illinois 17 Administrative Procedure Act, emergency rules regarding the provision of services to identified offenders. The emergency 18 19 rules shall provide for, or include, but not be limited to the 20 following:

21 (1) A process for the identification of identified22 offenders.

23 (2) A required risk assessment of identified
24 offenders.

1 (3) A requirement that a licensed facility be required, 2 within 10 days of the filing of the emergency rules, to 3 compare its residents against the Illinois Department of 4 Corrections and Illinois State Police registered sex 5 offender databases.

6 (4) A requirement that the licensed facility notify the 7 Department within 48 hours of determining that a resident 8 or residents of the licensed facility are listed on the 9 Illinois Department of Corrections or Illinois State 10 Police registered sex offender databases.

11 (5) The care planning of identified offenders, which 12 shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the 13 security measures necessary to protect facility residents 14 from the identified offender, including whether the 15 identified offender should be segregated from other 16 facility residents.

17 (6) For offenders serving terms of probation for felony
18 offenses, parole, or mandatory supervised release, the
19 facility shall acknowledge the terms of release as imposed
20 by the court or Illinois Prisoner Review Board.

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(7) The discharge planning for identified offenders.

22 Section 3-202.4. Feasibility of segregating identified 23 offenders. The Department shall determine the feasibility of 24 requiring identified offenders that seek admission to a 25 licensed facility to be segregated from other residents.

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Section 3-202.5. Facility plan review; fees.

2 (a) Before commencing construction of a new facility or 3 specified types of alteration or additions to an existing long 4 term care facility involving major construction, as defined by 5 rule by the Department, with an estimated cost greater than 6 \$100,000, architectural drawings and specifications for the facility shall be submitted to the Department for review and 7 8 approval. A facility may submit architectural drawings and 9 specifications for other construction projects for Department 10 review according to subsection (b) that shall not be subject to 11 fees under subsection (d). Review of drawings and 12 specifications shall be conducted by an employee of the 13 Department meeting the qualifications established by the 14 Department of Central Management Services class specifications 15 for such an individual's position or by a person contracting 16 with the Department who meets those class specifications. Final 17 approval of the drawings and specifications for compliance with design and construction standards shall be obtained from the 18 19 Department before the alteration, addition, or new 20 construction is begun.

(b) The Department shall inform an applicant in writing within 10 working days after receiving drawings and specifications and the required fee, if any, from the applicant whether the applicant's submission is complete or incomplete. Failure to provide the applicant with this notice within 10

1 working days shall result in the submission being deemed 2 complete for purposes of initiating the 60 day review period under this Section. If the submission is incomplete, the 3 Department shall inform the applicant of the deficiencies with 4 5 the submission in writing. If the submission is complete the 6 required fee, if any, has been paid, the Department shall 7 approve or disapprove drawings and specifications submitted to the Department no later than 60 days following receipt by the 8 9 Department. The drawings and specifications shall be of 10 sufficient detail, as provided by Department rule, to enable the Department to render a determination of compliance with 11 12 design and construction standards under this Act. If the 13 Department finds that the drawings are not of sufficient detail for it to render a determination of compliance, the plans shall 14 15 be determined to be incomplete and shall not be considered for 16 purposes of initiating the 60 day review period. If а 17 submission of drawings and specifications is incomplete, the applicant may submit additional information. The 60 day review 18 period shall not commence until the Department determines that 19 20 a submission of drawings and specifications is complete or the submission is deemed complete. If the Department has not 21 22 approved or disapproved the drawings and specifications within 23 60 days, the construction, major alteration, or addition shall be deemed approved. If the drawings and specifications are 24 25 disapproved, the Department shall state in writing, with 26 specificity, the reasons for the disapproval. The entity

specifications 1 submitting the drawings and mav submit 2 additional information in response to the written comments from 3 the Department or request a reconsideration of the disapproval. A final decision of approval or disapproval shall be made 4 5 within 45 days of the receipt of the additional information or reconsideration request. If denied, the Department shall state 6 7 the specific reasons for the denial.

8 (c) The Department shall provide written approval for 9 occupancy pursuant to subsection (g) and shall not issue a 10 violation to a facility as a result of a licensure or complaint 11 survey based upon the facility's physical structure if:

12 (1) the Department reviewed and approved or deemed 13 approved the drawings and specifications for compliance 14 with design and construction standards;

15 (2) the construction, major alteration, or addition16 was built as submitted;

17 (3) the law or rules have not been amended since the18 original approval; and

19 (4) the conditions at the facility indicate that there
20 is a reasonable degree of safety provided for the
21 residents.

(d) The Department shall charge the following fees in
 connection with its reviews conducted before June 30, 2004
 under this Section:

25 (1) (Blank).

26 (2) (Blank).

(3) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration,
 addition, or new construction is \$100,000 or more but less
 than \$500,000, the fee shall be the greater of \$2,400 or
 1.2% of that value.

5 (4) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 6 addition, or new construction is \$500,000 or more but less 7 than \$1,000,000, the fee shall be the greater of \$6,000 or 8 0.96% of that value.

9 (5) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 10 addition, or new construction is \$1,000,000 or more but 11 less than \$5,000,000, the fee shall be the greater of 12 \$9,600 or 0.22% of that value.

(6) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 13 14 addition, or new construction is \$5,000,000 or more, the 15 fee shall be the greater of \$11,000 or 0.11% of that value, 16 but shall not exceed \$40,000. The fees provided in this subsection (d) shall not apply to major construction 17 projects involving facility changes that are required by 18 19 Department rule amendments. The fees provided in this 20 subsection (d) shall also not apply to major construction projects if 51% or more of the estimated cost of the 21 22 project is attributed to capital equipment. For major 23 construction projects where 51% or more of the estimated 24 cost of the project is attributed to capital equipment, the 25 Department shall by rule establish a fee that is reasonably 26 related to the cost of reviewing the project. The

Department shall not commence the facility plan review
 process under this Section until the applicable fee has
 been paid.

(e) All fees received by the Department under this Section 4 5 shall be deposited into the Health Facility Plan Review Fund, a special fund created in the State Treasury. All fees paid by 6 7 long term care facilities under subsection (d) shall be used 8 only to cover the costs relating to the Department's review of 9 long term care facility projects under this Section. Moneys 10 shall be appropriated from that Fund to the Department only to 11 pay the costs of conducting reviews under this Section or under 12 Section 3-202.5 of the Nursing Home Care Act. None of the moneys in the Health Facility Plan Review Fund shall be used to 13 14 reduce the amount of General Revenue Fund moneys appropriated 15 to the Department for facility plan reviews conducted pursuant 16 to this Section.

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(f) (Blank).

(g) The Department shall conduct an on site inspection of 18 19 the completed project no later than 30 days after notification 20 from the applicant that the project has been completed and all certifications required by the Department have been received 21 22 and accepted by the Department. The Department shall provide 23 written approval for occupancy to the applicant within 5 working days of the Department's final inspection, provided the 24 25 applicant has demonstrated substantial compliance as defined 26 by Department rule. Occupancy of new major construction is prohibited until Department approval is received, unless the Department has not acted within the time frames provided in this subsection (g), in which case the construction shall be deemed approved. Occupancy shall be authorized after any required health inspection by the Department has been conducted.

7 (h) The Department shall establish, by rule, a procedure to
8 conduct interim on site review of large or complex construction
9 projects.

(i) The Department shall establish, by rule, an expedited
 process for emergency repairs or replacement of like equipment.

(j) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to apply to maintenance, upkeep, or renovation that does not affect the structural integrity of the building, does not add beds or services over the number for which the long term care facility is licensed, and provides a reasonable degree of safety for the residents.

18 Section 3-203. Standards for persons with developmental 19 disability or emotional or behavioral disorder. In licensing 20 any facility for persons with a developmental disability or 21 persons suffering from emotional or behavioral disorders, the 22 Department shall consult with the Department of Human Services 23 in developing minimum standards for such persons.

Section 3-204. License classifications. In addition to the

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authority to prescribe minimum standards, the Department may 1 2 adopt license classifications of facilities according to the levels of service, and if license classification is adopted the 3 applicable minimum standards shall define the classification. 4 5 In adopting classification of the license of facilities, the 6 Department may give recognition to the classification of services defined or prescribed by federal statute or federal 7 rule or regulation. More than one classification of the license 8 9 may be issued to the same facility when the prescribed minimum 10 standards and regulations are met.

11 Section 3-205. Municipalities; license classifications. 12 Where licensing responsibilities are performed by a city, 13 village or incorporated town, the municipality shall use the 14 same classifications as the Department; and a facility may not 15 be licensed for a different classification by the Department 16 than by the municipality.

Section 3-206. Curriculum for training nursing assistants and aides. The Department shall prescribe a curriculum for training nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care aides.

(a) No person, except a volunteer who receives no
compensation from a facility and is not included for the
purpose of meeting any staffing requirements set forth by the
Department, shall act as a nursing assistant, habilitation

aide, or child care aide in a facility, nor shall any person, under any other title, not licensed, certified, or registered to render medical care by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, assist with the personal, medical, or nursing care of residents in a facility, unless such person meets the following requirements:

7 (1) Be at least 16 years of age, of temperate habits
8 and good moral character, honest, reliable and
9 trustworthy.

10 (2) Be able to speak and understand the English
11 language or a language understood by a substantial
12 percentage of the facility's residents.

(3) Provide evidence of employment or occupation, if
any, and residence for 2 years prior to his present
employment.

16 (4) Have completed at least 8 years of grade school or
 17 provide proof of equivalent knowledge.

(5) Begin a current course of training for nursing 18 19 assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, 20 approved by the Department, within 45 days of initial employment in the capacity of a nursing assistant, 21 22 habilitation aide, or child care aide at any facility. Such 23 courses of training shall be successfully completed within 24 120 days of initial employment in the capacity of nursing 25 assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide at a 26 facility. Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and

child care aides who are enrolled in approved courses in community colleges or other educational institutions on a term, semester or trimester basis, shall be exempt from the 120-day completion time limit. The Department shall adopt rules for such courses of training. These rules shall include procedures for facilities to carry on an approved course of training within the facility.

8 The Department may accept comparable training in lieu 9 of the 120-hour course for student nurses, foreign nurses, 10 military personnel, or employees of the Department of Human 11 Services.

12 The facility shall develop and implement procedures, 13 which shall be approved by the Department, for an ongoing 14 review process, which shall take place within the facility, 15 for nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care 16 aides.

17 At the time of each regularly scheduled licensure survey, or at the time of a complaint investigation, the 18 19 Department may require any nursing assistant, habilitation 20 aide, or child care aide to demonstrate, either through 21 written examination or action, or both, sufficient 22 knowledge in all areas of required training. If such 23 knowledge is inadequate the Department shall require the 24 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide to 25 complete inservice training and review in the facility 26 until the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child

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care aide demonstrates to the Department, either through examination or action, or both, sufficient written knowledge in all areas of required training; and

(6) Be familiar with and have general skills related to 4 5 resident care.

(a-0.5) An educational entity, other than a secondary 6 7 school, conducting a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or 8 child care aide training program shall initiate a UCIA criminal 9 history record check prior to entry of an individual into the 10 training program. A secondary school may initiate a UCIA 11 criminal history record check prior to the entry of an 12 individual into a training program.

13 (a-1) Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, or child 14 care aides seeking to be included on the registry must 15 authorize the Department of Public Health or its designee that 16 tests nursing assistants to request a UCIA criminal history 17 check and submit all necessary information.

(b) Persons subject to this Section shall perform their 18 duties under the supervision of a nurse. 19

20 (c) It is unlawful for any facility to employ any person in the capacity of nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child 21 22 care aide, or under any other title, not licensed by the State 23 of Illinois to assist in the personal, medical, or nursing care of residents in such facility unless such person has complied 24 25 with this Section.

26

(d) Proof of compliance by each employee with the 1 requirements set out in this Section shall be maintained for 2 each such employee by each facility in the individual personnel 3 folder of the employee.

4 (e) Each facility shall certify to the Department on a form
5 provided by the Department the name and residence address of
6 each employee, and that each employee subject to this Section
7 meets all the requirements of this Section.

8 (f) Any facility that is operated under Section 3-803 shall
9 be exempt from the requirements of this Section.

10 (q) Each skilled nursing and intermediate care facility 11 that admits persons who are diagnosed as having Alzheimer's 12 disease or related dementias shall require all nursing 13 assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, who did not receive 12 hours of training in the care and treatment of 14 15 such residents during the training required under paragraph (5) 16 of subsection (a), to obtain 12 hours of in house training in 17 the care and treatment of such residents. If the facility does not provide the training in house, the training shall be 18 19 obtained from other facilities, community colleges or other 20 educational institutions that have a recognized course for such training. The Department shall, by rule, establish a recognized 21 22 course for such training.

The Department's rules shall provide that such training may be conducted in house at each facility subject to the requirements of this subsection, in which case such training shall be monitored by the Department. The Department's rules

shall also provide for circumstances and procedures whereby any 1 2 person who has received training that meets the requirements of this subsection shall not be required to undergo additional 3 training if he or she is transferred to or obtains employment 4 5 at a different facility but remains continuously employed as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide. 6 Licensed sheltered care facilities shall be exempt from the 7 8 requirements of this Section.

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Section 3-206.01. Health care worker registry.

10 (a) The Department shall establish and maintain a registry 11 of all individuals who have satisfactorily completed the 12 training required by Section 3-206. The registry shall include 13 the name of the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide, his or her current address, Social Security number, 14 15 and the date and location of the training course completed by 16 the individual, and the date of the individual's last criminal records check. Any individual placed on the registry is 17 required to inform the Department of any change of address 18 19 within 30 days. A facility shall not employ an individual as a 20 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide unless 21 the facility has inquired of the Department as to information 22 in the registry concerning the individual and shall not employ anyone not on the registry unless the individual is enrolled in 23 24 a training program under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 3-206 of this Act. 25

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Ιf Department finds that a 1 the nursing assistant, 2 habilitation aide, or child care aide has abused a resident, 3 neglected a resident, or misappropriated resident property in a facility, the Department shall notify the individual of this 4 5 finding by certified mail sent to the address contained in the 6 registry. The notice shall give the individual an opportunity to contest the finding in a hearing before the Department or to 7 8 submit a written response to the findings in lieu of requesting 9 a hearing. If, after a hearing or if the individual does not 10 request a hearing, the Department finds that the individual 11 abused a resident, neglected a resident, or misappropriated 12 resident property in a facility, the finding shall be included 13 as part of the registry as well as a brief statement from the 14 individual, if he or she chooses to make such a statement. The 15 Department shall make information in the registry available to 16 the public. In the case of inquiries to the registry concerning 17 an individual listed in the registry, any information disclosed concerning such a finding shall also include disclosure of any 18 19 statement in the registry relating to the finding or a clear 20 and accurate summary of the statement.

(b) The Department shall add to the health care worker registry records of findings as reported by the Inspector General or remove from the health care worker registry records of findings as reported by the Department of Human Services, under subsection (g-5) of Section 1-17 of the Department of Human Services Act.

Section 3-206.02. Designation on registry for offense. 1 2 (a) The Department, after notice to the nursing assistant, 3 habilitation aide, or child care aide, may denote that the 4 Department has found any of the following: 5 (1) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child 6 care aide has abused a resident. 7 (2) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child 8 care aide has neglected a resident. 9 (3) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child 10 care aide has misappropriated resident property. 11 (4) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide has been convicted of (i) a felony, (ii) a 12 13 misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, 14 or (iii) any crime that is directly related to the duties 15 of a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care 16 aide. (b) Notice under this Section shall include a clear and 17 18 concise statement of the grounds denoting abuse, neglect, or 19 theft and notice of the opportunity for a hearing to contest the designation. 20 21 (C) The Department may denote any nursing assistant, 22 habilitation aide, or child care aide on the registry who fails

(i) to file a return, (ii) to pay the tax, penalty or interest
shown in a filed return, or (iii) to pay any final assessment
of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act

administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until the 1 2 time the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied.

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(c-1) The Department shall document criminal background check results pursuant to the requirements of the Health Care 4 5 Worker Background Check Act.

6 (d) At any time after the designation on the registry pursuant to subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this Section, a 7 8 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide may 9 petition the Department for removal of designation on the 10 registry. The Department may remove the designation of the 11 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide on the 12 registry unless, after an investigation and a hearing, the 13 Department determines that removal of designation is not in the 14 public interest.

15 Section 3-206.03. Resident attendants.

16 (a) As used in this Section, "resident attendant" means an individual who assists residents in a facility with the 17 18 following activities:

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(1) eating and drinking; and

(2) personal hygiene limited to washing a resident's 20 21 hands and face, brushing and combing a resident's hair, 22 oral hygiene, shaving residents with an electric razor, and 23 applying makeup.

24 The term "resident attendant" does include not an 25 individual who:

(1) is a licensed health professional or a registered
 dietitian;

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(2) volunteers without monetary compensation;

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(3) is a nurse assistant; or

5 (4) performs any nursing or nursing related services
6 for residents of a facility.

7 (b) A facility may employ resident attendants to assist the 8 nurse aides with the activities authorized under subsection 9 (a). The resident attendants shall not count in the minimum 10 staffing requirements under rules implementing this Act.

(c) A facility may not use on a full time or other paid basis any individual as a resident attendant in the facility unless the individual:

14 (1) has completed a training and competency evaluation
15 program encompassing the tasks the individual provides;
16 and

17 (2) is competent to provide feeding, hydration, and18 personal hygiene services.

19 (d) The training and competency evaluation program may be 20 facility based. It may include one or more of the following 21 units:

(1) A feeding unit that is a maximum of 5 hours inlength.

24 (2) A hydration unit that is a maximum of 3 hours in25 length.

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(3) A personal hygiene unit that is a maximum of 5

hours in length. These programs must be reviewed and
 approved by the Department every 2 years.

3 (f) A person seeking employment as a resident attendant is4 subject to the Health Care Worker Background Check Act.

5 3-206.1. Section Transfer of ownership following 6 suspension or revocation; discussion with new owner. Whenever 7 ownership of a private facility is transferred to another 8 private owner following a final order for a suspension or 9 revocation of the facility's license, the Department shall 10 discuss with the new owner all noted problems associated with 11 the facility and shall determine what additional training, if any, is needed for the direct care staff. 12

13 Section 3-207. Statement of ownership.

14 (a) As a condition of the issuance or renewal of the 15 license of any facility, the applicant shall file a statement 16 of ownership. The applicant shall update the information 17 required in the statement of ownership within 10 days of any 18 change.

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(b) The statement of ownership shall include the following:

(1) The name, address, telephone number, occupation or
business activity, business address and business telephone
number of the person who is the owner of the facility and
every person who owns the building in which the facility is
located, if other than the owner of the facility, which is

the subject of the application or license; and if the owner and stockholder of the owner;

4 (2) The name and address of any facility, wherever 5 located, any financial interest in which is owned by the 6 applicant, if the facility were required to be licensed if 7 it were located in this State;

8 (3) Other information necessary to determine the 9 identity and qualifications of an applicant or licensee to 10 operate a facility in accordance with this Act as required 11 by the Department in regulations.

12 (c) The information in the statement of ownership shall be13 public information and shall be available from the Department.

14 Section 3-208. Annual financial statement.

(a) Each licensee shall file annually, or more often as the Director shall by rule prescribe an attested financial statement. The Director may order an audited financial statement of a particular facility by an auditor of the Director's choice, provided the cost of such audit is paid by the Department.

(b) No public funds shall be expended for the maintenance of any resident in a facility which has failed to file the financial statement required under this Section and no public funds shall be paid to or on behalf of a facility which has failed to file a statement. 1 (c) The Director of Public Health and the Director of 2 Healthcare and Family Services shall promulgate under Sections 3 3-801 and 3-802, one set of regulations for the filing of these 4 financial statements, and shall provide in these regulations 5 for forms, required information, intervals and dates of filing 6 and such other provisions as they may deem necessary.

7 (d) The Director of Public Health and the Director of 8 Healthcare and Family Services shall seek the advice and 9 comments of other State and federal agencies which require the submission of financial data from facilities licensed under 10 11 this Act and shall incorporate the information requirements of 12 these agencies so as to impose the least possible burden on 13 licensees. No other State agency may require submission of financial data except as expressly authorized by law or as 14 15 necessary to meet requirements of federal statutes or 16 regulations. Information obtained under this Section shall be 17 made available, upon request, by the Department to any other legislative commission which such 18 State agency or to 19 information is necessary for investigations or required for the 20 purposes of State or federal law or regulation.

21 Section 3-209. Posting of information. Every facility 22 shall conspicuously post for display in an area of its offices 23 accessible to residents, employees, and visitors the 24 following:

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(1) Its current license;

1 (2) A description, provided by the Department, of 2 complaint procedures established under this Act and the 3 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized 4 by the Department to receive complaints;

5 (3) A copy of any order pertaining to the facility
6 issued by the Department or a court; and

7 (4) A list of the material available for public
8 inspection under Section 3-210.

9 Section 3-210. Materials for public inspection.

10 A facility shall retain the following for public 11 inspection:

12 (1) A complete copy of every inspection report of the 13 facility received from the Department during the past 5 14 years;

15 (2) A copy of every order pertaining to the facility
16 issued by the Department or a court during the past 5
17 years;

(3) A description of the services provided by the
facility and the rates charged for those services and items
for which a resident may be separately charged;

21 (4) A copy of the statement of ownership required by
22 Section 3-207;

(5) A record of personnel employed or retained by the
 facility who are licensed, certified or registered by the
 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (as

successor to the Department of Professional Regulation);

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(6) A complete copy of the most recent inspection report of the facility received from the Department; and

4 (7) A copy of the current Consumer Choice Information
5 Report required by Section 2-214.

6 Section 3-211. No State or federal funds to unlicensed 7 facility. No State or federal funds which are appropriated by 8 the General Assembly or which pass through the General Revenue 9 Fund or any special fund in the State Treasury shall be paid to 10 a facility not having a license issued under this Act.

Section 3-212. Inspection of facility by Department; report.

The Department, whenever it deems necessary in 13 (a) 14 accordance with subsection (b), shall inspect, survey and 15 evaluate every facility to determine compliance with applicable licensure requirements and standards. Submission of 16 a facility's current Consumer Choice Information Report 17 required by Section 2-214 shall be verified at the time of 18 inspection. An inspection should occur within 120 days prior to 19 20 license renewal. The Department may periodically visit a 21 facility for the purpose of consultation. An inspection, survey, or evaluation, other than an inspection of financial 22 23 records, shall be conducted without prior notice to the 24 facility. A visit for the sole purpose of consultation may be announced. The Department shall provide training to surveyors about the appropriate assessment, care planning, and care of persons with mental illness (other than Alzheimer's disease or related disorders) to enable its surveyors to determine whether a facility is complying with State and federal requirements about the assessment, care planning, and care of those persons.

(a-1) An employee of a State or unit of local government 7 8 agency charged with inspecting, surveying, and evaluating 9 facilities who directly or indirectly gives prior notice of an 10 inspection, survey, or evaluation, other than an inspection of 11 financial records, to a facility or to an employee of a 12 facility is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. An inspector or an 13 employee of the Department who intentionally prenotifies a facility, orally or in writing, of a pending complaint 14 investigation or inspection shall be guilty of a Class A 15 16 misdemeanor. Superiors of persons who have prenotified a 17 facility shall be subject to the same penalties, if they have knowingly allowed the prenotification. A person found quilty of 18 prenotifying a facility shall be subject to disciplinary action 19 20 by his or her employer. If the Department has a good faith belief, based upon information that comes to its attention, 21 22 that a violation of this subsection has occurred, it must file 23 a complaint with the Attorney General or the State's Attorney in the county where the violation took place within 30 days 24 25 after discovery of the information.

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(a-2) An employee of a State or unit of local government

agency charged with inspecting, surveying, or evaluating 1 2 willfully profits violating facilities who from the confidentiality of the inspection, survey, or evaluation 3 process shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and that conduct 4 5 shall be deemed unprofessional conduct that may subject a person to loss of his or her professional license. An action to 6 7 prosecute a person for violating this subsection (a-2) may be 8 brought by either the Attorney General or the State's Attorney 9 in the county where the violation took place.

10 (b) In determining whether to make more than the required 11 number of unannounced inspections, surveys and evaluations of a 12 facility the Department shall consider one or more of the 13 following: previous inspection reports; the facility's history compliance with standards, 14 rules and regulations of 15 promulgated under this Act and correction of violations, 16 penalties or other enforcement actions; the number and severity 17 of complaints received about the facility; any allegations of 18 abuse neglect; weather conditions; resident or health emergencies; other reasonable belief that deficiencies exist. 19

(b-1) The Department shall not be required to determine whether a facility certified to participate in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, or the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and which the Department determines by inspection under this Section or under Section 3-702 of this Act to be in compliance with the certification requirements of Title XVIII or XIX, is

in compliance with any requirement of this Act that is less 1 2 stringent than or duplicates a federal certification requirement. In accordance with subsection (a) of this Section 3 or subsection (d) of Section 3-702, the Department shall 4 5 determine whether a certified facility is in compliance with requirements of this Act that exceed federal certification 6 7 requirements. If a certified facility is found to be out of 8 compliance with federal certification requirements, the 9 results of an inspection conducted pursuant to Title XVIII or 10 XIX of the Social Security Act may be used as the basis for 11 enforcement remedies authorized and commenced under this Act. 12 Enforcement of this Act against a certified facility shall be 13 commenced pursuant to the requirements of this Act, unless 14 enforcement remedies sought pursuant to Title XVIII or XIX of 15 the Social Security Act exceed those authorized by this Act. As 16 used in this subsection, "enforcement remedy" means a sanction 17 for violating a federal certification requirement or this Act.

Upon completion of each inspection, survey and 18 (C) 19 evaluation, the appropriate Department personnel who conducted 20 the inspection, survey or evaluation shall submit a copy of their report to the licensee upon exiting the facility, and 21 22 shall submit the actual report to the appropriate regional 23 office of the Department. Such report and any recommendations Department under this 24 for action by the Act shall be 25 transmitted to the appropriate offices of the associate 26 director of the Department, together with related comments or

documentation provided by the licensee which may refute 1 2 report, which findings in the explain extenuating circumstances that the facility could not reasonably have 3 prevented, or which indicate methods and timetables for 4 5 correction of deficiencies described in the report. Without affecting the application of subsection (a) of Section 3-303, 6 7 any documentation or comments of the licensee shall be provided 8 within 10 days of receipt of the copy of the report. Such 9 report shall recommend to the Director appropriate action under 10 this Act with respect to findings against a facility. The 11 Director shall then determine whether the report's findings 12 constitute a violation or violations of which the facility must 13 be given notice. Such determination shall be based upon the severity of the finding, the danger posed to resident health 14 15 and safety, the comments and documentation provided by the 16 facility, the diligence and efforts to correct deficiencies, 17 correction of the reported deficiencies, the frequency and duration of similar findings in previous reports and the 18 facility's general inspection history. Violations shall be 19 20 determined under this subsection no later than 60 days after completion of each inspection, survey and evaluation. 21

(d) The Department shall maintain all inspection, survey and evaluation reports for at least 5 years in a manner accessible to and understandable by the public.

25 Section 3-213. Periodic reports to Department. The

Department shall require periodic reports and shall have access 1 2 to and may reproduce or photocopy at its cost any books, 3 records, and other documents maintained by the facility to the extent necessary to carry out this Act and the rules 4 5 promulgated under this Act. The Department shall not divulge or disclose the contents of a record under this Section in 6 violation of Section 2-206 or as otherwise prohibited by this 7 8 Act.

9 Section 3-214. Consent to Department inspection. Anv 10 holder of a license or applicant for a license shall be deemed 11 to have given consent to any authorized officer, employee or 12 agent of the Department to enter and inspect the facility in 13 accordance with this Article. Refusal to permit such entry or 14 inspection shall constitute grounds for denial, nonrenewal or 15 revocation of a license as provided in Section 3-117 or 3-119 16 of this Act.

17 Section 3-215. Annual report on facility by Department. The Department shall make at least one report on each facility in 18 the State annually, unless the facility has been issued a 19 20 2-year license under subsection (b) of Section 3-110 for which 21 the report shall be made every 2-years. All conditions and 22 practices not in compliance with applicable standards within 23 the report period shall be specifically stated. If a violation 24 is corrected or is subject to an approved plan of correction,

the same shall be specified in the report. The Department shall send a copy to any person on receiving a written request. The Department may charge a reasonable fee to cover copying costs.

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PART 3. VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES

5 Section 3-301. Notice of violation of Act or rules. If 6 after receiving the report specified in subsection (c) of 7 Section 3-212 the Director or his designee determines that a 8 facility is in violation of this Act or of any rule promulgated 9 thereunder, he shall serve a notice of violation upon the 10 licensee within 10 days thereafter. Each notice of violation 11 shall be prepared in writing and shall specify the nature of the violation, and the statutory provision or rule alleged to 12 13 have been violated. The notice shall inform the licensee of any 14 action the Department may take under the Act, including the 15 requirement of a facility plan of correction under Section 3-303; placement of the facility on a list prepared under 16 Section 3-304; assessment of a penalty under Section 3-305; a 17 conditional license under Sections 3-311 through 3-317; or 18 license suspension or revocation under Section 3-119. The 19 20 Director or his designee shall also inform the licensee of 21 rights to a hearing under Section 3-703.

22 Section 3-302. Each day a separate violation. Each day the 23 violation exists after the date upon which a notice of

violation is served under Section 3-301 shall constitute a 1 2 separate violation for purposes of assessing penalties or fines under Section 3-305. The submission of a plan of correction 3 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 3-303 does not prohibit 4 5 or preclude the Department from assessing penalties or fines pursuant to Section 3-305 for those violations found to be 6 7 valid except as provided under Section 3-308 in relation to Type "B" violations. No penalty or fine may be assessed for a 8 9 condition for which the facility has received a variance or waiver of a standard. 10

11 Section 3-303. Correction of violations; hearing.

12 (a) The situation, condition or practice constituting a 13 Type "A" violation shall be abated or eliminated immediately 14 unless a fixed period of time, not exceeding 15 days, as 15 determined by the Department and specified in the notice of 16 violation, is required for correction.

(b) At the time of issuance of a notice of a Type "B" 17 18 violation, the Department shall request a plan of correction which is subject to the Department's approval. The facility 19 20 shall have 10 days after receipt of notice of violation in 21 which to prepare and submit a plan of correction. The 22 Department may extend this period up to 30 days where correction involves substantial capital improvement. The plan 23 24 shall include a fixed time period not in excess of 90 days 25 within which violations are to be corrected. If the Department

rejects a plan of correction, it shall send notice of the rejection and the reason for the rejection to the facility. The facility shall have 10 days after receipt of the notice of rejection in which to submit a modified plan. If the modified plan is not timely submitted, or if the modified plan is rejected, the facility shall follow an approved plan of correction imposed by the Department.

8 (c) If the violation has been corrected prior to submission 9 and approval of a plan of correction, the facility may submit a 10 report of correction in place of a plan of correction. Such 11 report shall be signed by the administrator under oath.

12 Upon a licensee's petition, the Department shall (d) 13 determine whether to grant a licensee's request for an extended 14 correction time. Such petition shall be served on the 15 Department prior to expiration of the correction time 16 originally approved. The burden of proof is on the petitioning 17 facility to show good cause for not being able to comply with the original correction time approved. 18

19 (e) If a facility desires to contest any Department action 20 under this Section it shall send a written request for a hearing under Section 3-703 to the Department within 10 days of 21 22 receipt of notice of the contested action. The Department shall 23 commence the hearing as provided under Section 3-703. Whenever possible, all action of the Department under this Section 24 25 arising out of a violation shall be contested and determined at a single hearing. Issues decided after a hearing may not be 26

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reheard at subsequent hearings under this Section.

Section 3-303.1. Waiver of facility's compliance with rule 2 3 or standard. Upon application by a facility, the Director may 4 grant or renew the waiver of the facility's compliance with a 5 rule or standard for a period not to exceed the duration of the 6 current license or, in the case of an application for license 7 renewal, the duration of the renewal period. The waiver may be 8 conditioned upon the facility taking action prescribed by the 9 Director as a measure equivalent to compliance. In determining 10 whether to grant or renew a waiver, the Director shall consider 11 the duration and basis for any current waiver with respect to 12 the same rule or standard and the validity and effect upon 13 patient health and safety of extending it on the same basis, 14 the effect upon the health and safety of residents, the quality 15 of resident care, the facility's history of compliance with the 16 rules and standards of this Act and the facility's attempts to comply with the particular rule or standard in question. The 17 18 Department may provide, by rule, for the automatic renewal of waivers concerning physical plant requirements upon the 19 20 renewal of a license. The Department shall renew waivers 21 relating to physical plant standards issued pursuant to this 22 Section at the time of the indicated reviews, unless it can 23 show why such waivers should not be extended for the following 24 reasons:

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(a) the condition of the physical plant has deteriorated or

1 its use substantially changed so that the basis upon which the 2 waiver was issued is materially different; or

3 (b) the facility is renovated or substantially remodeled in such a way as to permit compliance with the applicable rules 4 5 and standards without substantial increase in cost. A copy of each waiver application and each waiver granted or renewed 6 7 shall be on file with the Department and available for public 8 inspection. The Director shall annually review such file and 9 recommend to the Long-Term Care Facility Advisory Board 10 established under Section 2-204 of the Nursing Home Care Act 11 any modification in rules or standards suggested by the number 12 of waivers requested and granted and and nature the 13 difficulties faced in compliance by similarly situated 14 facilities.

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Section 3-303.2. Administrative warning.

16 (a) If the Department finds a situation, condition or practice which violates this Act or any rule promulgated 17 thereunder which does not directly threaten the health, safety 18 or welfare of a resident, the Department shall issue an 19 administrative warning. Any administrative warning shall be 20 21 served upon the facility in the same manner as the notice of facility 22 violation under Section 3-301. The shall be 23 responsible for correcting the situation, condition or 24 practice; however, no written plan of correction need be 25 submitted for an administrative warning, except for violations

of Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder. A written plan of correction is required to be filed for an administrative warning issued for violations of Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder.

6 (b) If, however, the situation, condition or practice which resulted in the issuance of an administrative warning, with the 7 8 exception of administrative warnings issued pursuant to 9 Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated 10 thereunder, is not corrected by the next on site inspection by 11 the Department which occurs no earlier than 90 days from the 12 issuance of the administrative warning, a written plan of 13 correction must be submitted in the same manner as provided in subsection (b) of Section 3-303. 14

Section 3-304. Quarterly list of facilities against which Department has taken action.

(a) The Department shall prepare on a quarterly basis a
list containing the names and addresses of all facilities
against which the Department during the previous quarter has:

(1) sent a notice under Section 3-307 regarding a
 penalty assessment under subsection (1) of Section 3-305;

22 (2) sent a notice of license revocation under Section
23 3-119;

24 (3) sent a notice refusing renewal of a license under
25 Section 3-119;

(4) sent a notice to suspend a license under Section
 3-119;

3 (5) issued a conditional license for violations that 4 have not been corrected under Section 3-303 or penalties or 5 fines described under Section 3-305 have been assessed 6 under Section 3-307 or 3-308;

7 (6) placed a monitor under subsections (a), (b) and (c) 8 of Section 3-501 and under subsection (d) of such Section 9 where license revocation or nonrenewal notices have also 10 been issued;

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(7) initiated an action to appoint a receiver;

12 (8) recommended to the Director of Healthcare and Family Services, or the Secretary of the United States 13 14 Department of Health and Human Services, the 15 decertification for violations in relation to patient care 16 of a facility pursuant to Titles XVIII and XIX of the 17 federal Social Security Act.

(b) In addition to the name and address of the facility, 18 19 the list shall include the name and address of the person or 20 licensee against whom the action has been initiated, a self explanatory summary of the facts which warranted the initiation 21 22 of each action, the type of action initiated, the date of the 23 initiation of the action, the amount of the penalty sought to be assessed, if any, and the final disposition of the action, 24 25 if completed.

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(c) The list shall be available to any member of the public

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1 upon oral or written request without charge.

Section 3-304.1. Public computer access to information. 2 3 (a) The Department must make information regarding nursing 4 homes in the State available to the public in electronic form 5 World Wide Web, including all of the following on the 6 information: 7 (1) who regulates facilities licensed under this Act; 8 (2) information in the possession of the Department 9 that is listed in Sections 3-210 and 3-304: 10 (3) deficiencies and plans of correction; 11 (4) enforcement remedies; 12 (5) penalty letters; (6) designation of penalty monies; 13 14 (7) the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' 15 Health Care Financing Administration special projects or 16 federally required inspections; 17 (8) advisory standards; 18 (9) deficiency free surveys; and (10) enforcement actions and enforcement summaries. 19 20 (b) No fee or other charge may be imposed by the Department 21 as a condition of accessing the information. 22 (c) The electronic public access provided through the World Wide Web shall be in addition to any other electronic or print 23 24 distribution of the information. 25 (d) The information shall be made available as provided in

1 this Section in the shortest practicable time after it is 2 publicly available in any other form.

3 Section 3-305. Penalties or fines. The license of a 4 facility which is in violation of this Act or any rule adopted 5 thereunder may be subject to the penalties or fines levied by 6 the Department as specified in this Section.

7 (1) Unless a greater penalty or fine is allowed under 8 subsection (3), a licensee who commits a Type "A" violation 9 as defined in Section 1-129 is automatically issued a 10 conditional license for a period of 6 months to coincide 11 with an acceptable plan of correction and assessed a fine computed at a rate of \$5.00 per resident in the facility 12 13 plus 20 cents per resident for each day of the violation, 14 commencing on the date a notice of the violation is served 15 under Section 3-301 and ending on the date the violation is 16 corrected, or a fine of not less than \$5,000, or when 17 death, serious mental or physical harm, permanent 18 disability, or disfigurement results, a fine of not less 19 than \$10,000, whichever is greater.

20 (2) A licensee who commits a Type "B" violation or who 21 is issued an administrative warning for a violation of 22 Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated 23 thereunder is subject to a penalty computed at a rate of \$3 24 per resident in the facility, plus 15 cents per resident 25 for each day of the violation, commencing on the date a

notice of the violation is served under Section 3-301 and 1 2 ending on the date the violation is corrected, or a fine 3 not less than \$500, whichever is greater. Such fine shall be assessed on the date of notice of the violation and 4 shall be suspended for violations that continue after such 5 date upon completion of a plan of correction in accordance 6 with Section 3-308 in relation to the assessment of fines 7 and correction. Failure to correct such violation within 8 9 the time period approved under a plan of correction shall 10 result in a fine and conditional license as provided under 11 subsection (5).

12 (3) A licensee who commits a Type "A" violation as 13 defined in Section 1-129 which continues beyond the time 14 specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3 303 which is cited 15 as a repeat violation shall have its license revoked and 16 shall be assessed a fine of 3 times the fine computed per 17 resident per day under subsection (1).

(4) A licensee who fails to satisfactorily comply with 18 19 an accepted plan of correction for a Type "B" violation or 20 an administrative warning issued pursuant to Sections 21 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder 22 shall be automatically issued a conditional license for a 23 period of not less than 6 months. A second or subsequent 24 acceptable plan of correction shall be filed. A fine shall 25 be assessed in accordance with subsection (2) when cited 26 for the repeat violation. This fine shall be computed for

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all days of the violation, including the duration of the first plan of correction compliance time.

3 (5) For the purpose of computing a penalty under 4 subsections (2) through (4), the number of residents per 5 day shall be based on the average number of residents in 6 the facility during the 30 days preceding the discovery of 7 the violation.

8 (6) When the Department finds that a provision of 9 Article II has been violated with regard to a particular 10 resident, the Department shall issue an order requiring the 11 facility to reimburse the resident for injuries incurred, 12 or \$100, whichever is greater. In the case of a violation involving any action other than theft of money belonging to 13 14 a resident, reimbursement shall be ordered only if a 15 provision of Article II has been violated with regard to 16 that or any other resident of the facility within the 2 17 years immediately preceding the violation in question.

18 (7) For purposes of assessing fines under this Section, 19 a repeat violation shall be a violation which has been 20 cited during one inspection of the facility for which an 21 accepted plan of correction was not complied with. A repeat 22 violation shall not be a new citation of the same rule, 23 unless the licensee is not substantially addressing the 24 issue routinely throughout the facility.

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Section 3-306. Factors to be considered in determining

1 penalty. In determining whether a penalty is to be imposed and 2 in fixing the amount of the penalty to be imposed, if any, for 3 a violation, the Director shall consider the following factors:

4 (1) The gravity of the violation, including the 5 probability that death or serious physical or mental harm 6 to a resident will result or has resulted; the severity of 7 the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the 8 provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were 9 violated;

10 (2) The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee11 and efforts to correct violations;

12 (3) Any previous violations committed by the licensee;13 and

14 (4) The financial benefit to the facility of committing15 or continuing the violation.

16 3-307. Assessment of penalties; notice. Section The Director may directly assess penalties provided for under 17 Section 3-305 of this Act. If the Director determines that a 18 19 penalty should be assessed for a particular violation or for failure to correct it, he shall send a notice to the facility. 20 21 The notice shall specify the amount of the penalty assessed, 22 the violation, the statute or rule alleged to have been 23 violated, and shall inform the licensee of the right to hearing 24 under Section 3-703 of this Act. If the violation is 25 continuing, the notice shall specify the amount of additional

1 assessment per day for the continuing violation.

2 Section 3-308. Time of assessment; plan of correction. In 3 the case of a Type "A" violation, a penalty may be assessed 4 from the date on which the violation is discovered. In the case 5 of a Type "B" or Type "C" violation or an administrative 6 warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the 7 rules promulgated thereunder, the facility shall submit a plan 8 of correction as provided in Section 3-303. In the case of a 9 Type "B" violation or an administrative warning issued pursuant 10 to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated 11 thereunder, a penalty shall be assessed on the date of notice 12 of the violation, but the Director may reduce the amount or 13 waive such payment for any of the following reasons:

14 (a) The facility submits a true report of correction within15 10 days;

16 (b) The facility submits a plan of correction within 10 17 days and subsequently submits a true report of correction 18 within 15 days thereafter;

(c) The facility submits a plan of correction within 10 days which provides for a correction time that is less than or equal to 30 days and the Department approves such plan; or

(d) The facility submits a plan of correction for violations involving substantial capital improvements which provides for correction within the initial 90 day limit provided under Section 3-303. The Director shall consider the 1 following factors in determinations to reduce or waive such
2 penalties:

3 (1) The violation has not caused actual harm to a 4 resident;

5 (2) The facility has made a diligent effort to correct
6 the violation and to prevent its recurrence;

7 (3) The facility has no record of a pervasive pattern
8 of the same or similar violations; and

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(4) The facility has a record of substantial compliance with this Act and the regulations promulgated hereunder.

11 If a plan of correction is approved and carried out for a 12 Type "C" violation, the fine provided under Section 3-305 shall be suspended for the time period specified in the approved plan 13 14 of correction. If a plan of correction is approved and carried 15 out for a Type "B" violation or an administrative warning 16 issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules 17 promulgated thereunder, with respect to a violation that continues after the date of notice of violation, the fine 18 19 provided under Section 3-305 shall be suspended for the time 20 period specified in the approved plan of correction.

If a good faith plan of correction is not received within the time provided by Section 3-303, a penalty may be assessed from the date of the notice of the Type "B" or "C" violation or an administrative warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder served under Section 3-301 until the date of the receipt of a good faith 1 plan of correction, or until the date the violation is 2 corrected, whichever is earlier. If a violation is not 3 corrected within the time specified by an approved plan of 4 correction or any lawful extension thereof, a penalty may be 5 assessed from the date of notice of the violation, until the 6 date the violation is corrected.

7 Section 3-309. Contesting assessment of penalty. A 8 facility may contest an assessment of a penalty by sending a 9 written request to the Department for hearing under Section 10 3-703. Upon receipt of the request the Department shall hold a 11 hearing as provided under Section 3-703.

12 Section 3-310. Collection of penalties. All penalties 13 shall be paid to the Department within 10 days of receipt of 14 notice of assessment or, if the penalty is contested under 15 Section 3-309, within 10 days of receipt of the final decision, unless the decision is appealed and the order is stayed by 16 court order under Section 3-713. A penalty assessed under this 17 18 Act shall be collected by the Department and shall be deposited with 19 the State Treasurer into the Long Term Care 20 Monitor/Receiver Fund. If the person or facility against whom a 21 penalty has been assessed does not comply with a written demand for payment within 30 days, the Director shall issue an order 22 23 to do any of the following:

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(1) Direct the State Treasurer to deduct the amount of

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the fine from amounts otherwise due from the State for the penalty and remit that amount to the Department;

3 (2) Add the amount of the penalty to the facility's 4 licensing fee; if the licensee refuses to make the payment 5 at the time of application for renewal of its license, the 6 license shall not be renewed; or

7 (3) Bring an action in circuit court to recover the8 amount of the penalty.

9 With the approval of the federal centers for Medicaid and 10 Medicare services, the Director of Public Health shall set 11 aside 50% of the federal civil monetary penalties collected 12 each year to be used to award grants under the Innovations in 13 Long term Care Quality Grants Act.

Section 3-311. Issuance of conditional license in addition to penalties. In addition to the right to assess penalties under this Act, the Director may issue a conditional license under Section 3-305 to any facility if the Director finds that either a Type "A" or Type "B" violation exists in such facility. The issuance of a conditional license shall revoke any license held by the facility.

Section 3-312. Plan of correction required before issuance of conditional license. Prior to the issuance of a conditional license, the Department shall review and approve a written plan of correction. The Department shall specify the violations which prevent full licensure and shall establish a time schedule for correction of the deficiencies. Retention of the license shall be conditional on the timely correction of the deficiencies in accordance with the plan of correction.

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5 Section 3-313. Notice of issuance of conditional license. Written notice of the decision to issue a conditional license 6 7 shall be sent to the applicant or licensee together with the 8 specification of all violations of this Act and the rules 9 promulgated thereunder which prevent full licensure and which 10 form the basis for the Department's decision to issue a 11 conditional license and the required plan of correction. The 12 notice shall inform the applicant or licensee of its right to a full hearing under Section 3-315 to contest the issuance of the 13 14 conditional license.

15 Section 3-315. Hearing on conditional license or plan of correction. If the applicant or licensee desires to contest the 16 basis for issuance of a conditional license, or the terms of 17 18 the plan of correction, the applicant or licensee shall send a 19 written request for hearing to the Department within 10 days 20 after receipt by the applicant or licensee of the Department's 21 notice and decision to issue a conditional license. The 22 Department shall hold the hearing as provided under Section 23 3-703.

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3-316. Period of conditional 1 Section license. А 2 conditional license shall be issued for a period specified by 3 the Department, but in no event for more than one year. The Department shall periodically inspect any facility operating 4 5 under a conditional license. Ιf the Department finds substantial failure by the facility to timely correct the 6 7 violations which prevented full licensure and formed the basis 8 for the Department's decision to issue a conditional license in 9 accordance with the required plan of correction, the 10 conditional license may be revoked as provided under Section 11 3-119.

