## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2009 and 2010

#### HB0199

Introduced 1/14/2009, by Rep. Luis Arroyo

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/24-3 from Ch. 38, par. 24-3 720 ILCS 5/24-3.1A new

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Changes references in the statute on unlawful sale of firearms from "sell" or "give" to "transfer". Prohibits multiple transfers of handguns within a 30-day period. Creates the offense of unlawful acquisition of handguns. Provides exemptions and affirmative defenses. Penalty is a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Section 24-3 and adding Section 24-3.1A as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/24-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3) 7 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful transfer Sale of firearms Firearms. 8 (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful transfer sale 9 of firearms when he or she knowingly does any of the following: (a) Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer 10 Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed 11 12 upon the person to any person he or she has reasonable cause to believe is under 18 years of age. 13 14 (b) Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of 15 16 age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a 17 traffic offense or adjudged delinguent. (b-5) Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer 18 19 any firearm to a person he or she has reasonable cause to 20 believe is under 18 years of age.

21 (c) <u>Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer</u>
 22 <del>Sells or gives</del> any firearm to any narcotic addict.

(d) <u>Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer</u>

Sells or gives any firearm to any person <u>he or she has</u>
 <u>reasonable cause to believe</u> who has been convicted of a
 felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction.

4 (e) <u>Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer</u>
5 <u>Sells or gives</u> any firearm to any person <u>he or she has</u>
6 <u>reasonable cause to believe</u> <del>who</del> has been a patient in a
7 mental hospital within the past 5 years.

8 (f) <u>Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer</u> 9 <del>Sells or gives</del> any firearms to any person <u>he or she knows</u> 10 <u>or has reasonable cause to believe</u> <del>who</del> is mentally 11 retarded.

12 (g) Knowingly transfers Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a 13 14 sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at 15 least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been 16 made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, or 17 a stun gun or taser, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long 18 19 gun, or a stun gun or taser for at least 24 hours after 20 application for its purchase has been made. However, this 21 paragraph (g) does not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm 22 to a law enforcement officer if the seller of the firearm 23 knows that the person to whom he or she is selling the firearm is a law enforcement officer or the sale of a 24 25 firearm to a person who desires to purchase a firearm for 26 use in promoting the public interest incident to his or her

employment as a bank quard, armed truck quard, or other 1 2 similar employment; (2) a mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed 3 to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; (3) the sale 4 5 of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois 6 7 Department of State Police; or (4) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed as a federal firearms dealer under 8 9 Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 10 U.S.C. 923). For purposes of this paragraph (q), 11 "application" means when the buyer and seller reach an 12 agreement to purchase a firearm.

13 (h) While holding any license as a dealer, importer, 14 manufacturer or pawnbroker under the federal Gun Control 15 Act of 1968, knowingly manufactures, sells or delivers to 16 any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, 17 frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at 18 19 a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For 20 purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and (2) 21 the 22 "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and 23 fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which such a firearm can be 24 25 assembled.

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(i) Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer

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Sells or gives a firearm of any size to any person <u>he or</u> she knows or has reasonable cause to believe is under 18 years of age who does not possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

5 (i-5) While holding a license under the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, transfers or possesses with intent to 6 transfer more than one handgun to any person within any 7 8 30-day period or transfers or possesses with intent to 9 transfer a handgun to any person he or she knows or has 10 reasonable cause to believe has received a handgun within 11 the previous 30 days unless the receipt of multiple 12 handguns is exempted under subsection (c) or (d) of Section 13 24-3.1A. It is an affirmative defense to a violation of 14 this subsection that the transferor in good faith relied on 15 the records of the Department of State Police in concluding 16 that the transferor had not transferred a handgun within 17 the previous 30 days or that multiple purchases were authorized by subsection (b) of Section 24-3.1A, or relied 18 19 in good faith on the records of a local law enforcement 20 agency that the transfer was authorized by subsection (c) 21 of Section 24-3.1A.

(j) <u>Transfers or possesses with intent to transfer</u>
Sells or gives a firearm while engaged in the business of
selling firearms at wholesale or retail without being
licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of
the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). In

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1 this paragraph (j):

A person "engaged in the business" means a person who devotes time, attention, and labor to engaging in the activity as a regular course of trade or business with the principal objective of livelihood and profit, but does not include a person who makes occasional repairs of firearms or who occasionally fits special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms.

9 "With the principal objective of livelihood and 10 profit" means that the intent underlying the sale or 11 disposition of firearms is predominantly one of obtaining 12 livelihood and pecuniary gain, as opposed to other intents, such as improving or liquidating a personal firearms 13 14 collection; however, proof of profit shall not be required 15 as to a person who engages in the regular and repetitive 16 purchase and disposition of firearms for criminal purposes 17 or terrorism.