12 Section 3-318. Business offenses.

13 (a) No person shall:

14 (1) Intentionally fail to correct or interfere with the
15 correction of a Type "A" or Type "B" violation within the
16 time specified on the notice or approved plan of correction
17 under this Act as the maximum period given for correction,
18 unless an extension is granted and the corrections are made
19 before expiration of extension;

(2) Intentionally prevent, interfere with, or attempt
to impede in any way any duly authorized investigation and
enforcement of this Act;

(3) Intentionally prevent or attempt to prevent any
examination of any relevant books or records pertinent to
investigations and enforcement of this Act;

1 (4) Intentionally prevent or interfere with the 2 preservation of evidence pertaining to any violation of 3 this Act or the rules promulgated under this Act;

4 (5) Intentionally retaliate or discriminate against 5 any resident or employee for contacting or providing 6 information to any state official, or for initiating, 7 participating in, or testifying in an action for any remedy 8 authorized under this Act;

9 (6) Wilfully file any false, incomplete or 10 intentionally misleading information required to be filed 11 under this Act, or wilfully fail or refuse to file any 12 required information; or

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(7) Open or operate a facility without a license.

(b) A violation of this Section is a business offense, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$10,000, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of Section 3-103 as to submission of false or misleading information in a license application.

(c) The State's Attorney of the county in which the
facility is located, or the Attorney General, shall be notified
by the Director of any violations of this Section.

Section 3-320. Review under Administrative Review Law. All final administrative decisions of the Department under this Act are subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review Law, as now or hereafter amended, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto. The term "administrative decision" is HB0966

1 defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

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PART 4. DISCHARGE AND TRANSFER

3 Section 3-401. Involuntary transfer or discharge of 4 resident. A facility may involuntarily transfer or discharge a 5 resident only for one or more of the following reasons:

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(a) for medical reasons;

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(b) for the resident's physical safety;

8 (c) for the physical safety of other residents, the 9 facility staff or facility visitors; or

10 for either late payment or nonpayment for (d) the 11 resident's stay, except as prohibited by Titles XVIII and XIX 12 of the federal Social Security Act. For purposes of this 13 Section, "late payment" means non receipt of payment after 14 submission of a bill. If payment is not received within 45 days 15 after submission of a bill, a facility may send a notice to the resident and responsible party requesting payment within 30 16 days. If payment is not received within such 30 days, the 17 thereupon institute transfer or facility may 18 discharge 19 proceedings by sending a notice of transfer or discharge to the 20 resident and responsible party by registered or certified mail. 21 The notice shall state, in addition to the requirements of Section 3-403 of this Act, that the responsible party has the 22 23 right to pay the amount of the bill in full up to the date the 24 transfer or discharge is to be made and then the resident shall

have the right to remain in the facility. Such payment shall 1 2 discharge proceedings. terminate the transfer or This 3 subsection does not apply to those residents whose care is provided for under the Illinois Public Aid Code. The Department 4 5 shall adopt rules setting forth the criteria and procedures to be applied in cases of involuntary transfer or discharge 6 7 permitted under this Section.

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Section 3-401.1. Medical assistance recipients.

9 (a) A facility participating in the Medical Assistance 10 Program is prohibited from failing or refusing to retain as a 11 resident any person because he or she is a recipient of or an 12 applicant for the Medical Assistance Program.

(a-5) A facility of which only a distinct part is certified to participate in the Medical Assistance Program may refuse to retain as a resident any person who resides in a part of the facility that does not participate in the Medical Assistance Program and who is unable to pay for his or her care in the facility without Medical Assistance only if:

19 (1) the facility, no later than at the time of 20 admission and at the time of the resident's contract 21 renewal, explains to the resident (unless he or she is 22 incompetent), and to the resident's representative, and to 23 the person making payment on behalf of the resident for the 24 resident's stay, in writing, that the facility may 25 discharge the resident if the resident is no longer able to

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pay for his or her care in the facility without Medical
 Assistance;

3 (2) the resident (unless he or she is incompetent), the 4 resident's representative, and the person making payment 5 on behalf of the resident for the resident's stay, 6 acknowledge in writing that they have received the written 7 explanation.

8 (a-10) For the purposes of this Section, a recipient or 9 applicant shall be considered a resident in the facility during 10 any hospital stay totaling 10 days or less following a hospital 11 admission. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services 12 shall recoup funds from a facility when, as a result of the 13 facilitv's refusal to readmit a recipient after hospitalization for 10 days or less, the recipient incurs 14 15 hospital bills in an amount greater than the amount that would 16 have been paid by that Department for care of the recipient in 17 the facility. The amount of the recoupment shall be the difference between the Department of Healthcare and Family 18 19 Services' payment for hospital care and the amount that 20 Department would have paid for care in the facility.

(b) A facility which violates this Section shall be guilty of a business offense and fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 for the first offense and not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for each subsequent offense.

25 Section 3-402. Notice of involuntary transfer or

discharge. Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility shall be preceded by the discussion required under Section 3-408 and by a minimum written notice of 21 days, except in one of the following instances:

5 (a) when an emergency transfer or discharge is ordered by 6 the resident's attending physician because of the resident's 7 health care needs; or

8 (b) when the transfer or discharge is mandated by the 9 physical safety of other residents, the facility staff, or 10 facility visitors, as documented in the clinical record. The 11 Department shall be notified prior to any such involuntary 12 transfer or discharge. The Department shall immediately offer 13 transfer, or discharge and relocation assistance to residents 14 transferred or discharged under this subparagraph (b), and the 15 Department may place relocation teams as provided in Section 16 3-419 of this Act.

Section 3-403. Contents of notice; right to hearing. The notice required by Section 3-402 shall be on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain all of the following:

20 (a) The stated reason for the proposed transfer or 21 discharge;

22 (b) The effective date of the proposed transfer or 23 discharge;

(c) A statement in not less than 12 point type, whichreads: "You have a right to appeal the facility's decision to

transfer or discharge you. If you think you should not have to 1 2 leave this facility, you may file a request for a hearing with the Department of Public Health within 10 days after receiving 3 this notice. If you request a hearing, it will be held not 4 5 later than 10 days after your request, and you generally will not be transferred or discharged during that time. If the 6 7 decision following the hearing is not in your favor, you 8 generally will not be transferred or discharged prior to the 9 expiration of 30 days following receipt of the original notice 10 of the transfer or discharge. A form to appeal the facility's 11 decision and to request a hearing is attached. If you have any 12 questions, call the Department of Public Health at the 13 telephone number listed below.";

14 (d) A hearing request form, together with a postage paid,15 preaddressed envelope to the Department; and

(e) The name, address, and telephone number of the person
charged with the responsibility of supervising the transfer or
discharge.

19 Section 3-404. Request for hearing; effect on transfer. A 20 request for a hearing made under Section 3-403 shall stay a 21 transfer pending a hearing or appeal of the decision, unless a 22 condition which would have allowed transfer or discharge in 23 less than 21 days as described under paragraphs (a) and (b) of 24 Section 3-402 develops in the interim.

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Section 3-405. Copy of notice in resident's record; copy to Department. A copy of the notice required by Section 3-402 shall be placed in the resident's clinical record and a copy shall be transmitted to the Department, the resident, the resident's representative, and, if the resident's care is paid for in whole or part through Title XIX, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

8 Section 3-406. Medical assistance recipient; transfer or 9 discharge as result of action by Department of Healthcare and 10 Family Services. When the basis for an involuntary transfer or 11 discharge is the result of an action by the Department of 12 Healthcare and Family Services with respect to a recipient of 13 Title XIX and a hearing request is filed with the Department of 14 Healthcare and Family Services, the 21-day written notice 15 period shall not begin until a final decision in the matter is 16 rendered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services or a court of competent jurisdiction and notice of that final 17 18 decision is received by the resident and the facility.

19 Section 3-407. Nonpayment as basis for transfer or 20 discharge. When nonpayment is the basis for involuntary 21 transfer or discharge, the resident shall have the right to 22 redeem up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be 23 made and then shall have the right to remain in the facility.

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3-408. Discussion of planned transfer 1 Section or 2 discharge. The planned involuntary transfer or discharge shall be discussed with the resident, the resident's representative 3 and person or agency responsible for the resident's placement, 4 5 maintenance, and care in the facility. The explanation and discussion of the reasons for involuntary transfer or discharge 6 7 shall include the facility administrator or other appropriate 8 facility representative as the administrator's designee. The 9 content of the discussion and explanation shall be summarized 10 in writing and shall include the names of the individuals 11 involved in the discussions and made a part of the resident's 12 clinical record.

Section 3-409. Counseling services. The facility shall offer the resident counseling services before the transfer or discharge of the resident.

16 3-410. Request for hearing Section on transfer or 17 discharge. A resident subject to involuntary transfer or discharge from a facility, the resident's guardian or if the 18 resident is a minor, his parent shall have the opportunity to 19 20 file a request for a hearing with the Department within 10 days 21 following receipt of the written notice of the involuntary transfer or discharge by the facility. 22

23 Section 3-411. Hearing; time. The Department of Public

Health, when the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge is other than action by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services with respect to the Title XIX Medicaid recipient, shall hold a hearing at the resident's facility not later than lo days after a hearing request is filed, and render a decision within 14 days after the filing of the hearing request.

Section 3-412. Conduct of hearing. The hearing before the Department provided under Section 3-411 shall be conducted as prescribed under Section 3-703. In determining whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof in this hearing rests on the person requesting the transfer or discharge.

13 Section 3-413. Time for leaving facility. If the Department 14 determines that a transfer or discharge is authorized under 15 Section 3-401, the resident shall not be required to leave the facility before the 34th day following receipt of the notice 16 required under Section 3-402, or the 10th day following receipt 17 of the Department's decision, whichever is later, unless a 18 condition which would have allowed transfer or discharge in 19 20 less than 21 days as described under paragraphs (a) and (b) of 21 Section 3-402 develops in the interim.

Section 3-414. Continuation of medical assistance funding.
The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall continue

Title XIX Medicaid funding during the appeal, transfer, or
 discharge period for those residents who are Title XIX
 recipients affected by Section 3-401.

4 Section 3-415. Transfer or discharge by Department; 5 grounds. The Department may transfer or discharge any resident 6 from any facility required to be licensed under this Act when 7 any of the following conditions exist:

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(a) Such facility is operating without a license;

9 (b) The Department has suspended, revoked or refused to 10 renew the license of the facility as provided under Section 11 3-119;

12 (c) The facility has requested the aid of the Department in 13 the transfer or discharge of the resident and the Department 14 finds that the resident consents to transfer or discharge;

15 (d) The facility is closing or intends to close and 16 adequate arrangement for relocation of the resident has not 17 been made at least 30 days prior to closure; or

(e) The Department determines that an emergency existswhich requires immediate transfer or discharge of the resident.

20 Section 3-416. Transfer or discharge by Department; 21 likelihood of serious harm. In deciding to transfer or 22 discharge a resident from a facility under Section 3-415, the 23 Department shall consider the likelihood of serious harm which 24 may result if the resident remains in the facility. - 117 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

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1 Section 3-417. Relocation assistance. The Department shall 2 offer transfer or discharge and relocation assistance to 3 residents transferred or discharged under Sections 3-401 4 through 3-415, including information on available alternative 5 placements. Residents shall be involved in planning the 6 transfer or discharge and shall choose among the available 7 alternative placements, except that where an emergency makes 8 prior resident involvement impossible the Department may make a 9 temporary placement until a final placement can be arranged. 10 Residents may choose their final alternative placement and 11 shall be given assistance in transferring to such place. No 12 resident may be forced to remain in a temporary or permanent 13 placement. Where the Department makes or participates in making the relocation decision, consideration shall be given to 14 15 proximity to the resident's relatives and friends. The resident 16 shall be allowed 3 visits to potential alternative placements prior to removal, except where medically contraindicated or 17 where the need for immediate transfer or discharge requires 18 reduction in the number of visits. 19

Section 3-418. Transfer or discharge plans. The Department shall prepare resident transfer or discharge plans to assure safe and orderly removals and protect residents' health, safety, welfare and rights. In nonemergencies, and where possible in emergencies, the Department shall design and 1

implement such plans in advance of transfer or discharge.

2 Section 3-419. Relocation teams. The Department may place 3 relocation teams in any facility from which residents are being 4 discharged or transferred for any reason, for the purpose of 5 implementing transfer or discharge plans.

6 Section 3-420. Transfer or discharge by Department;
7 notice. In any transfer or discharge conducted under Sections
8 3-415 through 3-418 the Department shall do the following:

9 (a) Provide written notice to the facility prior to the 10 transfer or discharge. The notice shall state the basis for the 11 order of transfer or discharge and shall inform the facility of its right to an informal conference prior to transfer or 12 discharge under this Section, and its right to a subsequent 13 14 hearing under Section 3-422. If a facility desires to contest a 15 nonemergency transfer or discharge, prior to transfer or discharge it shall, within 4 working days after receipt of the 16 notice, send a written request for an informal conference to 17 the Department. The Department shall, within 4 working days 18 from the receipt of the request, hold an informal conference in 19 20 the county in which the facility is located. Following this 21 conference, the Department may affirm, modify or overrule its previous decision. Except in an emergency, transfer 22 or 23 discharge may not begin until the period for requesting a conference has passed or, if a conference is requested, until 24

1 after a conference has been held.

2 (b) Provide written notice to any resident to be removed, 3 to the resident's representative, if any, and to a member of the resident's family, where practicable, prior to the removal. 4 5 The notice shall state the reason for which transfer or discharge is ordered and shall inform the resident of the 6 7 resident's right to challenge the transfer or discharge under 8 Section 3-422. The Department shall hold an informal conference 9 with the resident or the resident's representative prior to 10 transfer or discharge at which the resident or the 11 representative may present any objections to the proposed 12 transfer or discharge plan or alternative placement.

Section 3-421. Notice of emergency. In any transfer or 13 14 discharge conducted under subsection (e) of Section 3-415, the Department shall notify the facility and any resident to be 15 16 removed that an emergency has been found to exist and removal has been ordered, and shall involve the residents in removal 17 18 planning if possible. Following emergency removal, the 19 Department shall provide written notice to the facility, to the 20 resident, to the resident's representative, if any, and to a 21 member of the resident's family, where practicable, of the 22 basis for the finding that an emergency existed and of the right to challenge removal under Section 3-422. 23

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Section 3-422. Hearing to challenge transfer or discharge.

Within 10 days following transfer or discharge, the facility or 1 2 any resident transferred or discharged may send a written request to the Department for a hearing under Section 3-703 to 3 challenge the transfer or discharge. The Department shall hold 4 5 the hearing within 30 days of receipt of the request. The hearing shall be held at the facility from which the resident 6 7 is being transferred or discharged, unless the resident or 8 resident's representative, requests an alternative hearing 9 site. If the facility prevails, it may file a claim against the 10 State under the Court of Claims Act for payments lost less expenses saved as a result of the transfer or discharge. No 11 12 resident transferred or discharged may be held liable for the 13 charge for care which would have been made had the resident remained in the facility. If a resident prevails, the resident 14 15 may file a claim against the State under the Court of Claims 16 Act for any excess expenses directly caused by the order to 17 transfer or discharge. The Department shall assist the resident in returning to the facility if assistance is requested. 18

19 Section 3-423. Closure of facility; notice. Any owner of a 20 facility licensed under this Act shall give 90 days notice 21 prior to voluntarily closing a facility or closing any part of 22 a facility, or prior to closing any part of a facility if 23 closing such part will require the transfer or discharge of 24 more than 10% of the residents. Such notice shall be given to 25 the Department, to any resident who must be transferred or

discharged, to the resident's representative, and to a member 1 2 of the resident's family, where practicable. Notice shall state 3 the proposed date of closing and the reason for closing. The facility shall offer to assist the resident in securing an 4 alternative placement and shall advise the resident 5 on available alternatives. Where the resident is unable to choose 6 7 an alternate placement and is not under guardianship, the 8 Department shall be notified of the need for relocation 9 assistance. The facility shall comply with all applicable laws 10 and regulations until the date of closing, including those 11 related to transfer or discharge of residents. The Department 12 may place a relocation team in the facility as provided under Section 3-419. 13

14

PART 5. MONITORS AND RECEIVERSHIP

15 Section 3-501. Monitor or receiver for facility; grounds. 16 The Department may place an employee or agent to serve as a 17 monitor in a facility or may petition the circuit court for 18 appointment of a receiver for a facility, or both, when any of 19 the following conditions exist:

20

(a) The facility is operating without a license;

(b) The Department has suspended, revoked or refused to renew the existing license of the facility;

(c) The facility is closing or has informed the Departmentthat it intends to close and adequate arrangements for

1 relocation of residents have not been made at least 30 days
2 prior to closure;

3 (d) The Department determines that an emergency exists, 4 whether or not it has initiated revocation or nonrenewal 5 procedures, if because of the unwillingness or inability of the 6 licensee to remedy the emergency the Department believes a 7 monitor or receiver is necessary; or

8 (e) The Department is notified that the facility is 9 terminated or will not be renewed for participation in the 10 federal reimbursement program under either Title XVIII or Title 11 XIX of the Social Security Act. As used in subsection (d) and 12 Section 3-503, "emergency" means a threat to the health, safety 13 or welfare of a resident that the facility is unwilling or 14 unable to correct.

Section 3-502. Placement of monitor by Department. In any situation described in Section 3-501, the Department may place a qualified person to act as monitor in the facility. The monitor shall observe operation of the facility, assist the facility by advising it on how to comply with the State regulations, and shall report periodically to the Department on the operation of the facility.

Section 3-503. Emergency; petition for receiver. Where a resident, a resident's representative or a resident's next of kin believes that an emergency exists each of them,

1 collectively or separately, may file a verified petition to the 2 circuit court for the county in which the facility is located 3 for an order placing the facility under the control of a 4 receiver.

5 Section 3-504. Hearing on petition for receiver; grounds 6 for appointment of receiver. The court shall hold a hearing 7 within 5 days of the filing of the petition. The petition and 8 notice of the hearing shall be served on the owner, 9 administrator or designated agent of the facility as provided under the Civil Practice Law, or the petition and notice of 10 11 hearing shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility 12 not later than 3 days before the time specified for the hearing, unless a different period is fixed by order of the 13 14 court. The court shall appoint a receiver for a limited time 15 period, not to exceed 180 days, if it finds that:

16

(a) The facility is operating without a license;

17 (b) The Department has suspended, revoked or refused to 18 renew the existing license of a facility;

(c) The facility is closing or has informed the Department that it intends to close and adequate arrangements for relocation of residents have not been made at least 30 days prior to closure; or

(d) An emergency exists, whether or not the Department has initiated revocation or nonrenewal procedures, if because of the unwillingness or inability of the licensee to remedy the

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emergency the appointment of a receiver is necessary.

Section 3-505. Emergency; time for hearing. If a petition 2 3 filed under Section 3-503 alleges that the conditions set out 4 in subsection 3-504 (d) exist within a facility, the court may 5 set the matter for hearing at the earliest possible time. The 6 petitioner shall notify the licensee, administrator of the 7 facility, or registered agent of the licensee prior to the 8 hearing. Any form of written notice may be used. A receivership 9 shall not be established ex parte unless the court determines 10 that the conditions set out in subsection 3-504(d) exist in a 11 facility; that the licensee cannot be found; and that the 12 petitioner has exhausted all reasonable means of locating and 13 notifying the licensee, administrator or registered agent.

14 Section 3-506. Appointment of receiver. The court may 15 appoint any qualified person as a receiver, except it shall not 16 appoint any owner or affiliate of the facility which is in 17 receivership as its receiver. The Department shall maintain a 18 list of such persons to operate facilities which the court may 19 consider. The court shall give preference to licensed nursing 20 home administrators in appointing a receiver.

Section 3-507. Health, safety, and welfare of residents.
The receiver shall make provisions for the continued health,
safety and welfare of all residents of the facility.

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1 Section 3-508. Receiver's powers and duties. A receiver 2 appointed under this Act:

3 (a) Shall exercise those powers and shall perform those duties set out by the court. 4

5 (b) Shall operate the facility in such a manner as to assure safety and adequate health care for the residents. 6

7 Shall have the same rights to possession of the (C) 8 building in which the facility is located and of all goods and 9 fixtures in the building at the time the petition for 10 receivership is filed as the owner would have had if the 11 receiver had not been appointed, and of all assets of the 12 facility. The receiver shall take such action as is reasonably 13 necessary to protect or conserve the assets or property of 14 which the receiver takes possession, or the proceeds from any 15 transfer thereof, and may use them only in the performance of 16 the powers and duties set forth in this Section and by order of the court. 17

18 (d) May use the building, fixtures, furnishings and any accompanying consumable goods in the provision of care and 19 20 services to residents and to any other persons receiving 21 services from the facility at the time the petition for 22 receivership was filed. The receiver shall collect payments for all goods and services provided to residents or others during 23 the period of the receivership at the same rate of payment 24 25 charged by the owners at the time the petition for receivership

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1 was filed.

(e) May correct or eliminate any deficiency in the structure or furnishings of the facility which endangers the safety or health of residents while they remain in the facility, provided the total cost of correction does not exceed \$3,000. The court may order expenditures for this purpose in excess of \$3,000 on application from the receiver after notice to the owner and hearing.

9 (f) May let contracts and hire agents and employees to 10 carry out the powers and duties of the receiver under this 11 Section.

12 (g) Except as specified in Section 3-510, shall honor all 13 leases, mortgages and secured transactions governing the 14 building in which the facility is located and all goods and 15 fixtures in the building of which the receiver has taken 16 possession, but only to the extent of payments which, in the 17 case of a rental agreement, are for the use of the property during the period of the receivership, or which, in the case of 18 19 a purchase agreement, come due during the period of the 20 receivership.

(h) Shall have full power to direct and manage and to discharge employees of the facility, subject to any contract rights they may have. The receiver shall pay employees at the same rate of compensation, including benefits, that the employees would have received from the owner. Receivership does not relieve the owner of any obligation to employees not 1 carried out by the receiver.

2 (i) Shall, if any resident is transferred or discharged,
3 follow the procedures set forth in Part 4 of this Article.

(j) Shall be entitled to and shall take possession of all property or assets of residents which are in the possession of a facility or its owner. The receiver shall preserve all property, assets and records of residents of which the receiver takes possession and shall provide for the prompt transfer of the property, assets and records to the new placement of any transferred resident.

(k) Shall report to the court on any actions he has taken to bring the facility into compliance with this Act or with Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act that he believes should be continued when the receivership is terminated in order to protect the health, safety or welfare of the residents.

Section 3-509. Payment for goods or services provided by receiver.

(a) A person who is served with notice of an order of the court appointing a receiver and of the receiver's name and address shall be liable to pay the receiver for any goods or services provided by the receiver after the date of the order if the person would have been liable for the goods or services as supplied by the owner. The receiver shall give a receipt for each payment and shall keep a copy of each receipt on file. The

- receiver shall deposit amounts received in a separate account
 and shall use this account for all disbursements.
- 3 (b) The receiver may bring an action to enforce the4 liability created by subsection (a) of this Section.

5 (c) A payment to the receiver of any sum owing to the 6 facility or its owner shall discharge any obligation to the 7 facility to the extent of the payment.

8 Section 3-510. Receiver's avoidance of obligations; 9 reasonable rental, price, or rate of interest to be paid by 10 receiver.

11 (a) A receiver may petition the court that he not be 12 required to honor any lease, mortgage, secured transaction or 13 other wholly or partially executory contract entered into by the owner of the facility if the rent, price or rate of 14 15 interest required to be paid under the agreement was 16 substantially in excess of a reasonable rent, price or rate of interest at the time the contract was entered into, or if any 17 18 material provision of the agreement was unreasonable.

(b) If the receiver is in possession of real estate or goods subject to a lease, mortgage or security interest which the receiver has obtained a court order to avoid under subsection (a) of this Section, and if the real estate or goods are necessary for the continued operation of the facility under this Section, the receiver may apply to the court to set a reasonable rental, price or rate of interest to be paid by the

receiver during the duration of the receivership. The court 1 2 shall hold a hearing on the application within 15 days. The receiver shall send notice of the application to any known 3 persons who own the property involved at least 10 days prior to 4 5 the hearing. Payment by the receiver of the amount determined by the court to be reasonable is a defense to any action 6 7 against the receiver for payment or for possession of the goods 8 or real estate subject to the lease, security interest or 9 mortgage involved by any person who received such notice, but 10 the payment does not relieve the owner of the facility of any 11 liability for the difference between the amount paid by the 12 receiver and the amount due under the original lease, security interest or mortgage involved. 13

Section 3-511. Insufficient funds collected; reimbursement 14 15 of receiver by Department. If funds collected under Sections 16 3-508 and 3-509 are insufficient to meet the expenses of performing the powers and duties conferred on the receiver, or 17 18 if there are insufficient funds on hand to meet those expenses, 19 the Department may reimburse the receiver for those expenses 20 from funds appropriated for its ordinary and contingent 21 expenses by the General Assembly after funds contained in the 22 Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund have been exhausted.

23 Section 3-512. Receiver's compensation. The court shall 24 set the compensation of the receiver, which will be considered

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a necessary expense of a receivership under Section 3-516.

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Section 3-513. Action against receiver.

(a) In any action or special proceeding brought against a
receiver in the receiver's official capacity for acts committed
while carrying out powers and duties under this Article, the
receiver shall be considered a public employee under the Local
Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, as
now or hereafter amended.

9 (b) A receiver may be held liable in a personal capacity 10 only for the receiver's own gross negligence, intentional acts 11 or breach of fiduciary duty.

12 (c) The court may require a receiver to post a bond.

13 Section 3-514. License to facility in receivership. Other 14 provisions of this Act notwithstanding, the Department may 15 issue a license to a facility placed in receivership. The 16 duration of a license issued under this Section is limited to 17 the duration of the receivership.

18 Section 3-515. Termination of receivership. The court may 19 terminate a receivership:

20 (a) If the time period specified in the order appointing21 the receiver elapses and is not extended;

(b) If the court determines that the receivership is nolonger necessary because the conditions which gave rise to the

receivership no longer exist; or the Department grants the facility a new license, whether the structure of the facility, the right to operate the facility, or the land on which it is located is under the same or different ownership; or

5 (c) If all of the residents in the facility have been 6 transferred or discharged. Before terminating a receivership, 7 the court may order the Department to require any licensee to 8 comply with the recommendations of the receiver made under 9 subsection (k) of Section 3-508. A licensee may petition the 10 court to be relieved of this requirement.

Section 3-516. Accounting by receiver; Department's lien. (a) Within 30 days after termination, the receiver shall give the court a complete accounting of all property of which the receiver has taken possession, of all funds collected, and of the expenses of the receivership.

16 (b) If the operating funds collected by the receiver under Sections 3-508 and 3-509 exceed the reasonable expenses of the 17 18 receivership, the court shall order payment of the surplus to the owner, after reimbursement of funds drawn from the 19 contingency fund under Section 3-511. If the operating funds 20 21 are insufficient to cover the reasonable expenses of the 22 receivership, the owner shall be liable for the deficiency. Payment recovered from the owner shall be used to reimburse the 23 24 contingency fund for amounts drawn by the receiver under Section 3-511. 25

(c) The Department shall have a lien for any payment made
 under Section 3-511 upon any beneficial interest, direct or
 indirect, of any owner in the following property:

4

(1) The building in which the facility is located;

5 (2) Any fixtures, equipment or goods used in the 6 operation of the facility;

7

(3) The land on which the facility is located; or

8 (4) The proceeds from any conveyance of property 9 described in subparagraphs (1), (2) or (3) above, made by 10 the owner within one year prior to the filing of the 11 petition for receivership.

(d) The lien provided by this Section is prior to any lien or other interest which originates subsequent to the filing of a petition for receivership under this Article, except for a construction or mechanic's lien arising out of work performed with the express consent of the receiver.

17 (e) The receiver shall, within 60 days after termination of the receivership, file a notice of any lien created under this 18 19 Section. If the lien is on real property, the notice shall be filed with the recorder. If the lien is on personal property, 20 the lien shall be filed with the Secretary of State. The notice 21 22 shall specify the name of the person against whom the lien is 23 claimed, the name of the receiver, the dates of the petition for receivership and the termination of receivership, a 24 25 description of the property involved and the amount claimed. No 26 lien shall exist under this Article against any person, on any

property, or for any amount not specified in the notice filed under this subsection (e).

3 Section 3-517. Civil and criminal liability during 4 receivership. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to relieve 5 any owner, administrator or employee of a facility placed in 6 receivership of any civil or criminal liability incurred, or 7 any duty imposed by law, by reason of acts or omissions of the 8 owner, administrator, or employee prior to the appointment of a 9 receiver; nor shall anything contained in this Act be construed 10 to suspend during the receivership any obligation of the owner, 11 administrator, or employee for payment of taxes or other 12 operating and maintenance expenses of the facility nor of the 13 owner, administrator, employee or any other person for the 14 payment of mortgages or liens. The owner shall retain the right 15 to sell or mortgage any facility under receivership, subject to 16 approval of the court which ordered the receivership

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PART 6. DUTIES

18 Section 3-601. Liability for injury to resident. The owner 19 and licensee are liable to a resident for any intentional or 20 negligent act or omission of their agents or employees which 21 injures the resident.

22

Section 3-602. Damages for violation of resident's rights.

1 The licensee shall pay the actual damages and costs and 2 attorney's fees to a facility resident whose rights, as 3 specified in Part 1 of Article II of this Act, are violated.

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Section 3-603. Action by resident. A resident may maintain
an action under this Act for any other type of relief,
including injunctive and declaratory relief, permitted by law.

7 Section 3-604. Class action; remedies cumulative. Any 8 damages recoverable under Sections 3-601 through 3-607, 9 including minimum damages as provided by these Sections, may be 10 recovered in any action which a court may authorize to be 11 brought as a class action pursuant to the Civil Practice Law. The remedies provided in Sections 3-601 through 3-607, are in 12 addition to and cumulative with any other legal remedies 13 14 available to a resident. Exhaustion of any available 15 administrative remedies shall not be required prior to commencement of suit hereunder. 16

Section 3-605. Amount of damages; no effect on medical assistance eligibility. The amount of damages recovered by a resident in an action brought under Sections 3-601 through 3-607 shall be exempt for purposes of determining initial or continuing eligibility for medical assistance under the Illinois Public Aid Code, as now or hereafter amended, and shall neither be taken into consideration nor required to be applied toward the payment or partial payment of the cost of
 medical care or services available under the Illinois Public
 Aid Code.

4 Section 3-606. Waiver of resident's right to bring action 5 prohibited. Any waiver by a resident or his legal 6 representative of the right to commence an action under Sections 3-601 through 3-607, whether oral or in writing, shall 7 8 be null and void, and without legal force or effect.

9 Section 3-607. Trial by jury. Any party to an action 10 brought under Sections 3-601 through 3-607 shall be entitled to 11 a trial by jury and any waiver of the right to a trial by a 12 jury, whether oral or in writing, prior to the commencement of 13 an action, shall be null and void, and without legal force or 14 effect.

15 Section 3-608. Retaliation against resident prohibited. A 16 licensee or its agents or employees shall not transfer, discharge, evict, harass, dismiss, or retaliate against a 17 18 resident, a resident's representative, or an employee or agent 19 who makes a report under Section 2-107, brings or testifies in 20 an action under Sections 3-601 through 3-607, or files a Section 3-702, because of the 21 complaint under report, 22 testimony, or complaint.

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Section 3-609. Immunity from liability for making report. 1 2 Any person, institution or agency, under this Act, participating in good faith in the making of a report, or in 3 the investigation of such a report shall not be deemed to have 4 5 violated any privileged communication and shall have immunity 6 from any liability, civil, criminal or any other proceedings, 7 civil or criminal as a consequence of making such report. The good faith of any persons required to report, or permitted to 8 9 report, cases of suspected resident abuse or neglect under this 10 Act, shall be presumed.

11 Section 3-610. Duty to report violations.

12 (a) A facility employee or agent who becomes aware of abuse or neglect of a resident prohibited by Section 2-107 shall 13 14 immediately report the matter to the Department and to the facility administrator. A facility administrator who becomes 15 16 aware of abuse or neglect of a resident prohibited by Section 2-107 shall immediately report the matter by telephone and in 17 the resident's representative, and to 18 writing to the 19 Department. Any person may report a violation of Section 2-107 20 to the Department.

(b) A facility employee or agent who becomes aware of another facility employee or agent's theft or misappropriation of a resident's property must immediately report the matter to the facility administrator. A facility administrator who becomes aware of a facility employee or agent's theft or

1 misappropriation of a resident's property must immediately 2 report the matter by telephone and in writing to the resident's 3 representative, to the Department, and to the local law 4 enforcement agency. Neither a licensee nor its employees or 5 agents may dismiss or otherwise retaliate against a facility 6 employee or agent who reports the theft or misappropriation of 7 a resident's property under this subsection.

8 Section 3-611. Employee as perpetrator of abuse. When an 9 investigation of a report of suspected abuse of a recipient 10 indicates, based upon credible evidence, that an employee of a 11 long term care facility is the perpetrator of the abuse, that 12 employee shall immediately be barred from any further contact with residents of the facility, pending the outcome of any 13 further investigation, prosecution or disciplinary action 14 15 against the employee.

16 Section 3-612. Resident as perpetrator of abuse. When an investigation of a report of suspected abuse of a resident 17 indicates, based upon credible evidence, that another resident 18 of the long term care facility is the perpetrator of the abuse, 19 20 that resident's condition shall be immediately evaluated to 21 determine the most suitable therapy and placement for the resident, considering the safety of that resident as well as 22 23 the safety of other residents and employees of the facility.

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PART 7. COMPLAINT, HEARING, AND APPEAL

2 Section 3-701. Public nuisance; action for injunction. The 3 operation or maintenance of a facility in violation of this 4 Act, or of the rules and regulations promulgated by the 5 Department, is declared a public nuisance inimical to the 6 public welfare. The Director in the name of the people of the 7 State, through the Attorney General, or the State's Attorney of 8 the county in which the facility is located, or in respect to 9 any city, village or incorporated town which provides for the 10 licensing and regulation of any or all such facilities, the 11 Director or the mayor or president of the Board of Trustees, as 12 the case may require, of the city, village or incorporated town, in the name of the people of the State, through the 13 14 Attorney General or State's attorney of the county in which the 15 facility is located, may, in addition to other remedies herein 16 provided, bring action for an injunction to restrain such violation or to enjoin the future operation or maintenance of 17 18 any such facility.

19 Section 3-702. Request for investigation of violation.

(a) A person who believes that this Act or a rule promulgated under this Act may have been violated may request an investigation. The request may be submitted to the Department in writing, by telephone, or by personal visit. An oral complaint shall be reduced to writing by the Department.

The Department shall request information identifying 1 the 2 complainant, including the name, address and telephone number, to help enable appropriate follow up. The Department shall act 3 on such complaints via on site visits or other methods deemed 4 5 appropriate to handle the complaints with or without such 6 identifying information, as otherwise provided under this 7 Section. The complainant shall be informed that compliance with 8 such request is not required to satisfy the procedures for 9 filing a complaint under this Act.

10 (b) The substance of the complaint shall be provided in 11 writing to the licensee, owner or administrator no earlier than 12 at the commencement of an on site inspection of the facility 13 which takes place pursuant to the complaint.

14 (c) The Department shall not disclose the name of the 15 complainant unless the complainant consents in writing to the 16 disclosure or the investigation results in а judicial 17 proceeding, or unless disclosure is essential to the investigation. The complainant shall be given the opportunity 18 19 to withdraw the complaint before disclosure. Upon the request 20 of the complainant, the Department may permit the complainant or a representative of the complainant to accompany the person 21 22 making the on site inspection of the facility.

(d) Upon receipt of a complaint, the Department shall determine whether this Act or a rule promulgated under this Act has been or is being violated. The Department shall investigate all complaints alleging abuse or neglect within 7 days after

the receipt of the complaint except that complaints of abuse or 1 2 neglect which indicate that a resident's life or safety is in imminent danger shall be investigated within 24 hours after 3 receipt of the complaint. All other complaints shall be 4 5 investigated within 30 days after the receipt of the complaint. 6 employees investigating a complaint shall The Department conduct a brief, informal exit conference with the facility to 7 alert its administration of any suspected serious deficiency 8 9 that poses a direct threat to the health, safety or welfare of 10 а resident to enable an immediate correction for the 11 alleviation or elimination of such threat. Such information and 12 findings discussed in the brief exit conference shall become a 13 part of the investigating record but shall not in any way constitute an official or final notice of violation as provided 14 under Section 3-301. All complaints shall be classified as "an 15 16 invalid report", "a valid report", or "an undetermined report". 17 For any complaint classified as "a valid report", the Department must determine within 30 working days if any rule or 18 provision of this Act has been or is being violated. 19

20 (d-1) The Department shall, whenever possible, combine an 21 on site investigation of a complaint in a facility with other 22 inspections in order to avoid duplication of inspections.

(e) In all cases, the Department shall inform the complainant of its findings within 10 days of its determination unless otherwise indicated by the complainant, and the complainant may direct the Department to send a copy of such

findings to another person. The Department's findings 1 mav 2 include comments or documentation provided by either the complainant or the licensee pertaining to the complaint. The 3 Department shall also notify the facility of such findings 4 5 within 10 days of the determination, but the name of the 6 complainant or residents shall not be disclosed in this notice 7 to the facility. The notice of such findings shall include a copy of the written determination; the correction order, if 8 any; the warning notice, if any; the inspection report; or the 9 10 State licensure form on which the violation is listed.

(f) A written determination, correction order, or warning notice concerning a complaint, together with the facility's response, shall be available for public inspection, but the name of the complainant or resident shall not be disclosed without his consent.

16 Α complainant who is dissatisfied with the (q) 17 determination or investigation by the Department may request a hearing under Section 3-703. The facility shall be given notice 18 of any such hearing and may participate in the hearing as a 19 20 party. If a facility requests a hearing under Section 3-703 which concerns a matter covered by a complaint, the complainant 21 22 shall be given notice and may participate in the hearing as a 23 party. A request for a hearing by either a complainant or a facility shall be submitted in writing to the Department within 24 25 30 days after the mailing of the Department's findings as described in subsection (e) of this Section. Upon receipt of 26

1 the request the Department shall conduct a hearing as provided 2 under Section 3-703.

3 (h) Any person who knowingly transmits a false report to 4 the Department commits the offense of disorderly conduct under 5 subsection (a) (8) of Section 26-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

6 Section 3-703. Hearing to contest decision; applicable 7 provisions. Any person requesting a hearing pursuant to 8 Sections 2-110, 3-115, 3-118, 3-119, 3-301, 3-303, 3-309, 9 3-410, 3-422 or 3-702 to contest a decision rendered in a 10 particular case may have such decision reviewed in accordance 11 with Sections 3-703 through 3-712.

Section 3-704. Hearing; notice; commencement. A request for a hearing by aggrieved persons shall be taken to the Department as follows:

(a) Upon the receipt of a request in writing for a hearing,
the Director or a person designated in writing by the Director
to act as a hearing officer shall conduct a hearing to review
the decision.

(b) Before the hearing is held notice of the hearing shall be sent by the Department to the person making the request for the hearing and to the person making the decision which is being reviewed. In the notice the Department shall specify the date, time and place of the hearing which shall be held not less than 10 days after the notice is mailed or delivered. The

notice shall designate the decision being reviewed. The notice may be served by delivering it personally to the parties or their representatives or by mailing it by certified mail to the parties' addresses.

5 (c) The Department shall commence the hearing within 30 6 days of the receipt of request for hearing. The hearing shall 7 proceed as expeditiously as practicable, but in all cases shall 8 conclude within 90 days of commencement.

9 Section 3-705. Subpoenas. The Director or hearing officer 10 may compel by subpoena or subpoena duces tecum the attendance 11 and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and 12 papers, and administer oaths to witnesses.

13 Section 3-706. Appearance at hearing; depositions; record. 14 The Director or hearing officer shall permit any party to 15 appear in person and to be represented by counsel at the hearing, at which time the applicant or licensee shall be 16 17 afforded an opportunity to present all relevant matter in support of his position. In the event of the inability of any 18 party or the Department to procure the attendance of witnesses 19 20 to give testimony or produce books and papers, any party or the 21 Department may take the deposition of witnesses in accordance with the provisions of the laws of this State. All testimony 22 23 taken at a hearing shall be reduced to writing, and all such 24 testimony and other evidence introduced at the hearing shall be

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1 a part of the record of the hearing.

Section 3-707. Findings of fact; decision. The Director or 2 3 hearing officer shall make findings of fact in such hearing, 4 and the Director shall render his decision within 30 days after 5 the termination of the hearing, unless additional time not to 6 exceed 90 days is required by him for a proper disposition of 7 the matter. When the hearing has been conducted by a hearing 8 officer, the Director shall review the record and findings of 9 fact before rendering a decision. All decisions rendered by the 10 Director shall be binding upon and complied with by the 11 Department, the facility or the persons involved in the hearing, as appropriate to each case. 12

13 Section 3-708. Rules of evidence and procedure. The 14 Director or hearing officer shall not be bound by common law or 15 statutory rules of evidence, or by technical or formal rules of 16 procedure, but shall conduct hearings in the manner best 17 calculated to result in substantial justice.

18 Section 3-709. Service of subpoenas; witness fees. All 19 subpoenas issued by the Director or hearing officer may be 20 served as provided for in civil actions. The fees of witnesses 21 for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees for 22 witnesses before the circuit court and shall be paid by the 23 party to such proceeding at whose request the subpoena is 1 issued. If such subpoena is issued at the request of the 2 Department or by a person proceeding in forma pauperis the 3 witness fee shall be paid by the Department as an 4 administrative expense.

5 Section 3-710. Compelling obedience to subpoena. In cases 6 of refusal of a witness to attend or testify or to produce 7 books or papers, concerning any matter upon which he might be 8 lawfully examined, the circuit court of the county wherein the 9 hearing is held, upon application of any party to the 10 proceeding, may compel obedience by a proceeding for contempt 11 as in cases of a like refusal to obey a similar order of the 12 court.

13 Section 3-711. Record of hearing; transcript. The 14 Department, at its expense, shall provide a stenographer to 15 take the testimony, or otherwise record the testimony, and preserve a record of all proceedings under this Section. The 16 notice of hearing, the complaint and all other documents in the 17 18 nature of pleadings and written motions filed in the proceedings, the transcript of testimony, and the findings and 19 20 decision shall be the record of the proceedings. The Department 21 shall furnish a transcript of such record to any person interested in such hearing upon payment therefor of 70 cents 22 23 per page for each original transcript and 25 cents per page for 24 each certified copy thereof. However, the charge for any part

of such transcript ordered and paid for previous to the writing
 of the original record shall be 25 cents per page.

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3 Section 3-712. Certification of record; fee. The 4 Department shall not be required to certify any record or file 5 any answer or otherwise appear in any proceeding for judicial 6 review under Section 3-713 of this Act unless the party filing the complaint deposits with the clerk of the court the sum of 7 8 95 representing the costs cents per page, of such 9 certification. Failure on the part of the plaintiff to make 10 such deposit shall be grounds for dismissal of the action; 11 provided, however, that persons proceeding in forma pauperis 12 with the approval of the circuit court shall not be required to 13 pay these fees.

Section 3-713. Judicial review; stay of enforcement of Department's decision.

(a) Final administrative decisions after hearing shall be 16 17 subject to judicial review exclusively as provided in the Administrative Review Law, as now or hereafter amended, except 18 that any petition for judicial review of Department action 19 20 under this Act shall be filed within 15 days after receipt of 21 notice of the final agency determination. The term "administrative decision" has the meaning ascribed to it in 22 23 Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

24 (b) The court may stay enforcement of the Department's

final decision or toll the continuing accrual of a penalty 1 2 under Section 3-305 if a showing is made that there is a 3 substantial probability that the party seeking review will prevail on the merits and will suffer irreparable harm if a 4 5 stay is not granted, and that the facility will meet the requirements of this Act and the rules promulgated under this 6 7 Act during such stay. Where a stay is granted the court may 8 impose such conditions on the granting of the stay as may be 9 necessary to safequard the lives, health, rights, safety and 10 welfare of residents, and to assure compliance by the facility 11 with the requirements of this Act, including an order for 12 transfer or discharge of residents under Sections 3-401 through 13 3-423 or for appointment of a receiver under Sections 3-501 14 through 3-517.

15 (c) Actions brought under this Act shall be set for trial 16 at the earliest possible date and shall take precedence on the 17 court calendar over all other cases except matters to which 18 equal or superior precedence is specifically granted by law.

Section 3-714. Remedies cumulative. The remedies provided by this Act are cumulative and shall not be construed as restricting any party from seeking any remedy, provisional or otherwise, provided by law for the benefit of the party, from obtaining additional relief based upon the same facts.

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PART 8. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

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Section 3-801. Rules and regulations. The Department shall
 have the power to adopt rules and regulations to carry out the
 purpose of this Act.

Section 3-801.1. Access to records of resident with 4 5 disabilities. Notwithstanding the developmental other 6 provisions of this Act to the contrary, the agency designated by the Governor under Section 1 of "An Act in relation to the 7 8 protection and advocacy of the rights of persons with 9 developmental disabilities, and amending Acts therein named", 10 enacted by the 84th General Assembly, shall have access to the 11 records of a person with developmental disabilities who resides in a facility, subject to the limitations of this Act. The 12 13 agency shall also have access for the purpose of inspection and 14 copying, to the records of a person with developmental 15 disabilities who resides in any such facility if (1) a complaint is received by such agency from or on behalf of the 16 person with a developmental disability, and (2) such person 17 18 does not have a guardian or the State or the designee of the State is the guardian of such person. The designated agency 19 20 shall provide written notice to the person with developmental 21 disabilities and the State guardian of the nature of the 22 complaint based upon which the designated agency has gained 23 access to the records. No record or the contents of any record 24 shall be redisclosed by the designated agency unless the person

with developmental disabilities and the State quardian are 1 2 provided 7 days advance written notice, except in emergency situations, of the designated agency's intent to redisclose 3 such record, during which time the person with developmental 4 5 disabilities or the State guardian may seek to judicially 6 enjoin the designated agency's redisclosure of such record on the grounds that such redisclosure is contrary to the interests 7 8 of the person with developmental disabilities. If a person with 9 developmental disabilities resides in such a facility and has a 10 quardian other than the State or the designee of the State, the 11 facility director shall disclose the guardian's name, address, 12 and telephone number to the designated agency at the agency's 13 request.

Upon request, the designated agency shall be entitled to 14 15 inspect and copy any records or other materials which may 16 further the agency's investigation of problems affecting 17 of persons with developmental disabilities. When numbers required by law any personally identifiable information of 18 19 persons with a developmental disability shall be removed from 20 the records. However, the designated agency may not inspect or copy any records or other materials when the removal of 21 22 personally identifiable information imposes an unreasonable 23 burden on the facility. For the purposes of this Section, "developmental disability" means a severe, chronic disability 24 25 of a person which:

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(A) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment

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or combination of mental and physical impairments;

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(B) is manifested before the person attains age 22;

(C) is likely to continue indefinitely;

(D) results in substantial functional limitations in 3 4 5 or more of the following areas of major life activity: (i) self care, (ii) receptive and expressive language, (iii) 6 7 learning, (iv) mobility, (v) self direction, (vi) capacity 8 independent living, and (vii) economic self for 9 sufficiency; and

10 (E) reflects the person's need for combination and 11 sequence of special, interdisciplinary or generic care, 12 treatment or other services which are of lifelong or 13 extended duration and are individually planned and 14 coordinated.

15 Section 3-802. Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The 16 provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act are 17 hereby expressly adopted and shall apply to all administrative 18 rules and procedures of the Department under this Act.

19 Section 3-803. Treatment by prayer or spiritual means. 20 Nothing in this Act or the rules and regulations adopted 21 pursuant thereto shall be construed as authorizing the medical 22 supervision, regulation, or control of the remedial care or 23 treatment of residents in any facility conducted for those who 24 rely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance HB0966

1 with the creed or tenets of any well recognized church or 2 religious denomination.

3 Section 3-804. Report to General Assembly. The Department shall report to the General Assembly by April 1 of each year 4 5 upon the performance of its inspection, survey and evaluation 6 duties under this Act, including the number and needs of the 7 Department personnel engaged in such activities. The report 8 shall also describe the Department's actions in enforcement of 9 this Act, including the number and needs of personnel so 10 engaged. The report shall also include the number of valid and 11 invalid complaints filed with the Department within the last calendar year. 12

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ARTICLE 90. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 90-5. The Department of Human Services Act is amended by changing Section 1-17 as follows:

16 (20 ILCS 1305/1-17)

17 Sec. 1-17. Inspector General.

(a) Appointment; powers and duties. The Governor shall
appoint, and the Senate shall confirm, an Inspector General.
The Inspector General shall be appointed for a term of 4 years
and shall function within the Department of Human Services and
report to the Secretary of Human Services and the Governor. The

Inspector General shall function independently within the 1 2 Department of Human Services with respect to the operations of 3 the office, including the performance of investigations and issuance of findings and recommendations. The appropriation 4 5 for the Office of Inspector General shall be separate from the 6 overall appropriation for the Department of Human Services. The 7 Inspector General shall investigate reports of suspected abuse 8 or neglect (as those terms are defined by the Department of 9 Human Services) of patients or residents in any mental health 10 developmental disabilities facility operated by the or 11 Department of Human Services and shall have authority to 12 investigate and take immediate action on reports of abuse or 13 neglect of recipients, whether patients or residents, in any 14 mental health or developmental disabilities facility or 15 program that is licensed or certified by the Department of 16 Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health 17 and Developmental Disabilities) or that is funded by the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of 18 19 Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities) and is not 20 licensed or certified by any agency of the State. The Inspector 21 General shall also have the authority to investigate alleged or 22 suspected cases of abuse, neglect, and exploitation of adults 23 with disabilities living in domestic settings in the community pursuant to the Abuse of Adults with Disabilities Intervention 24 Act (20 ILCS 2435/). At the specific, written request of an 25 26 agency of the State other than the Department of Human Services

1 (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and 2 Developmental Disabilities), the Inspector General may 3 cooperate in investigating reports of abuse and neglect of persons with mental illness or persons with developmental 4 5 disabilities. The Inspector General shall have no supervision 6 over or involvement in routine, programmatic, licensure, or certification operations of the Department of Human Services or 7 8 any of its funded agencies.

9 The Inspector General shall promulgate rules establishing 10 minimum requirements for reporting allegations of abuse and 11 neglect and initiating, conducting, and completing 12 investigations. The promulgated rules shall clearly set forth 13 that in instances where 2 or more State agencies could 14 investigate an allegation of abuse or neglect, the Inspector 15 General shall not conduct an investigation that is redundant to 16 an investigation conducted by another State agency. The rules 17 shall establish criteria for determining, based upon the nature of the allegation, the appropriate method of investigation, 18 which may include, but need not be limited to, site visits, 19 20 telephone contacts, or requests for written responses from agencies. The rules shall also clarify how the Office of the 21 22 Inspector General shall interact with the licensing unit of the 23 Department of Human Services in investigations of allegations of abuse or neglect. Any allegations or investigations of 24 reports made pursuant to this Act shall remain confidential 25 26 until a final report is completed. The resident or patient who

allegedly was abused or neglected and his or her legal guardian 1 2 shall be informed by the facility or agency of the report of 3 alleged abuse neglect. Final reports or regarding unsubstantiated unfounded allegations shall 4 or remain 5 confidential, except that final reports may be disclosed pursuant to Section 6 of the Abused and Neglected Long Term 6 7 Care Facility Residents Reporting Act.

8 For purposes of this Section, "required reporter" means a 9 person who suspects, witnesses, or is informed of an allegation 10 of abuse and neglect at a State-operated facility or a 11 community agency and who is either: (i) a person employed at a 12 State-operated facility or a community agency on or off site 13 who is providing or monitoring services to an individual or individuals or is providing services to the State-operated 14 15 facility or the community agency; or (ii) any person or 16 contractual agent of the Department of Human Services involved 17 in providing, monitoring, or administering mental health or developmental services, including, but not limited to, payroll 18 19 personnel, contractors, subcontractors, and volunteers. Α required reporter shall report the allegation of abuse or 20 neglect, or cause a report to be made, to the Office of the 21 22 Inspector General (OIG) Hotline no later than 4 hours after the 23 initial discovery of the incident of alleged abuse or neglect. A required reporter as defined in this paragraph who willfully 24 25 fails to comply with the reporting requirement is guilty of a 26 Class A misdemeanor.

For purposes of this Section, "State-operated facility" means a mental health facility or a developmental disability facility as defined in Sections 1-114 and 1-107 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.

5 For purposes of this Section, "community agency" or 6 "agency" means any community entity or program providing mental 7 health or developmental disabilities services that is 8 licensed, certified, or funded by the Department of Human 9 Services and is not licensed or certified by an other human 10 services agency of the State (for example, the Department of 11 Public Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, 12 or the Department of Healthcare and Family Services).

13 When the Office of the Inspector General has substantiated 14 a case of abuse or neglect, the Inspector General shall include 15 in the final report any mitigating or aggravating circumstances 16 that were identified during the investigation. Upon 17 determination that a report of neglect is substantiated, the Inspector General shall then determine whether such neglect 18 19 rises to the level of egregious neglect.

(b) Department of State Police. The Inspector General shall, within 24 hours after determining that a reported allegation of suspected abuse or neglect indicates that any possible criminal act has been committed or that special expertise is required in the investigation, immediately notify the Department of State Police or the appropriate law enforcement entity. The Department of State Police shall

1 investigate any report from a State-operated facility 2 indicating a possible murder, rape, or other felony. All 3 investigations conducted by the Inspector General shall be 4 conducted in a manner designed to ensure the preservation of 5 evidence for possible use in a criminal prosecution.

6 (b-5) Preliminary report of investigation; facility or 7 The Inspector General shall agency response. make а 8 determination to accept or reject a preliminary report of the 9 investigation of alleged abuse or neglect based on established 10 investigative procedures. Notice of the Inspector General's 11 determination must be given to the person who claims to be the 12 victim of the abuse or neglect, to the person or persons 13 alleged to have been responsible for abuse or neglect, and to 14 the facility or agency. The facility or agency or the person or 15 persons alleged to have been responsible for the abuse or 16 neglect and the person who claims to be the victim of the abuse 17 or neglect may request clarification or reconsideration based on additional information. For cases where the allegation of 18 19 abuse or neglect is substantiated, the Inspector General shall 20 require the facility or agency to submit a written response. The written response from a facility or agency shall address in 21 22 a concise and reasoned manner the actions that the agency or 23 facility will take or has taken to protect the resident or patient from abuse or neglect, prevent reoccurrences, and 24 25 eliminate problems identified and shall include implementation 26 and completion dates for all such action.

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Inspector General's report; facility's or agency's 1 (C) 2 implementation reports. The Inspector General shall, within 10 calendar days after the transmittal date of a completed 3 investigation where abuse or neglect is substantiated or 4 5 administrative action is recommended, provide a complete 6 report on the case to the Secretary of Human Services and to 7 the agency in which the abuse or neglect is alleged to have 8 happened. The complete report shall include a written response 9 from the agency or facility operated by the State to the 10 Inspector General that addresses in a concise and reasoned 11 manner the actions that the agency or facility will take or has 12 taken to protect the resident or patient from abuse or neglect, 13 prevent reoccurrences, and eliminate problems identified and shall include implementation and completion dates for all such 14 15 action. The Secretary of Human Services shall accept or reject 16 the response and establish how the Department will determine 17 whether the facility or program followed the approved response. The Secretary may require Department personnel to visit the 18 agency for training, technical assistance, 19 facility or 20 programmatic, licensure, or certification purposes. Administrative action, including sanctions, may be applied 21 22 should the Secretary reject the response or should the facility 23 or agency fail to follow the approved response. Within 30 days 24 after the Secretary has approved a response, the facility or 25 agency making the response shall provide an implementation 26 report to the Inspector General on the status of the corrective

action implemented. Within 60 days after the Secretary has 1 2 approved the response, the facility or agency shall send notice of the completion of the corrective action or shall send an 3 updated implementation report. The facility or agency shall 4 5 continue sending updated implementation reports every 60 days until the facility or agency sends a notice of the completion 6 7 of the corrective action. The Inspector General shall review 8 any implementation plan that takes more than 120 days. The 9 Inspector General shall monitor compliance through a random review of completed corrective actions. This monitoring may 10 11 include, but need not be limited to, site visits, telephone 12 contacts, or requests for written documentation from the 13 facility or agency to determine whether the facility or agency 14 is in compliance with the approved response. The facility or 15 agency shall inform the resident or patient and the legal 16 guardian whether the reported allegation was substantiated, 17 unsubstantiated, or unfounded. There shall be an appeals process for any person or agency that is subject to any action 18 based on a recommendation or recommendations. 19

20 (d) Sanctions. The Inspector General may recommend to the Departments of Public Health and Human Services sanctions to be 21 22 imposed against mental health and developmental disabilities 23 facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Human 24 Services for the protection of residents, including 25 appointment of on-site monitors or receivers, transfer or 26 relocation of residents, and closure of units. The Inspector General may seek the assistance of the Attorney General or any of the several State's Attorneys in imposing such sanctions. Whenever the Inspector General issues any recommendations to the Secretary of Human Services, the Secretary shall provide a written response.

6 (e) Training programs. The Inspector General shall 7 and conduct periodic training establish programs for 8 Department of Human Services employees and community agency 9 employees concerning the prevention and reporting of neglect 10 and abuse.

11 (f) Access to facilities. The Inspector General shall at 12 all times be granted access to any mental health or 13 developmental disabilities facility operated by the Department of Human Services, shall establish and conduct unannounced site 14 15 visits to those facilities at least once annually, and shall be 16 granted access, for the purpose of investigating a report of 17 abuse or neglect, to the records of the Department of Human Services and to any facility or program funded by the 18 Department of Human Services that is subject under 19 the 20 provisions of this Section to investigation by the Inspector General for a report of abuse or neglect. 21

(g) Other investigations. Nothing in this Section shall limit investigations by the Department of Human Services that may otherwise be required by law or that may be necessary in that Department's capacity as the central administrative authority responsible for the operation of State mental health

1 and developmental disability facilities.

2 (g-5) Health care worker registry. After notice and an opportunity for a hearing that is separate and distinct from 3 the Office of the Inspector General's appeals process as 4 5 implemented under subsection (c) of this Section, the Inspector 6 General shall report to the Department of Public Health's health care worker registry under Section 3-206.01 of the 7 Nursing Home Care Act or Section 3-206.01 of the MR/DD 8 9 Community Care Act the identity of individuals against whom 10 there has been a substantiated finding of physical or sexual 11 abuse or egregious neglect of a service recipient.

12 Nothing in this subsection shall diminish or impair the 13 rights of a person who is a member of a collective bargaining unit pursuant to the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or 14 15 pursuant to any federal labor statute. An individual who is a 16 member of a collective bargaining unit as described above shall 17 not be reported to the Department of Public Health's health care worker registry until the exhaustion of that individual's 18 grievance and arbitration rights, or until 3 months after the 19 20 initiation of the grievance process, whichever occurs first, provided that the Department of Human Services' hearing under 21 22 this subsection regarding the reporting of an individual to the 23 Department of Public Health's health care worker registry has concluded. Notwithstanding anything hereinafter or previously 24 25 provided, if an action taken by an employer against an 26 individual as a result of the circumstances that led to a

finding of physical or sexual abuse or egregious neglect is later overturned under a grievance or arbitration procedure provided for in Section 8 of the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or under a collective bargaining agreement, the report must be removed from the registry.

6 The Department of Human Services shall promulgate or amend 7 rules as necessary or appropriate to establish procedures for registry, including the definition of 8 reporting to the 9 egregious neglect, procedures for notice to the individual and 10 victim, appeal and hearing procedures, and petition for removal 11 of the report from the registry. The portion of the rules 12 pertaining to hearings shall provide that, at the hearing, both 13 parties may present written and oral evidence. The Department shall be required to establish by a preponderance of the 14 15 evidence that the Office of the Inspector General's finding of 16 physical or sexual abuse or egregious neglect warrants 17 reporting to the Department of Public Health's health care worker registry under Section 3-206.01 of the Nursing Home Care 18 Act or Section 3-206.01 of the MR/DD Community Care Act. 19

Notice to the individual shall include a clear and concise statement of the grounds on which the report to the registry is based and notice of the opportunity for a hearing to contest the report. The Department of Human Services shall provide the notice by certified mail to the last known address of the individual. The notice shall give the individual an opportunity to contest the report in a hearing before the Department of

Human Services or to submit a written response to the findings 1 2 instead of requesting a hearing. If the individual does not request a hearing or if after notice and a hearing the 3 Department of Human Services finds that the report is valid, 4 5 the finding shall be included as part of the registry, as well as a brief statement from the reported individual if he or she 6 7 chooses to make a statement. The Department of Public Health 8 shall make available to the public information reported to the 9 registry. In a case of inquiries concerning an individual 10 listed in the registry, any information disclosed concerning a 11 finding of abuse or neglect shall also include disclosure of 12 the individual's brief statement in the registry relating to the reported finding or include a clear and accurate summary of 13 14 the statement.

15 At any time after the report of the registry, an individual 16 may petition the Department of Human Services for removal from 17 the registry of the finding against him or her. Upon receipt of such a petition, the Department of Human Services shall conduct 18 19 an investigation and hearing on the petition. Upon completion 20 of the investigation and hearing, the Department of Human Services shall report the removal of the finding to the 21 22 registry unless the Department of Human Services determines 23 that removal is not in the public interest.

(h) Quality Care Board. There is created, within the Office
of the Inspector General, a Quality Care Board to be composed
of 7 members appointed by the Governor with the advice and

consent of the Senate. One of the members shall be designated 1 2 as chairman by the Governor. Of the initial appointments made by the Governor, 4 Board members shall each be appointed for a 3 term of 4 years and 3 members shall each be appointed for a 4 5 term of 2 years. Upon the expiration of each member's term, a successor shall be appointed for a term of 4 years. In the case 6 7 of a vacancy in the office of any member, the Governor shall 8 appoint a successor for the remainder of the unexpired term.

9 Members appointed by the Governor shall be qualified by 10 professional knowledge or experience in the area of law, 11 investigatory techniques, or in the area of care of the 12 mentally ill developmentally disabled. or Two members 13 appointed by the Governor shall be persons with a disability or a parent of a person with a disability. Members shall serve 14 15 without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for expenses 16 incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as 17 members.

18 The Board shall meet quarterly, and may hold other meetings 19 on the call of the chairman. Four members shall constitute a 20 quorum. The Board may adopt rules and regulations it deems 21 necessary to govern its own procedures.

(i) Scope and function of the Quality Care Board. The Board shall monitor and oversee the operations, policies, and procedures of the Inspector General to assure the prompt and thorough investigation of allegations of neglect and abuse. In fulfilling these responsibilities, the Board may do the

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- 1 following:

2 (1) Provide independent, expert consultation to the 3 Inspector General on policies and protocols for 4 investigations of alleged neglect and abuse.

5 (2) Review existing regulations relating to the 6 operation of facilities under the control of the Department 7 of Human Services.

8 (3) Advise the Inspector General as to the content of
9 training activities authorized under this Section.

10 (4) Recommend policies concerning methods for 11 improving the intergovernmental relationships between the 12 Office of the Inspector General and other State or federal 13 agencies.

(j) Investigators. The Inspector General shall establish a 14 15 comprehensive program to ensure that every person employed or 16 newly hired to conduct investigations shall receive training on 17 basis concerning investigative techniques, on-qoing an communication skills, and the appropriate means of contact with 18 19 persons admitted or committed to the mental health or 20 developmental disabilities facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Human Services. 21

(k) Subpoenas; testimony; penalty. The Inspector General shall have the power to subpoena witnesses and compel the production of books and papers pertinent to an investigation authorized by this Act, provided that the power to subpoena or to compel the production of books and papers shall not extend

to the person or documents of a labor organization or its 1 representatives insofar as the person or documents of a labor 2 3 organization relate to the function of representing an employee subject to investigation under this Act. Mental health records 4 5 of patients shall be confidential as provided under the Mental 6 Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act. Any 7 person who fails to appear in response to a subpoena or to 8 answer any question or produce any books or papers pertinent to 9 an investigation under this Act, except as otherwise provided 10 in this Section, or who knowingly gives false testimony in 11 relation to an investigation under this Act is guilty of a 12 Class A misdemeanor.

13 (1) Annual report. The Inspector General shall provide to 14 the General Assembly and the Governor, no later than January 1 15 of each year, a summary of reports and investigations made 16 under this Act for the prior fiscal year with respect to 17 residents of institutions under the jurisdiction of the Department of Human Services. The report shall detail the 18 imposition of sanctions and the final disposition of those 19 20 summaries recommendations. The shall not contain any 21 confidential or identifying information concerning the 22 subjects of the reports and investigations. The report shall 23 also include a trend analysis of the number of reported allegations and their disposition, for each facility and 24 Department-wide, for the most recent 3-year time period and a 25 statement, for each facility, of the staffing-to-patient 26

ratios. The ratios shall include only the number of direct care
 staff. The report shall also include detailed recommended
 administrative actions and matters for consideration by the
 General Assembly.

5 (m) Program audit. The Auditor General shall conduct a biennial program audit of the Office of the Inspector General 6 7 in relation to the Inspector General's compliance with this 8 Act. The audit shall specifically include the Inspector 9 General's effectiveness in investigating reports of alleged 10 neglect or abuse of residents in any facility operated by the 11 Department of Human Services and in making recommendations for 12 sanctions to the Departments of Human Services and Public 13 Health. The Auditor General shall conduct the program audit 14 according to the provisions of the Illinois State Auditing Act 15 and shall report its findings to the General Assembly no later 16 than January 1 of each odd-numbered year.

17 (Source: P.A. 95-545, eff. 8-28-07.)

Section 90-10. The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

21 (20 ILCS 1705/15) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 100-15)

22 Sec. 15. Before any person is released from a facility 23 operated by the State pursuant to an absolute discharge or a 24 conditional discharge from hospitalization under this Act, the

1 facility director of the facility in which such person is 2 hospitalized shall determine that such person is not currently 3 in need of hospitalization and:

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(a) is able to live independently in the community; or

5 (b) requires further oversight and supervisory care 6 for which arrangements have been made with responsible 7 relatives or supervised residential program approved by 8 the Department; or

9 further personal care (C)requires or general 10 oversight as defined by the Nursing Home Care Act or the 11 MR/DD Community Care Act, for which placement arrangements 12 have been made with a suitable family home or other licensed facility approved by the Department under this 13 14 Section; or

15 (d) requires community mental health services for 16 which arrangements have been made with a community mental 17 health provider in accordance with criteria, standards, 18 and procedures promulgated by rule.

19 Such determination shall be made in writing and shall 20 become a part of the facility record of such absolutely or When 21 conditionally discharged person. the determination 22 indicates that the condition of the person to be granted an 23 absolute discharge or a conditional discharge is described 24 under subparagraph (c) or (d) of this Section, the name and 25 address of the continuing care facility or home to which such 26 person is to be released shall be entered in the facility

record. Where a discharge from a mental health facility is made 1 2 under subparagraph (c), the Department shall assign the person so discharged to an existing community based not-for-profit 3 agency for participation in day activities suitable to the 4 5 person's needs, such as but not limited to social and 6 vocational rehabilitation, and other recreational, educational 7 financial activities unless the community based and 8 not-for-profit agency is unqualified to accept such 9 assignment. Where the clientele of any not-for-profit agency 10 increases as a result of assignments under this amendatory Act 11 of 1977 by more than 3% over the prior year, the Department 12 shall fully reimburse such agency for the costs of providing 13 services to such persons in excess of such 3% increase. The 14 Department shall keep written records detailing how many 15 persons have been assigned to a community based not-for-profit 16 agency and how many persons were not so assigned because the 17 community based agency was unable to accept the assignments, in criteria, standards, 18 accordance with and procedures 19 promulgated by rule. Whenever a community based agency is found 20 to be unable to accept the assignments, the name of the agency and the reason for the finding shall be included in the report. 21

22 Insofar as desirable in the interests of the former 23 recipient, the facility, program or home in which the discharged person is to be placed shall be located in or near 24 25 community in which the person resided prior the to 26 hospitalization or in the community in which the person's

family or nearest next of kin presently reside. Placement of 1 2 the discharged person in facilities, programs or homes located outside of this State shall not be made by the Department 3 unless there are no appropriate facilities, programs or homes 4 5 available within this State. Out-of-state placements shall be 6 subject to return of recipients so placed upon the availability 7 facilities, programs or homes within this State to of 8 accommodate these recipients, except where placement in a 9 contiguous state results in locating a recipient in a facility 10 or program closer to the recipient's home or family. If an 11 appropriate facility or program becomes available equal to or 12 closer to the recipient's home or family, the recipient shall be returned to and placed at the appropriate facility or 13 14 program within this State.

15 To place any person who is under a program of the 16 Department at board in a suitable family home or in such other 17 facility or program as the Department may consider desirable. The Department may place in licensed nursing homes, sheltered 18 19 care homes, or homes for the aged those persons whose 20 behavioral manifestations and medical and nursing care needs are such as to be substantially indistinguishable from persons 21 22 already living in such facilities. Prior to any placement by 23 the Department under this Section, a determination shall be 24 made by the personnel of the Department, as to the capability 25 and suitability of such facility to adequately meet the needs 26 of the person to be discharged. When specialized programs are

necessary in order to enable persons in need of supervised 1 2 living to develop and improve in the community, the Department shall place such persons only in specialized residential care 3 facilities which shall meet Department standards including 4 5 restricted admission policy, special staffing and programming for social and vocational rehabilitation, in addition to the 6 7 requirements of the appropriate State licensing agency. The 8 Department shall not place any new person in a facility the 9 license of which has been revoked or not renewed on grounds of 10 inadequate programming, staffing, or medical or adjunctive regardless of the pendency of an action for 11 services, 12 administrative review regarding such revocation or failure to 13 renew. Before the Department may transfer any person to a 14 licensed nursing home, sheltered care home or home for the aged 15 or place any person in a specialized residential care facility 16 the Department shall notify the person to be transferred, or a 17 responsible relative of such person, in writing, at least 30 days before the proposed transfer, with respect to all the 18 19 relevant facts concerning such transfer, except in cases of 20 emergency when such notice is not required. If either the person to be transferred or a responsible relative of such 21 22 person objects to such transfer, in writing to the Department, 23 at any time after receipt of notice and before the transfer, the facility director of the facility in which the person was a 24 25 recipient shall immediately schedule a hearing at the facility 26 with the presence of the facility director, the person who

1 objected to such proposed transfer, and a psychiatrist who is 2 familiar with the record of the person to be transferred. Such 3 person to be transferred or a responsible relative may be represented by such counsel or interested party as he may 4 5 appoint, who may present such testimony with respect to the proposed transfer. Testimony presented at such hearing shall 6 7 of the facility record of become а part the 8 person-to-be-transferred. The record of testimony shall be 9 held in the person-to-be-transferred's record in the central 10 files of the facility. If such hearing is held a transfer may only be implemented, if at all, in accordance with the results 11 12 of such hearing. Within 15 days after such hearing the facility 13 director shall deliver his findings based on the record of the 14 case and the testimony presented at the hearing, by registered 15 or certified mail, to the parties to such hearing. The findings 16 of the facility director shall be deemed a final administrative 17 decision of the Department. For purposes of this Section, "case of emergency" means those instances in which the health of the 18 19 person to be transferred is imperiled and the most appropriate 20 mental health care or medical care is available at a licensed 21 nursing home, sheltered care home or home for the aged or a 22 specialized residential care facility.

Prior to placement of any person in a facility under this Section the Department shall ensure that an appropriate training plan for staff is provided by the facility. Said training may include instruction and demonstration by

Department personnel qualified in the area of mental illness or 1 2 mental retardation, as applicable to the person to be placed. 3 Training may be given both at the facility from which the recipient is transferred and at the facility receiving the 4 5 recipient, and may be available on a continuing basis 6 subsequent to placement. In a facility providing services to former Department recipients, training shall be available as 7 8 necessary for facility staff. Such training will be on a 9 continuing basis as the needs of the facility and recipients 10 change and further training is required.

11 The Department shall not place any person in a facility 12 which does not have appropriately trained staff in sufficient 13 numbers to accommodate the recipient population already at the facility. As a condition of further or future placements of 14 15 persons, the Department shall require the employment of 16 additional trained staff members at the facility where said 17 persons are to be placed. The Secretary, or his or her designate, shall establish written guidelines for placement of 18 persons in facilities under this Act. The Department shall keep 19 20 written records detailing which facilities have been 21 determined to have staff who have been appropriately trained by 22 the Department and all training which it has provided or 23 required under this Section.

Bills for the support for a person boarded out shall be payable monthly out of the proper maintenance funds and shall be audited as any other accounts of the Department. If a person

is placed in a facility or program outside the Department, the Department may pay the actual costs of residence, treatment or maintenance in such facility and may collect such actual costs or a portion thereof from the recipient or the estate of a person placed in accordance with this Section.

6 Other than those placed in a family home the Department 7 shall cause all persons who are placed in a facility, as 8 defined by the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community 9 Care Act, or in designated community living situations or 10 programs, to be visited at least once during the first month 11 following placement, and once every month thereafter for the 12 first year following placement when indicated, but at least 13 quarterly. After the first year, the Department shall determine 14 at what point the appropriate licensing entity for the facility 15 or designated community living situation or program will assume 16 the responsibility of ensuring that appropriate services are 17 being provided to the resident. Once that responsibility is assumed, the Department may discontinue such visits. If a long 18 term care facility has periodic care plan conferences, the 19 20 visitor may participate in those conferences, if such participation is approved by the resident or the resident's 21 22 quardian. Visits shall be made by qualified and trained 23 Department personnel, or their designee, in the area of mental health or developmental disabilities applicable to the person 24 25 visited, and shall be made on a more frequent basis when 26 indicated. The Department may not use as designee any personnel

connected with or responsible to the representatives of any 1 2 facility in which persons who have been transferred under this Section are placed. In the course of such visit there shall be 3 consideration of the following areas, but not limited thereto: 4 5 effects of transfer on physical and mental health of the sufficiency of nursing care and medical coverage 6 person, 7 required by the person, sufficiency of staff personnel and 8 ability to provide basic care for the person, social, 9 recreational and programmatic activities available for the 10 person, and other appropriate aspects of the person's 11 environment.

A report containing the above observations shall be made to the Department, to the licensing agency, and to any other appropriate agency subsequent to each visitation. The report shall contain recommendations to improve the care and treatment of the resident, as necessary, which shall be reviewed by the facility's interdisciplinary team and the resident or the resident's legal guardian.

19 Upon the complaint of any person placed in accordance with 20 this Section or any responsible citizen or upon discovery that such person has been abused, neglected, or improperly cared 21 22 for, or that the placement does not provide the type of care 23 required by the recipient's current condition, the Department 24 immediately shall investigate, and determine if the 25 well-being, health, care, or safety of any person is affected 26 by any of the above occurrences, and if any one of the above

occurrences is verified, the Department shall remove such 1 2 person at once to a facility of the Department or to another facility outside the Department, provided such person's needs 3 can be met at said facility. The Department may also provide 4 5 any person placed in accordance with this Section who is 6 without available funds, and who is permitted to engage in 7 employment outside the facility, such sums for the 8 transportation, and other expenses as may be needed by him 9 until he receives his wages for such employment.

10 The Department shall promulgate rules and regulations 11 governing the purchase of care for persons who are wards of or 12 who are receiving services from the Department. Such rules and 13 regulations shall apply to all monies expended by any agency of 14 the State of Illinois for services rendered by any person, 15 corporate entity, agency, governmental agency or political 16 subdivision whether public or private outside of the Department 17 whether payment is made through a contractual, per-diem or other arrangement. No funds shall be paid to any person, 18 19 corporation, agency, governmental entity or political 20 subdivision without compliance with such rules and 21 regulations.

The rules and regulations governing purchase of care shall describe categories and types of service deemed appropriate for purchase by the Department.

Any provider of services under this Act may elect to receive payment for those services, and the Department is

1 authorized to arrange for that payment, by means of direct 2 deposit transmittals to the service provider's account maintained at a bank, savings and loan association, or other 3 financial institution. The financial institution shall be 4 approved by the Department, and the deposits shall be in 5 6 accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the 7 Department.

8 (Source: P.A. 93-636, eff. 6-1-04.)

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9 Section 90-15. The Department of Public Health Powers and 10 Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is 11 amended by changing Sections 2310-550, 2310-560, 2310-565, and 12 2310-625 as follows:

13 (20 ILCS 2310/2310-550) (was 20 ILCS 2310/55.40)

14 Sec. 2310-550. Long-term care facilities. The Department 15 may perform, in all long-term care facilities, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act and all facilities as defined in the 16 17 MR/DD Community Care Act, all inspection, evaluation, 18 certification, and inspection of care duties that the federal government may require the State of Illinois to perform or have 19 20 performed as a condition of participation in any programs under 21 Title XVIII or Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. (Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.) 22

23 (20 ILCS 2310/2310-560) (was 20 ILCS 2310/55.87)

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Sec. 2310-560. Advisory committees concerning construction
 of facilities.

(a) The Director shall appoint an advisory committee. The
committee shall be established by the Department by rule. The
Director and the Department shall consult with the advisory
committee concerning the application of building codes and
Department rules related to those building codes to facilities
under the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act, and the
Nursing Home Care Act, and the MR/DD Community Care Act.

10 (b) The Director shall appoint an advisory committee to 11 advise the Department and to conduct informal dispute 12 resolution concerning the application of building codes for new 13 and existing construction and related Department rules and 14 standards under the Hospital Licensing Act, including without 15 limitation rules and standards for (i) design and construction, 16 (ii) engineering and maintenance of the physical plant, site, 17 (heating, cooling, equipment, and systems electrical, ventilation, plumbing, water, solid 18 sewer, and waste 19 disposal), and (iii) fire and safety. The advisory committee 20 shall be composed of all of the following members:

(1) The chairperson or an elected representative from
 the Hospital Licensing Board under the Hospital Licensing
 Act.

(2) Two health care architects with a minimum of 10
years of experience in institutional design and building
code analysis.

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(3) Two engineering professionals (one mechanical and 1 2 one electrical) with a minimum of 10 years of experience in institutional design and building code analysis. 3

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(4) One commercial interior design professional with a 5 minimum of 10 years of experience.

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(5) Two representatives from provider associations.

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(6) The Director or his or her designee, who shall serve as the committee moderator.

9 Appointments shall be made with the concurrence of the 10 Hospital Licensing Board. The committee shall submit. 11 recommendations concerning the application of building codes 12 and related Department rules and standards to the Hospital 13 Licensing Board for review and comment prior to submission to the Department. The committee shall submit recommendations 14 15 concerning informal dispute resolution to the Director. The 16 Department shall provide per diem and travel expenses to the 17 committee members.

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 92-803, eff. 8-16-02.) 18

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-565) (was 20 ILCS 2310/55.88) 19

20 Sec. 2310-565. Facility construction training program. The 21 Department shall conduct, at least annually, a joint in-service 22 for architects, engineers, training program interior 23 designers, and other persons involved in the construction of a 24 facility under the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act, 25 the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the HB0966 - 179 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

Hospital Licensing Act on problems and issues relating to the
 construction of facilities under any of those Acts.

3 (Source: P.A. 90-327, eff. 8-8-97; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 4 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

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(20 ILCS 2310/2310-625)

6 Sec. 2310-625. Emergency Powers.

(a) Upon proclamation of a disaster by the Governor, as
provided for in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act,
the Director of Public Health shall have the following powers,
which shall be exercised only in coordination with the Illinois
Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Financial and
Professional Regulation:

(1) The power to suspend the requirements for temporary or permanent licensure or certification of persons who are licensed or certified in another state and are working under the direction of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and the Illinois Department of Public Health pursuant to the declared disaster.

19 (2) The power to modify the scope of practice
20 restrictions under the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)
21 Systems Act for any persons who are licensed under that Act
22 for any person working under the direction of the Illinois
23 Emergency Management Agency and the Illinois Department of
24 Public Health pursuant to the declared disaster.

25

(3) The power to modify the scope of practice

restrictions under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD</u>
 <u>Community Care Act</u> for Certified Nursing Assistants for any
 person working under the direction of the Illinois
 Emergency Management Agency and the Illinois Department of
 Public Health pursuant to the declared disaster.

(b) Persons exempt from licensure or certification under 6 7 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and persons operating under 8 modified scope of practice provisions under paragraph (2) of 9 subsection (a) and paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be 10 exempt from licensure or certification or subject to modified 11 scope of practice only until the declared disaster has ended as 12 provided by law. For purposes of this Section, persons working 13 under the direction of an emergency services and disaster 14 agency accredited by the Illinois Emergency Management Agency 15 and a local public health department, pursuant to a declared 16 disaster, shall be deemed to be working under the direction of 17 the Illinois Emergency Management Agency and the Department of Public Health. 18

19 (c) The Director shall exercise these powers by way of 20 proclamation.

21 (Source: P.A. 93-829, eff. 7-28-04; 94-733, eff. 4-27-06.)

Section 90-20. The Disabilities Services Act of 2003 is amended by changing Section 52 as follows:

24 (20 ILCS 2407/52)

Sec. 52. Applicability; definitions. In accordance with
 Section 6071 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (P.L.
 109-171), as used in this Article:

"Departments". The term "Departments" means for the
purposes of this Act, the Department of Human Services, the
Department on Aging, Department of Healthcare and Family
Services and Department of Public Health, unless otherwise
noted.

9 "Home and community-based long-term care services". The 10 term "home and community-based long-term care services" means, 11 with respect to the State Medicaid program, a service aid, or 12 benefit, home and community-based services, including but not 13 limited to home health and personal care services, that are provided to a person with a disability, and are voluntarily 14 15 accepted, as part of his or her long-term care that: (i) is 16 provided under the State's qualified home and community-based 17 program or that could be provided under such a program but is otherwise provided under the Medicaid program; 18 (ii) is 19 delivered in a qualified residence; and (iii) is necessary for 20 the person with a disability to live in the community.

"Long-term care facility". The term "long-term care facility", for the purposes of this Article, means a skilled nursing or intermediate long-term care facility subject to licensure by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled (ICF-DDs), and a

State-operated developmental center or mental health center,
 whether publicly or privately owned.

"Money Follows the Person" Demonstration. Enacted by the 3 Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, the Money Follows the Person 4 5 (MFP) Rebalancing Demonstration is part of a comprehensive, coordinated strategy to assist states, in collaboration with 6 7 stakeholders, to make widespread changes to their long-term care support systems. This initiative will assist states in 8 9 their efforts to reduce their reliance on institutional care 10 while developing community-based long-term care opportunities, 11 enabling the elderly and people with disabilities to fully 12 participate in their communities.

"Public funds" mean any funds appropriated by the General Assembly to the Departments of Human Services, on Aging, of Healthcare and Family Services and of Public Health for settings and services as defined in this Article.

17 "Qualified residence". The term "qualified residence" means, with respect to an eligible individual: (i) a home owned 18 or leased by the individual or the individual's authorized 19 20 representative (as defined by P.L. 109-171); (ii) an apartment with an individual lease, with lockable access and egress, and 21 22 which includes living, sleeping, bathing, and cooking areas 23 over which the individual or the individual's family has domain and control; or (iii) a residence, in a community-based 24 25 residential setting, in which no more than 4 unrelated 26 individuals reside. Where qualified residences are not

sufficient to meet the demand of eligible individuals,
 time-limited exceptions to this definition may be developed
 through administrative rule.

The "self-directed "Self-directed services". term 4 5 services" means, with respect to home and community-based long-term services for an eligible individual, those services 6 7 for the individual that are planned and purchased under the direction and control of the individual or the individual's 8 9 authorized representative, including the amount, duration, 10 scope, provider, and location of such services, under the State 11 Medicaid program consistent with the following requirements:

(a) Assessment: there is an assessment of the needs,
capabilities, and preference of the individual with
respect to such services.

15 (b) Individual service care or treatment plan: based on 16 the assessment, there is development jointly with such 17 individual or individual's authorized representative, a plan for such services for the individual that 18 (i) specifies those services, if any, that the individual or 19 20 the individual's authorized representative would be responsible for directing; (ii) identifies the methods by 21 22 which the individual or the individual's authorized 23 representative or an agency designated by an individual or representative will select, manage, and dismiss providers 24 25 of such services.

26 (Source: P.A. 95-438, eff. 1-1-08.)

1 Section 90-25. The Abuse of Adults with Disabilities 2 Intervention Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows: 3 (20 ILCS 2435/15) (from Ch. 23, par. 3395-15) Sec. 15. Definitions. As used in this Act: 4 5 "Abuse" means causing any physical, sexual, or mental 6 injury to an adult with disabilities, including exploitation of 7 the adult's financial resources. Nothing in this Act shall be 8 construed to mean that an adult with disabilities is a victim 9 of abuse or neglect for the sole reason that he or she is being 10 furnished with or relies upon treatment by spiritual means 11 through prayer alone, in accordance with the tenets and 12 practices of a recognized church or religious denomination. 13 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to mean that an adult 14 with disabilities is a victim of abuse because of health care 15 services provided or not provided by licensed health care professionals. 16

17 "Adult with disabilities" means a person aged 18 through 59 18 who resides in a domestic living situation and whose physical 19 or mental disability impairs his or her ability to seek or 20 obtain protection from abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

21

"Department" means the Department of Human Services.

22 "Adults with Disabilities Abuse Project" or "project"
23 means that program within the Office of Inspector General
24 designated by the Department of Human Services to receive and

1 assess reports of alleged or suspected abuse, neglect, or 2 exploitation of adults with disabilities.

3 "Domestic living situation" means a residence where the 4 adult with disabilities lives alone or with his or her family 5 or household members, a care giver, or others or at a board and 6 care home or other community-based unlicensed facility, but is 7 not:

8 (1) A licensed facility as defined in Section 1-113 of 9 the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or Section 1-113 of the MR/DD</u> 10 <u>Community Care Act</u>.

11 (2) A life care facility as defined in the Life Care12 Facilities Act.

13 (3) A home, institution, or other place operated by the14 federal government, a federal agency, or the State.

15 (4) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the 16 principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, 17 treatment of human illness care, and through the maintenance and operation of organized facilities and that 18 19 is required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing 20 Act.

(5) A community living facility as defined in the
 Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A community-integrated living arrangement as
defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements
Licensure and Certification Act or community residential
alternative as licensed under that Act.

"Emergency" means a situation in which an adult with
 disabilities is in danger of death or great bodily harm.

"Exploitation" means the illegal, including tortious, use 3 of the assets or resources of an adult with disabilities. 4 5 Exploitation includes, but is not. limited to, the 6 misappropriation of assets or resources of an adult with 7 disabilities by undue influence, by breach of a fiduciary 8 relationship, by fraud, deception, or extortion, or by the use 9 of the assets or resources in a manner contrary to law.

10 "Family or household members" means a person who as a 11 family member, volunteer, or paid care provider has assumed 12 responsibility for all or a portion of the care of an adult 13 with disabilities who needs assistance with activities of daily 14 living.

15 "Neglect" means the failure of another individual to 16 provide an adult with disabilities with or the willful 17 withholding from an adult with disabilities the necessities of 18 life, including, but not limited to, food, clothing, shelter, 19 or medical care.

Nothing in the definition of "neglect" shall be construed to impose a requirement that assistance be provided to an adult with disabilities over his or her objection in the absence of a court order, nor to create any new affirmative duty to provide support, assistance, or intervention to an adult with disabilities. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to mean that an adult with disabilities is a victim of neglect because of health care services provided or not provided by licensed
 health care professionals.

3 "Physical abuse" includes sexual abuse and means any of the 4 following:

5 (1) knowing or reckless use of physical force,
6 confinement, or restraint;

7 (2) knowing, repeated, and unnecessary sleep
8 deprivation; or

9 (3) knowing or reckless conduct which creates an 10 immediate risk of physical harm.

11 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Human Services.

"Sexual abuse" means touching, fondling, sexual threats, sexually inappropriate remarks, or any other sexual activity with an adult with disabilities when the adult with disabilities is unable to understand, unwilling to consent, threatened, or physically forced to engage in sexual behavior.

17 "Substantiated case" means a reported case of alleged or 18 suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation in which the Adults 19 with Disabilities Abuse Project staff, after assessment, 20 determines that there is reason to believe abuse, neglect, or 21 exploitation has occurred.

22 (Source: P.A. 91-671, eff. 7-1-00.)

23 Section 90-30. The Illinois Finance Authority Act is 24 amended by changing Section 801-10 as follows:

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1 (20 ILCS 3501/801-10)

2 Sec. 801-10. Definitions. The following terms, whenever 3 used or referred to in this Act, shall have the following 4 meanings, except in such instances where the context may 5 clearly indicate otherwise:

6 (a) The term "Authority" means the Illinois Finance7 Authority created by this Act.

8 (b) The term "project" means an industrial project, 9 conservation project, housing project, public purpose project, 10 higher education project, health facility project, cultural 11 institution project, agricultural facility or agribusiness, 12 and "project" may include any combination of one or more of the 13 foregoing undertaken jointly by any person with one or more 14 other persons.

(c) The term "public purpose project" means any project or 15 16 facility including without limitation land, buildings, 17 structures, machinery, equipment and all other real and personal property, which is authorized or required by law to be 18 acquired, constructed, improved, rehabilitated, reconstructed, 19 20 replaced or maintained by any unit of government or any other lawful public purpose which is authorized or required by law to 21 22 be undertaken by any unit of government.

(d) The term "industrial project" means the acquisition, construction, refurbishment, creation, development or redevelopment of any facility, equipment, machinery, real property or personal property for use by any instrumentality of

the State or its political subdivisions, for use by any person 1 2 or institution, public or private, for profit or not for 3 profit, or for use in any trade or business including, but not limited to, any industrial, manufacturing or commercial 4 5 enterprise and which is (1) a capital project including but not 6 limited to: (i) land and any rights therein, one or more buildings, structures or other improvements, machinery and 7 8 equipment, whether now existing or hereafter acquired, and 9 whether or not located on the same site or sites; (ii) all 10 appurtenances and facilities incidental to the foregoing, 11 including, but not limited to utilities, access roads, railroad 12 sidings, track, docking and similar facilities, parking 13 dockage, wharfage, railroad roadbed, facilities, track, 14 trestle, depot, terminal, switching and signaling or related 15 equipment, site preparation and landscaping; and (iii) all 16 non-capital costs and expenses relating thereto or (2) any 17 addition to, renovation, rehabilitation or improvement of a capital project or (3) any activity or undertaking which the 18 Authority determines will aid, assist or encourage economic 19 20 growth, development or redevelopment within the State or any 21 area thereof, will promote the expansion, retention or 22 diversification of employment opportunities within the State 23 or any area thereof or will aid in stabilizing or developing any industry or economic sector of the State economy. The term 24 25 "industrial project" also means the production of motion 26 pictures.

(e) The term "bond" or "bonds" shall include bonds, notes 1 2 (including bond, grant or revenue anticipation notes), 3 certificates and/or other evidences of indebtedness representing an obligation to pay money, including refunding 4 5 bonds.

6 (f) The terms "lease agreement" and "loan agreement" shall 7 mean: (i) an agreement whereby a project acquired by the 8 Authority by purchase, gift or lease is leased to any person, 9 corporation or unit of local government which will use or cause 10 the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined upon 11 terms providing for lease rental payments at least sufficient 12 to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any, 13 on any bonds of the Authority issued with respect to such 14 project, providing for the maintenance, insuring and operation of the project on terms satisfactory to the Authority, 15 16 providing for disposition of the project upon termination of 17 the lease term, including purchase options or abandonment of the premises, and such other terms as may be deemed desirable 18 19 by the Authority, or (ii) any agreement pursuant to which the 20 Authority agrees to loan the proceeds of its bonds issued with respect to a project or other funds of the Authority to any 21 22 person which will use or cause the project to be used as a 23 project as heretofore defined upon terms providing for loan repayment installments at least sufficient to pay when due all 24 principal of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the 25 26 Authority, if any, issued with respect to the project, and providing for maintenance, insurance and other matters as may
 be deemed desirable by the Authority.

3 (g) The term "financial aid" means the expenditure of 4 Authority funds or funds provided by the Authority through the 5 issuance of its bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness 6 or from other sources for the development, construction, 7 acquisition or improvement of a project.

8 (h) The term "person" means an individual, corporation, 9 unit of government, business trust, estate, trust, partnership 10 or association, 2 or more persons having a joint or common 11 interest, or any other legal entity.

(i) The term "unit of government" means the federal government, the State or unit of local government, a school district, or any agency or instrumentality, office, officer, department, division, bureau, commission, college or university thereof.

17 (j) The term "health facility" means: (a) any public or private institution, place, building, or agency required to be 18 19 licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act; (b) any public or private institution, place, building, or agency required to be 20 licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community 21 22 Care Act; (c) any public or licensed private hospital as 23 defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code; (d) any such facility exempted from such licensure when 24 25 the Director of Public Health attests that such exempted 26 facility meets the statutory definition of a facility subject

to licensure; (e) any other public or private health service 1 2 institution, place, building, or agency which the Director of 3 Public Health attests is subject to certification by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services under 4 5 the Social Security Act, as now or hereafter amended, or which 6 Director of Public Health attests is the subject to standard-setting by a recognized public 7 or voluntary 8 accrediting or standard-setting agency; (f) any public or 9 private institution, place, building or agency engaged in 10 providing one or more supporting services to a health facility; 11 (g) any public or private institution, place, building or 12 agency engaged in providing training in the healing arts, 13 including but not limited to schools of medicine, dentistry, 14 osteopathy, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy or nursing, schools for the training of x-ray, laboratory or other health care 15 16 technicians and schools for the training of para-professionals 17 in the health care field; (h) any public or private congregate, life or extended care or elderly housing facility or any public 18 19 or private home for the aged or infirm, including, without 20 limitation, any Facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act; (i) any public or private mental, emotional or physical 21 22 rehabilitation facility or any public or private educational, 23 counseling, or rehabilitation facility or home, for those 24 persons with a developmental disability, those who are 25 physically ill or disabled, the emotionally disturbed, those 26 persons with a mental illness or persons with learning or

similar disabilities or problems; (j) any public or private 1 2 alcohol, drug or substance abuse diagnosis, counseling treatment or rehabilitation facility, (k) any public or private 3 institution, place, building or agency licensed by the 4 5 Department of Children and Family Services or which is not so 6 licensed but which the Director of Children and Family Services 7 attests provides child care, child welfare or other services of 8 the type provided by facilities subject to such licensure; (1) 9 any public or private adoption agency or facility; and (m) any 10 public or private blood bank or blood center. "Health facility" 11 also means a public or private structure or structures suitable 12 primarily for use as a laboratory, laundry, nurses or interns 13 residence or other housing or hotel facility used in whole or 14 in part for staff, employees or students and their families, 15 patients or relatives of patients admitted for treatment or 16 care in a health facility, or persons conducting business with 17 facility, physician's facility, health surgicenter, а administration building, research facility, 18 maintenance. 19 storage or utility facility and all structures or facilities 20 related to any of the foregoing or required or useful for the operation of a health facility, including parking or other 21 22 facilities or other supporting service structures required or 23 useful for the orderly conduct of such health facility.

(k) The term "participating health institution" means a
private corporation or association or public entity of this
State, authorized by the laws of this State to provide or

operate a health facility as defined in this Act and which, pursuant to the provisions of this Act, undertakes the financing, construction or acquisition of a project or undertakes the refunding or refinancing of obligations, loans, indebtedness or advances as provided in this Act.

6 (1) The term "health facility project", means a specific health facility work or improvement to be financed or 7 refinanced (including without limitation through reimbursement 8 9 of prior expenditures), acquired, constructed, enlarged, 10 remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, with 11 funds provided in whole or in part hereunder, any accounts 12 receivable, working capital, liability or insurance cost or 13 operating expense financing or refinancing program of a health facility with or involving funds provided in whole or in part 14 15 hereunder, or any combination thereof.

16 (m) The term "bond resolution" means the resolution or 17 resolutions authorizing the issuance of, or providing terms and 18 conditions related to, bonds issued under this Act and 19 includes, where appropriate, any trust agreement, trust 20 indenture, indenture of mortgage or deed of trust providing 21 terms and conditions for such bonds.

(n) The term "property" means any real, personal or mixed property, whether tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, including, without limitation, any real estate, leasehold interests, appurtenances, buildings, easements, equipment, furnishings, furniture, improvements, machinery,

1 rights of way, structures, accounts, contract rights or any 2 interest therein.

3 (o) The term "revenues" means, with respect to any project,
4 the rents, fees, charges, interest, principal repayments,
5 collections and other income or profit derived therefrom.

6 (p) The term "higher education project" means, in the case 7 of a private institution of higher education, an educational 8 facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, 9 renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any 10 combination thereof.

(q) The term "cultural institution project" means, in the case of a cultural institution, a cultural facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any combination thereof.

15 (r) The term "educational facility" means any property 16 located within the State constructed or acquired before or 17 after the effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the instruction, feeding, 18 recreation or housing of students, the conducting of research 19 20 or other work of a private institution of higher education, the use by a private institution of higher education in connection 21 22 with any educational, research or related or incidental 23 activities then being or to be conducted by it, or any combination of the foregoing, including, without limitation, 24 25 any such property suitable for use as or in connection with any 26 one or more of the following: an academic facility,

administrative facility, agricultural facility, assembly hall, 1 2 athletic facility, auditorium, boating facility, campus, 3 communication facility, computer facility, continuing facility, classroom, dining hall, 4 education dormitory, 5 exhibition hall, fire fighting facility, fire prevention 6 facility, food service and preparation facility, gymnasium, 7 greenhouse, health care facility, hospital, housing, 8 instructional facility, laboratory, library, maintenance 9 facility, medical facility, museum, offices, parking area, 10 physical education facility, recreational facility, research 11 facility, stadium, storage facility, student union, study 12 facility, theatre or utility.

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13 (s) The term "cultural facility" means any property located 14 within the State constructed or acquired before or after the 15 effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in whole or in 16 part, suitable for the particular purposes or needs of a 17 cultural institution, including, without limitation, any such property suitable for use as or in connection with any one or 18 19 more of the following: an administrative facility, aquarium, 20 assembly hall, auditorium, botanical garden, exhibition hall, 21 gallery, greenhouse, library, museum, scientific laboratory, 22 theater or zoological facility, and shall also include, without 23 limitation, books, works of art or music, animal, plant or aquatic life or other items for display, exhibition or 24 25 performance. The term "cultural facility" includes buildings 26 on the National Register of Historic Places which are owned or

1 operated by nonprofit entities.

2 "Private institution of higher education" means a (t) not-for-profit educational institution which is not owned by 3 State any political subdivision, 4 the or agency, 5 instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which is authorized by law to provide a program of education beyond the 6 high school level and which: 7

8 (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having 9 a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the 10 recognized equivalent of such a certificate;

11 (2) Provides an educational program for which it awards 12 a bachelor's degree, or provides an educational program, 13 admission into which is conditioned upon the prior 14 attainment of a bachelor's degree or its equivalent, for 15 which it awards a postgraduate degree, or provides not less 16 than a 2-year program which is acceptable for full credit 17 toward such a degree, or offers a 2-year program in engineering, mathematics, or the physical or biological 18 sciences which is designed to prepare the student to work 19 20 as a technician and at a semiprofessional level in engineering, scientific, or other technological fields 21 22 which require the understanding and application of basic 23 engineering, scientific, or mathematical principles or 24 knowledge;

(3) Is accredited by a nationally recognized
 accrediting agency or association or, if not so accredited,

is an institution whose credits are accepted, on transfer, 1 2 by not less than 3 institutions which are so accredited, for credit on the same basis as if transferred from an 3 institution so accredited, and holds 4 an unrevoked 5 certificate of approval under the Private College Act from the Board of Higher Education, or is qualified as a "degree 6 7 granting institution" under the Academic Degree Act; and

8 (4) Does not discriminate in the admission of students 9 on the basis of race or color. "Private institution of 10 higher education" also includes any "academic 11 institution".

12 The term "academic institution" (u) means any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or 13 14 any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in, or 15 16 facilitates academic, scientific, educational or professional 17 research or learning in a field or fields of study taught at a private institution of higher education. Academic institutions 18 19 include, without limitation, libraries, archives, academic, 20 scientific, educational or professional societies, 21 institutions, associations or foundations having such 22 purposes.

(v) The term "cultural institution" means any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in the

cultural, intellectual, scientific, educational or artistic enrichment of the people of the State. Cultural institutions include, without limitation, aquaria, botanical societies, historical societies, libraries, museums, performing arts associations or societies, scientific societies and zoological societies.

7 (w) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to financing 8 of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, any lender, any 9 person, firm or corporation controlled by, or under common 10 control with, such lender, and any person, firm or corporation 11 controlling such lender.

12 (X) The term "agricultural facility" means land, any 13 building or other improvement thereon or thereto, and any 14 personal properties deemed necessary or suitable for use, whether or not now in existence, in farming, ranching, the 15 16 production of agricultural commodities (including, without 17 limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and silviculture) or the treating, processing or storing of such 18 agricultural commodities when such activities are customarily 19 20 engaged in by farmers as a part of farming.

(y) The term "lender" with respect to financing of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, means any federal or State chartered bank, Federal Land Bank, Production Credit Association, Bank for Cooperatives, federal or State chartered savings and loan association or building and loan association, Small Business Investment Company or any other institution

qualified within this State to originate and service loans, including, but without limitation to, insurance companies, credit unions and mortgage loan companies. "Lender" also means a wholly owned subsidiary of a manufacturer, seller or distributor of goods or services that makes loans to businesses or individuals, commonly known as a "captive finance company".

7 (z) The term "agribusiness" means any sole proprietorship, 8 limited partnership, co-partnership, joint venture, 9 corporation or cooperative which operates or will operate a 10 facility located within the State of Illinois that is related 11 to the processing of agricultural commodities (including, 12 without limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics 13 silviculture) the manufacturing, production and or or 14 construction of agricultural buildings, structures, equipment, 15 implements, and supplies, or any other facilities or processes 16 used in agricultural production. Agribusiness includes but is 17 not limited to the following:

(1) grain handling and processing, including grain
 storage, drying, treatment, conditioning, mailing and
 packaging;

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(2) seed and feed grain development and processing;

(3) fruit and vegetable processing, includingpreparation, canning and packaging;

(4) processing of livestock and livestock products,
 dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fish or
 apiarian products, including slaughter, shearing,

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collecting, preparation, canning and packaging;

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(5) fertilizer and agricultural chemical manufacturing, processing, application and supplying;

4 (6) farm machinery, equipment and implement 5 manufacturing and supplying;

6 (7) manufacturing and supplying of agricultural 7 commodity processing machinery and equipment, including 8 machinery and equipment used in slaughter, treatment, 9 handling, collecting, preparation, canning or packaging of 10 agricultural commodities;

(8) farm building and farm structure manufacturing,construction and supplying;

(9) construction, manufacturing, implementation,
supplying or servicing of irrigation, drainage and soil and
water conservation devices or equipment;

(10) fuel processing and development facilities that
 produce fuel from agricultural commodities or byproducts;

18 (11) facilities and equipment for processing and 19 packaging agricultural commodities specifically for 20 export;

(12) facilities and equipment for forestry product processing and supplying, including sawmilling operations, wood chip operations, timber harvesting operations, and manufacturing of prefabricated buildings, paper, furniture or other goods from forestry products;

26 (13) facilities and equipment for research and

development of products, processes and equipment for the
 production, processing, preparation or packaging of
 agricultural commodities and byproducts.

(aa) The term "asset" with respect to financing of any 4 agricultural facility or any agribusiness, means, but is not 5 6 limited to the following: cash crops or feed on hand; livestock 7 held for sale; breeding stock; marketable bonds and securities; 8 securities not readily marketable; accounts receivable; notes 9 receivable; cash invested in growing crops; net cash value of 10 life insurance; machinery and equipment; cars and trucks; farm 11 and other real estate including life estates and personal 12 residence; value of beneficial interests in trusts; government payments or grants; and any other assets. 13

(bb) The term "liability" with respect to financing of any agricultural facility or any agribusiness shall include, but not be limited to the following: accounts payable; notes or other indebtedness owed to any source; taxes; rent; amounts owed on real estate contracts or real estate mortgages; judgments; accrued interest payable; and any other liability.

20 (cc) The term "Predecessor Authorities" means those21 authorities as described in Section 845-75.

(dd) The term "housing project" means a specific work or improvement undertaken to provide residential dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of lands, buildings and community facilities and in connection therewith to provide nonhousing facilities

which are part of the housing project, including land, 1 2 improvements, equipment buildings, and all ancillary facilities for use for offices, stores, retirement homes, 3 hotels, financial institutions, service, health 4 care, 5 education, recreation or research establishments, or any other 6 commercial purpose which are or are to be related to a housing 7 development.

8 (ee) The term "conservation project" means any project 9 including the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, 10 maintenance, operation, or upgrade that is intended to create 11 or expand open space or to reduce energy usage through 12 efficiency measures. For the purpose of this definition, "open 13 space" has the definition set forth under Section 10 of the 14 Illinois Open Land Trust Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 95-697, eff. 11-6-07.)

Section 90-35. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act is amended by changing Sections 3, 12, 13, and 14.1 as follows:

18 (20 ILCS 3960/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1153)

19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2009)

20 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act:

21 "Health care facilities" means and includes the following 22 facilities and organizations:

An ambulatory surgical treatment center required to
 be licensed pursuant to the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment

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- 1 Center Act;
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2. An institution, place, building, or agency required to be licensed pursuant to the Hospital Licensing Act;

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3. Skilled and intermediate long term care facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD</u> Community Care Act;

Hospitals, nursing homes, ambulatory surgical
treatment centers, or kidney disease treatment centers
maintained by the State or any department or agency
thereof;

5. Kidney disease treatment centers, including a
free-standing hemodialysis unit required to be licensed
under the End Stage Renal Disease Facility Act; and

6. An institution, place, building, or room used for
the performance of outpatient surgical procedures that is
leased, owned, or operated by or on behalf of an
out-of-state facility.

This Act shall not apply to the construction of any new facility or the renovation of any existing facility located on any campus facility as defined in Section 5-5.8b of the Illinois Public Aid Code, provided that the campus facility encompasses 30 or more contiguous acres and that the new or renovated facility is intended for use by a licensed residential facility.

25 No federally owned facility shall be subject to the 26 provisions of this Act, nor facilities used solely for healing

1 by prayer or spiritual means.

2 No facility licensed under the Supportive Residences 3 Licensing Act or the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act 4 shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

A facility designated as a supportive living facility that is in good standing with the program established under Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code shall not be subject to the provisions of this Act.

9 This Act does not apply to facilities granted waivers under 10 Section 3-102.2 of the Nursing Home Care Act. However, if a 11 demonstration project under that Act applies for a certificate 12 of need to convert to a nursing facility, it shall meet the 13 licensure and certificate of need requirements in effect as of 14 the date of application.

This Act does not apply to a dialysis facility that 15 16 provides only dialysis training, support, and related services 17 to individuals with end stage renal disease who have elected to receive home dialysis. This Act does not apply to a dialysis 18 19 unit located in a licensed nursing home that offers or provides 20 dialysis-related services to residents with end stage renal disease who have elected to receive home dialysis within the 21 22 nursing home. The Board, however, may require these dialysis 23 facilities and licensed nursing homes to report statistical information on a quarterly basis to the Board to be used by the 24 25 Board to conduct analyses on the need for proposed kidney 26 disease treatment centers.

1 This Act shall not apply to the closure of an entity or a 2 portion of an entity licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, 3 with the exceptions of facilities operated by a county or 4 Illinois Veterans Homes, that elects to convert, in whole or in 5 part, to an assisted living or shared housing establishment 6 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act.

7 This Act does not apply to any change of ownership of a 8 healthcare facility that is licensed under the Nursing Home 9 Care Act, with the exceptions of facilities operated by a 10 county or Illinois Veterans Homes. Changes of ownership of 11 facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act must meet 12 the requirements set forth in Sections 3-101 through 3-119 of 13 the Nursing Home Care Act.

With the exception of those health care facilities 14 15 specifically included in this Section, nothing in this Act shall be intended to include facilities operated as a part of 16 17 the practice of a physician or other licensed health care professional, whether practicing in his individual capacity or 18 within the legal structure of any partnership, medical or 19 professional corporation, or unincorporated medical 20 or professional group. Further, this Act shall not apply to 21 22 physicians or other licensed health care professional's 23 practices where such practices are carried out in a portion of a health care facility under contract with such health care 24 25 facility by a physician or by other licensed health care 26 professionals, whether practicing in his individual capacity

or within the legal structure of any partnership, medical or 1 2 professional corporation, or unincorporated medical or 3 professional groups. This Act shall apply to construction or modification and to establishment by such health care facility 4 5 of such contracted portion which is subject to facility licensing requirements, irrespective of the party responsible 6 for such action or attendant financial obligation. 7

8 "Person" means any one or more natural persons, legal 9 entities, governmental bodies other than federal, or any 10 combination thereof.

"Consumer" means any person other than a person (a) whose 11 12 major occupation currently involves or whose official capacity 13 within the last 12 months has involved the providing, administering or financing of any type of health care facility, 14 15 (b) who is engaged in health research or the teaching of 16 health, (c) who has a material financial interest in any 17 activity which involves the providing, administering or financing of any type of health care facility, or (d) who is or 18 ever has been a member of the immediate family of the person 19 20 defined by (a), (b), or (c).

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"State Board" means the Health Facilities Planning Board.

"Construction or modification" means the establishment, erection, building, alteration, reconstruction, modernization, improvement, extension, discontinuation, change of ownership, of or by a health care facility, or the purchase or acquisition by or through a health care facility of equipment or service

for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes or for facility 1 2 administration or operation, or any capital expenditure made by 3 or on behalf of a health care facility which exceeds the capital expenditure minimum; however, any capital expenditure 4 5 made by or on behalf of a health care facility for (i) the 6 construction or modification of a facility licensed under the 7 Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act or (ii) a conversion project undertaken in accordance with Section 30 of the Older 8 9 Adult Services Act shall be excluded from any obligations under 10 this Act.

"Establish" means the construction of a health care facility or the replacement of an existing facility on another site.

"Major medical equipment" means medical equipment which is 14 15 used for the provision of medical and other health services and 16 which costs in excess of the capital expenditure minimum, 17 except that such term does not include medical equipment acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to provide 18 19 clinical laboratory services if the clinical laboratory is 20 independent of a physician's office and a hospital and it has been determined under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act to 21 22 meet the requirements of paragraphs (10) and (11) of Section 23 1861(s) of such Act. In determining whether medical equipment has a value in excess of the capital expenditure minimum, the 24 25 value of studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, 26 specifications, and other activities essential to the

1 acquisition of such equipment shall be included.

2 "Capital Expenditure" means an expenditure: (A) made by or on behalf of a health care facility (as such a facility is 3 defined in this Act); and (B) which under generally accepted 4 accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an expense 5 6 of operation and maintenance, or is made to obtain by lease or 7 comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof or any 8 equipment for a facility or part; and which exceeds the capital 9 expenditure minimum.

10 For the purpose of this paragraph, the cost of any studies, 11 surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and 12 other activities essential to the acquisition, improvement, 13 expansion, or replacement of any plant or equipment with respect to which an expenditure is made shall be included in 14 15 determining if such expenditure exceeds the capital 16 expenditures minimum. Donations of equipment or facilities to a 17 health care facility which if acquired directly by such facility would be subject to review under this Act shall be 18 19 considered capital expenditures, and a transfer of equipment or 20 facilities for less than fair market value shall be considered a capital expenditure for purposes of this Act if a transfer of 21 22 the equipment or facilities at fair market value would be 23 subject to review.

"Capital expenditure minimum" means \$6,000,000, which shall be annually adjusted to reflect the increase in construction costs due to inflation, for major medical

equipment and for all other capital expenditures; provided, 1 2 however, that when a capital expenditure is for the construction or modification of a health and fitness center, 3 "capital expenditure minimum" means the capital expenditure 4 5 minimum for all other capital expenditures in effect on March 1, 2000, which shall be annually adjusted to reflect the 6 7 increase in construction costs due to inflation.

"Non-clinical service area" means an area (i) for the 8 9 benefit of the patients, visitors, staff, or employees of a 10 health care facility and (ii) not directly related to the diagnosis, treatment, or rehabilitation of persons receiving 11 12 services from the health care facility. "Non-clinical service 13 areas" include, but are not limited to, chapels; gift shops; 14 stands; computer systems; tunnels, walkways, news and elevators; telephone systems; projects to comply with life 15 16 safety codes; educational facilities; student housing; 17 employee, staff, and visitor patient, dining areas; administration and volunteer offices; modernization 18 of 19 structural components (such as roof replacement and masonry 20 work); boiler repair or replacement; vehicle maintenance and storage facilities; parking facilities; mechanical systems for 21 22 heating, ventilation, and air conditioning; loading docks; and 23 repair or replacement of carpeting, tile, wall coverings, window coverings or treatments, or furniture. Solely for the 24 25 purpose of this definition, "non-clinical service area" does not include health and fitness centers. 26

1 "Areawide" means a major area of the State delineated on a 2 geographic, demographic, and functional basis for health 3 planning and for health service and having within it one or 4 more local areas for health planning and health service. The 5 term "region", as contrasted with the term "subregion", and the 6 word "area" may be used synonymously with the term "areawide".

7 "Local" means a subarea of a delineated major area that on 8 a geographic, demographic, and functional basis may be 9 considered to be part of such major area. The term "subregion" 10 may be used synonymously with the term "local".

11 "Areawide health planning organization" or "Comprehensive 12 health planning organization" means the health systems agency 13 designated by the Secretary, Department of Health and Human 14 Services or any successor agency.

15 "Local health planning organization" means those local 16 health planning organizations that are designated as such by 17 the areawide health planning organization of the appropriate 18 area.

19 "Physician" means a person licensed to practice in20 accordance with the Medical Practice Act of 1987, as amended.

21 "Licensed health care professional" means a person 22 licensed to practice a health profession under pertinent 23 licensing statutes of the State of Illinois.

24 "Director" means the Director of the Illinois Department of25 Public Health.

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"Agency" means the Illinois Department of Public Health.

1 "Comprehensive health planning" means health planning 2 concerned with the total population and all health and 3 associated problems that affect the well-being of people and 4 that encompasses health services, health manpower, and health 5 facilities; and the coordination among these and with those 6 social, economic, and environmental factors that affect 7 health.

8 "Alternative health care model" means a facility or program9 authorized under the Alternative Health Care Delivery Act.

10 "Out-of-state facility" means a person that is both (i) 11 licensed as a hospital or as an ambulatory surgery center under 12 the laws of another state or that qualifies as a hospital or an ambulatory surgery center under regulations adopted pursuant 13 to the Social Security Act and (ii) not licensed under the 14 15 Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act, the Hospital 16 Licensing Act, or the Nursing Home Care Act. Affiliates of 17 out-of-state facilities shall be considered out-of-state facilities. Affiliates of Illinois licensed health care 18 facilities 100% owned by an Illinois licensed health care 19 20 facility, its parent, or Illinois physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches shall not be considered 21 22 out-of-state facilities. Nothing in this definition shall be 23 construed to include an office or any part of an office of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in 24 25 Illinois that is not required to be licensed under the 26 Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act.

1 "Change of ownership of a health care facility" means a 2 change in the person who has ownership or control of a health 3 care facility's physical plant and capital assets. A change in 4 ownership is indicated by the following transactions: sale, 5 transfer, acquisition, lease, change of sponsorship, or other 6 means of transferring control.

7 "Related person" means any person that: (i) is at least 50%
8 owned, directly or indirectly, by either the health care
9 facility or a person owning, directly or indirectly, at least
10 50% of the health care facility; or (ii) owns, directly or
11 indirectly, at least 50% of the health care facility.

"Charity care" means care provided by a health care facility for which the provider does not expect to receive payment from the patient or a third-party payer.

15 "Freestanding emergency center" means a facility subject 16 to licensure under Section 32.5 of the Emergency Medical 17 Services (EMS) Systems Act.

18 (Source: P.A. 94-342, eff. 7-26-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 19 95-543, eff. 8-28-07; 95-584, eff. 8-31-07; 95-727, eff. 20 6-30-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

21 (20 ILCS 3960/12) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1162)

22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2009)

23 Sec. 12. Powers and duties of State Board. For purposes of 24 this Act, the State Board shall exercise the following powers 25 and duties:

1 (1) Prescribe rules, regulations, standards, criteria, 2 procedures or reviews which may vary according to the purpose 3 for which a particular review is being conducted or the type of 4 project reviewed and which are required to carry out the 5 provisions and purposes of this Act.

6 (2) Adopt procedures for public notice and hearing on all 7 proposed rules, regulations, standards, criteria, and plans 8 required to carry out the provisions of this Act.

9 (3) Prescribe criteria for recognition for areawide health 10 planning organizations, including, but not limited to, 11 standards for evaluating the scientific bases for judgments on 12 need and procedure for making these determinations.

13 Develop criteria and standards for health (4) care 14 facilities planning, conduct statewide inventories of health 15 care facilities, maintain an updated inventory on the 16 Department's web site reflecting the most recent bed and 17 service changes and updated need determinations when new census data become available or new need formulae are adopted, and 18 develop health care facility plans which shall be utilized in 19 20 the review of applications for permit under this Act. Such health facility plans shall be coordinated by the Agency with 21 22 the health care facility plans areawide health planning 23 organizations and with other pertinent State Plans. Inventories pursuant to this Section of skilled or intermediate 24 25 care facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act or nursing homes licensed under the 26

Hospital Licensing Act shall be conducted on an annual basis no
later than July 1 of each year and shall include among the
information requested a list of all services provided by a
facility to its residents and to the community at large and
differentiate between active and inactive beds.

6 In developing health care facility plans, the State Board 7 shall consider, but shall not be limited to, the following:

8 (a) The size, composition and growth of the population
9 of the area to be served;

10 (b) The number of existing and planned facilities11 offering similar programs;

12

(c) The extent of utilization of existing facilities;

13 (d) The availability of facilities which may serve as
14 alternatives or substitutes;

(e) The availability of personnel necessary to theoperation of the facility;

(f) Multi-institutional planning and the establishment
of multi-institutional systems where feasible;

(g) The financial and economic feasibility of proposedconstruction or modification; and

(h) In the case of health care facilities established by a religious body or denomination, the needs of the members of such religious body or denomination may be considered to be public need.

The health care facility plans which are developed and adopted in accordance with this Section shall form the basis

for the plan of the State to deal most effectively with
 statewide health needs in regard to health care facilities.

3 (5) Coordinate with other state agencies having
4 responsibilities affecting health care facilities, including
5 those of licensure and cost reporting.

6 (6) Solicit, accept, hold and administer on behalf of the 7 State any grants or bequests of money, securities or property 8 for use by the State Board or recognized areawide health 9 planning organizations in the administration of this Act; and 10 enter into contracts consistent with the appropriations for 11 purposes enumerated in this Act.

12 (7) The State Board shall prescribe, in consultation with 13 recognized areawide health planning the organizations, procedures for review, standards, and criteria which shall be 14 15 utilized to make periodic areawide reviews and determinations 16 of the appropriateness of any existing health services being 17 rendered by health care facilities subject to the Act. The State Board shall consider recommendations of the areawide 18 19 health planning organization and the Agency in making its determinations. 20

(8) Prescribe, in consultation with the recognized areawide health planning organizations, rules, regulations, standards, and criteria for the conduct of an expeditious review of applications for permits for projects of construction or modification of a health care facility, which projects are non-substantive in nature. Such rules shall not abridge the

right of areawide health planning organizations to make 1 2 classification and recommendations on the approval of 3 projects, nor shall such rules prevent the conduct of a public hearing upon the timely request of an interested party. Such 4 5 reviews shall not exceed 60 days from the date the application 6 is declared to be complete by the Agency.

7 (9) Prescribe rules, regulations, standards, and criteria pertaining to the granting of permits for construction and 8 9 modifications which are emergent in nature and must be 10 undertaken immediately to prevent or correct structural 11 deficiencies or hazardous conditions that may harm or injure 12 persons using the facility, as defined in the rules and 13 regulations of the State Board. This procedure is exempt from 14 public hearing requirements of this Act.

(10) Prescribe rules, regulations, standards and criteria for the conduct of an expeditious review, not exceeding 60 days, of applications for permits for projects to construct or modify health care facilities which are needed for the care and treatment of persons who have acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) or related conditions.

21 (Source: P.A. 93-41, eff. 6-27-03; 94-983, eff. 6-30-06.)

(20 ILCS 3960/13) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1163)
(Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2009)
Sec. 13. Investigation of applications for permits and
certificates of recognition. The Agency or the State Board

shall make or cause to be made such investigations as it or the 1 State Board deems necessary in connection with an application 2 3 a permit or an application for a certificate of for recognition, or in connection with a determination of whether 4 5 or not construction or modification which has been commenced is in accord with the permit issued by the State Board or whether 6 7 construction or modification has been commenced without a permit having been obtained. The State Board may issue 8 9 subpoenas duces tecum requiring the production of records and 10 may administer oaths to such witnesses.

11 Any circuit court of this State, upon the application of 12 the State Board or upon the application of any party to such proceedings, may, in its discretion, compel the attendance of 13 14 witnesses, the production of books, papers, records, or 15 memoranda and the giving of testimony before the State Board, 16 by a proceeding as for contempt, or otherwise, in the same 17 manner as production of evidence may be compelled before the 18 court.

19 State Board shall require all health facilities The 20 operating in this State to provide such reasonable reports at such times and containing such information as is needed by it 21 22 to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act. Prior to 23 collecting information from health facilities, the State Board shall make reasonable efforts through a public process to 24 25 consult with health facilities and associations that represent 26 them to determine whether data and information requests will

result in useful information for health planning, whether 1 2 sufficient information is available from other sources, and 3 whether data requested is routinely collected by health facilities and is available without retrospective record 4 5 review. Data and information requests shall not impose undue paperwork burdens on health care facilities and personnel. 6 7 Health facilities not complying with this requirement shall be 8 reported to licensing, accrediting, certifying, or payment 9 agencies as being in violation of State law. Health care 10 facilities and other parties at interest shall have reasonable 11 access, under rules established by the State Board, to all 12 planning information submitted in accord with this Act 13 pertaining to their area.

Among the reports to be required by the State Board are 14 15 facility questionnaires for health care facilities licensed 16 under the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act, the 17 Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the End Stage Renal Disease Facility 18 19 Act. These questionnaires shall be conducted on an annual basis 20 and compiled by the Agency. For health care facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care 21 22 Act, these reports shall include, but not be limited to, the 23 identification of specialty services provided by the facility to patients, residents, and the community at large. For health 24 25 care facilities that contain long term care beds, the reports 26 shall also include the number of staffed long term care beds,

physical capacity for long term care beds at the facility, and long term care beds available for immediate occupancy. For purposes of this paragraph, "long term care beds" means beds (i) licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD <u>Community Care Act</u> or (ii) licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act and certified as skilled nursing or nursing facility beds under Medicaid or Medicare.

8 (Source: P.A. 93-41, eff. 6-27-03; 94-983, eff. 6-30-06.)

9 (20 ILCS 3960/14.1)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2009)

11 Sec. 14.1. Denial of permit; other sanctions.

(a) The State Board may deny an application for a permit or may revoke or take other action as permitted by this Act with regard to a permit as the State Board deems appropriate, including the imposition of fines as set forth in this Section, for any one or a combination of the following:

17 (1) The acquisition of major medical equipment without18 a permit or in violation of the terms of a permit.

19 (2) The establishment, construction, or modification
20 of a health care facility without a permit or in violation
21 of the terms of a permit.

(3) The violation of any provision of this Act or anyrule adopted under this Act.

24 (4) The failure, by any person subject to this Act, to25 provide information requested by the State Board or Agency

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1 within 30 days after a formal written request for the 2 information.

3 (5) The failure to pay any fine imposed under this4 Section within 30 days of its imposition.

5 (a-5) For facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care 6 Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, no permit shall be denied 7 on the basis of prior operator history, other than for actions 8 specified under item (2), (4), or (5) of Section 3-117 of the 9 Nursing Home Care Act <u>or under item (2), (4), or (5) of Section</u> 10 3-117 of the MR/DD Community Care Act.

11

(b) Persons shall be subject to fines as follows:

(1) A permit holder who fails to comply with the requirements of maintaining a valid permit shall be fined an amount not to exceed 1% of the approved permit amount plus an additional 1% of the approved permit amount for each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that the violation continues.

(2) A permit holder who alters the scope of an approved 18 19 project or whose project costs exceed the allowable permit 20 amount without first obtaining approval from the State Board shall be fined an amount not to exceed the sum of (i) 21 22 the lesser of \$25,000 or 2% of the approved permit amount 23 and (ii) in those cases where the approved permit amount is exceeded by more than \$1,000,000, an additional \$20,000 for 24 25 each \$1,000,000, or fraction thereof, in excess of the 26 approved permit amount.

1 (3) A person who acquires major medical equipment or 2 who establishes a category of service without first 3 obtaining a permit or exemption, as the case may be, shall 4 be fined an amount not to exceed \$10,000 for each such 5 acquisition or category of service established plus an 6 additional \$10,000 for each 30-day period, or fraction 7 thereof, that the violation continues.

8 (4) A person who constructs, modifies, or establishes a 9 health care facility without first obtaining a permit shall 10 be fined an amount not to exceed \$25,000 plus an additional 11 \$25,000 for each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that 12 the violation continues.

(5) A person who discontinues a health care facility or 13 14 a category of service without first obtaining a permit 15 shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$10,000 plus an 16 additional \$10,000 for each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that the violation continues. For purposes of this 17 subparagraph (5), facilities licensed under the Nursing 18 19 Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act, with the 20 exceptions of facilities operated by a county or Illinois 21 Veterans Homes, are exempt from this permit requirement. 22 However, facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care 23 Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act must comply with Section 3-423 of the Nursing Home Care that Act or Section 24 25 3-423 of the MR/DD Community Care Act and must provide the 26 Board with 30-days' written notice of its intent to close.

1 (6) A person subject to this Act who fails to provide 2 information requested by the State Board or Agency within 3 30 days of a formal written request shall be fined an 4 amount not to exceed \$1,000 plus an additional \$1,000 for 5 each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that the 6 information is not received by the State Board or Agency.

7 (c) Before imposing any fine authorized under this Section, 8 the State Board shall afford the person or permit holder, as 9 the case may be, an appearance before the State Board and an 10 opportunity for a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by 11 the State Board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance 12 with Section 10.

(d) All fines collected under this Act shall be transmitted
to the State Treasurer, who shall deposit them into the
Illinois Health Facilities Planning Fund.

16 (Source: P.A. 95-543, eff. 8-28-07.)

Section 90-40. The Innovations in Long-term Care QualityGrants Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

19 (30 ILCS 772/10)

Sec. 10. Eligibility for grant. Grants may only be made to facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the</u> <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u>. Grants may only be made for projects that show innovations and measurable improvement in resident care, quality of life,

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1 (Source: P.A. 92-784, eff. 8-6-02.)

Section 90-45. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 806 as follows:

4 (35 ILCS 5/806)

Sec. 806. Exemption from penalty. An individual taxpayer 5 6 shall not be subject to a penalty for failing to pay estimated 7 tax as required by Section 803 if the taxpayer is 65 years of 8 age or older and is a permanent resident of a nursing home. For purposes of this Section, "nursing home" means a skilled 9 10 nursing or intermediate long term care facility that is subject 11 to licensure by the Illinois Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act. 12 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98.) 13

Section 90-50. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 105/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-5)

Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

(1) Personal property purchased from a corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 1 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 2 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the 3 purpose of resale by the enterprise.

4 (2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit
5 Illinois county fair association for use in conducting,
6 operating, or promoting the county fair.

7 (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or 8 cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by 9 the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under 10 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is 11 organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 12 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 13 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 14 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 15 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 16 17 and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, 18 an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make 19 20 tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification 21 number issued by the Department.

(4) Personal property purchased by a governmental body, by
a corporation, society, association, foundation, or
institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable,
religious, or educational purposes, or by a not-for-profit
corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or

organization that has no compensated officers or employees and 1 2 that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company 3 may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the 4 5 limited liability company is organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 6 7 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active exemption 8 9 identification number issued by the Department.

10 (5) Until July 1, 2003, a passenger car that is a 11 replacement vehicle to the extent that the purchase price of 12 the car is subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.

13 (6) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 14 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair 15 and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that 16 manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be 17 used primarily for graphic arts production, and including machinery and equipment purchased for lease. 18 Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if 19 20 the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct 21 and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.

22

(7) Farm chemicals.

(8) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver
coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the
United States of America, or the government of any foreign
country, and bullion.

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(9) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored
 student organization affiliated with an elementary or
 secondary school located in Illinois.

(10) A motor vehicle of the first division, a motor vehicle 4 of the second division that is a self-contained motor vehicle 5 designed or permanently converted to provide living quarters 6 for recreational, camping, or travel use, with direct walk 7 8 through to the living quarters from the driver's seat, or a 9 motor vehicle of the second division that is of the van 10 configuration designed for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of 11 12 the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is used for automobile renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax 13 14 Act.

(11) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 15 16 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the 17 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 18 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 19 20 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 21 22 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 23 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 24 25 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or 26

hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (11). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

8 Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision 9 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be 10 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not 11 limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, 12 or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not 13 limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, 14 software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other 15 such equipment.

16 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 17 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted of production 18 operation agriculture 19 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 20 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 21 22 agricultural chemicals. This item (11) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 3-90.

(12) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air
 common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for
 consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its

business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

5 (13) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 6 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages purchased at retail from a retailer, to the 7 8 extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact 9 turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the 10 employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, 11 hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with 12 respect to which the service charge is imposed.

13 (14) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, 14 and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, 15 rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and 16 tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps 17 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, 18 drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and 19 20 equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. 21

(15) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

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1 (16) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, 2 offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation 3 equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and 4 including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor 5 vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle 6 Code.

7 (17) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and 8 equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the 9 retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the 10 production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption 11 as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal 12 use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.

13 (18) Manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment used primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling 14 15 tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or 16 lease, whether that sale or lease is made directly by the 17 manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other 18 19 person, or whether that sale or lease is made apart from or as 20 an incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or 21 22 other similar items of no commercial value on special order for 23 a particular purchaser.

(19) Personal property delivered to a purchaser or
 purchaser's donee inside Illinois when the purchase order for
 that personal property was received by a florist located

outside Illinois who has a florist located inside Illinois
 deliver the personal property.

3 (20) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock4 for direct agricultural production.

5 (21) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 6 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 7 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 8 9 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 10 racing for prizes. This item (21) is exempt from the provisions 11 of Section 3-90, and the exemption provided for under this item 12 (21) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 13 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 2008 for such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 14 15 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008.

16 (22) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 17 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 18 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or 19 20 longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 21 22 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 23 identification number by the Department under Section 1q of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 24 25 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 26 any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the

tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the 1 2 case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at 3 the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that 4 5 purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax 6 7 has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly 8 collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have 9 a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. 10 If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any 11 reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the 12 Department.

13 (23) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the 14 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 15 effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the 16 tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been 17 issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation 18 19 Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 20 qualify for this exemption or used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 21 22 this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based 23 on the fair market value of the property at the time the 24 non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 25 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 26 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the

Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

7 (24) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 8 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 9 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for 10 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 11 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a 12 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 13 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 14 15 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 16 who reside within the declared disaster area.

17 (25) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 18 19 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 20 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including 21 but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 22 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 23 extensions, water distribution purification line and 24 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a 25 State or 26 federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois

when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the
 declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

3 (26) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased 4 at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic 5 game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code 6 or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the 7 Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from 8 the provisions of Section 3-90.

9 (27) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 10 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 11 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 12 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 13 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 14 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 15 16 institution organized and operated exclusively for or 17 educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 18 19 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and 20 that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, 21 and 22 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and 23 operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 24 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, 25 26 industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

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Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, 1 (28)2 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, 3 a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 4 5 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school 6 district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 7 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of 8 9 private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 10 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 11 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 12 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 13 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90. 14

(29) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 15 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 16 17 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning 18 January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts 19 20 for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 21 22 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, 23 coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90. 24

(30) Beginning January 1, 2001 and through June 30, 2011,
food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the

premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 1 2 and food that has drinks, been prepared for immediate 3 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, medical appliances, and insulin, urine 4 drugs, testing 5 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 6 use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical 7 assistance under Article $\underline{V} = 5$ of the Illinois Public Aid Code 8 who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined 9 in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as 10 defined in the MR/DD Community Care Act.

11 (31) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 12 of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used 13 14 in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients 15 purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease 16 of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the 17 lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 18 19 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 20 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 21 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 22 any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 23 tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at 24 25 the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect 26 or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that

purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this 1 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax 2 3 has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have 4 5 a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any 6 reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the 7 8 Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of 9 Section 3-90.

10 (32) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 11 of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property purchased by a 12 lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 13 14 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 15 governmental body that has been issued an active sales tax 16 exemption identification number by the Department under 17 Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this 18 19 exemption or used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor 20 shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair 21 22 market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use 23 occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount 24 (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for 25 the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the 26 case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

7 (33) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division 8 9 with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds and that 10 are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under 11 Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 12 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle 13 weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject 14 to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 15 16 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are 17 primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added 18 after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that 19 20 motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the 21 rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For 22 purposes of this paragraph, the term "used for commercial 23 purposes" means the transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise, 24 25 whether for-hire or not.

26

(34) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property

used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

7 (Source: P.A. 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06; 95-88, eff. 1-1-08; 95-538, 8 eff. 1-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

9 Section 90-55. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by
10 changing Sections 3-5 and 3-10 as follows:

11 (35 ILCS 110/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-5)

Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

14 (1)Personal property purchased from a corporation, 15 association, foundation, institution, society, or 16 organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 17 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 18 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the 19 20 purpose of resale by the enterprise.

(2) Personal property purchased by a non-profit Illinois
 county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or
 promoting the county fair.

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(3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or

cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by 1 2 the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is 3 organized and operated primarily for the presentation or 4 5 support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 6 7 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 8 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 9 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 10 and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date 11 of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, 12 an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make 13 tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification 14 number issued by the Department.

15 (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 16 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 17 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 18 country, and bullion.

19 (5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 20 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that 21 22 manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified 23 by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting 24 25 as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as 26 catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic

1 arts product.

2 (6) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored
3 student organization affiliated with an elementary or
4 secondary school located in Illinois.

5 (7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 6 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the 7 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 8 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 9 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 10 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including 11 implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 12 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 13 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 14 15 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or 16 17 hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under 18 this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes 19 20 shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor 21 22 vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the 23 tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not

limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders,
 or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not
 limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors,
 software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other
 such equipment.

6 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 7 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the 8 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture 9 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 10 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and 11 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 12 agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the 13 provisions of Section 3-75.

14 (8) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air 15 common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for 16 consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its 17 business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or 18 returning from a location or locations outside the United 19 States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic 20 stopovers.

(9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from a serviceman, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly

in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with respect to which the service charge is imposed.

(10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, 4 and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, 5 6 rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and 7 tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps 8 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any 9 individual replacement part for oil field exploration, 10 drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles 11 12 required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

13 (11) Proceeds from the sale of photoprocessing machinery 14 and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new 15 and used, including that manufactured on special order, 16 certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for 17 photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease. 18

(12) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(13) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestockfor direct agricultural production.

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(14) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 1 2 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 3 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 4 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 5 6 racing for prizes. This item (14) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75, and the exemption provided for under this item 7 8 (14) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 9 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after the effective 10 date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly for 11 such taxes paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and 12 ending on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th 13 General Assembly.

(15) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 14 15 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 16 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 17 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 18 19 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 20 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 21 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 23 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 24 any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 25 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may 26 be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time

the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 1 2 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports 3 to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 4 5 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a 6 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 7 8 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is 9 liable to pay that amount to the Department.

10 (16) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the 11 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 12 effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been 13 14 issued an active tax exemption identification number by the 15 Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 16 Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not 17 qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under 18 19 this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the 20 fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt 21 22 to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to 23 reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 24 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 25 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 26 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a

1 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 2 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is 3 liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(17) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for 6 7 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 8 in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a disaster area 9 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 10 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 11 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 12 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area. 13

14 (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 15 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 16 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 17 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 18 19 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 20 line extensions, water distribution and purification 21 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 22 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or 23 federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the 24 25 declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

26 (19) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased

1 at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic 2 game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code 3 or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the 4 Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from 5 the provisions of Section 3-75.

6 (20) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 7 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 8 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 9 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 10 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 11 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 12 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 13 institution organized and operated exclusively for or educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 14 15 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 16 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and 17 that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, 18 and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and 19 20 operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 21 22 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, 23 industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

(21) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property,
 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the
 benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school,

a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 1 2 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 3 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph 4 5 does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 6 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 7 8 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 9 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 10 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is 11 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

12 (22) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 13 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other 14 15 items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning 16 January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts 17 for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 18 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, 19 20 coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 21

(23) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2011, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,

appliances, and insulin, urine 1 drugs, medical testing 2 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 3 use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article V 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code 4 5 who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined 6 in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as 7 defined in the MR/DD Community Care Act.

8 (24) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 9 of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications 10 equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used 11 in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients 12 purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the 13 14 lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this 15 Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 16 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 17 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 18 19 any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 20 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time 21 22 the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 23 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 24 25 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 26 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

6 (25) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property purchased by a 7 8 lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or 9 longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 10 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 11 governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption 12 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 13 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a 14 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 15 any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 16 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may 17 be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 18 19 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports 20 to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 21 22 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 23 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 24 25 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is 26 liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(26) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property
used in the construction or maintenance of a community water
supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental
Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit
corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under
Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is
exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

9 (Source: P.A. 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06; 95-88, eff. 1-1-08; 95-538,
10 eff. 1-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

11 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%

of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

8 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 10 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 11 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 12 December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price 13 thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 14 15 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 16 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 17 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 18 19 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 20 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 21 22 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 23 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 24 25 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

26 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax

Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

7 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 8 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 9 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 10 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 11 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 12 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 13 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 14 15 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an 16 incident to the sale of those services.

17 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 18 19 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 20 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the 21 22 Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 23 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 24 25 beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 26

paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 1 2 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for 3 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by 4 5 diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, 6 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but 7 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 8 9 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as 10 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained 11 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, 12 regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 13 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 14 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 15 16 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed

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(3) Personal property purchased by any not-for-profit arts
or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by
the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under
Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is
organized and operated primarily for the presentation or

support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 1 2 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 3 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 4 5 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date 6 7 of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, 8 an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make 9 tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification 10 number issued by the Department.

11 (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 12 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 13 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 14 country, and bullion.

15 (5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 16 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair 17 and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified 18 19 by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts 20 production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as 21 22 catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic 23 arts product.

(6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student
 organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school
 located in Illinois.

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(7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 1 2 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 3 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 4 5 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 6 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 7 8 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 9 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to 10 be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 11 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered 12 under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or 13 hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under 14 15 this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes 16 shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle 17 required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the 18 19 tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other 1 such equipment.

2 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the 3 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture 4 5 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 6 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and 7 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the 8 9 provisions of Section 3-55.

10 (8) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air 11 common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for 12 consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its 13 business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or 14 returning from a location or locations outside the United 15 States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic 16 stopovers.

17 (9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of 18 19 food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the 20 service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly 21 22 in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or 23 beverage function with respect to which the service charge is 24 imposed.

(10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,

rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

8 (11) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including 9 repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that 10 manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be 11 used primarily for photoprocessing, and including 12 photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

(12) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(13) Beginning January 1, 1992 and through June 30, 2011, 19 20 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 21 22 drinks and food that has been prepared for immediate 23 consumption) and prescription and non-prescription medicines, appliances, and insulin, urine 24 drugs, medical testing 25 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical 26

1 assistance under Article <u>V</u> 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code 2 who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined 3 in the Nursing Home Care Act, or in a licensed facility as 4 defined in the MR/DD Community Care Act.

5 (14) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock6 for direct agricultural production.

(15) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and 7 8 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 9 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 10 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 11 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 12 racing for prizes. This item (15) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55, and the exemption provided for under this item 13 14 (15) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no 15 claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 16 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes 17 paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88). 18

19 (16) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 20 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor 21 22 who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer 23 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 24 25 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the 26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.

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1 (17) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the 2 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 3 effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that 4 has been issued an active tax exemption identification number 5 by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation 6 Tax Act.

7 (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 8 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 9 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for 10 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 11 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by а 12 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 13 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 14 15 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 16 who reside within the declared disaster area.

17 (19) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 18 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 19 20 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including 21 but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 22 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 23 extensions, water distribution and purification line facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 24 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or 25 federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois 26

when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the
 declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.

3 (20) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a 4 "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game 5 hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or 6 at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the 7 Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from 8 the provisions of Section 3-55.

9 (21) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 10 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 11 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 12 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 13 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 14 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 15 16 institution organized and operated exclusively for or 17 educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 18 19 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and 20 that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, 21 and 22 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and 23 operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 24 25 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, 26 industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

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Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, 1 (22)2 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, 3 a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 4 5 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school 6 district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 7 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of 8 9 private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 10 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 11 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 12 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 13 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. 14

(23) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 15 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 16 17 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning 18 January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts 19 20 for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 21 22 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, 23 coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55. 24

(24) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act
of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications

equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used 1 2 in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients 3 sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the 4 5 purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax 6 identification number by the exemption Department under 7 Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph 8 is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

9 (25) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 10 of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property sold to a 11 lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or 12 longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 13 governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption 14 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from 15 16 the provisions of Section 3-55.

(26) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 17 2011, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois 18 retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing 19 20 activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for 21 22 the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State 23 for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or 24 25 manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 26 tangible personal property to be transported outside this State

and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The 1 Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 2 3 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the 4 5 Department who is eligible for the exemption under this 6 paragraph (26). The permit issued under this paragraph (26) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner 7 8 specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase 9 tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the 10 taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all 11 necessary books and records to substantiate the use and 12 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of 13 the State of Illinois.

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14 (27) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property 15 used in the construction or maintenance of a community water 16 supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental 17 Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit 18 corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under 19 Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is 20 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

21 (Source: P.A. 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06; 95-88, eff. 1-1-08; 95-538,
22 eff. 1-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

(35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)
Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 1 2 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of 3 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 4 5 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 6 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 7 8 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 9 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the 10 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the 11 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 12 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce 13 special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 14 15 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 16 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on

or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

6 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined 7 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 8 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 9 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 10 December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price 11 thereafter.

12 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 13 14 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 15 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 16 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 17 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 18 19 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 20 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 21 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 22 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 23 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax

1 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the 2 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 3 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 4 December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price 5 thereafter.

6 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 7 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 8 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 9 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 10 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 11 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 12 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 13 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 14 15 the sale of those services.

16 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 17 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 18 19 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 20 Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the 21 22 rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed 23 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for 24 25 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this 26 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,

drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for 1 2 the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 3 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the 4 term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, 5 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but 6 7 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, 8 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as 9 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained 10 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless 11 of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 12 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 13 14 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 15 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

22 (Source: P.A. 93-17, eff. 6-11-03.)

Section 90-65. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
by changing Section 2-5 as follows:

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(35 ILCS 120/2-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-5)

Sec. 2-5. Exemptions. Gross receipts from proceeds from the sale of the following tangible personal property are exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:

5

1

(1) Farm chemicals.

Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 6 (2)7 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or 8 9 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual 10 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including 11 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including 12 implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the 13 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural 14 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 15 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered 16 17 under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering 18 plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under 19 20 this item (2). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle 21 22 required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor 23 vehicle required to be licensed, if the selling price of the tender is separately stated. 24

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

7 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, 8 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the 9 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture 10 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited 11 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and 12 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and 13 agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70. 14

(3) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.

(4) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again September 1, 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting

1 as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as 2 catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic 3 arts product.

(5) A motor vehicle of the first division, a motor vehicle 4 5 of the second division that is a self contained motor vehicle designed or permanently converted to provide living quarters 6 7 for recreational, camping, or travel use, with direct walk through access to the living quarters from the driver's seat, 8 9 or a motor vehicle of the second division that is of the van 10 configuration designed for the transportation of not less than 11 7 nor more than 16 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of 12 the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is used for automobile renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax 13 Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 14 2 - 70. 15

16 (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student 17 organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school 18 located in Illinois.

(7) Until July 1, 2003, proceeds of that portion of the
selling price of a passenger car the sale of which is subject
to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.

(8) Personal property sold to an Illinois county fair
 association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting the
 county fair.

(9) Personal property sold to a not-for-profit arts orcultural organization that establishes, by proof required by

the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under 1 2 Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is 3 organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 4 5 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 6 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony 7 orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, 8 9 and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date 10 of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, 11 an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make 12 tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification 13 number issued by the Department.

(10) Personal property sold by a corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise.

(11) Personal property sold to a governmental body, to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or to a not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization that has no compensated officers or employees and that is

organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 1 2 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the 3 limited liability company is organized 4 and operated 5 exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 6 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption 7 shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active 8 identification number issued by the Department.

9 Tangible personal property sold to (12)interstate 10 carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate 11 commerce or to lessors under leases of one year or longer 12 executed or in effect at the time of purchase by interstate 13 carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate 14 commerce and equipment operated by a telecommunications 15 provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal 16 Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in 17 or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.

(12-5) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, 18 motor vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle 19 20 weight in excess of 8,000 pounds that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of 21 22 the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 2004 and 23 through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle weight rating 24 25 in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the 26 commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of

the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are primarily used 1 2 for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added after the initial 3 purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used 4 5 in a manner that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption 6 otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this 7 "used for commercial purposes" paragraph, means the 8 transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any 9 commercial or industrial enterprise whether for-hire or not.

10 (13) Proceeds from sales to owners, lessors, or shippers of 11 tangible personal property that is utilized by interstate 12 carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate 13 and equipment operated by a telecommunications commerce 14 provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in 15 16 or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.

17 (14) Machinery and equipment that will be used by the purchaser, or a lessee of the purchaser, primarily in the 18 19 process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal 20 property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether the 21 sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some 22 other person, whether the materials used in the process are 23 owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether the 24 sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the 25 seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing 26 machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or other similar

1 items of no commercial value on special order for a particular 2 purchaser.

3 (15) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately 4 stated on customers' bills for purchase and consumption of food 5 and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the service 6 charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for 7 tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, 8 serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function 9 with respect to which the service charge is imposed.

10 (16) Petroleum products sold to a purchaser if the seller 11 is prohibited by federal law from charging tax to the 12 purchaser.

13 (17) Tangible personal property sold to a common carrier by rail or motor that receives the physical possession of the 14 15 property in Illinois and that transports the property, or 16 shares with another common carrier in the transportation of the 17 property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the property as the shipper or consignor 18 of the property to a destination outside Illinois, for use 19 20 outside Illinois.

(18) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.

(19) Until July 1 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,

rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

8 (20) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including 9 repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that 10 manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be 11 used primarily for photoprocessing, and including 12 photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.

13 (21) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, 14 offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation 15 equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and 16 including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor 17 vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle 18 Code.

19 (22) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air 20 carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, 21 shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air 22 common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a 23 location or locations outside the United States without regard 24 to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.

(23) A transaction in which the purchase order is received
by a florist who is located outside Illinois, but who has a

1 florist located in Illinois deliver the property to the 2 purchaser or the purchaser's donee in Illinois.

3 (24) Fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, 4 barges, or vessels that are used primarily in or for the 5 transportation of property or the conveyance of persons for 6 hire on rivers bordering on this State if the fuel is delivered 7 by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or vessel while 8 it is afloat upon that bordering river.

9 (25) Except as provided in item (25-5) of this Section, a 10 motor vehicle sold in this State to a nonresident even though 11 the motor vehicle is delivered to the nonresident in this 12 State, if the motor vehicle is not to be titled in this State, 13 and if a drive-away permit is issued to the motor vehicle as provided in Section 3-603 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or if 14 15 the nonresident purchaser has vehicle registration plates to 16 transfer to the motor vehicle upon returning to his or her home 17 state. The issuance of the drive-away permit or having the out-of-state registration plates to be transferred is prima 18 facie evidence that the motor vehicle will not be titled in 19 20 this State.

(25-5) The exemption under item (25) does not apply if the state in which the motor vehicle will be titled does not allow a reciprocal exemption for a motor vehicle sold and delivered in that state to an Illinois resident but titled in Illinois. The tax collected under this Act on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of another state that does not

1 allow a reciprocal exemption shall be imposed at a rate equal 2 to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in the state in 3 which the purchaser is a resident, except that the tax shall not exceed the tax that would otherwise be imposed under this 4 5 Act. At the time of the sale, the purchaser shall execute a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, of his or her 6 7 intent to title the vehicle in the state in which the purchaser 8 is a resident within 30 days after the sale and of the fact of 9 the payment to the State of Illinois of tax in an amount 10 equivalent to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in 11 his or her state of residence and shall submit the statement to 12 the appropriate tax collection agency in his or her state of residence. In addition, the retailer must retain a signed copy 13 of the statement in his or her records. Nothing in this item 14 15 shall be construed to require the removal of the vehicle from 16 this state following the filing of an intent to title the 17 vehicle in the purchaser's state of residence if the purchaser titles the vehicle in his or her state of residence within 30 18 days after the date of sale. The tax collected under this Act 19 20 in accordance with this item (25-5) shall be proportionately distributed as if the tax were collected at the 6.25% general 21 22 rate imposed under this Act.

23 (25-7) Beginning on July 1, 2007, no tax is imposed under 24 this Act on the sale of an aircraft, as defined in Section 3 of 25 the Illinois Aeronautics Act, if all of the following 26 conditions are met:

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1 (1) the aircraft leaves this State within 15 days after 2 the later of either the issuance of the final billing for 3 the sale of the aircraft, or the authorized approval for 4 return to service, completion of the maintenance record 5 entry, and completion of the test flight and ground test 6 for inspection, as required by 14 C.F.R. 91.407;

7 (2) the aircraft is not based or registered in this
8 State after the sale of the aircraft; and

9 (3) the seller retains in his or her books and records 10 and provides to the Department a signed and dated 11 certification from the purchaser, on a form prescribed by 12 the Department, certifying that the requirements of this item (25-7) are met. The certificate must also include the 13 name and address of the purchaser, the address of the 14 15 location where the aircraft is to be titled or registered, the address of the primary physical location of 16 the 17 aircraft, and other information that the Department may 18 reasonably require.

19 For purposes of this item (25-7):

20 "Based in this State" means hangared, stored, or otherwise 21 used, excluding post-sale customizations as defined in this 22 Section, for 10 or more days in each 12-month period 23 immediately following the date of the sale of the aircraft.

24 "Registered in this State" means an aircraft registered 25 with the Department of Transportation, Aeronautics Division, 26 or titled or registered with the Federal Aviation 1 Administration to an address located in this State.

2 This paragraph (25-7) is exempt from the provisions of 3 Section 2-70.

4 (26) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock5 for direct agricultural production.

6 (27) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club 7 8 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter 9 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or 10 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or 11 racing for prizes. This item (27) is exempt from the provisions 12 of Section 2-70, and the exemption provided for under this item 13 (27) applies for all periods beginning May 30, 1995, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after January 1, 14 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) for such taxes 15 paid during the period beginning May 30, 2000 and ending on 16 17 January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-88) .

(28) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 18 19 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor 20 who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer 21 22 executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 23 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 24 25 this Act.

26 (29) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the

property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act.

5 (30) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 6 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for 7 disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared 8 9 disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a 10 manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a 11 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 12 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 13 14 who reside within the declared disaster area.

15 (31) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 16 December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 17 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including 18 19 but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 20 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 21 line extensions, water distribution and purification 22 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 23 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois 24 25 when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster. 26

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1 (32) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a 2 "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game 3 hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or 4 at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the 5 Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from 6 the provisions of Section 2-70.

7 (33) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 8 9 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, 10 foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 11 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 12 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 13 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 14 institution organized and operated exclusively for or educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 15 16 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 17 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 18 19 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and 20 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less 21 22 than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 23 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation. 24

(34) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property,
 including food, purchased through fundraising events for the

benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, 1 2 a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if 3 the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes 4 5 parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph 6 does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising 7 entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from 8 9 another individual or entity that sold the property for the 10 purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits 11 from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is 12 exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

13 (35) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and 14 serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other 15 16 items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning 17 January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and 18 vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the 19 20 gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph 21 22 is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

23 (35-5) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2011, 24 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 25 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 26 drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate

consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 1 2 drugs, appliances, medical and insulin, urine testing 3 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical 4 5 assistance under Article V 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code 6 who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined 7 in the Nursing Home Care Act, or a licensed facility as defined 8 in the MR/DD Community Care Act.

computers 9 (36) Beginning August 2, 2001, and 10 communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and 11 equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of 12 hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, 13 under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an 14 15 active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the 16 17 provisions of Section 2-70.

18 (37) Beginning August 2, 2001, personal property sold to a 19 lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or 20 longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a 21 governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption 22 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of 23 this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of 24 Section 2-70.

(38) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30,
2011, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois

retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing 1 2 activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for 3 the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State 4 5 for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or 6 (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 7 8 tangible personal property to be transported outside this State 9 and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 10 11 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, 12 issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the 13 Department who is eligible for the exemption under this paragraph (38). The permit issued under this paragraph (38) 14 shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner 15 16 specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase 17 tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain 18 all necessary books and records to substantiate the use 19 and 20 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of the State of Illinois. 21

(39) Beginning January 1, 2008, tangible personal property used in the construction or maintenance of a community water supply, as defined under Section 3.145 of the Environmental Protection Act, that is operated by a not-for-profit corporation that holds a valid water supply permit issued under

Title IV of the Environmental Protection Act. This paragraph is
 exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

3 (Source: P.A. 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06; 95-88, eff. 1-1-08; 95-233,
4 eff. 8-16-07; 95-304, eff. 8-20-07; 95-538, eff. 1-1-08;
5 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

- Section 90-70. The Regional Transportation Authority Act
 is amended by changing Section 4.03 as follows:
- 8 (70 ILCS 3615/4.03) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 704.03)
- 9 Sec. 4.03. Taxes.

10 (a) In order to carry out any of the powers or purposes of 11 the Authority, the Board may by ordinance adopted with the 12 concurrence of 12 of the then Directors, impose throughout the 13 metropolitan region any or all of the taxes provided in this 14 Section. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, taxes 15 imposed under this Section and civil penalties imposed incident 16 thereto shall be collected and enforced by the State Department 17 of Revenue. The Department shall have the power to administer 18 and enforce the taxes and to determine all rights for refunds 19 for erroneous payments of the taxes. Nothing in this amendatory 20 Act of the 95th General Assembly is intended to invalidate any 21 taxes currently imposed by the Authority. The increased vote requirements to impose a tax shall only apply to actions taken 22 23 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th 24 General Assembly.

(b) The Board may impose a public transportation tax upon 1 2 all persons engaged in the metropolitan region in the business of selling at retail motor fuel for operation of motor vehicles 3 upon public highways. The tax shall be at a rate not to exceed 4 5 5% of the gross receipts from the sales of motor fuel in the course of the business. As used in this Act, the term "motor 6 7 fuel" shall have the same meaning as in the Motor Fuel Tax Law. 8 The Board may provide for details of the tax. The provisions of 9 any tax shall conform, as closely as may be practicable, to the 10 provisions of the Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax Act, 11 including without limitation, conformity to penalties with 12 respect to the tax imposed and as to the powers of the State 13 Department of Revenue to promulgate and enforce rules and 14 regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of 15 the provisions of the tax imposed, except that reference in the 16 Act to any municipality shall refer to the Authority and the 17 tax shall be imposed only with regard to receipts from sales of motor fuel in the metropolitan region, at rates as limited by 18 19 this Section.

(c) In connection with the tax imposed under paragraph (b) of this Section the Board may impose a tax upon the privilege of using in the metropolitan region motor fuel for the operation of a motor vehicle upon public highways, the tax to be at a rate not in excess of the rate of tax imposed under paragraph (b) of this Section. The Board may provide for details of the tax. - 289 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

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(d) The Board may impose a motor vehicle parking tax upon 1 2 the privilege of parking motor vehicles at off-street parking facilities in the metropolitan region at which a fee is 3 charged, and may provide for reasonable classifications in and 4 5 exemptions to the tax, for administration and enforcement 6 thereof and for civil penalties and refunds thereunder and may 7 provide criminal penalties thereunder, the maximum penalties not to exceed the maximum criminal penalties provided in the 8 9 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The Authority may collect and 10 enforce the tax itself or by contract with any unit of local 11 government. The State Department of Revenue shall have no 12 responsibility for the collection and enforcement unless the 13 with the Authority to undertake Department agrees the collection and enforcement. As used in this paragraph, the term 14 15 "parking facility" means a parking area or structure having 16 parking spaces for more than 2 vehicles at which motor vehicles 17 are permitted to park in return for an hourly, daily, or other periodic fee, whether publicly or privately owned, but does not 18 include parking spaces on a public street, the use of which is 19 20 regulated by parking meters.

(e) The Board may impose a Regional Transportation Authority Retailers' Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in the metropolitan region. In Cook County the tax rate shall be 1.25% of the gross receipts from sales of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is

sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food that 1 2 has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 3 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 4 5 diabetics, and 1% of the gross receipts from other taxable sales made in the course of that business. In DuPage, Kane, 6 7 Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, the tax rate shall be 0.75% 8 of the gross receipts from all taxable sales made in the course 9 of that business. The tax imposed under this Section and all 10 civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof 11 shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of 12 Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties so 13 collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine 14 15 all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the 16 erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the 17 administration of, and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall 18 19 have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers 20 and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions 21 22 and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of 23 procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1c, 1d, 24 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions 25 therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to 26 the disposition of taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a,

5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8,
9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and
Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully
as if those provisions were set forth herein.

5 Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority 6 granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their 7 seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax 8 as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in 9 combination in a single amount with State taxes that sellers 10 are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, under any 11 bracket schedules the Department may prescribe.

12 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 13 made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a 14 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State 15 Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the 16 amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification 17 from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund 18 19 established under paragraph (n) of this Section.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (e), a tax shall also be imposed under subsections (f) and (g) of this Section.

For the purpose of determining whether a tax authorized under this Section is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to

1 coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the 2 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the 3 sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in 4 interstate or foreign commerce.

5 No tax shall be imposed or collected under this subsection 6 on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of 7 another state if that motor vehicle will not be titled in this 8 State.

9 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize the 10 Regional Transportation Authority to impose a tax upon the 11 privilege of engaging in any business that under the 12 Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject 13 of taxation by this State.

14 (f) If a tax has been imposed under paragraph (e), a 15 Regional Transportation Authority Service Occupation Tax shall 16 also be imposed upon all persons engaged, in the metropolitan 17 region in the business of making sales of service, who as an incident to making the sales of service, transfer tangible 18 19 personal property within the metropolitan region, either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real 20 estate as an incident to a sale of service. In Cook County, the 21 22 tax rate shall be: (1) 1.25% of the serviceman's cost price of 23 food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred 24 incident to a sale of service subject to the service occupation 25 tax by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, or the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD Community Care Act that 26

is located in the metropolitan region; (2) 1.25% of the selling 1 2 price of food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 3 soft drinks and food that has been prepared for immediate 4 5 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 6 insulin, drugs, medical appliances and urine testing 7 materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics; and (3) 1% of the selling price from other taxable sales of tangible 8 9 personal property transferred. In DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry 10 and Will Counties the rate shall be 0.75% of the selling price 11 of all tangible personal property transferred.

12 tax imposed under this paragraph and all civil The 13 penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The 14 15 Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this 16 paragraph; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to 17 dispose of taxes and penalties collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit 18 19 memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or 20 penalty hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to 21 22 this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, 23 privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to 24 the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, 25 exclusions, exemptions and definitions of terms, and employ the 26 same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2,

2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other 1 2 than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to 3 the State shall be to the Authority), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent 4 5 indicated in that Section 8 shall be the Authority), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and 6 7 except that the returned merchandise credit for this tax may 8 not be taken against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the 9 reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation 10 Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean 11 the Authority), the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 12 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those 13 provisions were set forth herein. 14

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this paragraph may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, that charge may be stated in combination in a single amount with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, under any bracket schedules the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named in the notification

from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State
 Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund
 established under paragraph (n) of this Section.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the Authority to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.

8 (q) If a tax has been imposed under paragraph (e), a tax 9 shall also be imposed upon the privilege of using in the 10 metropolitan region, any item of tangible personal property 11 that is purchased outside the metropolitan region at retail 12 from a retailer, and that is titled or registered with an 13 agency of this State's government. In Cook County the tax rate shall be 1% of the selling price of the tangible personal 14 15 property, as "selling price" is defined in the Use Tax Act. In 16 DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will counties the tax rate 17 shall be 0.75% of the selling price of the tangible personal property, as "selling price" is defined in the Use Tax Act. The 18 19 tax shall be collected from persons whose Illinois address for titling or registration purposes is given as being in the 20 metropolitan region. The tax shall be collected by 21 the 22 Department of Revenue for the Regional Transportation 23 Authority. The tax must be paid to the State, or an exemption determination must be obtained from the Department of Revenue, 24 25 before the title or certificate of registration for the 26 property may be issued. The tax or proof of exemption may be

transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or the State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered if the Department and the State agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

7 The Department shall have full power to administer and 8 enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes, penalties and 9 interest due hereunder; to dispose of taxes, penalties and 10 interest collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to 11 determine all rights to credit memoranda or refunds arising on 12 account of the erroneous payment of tax, penalty or interest 13 hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this 14 paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, 15 16 immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same 17 conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions and definitions of terms and employ the same modes 18 of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 2 (except the 19 20 definition of "retailer maintaining a place of business in this State"), 3 through 3-80 (except provisions pertaining to the 21 22 State rate of tax, and except provisions concerning collection 23 or refunding of the tax by retailers), 4, 11, 12, 12a, 14, 15, 19 (except the portions pertaining to claims by retailers and 24 25 except the last paragraph concerning refunds), 20, 21 and 22 of 26 the Use Tax Act, and are not inconsistent with this paragraph,

1 as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

2 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 3 made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State 4 5 Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named in the notification 6 7 from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State 8 Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund 9 established under paragraph (n) of this Section.

10 (h) The Authority may impose a replacement vehicle tax of 11 \$50 on any passenger car as defined in Section 1-157 of the 12 Illinois Vehicle Code purchased within the metropolitan region by or on behalf of an insurance company to replace a passenger 13 car of an insured person in settlement of a total loss claim. 14 15 The tax imposed may not become effective before the first day 16 of the month following the passage of the ordinance imposing 17 the tax and receipt of a certified copy of the ordinance by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall collect 18 the tax for the Authority in accordance with Sections 3-2002 19 20 and 3-2003 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

The Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes collected hereunder. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to the Authority. The amount to be paid to the Authority shall be the amount

collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month 1 2 by the Department, less any amount determined by the Department 3 to be necessary for the payment of refunds. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement 4 5 certification to the Authority provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller 6 7 shall cause the orders to be drawn for that amount in accordance with the directions contained in the certification. 8

9 (i) The Board may not impose any other taxes except as it 10 may from time to time be authorized by law to impose.

11 (j) A certificate of registration issued by the State 12 Department of Revenue to a retailer under the Retailers' 13 Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act 14 shall permit the registrant to engage in a business that is 15 taxed under the tax imposed under paragraphs (b), (e), (f) or 16 (g) of this Section and no additional registration shall be 17 required under the tax. A certificate issued under the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act shall be applicable with regard 18 19 to any tax imposed under paragraph (c) of this Section.

(k) The provisions of any tax imposed under paragraph (c) of this Section shall conform as closely as may be practicable to the provisions of the Use Tax Act, including without limitation conformity as to penalties with respect to the tax imposed and as to the powers of the State Department of Revenue to promulgate and enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the tax

1 2 imposed. The taxes shall be imposed only on use within the metropolitan region and at rates as provided in the paragraph.

3 (1) The Board in imposing any tax as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section, shall, after seeking the advice of 4 5 the State Department of Revenue, provide means for retailers, 6 users or purchasers of motor fuel for purposes other than those with regard to which the taxes may be imposed as provided in 7 those paragraphs to receive refunds of taxes improperly paid, 8 9 which provisions may be at variance with the refund provisions 10 as applicable under the Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax Act. 11 The State Department of Revenue may provide for certificates of 12 registration for users or purchasers of motor fuel for purposes 13 other than those with regard to which taxes may be imposed as 14 provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section to facilitate the reporting and nontaxability of the exempt sales 15 16 or uses.

17 (m) Any ordinance imposing or discontinuing any tax under this Section shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof 18 filed with the Department on or before June 1, whereupon the 19 20 Department of Revenue shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section on behalf of the Regional Transportation Authority 21 22 as of September 1 next following such adoption and filing. 23 Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a 24 25 certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before 26 the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed

to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of 1 2 October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning 3 January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing, increasing, decreasing, or discontinuing the tax hereunder 4 5 shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the 6 Department, whereupon the Department shall proceed to 7 administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of the 8 first month to occur not less than 60 days following such 9 adoption and filing. Any ordinance or resolution of the 10 Authority imposing a tax under this Section and in effect on 11 August 1, 2007 shall remain in full force and effect and shall 12 be administered by the Department of Revenue under the terms 13 and conditions and rates of tax established by such ordinance 14 or resolution until the Department begins administering and 15 enforcing an increased tax under this Section as authorized by 16 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. The tax rates 17 authorized by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly are effective only if imposed by ordinance of the Authority. 18

19 (n) The State Department of Revenue shall, upon collecting 20 any taxes as provided in this Section, pay the taxes over to the State Treasurer as trustee for the Authority. The taxes 21 22 shall be held in a trust fund outside the State Treasury. On or 23 before the 25th day of each calendar month, the State 24 Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the 25 Comptroller of the State of Illinois and to the Authority (i) the amount of taxes collected in each County other than Cook 26

County in the metropolitan region, (ii) the amount of taxes 1 2 collected within the City of Chicago, and (iii) the amount collected in that portion of Cook County outside of Chicago, 3 each amount less the amount necessary for the payment of 4 5 refunds to taxpayers located in those areas described in items 6 (i), (ii), and (iii). Within 10 days after receipt by the the certification of the 7 Comptroller of amounts, the 8 Comptroller shall cause an order to be drawn for the payment of 9 two-thirds of the amounts certified in item (i) of this 10 subsection to the Authority and one-third of the amounts 11 certified in item (i) of this subsection to the respective 12 counties other than Cook County and the amount certified in 13 items (ii) and (iii) of this subsection to the Authority.

14 In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding 15 paragraph, an allocation shall be made in July 1991 and each 16 year thereafter to the Regional Transportation Authority. The 17 allocation shall be made in an amount equal to the average monthly distribution during the preceding calendar 18 year 19 (excluding the 2 months of lowest receipts) and the allocation 20 shall include the amount of average monthly distribution from the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax 21 22 Replacement Fund. The distribution made in July 1992 and each 23 year thereafter under this paragraph and the preceding 24 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated and 25 disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the 26

Comptroller for disbursement the allocations made in
 accordance with this paragraph.

3 (o) Failure to adopt a budget ordinance or otherwise to 4 comply with Section 4.01 of this Act or to adopt a Five-year 5 Capital Program or otherwise to comply with paragraph (b) of 6 Section 2.01 of this Act shall not affect the validity of any 7 tax imposed by the Authority otherwise in conformity with law.

8 (p) At no time shall a public transportation tax or motor 9 vehicle parking tax authorized under paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this Section be in effect at the same time as any 10 11 retailers' occupation, use or service occupation tax 12 authorized under paragraphs (e), (f) and (g) of this Section is 13 in effect.

Any taxes 14 imposed under the authority provided in 15 paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) shall remain in effect only until 16 the time as any tax authorized by paragraphs (e), (f) or (g) of 17 this Section are imposed and becomes effective. Once any tax authorized by paragraphs (e), (f) or (g) is imposed the Board 18 19 may not reimpose taxes as authorized in paragraphs (b), (c) and 20 (d) of the Section unless any tax authorized by paragraphs (e), 21 (f) or (g) of this Section becomes ineffective by means other 22 than an ordinance of the Board.

(q) Any existing rights, remedies and obligations
(including enforcement by the Regional Transportation
Authority) arising under any tax imposed under paragraphs (b),
(c) or (d) of this Section shall not be affected by the

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1	imposition of a tax under paragraphs (e), (f) or (g) of this
2	Section.
3	(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)
4	Section 90-75. The Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center
5	Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
6	(210 ILCS 5/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.3)
7	Sec. 3. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise
8	requires, the following words and phrases shall have the
9	meanings ascribed to them:
10	(A) "Ambulatory surgical treatment center" means any
11	institution, place or building devoted primarily to the
12	maintenance and operation of facilities for the performance of
13	surgical procedures or any facility in which a medical or
14	surgical procedure is utilized to terminate a pregnancy,
15	irrespective of whether the facility is devoted primarily to
16	this purpose. Such facility shall not provide beds or other
17	accommodations for the overnight stay of patients; however,
18	facilities devoted exclusively to the treatment of children may
19	provide accommodations and beds for their patients for up to 23
20	hours following admission. Individual patients shall be
21	discharged in an ambulatory condition without danger to the
22	continued well being of the patients or shall be transferred to
23	a hospital.
24	The term "ambulatory surgical treatment center" does not

1 include any of the following:

(1) Any institution, place, building or agency
required to be licensed pursuant to the "Hospital Licensing
Act", approved July 1, 1953, as amended.

5 (2) Any person or institution required to be licensed
6 pursuant to the "Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD
7 <u>Community Care Act</u> ", approved August 23, 1979, as amended.

8 (3) Hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers 9 maintained by the State or any department or agency 10 thereof, where such department or agency has authority 11 under law to establish and enforce standards for the 12 hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers under 13 its management and control.

14 (4) Hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers15 maintained by the Federal Government or agencies thereof.

16 (5) Any place, agency, clinic, or practice, public or
17 private, whether organized for profit or not, devoted
18 exclusively to the performance of dental or oral surgical
19 procedures.

(B) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
corporation, company, association, or joint stock association,
or the legal successor thereof.

(C) "Department" means the Department of Public Health ofthe State of Illinois.

(D) "Director" means the Director of the Department ofPublic Health of the State of Illinois.

1 (E) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice 2 medicine in all of its branches in the State of Illinois.

3 (F) "Dentist" means a person licensed to practice dentistry4 under the Illinois Dental Practice Act.

G) "Podiatrist" means a person licensed to practice
podiatry under the Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987.
(Source: P.A. 88-371; 88-441; 88-490; 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)

8 Section 90-80. The Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act 9 is amended by changing Sections 10, 35, 55, and 75 as follows:

10 (210 ILCS 9/10)

11 Sec. 10. Definitions. For purposes of this Act:

12 "Activities of daily living" means eating, dressing,13 bathing, toileting, transferring, or personal hygiene.

14 "Advisory Board" means the Assisted Living and Shared15 Housing Standards and Quality of Life Advisory Board.

16 "Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" means a 17 home, building, residence, or any other place where sleeping 18 accommodations are provided for at least 3 unrelated adults, at 19 least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or older and where the 20 following are provided consistent with the purposes of this 21 Act:

(1) services consistent with a social model that is
based on the premise that the resident's unit in assisted
living and shared housing is his or her own home;

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(2) community-based residential care for persons who 1 2 need assistance with activities of daily living, including 3 personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the 5 scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident;

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by 6 7 the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the 8 establishment, with the consent of the resident or 9 resident's representative; and

10 (4) a physical environment that is a homelike setting 11 that includes the following and such other elements as 12 established by the Department in conjunction with the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Standards and Quality of 13 14 Life Advisory Board: individual living units each of which 15 shall accommodate small kitchen appliances and contain 16 private bathing, washing, and toilet facilities, or 17 private washing and toilet facilities with a common bathing room readily accessible to each resident. Units shall be 18 19 maintained for single occupancy except in cases in which 2 20 residents choose to share a unit. Sufficient common space 21 shall exist to permit individual and group activities.

22 "Assisted living establishment" or "establishment" does 23 not mean any of the following:

(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by 24 25 the federal government or the State of Illinois.

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(2) A long term care facility licensed under the

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Nursing Home Care Act or a facility licensed under the 1 2 MR/DD Community Care Act. However, a long term care 3 facility may convert distinct parts of the facility to assisted living. If the long term care facility elects to 4 5 do so, the facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its nursing and sheltered care beds that 6

8 (3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the 9 principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis, 10 care, and treatment of human illness and that is required 11 to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

12 (4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child Care Act of 1969. 13

(5) A community living facility as defined in the 14 15 Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

16 (6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and 17 who rely exclusively upon treatment by for persons spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed 18 tenants of a well-recognized church or religious 19 or denomination. 20

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human 21 22 Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as 23 defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements Licensure and Certification Act. 24

25 А supportive residence licensed under (8) the 26 Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

converted.

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(9) The portion of a life care facility as defined in 1 2 the Life Care Facilities Act not licensed as an assisted 3 living establishment under this Act; a life care facility may apply under this Act to convert sections of the 4 5 community to assisted living. (10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under 6 7 the Hospice Program Licensing Act. 8 (11) A shared housing establishment. 9 (12) A supportive living facility as described in 10 Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code. 11 "Department" means the Department of Public Health. 12 "Director" means the Director of Public Health. 13 "Emergency situation" means imminent danger of death or serious physical harm to a resident of an establishment. 14 15 "License" means any of the following types of licenses 16 issued to an applicant or licensee by the Department: 17 (1) "Probationary license" means a license issued to an applicant or licensee that has not held a license under 18 19 this Act prior to its application or pursuant to a license 20 transfer in accordance with Section 50 of this Act. (2) "Regular license" means a license issued by the 21 22 Department to an applicant or licensee that is in 23 substantial compliance with this Act and any rules 24 promulgated under this Act. agency, 25 "Licensee" a person, means association, 26 corporation, partnership, or organization that has been issued

1 a license to operate an assisted living or shared housing 2 establishment.

3 "Licensed health care professional" means a registered 4 professional nurse, an advanced practice nurse, a physician 5 assistant, and a licensed practical nurse.

"Mandatory services" include the following:

7 (1) 3 meals per day available to the residents prepared
8 by the establishment or an outside contractor;

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(2) housekeeping services including, but not limitedto, vacuuming, dusting, and cleaning the resident's unit;

(3) personal laundry and linen services available to the residents provided or arranged for by the establishment;

14 (4) security provided 24 hours each day including, but 15 not limited to, locked entrances or building or contract 16 security personnel;

(5) an emergency communication response system, which is a procedure in place 24 hours each day by which a resident can notify building management, an emergency response vendor, or others able to respond to his or her need for assistance; and

(6) assistance with activities of daily living asrequired by each resident.

24 "Negotiated risk" is the process by which a resident, or 25 his or her representative, may formally negotiate with 26 providers what risks each are willing and unwilling to assume in service provision and the resident's living environment. The provider assures that the resident and the resident's representative, if any, are informed of the risks of these decisions and of the potential consequences of assuming these risks.

6 "Owner" means the individual, partnership, corporation, 7 association, or other person who owns an assisted living or 8 shared housing establishment. In the event an assisted living 9 or shared housing establishment is operated by a person who 10 leases or manages the physical plant, which is owned by another 11 person, "owner" means the person who operates the assisted 12 living or shared housing establishment, except that if the person who owns the physical plant is an affiliate of the 13 14 person who operates the assisted living or shared housing 15 establishment and has significant control over the day to day 16 operations of the assisted living or shared housing 17 establishment, the person who owns the physical plant shall incur jointly and severally with the owner all liabilities 18 19 imposed on an owner under this Act.

20 "Physician" means a person licensed under the Medical 21 Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine in all of its 22 branches.

23 "Resident" means a person residing in an assisted living or
24 shared housing establishment.

25 "Resident's representative" means a person, other than the 26 owner, agent, or employee of an establishment or of the health 1 care provider unless related to the resident, designated in 2 writing by a resident to be his or her representative. This 3 designation may be accomplished through the Illinois Power of 4 Attorney Act, pursuant to the guardianship process under the 5 Probate Act of 1975, or pursuant to an executed designation of 6 representative form specified by the Department.

7 "Self" means the individual or the individual's designated
8 representative.

9 "Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" means a 10 publicly or privately operated free-standing residence for 16 11 or fewer persons, at least 80% of whom are 55 years of age or 12 older and who are unrelated to the owners and one manager of 13 the residence, where the following are provided:

14 (1) services consistent with a social model that is 15 based on the premise that the resident's unit is his or her 16 own home;

(2) community-based residential care for persons who need assistance with activities of daily living, including housing and personal, supportive, and intermittent health-related services available 24 hours per day, if needed, to meet the scheduled and unscheduled needs of a resident; and

(3) mandatory services, whether provided directly by the establishment or by another entity arranged for by the establishment, with the consent of the resident or the resident's representative.

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- Shared housing establishment" or "establishment" does not mean any of the following:
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(1) A home, institution, or similar place operated by the federal government or the State of Illinois.

5 (2) A long term care facility licensed under the 6 Nursing Home Care Act <u>or a facility licensed under the</u> 7 <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u>. A long term care facility may, 8 however, convert sections of the facility to assisted 9 living. If the long term care facility elects to do so, the 10 facility shall retain the Certificate of Need for its 11 nursing beds that were converted.

(3) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution, the
principal activity or business of which is the diagnosis,
care, and treatment of human illness and that is required
to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act.

16 (4) A facility for child care as defined in the Child17 Care Act of 1969.

18 (5) A community living facility as defined in the19 Community Living Facilities Licensing Act.

(6) A nursing home or sanitarium operated solely by and
for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by
spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the creed
or tenants of a well-recognized church or religious
denomination.

(7) A facility licensed by the Department of Human
 Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as

defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements
 Licensure and Certification Act.

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(8) A supportive residence licensed under the Supportive Residences Licensing Act.

5 (9) A life care facility as defined in the Life Care 6 Facilities Act; a life care facility may apply under this 7 Act to convert sections of the community to assisted 8 living.

9 (10) A free-standing hospice facility licensed under
10 the Hospice Program Licensing Act.

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(11) An assisted living establishment.

12 (12) A supportive living facility as described in
13 Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

14 "Total assistance" means that staff or another individual 15 performs the entire activity of daily living without 16 participation by the resident.

17 (Source: P.A. 95-216, eff. 8-16-07.)

18 (210 ILCS 9/35)

19 Sec. 35. Issuance of license.

(a) Upon receipt and review of an application for a license
and review of the applicant establishment, the Director may
issue a license if he or she finds:

(1) that the individual applicant, or the corporation,
partnership, or other entity if the applicant is not an
individual, is a person responsible and suitable to operate

or to direct or participate in the operation of an establishment by virtue of financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of lawful compliance with lawful orders of the Department and lack of revocation of a license issued under this Act, or the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD Community Care Act during the previous 5 years;

8 (2) that the establishment is under the supervision of 9 a full-time director who is at least 21 years of age and 10 has a high school diploma or equivalent plus either:

(A) 2 years of management experience or 2 years of experience in positions of progressive responsibility in health care, housing with services, or adult day care or providing similar services to the elderly; or

(B) 2 years of management experience or 2 years of
experience in positions of progressive responsibility
in hospitality and training in health care and housing
with services management as defined by rule;

19 (3) that the establishment has staff sufficient in 20 number with qualifications, adequate skills, education, 21 and experience to meet the 24 hour scheduled and 22 unscheduled needs of residents and who participate in 23 ongoing training to serve the resident population;

(4) that all employees who are subject to the Health
Care Worker Background Check Act meet the requirements of
that Act;

(5) that the applicant is in substantial compliance with this Act and such other requirements for a license as the Department by rule may establish under this Act;

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(6) that the applicant pays all required fees;

5 (7) that the applicant has provided to the Department 6 an accurate disclosure document in accordance with the 7 Alzheimer's Special Care Disclosure Act and in substantial 8 compliance with Section 150 of this Act.

9 In addition to any other requirements set forth in this 10 Act, as a condition of licensure under this Act, the director 11 of an establishment must participate in at least 20 hours of 12 training every 2 years to assist him or her in better meeting 13 the needs of the residents of the establishment and managing 14 the operation of the establishment.

Any license issued by the Director shall state the physical location of the establishment, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. All licenses shall be valid for one year, except as provided in Sections 40 and 45. Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application, and shall not be transferable or assignable.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-79, eff. 8-13-07; 95-590, eff. 9-10-07;
22 95-628, eff. 9-25-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

23 (210 ILCS 9/55)

24 Sec. 55. Grounds for denial of a license. An application 25 for a license may be denied for any of the following reasons:

(1) failure to meet any of the standards set forth in
 this Act or by rules adopted by the Department under this
 Act;

(2) conviction of the applicant, or if the applicant is 4 5 a firm, partnership, or association, of any of its members, 6 or if a corporation, the conviction of the corporation or 7 any of its officers or stockholders, or of the person 8 designated to manage or supervise the establishment, of a 9 felony or of 2 or more misdemeanors involving moral 10 turpitude during the previous 5 years as shown by a 11 certified copy of the record of the court of conviction;

(3) personnel insufficient in number or unqualified by
 training or experience to properly care for the residents;

14 (4) insufficient financial or other resources to
15 operate and conduct the establishment in accordance with
16 standards adopted by the Department under this Act;

17 (5) revocation of a license during the previous 5 years, if such prior license was issued to the individual 18 19 applicant, a controlling owner or controlling combination 20 of owners of the applicant; or any affiliate of the 21 individual applicant or controlling owner of the applicant 22 and such individual applicant, controlling owner of the 23 applicant or affiliate of the applicant was a controlling 24 owner of the prior license; provided, however, that the 25 denial of an application for a license pursuant to this 26 Section must be supported by evidence that the prior

1 revocation renders the applicant unqualified or incapable 2 of meeting or maintaining an establishment in accordance 3 with the standards and rules adopted by the Department 4 under this Act; or

5 (6) the establishment is not under the direct 6 supervision of a full-time director, as defined by rule.

7 The Department shall deny an application for a license if 6 8 months after submitting its initial application the applicant 9 has not provided the Department with all of the information 10 required for review and approval or the applicant is not 11 actively pursuing the processing of its application. In 12 addition, the Department shall determine whether the applicant has violated any provision of the Nursing Home Care Act or the 13 14 MR/DD Community Care Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 93-1003, eff. 8-23-04.)

16 (210 ILCS 9/75)

17 Sec. 75. Residency Requirements.

(a) No individual shall be accepted for residency or remain
in residence if the establishment cannot provide or secure
appropriate services, if the individual requires a level of
service or type of service for which the establishment is not
licensed or which the establishment does not provide, or if the
establishment does not have the staff appropriate in numbers
and with appropriate skill to provide such services.

25 (b) Only adults may be accepted for residency.

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(c) A person shall not be accepted for residency if:

2 (1) the person poses a serious threat to himself or
3 herself or to others;

4 (2) the person is not able to communicate his or her 5 needs and no resident representative residing in the 6 establishment, and with a prior relationship to the person, 7 has been appointed to direct the provision of services;

8 (3) the person requires total assistance with 2 or more
9 activities of daily living;

10 (4) the person requires the assistance of more than one 11 paid caregiver at any given time with an activity of daily 12 living;

13 (5) the person requires more than minimal assistance in 14 moving to a safe area in an emergency;

15 (6) the person has a severe mental illness, which for 16 the purposes of this Section means a condition that is 17 characterized by the presence of a major mental disorder as classified in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of 18 19 Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) (American 20 Psychiatric Association, 1994), where the individual is substantially disabled due to mental illness in the areas 21 22 of self-maintenance, social functioning, activities of 23 community living and work skills, and the disability 24 specified is expected to be present for a period of not 25 less than one year, but does not mean Alzheimer's disease 26 and other forms of dementia based on organic or physical - 319 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

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1 disorders;

2 (7) the person requires intravenous therapy or 3 intravenous feedings unless self-administered or administered by a qualified, licensed health 4 care 5 professional;

6 (8) the person requires gastrostomy feedings unless 7 self-administered or administered by a licensed health 8 care professional;

9 (9) the person requires insertion, sterile irrigation, 10 and replacement of catheter, except for routine 11 maintenance of urinary catheters, unless the catheter care 12 is self-administered or administered by a licensed health 13 care professional;

14 (10) the person requires sterile wound care unless care 15 is self-administered or administered by a licensed health 16 care professional;

17 (11) the person requires sliding scale insulin 18 administration unless self-performed or administered by a 19 licensed health care professional;

(12) the person is a diabetic requiring routine insulin
 injections unless the injections are self-administered or
 administered by a licensed health care professional;

(13) the person requires treatment of stage 3 or stage
4 decubitus ulcers or exfoliative dermatitis;

(14) the person requires 5 or more skilled nursing
 visits per week for conditions other than those listed in

1 items (13) and (15) of this subsection for a period of 3 2 consecutive weeks or more except when the course of 3 treatment is expected to extend beyond a 3 week period for 4 rehabilitative purposes and is certified as temporary by a 5 physician; or

6 (15) other reasons prescribed by the Department by 7 rule.

8 (d) A resident with a condition listed in items (1) through 9 (15) of subsection (c) shall have his or her residency 10 terminated.

11 (e) Residency shall be terminated when services available 12 to the resident in the establishment are no longer adequate to 13 meet the needs of the resident. This provision shall not be 14 interpreted as limiting the authority of the Department to 15 require the residency termination of individuals.

(f) Subsection (d) of this Section shall not apply to terminally ill residents who receive or would qualify for hospice care and such care is coordinated by a hospice program licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act or other licensed health care professional employed by a licensed home health agency and the establishment and all parties agree to the continued residency.

(g) Items (3), (4), (5), and (9) of subsection (c) shall not apply to a quadriplegic, paraplegic, or individual with neuro-muscular diseases, such as muscular dystrophy and multiple sclerosis, or other chronic diseases and conditions as defined by rule if the individual is able to communicate his or her needs and does not require assistance with complex medical problems, and the establishment is able to accommodate the individual's needs. The Department shall prescribe rules pursuant to this Section that address special safety and service needs of these individuals.

7 For the purposes of items (7) through (10) (h) of 8 subsection (c), a licensed health care professional may not be 9 employed by the owner or operator of the establishment, its 10 parent entity, or any other entity with ownership common to 11 either the owner or operator of the establishment or parent 12 entity, including but not limited to an affiliate of the owner or operator of the establishment. Nothing in this Section is 13 meant to limit a resident's right to choose his or her health 14 15 care provider.

16 (i) Subsection (h) is not applicable to residents admitted 17 to an assisted living establishment under a life care contract as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act if the life care 18 19 facility has both an assisted living establishment and a 20 skilled nursing facility. A licensed health care professional 21 providing health-related or supportive services at a life care 22 assisted living or shared housing establishment must be 23 employed by an entity licensed by the Department under the 24 Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the 25 Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing Agency Licensing 26 Act.

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1	(Source: P.A. 94-256, eff. 7-19-05; 94-570, eff. 8-12-05;
2	95-216, eff. 8-16-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
3	Section 90-85. The Abuse Prevention Review Team Act is
4	amended by changing Sections 10 and 50 as follows:
5	(210 ILCS 28/10)
6	Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
7	context requires otherwise:
8	"Department" means the Department of Public Health.
9	"Director" means the Director of Public Health.
10	"Executive Council" means the Illinois Residential Health
11	Care Facility Resident Sexual Assault and Death Review Teams
12	Executive Council.
13	"Resident" means a person residing in and receiving
14	personal care from a facility licensed under the Nursing Home
15	Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act.
16	"Review team" means a residential health care facility
17	resident sexual assault and death review team appointed under
18	this Act.
19	(Source: P.A. 93-577, eff. 8-21-03.)
20	(210 ILCS 28/50)
21	Sec. 50. Funding. Notwithstanding any other provision of
22	law, to the extent permitted by federal law, the Department
23	shall use moneys from fines paid by facilities licensed under

the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care Act</u> for violating requirements for certification under Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act to implement the provisions of this Act. The Department shall use moneys deposited in the Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund to pay the costs of implementing this Act that cannot be met by the use of federal civil monetary penalties.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-931, eff. 6-26-06.)

9 Section 90-90. The Abused and Neglected Long Term Care
10 Facility Residents Reporting Act is amended by changing
11 Sections 3, 4, and 6 as follows:

12 (210 ILCS 30/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4163)

Sec. 3. As used in this Act unless the context otherwise requires:

a. "Department" means the Department of Public Health ofthe State of Illinois.

b. "Resident" means a person residing in and receiving personal care from a long term care facility, or residing in a mental health facility or developmental disability facility as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.

c. "Long term care facility" has the same meaning ascribed
to such term in the Nursing Home Care Act, except that the term
as used in this Act shall include any mental health facility or

developmental disability facility as defined in the Mental
 Health and Developmental Disabilities Code. <u>The term also</u>
 <u>includes any facility licensed under the MR/DD Community Care</u>
 <u>Act.</u>

d. "Abuse" means any physical injury, sexual abuse or
mental injury inflicted on a resident other than by accidental
means.

8 e. "Neglect" means a failure in a long term care facility 9 to provide adequate medical or personal care or maintenance, 10 which failure results in physical or mental injury to a 11 resident or in the deterioration of a resident's physical or 12 mental condition.

13 f. "Protective services" means services provided to a 14 resident who has been abused or neglected, which may include, 15 but are not limited to alternative temporary institutional 16 placement, nursing care, counseling, other social services 17 provided at the nursing home where the resident resides or at 18 some other facility, personal care and such protective services 19 of voluntary agencies as are available.

9. Unless the context otherwise requires, direct or indirect references in this Act to the programs, personnel, facilities, services, service providers, or service recipients of the Department of Human Services shall be construed to refer only to those programs, personnel, facilities, services, service providers, or service recipients that pertain to the Department of Human Services' mental health and developmental - 325 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

1 disabilities functions.

2 (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)

3 (210 ILCS 30/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4164)

4 Sec. 4. Any long term care facility administrator, agent or 5 emplovee or any physician, hospital, surgeon, dentist, 6 osteopath, chiropractor, podiatrist, accredited religious 7 practitioner who provides treatment by spiritual means alone 8 through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of 9 the accrediting church, coroner, social worker, social 10 services administrator, registered nurse, law enforcement 11 officer, field personnel of the Department of Healthcare and 12 Family Services, field personnel of the Illinois Department of 13 Public Health and County or Municipal Health Departments, 14 personnel of the Department of Human Services (acting as the 15 successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental 16 Disabilities or the Department of Public Aid), personnel of the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, personnel of the State 17 18 Fire Marshal, local fire department inspectors or other 19 personnel, or personnel of the Illinois Department on Aging, or 20 its subsidiary Agencies on Aging, or employee of a facility 21 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, 22 having reasonable cause to believe any resident with whom they have direct contact has been subjected to abuse or neglect 23 24 shall immediately report or cause a report to be made to the 25 Department. Persons required to make reports or cause reports

to be made under this Section include all employees of the 1 2 State of Illinois who are involved in providing services to 3 residents, including professionals providing medical or rehabilitation services and all other persons having direct 4 5 contact with residents; and further include all employees of community service agencies who provide services to a resident 6 7 of a public or private long term care facility outside of that 8 facility. Any long term care surveyor of the Illinois 9 Department of Public Health who has reasonable cause to believe 10 in the course of a survey that a resident has been abused or 11 neglected and initiates an investigation while on site at the 12 facility shall be exempt from making a report under this 13 Section but the results of any such investigation shall be forwarded to the central register in a manner and form 14 15 described by the Department.

16 The requirement of this Act shall not relieve any long term 17 care facility administrator, agent or employee of 18 responsibility to report the abuse or neglect of a resident 19 under Section 3-610 of the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or under</u> 20 <u>Section 3-610 of the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>.

In addition to the above persons required to report suspected resident abuse and neglect, any other person may make a report to the Department, or to any law enforcement officer, if such person has reasonable cause to suspect a resident has been abused or neglected.

26 This Section also applies to residents whose death occurs

1 from suspected abuse or neglect before being found or brought 2 to a hospital.

A person required to make reports or cause reports to be made under this Section who fails to comply with the requirements of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

7 (Source: P.A. 94-853, eff. 6-13-06.)

8 (210 ILCS 30/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4166)

9 Sec. 6. All reports of suspected abuse or neglect made 10 under this Act shall be made immediately by telephone to the 11 Department's central register established under Section 14 on 12 the single, State-wide, toll-free telephone number established 13 under Section 13, or in person or by telephone through the 14 nearest Department office. No long term care facility 15 administrator, agent or employee, or any other person, shall 16 screen reports or otherwise withhold any reports from the Department, and no long term care facility, department of State 17 18 government, or other agency shall establish any rules, 19 criteria, standards or guidelines to the contrary. Every long 20 term care facility, department of State government and other 21 agency whose employees are required to make or cause to be made 22 reports under Section 4 shall notify its employees of the provisions of that Section and of this Section, and provide to 23 24 the Department documentation that such notification has been 25 given. The Department of Human Services shall train all of its

mental health and developmental disabilities employees in the 1 2 detection and reporting of suspected abuse and neglect of residents. Reports made to the central register through the 3 State-wide, toll-free telephone number shall be transmitted to 4 5 appropriate Department offices and municipal health 6 departments that have responsibility for licensing long term 7 care facilities under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD 8 Community Care Act. All reports received through offices of the 9 Department shall be forwarded to the central register, in a 10 manner and form described by the Department. The Department 11 shall be capable of receiving reports of suspected abuse and 12 neglect 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Reports shall also be 13 made in writing deposited in the U.S. mail, postage prepaid, within 24 hours after having reasonable cause to believe that 14 15 the condition of the resident resulted from abuse or neglect. 16 Such reports may in addition be made to the local law 17 enforcement agency in the same manner. However, in the event a report is made to the local law enforcement agency, the 18 19 reporter also shall immediately so inform the Department. The 20 Department shall initiate an investigation of each report of resident abuse and neglect under this Act, whether oral or 21 22 written, as provided for in Section 3-702 of the Nursing Home 23 Care Act or Section 3-702 of the MR/DD Community Care Act, except that reports of abuse which indicate that a resident's 24 25 life or safety is in imminent danger shall be investigated 26 within 24 hours of such report. The Department may delegate to

1 law enforcement officials or other public agencies the duty to 2 perform such investigation.

With respect to investigations of reports of suspected 3 neglect of residents of mental health 4 abuse or and 5 developmental disabilities institutions under the jurisdiction 6 of the Department of Human Services, the Department shall 7 transmit copies of such reports to the Department of State 8 Police, the Department of Human Services, and the Inspector 9 General appointed under Section 1-17 of the Department of Human 10 Services Act. If the Department receives a report of suspected 11 abuse or neglect of a recipient of services as defined in 12 Section 1-123 of the Mental Health and Developmental 13 Disabilities Code, the Department shall transmit copies of such 14 report to the Inspector General and the Directors of the 15 Guardianship and Advocacy Commission and the agency designated 16 by the Governor pursuant to the Protection and Advocacy for 17 Developmentally Disabled Persons Act. When requested by the Director of the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, the 18 19 agency designated by the Governor pursuant to the Protection 20 and Advocacy for Developmentally Disabled Persons Act, or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, 21 the 22 Department, the Department of Human Services and the Department 23 of State Police shall make available a copy of the final 24 investigative report regarding investigations conducted by 25 their respective agencies on incidents of suspected abuse or neglect of residents of mental health and developmental 26

disabilities institutions or individuals receiving services at 1 community agencies under the jurisdiction of the Department of 2 3 Human Services. Such final investigative report shall not contain witness statements, investigation notes, 4 draft 5 summaries, results of lie detector tests, investigative files or other raw data which was used to compile the final 6 7 investigative report. Specifically, the final investigative report of the Department of State Police shall mean the 8 9 Director's final transmittal letter. The Department of Human 10 Services shall also make available a copy of the results of 11 disciplinary proceedings of employees involved in incidents of 12 abuse or neglect to the Directors. All identifiable information 13 in reports provided shall not be further disclosed except as 14 provided by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 15 Confidentiality Act. Nothing in this Section is intended to 16 limit or construe the power or authority granted to the agency 17 designated by the Governor pursuant to the Protection and Advocacy for Developmentally Disabled Persons Act, pursuant to 18 any other State or federal statute. 19

20 With respect to investigations of reported resident abuse 21 or neglect, the Department shall effect with appropriate law 22 enforcement agencies formal agreements concerning methods and 23 procedures for the conduct of investigations into the criminal 24 histories of any administrator, staff assistant or employee of 25 the nursing home or other person responsible for the residents 26 care, as well as for other residents in the nursing home who

may be in a position to abuse, neglect or exploit the patient. 1 2 Pursuant to the formal agreements entered into with appropriate 3 enforcement agencies, the Department law may request information with respect to whether the person or persons set 4 5 forth in this paragraph have ever been charged with a crime and if so, the disposition of those charges. Unless the criminal 6 7 histories of the subjects involved crimes of violence or 8 resident abuse or neglect, the Department shall be entitled 9 only to information limited in scope to charges and their 10 dispositions. In cases where prior crimes of violence or 11 resident abuse or neglect are involved, a more detailed report 12 can be made available to authorized representatives of the Department, pursuant to the agreements entered into with 13 14 appropriate law enforcement agencies. Any criminal charges and 15 their disposition information obtained by the Department shall 16 be confidential and may not be transmitted outside the 17 required herein, to Department, except as authorized representatives or delegates of the Department, and may not be 18 19 transmitted to anyone within the Department who is not duly 20 authorized to handle resident abuse or neglect investigations.

21 The Department shall effect formal agreements with 22 appropriate law enforcement agencies in the various counties 23 and communities to encourage cooperation and coordination in 24 the handling of resident abuse or neglect cases pursuant to 25 this Act. The Department shall adopt and implement methods and 26 procedures to promote statewide uniformity in the handling of

1 reports of abuse and neglect under this Act, and those methods 2 and procedures shall be adhered to by personnel of the 3 Department involved in such investigations and reporting. The 4 Department shall also make information required by this Act 5 available to authorized personnel within the Department, as 6 well as its authorized representatives.

7 The Department shall keep a continuing record of all 8 reports made pursuant to this Act, including indications of the 9 final determination of any investigation and the final 10 disposition of all reports.

11 The Department shall report annually to the General 12 Assembly on the incidence of abuse and neglect of long term 13 care facility residents, with special attention to residents 14 who are mentally disabled. The report shall include but not be 15 limited to data on the number and source of reports of 16 suspected abuse or neglect filed under this Act, the nature of 17 injuries to residents, the final determination of any investigations, the type and number of cases where abuse or 18 19 neglect is determined to exist, and the final disposition of 20 cases.

21 (Source: P.A. 94-852, eff. 6-13-06; 95-545, eff. 8-28-07.)

22 Section 90-95. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by 23 changing Sections 1-113, 3-202.5, and 3-206 as follows:

24

(210 ILCS 45/1-113) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4151-113)

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Sec. 1-113. "Facility" or "long-term care facility" means a 1 2 private home, institution, building, residence, or any other place, whether operated for profit or not, or a county home for 3 the infirm and chronically ill operated pursuant to Division 4 5 5-21 or 5-22 of the Counties Code, or any similar institution operated by a political subdivision of the State of Illinois, 6 7 which provides, through its ownership or management, personal 8 care, sheltered care or nursing for 3 or more persons, not 9 related to the applicant or owner by blood or marriage. It 10 includes skilled nursing facilities as that term is and 11 intermediate care facilities as those terms are defined in 12 Title XVIII and Title XIX of the Federal Social Security Act. It also includes homes, institutions, or other places operated 13 by or under the authority of the Illinois Department of 14 15 Veterans' Affairs.

16

"Facility" does not include the following:

(1) A home, institution, or other place operated by the
federal government or agency thereof, or by the State of
Illinois, other than homes, institutions, or other places
operated by or under the authority of the Illinois
Department of Veterans' Affairs;

(2) A hospital, sanitarium, or other institution whose
principal activity or business is the diagnosis, care, and
treatment of human illness through the maintenance and
operation as organized facilities therefor, which is
required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act;

(3) Any "facility for child care" as defined in the
 Child Care Act of 1969;

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(4) Any "Community Living Facility" as defined in the Community Living Facilities Licensing Act;

(5) Any "community residential alternative" as defined in the Community Residential Alternatives Licensing Act;

7 (6) Any nursing home or sanatorium operated solely by 8 and for persons who rely exclusively upon treatment by 9 spiritual means through prayer, in accordance with the 10 creed or tenets of any well-recognized church or religious 11 denomination. However, such nursing home or sanatorium 12 shall comply with all local laws and rules relating to 13 sanitation and safety;

14 (7) Any facility licensed by the Department of Human 15 Services as a community-integrated living arrangement as 16 defined in the Community-Integrated Living Arrangements 17 Licensure and Certification Act;

18 (8) Any "Supportive Residence" licensed under the
19 Supportive Residences Licensing Act;

(9) Any "supportive living facility" in good standing
with the program established under Section 5-5.01a of the
Illinois Public Aid Code, except only for purposes of the
employment of persons in accordance with Section 3-206.01;

(10) Any assisted living or shared housing
 establishment licensed under the Assisted Living and
 Shared Housing Act, except only for purposes of the

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1 employment of persons in accordance with Section 3-206.01;
2 or

3 (11)An Alzheimer's disease management center alternative health care model licensed under 4 the 5 Alternative Health Care Delivery Act; or.

6 <u>(12) An intermediate care facility for the</u> 7 <u>developmentally disabled or long-term care for under age 22</u> 8 <u>facility licensed under the MR/DD Community Care Act.</u>

9 (Source: P.A. 94-342, eff. 7-26-05; 95-380, eff. 8-23-07.)

10

(210 ILCS 45/3-202.5)

11 Sec. 3-202.5. Facility plan review; fees.

12 (a) Before commencing construction of a new facility or 13 specified types of alteration or additions to an existing long 14 term care facility involving major construction, as defined by 15 rule by the Department, with an estimated cost greater than 16 \$100,000, architectural drawings and specifications for the 17 facility shall be submitted to the Department for review and 18 approval. A facility may submit architectural drawings and 19 specifications for other construction projects for Department 20 review according to subsection (b) that shall not be subject to 21 fees under subsection (d). Review of drawings and 22 specifications shall be conducted by an employee of the Department meeting the qualifications established by 23 the 24 Department of Central Management Services class specifications 25 for such an individual's position or by a person contracting

with the Department who meets those class specifications. Final 1 2 approval of the drawings and specifications for compliance with design and construction standards shall be obtained from the 3 Department before the alteration, addition, 4 or new 5 construction is begun.

6 The Department shall inform an applicant in writing (b) 7 within 10 working days after receiving drawings and 8 specifications and the required fee, if any, from the applicant 9 whether the applicant's submission is complete or incomplete. 10 Failure to provide the applicant with this notice within 10 11 working days shall result in the submission being deemed 12 complete for purposes of initiating the 60-day review period 13 under this Section. If the submission is incomplete, the 14 Department shall inform the applicant of the deficiencies with 15 the submission in writing. If the submission is complete the 16 required fee, if any, has been paid, the Department shall 17 approve or disapprove drawings and specifications submitted to the Department no later than 60 days following receipt by the 18 19 Department. The drawings and specifications shall be of sufficient detail, as provided by Department rule, to enable 20 the Department to render a determination of compliance with 21 22 design and construction standards under this Act. If the 23 Department finds that the drawings are not of sufficient detail for it to render a determination of compliance, the plans shall 24 25 be determined to be incomplete and shall not be considered for 26 purposes of initiating the 60 day review period. If a

submission of drawings and specifications is incomplete, the 1 2 applicant may submit additional information. The 60-day review period shall not commence until the Department determines that 3 a submission of drawings and specifications is complete or the 4 5 submission is deemed complete. If the Department has not 6 approved or disapproved the drawings and specifications within 7 60 days, the construction, major alteration, or addition shall 8 be deemed approved. If the drawings and specifications are 9 disapproved, the Department shall state in writing, with 10 specificity, the reasons for the disapproval. The entity 11 submitting the drawings and specifications may submit 12 additional information in response to the written comments from 13 the Department or request a reconsideration of the disapproval. 14 A final decision of approval or disapproval shall be made 15 within 45 days of the receipt of the additional information or 16 reconsideration request. If denied, the Department shall state 17 the specific reasons for the denial.

18 (c) The Department shall provide written approval for 19 occupancy pursuant to subsection (g) and shall not issue a 20 violation to a facility as a result of a licensure or complaint 21 survey based upon the facility's physical structure if:

(1) the Department reviewed and approved or deemed
approved the drawings and specifications for compliance
with design and construction standards;

(2) the construction, major alteration, or addition
was built as submitted;

1 (3) the law or rules have not been amended since the 2 original approval; and

3

(4) the conditions at the facility indicate that there a reasonable degree of safety provided for the 4 is 5 residents.

6 (d) The Department shall charge the following fees in 7 connection with its reviews conducted before June 30, 2004 under this Section: 8

- 9 (1) (Blank).
- 10 (2) (Blank).

11 (3) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 12 addition, or new construction is \$100,000 or more but less than \$500,000, the fee shall be the greater of \$2,400 or 13 14 1.2% of that value.

15 (4) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 16 addition, or new construction is \$500,000 or more but less than \$1,000,000, the fee shall be the greater of \$6,000 or 17 0.96% of that value. 18

19 (5) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 20 addition, or new construction is \$1,000,000 or more but 21 less than \$5,000,000, the fee shall be the greater of 22 \$9,600 or 0.22% of that value.

23 (6) If the estimated dollar value of the alteration, 24 addition, or new construction is \$5,000,000 or more, the 25 fee shall be the greater of \$11,000 or 0.11% of that value, 26 but shall not exceed \$40,000.

1 The fees provided in this subsection (d) shall not apply to 2 major construction projects involving facility changes that 3 are required by Department rule amendments.

The fees provided in this subsection (d) shall also not apply to major construction projects if 51% or more of the estimated cost of the project is attributed to capital equipment. For major construction projects where 51% or more of the estimated cost of the project is attributed to capital equipment, the Department shall by rule establish a fee that is reasonably related to the cost of reviewing the project.

11 The Department shall not commence the facility plan review 12 process under this Section until the applicable fee has been 13 paid.

(e) All fees received by the Department under this Section 14 15 shall be deposited into the Health Facility Plan Review Fund, a 16 special fund created in the State Treasury. All fees paid by 17 long-term care facilities under subsection (d) shall be used only to cover the costs relating to the Department's review of 18 long-term care facility projects under this Section. Moneys 19 20 shall be appropriated from that Fund to the Department only to pay the costs of conducting reviews under this Section or under 21 22 Section 3-202.5 of the MR/DD Community Care Act. None of the 23 moneys in the Health Facility Plan Review Fund shall be used to reduce the amount of General Revenue Fund moneys appropriated 24 25 to the Department for facility plan reviews conducted pursuant 26 to this Section.

1 (f) (1) The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1997 2 concerning drawings and specifications shall apply only to 3 drawings and specifications submitted to the Department on 4 or after October 1, 1997.

5 (2) On and after the effective date of this amendatory 6 Act of 1997 and before October 1, 1997, an applicant may 7 submit or resubmit drawings and specifications to the 8 Department and pay the fees provided in subsection (d). If 9 an applicant pays the fees provided in subsection (d) under 10 this paragraph (2), the provisions of subsection (b) shall 11 apply with regard to those drawings and specifications.

12 (g) The Department shall conduct an on-site inspection of 13 the completed project no later than 30 days after notification 14 from the applicant that the project has been completed and all 15 certifications required by the Department have been received 16 and accepted by the Department. The Department shall provide 17 written approval for occupancy to the applicant within 5 working days of the Department's final inspection, provided the 18 applicant has demonstrated substantial compliance as defined 19 by Department rule. Occupancy of new major construction is 20 prohibited until Department approval is received, unless the 21 22 Department has not acted within the time frames provided in 23 this subsection (q), in which case the construction shall be deemed approved. Occupancy shall be authorized after any 24 25 required health inspection by the Department has been 26 conducted.

(h) The Department shall establish, by rule, a procedure to
 conduct interim on-site review of large or complex construction
 projects.

4 (i) The Department shall establish, by rule, an expedited
5 process for emergency repairs or replacement of like equipment.

6 (j) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to apply to 7 maintenance, upkeep, or renovation that does not affect the 8 structural integrity of the building, does not add beds or 9 services over the number for which the long-term care facility 10 is licensed, and provides a reasonable degree of safety for the 11 residents.

12 (Source: P.A. 90-327, eff. 8-8-97; 90-600, eff. 6-25-98; 13 91-712, eff. 7-1-00.)

14 (210 ILCS 45/3-206) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4153-206)

Sec. 3-206. The Department shall prescribe a curriculum for training nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care aides.

18 person, except a volunteer who receives (a) No no compensation from a facility and is not included for the 19 20 purpose of meeting any staffing requirements set forth by the 21 Department, shall act as a nursing assistant, habilitation 22 aide, or child care aide in a facility, nor shall any person, under any other title, not licensed, certified, or registered 23 to render medical care by the Department of Professional 24 25 Regulation, assist with the personal, medical, or nursing care

1 of residents in a facility, unless such person meets the 2 following requirements:

3 (1) Be at least 16 years of age, of temperate habits 4 and good moral character, honest, reliable and 5 trustworthy;

6 (2) Be able to speak and understand the English 7 language or a language understood by a substantial 8 percentage of the facility's residents;

9 (3) Provide evidence of employment or occupation, if 10 any, and residence for 2 years prior to his present 11 employment;

12 (4) Have completed at least 8 years of grade school or
13 provide proof of equivalent knowledge;

(5) Begin a current course of training for nursing 14 15 assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, 16 approved by the Department, within 45 days of initial 17 employment in the capacity of a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide at any facility. Such 18 courses of training shall be successfully completed within 19 20 120 days of initial employment in the capacity of nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide at a 21 22 facility. Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and 23 child care aides who are enrolled in approved courses in community colleges or other educational institutions on a 24 25 term, semester or trimester basis, shall be exempt from the 26 120 day completion time limit. The Department shall adopt

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rules for such courses of training. These rules shall
 include procedures for facilities to carry on an approved
 course of training within the facility.

The Department may accept comparable training in lieu of the 120 hour course for student nurses, foreign nurses, military personnel, or employes of the Department of Human Services.

8 The facility shall develop and implement procedures, 9 which shall be approved by the Department, for an ongoing 10 review process, which shall take place within the facility, 11 for nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care 12 aides.

At the time of each regularly scheduled licensure 13 14 survey, or at the time of a complaint investigation, the 15 Department may require any nursing assistant, habilitation 16 aide, or child care aide to demonstrate, either through 17 examination or action, or both, written sufficient knowledge in all areas of required training. If such 18 19 knowledge is inadequate the Department shall require the 20 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide to complete inservice training and review in the facility 21 22 until the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child 23 care aide demonstrates to the Department, either through 24 written examination or action, or both, sufficient 25 knowledge in all areas of required training; and

(6) Be familiar with and have general skills related to

1 resident care.

2 (a-0.5) An educational entity, other than a secondary 3 school, conducting a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or 4 child care aide training program shall initiate a UCIA criminal 5 history record check prior to entry of an individual into the 6 training program. A secondary school may initiate a UCIA 7 criminal history record check prior to the entry of an 8 individual into a training program.

9 (a-1) Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, or child 10 care aides seeking to be included on the registry on or after 11 January 1, 1996 must authorize the Department of Public Health 12 or its designee that tests nursing assistants to request a UCIA 13 criminal history check and submit all necessary information.

(b) Persons subject to this Section shall perform theirduties under the supervision of a nurse.

(c) It is unlawful for any facility to employ any person in the capacity of nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide, or under any other title, not licensed by the State of Illinois to assist in the personal, medical, or nursing care of residents in such facility unless such person has complied with this Section.

(d) Proof of compliance by each employee with the requirements set out in this Section shall be maintained for each such employee by each facility in the individual personnel folder of the employee.

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(e) Each facility shall certify to the Department on a form

provided by the Department the name and residence address of each employee, and that each employee subject to this Section meets all the requirements of this Section.

4 (f) Any facility that is operated under Section 3-803 shall
5 be exempt from the requirements of this Section.

6 (g) Each skilled nursing and intermediate care facility 7 that admits persons who are diagnosed as having Alzheimer's 8 or related dementias shall require all nursing disease 9 assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, who did 10 not receive 12 hours of training in the care and treatment of 11 such residents during the training required under paragraph (5) 12 of subsection (a), to obtain 12 hours of in-house training in 13 the care and treatment of such residents. If the facility does 14 not provide the training in-house, the training shall be 15 obtained from other facilities, community colleges or other 16 educational institutions that have a recognized course for such 17 training. The Department shall, by rule, establish a recognized course for such training. The Department's rules shall provide 18 19 that such training may be conducted in-house at each facility 20 subject to the requirements of this subsection, in which case such training shall be monitored by the Department. 21

22 The Department's rules shall also provide for 23 circumstances and procedures whereby any person who has 24 received training that meets the requirements of this 25 subsection shall not be required to undergo additional training if he or she is transferred to or obtains employment at a 26

different facility but remains continuously employed as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide. Licensed sheltered care facilities shall be exempt from the requirements of this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 91-598, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 90-100. The Home Health, Home Services, and Home
Nursing Agency Licensing Act is amended by changing Section
2.08 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 55/2.08)

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10 Sec. 2.08. "Home services agency" means an agency that 11 provides services directly, or acts as a placement agency, for the purpose of placing individuals as workers providing home 12 13 services for consumers in their personal residences. "Home 14 services agency" does not include agencies licensed under the 15 Nurse Agency Licensing Act, the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the 16 Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act and does not include an 17 agency that limits its business exclusively to providing 18 19 housecleaning services. Programs providing services 20 exclusively through the Community Care Program of the Illinois 21 Department on Aging or the Department of Human Services Office of Rehabilitation Services are not considered to be a home 22 23 services agency under this Act.

24 (Source: P.A. 94-379, eff. 1-1-06.)

1 Section 90-105. The Hospice Program Licensing Act is 2 amended by changing Sections 3 and 4 as follows: 3 (210 ILCS 60/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6103) Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 4 5 context otherwise requires: 6 (a) "Bereavement" means the period of time during which the 7 hospice patient's family experiences and adjusts to the death 8 of the hospice patient. 9 (a-5) "Bereavement services" means counseling services 10 provided to an individual's family after the individual's 11 death. 12 (a-10) "Attending physician" means a physician who: 13 (1) is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy; and 14 (2) is identified by an individual, at the time the 15 individual elects to receive hospice care, as having the most significant role in the determination and delivery of 16 the individual's medical care. 17 (b) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public 18 Health. 19 20 (C) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois 21 Department of Public Health. (d) "Hospice care" means a program of palliative care that 22 23 provides for the physical, emotional, and spiritual care needs 24 of a terminally ill patient and his or her family. The goal of 1 such care is to achieve the highest quality of life as defined 2 by the patient and his or her family through the relief of 3 suffering and control of symptoms.

4 (e) "Hospice care team" means an interdisciplinary group or
5 groups composed of individuals who provide or supervise the
6 care and services offered by the hospice.

7 (f) "Hospice patient" means a terminally ill person 8 receiving hospice services.

9 (g) "Hospice patient's family" means a hospice patient's 10 immediate family consisting of a spouse, sibling, child, parent 11 and those individuals designated as such by the patient for the 12 purposes of this Act.

13 (g-1) "Hospice residence" means a separately licensed 14 home, apartment building, or similar building providing living 15 quarters:

16 (1) that is owned or operated by a person licensed to17 operate as a comprehensive hospice; and

18 (2) at which hospice services are provided to facility19 residents.

A building that is licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, or the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD Community Care Act is not a hospice residence.

(h) "Hospice services" means a range of professional and other supportive services provided to a hospice patient and his or her family. These services may include, but are not limited to, physician services, nursing services, medical social work

services, spiritual counseling services, bereavement services,
 and volunteer services.

(h-5) "Hospice program" means a licensed public agency or 3 private organization, or a subdivision of either of those, that 4 5 is primarily engaged in providing care to terminally ill 6 individuals through a program of home care or inpatient care, 7 or both home care and inpatient care, utilizing a medically 8 directed interdisciplinary hospice care team of professionals 9 or volunteers, or both professionals and volunteers. A hospice 10 program may be licensed as a comprehensive hospice program or a 11 volunteer hospice program.

12 (h-10) "Comprehensive hospice" means a program that 13 provides hospice services and meets the minimum standards for 14 certification under the Medicare program set forth in the 15 Conditions of Participation in 42 CFR Part 418 but is not 16 required to be Medicare-certified.

17 (i) "Palliative care" means the management of pain and other distressing symptoms that incorporates medical, nursing, 18 19 psychosocial, and spiritual care according to the needs, 20 values, beliefs, and culture or cultures of the patient and his evaluation 21 or her family. The and treatment is 22 patient-centered, with a focus on the central role of the 23 family unit in decision-making.

(j) "Hospice service plan" means a plan detailing the specific hospice services offered by a comprehensive or volunteer hospice program, and the administrative and direct

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care personnel responsible for those services. The plan shall
 include but not be limited to:

3 4 (1) Identification of the person or persons administratively responsible for the program.

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(2) The estimated average monthly patient census.

6 (3) The proposed geographic area the hospice will 7 serve.

8 (4) A listing of those hospice services provided 9 directly by the hospice, and those hospice services 10 provided indirectly through a contractual agreement.

11 (5) The name and qualifications of those persons or 12 entities under contract to provide indirect hospice 13 services.

14 (6) The name and qualifications of those persons
15 providing direct hospice services, with the exception of
16 volunteers.

17 (7) A description of how the hospice plans to utilize18 volunteers in the provision of hospice services.

19 (8) A description of the program's record keeping20 system.

(k) "Terminally ill" means a medical prognosis by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches that a patient has an anticipated life expectancy of one year or less.

(1) "Volunteer" means a person who offers his or herservices to a hospice without compensation. Reimbursement for a

1 volunteer's expenses in providing hospice service shall not be 2 considered compensation.

3 (1-5) "Employee" means a paid or unpaid member of the staff 4 of a hospice program, or, if the hospice program is a 5 subdivision of an agency or organization, of the agency or 6 organization, who is appropriately trained and assigned to the 7 hospice program. "Employee" also means a volunteer whose duties 8 are prescribed by the hospice program and whose performance of 9 those duties is supervised by the hospice program.

10 (1-10) "Representative" means an individual who has been 11 authorized under State law to terminate an individual's medical 12 care or to elect or revoke the election of hospice care on 13 behalf of a terminally ill individual who is mentally or 14 physically incapacitated.

(m) "Volunteer hospice" means a program which provides hospice services to patients regardless of their ability to pay, with emphasis on the utilization of volunteers to provide services, under the administration of a not-for-profit agency. This definition does not prohibit the employment of staff. (Source: P.A. 93-319, eff. 7-23-03; 94-570, eff. 8-12-05.)

21 (210 ILCS 60/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6104)

22 Sec. 4. License.

(a) No person shall establish, conduct or maintain a
 comprehensive or volunteer hospice program without first
 obtaining a license from the Department. A hospice residence

1 may be operated only at the locations listed on the license. A 2 comprehensive hospice program owning or operating a hospice 3 residence is not subject to the provisions of the Nursing Home 4 Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care Act</u> in owning or operating 5 a hospice residence.

6 (b) No public or private agency shall advertise or present 7 itself to the public as a comprehensive or volunteer hospice 8 program which provides hospice services without meeting the 9 provisions of subsection (a).

10 (c) The license shall be valid only in the possession of 11 the hospice to which it was originally issued and shall not be 12 transferred or assigned to any other person, agency, or 13 corporation.

14 (d) The license shall be renewed annually.

(e) The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous placeinside the hospice program office.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-319, eff. 7-23-03; 94-570, eff. 8-12-05.)

Section 90-110. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Sections 3 and 6.09 as follows:

20 (210 ILCS 85/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 144)

21 Sec. 3. As used in this Act:

(A) "Hospital" means any institution, place, building, or
 agency, public or private, whether organized for profit or not,
 devoted primarily to the maintenance and operation of

facilities for the diagnosis and treatment or care of 2 or more unrelated persons admitted for overnight stay or longer in order to obtain medical, including obstetric, psychiatric and nursing, care of illness, disease, injury, infirmity, or deformity.

6 The term "hospital", without regard to length of stay, 7 shall also include:

8 (a) any facility which is devoted primarily to 9 providing psychiatric and related services and programs 10 for the diagnosis and treatment or care of 2 or more 11 unrelated persons suffering from emotional or nervous 12 diseases;

(b) all places where pregnant females are received,
cared for, or treated during delivery irrespective of the
number of patients received.

16 The term "hospital" includes general and specialized 17 hospitals, tuberculosis sanitaria, mental or psychiatric 18 hospitals and sanitaria, and includes maternity homes, 19 lying-in homes, and homes for unwed mothers in which care is 20 given during delivery.

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The term "hospital" does not include:

(1) any person or institution required to be licensed
pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD
<u>Community Care Act</u>, as amended;

(2) hospitalization or care facilities maintained by
 the State or any department or agency thereof, where such

1 2 department or agency has authority under law to establish and enforce standards for the hospitalization or care facilities under its management and control;

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(3) hospitalization or care facilities maintained by the federal government or agencies thereof;

6 (4) hospitalization or care facilities maintained by 7 any university or college established under the laws of 8 this State and supported principally by public funds raised 9 by taxation;

10 (5) any person or facility required to be licensed 11 pursuant to the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and 12 Dependency Act;

13 (6) any facility operated solely by and for persons who 14 rely exclusively upon treatment by spiritual means through 15 prayer, in accordance with the creed or tenets of any 16 well-recognized church or religious denomination; or

17 (7) An Alzheimer's disease management center
18 alternative health care model licensed under the
19 Alternative Health Care Delivery Act.

(B) "Person" means the State, and any political subdivision
or municipal corporation, individual, firm, partnership,
corporation, company, association, or joint stock association,
or the legal successor thereof.

(C) "Department" means the Department of Public Health ofthe State of Illinois.

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(D) "Director" means the Director of Public Health of the

1 State of Illinois.

2 (E) "Perinatal" means the period of time between the 3 conception of an infant and the end of the first month after 4 birth.

5 (F) "Federally designated organ procurement agency" means the organ procurement agency designated by the Secretary of the 6 7 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for the service 8 area in which a hospital is located; except that in the case of 9 a hospital located in a county adjacent to Wisconsin which 10 currently contracts with an organ procurement agency located in 11 Wisconsin that is not the organ procurement agency designated 12 by the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services for the 13 service area in which the hospital is located, if the hospital 14 applies for a waiver pursuant to 42 USC 1320b-8(a), it may 15 designate an organ procurement agency located in Wisconsin to 16 be thereafter deemed its federally designated organ 17 procurement agency for the purposes of this Act.

(G) "Tissue bank" means any facility or program operating 18 in Illinois that is certified by the American Association of 19 20 Tissue Banks or the Eye Bank Association of America and is involved in procuring, furnishing, donating, or distributing 21 22 corneas, bones, or other human tissue for the purpose of 23 injecting, transfusing, or transplanting any of them into the human body. "Tissue bank" does not include a licensed blood 24 25 bank. For the purposes of this Act, "tissue" does not include 26 organs.

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1 (Source: P.A. 91-838, eff. 6-16-00.)

(210 ILCS 85/6.09) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147.09)

3 Sec. 6.09. (a) In order to facilitate the orderly 4 transition of aged and disabled patients from hospitals to 5 post-hospital care, whenever a patient who qualifies for the 6 federal Medicare program is hospitalized, the patient shall be notified of discharge at least 24 hours prior to discharge from 7 8 the hospital. With regard to pending discharges to a skilled 9 nursing facility, the hospital must notify the case 10 coordination unit, as defined in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 240.260, at 11 least 24 hours prior to discharge or, if home health services 12 are ordered, the hospital must inform its designated case coordination unit, as defined in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 240.260, of 13 the pending discharge and must provide the patient with the 14 15 case coordination unit's telephone number and other contact 16 information.

(b) Every hospital shall develop procedures for a physician 17 with medical staff privileges at 18 the hospital or anv appropriate medical staff member to provide the discharge 19 20 notice prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section. The 21 procedures must include prohibitions against discharging or 22 referring a patient to any of the following if unlicensed, uncertified, or unregistered: (i) a board and care facility, as 23 24 defined in the Board and Care Home Act; (ii) an assisted living 25 and shared housing establishment, as defined in the Assisted

Living and Shared Housing Act; (iii) a facility licensed under 1 2 the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act; (iv) a supportive living facility, as defined in Section 5-5.01a of 3 the Illinois Public Aid Code; or (v) a free-standing hospice 4 5 facility licensed under the Hospice Program Licensing Act if 6 licensure, certification, or registration is required. The 7 Department of Public Health shall annually provide hospitals with a list of licensed, certified, or registered board and 8 9 facilities, assisted living and shared care housing 10 establishments, nursing homes, supportive living facilities, 11 and hospice facilities. Reliance upon this list by a hospital 12 shall satisfy compliance with this requirement. The procedure 13 may also include a waiver for any case in which a discharge 14 notice is not feasible due to a short length of stay in the 15 hospital by the patient, or for any case in which the patient 16 voluntarily desires to leave the hospital before the expiration 17 of the 24 hour period.

(c) At least 24 hours prior to discharge from the hospital, the patient shall receive written information on the patient's right to appeal the discharge pursuant to the federal Medicare program, including the steps to follow to appeal the discharge and the appropriate telephone number to call in case the patient intends to appeal the discharge.

24 (Source: P.A. 94-335, eff. 7-26-05; 95-80, eff. 8-13-07;
25 95-651, eff. 10-11-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

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1	Section	90-115.	The 1	Language	Assistance	Services	Act	is
2	amended by c	hanging	Sectio	n 10 as i	follows:			

3 (210 ILCS 87/10)

4 Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

6 "Interpreter" means a person fluent in English and in the 7 necessary language of the patient who can accurately speak, 8 read, and readily interpret the necessary second language, or a 9 person who can accurately sign and read sign language. 10 Interpreters shall have the ability to translate the names of 11 body parts and to describe completely symptoms and injuries in 12 both languages. Interpreters may include members of the medical or professional staff. 13

14 "Language or communication barriers" means either of the 15 following:

16 (1) With respect to spoken language, barriers that are
17 experienced by limited-English-speaking or
18 non-English-speaking individuals who speak the same
19 primary language, if those individuals constitute at least
20 5% of the patients served by the health facility annually.

(2) With respect to sign language, barriers that are
 experienced by individuals who are deaf and whose primary
 language is sign language.

24 "Health facility" means a hospital licensed under the 25 Hospital Licensing Act_L or a long-term care facility licensed

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6 changing Section 4 as follows:

7 (210 ILCS 135/4) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 1704)

8 Sec. 4. (a) Any community mental health or developmental 9 services agency who wishes to develop and support a variety of 10 community-integrated living arrangements may do so pursuant to 11 a license issued by the Department under this Act. However, 12 programs established under or otherwise subject to the Child 13 Care Act of 1969, or the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD 14 Community Care Act, as now or hereafter amended, shall remain 15 subject thereto, and this Act shall not be construed to limit the application of those Acts. 16

17 (b) The system of licensure established under this Act18 shall be for the purposes of:

19 (1)Insuring that all recipients residing in 20 community-integrated living arrangements are receiving 21 appropriate community-based services, including treatment, training and habilitation or rehabilitation; 22

(2) Insuring that recipients' rights are protected and thatall programs provided to and placements arranged for recipients

1 comply with this Act, the Mental Health and Developmental 2 Disabilities Code, and applicable Department rules and 3 regulations;

4 (3) Maintaining the integrity of communities by requiring
5 regular monitoring and inspection of placements and other
6 services provided in community-integrated living arrangements.

7 The licensure system shall be administered by a quality 8 assurance unit within the Department which shall be 9 administratively independent of units responsible for funding 10 of agencies or community services.

(c) As a condition of being licensed by the Department as a community mental health or developmental services agency under this Act, the agency shall certify to the Department that:

14 (1) All recipients residing in community-integrated living 15 arrangements are receiving appropriate community-based 16 services, including treatment, training and habilitation or 17 rehabilitation;

18 (2) All programs provided to and placements arranged for19 recipients are supervised by the agency; and

(3) All programs provided to and placements arranged for
 recipients comply with this Act, the Mental Health and
 Developmental Disabilities Code, and applicable Department
 rules and regulations.

(d) An applicant for licensure as a community mental health
 or developmental services agency under this Act shall submit an
 application pursuant to the application process established by

the Department by rule and shall pay an application fee in an amount established by the Department, which amount shall not be more than \$200.

4 (e) If an applicant meets the requirements established by
5 the Department to be licensed as a community mental health or
6 developmental services agency under this Act, after payment of
7 the licensing fee, the Department shall issue a license valid
8 for 3 years from the date thereof unless suspended or revoked
9 by the Department or voluntarily surrendered by the agency.

10 (f) Upon application to the Department, the Department may 11 issue a temporary permit to an applicant for a 6-month period 12 to allow the holder of such permit reasonable time to become 13 eligible for a license under this Act.

(g) (1) The Department may conduct site visits to an agency licensed under this Act, or to any program or placement certified by the agency, and inspect the records or premises, or both, of such agency, program or placement as it deems appropriate, for the purpose of determining compliance with this Act, the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, and applicable Department rules and regulations.

(2) If the Department determines that an agency licensed under this Act is not in compliance with this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated under this Act, the Department shall serve a notice of violation upon the licensee. Each notice of violation shall be prepared in writing and shall specify the nature of the violation, the statutory provision or

1 rule alleged to have been violated, and that the licensee 2 submit a plan of correction to the Department if required. The 3 notice shall also inform the licensee of any other action which 4 the Department might take pursuant to this Act and of the right 5 to a hearing.

6 (h) Upon the expiration of any license issued under this 7 Act, a license renewal application shall be required of and a 8 license renewal fee in an amount established by the Department 9 shall be charged to a community mental health or developmental 10 services agency, provided that such fee shall not be more than 11 \$200.

12 (Source: P.A. 86-820.)

Section 90-125. The Child Care Act of 1969 is amended by changing Section 2.06 as follows:

15 (225 ILCS 10/2.06) (from Ch. 23, par. 2212.06)

Sec. 2.06. "Child care institution" means a child care 16 facility where more than 7 children are received and maintained 17 for the purpose of providing them with care or training or 18 both. The term "child care institution" includes residential 19 20 schools, primarily serving ambulatory handicapped children, 21 and those operating a full calendar year, but does not include: Any State-operated institution for 22 child care (a) 23 established by legislative action;

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(b) Any juvenile detention or shelter care home established

1 and operated by any county or child protection district
2 established under the "Child Protection Act";

3 (c) Any institution, home, place or facility operating 4 under a license pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the</u> 5 <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u>;

6 (d) Any bona fide boarding school in which children are 7 primarily taught branches of education corresponding to those 8 taught in public schools, grades one through 12, or taught in 9 public elementary schools, high schools, or both elementary and 10 high schools, and which operates on a regular academic school 11 year basis; or

12 (e) Any facility licensed as a "group home" as defined in13 this Act.

14 (Source: P.A. 86-820.)

Section 90-130. The Health Care Worker Background Check Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

17 (225 ILCS 46/15)

18 Sec. 15. Definitions. In this Act:

19 "Applicant" means an individual seeking employment with a 20 health care employer who has received a bona fide conditional 21 offer of employment.

"Conditional offer of employment" means a bona fide offer of employment by a health care employer to an applicant, which is contingent upon the receipt of a report from the Department

of Public Health indicating that the applicant does not have a
 record of conviction of any of the criminal offenses enumerated
 in Section 25.

"Direct care" means the provision of nursing care or 4 5 assistance with feeding, dressing, movement, bathing, toileting, or other personal needs, including home services as 6 7 defined in the Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing 8 Agency Licensing Act. The entity responsible for inspecting and 9 licensing, certifying, or registering the health care employer 10 mav, bv administrative rule, prescribe guidelines for 11 interpreting this definition with regard to the health care 12 employers that it licenses.

13 "Disqualifying offenses" means those offenses set forth in14 Section 25 of this Act.

15 "Employee" means any individual hired, employed, or 16 retained to which this Act applies.

17 "Fingerprint-based criminal history records check" means a 18 livescan fingerprint-based criminal history records check 19 submitted as a fee applicant inquiry in the form and manner 20 prescribed by the Department of State Police.

21

"Health care employer" means:

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(1) the owner or licensee of any of the following:

(i) a community living facility, as defined in theCommunity Living Facilities Act;

(ii) a life care facility, as defined in the LifeCare Facilities Act;

(iii) a long-term care facility; 1 2 (iv) a home health agency, home services agency, or 3 home nursing agency as defined in the Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing Agency Licensing Act; 4 5 (v) a hospice care program or volunteer hospice program, as defined in the Hospice Program Licensing 6 7 Act; 8 (vi) a hospital, as defined in the Hospital 9 Licensing Act; 10 (vii) (blank); 11 (viii) a nurse agency, as defined in the Nurse 12 Agency Licensing Act; 13 (ix) a respite care provider, as defined in the 14 Respite Program Act; 15 (ix-a) an establishment licensed under the 16 Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act; 17 (x) a supportive living program, as defined in the Illinois Public Aid Code: 18 (xi) early childhood intervention programs as 19 described in 59 Ill. Adm. Code 121; 20 21 (xii) the University of Illinois Hospital, 22 Chicago; 23 (xiii) programs funded by the Department on Aging 24 through the Community Care Program; 25 (xiv) programs certified to participate in the 26 Supportive Living Program authorized pursuant to

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Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code;

2 (xv) programs listed by the Emergency Medical
3 Services (EMS) Systems Act as Freestanding Emergency
4 Centers;

5 (xvi) locations licensed under the Alternative
6 Health Care Delivery Act;

7 (2) a day training program certified by the Department
8 of Human Services;

9 (3) a community integrated living arrangement operated 10 by a community mental health and developmental service 11 agency, as defined in the Community-Integrated Living 12 Arrangements Licensing and Certification Act; or

(4) the State Long Term Care Ombudsman Program,
including any regional long term care ombudsman programs
under Section 4.04 of the Illinois Act on the Aging, only
for the purpose of securing background checks.

17 "Initiate" means obtaining from a student, applicant, or employee his or her social security number, demographics, a 18 19 disclosure statement, and an authorization for the Department 20 of Public Health or its designee to request a fingerprint-based 21 criminal history records check; transmitting this information 22 electronically to the Department of Public Health; conducting 23 Internet searches on certain web sites, including without limitation the Illinois Sex Offender Registry, the Department 24 25 of Corrections' Sex Offender Search Engine, the Department of 26 Corrections' Inmate Search Engine, the Department of

Corrections Wanted Fugitives Search Engine, the National Sex 1 2 Offender Public Registry, and the website of the Health and 3 Human Services Office of Inspector General to determine if the applicant has been adjudicated a sex offender, has been a 4 5 prison inmate, or has committed Medicare or Medicaid fraud, or 6 conducting similar searches as defined by rule; and having the 7 student, applicant, or employee's fingerprints collected and 8 transmitted electronically to the Department of State Police.

9 "Livescan vendor" means an entity whose equipment has been 10 certified by the Department of State Police to collect an 11 individual's demographics and inkless fingerprints and, in a 12 manner prescribed by the Department of State Police and the 13 Department of Public Health, electronically transmit the fingerprints and required data to the Department of State 14 15 Police and a daily file of required data to the Department of 16 Public Health. The Department of Public Health shall negotiate 17 contract with one more vendors that effectively а or demonstrate that the vendor has 2 or more years of experience 18 19 transmitting fingerprints electronically to the Department of 20 State Police and that the vendor can successfully transmit the required data in a manner prescribed by the Department of 21 22 Public Health. Vendor authorization may be further defined by 23 administrative rule.

24 "Long-term care facility" means a facility licensed by the 25 State or certified under federal law as a long-term care 26 facility, including without limitation facilities licensed

1 under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care</u>
2 <u>Act</u>, a supportive living facility, an assisted living
3 establishment, or a shared housing establishment or registered
4 as a board and care home.

5 (Source: P.A. 94-379, eff. 1-1-06; 94-570, eff. 8-12-05;
6 94-665, eff. 1-1-06; 95-120, eff. 8-13-07; 95-331, eff.
7 8-21-07.)

8 Section 90-135. The Nursing Home Administrators Licensing 9 and Disciplinary Act is amended by changing Sections 4 and 17 10 as follows:

11 (225 ILCS 70/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 3654)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

Sec. 4. Definitions. For purposes of this Act, the following definitions shall have the following meanings, except where the context requires otherwise:

16 (1) "Act" means the Nursing Home Administrators17 Licensing and Disciplinary Act.

18 (2) "Department" means the Department of Financial and19 Professional Regulation.

20 (3) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
 21 Professional Regulation.

(4) "Board" means the Nursing Home Administrators
 Licensing and Disciplinary Board appointed by the
 Governor.

1 (5) "Nursing home administrator" means the individual 2 licensed under this Act and directly responsible for 3 planning, organizing, directing and supervising the 4 operation of a nursing home, or who in fact performs such 5 functions, whether or not such functions are delegated to 6 one or more other persons.

7 (6) "Nursing home" or "facility" means any entity that 8 is required to be licensed by the Department of Public 9 Health under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD 10 Community Care Act, as amended, other than a sheltered care 11 home as defined thereunder, and includes private homes, 12 institutions, buildings, residences, or other places, whether operated for profit or not, irrespective of the 13 14 names attributed to them, county homes for the infirm and 15 chronically ill operated pursuant to the County Nursing 16 Home Act, as amended, and any similar institutions operated 17 by a political subdivision of the State of Illinois that 18 provide, though their ownership or management, 19 maintenance, personal care, and nursing for 3 or more 20 persons, not related to the owner by blood or marriage, or 21 any similar facilities in which maintenance is provided to 22 3 or more persons who by reason of illness of physical 23 infirmity require personal care and nursing.

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(7) "Maintenance" means food, shelter and laundry.

(8) "Personal care" means assistance with meals,
 dressing, movement, bathing, or other personal needs, or

1 general supervision of the physical and mental well-being 2 of an individual who because of age, physical, or mental 3 disability, emotion or behavior disorder, or mental 4 retardation is incapable of managing his or her person, 5 whether or not a guardian has been appointed for such 6 individual. For the purposes of this Act, this definition 7 does not include the professional services of a nurse.

8 (9) "Nursing" means professional nursing or practical 9 nursing, as those terms are defined in the Nurse Practice 10 Act, for sick or infirm persons who are under the care and 11 supervision of licensed physicians or dentists.

(10) "Disciplinary action" means revocation,
suspension, probation, supervision, reprimand, required
education, fines or any other action taken by the
Department against a person holding a license.

16 (11) "Impaired" means the inability to practice with 17 reasonable skill and safety due to physical or mental disabilities as evidenced by a written determination or 18 written consent based on clinical evidence including 19 20 deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, or abuse of drugs or alcohol, of sufficient degree 21 to diminish a person's ability to administer a nursing 22 23 home.

(12) "Address of record" means the designated address
 recorded by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's
 application file or license file maintained by the

Department's licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or licensee to inform the Department of any change of address, and such changes must be made either through the Department's website or by contacting the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

6 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07; 95-703, eff. 12-31-07; 7 revised 1-7-08.)

8 (225 ILCS 70/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 3667)

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9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
10 Sec. 17. Grounds for disciplinary action.

(a) The Department may impose fines not to exceed \$10,000 or may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, censure, reprimand or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to the license of any person, for any one or combination of the following causes:

17 (1) Intentional material misstatement in furnishing18 information to the Department.

(2) Conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any crime that is a felony under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof or a misdemeanor of which an essential element is dishonesty or that is directly related to the practice of the profession of nursing home administration.

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(3) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of

obtaining a license, or violating any provision of this
 Act.

3 (4) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such 4 as sexual abuse or sexual misconduct, related to the 5 licensee's practice.

6 (5) Failing to respond within 30 days, to a written 7 request made by the Department for information.

8 (6) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or 9 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, 10 defraud or harm the public.

11 (7) Habitual use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, 12 stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which 13 results in the inability to practice with reasonable 14 judgment, skill or safety.

(8) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction if at least
one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or
substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.

(9) A finding by the Department that the licensee,
after having his or her license placed on probationary
status has violated the terms of probation.

(10) Willfully making or filing false records or
reports in his or her practice, including but not limited
to false records filed with State agencies or departments.

(11) Physical illness, mental illness, or other
 impairment or disability, including, but not limited to,
 deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor

skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.

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(12) Disregard or violation of this Act or of any rule issued pursuant to this Act.

5 (13) Aiding or abetting another in the violation of 6 this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this 7 Act.

8 (14) Allowing one's license to be used by an unlicensed9 person.

10 (15) (Blank).

11 (16) Professional incompetence in the practice of 12 nursing home administration.

(17) Conviction of a violation of Section 12-19 of the
Criminal Code of 1961 for the abuse and gross neglect of a
long term care facility resident.

(18) Violation of the Nursing Home Care Act or the
 <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u> or of any rule issued under the
 Nursing Home Care Act or the <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u>.

19 All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary 20 status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the 21 22 foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after 23 receipt by the Department of (i) a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the 24 25 acts described herein or (ii) a referral for investigation 26 under Section 3-108 of the Nursing Home Care Act.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court 1 2 establishing that any person holding a license under this Act 3 is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume their 4 5 practice only upon the entry of a Department order based upon a 6 finding by the Board that they have been determined to be 7 recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Board's 8 recommendation that they be permitted to resume their practice.

9 The Department, upon the recommendation of the Board, may 10 adopt rules which set forth standards to be used in determining 11 what constitutes:

12 (i) when a person will be deemed sufficiently13 rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;

14 (ii) dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct 15 of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the 16 public;

17 (iii) immoral conduct in the commission of any act 18 related to the licensee's practice; and

19 (iv) professional incompetence in the practice of20 nursing home administration.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for

licensure pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or 1 2 physical examination, or both, as required by and at the 3 expense of the Department. The examining physician or physicians shall be those specifically designated by the 4 5 Department or Board. The Department or Board may order the 6 examining physician to present testimony concerning this 7 mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No 8 information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or 9 statutory privilege relating to communications between the 10 licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The 11 individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, 12 another physician of his or her choice present during all 13 aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit 14 to mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be 15 grounds for suspension of his or her license until such time as 16 the individual submits to the examination if the Department 17 finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause. 18

19 If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to 20 practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board shall require such individual to submit to 21 22 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 23 designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to 24 25 practice; or in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the 26 Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the

Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, 1 2 or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. Any individual whose license was granted pursuant to this Act or 3 continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, 4 5 subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions who shall 6 fail to comply with such terms, conditions or restrictions 7 shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended 8 9 immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. In instances 10 in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under 11 this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be 12 convened by the Board within 30 days after such suspension and 13 completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board 14 shall have the authority to review the subject administrator's 15 record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment, to 16 the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and 17 safeguarding the confidentiality of medical regulations records. 18

An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

(b) Any individual or organization acting in good faith,
and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this
Act by providing any report or other information to the

Department, or assisting in the investigation or preparation of such information, or by participating in proceedings of the Department, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.

(c) Members of the Board, and persons retained under 6 7 contract to assist and advise in an investigation, shall be indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the 8 9 scope of services on or for the Board, done in good faith and 10 not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall 11 defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that 12 there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or 13 that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton. 14

15 Should the Attorney General decline representation, a 16 person entitled to indemnification under this Section shall 17 have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose 18 fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the 19 Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court 20 that the member's actions were not in good faith or were wilful 21 and wanton.

A person entitled to indemnification under this Section must notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and

1 indemnification.

The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to represent a person entitled to indemnification under this Section.

6 (d) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is 7 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as 8 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 9 Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. Such 10 suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the 11 patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or 12 judicial admission and issues an order so finding and 13 discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the 14 Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume 15 his or her practice.

(e) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(f) The Department of Public Health shall transmit to the Department a list of those facilities which receive an "A" violation as defined in Section 1-129 of the Nursing Home Care Act.

- 379 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b HB0966 (Source: P.A. 95-703, eff. 12-31-07.) 1 2 Section 90-140. The Pharmacy Practice Act is amended by 3 changing Section 3 as follows: (225 ILCS 85/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 4123) 4 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018) Sec. 3. Definitions. For the purpose of this Act, except 6 7 where otherwise limited therein: 8 (a) "Pharmacy" or "drugstore" means and includes every 9 store, shop, pharmacy department, or other place where 10 pharmacist care is provided by a pharmacist (1) where drugs, 11 medicines, or poisons are dispensed, sold or offered for sale at retail, or displayed for sale at retail; or (2) where 12 prescriptions of physicians, dentists, advanced practice 13 14 nurses, physician assistants, veterinarians, podiatrists, or 15 optometrists, within the limits of their licenses, are compounded, filled, or dispensed; or (3) which has upon it or 16 displayed within it, or affixed to or used in connection with 17 it, a sign bearing the word or words "Pharmacist", "Druggist", 18 "Pharmacy", "Pharmaceutical Care", "Apothecary", "Drugstore", 19 20 "Medicine Store", "Prescriptions", "Drugs", "Dispensary", 21 "Medicines", or any word or words of similar or like import, either in the English language or any other language; or (4) 22

23 where the characteristic prescription sign (Rx) or similar 24 design is exhibited; or (5) any store, or shop, or other place 1 with respect to which any of the above words, objects, signs or 2 designs are used in any advertisement.

(b) "Drugs" means and includes (1) articles recognized in 3 the official United States Pharmacopoeia/National Formulary 4 5 (USP/NF), or any supplement thereto and being intended for and 6 having for their main use the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 7 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals, as 8 approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, but 9 does not include devices or their components, parts, or 10 accessories; and (2) all other articles intended for and having 11 for their main use the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment 12 or prevention of disease in man or other animals, as approved 13 by the United States Food and Drug Administration, but does not 14 include devices or their components, parts, or accessories; and 15 (3) articles (other than food) having for their main use and 16 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of 17 man or other animals; and (4) articles having for their main use and intended for use as a component or any articles 18 specified in clause (1), (2) or (3); but does not include 19 20 devices or their components, parts or accessories.

(c) "Medicines" means and includes all drugs intended for human or veterinary use approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

(d) "Practice of pharmacy" means (1) the interpretation and
 the provision of assistance in the monitoring, evaluation, and
 implementation of prescription drug orders; (2) the dispensing

of prescription drug orders; (3) participation in drug and 1 2 device selection; (4) drug administration limited to the administration of oral, topical, injectable, and inhalation as 3 follows: in the context of patient education on the proper use 4 5 or delivery of medications; vaccination of patients 14 years of age and older pursuant to a valid prescription or standing 6 7 order, by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its 8 branches, upon completion of appropriate training, including 9 how to address contraindications and adverse reactions set 10 forth by rule, with notification to the patient's physician and 11 appropriate record retention, or pursuant to hospital pharmacy 12 and therapeutics committee policies and procedures; (5) drug 13 regimen review; (6) drug or drug-related research; (7) the patient counseling; 14 provision of (8) the practice of telepharmacy; (9) the provision of those acts or services 15 16 necessary to provide pharmacist care; (10) medication therapy 17 management; and (11) the responsibility for compounding and drugs and devices (except labeling by 18 labeling of а 19 manufacturer, repackager, or distributor of non-prescription 20 drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs and devices), proper and safe storage of drugs and devices, and maintenance 21 22 of required records. A pharmacist who performs any of the acts 23 defined as the practice of pharmacy in this State must be actively licensed as a pharmacist under this Act. 24

(e) "Prescription" means and includes any written, oral,
 facsimile, or electronically transmitted order for drugs or

medical devices, issued by a physician licensed to practice 1 2 medicine in all its branches, dentist, veterinarian, or 3 podiatrist, or optometrist, within the limits of their licenses, by a physician assistant in accordance with 4 5 subsection (f) of Section 4, or by an advanced practice nurse in accordance with subsection (q) of Section 4, containing the 6 7 following: (1) name of the patient; (2) date when prescription 8 was issued; (3) name and strength of drug or description of the 9 medical device prescribed; and (4) quantity, (5) directions for 10 use, (6) prescriber's name, address and signature, and (7) DEA 11 number where required, for controlled substances. DEA numbers 12 shall not be required on inpatient drug orders.

13 (f) "Person" means and includes a natural person, 14 copartnership, association, corporation, government entity, or 15 any other legal entity.

16 (g) "Department" means the Department of Financial and 17 Professional Regulation.

(h) "Board of Pharmacy" or "Board" means the State Board of
Pharmacy of the Department of Financial and Professional
Regulation.

(i) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial andProfessional Regulation.

(j) "Drug product selection" means the interchange for a prescribed pharmaceutical product in accordance with Section 25 of this Act and Section 3.14 of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

(k) "Inpatient drug order" means an order issued by an 1 2 authorized prescriber for a resident or patient of a facility 3 licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the Hospital Licensing Act, or "An Act in relation 4 5 to the founding and operation of the University of Illinois Hospital and the conduct of University of Illinois health care 6 7 programs", approved July 3, 1931, as amended, or a facility 8 which is operated by the Department of Human Services (as 9 successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental 10 Disabilities) or the Department of Corrections.

11 (k-5) "Pharmacist" means an individual health care 12 professional and provider currently licensed by this State to 13 engage in the practice of pharmacy.

(1) "Pharmacist in charge" means the licensed pharmacist whose name appears on a pharmacy license and who is responsible for all aspects of the operation related to the practice of pharmacy.

(m) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the interpretation, 18 evaluation, and implementation of a prescription drug order, 19 20 including the preparation and delivery of a drug or device to a 21 patient or patient's agent in а suitable container 22 appropriately labeled for subsequent administration to or use 23 by a patient in accordance with applicable State and federal laws and regulations. "Dispense" or "dispensing" does not mean 24 25 physical delivery to a patient or patient's the а 26 representative in a home or institution by a designee of a pharmacist or by common carrier. "Dispense" or "dispensing" also does not mean the physical delivery of a drug or medical device to a patient or patient's representative by a pharmacist's designee within a pharmacy or drugstore while the pharmacist is on duty and the pharmacy is open.

6 (n) "Nonresident pharmacy" means a pharmacy that is located 7 in a state, commonwealth, or territory of the United States, 8 other than Illinois, that delivers, dispenses, or distributes, 9 through the United States Postal Service, commercially 10 acceptable parcel delivery service, or other common carrier, to 11 Illinois residents, any substance which requires а 12 prescription.

13 (o) "Compounding" means the preparation and mixing of 14 components, excluding flavorings, (1) as the result of a 15 prescriber's prescription drug order or initiative based on the 16 prescriber-patient-pharmacist relationship in the course of 17 professional practice or (2) for the purpose of, or incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale 18 or dispensing. "Compounding" includes the preparation of drugs 19 20 or devices in anticipation of receiving prescription drug 21 orders based on routine, regularly observed dispensing 22 patterns. Commercially available products may be compounded 23 for dispensing to individual patients only if all of the following conditions are met: (i) the commercial product is not 24 25 reasonably available from normal distribution channels in a 26 timely manner to meet the patient's needs and (ii) the

1 prescribing practitioner has requested that the drug be 2 compounded.

3 (p) (Blank).

4 (q) (Blank).

5 (r) "Patient counseling" means the communication between a 6 pharmacist or a pharmacy intern under the supervision of a pharmacist and a patient or the patient's representative about 7 the patient's medication or device for the purpose of 8 9 optimizing proper use of prescription medications or devices. 10 "Patient counseling" may include without limitation (1)11 obtaining a medication history; (2) acquiring a patient's 12 allergies and health conditions; (3) facilitation of the 13 patient's understanding of the intended use of the medication; (4) proper directions for use; (5) significant potential 14 15 adverse events; (6) potential food-drug interactions; and (7) 16 the need to be compliant with the medication therapy. A pharmacy technician may only participate in the following 17 aspects of patient counseling under the supervision of a 18 pharmacist: (1) obtaining medication history; (2) providing 19 20 the offer for counseling by a pharmacist or intern; and (3) acquiring a patient's allergies and health conditions. 21

(s) "Patient profiles" or "patient drug therapy record" means the obtaining, recording, and maintenance of patient prescription information, including prescriptions for controlled substances, and personal information.

26 (t) (Blank).

"Medical device" means an instrument, apparatus, 1 (u) 2 implement, machine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or 3 other similar or related article, including any component part or accessory, required under federal law to bear the label 4 5 "Caution: Federal law requires dispensing by or on the order of a physician". A seller of goods and services who, only for the 6 purpose of retail sales, compounds, sells, rents, or leases 7 8 medical devices shall not, by reasons thereof, be required to 9 be a licensed pharmacy.

10 (v) "Unique identifier" means an electronic signature, 11 handwritten signature or initials, thumb print, or other 12 acceptable biometric or electronic identification process as 13 approved by the Department.

14 (w) "Current usual and customary retail price" means the 15 price that a pharmacy charges to a non-third-party payor .

16 (x) "Automated pharmacy system" means a mechanical system
17 located within the confines of the pharmacy or remote location
18 that performs operations or activities, other than compounding
19 or administration, relative to storage, packaging, dispensing,
20 or distribution of medication, and which collects, controls,
21 and maintains all transaction information.

(y) "Drug regimen review" means and includes the evaluation of prescription drug orders and patient records for (1) known allergies; (2) drug or potential therapy contraindications; (3) reasonable dose, duration of use, and route of administration, taking into consideration factors such as age,

gender, and contraindications; (4) reasonable directions for 1 2 use; (5) potential or actual adverse drug reactions; (6) interactions; (7) drug-food interactions; 3 drug-drug (8) drug-disease contraindications; (9) therapeutic duplication; 4 5 (10) patient laboratory values when authorized and available; 6 (11) proper utilization (including over or under utilization) and optimum therapeutic outcomes; and (12) abuse and misuse. 7

8 "Electronic transmission prescription" means (Z) any 9 prescription order for which a facsimile or electronic image of the order is electronically transmitted from a licensed 10 11 prescriber to pharmacy. "Electronic transmission а 12 prescription" includes both data and image prescriptions.

13 "Medication therapy management services" means a (aa) distinct service or group of services offered by licensed 14 15 pharmacists, physicians licensed to practice medicine in all 16 its branches, advanced practice nurses authorized in a written 17 agreement with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or physician assistants authorized in guidelines 18 19 by a supervising physician that optimize therapeutic outcomes 20 for individual patients through improved medication use. In a 21 retail or other non-hospital pharmacy, medication therapy 22 management services shall consist of the evaluation of 23 prescription drug orders and patient medication records to resolve conflicts with the following: 24

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(1) known allergies;

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(2) drug or potential therapy contraindications;

(3) reasonable dose, duration of use, and route of 1 2 administration, taking into consideration factors such as 3 age, gender, and contraindications; (4) reasonable directions for use; 4 5 (5) potential or actual adverse drug reactions; 6 (6) drug-drug interactions; 7 (7) drug-food interactions; 8 (8) drug-disease contraindications; 9 (9) identification of therapeutic duplication; 10 (10) patient laboratory values when authorized and 11 available; 12 (11) proper utilization (including over or under 13 utilization) and optimum therapeutic outcomes; and (12) drug abuse and misuse. 14 15 "Medication therapy management services" includes the 16 following: 17 the services delivered (1)documenting and 18 communicating the information provided to patients' 19 prescribers within an appropriate time frame, not to exceed 48 hours: 20 21 (2) providing patient counseling designed to enhance a 22 patient's understanding and the appropriate use of his or 23 her medications: and 24 (3) providing information, support services, and 25 resources designed to enhance a patient's adherence with 26 his or her prescribed therapeutic regimens.

1 "Medication therapy management services" may also include 2 patient care functions authorized by a physician licensed to 3 practice medicine in all its branches for his or her identified 4 patient or groups of patients under specified conditions or 5 limitations in a standing order from the physician.

6 "Medication therapy management services" in a licensed7 hospital may also include the following:

8 (1) reviewing assessments of the patient's health 9 status; and

10 (2) following protocols of a hospital pharmacy and 11 therapeutics committee with respect to the fulfillment of 12 medication orders.

(bb) "Pharmacist care" means the provision by a pharmacist of medication therapy management services, with or without the dispensing of drugs or devices, intended to achieve outcomes that improve patient health, quality of life, and comfort and enhance patient safety.

18 (cc) "Protected health information" means individually 19 identifiable health information that, except as otherwise 20 provided, is:

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(1) transmitted by electronic media;

(2) maintained in any medium set forth in the
 definition of "electronic media" in the federal Health
 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; or

(3) transmitted or maintained in any other form ormedium.

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1 "Protected health information" does not include individually
2 identifiable health information found in:

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3 (1) education records covered by the federal
4 Family Educational Right and Privacy Act; or

5 (2) employment records held by a licensee in its 6 role as an employer.

7 (dd) "Standing order" means a specific order for a patient
8 or group of patients issued by a physician licensed to practice
9 medicine in all its branches in Illinois.

10 (ee) "Address of record" means the address recorded by the 11 Department in the applicant's or licensee's application file or 12 license file, as maintained by the Department's licensure 13 maintenance unit.

14 (ff) "Home pharmacy" means the location of a pharmacy's 15 primary operations.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-459, eff. 1-1-06; 95-689, eff. 10-29-07.)

Section 90-145. The Nurse Agency Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

19 (225 ILCS 510/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 953)

20 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act:

(a) "Certified nurse aide" means an individual certified as
 defined in Section 3-206 of the Nursing Home Care Act or
 <u>Section 3-206 of the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, as now or
 hereafter amended.

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(b) "Department" means the Department of Labor.

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(c) "Director" means the Director of Labor.

3 (d) "Health care facility" is defined as in Section 3 of 4 the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act, as now or 5 hereafter amended.

6 (e) "Licensee" means any nursing agency which is properly7 licensed under this Act.

8 (f) "Nurse" means a registered nurse or a licensed 9 practical nurse as defined in the Nurse Practice Act.

10 (q) "Nurse agency" means any individual, firm, 11 corporation, partnership or other legal entity that employs, 12 assigns or refers nurses or certified nurse aides to a health 13 care facility for a fee. The term "nurse agency" includes nurses registries. The term "nurse agency" does not include 14 15 services provided by home health agencies licensed and operated under the Home Health, Home Services, and Home Nursing Agency 16 17 Licensing Act or a licensed or certified individual who provides his or her own services as a regular employee of a 18 19 health care facility, nor does it apply to a health care 20 facility's organizing nonsalaried employees to provide 21 services only in that facility.

22 (Source: P.A. 94-379, eff. 1-1-06; 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

Section 90-150. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 5-5.4, 5-5.7, 5-6, 5B-1, 5B-8, 5E-5, and 8A-11 as follows:

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(305 ILCS 5/5-5.4) (from Ch. 23, par. 5-5.4)

Sec. 5-5.4. Standards of Payment - Department of Healthcare and Family Services. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop standards of payment of skilled nursing and intermediate care services in facilities providing such services under this Article which:

7 (1) Provide for the determination of a facility's payment 8 for skilled nursing and intermediate care services on a 9 prospective basis. The amount of the payment rate for all 10 nursing facilities certified by the Department of Public Health 11 under the MR/DD Community Care Act or the Nursing Home Care Act 12 Intermediate Care for the Developmentally Disabled as 13 facilities, Long Term Care for Under Age 22 facilities, Skilled 14 Nursing facilities, or Intermediate Care facilities under the 15 medical assistance program shall be prospectively established 16 annually on the basis of historical, financial, and statistical data reflecting actual costs from prior years, which shall be 17 applied to the current rate year and updated for inflation, 18 19 except that the capital cost element for newly constructed 20 facilities shall be based upon projected budgets. The annually 21 established payment rate shall take effect on July 1 in 1984 22 and subsequent years. No rate increase and no update for inflation shall be provided on or after July 1, 1994 and before 23 24 July 1, 2009, unless specifically provided for in this Section. The changes made by Public Act 93-841 extending the duration of 25

1 the prohibition against a rate increase or update for inflation 2 are effective retroactive to July 1, 2004.

3 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the 4 5 Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on July 1, 1998 6 shall include an increase of 3%. For facilities licensed by the 7 8 Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as 9 Skilled Nursing facilities or Intermediate Care facilities, the rates taking effect on July 1, 1998 shall include an 10 11 increase of 3% plus \$1.10 per resident-day, as defined by the 12 Department. For facilities licensed by the Department of Public 13 Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care 14 Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled or Long Term Care 15 for Under Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on January 2006 shall include an increase of 3%. For facilities 16 1. 17 licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Intermediate Care Facilities 18 Home Care Act as for the 19 Developmentally Disabled or Long Term Care for Under Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on January 1, 2009 shall 20 include an increase sufficient to provide a \$0.50 per hour wage 21 22 increase for non-executive staff.

For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on July 1, 1999

shall include an increase of 1.6% plus \$3.00 per resident-day, 1 2 as defined by the Department. For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as 3 Skilled Nursing facilities or Intermediate Care facilities, 4 the rates taking effect on July 1, 1999 shall include an 5 increase of 1.6% and, for services provided on or after October 6 7 1, 1999, shall be increased by \$4.00 per resident-day, as 8 defined by the Department.

9 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health 10 under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the 11 Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under 12 Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on July 1, 2000 shall include an increase of 2.5% per resident-day, as defined 13 14 by the Department. For facilities licensed by the Department of 15 Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Skilled 16 Nursing facilities or Intermediate Care facilities, the rates 17 taking effect on July 1, 2000 shall include an increase of 2.5% per resident-day, as defined by the Department. 18

19 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health 20 under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities 21 or intermediate care facilities, a new payment methodology must 22 be implemented for the nursing component of the rate effective 23 July 1, 2003. The Department of Public Aid (now Healthcare and Family Services) shall develop the new payment methodology 24 25 using the Minimum Data Set (MDS) as the instrument to collect 26 information concerning nursing home resident condition

necessary to compute the rate. The Department shall develop the 1 2 new payment methodology to meet the unique needs of Illinois 3 home residents while remaining subject to nursing the appropriations provided by the General Assembly. A transition 4 5 period from the payment methodology in effect on June 30, 2003 to the payment methodology in effect on July 1, 2003 shall be 6 7 provided for a period not exceeding 3 years and 184 days after 8 implementation of the new payment methodology as follows:

9 (A) For a facility that would receive a lower nursing 10 component rate per patient day under the new system than 11 the facility received effective on the date immediately 12 preceding the date that the Department implements the new 13 payment methodology, the nursing component rate per 14 patient day for the facility shall be held at the level in 15 effect on the date immediately preceding the date that the 16 Department implements the new payment methodology until a 17 higher nursing component rate of reimbursement is achieved by that facility. 18

19 (B) For a facility that would receive a higher nursing 20 component rate per patient day under the payment methodology in effect on July 1, 2003 than the facility 21 22 received effective on the date immediately preceding the 23 date that the Department implements the new payment 24 methodology, the nursing component rate per patient day for 25 the facility shall be adjusted.

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(C) Notwithstanding paragraphs (A) and (B), the

nursing component rate per patient day for the facility
 shall be adjusted subject to appropriations provided by the
 General Assembly.

For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on March 1, 2001 shall include a statewide increase of 7.85%, as defined by the Department.

10 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for 11 facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under 12 the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or 13 intermediate care facilities, the numerator of the ratio used 14 by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services to compute 15 the rate payable under this Section using the Minimum Data Set 16 (MDS) methodology shall incorporate the following annual 17 amounts as the additional funds appropriated to the Department specifically to pay for rates based on the MDS nursing 18 19 component methodology in excess of the funding in effect on 20 December 31, 2006:

21 (i) For rates taking effect January 1, 2007,
 22 \$60,000,000.

23 (ii) For rates taking effect January 1, 2008,
 24 \$110,000,000.

25 (iii) For rates taking effect January 1, 2009,
 26 \$194,000,000.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for 1 2 facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or 3 intermediate care facilities, the support component of the 4 5 rates taking effect on January 1, 2008 shall be computed using 6 the most recent cost reports on file with the Department of 7 Healthcare and Family Services no later than April 1, 2005, 8 updated for inflation to January 1, 2006.

9 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health 10 under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the 11 Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under 12 Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on April 1, 2002 13 shall include a statewide increase of 2.0%, as defined by the 14 Department. This increase terminates on July 1, 2002; beginning 15 July 1, 2002 these rates are reduced to the level of the rates 16 in effect on March 31, 2002, as defined by the Department.

17 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities 18 19 or intermediate care facilities, the rates taking effect on 20 July 1, 2001 shall be computed using the most recent cost reports on file with the Department of Public Aid no later than 21 22 April 1, 2000, updated for inflation to January 1, 2001. For 23 rates effective July 1, 2001 only, rates shall be the greater of the rate computed for July 1, 2001 or the rate effective on 24 25 June 30, 2001.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for

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facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or intermediate care facilities, the Illinois Department shall determine by rule the rates taking effect on July 1, 2002, which shall be 5.9% less than the rates in effect on June 30, 2002.

7 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for 8 facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under 9 the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or 10 intermediate care facilities, if the payment methodologies required under Section 5A-12 and the waiver granted under 42 11 12 CFR 433.68 are approved by the United States Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the rates taking effect on July 13 1, 2004 shall be 3.0% greater than the rates in effect on June 14 15 30, 2004. These rates shall take effect only upon approval and 16 implementation of the payment methodologies required under 17 Section 5A-12.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, for facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or intermediate care facilities, the rates taking effect on January 1, 2005 shall be 3% more than the rates in effect on December 31, 2004.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or

intermediate care facilities, effective January 1, 2009, the 1 2 per diem support component of the rates effective on January 1, 3 2008, computed using the most recent cost reports on file with the Department of Healthcare and Family Services no later than 4 5 April 1, 2005, updated for inflation to January 1, 2006, shall be increased to the amount that would have been derived using 6 7 standard Department of Healthcare and Family Services methods, 8 procedures, and inflators.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, for 10 facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under 11 the Nursing Home Care Act as intermediate care facilities that 12 are federally defined as Institutions for Mental Disease, a 13 socio-development component rate equal to 6.6% of the 14 facility's nursing component rate as of January 1, 2006 shall 15 be established and paid effective July 1, 2006. The 16 socio-development component of the rate shall be increased by a 17 factor of 2.53 on the first day of the month that begins at least 45 days after January 11, 2008 (the effective date of 18 19 Public Act 95-707). As of August 1, 2008, the socio-development 20 component rate shall be equal to 6.6% of the facility's nursing component rate as of January 1, 2006, multiplied by a factor of 21 22 3.53. The Illinois Department may by rule adjust these 23 socio-development component rates, but in no case may such 24 rates be diminished.

For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the

Developmentally Disabled facilities or as long-term care facilities for residents under 22 years of age, the rates taking effect on July 1, 2003 shall include a statewide increase of 4%, as defined by the Department.

5 For facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health 6 under the Nursing Home Care Act as Intermediate Care for the 7 Developmentally Disabled facilities or Long Term Care for Under 8 Age 22 facilities, the rates taking effect on the first day of 9 the month that begins at least 45 days after the effective date 10 of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall include a statewide increase of 2.5%, as defined by the 11 12 Department.

13 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for 14 facilities licensed by the Department of Public Health under 15 the Nursing Home Care Act as skilled nursing facilities or 16 intermediate care facilities, effective January 1, 2005, 17 facility rates shall be increased by the difference between (i) a facility's per diem property, liability, and malpractice 18 19 insurance costs as reported in the cost report filed with the 20 Department of Public Aid and used to establish rates effective 21 July 1, 2001 and (ii) those same costs as reported in the 22 facility's 2002 cost report. These costs shall be passed 23 through to the facility without caps or limitations, except for adjustments required under normal auditing procedures. 24

25 Rates established effective each July 1 shall govern 26 payment for services rendered throughout that fiscal year,

except that rates established on July 1, 1996 shall be 1 2 increased by 6.8% for services provided on or after January 1, 1997. Such rates will be based upon the rates calculated for 3 the year beginning July 1, 1990, and for subsequent years 4 5 thereafter until June 30, 2001 shall be based on the facility cost reports for the facility fiscal year ending at any point 6 7 in time during the previous calendar year, updated to the 8 midpoint of the rate year. The cost report shall be on file 9 with the Department no later than April 1 of the current rate 10 year. Should the cost report not be on file by April 1, the 11 Department shall base the rate on the latest cost report filed 12 by each skilled care facility and intermediate care facility, 13 updated to the midpoint of the current rate year. In 14 determining rates for services rendered on and after July 1, 15 1985, fixed time shall not be computed at less than zero. The 16 Department shall not make any alterations of regulations which 17 would reduce any component of the Medicaid rate to a level below what that component would have been utilizing in the rate 18 19 effective on July 1, 1984.

20 (2) Shall take into account the actual costs incurred by 21 facilities in providing services for recipients of skilled 22 nursing and intermediate care services under the medical 23 assistance program.

(3) Shall take into account the medical and psycho-socialcharacteristics and needs of the patients.

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(4) Shall take into account the actual costs incurred by

1 facilities in meeting licensing and certification standards 2 imposed and prescribed by the State of Illinois, any of its 3 political subdivisions or municipalities and by the U.S. 4 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to Title XIX 5 of the Social Security Act.

6 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall develop precise standards for payments to reimburse nursing 7 facilities for any utilization of appropriate rehabilitative 8 9 personnel for the provision of rehabilitative services which is authorized by federal regulations, including reimbursement for 10 11 services provided by qualified therapists or qualified 12 assistants, and which is in accordance with accepted 13 professional practices. Reimbursement also may be made for 14 utilization of other supportive personnel under appropriate 15 supervision.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-48, eff. 7-1-05; 94-85, eff. 6-28-05; 94-697, 17 eff. 11-21-05; 94-838, eff. 6-6-06; 94-964, eff. 6-28-06; 18 95-12, eff. 7-2-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 19 95-744, eff. 7-18-08.)

20 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.7) (from Ch. 23, par. 5-5.7)

Sec. 5-5.7. Cost Reports - Audits. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall work with the Department of Public Health to use cost report information currently being collected under provisions of the "Nursing Home Care Act and <u>the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>", approved August 23, 1979, as

amended. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services may,
in conjunction with the Department of Public Health, develop in
accordance with generally accepted accounting principles a
uniform chart of accounts which each facility providing
services under the medical assistance program shall adopt,
after a reasonable period.

7 Nursing homes licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or 8 the MR/DD Community Care Act and providers of adult 9 developmental training services certified by the Department of 10 Human Services pursuant to Section 15.2 of the Mental Health 11 and Developmental Disabilities Administrative Act which 12 provide services to clients eligible for medical assistance 13 under this Article are responsible for submitting the required 14 annual cost report to the Department of Healthcare and Family 15 Services.

16 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall 17 audit the financial and statistical records of each provider participating in the medical assistance program as a skilled 18 19 nursing or intermediate care facility over a 3 year period, 20 beginning with the close of the first cost reporting year. Following the end of this 3-year term, audits of the financial 21 22 and statistical records will be performed each year in at least 23 20% of the facilities participating in the medical assistance program with at least 10% being selected on a random sample 24 25 basis, and the remainder selected on the basis of exceptional profiles. All audits shall be conducted in accordance with 26

1 generally accepted auditing standards.

The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall establish prospective payment rates for categories of service needed within the skilled nursing and intermediate care levels of services, in order to more appropriately recognize the individual needs of patients in nursing facilities.

7 The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall 8 provide, during the process of establishing the payment rate 9 for skilled nursing and intermediate care services, or when a 10 substantial change in rates is proposed, an opportunity for 11 public review and comment on the proposed rates prior to their 12 becoming effective.

13 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

14 (305 ILCS 5/5-6) (from Ch. 23, par. 5-6)

15 Sec. 5-6. Obligations incurred prior to death of а 16 recipient. Obligations incurred but not paid for at the time of a recipient's death for services authorized under Section 5-5, 17 including medical and other care in group care facilities as 18 19 defined in the "Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community 20 Care Act", approved August 23, 1979, as amended, or in like 21 facilities not required to be licensed under that Act, may be 22 paid, subject to the rules and regulations of the Illinois Department, after the death of the recipient. 23

24 (Source: P.A. 86-820.)

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(305 ILCS 5/5B-1) (from Ch. 23, par. 5B-1)

Sec. 5B-1. Definitions. As used in this Article, unless the
context requires otherwise:

4

"Fund" means the Long-Term Care Provider Fund.

5 "Long-term care facility" means (i) a skilled nursing or intermediate long term care facility, whether public or private 6 and whether organized for profit or not-for-profit, that is 7 8 subject to licensure by the Illinois Department of Public 9 Health under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community 10 Care Act, including a county nursing home directed and maintained under Section 5-1005 of the Counties Code, and (ii) 11 12 a part of a hospital in which skilled or intermediate long-term 13 care services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the 14 Social Security Act are provided; except that the term 15 "long-term care facility" does not include a facility operated 16 solely as an intermediate care facility for the mentally 17 retarded within the meaning of Title XIX of the Social Security 18 Act.

"Long-term care provider" means (i) a person licensed by 19 the Department of Public Health to operate and maintain a 20 skilled nursing or intermediate long-term care facility or (ii) 21 22 a hospital provider that provides skilled or intermediate 23 long-term care services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act. For purposes of this paragraph, 24 25 "person" means any political subdivision of the State, municipal corporation, individual, firm, partnership, 26

1 corporation, company, limited liability company, association, 2 joint stock association, or trust, or a receiver, executor, 3 trustee, guardian, or other representative appointed by order 4 of any court. "Hospital provider" means a person licensed by 5 the Department of Public Health to conduct, operate, or 6 maintain a hospital.

7 "Occupied bed days" shall be computed separately for each 8 long-term care facility operated or maintained by a long-term 9 care provider, and means the sum for all beds of the number of 10 days during the year on which each bed is occupied by a 11 resident (other than a resident receiving care at an 12 intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded within the 13 meaning of Title XIX of the Social Security Act).

14 "Intergovernmental transfer payment" means the payments 15 established under Section 15-3 of this Code, and includes 16 without limitation payments payable under that Section for 17 July, August, and September of 1992.

18 (Source: P.A. 87-861.)

19 (305 ILCS 5/5B-8) (from Ch. 23, par. 5B-8)

20 Sec. 5B-8. Long-Term Care Provider Fund.

(a) There is created in the State Treasury the Long-Term
Care Provider Fund. Interest earned by the Fund shall be
credited to the Fund. The Fund shall not be used to replace any
moneys appropriated to the Medicaid program by the General
Assembly.

1 (b) The Fund is created for the purpose of receiving and 2 disbursing moneys in accordance with this Article. 3 Disbursements from the Fund shall be made only as follows:

4 (1) For payments to skilled or intermediate nursing 5 facilities, including county nursing facilities but 6 excluding State-operated facilities, under Title XIX of 7 the Social Security Act and Article V of this Code.

8 (2) For the reimbursement of moneys collected by the 9 Illinois Department through error or mistake, and for 10 making required payments under Section 5-4.38(a)(1) if 11 there are no moneys available for such payments in the 12 Medicaid Long Term Care Provider Participation Fee Trust 13 Fund.

14 (3) For payment of administrative expenses incurred by
15 the Illinois Department or its agent in performing the
16 activities authorized by this Article.

17 (3.5) For reimbursement of expenses incurred by 18 long-term care facilities, and payment of administrative 19 expenses incurred by the Department of Public Health, in 20 relation to the conduct and analysis of background checks 21 for identified offenders under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or</u> 22 <u>the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>.

(4) For payments of any amounts that are reimbursable
to the federal government for payments from this Fund that
are required to be paid by State warrant.

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(5) For making transfers to the General Obligation Bond

1 Retirement and Interest Fund, as those transfers are 2 authorized in the proceedings authorizing debt under the 3 Short Term Borrowing Act, but transfers made under this 4 paragraph (5) shall not exceed the principal amount of debt 5 issued in anticipation of the receipt by the State of 6 moneys to be deposited into the Fund.

7 Disbursements from the Fund, other than transfers to the 8 General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund, shall be 9 by warrants drawn by the State Comptroller upon receipt of 10 vouchers duly executed and certified by the Illinois 11 Department.

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(c) The Fund shall consist of the following:

(1) All moneys collected or received by the Illinois
Department from the long-term care provider assessment
imposed by this Article.

16 (2) All federal matching funds received by the Illinois
17 Department as a result of expenditures made by the Illinois
18 Department that are attributable to moneys deposited in the
19 Fund.

20 (3) Any interest or penalty levied in conjunction with21 the administration of this Article.

(4) Any balance in the Medicaid Long Term Care Provider
Participation Fee Fund in the State Treasury. The balance
shall be transferred to the Fund upon certification by the
Illinois Department to the State Comptroller that all of
the disbursements required by Section 5-4.31(b) of this

1 Code have been made.

2 (5) All other monies received for the Fund from any
3 other source, including interest earned thereon.

4 (Source: P.A. 95-707, eff. 1-11-08.)

5 (305 ILCS 5/5E-5)

6 Sec. 5E-5. Definitions. As used in this Article, unless the 7 context requires otherwise:

8 "Nursing home" means (i) a skilled nursing or intermediate 9 long-term care facility, whether public or private and whether 10 organized for profit or not-for-profit, that is subject to 11 licensure by the Illinois Department of Public Health under the 12 Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act, 13 including a county nursing home directed and maintained under 14 Section 5-1005 of the Counties Code, and (ii) a part of a 15 hospital in which skilled or intermediate long-term care 16 services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act are provided; except that the term "nursing home" 17 18 does not include a facility operated solely as an intermediate 19 care facility for the mentally retarded within the meaning of 20 Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

"Nursing home provider" means (i) a person licensed by the Department of Public Health to operate and maintain a skilled nursing or intermediate long-term care facility which charges its residents, a third party payor, Medicaid, or Medicare for skilled nursing or intermediate long-term care services, or

(ii) a hospital provider that provides skilled or intermediate 1 2 long-term care services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act. For purposes of this paragraph, 3 "person" means any political subdivision of the State, 4 5 municipal corporation, individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, limited liability company, association, 6 7 joint stock association, or trust, or a receiver, executor, 8 trustee, quardian, or other representative appointed by order 9 of any court. "Hospital provider" means a person licensed by the Department of Public Health to conduct, operate, or 10 11 maintain a hospital.

"Licensed bed days" shall be computed separately for each nursing home operated or maintained by a nursing home provider and means, with respect to a nursing home provider, the sum for all nursing home beds of the number of days during a calendar quarter on which each bed is covered by a license issued to that provider under the Nursing Home Care Act or the Hospital Licensing Act.

19 (Source: P.A. 88-88.)

20 (305 ILCS 5/8A-11) (from Ch. 23, par. 8A-11)

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Sec. 8A-11. (a) No person shall:

(1) Knowingly charge a resident of a nursing home for any
services provided pursuant to Article V of the Illinois Public
Aid Code, money or other consideration at a rate in excess of
the rates established for covered services by the Illinois

Department pursuant to Article V of The Illinois Public Aid
 Code; or

3 (2) Knowingly charge, solicit, accept or receive, in 4 addition to any amount otherwise authorized or required to be 5 paid pursuant to Article V of The Illinois Public Aid Code, any 6 gift, money, donation or other consideration:

7 (i) As a precondition to admitting or expediting the 8 admission of a recipient or applicant, pursuant to Article V of 9 The Illinois Public Aid Code, to a long-term care facility as 10 defined in Section 1-113 of the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or a</u> 11 <u>facility as defined in Section 1-113 of the MR/DD Community</u> 12 <u>Care Act</u>; and

(ii) As a requirement for the recipient's or applicant's continued stay in such facility when the cost of the services provided therein to the recipient is paid for, in whole or in part, pursuant to Article V of The Illinois Public Aid Code.

(b) Nothing herein shall prohibit a person from making a voluntary contribution, gift or donation to a long-term care facility.

(c) This paragraph shall not apply to agreements to provide continuing care or life care between a life care facility as defined by the Life Care Facilities Act, and a person financially eligible for benefits pursuant to Article V of The Illinois Public Aid Code.

(d) Any person who violates this Section shall be guilty of
a business offense and fined not less than \$5,000 nor more than

1 \$25,000.

2 (e) "Person", as used in this Section, means an individual,
3 corporation, partnership, or unincorporated association.

4 (f) The State's Attorney of the county in which the 5 facility is located and the Attorney General shall be notified 6 by the Illinois Department of any alleged violations of this 7 Section known to the Department.

8 (g) The Illinois Department shall adopt rules and 9 regulations to carry out the provisions of this Section.

10 (Source: P.A. 86-820.)

Section 90-155. The Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

13 (305 ILCS 40/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 7100-5)

14 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the 15 context requires otherwise:

16 "Applicant" means an eligible individual who makes a 17 payment of at least \$1 in a quarter to a nursing home.

18 "Application" means the receipt by a nursing home of at 19 least \$1 from an eligible individual that is a resident of the 20 home.

21 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Revenue.
"Distribution agent" means a nursing home that is residence
to one or more eligible individuals, which receives an

application from one or more applicants for participation in the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Program provided for by this Act, and is thereby designated as distributing agent by such applicant or applicants, and which is thereby authorized by virtue of its license to receive from the Department and distribute to eligible individuals residing in the nursing home Nursing Home Grant Assistance payments under this Act.

8 "Qualified distribution agent" means a distribution agent 9 that the Department of Public Health has certified to the 10 Department of Revenue to be a licensed nursing home in good 11 standing.

"Eligible individual" means an individual eligible for a nursing home grant assistance payment because he or she meets each of the following requirements:

(1) The individual resides, after June 30, 1992, in a
 nursing home as defined in this Act.

17 For each day for which nursing home (2) grant assistance is sought, the individual's nursing home care 18 19 was not paid for, in whole or in part, by a federal, State, 20 or combined federal-State medical care program; the 21 receipt of Medicare Part B benefits does not make a person 22 ineligible for nursing home grant assistance.

(3) The individual's annual adjusted gross income,
after payment of any expenses for nursing home care, does
not exceed 250% of the federal poverty guidelines for an
individual as published annually by the U.S. Department of

Health and Human Services for purposes of determining
 Medicaid eligibility.

3 "Fund" means the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Fund.

4 "Nursing home" means a skilled nursing or intermediate long
5 term care facility that is subject to licensure by the Illinois
6 Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act or
7 the MR/DD Community Care Act.

8 "Occupied bed days" means the sum for all beds of the 9 number of days during a quarter for which grant assistance is 10 sought under this Act on which a bed is occupied by an 11 individual.

12 (Source: P.A. 87-863.)

Section 90-160. The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code is amended by changing Section 2-107 as follows:

16 (405 ILCS 5/2-107) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 2-107)

17 Sec. 2-107. Refusal of services; informing of risks.

(a) An adult recipient of services or the recipient's 18 guardian, if the recipient is under guardianship, and the 19 20 recipient's substitute decision maker, if any, must be informed 21 recipient's right to refuse medication of the or electroconvulsive therapy. The recipient and the recipient's 22 23 guardian or substitute decision maker shall be given the 24 opportunity to refuse generally accepted mental health or

developmental disability services, including but not limited 1 2 to medication or electroconvulsive therapy. If such services 3 are refused, they shall not be given unless such services are necessary to prevent the recipient from causing serious and 4 5 imminent physical harm to the recipient or others and no less restrictive alternative is available. The facility director 6 shall inform a recipient, guardian, or substitute decision 7 maker, if any, who refuses such services of alternate services 8 9 available and the risks of such alternate services, as well as 10 the possible consequences to the recipient of refusal of such 11 services.

(b) Psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive therapy may be administered under this Section for up to 24 hours only if the circumstances leading up to the need for emergency treatment are set forth in writing in the recipient's record.

16 (C) Administration of medication or electroconvulsive 17 therapy may not be continued unless the need for such treatment is redetermined at least every 24 hours based upon a personal 18 examination of the recipient by a physician or a nurse under 19 20 the supervision of а physician and the circumstances 21 demonstrating that need are set forth in writing in the 22 recipient's record.

(d) Neither psychotropic medication nor electroconvulsive therapy may be administered under this Section for a period in excess of 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, unless a petition is filed under Section 2-107.1 and the

treatment continues to be necessary under subsection (a) of this Section. Once the petition has been filed, treatment may continue in compliance with subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section until the final outcome of the hearing on the petition.

(e) The Department shall issue rules designed to insure 6 7 that in State-operated mental health facilities psychotropic 8 medication and electroconvulsive therapy are administered in 9 accordance with this Section and only when appropriately 10 authorized and monitored by a physician or a nurse under the 11 supervision of a physician in accordance with accepted medical 12 practice. The facility director of each mental health facility 13 not operated by the State shall issue rules designed to insure 14 that in that facility psychotropic medication and 15 electroconvulsive therapy are administered in accordance with 16 this Section and only when appropriately authorized and 17 monitored by a physician or a nurse under the supervision of a physician in accordance with accepted medical practice. Such 18 rules shall be available for public inspection and copying 19 20 during normal business hours.

(f) The provisions of this Section with respect to the emergency administration of psychotropic medication and electroconvulsive therapy do not apply to facilities licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care</u> <u>Act</u>.

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(g) Under no circumstances may long-acting psychotropic

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medications be administered under this Section.

2 (h) Whenever psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive therapy is refused pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section 3 at least once that day, the physician shall determine and state 4 5 in writing the reasons why the recipient did not meet the criteria for administration of medication or electroconvulsive 6 7 therapy under subsection (a) and whether the recipient meets the standard for administration of psychotropic medication or 8 9 electroconvulsive therapy under Section 2-107.1 of this Code. 10 If the physician determines that the recipient meets the 11 standard for administration of psychotropic medication or 12 electroconvulsive therapy under Section 2-107.1, the facility 13 director or his or her designee shall petition the court for 14 administration of psychotropic medication or electroconvulsive 15 therapy pursuant to that Section unless the facility director 16 or his or her designee states in writing in the recipient's 17 record why the filing of such a petition is not warranted. This subsection (h) applies only to State-operated mental health 18 19 facilities.

20 (i) The Department shall conduct annual trainings for all physicians and registered nurses working in State-operated 21 22 mental health facilities on the appropriate use of emergency 23 administration of psychotropic medication and 24 electroconvulsive therapy, standards for their use, and the 25 methods of authorization under this Section.

26 (Source: P.A. 94-1066, eff. 8-1-06; 95-172, eff. 8-14-07.)

Section 90-165. The Protection and Advocacy for
 Developmentally Disabled Persons Act is amended by changing
 Section 1 as follows:

4 (405 ILCS 40/1) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 1151)

5 Sec. 1. The Governor may designate a private not-for-profit 6 corporation as the agency to administer a State plan to protect 7 advocate the rights of persons with developmental and 8 disabilities pursuant to the requirements of the federal 9 Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, 10 42 U.S.C. 6001 to 6081, as now or hereafter amended. The 11 designated agency may pursue legal, administrative, and other appropriate remedies to ensure the protection of the rights of 12 13 such persons who are receiving treatment, services or 14 habilitation within this State. The agency designated by the 15 Governor shall be independent of any agency which provides treatment, services, guardianship, or habilitation to persons 16 with developmental disabilities, and such agency shall not be 17 18 administered bv the Governor's Planning Council on 19 Developmental Disabilities or any successor State Planning 20 Council organized pursuant to federal law.

The designated agency may receive and expend funds to protect and advocate the rights of persons with developmental disabilities. In order to properly exercise its powers and duties, such agency shall have access to developmental

disability facilities and mental health facilities, as defined 1 2 under Sections 1-107 and 1-114 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, and facilities as defined in 3 Section 1-113 of the Nursing Home Care Act or Section 1-113 of 4 5 the MR/DD Community Care Act. Such access shall be granted for the purposes of meeting with residents and staff, informing 6 7 them of services available from the agency, distributing 8 written information about the agency and the rights of persons 9 with developmental disabilities, conducting scheduled and 10 unscheduled visits, and performing other activities designed 11 protect the rights of persons with developmental to 12 The agency also shall have access, for the disabilities. 13 purpose of inspection and copying, to the records of a person 14 with developmental disabilities who resides in any such 15 facility subject to the limitations of this Act, the Mental 16 Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, and 17 the Nursing Home Care Act, and the MR/DD Community Care Act. agency also shall have access, for the purpose of 18 The 19 inspection and copying, to the records of a person with 20 developmental disabilities who resides in any such facility if (1) a complaint is received by the agency from or on behalf of 21 22 the person with a developmental disability, and (2) such person 23 does not have a legal guardian or the State or the designee of the State is the legal guardian of such person. The designated 24 25 agency shall provide written notice to the person with 26 developmental disabilities and the State guardian of the nature

of the complaint based upon which the designated agency has 1 2 gained access to the records. No record or the contents of any 3 record shall be redisclosed by the designated agency unless the person with developmental disabilities and the State quardian 4 5 are provided 7 days advance written notice, except in emergency 6 situations, of the designated agency's intent to redisclose 7 such record, during which time the person with developmental 8 disabilities or the State quardian may seek to judicially 9 enjoin the designated agency's redisclosure of such record on 10 the grounds that such redisclosure is contrary to the interests 11 of the person with developmental disabilities. Any person who 12 in good faith complains to the designated agency on behalf of a 13 with developmental disabilities, person or provides 14 information or participates in the investigation of any such 15 complaint shall have immunity from any liability, civil, 16 criminal or otherwise, and shall not be subject to any 17 penalties, sanctions, restrictions or retaliation as а making 18 consequence of such complaint, providing such 19 information or participating in such investigation.

20 Upon request, the designated agency shall be entitled to inspect and copy any records or other materials which may 21 22 further the agency's investigation of problems affecting 23 of persons with developmental disabilities. numbers When required by law any personally identifiable information of 24 25 persons with developmental disabilities shall be removed from 26 the records. However, the designated agency may not inspect or 1 copy any records or other materials when the removal of 2 personally identifiable information imposes an unreasonable 3 burden on mental health and developmental disabilities 4 facilities pursuant to the Mental Health and Developmental 5 Disabilities Code or facilities as defined in the Nursing Home 6 Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act.

7 The Governor shall not redesignate the agency to administer 8 the State plan to protect and advocate the rights of persons 9 with developmental disabilities unless there is good cause for 10 the redesignation and unless notice of the intent to make such 11 redesignation is qiven to persons with developmental 12 disabilities or their representatives, the federal Secretary 13 of Health and Human Services, and the General Assembly at least 14 60 days prior thereto.

As used in this Act, the term "developmental disability" means a severe, chronic disability of a person which:

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(A) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;

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(B) is manifested before the person attains age 22;

(C) is likely to continue indefinitely;

(D) results in substantial functional limitations in 3 21 22 or more of the following areas of major life activity: (i) 23 self-care, (ii) receptive and expressive language, (iii) learning, (iv) mobility, (v) self-direction, (vi) capacity 24 25 for independent living, and (vii) economic 26 self-sufficiency; and

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1 (E) reflects the person's need for combination and 2 sequence of special, interdisciplinary or generic care, 3 treatment or other services which are of lifelong or 4 extended duration and are individually planned and 5 coordinated.

6 (Source: P.A. 88-380.)

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Section 90-170. The Developmental Disability and Mental Disability Services Act is amended by changing Sections 2-3 and 5-1 as follows:

10 (405 ILCS 80/2-3) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 1802-3)

Sec. 2-3. As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:

(a) "Agency" means an agency or entity licensed by the
Department pursuant to this Article or pursuant to the
Community Residential Alternatives Licensing Act.

16 (b) "Department" means the Department of Human Services, as 17 successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental 18 Disabilities.

19 (c) "Home-based services" means services provided to a 20 mentally disabled adult who lives in his or her own home. These 21 services include but are not limited to:

22 (1) home health services;

23 (2) case management;

24 (3) crisis management;

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- 1 (4) training and assistance in self-care;
- 2 (5) personal care services;
- 3 (6) habilitation and rehabilitation services;
- 4 (7) employment-related services;
 - (8)

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(8) respite care; and

6 (9) other skill training that enables a person to 7 become self-supporting.

8 (d) "Legal guardian" means a person appointed by a court of 9 competent jurisdiction to exercise certain powers on behalf of 10 a mentally disabled adult.

(e) "Mentally disabled adult" means a person over the age of 18 years who lives in his or her own home; who needs home-based services, but does not require 24-hour-a-day supervision; and who has one of the following conditions: severe autism, severe mental illness, severe or profound mental retardation, or severe and multiple impairments.

17 (f) In one's "own home" means that a mentally disabled adult lives alone; or that a mentally disabled adult is in 18 19 full-time residence with his or her parents, legal guardian, or 20 other relatives; or that a mentally disabled adult is in 21 full-time residence in a setting not subject to licensure under the Nursing Home Care Act, the MR/DD Community Care Act, or the 22 23 Child Care Act of 1969, as now or hereafter amended, with 3 or fewer other adults unrelated to the mentally disabled adult who 24 25 do not provide home-based services to the mentally disabled 26 adult.

1 (g) "Parent" means the biological or adoptive parent of a 2 mentally disabled adult, or a person licensed as a foster 3 parent under the laws of this State who acts as a mentally 4 disabled adult's foster parent.

5 (h) "Relative" means any of the following relationships by 6 blood, marriage or adoption: parent, son, daughter, brother, 7 sister, grandparent, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, great 8 grandparent, great uncle, great aunt, stepbrother, stepsister, 9 stepson, stepdaughter, stepparent or first cousin.

"Severe autism" means a lifelong developmental 10 (i) 11 disability which is typically manifested before 30 months of 12 age and is characterized by severe disturbances in reciprocal 13 social interactions; verbal and nonverbal communication and 14 imaginative activity; and repertoire of activities and 15 interests. A person shall be determined severely autistic, for 16 purposes of this Article, if both of the following are present:

17 (1) Diagnosis consistent with the criteria for
18 autistic disorder in the current edition of the Diagnostic
19 and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.

20 Severe social (2) disturbances in reciprocal interactions; verbal and nonverbal communication 21 and 22 imaginative activity; repertoire of activities and 23 interests. A determination of severe autism shall be based 24 upon a comprehensive, documented assessment with an 25 evaluation by a licensed clinical psychologist or 26 psychiatrist. A determination of severe autism shall not be

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1	based solely on behaviors relating to environmental,
2	cultural or economic differences.
3	(j) "Severe mental illness" means the manifestation of all
4	of the following characteristics:
5	(1) A primary diagnosis of one of the major mental
6	disorders in the current edition of the Diagnostic and
7	Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders listed below:
8	(A) Schizophrenia disorder.
9	(B) Delusional disorder.
10	(C) Schizo-affective disorder.
11	(D) Bipolar affective disorder.
12	(E) Atypical psychosis.
13	(F) Major depression, recurrent.
14	(2) The individual's mental illness must substantially
15	impair his or her functioning in at least 2 of the
16	following areas:
17	(A) Self-maintenance.
18	(B) Social functioning.
19	(C) Activities of community living.
20	(D) Work skills.
21	(3) Disability must be present or expected to be
22	present for at least one year.
23	A determination of severe mental illness shall be based
24	upon a comprehensive, documented assessment with an evaluation
25	by a licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist, and shall
26	not be based solely on behaviors relating to environmental,

1 cultural or economic differences.

2 (k) "Severe or profound mental retardation" means a
3 manifestation of all of the following characteristics:

4 (1) A diagnosis which meets Classification in Mental 5 Retardation or criteria in the current edition of the 6 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders for 7 severe or profound mental retardation (an IQ of 40 or 8 below). This must be measured by a standardized instrument 9 for general intellectual functioning.

10 (2) A severe or profound level of disturbed adaptive 11 behavior. This must be measured by a standardized adaptive 12 behavior scale or informal appraisal by the professional in 13 keeping with illustrations in Classification in Mental 14 Retardation, 1983.

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(3) Disability diagnosed before age of 18.

A determination of severe or profound mental retardation shall be based upon a comprehensive, documented assessment with an evaluation by a licensed clinical psychologist or certified school psychologist or a psychiatrist, and shall not be based solely on behaviors relating to environmental, cultural or economic differences.

(1) "Severe and multiple impairments" means themanifestation of all of the following characteristics:

(1) The evaluation determines the presence of a
 developmental disability which is expected to continue
 indefinitely, constitutes a substantial handicap and is

1 attributable to any of the following:

2 Mental retardation, which is defined as (A) 3 general intellectual functioning that is 2 or more standard deviations below the mean concurrent with 4 5 impairment of adaptive behavior which is 2 or more standard deviations below the mean. Assessment of the 6 7 individual's intellectual functioning must be measured 8 by a standardized instrument for general intellectual 9 functioning.

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(C) Epilepsy.

(B) Cerebral palsy.

(D) Autism.

13 Any other condition which results (E) in impairment 14 similar to that caused by mental 15 retardation and which requires services similar to 16 those required by mentally retarded persons.

17 (2) The evaluation determines multiple handicaps in 18 physical, sensory, behavioral or cognitive functioning 19 which constitute a severe or profound impairment 20 attributable to one or more of the following:

(A) Physical functioning, which severely impairs
the individual's motor performance that may be due to:

23 (i) Neurological, psychological or physical
24 involvement resulting in a variety of disabling
25 conditions such as hemiplegia, quadriplegia or
26 ataxia,

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(ii) Severe organ systems involvement such as
 congenital heart defect,

(iii) Physical abnormalities resulting in the individual being non-mobile and non-ambulatory or confined to bed and receiving assistance in transferring, or

7 (iv) The need for regular medical or nursing
8 supervision such as gastrostomy care and feeding.
9 Assessment of physical functioning must be based
10 on clinical medical assessment by a physician licensed
11 to practice medicine in all its branches, using the
12 appropriate instruments, techniques and standards of

measurement required by the professional.

14 (B) Sensory, which involves severe restriction due 15 to hearing or visual impairment limiting the 16 individual's movement and creating dependence in 17 completing most daily activities. Hearing impairment is defined as a loss of 70 decibels aided or speech 18 discrimination of 19 less than 50% aided. Visual 20 impairment is defined as 20/200 corrected in the better 21 eye or a visual field of 20 degrees or less. Sensory 22 functioning must be based on clinical medical 23 physician licensed to assessment by a practice 24 medicine in all its branches using the appropriate 25 instruments, techniques and standards of measurement 26 required by the professional.

(C) Behavioral, which involves behavior that is 1 2 maladaptive and presents a danger to self or others, is 3 destructive to property by deliberately breaking, destroying or defacing objects, is disruptive by 4 5 fighting, or has other socially offensive behaviors in sufficient frequency or severity to seriously limit 6 7 integration. Assessment of behavioral social 8 functioning may be measured by a standardized scale or 9 informal appraisal by a clinical psychologist or psychiatrist. 10

(D) Cognitive, which involves intellectual functioning at a measured IQ of 70 or below. Assessment of cognitive functioning must be measured by a standardized instrument for general intelligence.

(3) The evaluation determines that development is
substantially less than expected for the age in cognitive,
affective or psychomotor behavior as follows:

18 (A) Cognitive, which involves intellectual
19 functioning at a measured IQ of 70 or below. Assessment
20 of cognitive functioning must be measured by a
21 standardized instrument for general intelligence.

(B) Affective behavior, which involves over and
under responding to stimuli in the environment and may
be observed in mood, attention to awareness, or in
behaviors such as euphoria, anger or sadness that
seriously limit integration into society. Affective

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behavior must be based on clinical assessment using the appropriate instruments, techniques and standards of measurement required by the professional.

4 (C) Psychomotor, which includes a severe 5 developmental delay in fine or gross motor skills so 6 that development in self-care, social interaction, 7 communication or physical activity will be greatly 8 delayed or restricted.

9 (4) A determination that the disability originated 10 before the age of 18 years.

11 A determination of severe and multiple impairments shall be 12 based upon a comprehensive, documented assessment with an 13 evaluation by a licensed clinical psychologist or 14 psychiatrist.

15 If the examiner is a licensed clinical psychologist, 16 ancillary evaluation of physical impairment, cerebral palsy or 17 epilepsy must be made by a physician licensed to practice 18 medicine in all its branches.

19 Regardless of the discipline of the examiner, ancillary 20 evaluation of visual impairment must be made by an 21 ophthalmologist or a licensed optometrist.

22 Regardless of the discipline of the examiner, ancillary 23 evaluation of hearing impairment must be made by an 24 otolaryngologist or an audiologist with a certificate of 25 clinical competency.

26 The only exception to the above is in the case of a person

with cerebral palsy or epilepsy who, according to the eligibility criteria listed below, has multiple impairments which are only physical and sensory. In such a case, a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches may serve as the examiner.

6 (m) "Twenty-four-hour-a-day supervision" means 7 24-hour-a-day care by a trained mental health or developmental 8 disability professional on an ongoing basis.

9 (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)

10 (405 ILCS 80/5-1) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 1805-1)

11 Sec. 5-1. As the mental health and developmental 12 disabilities or mental retardation authority for the State of 13 Illinois, the Department of Human Services shall have the 14 authority to license, certify and prescribe standards 15 governing the programs and services provided under this Act, as 16 well as all other agencies or programs which provide home-based or community-based services to the mentally disabled, except 17 18 those services, programs or agencies established under or 19 otherwise subject to the Child Care Act of 1969, or the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD Community Care Act, as now or 20 21 hereafter amended, and this Act shall not be construed to limit 22 the application of those Acts.

23 (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)

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Section 90-175. The Facilities Requiring Smoke Detectors

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1 Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

2 (425 ILCS 10/1) (from Ch. 127 1/2, par. 821)
3 Sec. 1. For purposes of this Act, unless the context
4 requires otherwise:
5 (a) "Facility" means:
6 (1) Any long-term care facility as defined in Section 1-113

7 of the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or any facility as defined in</u> 8 <u>Section 1-113 of the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, as amended;

9 (2) Any community residential alternative as defined in 10 paragraph (4) of Section 3 of the Community Residential 11 Alternatives Licensing Act, as amended; and

12 (3) Any child care facility as defined in Section 2.05 of13 the Child Care Act of 1969, as amended.

(b) "Approved smoke detector" or "detector" means a smoke detector of the ionization or photoelectric type which complies with all the requirements of the rules and regulations of the Illinois State Fire Marshal.

18 (Source: P.A. 86-820.)

Section 90-180. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Sections 12-19, 12-21, and 26-1 as follows:

21 (720 ILCS 5/12-19) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-19)

Sec. 12-19. Abuse and Criminal Neglect of a Long Term CareFacility Resident.

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(a) Any person or any owner or licensee of a long term care 1 2 facility who abuses a long term care facility resident is guilty of a Class 3 felony. Any person or any owner or licensee 3 of a long term care facility who criminally neglects a long 4 5 term care facility resident is quilty of a Class 4 felony. A person whose criminal neglect of a long term care facility 6 resident results in the resident's death is guilty of a Class 3 7 8 felony. However, nothing herein shall be deemed to apply to a 9 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or 10 a duly licensed nurse providing care within the scope of his or 11 her professional judgment and within the accepted standards of 12 care within the community.

13 (b) Notwithstanding the penalties in subsections (a) and 14 (c) and in addition thereto, if a licensee or owner of a long 15 term care facility or his or her employee has caused neglect of 16 a resident, the licensee or owner is guilty of a petty offense. 17 An owner or licensee is guilty under this subsection (b) only if the owner or licensee failed to exercise reasonable care in 18 the hiring, training, supervising or providing of staff or 19 20 other related routine administrative responsibilities.

(c) Notwithstanding the penalties in subsections (a) and (b) and in addition thereto, if a licensee or owner of a long term care facility or his or her employee has caused gross neglect of a resident, the licensee or owner is guilty of a business offense for which a fine of not more than \$10,000 may be imposed. An owner or licensee is guilty under this subsection (c) only if the owner or licensee failed to exercise reasonable care in the hiring, training, supervising or providing of staff or other related routine administrative responsibilities.

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(d) For the purpose of this Section:

6 (1) "Abuse" means intentionally or knowingly causing 7 any physical or mental injury or committing any sexual 8 offense set forth in this Code.

9 (2) "Criminal neglect" means an act whereby a person 10 recklessly (i) performs acts that cause an elderly person's 11 or person with a disability's life to be endangered, health 12 to be injured, or pre-existing physical or mental condition to deteriorate, or (ii) fails to perform acts that he or 13 14 she knows or reasonably should know are necessary to 15 maintain or preserve the life or health of an elderly 16 person or person with a disability, and that failure causes 17 the elderly person's or person with a disability's life to be endangered, health to be injured, or pre-existing 18 19 physical or mental condition to deteriorate, or (iii) 20 abandons an elderly person or person with a disability.

(3) "Neglect" means negligently failing to provide
adequate medical or personal care or maintenance, which
failure results in physical or mental injury or the
deterioration of a physical or mental condition.

25 (4) "Resident" means a person residing in a long term26 care facility.

(5) "Owner" means the person who owns a long term care
 facility as provided under the Nursing Home Care Acta
 <u>facility as provided under the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, or
 an assisted living or shared housing establishment under
 the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act.

6 (6) "Licensee" means the individual or entity licensed 7 to operate a facility under the Nursing Home Care Act, the 8 <u>MR/DD Community Care Act</u>, or the Assisted Living and Shared 9 Housing Act.

10 (7) "Facility" or "long term care facility" means a 11 private home, institution, building, residence, or any 12 other place, whether operated for profit or not, or a county home for the infirm and chronically ill operated 13 pursuant to Division 5-21 or 5-22 of the Counties Code, or 14 15 any similar institution operated by the State of Illinois 16 a political subdivision thereof, which provides, or 17 through its ownership or management, personal care, sheltered care or nursing for 3 or more persons not related 18 19 to the owner by blood or marriage. The term also includes 20 skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities as defined in Title XVIII and Title XIX of the 21 22 federal Social Security Act assisted and living 23 establishments and shared housing establishments licensed 24 under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act.

(e) Nothing contained in this Section shall be deemed toapply to the medical supervision, regulation or control of the

remedial care or treatment of residents in a facility conducted for those who rely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any well recognized church or religious denomination and which is licensed in accordance with Section 3-803 of the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or</u> <u>Section 3-803 of the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>.

7 (Source: P.A. 93-301, eff. 1-1-04.)

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8 (720 ILCS 5/12-21) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-21)

9 Sec. 12-21. Criminal abuse or neglect of an elderly person
10 or person with a disability.

11 (a) A person commits the offense of criminal abuse or 12 neglect of an elderly person or person with a disability when 13 he or she is a caregiver and he or she knowingly:

(1) performs acts that cause the elderly person or person with a disability's life to be endangered, health to be injured, or pre-existing physical or mental condition to deteriorate; or

(2) fails to perform acts that he or she knows or reasonably should know are necessary to maintain or preserve the life or health of the elderly person or person with a disability and such failure causes the elderly person or person with a disability's life to be endangered, health to be injured or pre-existing physical or mental condition to deteriorate; or

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(3) abandons the elderly person or person with a

1 disability; or

(4) physically abuses, harasses, intimidates, or
interferes with the personal liberty of the elderly person
or person with a disability or exposes the elderly person
or person with a disability to willful deprivation.

6 Criminal abuse or neglect of an elderly person or person 7 with a disability is a Class 3 felony. Criminal neglect of an 8 elderly person or person with a disability is a Class 2 felony 9 if the criminal neglect results in the death of the person 10 neglected for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of 11 imprisonment, shall be sentenced to a term of not less than 3 12 years and not more than 14 years.

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(b) For purposes of this Section:

(1) "Elderly person" means a person 60 years of age or
older who is incapable of adequately providing for his own
health and personal care.

(2) "Person with a disability" means a person who suffers from a permanent physical or mental impairment, resulting from disease, injury, functional disorder or congenital condition which renders such person incapable of adequately providing for his own health and personal care.

(3) "Caregiver" means a person who has a duty to
provide for an elderly person or person with a disability's
health and personal care, at such person's place of
residence, including but not limited to, food and

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- nutrition, shelter, hygiene, prescribed medication and 1 medical care and treatment.
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"Caregiver" shall include:

(A) a parent, spouse, adult child or other relative 4 5 by blood or marriage who resides with or resides in the same building with or regularly visits the elderly 6 7 person or person with a disability, knows or reasonably should know of such person's physical or mental 8 9 impairment and knows or reasonably should know that 10 such person is unable to adequately provide for his own 11 health and personal care;

12 (B) a person who is employed by the elderly person 13 or person with a disability or by another to reside 14 with or regularly visit the elderly person or person 15 with a disability and provide for such person's health 16 and personal care;

17 (C) a person who has agreed for consideration to reside with or regularly visit the elderly person or 18 19 person with a disability and provide for such person's 20 health and personal care; and

21 (D) a person who has been appointed by a private or 22 public agency or by a court of competent jurisdiction 23 to provide for the elderly person or person with a 24 disability's health and personal care.

25 "Caregiver" shall not include a long-term care 26 facility licensed or certified under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or a facility licensed or certified under the MR/DD</u> <u>Community Care Act</u>, or any administrative, medical or other personnel of such a facility, or a health care provider who is licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 and renders care in the ordinary course of his profession.

6 (4) "Abandon" means to desert or knowingly forsake an 7 elderly person or person with a disability under 8 circumstances in which a reasonable person would continue 9 to provide care and custody.

10 (5) "Willful deprivation" has the meaning ascribed to 11 it in paragraph (15) of Section 103 of the Illinois 12 Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

13 (c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit the 14 remedies available to the victim under the Illinois Domestic 15 Violence Act.

(d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to impose criminal liability on a person who has made a good faith effort to provide for the health and personal care of an elderly person or person with a disability, but through no fault of his own has been unable to provide such care.

(e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting a person from providing treatment by spiritual means through prayer alone and care consistent therewith in lieu of medical care and treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of any church or religious denomination of which the elderly person or person with a disability is a - 440 - LRB096 03747 DRJ 13777 b

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1 member.

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2 (f) It is not a defense to criminal abuse or neglect of an 3 elderly person or person with a disability that the accused 4 reasonably believed that the victim was not an elderly person 5 or person with a disability.

6 (Source: P.A. 92-328, eff. 1-1-02; 93-301, eff. 1-1-04.)

7 (720 ILCS 5/26-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 26-1)

8 Sec. 26-1. Elements of the Offense.

(a) A person commits disorderly conduct when he knowingly:

10 (1) Does any act in such unreasonable manner as to 11 alarm or disturb another and to provoke a breach of the 12 peace; or

13 (2) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner
14 to the fire department of any city, town, village or fire
15 protection district a false alarm of fire, knowing at the
16 time of such transmission that there is no reasonable
17 ground for believing that such fire exists; or

18 (3) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to another a false alarm to the effect that a bomb or other 19 explosive of any nature or a container holding poison gas, 20 21 deadly biological or chemical contaminant, а or 22 radioactive substance is concealed in such place that its 23 explosion or release would endanger human life, knowing at 24 the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable 25 ground for believing that such bomb, explosive or a

container holding poison gas, a deadly biological or
 chemical contaminant, or radioactive substance is
 concealed in such place; or

4 (4) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner 5 to any peace officer, public officer or public employee a 6 report to the effect that an offense will be committed, is 7 being committed, or has been committed, knowing at the time 8 of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for 9 believing that such an offense will be committed, is being 10 committed, or has been committed; or

(5) Enters upon the property of another and for a lewd or unlawful purpose deliberately looks into a dwelling on the property through any window or other opening in it; or

14 (6) While acting as a collection agency as defined in 15 the "Collection Agency Act" or as an employee of such 16 collection agency, and while attempting to collect an 17 alleged debt, makes a telephone call to the alleged debtor 18 which is designed to harass, annoy or intimidate the 19 alleged debtor; or

(7) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false
report to the Department of Children and Family Services
under Section 4 of the "Abused and Neglected Child
Reporting Act"; or

(8) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false
report to the Department of Public Health under the Nursing
Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community Care Act</u>; or

1 (9) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner 2 to the police department or fire department of any 3 municipality or fire protection district, or any privately owned and operated ambulance service, a false request for 4 5 an ambulance, emergency medical technician-ambulance or 6 emergency medical technician-paramedic knowing at the time 7 there is no reasonable ground for believing that such 8 assistance is required; or

9 (10) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false 10 report under Article II of "An Act in relation to victims 11 of violence and abuse", approved September 16, 1984, as 12 amended; or

(11) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false report to any public safety agency without the reasonable grounds necessary to believe that transmitting such a report is necessary for the safety and welfare of the public; or

(12) Calls the number "911" for the purpose of making or transmitting a false alarm or complaint and reporting information when, at the time the call or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call or transmission and further knows that the call or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency.

(b) Sentence. A violation of subsection (a)(1) of this
Section is a Class C misdemeanor. A violation of subsection

(a) (5), (a) (11), or (a) (12) of this Section is a Class A 1 2 misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(8) or (a)(10) of this Section is a Class B misdemeanor. A violation of 3 subsection (a) (2), (a) (4), (a) (7), or (a) (9) of this Section is 4 5 a Class 4 felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) of this Section is a Class 3 felony, for which a fine of not less than 6 7 \$3,000 and no more than \$10,000 shall be assessed in addition 8 to any other penalty imposed.

9 A violation of subsection (a)(6) of this Section is a 10 Business Offense and shall be punished by a fine not to exceed 11 \$3,000. A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(7), 12 (a)(11), or (a)(12) of this Section is a Class 4 felony. A 13 third or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(5) of this 14 Section is a Class 4 felony.

15 (c) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, 16 a court shall order any person convicted of disorderly conduct 17 to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the 18 19 jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of 20 the county where the offense was committed. In addition, whenever any person is placed on supervision for an alleged 21 22 offense under this Section, the supervision shall be 23 conditioned upon the performance of the community service.

This subsection does not apply when the court imposes a sentence of incarceration.

26 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-502, eff. 12-19-01;

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HB0966 93-431, eff. 8-5-03.) 1 Section 90-185. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended 2 3 by changing Section 5-5-3.2 as follows: (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3.2) 4 Sec. 5-5-3.2. Factors in Aggravation. 5 6 (a) The following factors shall be accorded weight in favor 7 of imposing a term of imprisonment or may be considered by the 8 court as reasons to impose a more severe sentence under Section 9 5-8-1: 10 (1)the defendant's conduct caused or threatened 11 serious harm; (2) the defendant received compensation for committing 12 13 the offense; 14 (3) the defendant has a history of prior delinquency or 15 criminal activity; 16 (4) the defendant, by the duties of his office or by his position, was obliged to prevent the particular offense 17 committed or to bring the offenders committing it to 18 justice; 19 20 (5) the defendant held public office at the time of the 21 offense, and the offense related to the conduct of that 22 office: 23 (6) the defendant utilized his professional reputation 24 or position in the community to commit the offense, or to

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afford him an easier means of committing it;

- 2 (7) the sentence is necessary to deter others from
 3 committing the same crime;
- 4 (8) the defendant committed the offense against a 5 person 60 years of age or older or such person's property;

6 (9) the defendant committed the offense against a 7 person who is physically handicapped or such person's 8 property;

9 (10) by reason of another individual's actual or 10 perceived race, color, creed, religion, ancestry, gender, 11 sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, or 12 national origin, the defendant committed the offense 13 against (i) the person or property of that individual; (ii) 14 the person or property of a person who has an association 15 with, is married to, or has a friendship with the other 16 individual; or (iii) the person or property of a relative 17 (by blood or marriage) of a person described in clause (i) (ii). For the purposes of this Section, "sexual 18 or 19 orientation" means heterosexuality, homosexuality, or 20 bisexuality;

(11) the offense took place in a place of worship or on the grounds of a place of worship, immediately prior to, during or immediately following worship services. For purposes of this subparagraph, "place of worship" shall mean any church, synagogue or other building, structure or place used primarily for religious worship; 1 (12) the defendant was convicted of a felony committed 2 while he was released on bail or his own recognizance 3 pending trial for a prior felony and was convicted of such 4 prior felony, or the defendant was convicted of a felony 5 committed while he was serving a period of probation, 6 conditional discharge, or mandatory supervised release 7 under subsection (d) of Section 5-8-1 for a prior felony;

8 (13) the defendant committed or attempted to commit a 9 felony while he was wearing a bulletproof vest. For the 10 purposes of this paragraph (13), a bulletproof vest is any 11 device which is designed for the purpose of protecting the 12 wearer from bullets, shot or other lethal projectiles;

(14)the defendant held a position of trust or 13 14 supervision such as, but not limited to, family member as 15 defined in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961, 16 teacher, scout leader, baby sitter, or day care worker, in 17 relation to a victim under 18 years of age, and the defendant committed an offense in violation of Section 18 11-6, 11-11, 11-15.1, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-13, 19 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 20 21 against that victim;

(15) the defendant committed an offense related to the activities of an organized gang. For the purposes of this factor, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

(16) the defendant committed an offense in violation of 1 2 one of the following Sections while in a school, regardless 3 of the time of day or time of year; on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport 4 5 students to or from school or a school related activity; on the real property of a school; or on a public way within 6 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school: 7 8 Section 10-1, 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 9 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-2, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 10 12-6, 12-6.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 18-2, or 11 33A-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(16.5) the defendant committed an offense in violation 12 13 of one of the following Sections while in a day care 14 center, regardless of the time of day or time of year; on 15 the real property of a day care center, regardless of the 16 time of day or time of year; or on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any day care 17 center, regardless of the time of day or time of year: 18 19 Section 10-1, 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-2, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 20 21 12-6, 12-6.1, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 18-2, or 22 33A-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(17) the defendant committed the offense by reason of any person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in activity as a community policing volunteer. For the purpose of this

Section, "community policing volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

4 (18) the defendant committed the offense in a nursing
5 home or on the real property comprising a nursing home. For
6 the purposes of this paragraph (18), "nursing home" means a
7 skilled nursing or intermediate long term care facility
8 that is subject to license by the Illinois Department of
9 Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD
10 Community Care Act;

(19) the defendant was a federally licensed firearm dealer and was previously convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of Section 3 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act and has now committed either a felony violation of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or an act of armed violence while armed with a firearm;

17 (20) the defendant (i) committed the offense of reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 18 19 1961 or the offense of driving under the influence of 20 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or 21 compounds or any combination thereof under Section 11-501 22 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a 23 local ordinance and (ii) was operating a motor vehicle in 24 excess of 20 miles per hour over the posted speed limit as 25 provided in Article VI of Chapter 11 of the Illinois 26 Vehicle Code;

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1 (21) the defendant (i) committed the offense of 2 reckless driving or aggravated reckless driving under 3 Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and (ii) was 4 operating a motor vehicle in excess of 20 miles per hour 5 over the posted speed limit as provided in Article VI of 6 Chapter 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code;

7 (22) the defendant committed the offense against a 8 person that the defendant knew, or reasonably should have 9 known, was a member of the Armed Forces of the United 10 States serving on active duty. For purposes of this clause 11 (22), the term "Armed Forces" means any of the Armed Forces 12 of the United States, including a member of any reserve component thereof or National Guard unit called to active 13 14 duty; or

15 (23) the defendant committed the offense against a 16 person who was elderly, disabled, or infirm by taking 17 advantage of a family or fiduciary relationship with the 18 elderly, disabled, or infirm person<u>; or</u>.

19 (24) (22) the defendant committed any offense under
 20 Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and possessed
 21 100 or more images.

22 For the purposes of this Section:

23 "School" is defined as a public or private elementary or24 secondary school, community college, college, or university.

25 "Day care center" means a public or private State certified 26 and licensed day care center as defined in Section 2.09 of the

Child Care Act of 1969 that displays a sign in plain view
 stating that the property is a day care center.

3 (b) The following factors may be considered by the court as
4 reasons to impose an extended term sentence under Section 5-8-2
5 upon any offender:

6 (1) When a defendant is convicted of any felony, after 7 having been previously convicted in Illinois or any other 8 jurisdiction of the same or similar class felony or greater 9 class felony, when such conviction has occurred within 10 10 years after the previous conviction, excluding time spent 11 in custody, and such charges are separately brought and 12 tried and arise out of different series of acts; or

13 (2) When a defendant is convicted of any felony and the 14 court finds that the offense was accompanied by 15 exceptionally brutal or heinous behavior indicative of 16 wanton cruelty; or

17 (3) When a defendant is convicted of voluntary 18 manslaughter, second degree murder, involuntary 19 manslaughter or reckless homicide in which the defendant 20 has been convicted of causing the death of more than one 21 individual; or

(4) When a defendant is convicted of any felonycommitted against:

(i) a person under 12 years of age at the time ofthe offense or such person's property;

26 (ii) a person 60 years of age or older at the time

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of the offense or such person's property; or

2 (iii) a person physically handicapped at the time
3 of the offense or such person's property; or

(5) In the case of a defendant convicted of aggravated 4 5 criminal sexual assault or criminal sexual assault, when 6 the court finds that aggravated criminal sexual assault or 7 criminal sexual assault was also committed on the same victim by one or more other individuals, and the defendant 8 9 voluntarily participated in the crime with the knowledge of 10 the participation of the others in the crime, and the 11 commission of the crime was part of a single course of 12 conduct during which there was no substantial change in the nature of the criminal objective; or 13

14 (6) When a defendant is convicted of any felony and the 15 offense involved any of the following types of specific 16 misconduct committed as part of a ceremony, rite, 17 initiation, observance, performance, practice or activity 18 of any actual or ostensible religious, fraternal, or social 19 group:

20 (i) the brutalizing or torturing of humans or 21 animals;

(ii) the theft of human corpses;
(iii) the kidnapping of humans;
(iv) the desecration of any cemetery, religious,
fraternal, business, governmental, educational, or
other building or property; or

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(v) ritualized abuse of a child; or

(7) When a defendant is convicted of first degree
murder, after having been previously convicted in Illinois
of any offense listed under paragraph (c)(2) of Section
5-5-3, when such conviction has occurred within 10 years
after the previous conviction, excluding time spent in
custody, and such charges are separately brought and tried
and arise out of different series of acts; or

9 (8) When a defendant is convicted of a felony other 10 than conspiracy and the court finds that the felony was 11 committed under an agreement with 2 or more other persons 12 to commit that offense and the defendant, with respect to 13 the other individuals, occupied a position of organizer, 14 supervisor, financier, or any other position of management 15 or leadership, and the court further finds that the felony 16 committed was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the 17 defendant's leadership in an organized gang; or 18

19 (9) When a defendant is convicted of a felony violation 20 of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the court 21 finds that the defendant is a member of an organized gang; 22 or

(10) When a defendant committed the offense using a
firearm with a laser sight attached to it. For purposes of
this paragraph (10), "laser sight" has the meaning ascribed
to it in Section 24.6-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or

(11) When a defendant who was at least 17 years of age 1 2 at the time of the commission of the offense is convicted 3 felony and has been previously adjudicated a of а delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for 4 5 an act that if committed by an adult would be a Class X or Class 1 felony when the conviction has occurred within 10 6 7 years after the previous adjudication, excluding time 8 spent in custody; or

9 (12) When a defendant commits an offense involving the 10 illegal manufacture of a controlled substance under 11 Section 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the 12 illegal manufacture of methamphetamine under Section 25 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, 13 14 or the illegal possession of explosives and an emergency 15 response officer in the performance of his or her duties is 16 killed or injured at the scene of the offense while 17 responding to the emergency caused by the commission of the offense. In this paragraph (12), "emergency" means a 18 19 situation in which a person's life, health, or safety is in 20 jeopardy; and "emergency response officer" means a peace 21 officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, emergency 22 medical technician-ambulance, emergency medical 23 technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, ambulance driver, other 24 medical 25 assistance or first aid personnel, or hospital emergency 26 room personnel; or

1 (13) When a defendant commits any felony and the 2 defendant used, possessed, exercised control over, or 3 otherwise directed an animal to assault a law enforcement 4 officer engaged in the execution of his or her official 5 duties or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an 6 organized gang in which the defendant is engaged.

7 (b-1) For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang"
8 has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois
9 Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

10 (c) The court may impose an extended term sentence under 11 Section 5-8-2 upon any offender who was convicted of aggravated 12 criminal sexual assault or predatory criminal sexual assault of 13 a child under subsection (a)(1) of Section 12-14.1 of the 14 Criminal Code of 1961 where the victim was under 18 years of 15 age at the time of the commission of the offense.

(d) The court may impose an extended term sentence under Section 5-8-2 upon any offender who was convicted of unlawful use of weapons under Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for possessing a weapon that is not readily distinguishable as one of the weapons enumerated in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(e) The court may impose an extended term sentence under Section 5-8-2 upon an offender who has been convicted of first degree murder when the offender has previously been convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery committed against the murdered individual or has previously been 1 convicted of violation of an order of protection in which the 2 murdered individual was the protected person.

3 (Source: P.A. 94-131, eff. 7-7-05; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 94-556, 4 eff. 9-11-05; 94-819, eff. 5-31-06; 95-85, eff. 1-1-08; 95-362, 5 eff. 1-1-08; 95-569, eff. 6-1-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 95-942, 6 eff. 1-1-09; revised 9-23-08.)

7 Section 90-190. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by 8 changing Section 2-203 as follows:

9 (735 ILCS 5/2-203) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-203)

10 Sec. 2-203. Service on individuals.

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11 (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided, service of summons upon an individual defendant shall be made (1) by 12 13 leaving a copy of the summons with the defendant personally, 14 (2) by leaving a copy at the defendant's usual place of abode, 15 with some person of the family or a person residing there, of the age of 13 years or upwards, and informing that person of 16 the contents of the summons, provided the officer or other 17 18 person making service shall also send a copy of the summons in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid, addressed to the 19 20 defendant at his or her usual place of abode, or (3) as 21 provided in Section 1-2-9.2 of the Illinois Municipal Code with respect to violation of an ordinance governing parking or 22 23 standing of vehicles in cities with a population over 500,000. The certificate of the officer or affidavit of the person that 24

he or she has sent the copy in pursuance of this Section is evidence that he or she has done so. No employee of a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or the MR/DD Community</u> <u>Care Act</u> shall obstruct an officer or other person making service in compliance with this Section.

(b) The officer, in his or her certificate or in a record 6 7 filed and maintained in the Sheriff's office, or other person 8 making service, in his or her affidavit or in a record filed 9 and maintained in his or her employer's office, shall (1) 10 identify as to sex, race, and approximate age the defendant or 11 other person with whom the summons was left and (2) state the 12 place where (whenever possible in terms of an exact street 13 address) and the date and time of the day when the summons was 14 left with the defendant or other person.

(c) Any person who knowingly sets forth in the certificate or affidavit any false statement, shall be liable in civil contempt. When the court holds a person in civil contempt under this Section, it shall award such damages as it determines to be just and, when the contempt is prosecuted by a private attorney, may award reasonable attorney's fees.

21 (Source: P.A. 95-858, eff. 8-18-08.)

Section 90-195. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business
 Practices Act is amended by changing Section 2BBB as follows:

24

(815 ILCS 505/2BBB)

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Sec. <u>2BBB</u> 222. Long term care <u>or MR/DD</u> facility; Consumer Choice Information Report. A long term care facility that fails to comply with Section 2-214 of the Nursing Home Care Act <u>or a</u> <u>facility that fails to comply with Section 2-214 of the MR/DD</u> <u>Community Care Act</u> commits an unlawful practice within the meaning of this Act.

7 (Source: P.A. 95-823, eff. 1-1-09; revised 9-25-08.)

ARTICLE 99. EFFECTIVE DATE

9 Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
10 becoming law.

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