(k) Transfers Sells or transfers ownership of a firearm 18 19 to a person who does not display to the seller or 20 transferor of the firearm a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card that has previously been issued in the 21 22 transferee's name by the Department of State Police under 23 the provisions of the Firearm Owners Identification Card 24 Act. This paragraph (k) does not apply to the transfer of a 25 firearm to a person who is exempt from the requirement of 26 possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under

Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. 1 2 For the purposes of this Section, a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card means (i) a Firearm Owner's 3 Identification Card that has not expired or (ii) if the 4 5 transferor is licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 6 7 U.S.C. 923), an approval number issued in accordance with Section 3.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act 8 9 shall be proof that the Firearm Owner's Identification Card 10 was valid.

11 Paragraph (h) of subsection (A) does not include (B) 12 firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of Public Act 78-355 (approved August 21, 1973, effective October 1, 1973), 13 14 nor is any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or 15 purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment of 16 Public Act 78-355 subject to confiscation or seizure under the 17 provisions of that Public Act. Nothing in Public Act 78-355 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm 18 19 if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 months 20 after the enactment of that Public Act.

21 <u>(B-5) As used in this Section, "transfer" means the actual</u> 22 <u>or attempted transfer of a firearm or firearm ammunition, with</u> 23 <u>or without consideration, but does not include the lease of a</u> 24 <u>firearm, or the provision of ammunition specifically for that</u> 25 <u>firearm, if the firearm and the ammunition are to be used on</u> 26 <u>the lessor's premises, and does not include any transfer of</u>

1 possession when the transferor maintains supervision and 2 control over the firearm or ammunition.

3 (B-10) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of paragraph (i-5) of subsection (A) that the transfer or 4 5 possession with intent to transfer of a firearm was to a transferee who received the firearm as an heir, legatee, or 6 beneficiary of or in a similar capacity to a deceased person 7 who had owned the firearm. Nothing in this paragraph (B-10) 8 9 makes lawful any transfer or possession with intent to transfer 10 of a firearm, or any other possession or use of a firearm, in 11 violation of any law, other than paragraph (i-5) of subsection 12 (A), or in violation of any municipal or county ordinance.

13 (C) Sentence.

(1) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
firearms in violation of <u>paragraph (c), (e), (f), (g), or</u>
any of paragraphs (c) through (h) of subsection (A) commits
a Class 4 felony. <u>A person convicted of a violation of</u>
<u>subsection (i-5) of subsection (A) of this Section commits</u>
<u>a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a Class 4</u>
<u>felony for a second or subsequent offense.</u>

(2) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
firearms in violation of paragraph (b), (b-5), or (i) of
subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.

(3) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
firearms in violation of paragraph (a) of subsection (A)
commits a Class 2 felony.

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(4) Any person convicted of unlawful transfer sale of 1 2 firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), (b-5), or (i) 3 of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property 4 5 comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or 6 7 contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, 8 9 regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the 10 offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony. Any person 11 convicted of a second or subsequent violation of unlawful 12 transfer sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), 13 (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real 14 property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real 15 property comprising a school, at a school related activity, 16 or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, 17 or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, 18 19 regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the 20 offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less 21 22 than 5 years and no more than 15 years.

(5) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection
(A) in residential property owned, operated, or managed by
a public housing agency or leased by a public housing

agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income 1 2 development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on 3 residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency 4 5 as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real 6 7 property comprising any courthouse, or on any public way 8 within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any 9 public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, 10 operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased 11 by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or 12 mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.

13 (6) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
14 firearms in violation of paragraph (j) of subsection (A)
15 commits a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
16 violation is a Class 4 felony.

(7) Any person convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of
firearms in violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A)
commits a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent conviction
for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) is a
Class 1 felony.

(8) A person 18 years of age or older convicted of unlawful <u>transfer</u> sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A), when the firearm that was sold or given to another person under 18 years of age was used in the commission of or attempt to commit a forcible felony, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, not
 to exceed the maximum provided for the most serious
 forcible felony so committed or attempted by the person
 under 18 years of age who was sold or given the firearm.

5 (9) A person convicted of unlawful transfer of firearms
6 in violation of paragraph (d) of subsection (A) commits a
7 Class 2 felony.

(D) For purposes of this Section:

9 "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary10 school, community college, college, or university.

"School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.

(E) A prosecution for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 6 years after the commission of the offense. A prosecution for a violation of this Section other than paragraph (g) of subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 5 years after the commission of the offense defined in the particular paragraph.

22 (Source: P.A. 94-6, eff. 1-1-06; 94-284, eff. 7-21-05; 95-331, 23 eff. 8-21-07; 95-735, eff. 7-16-08.)

24 (720 ILCS 5/24-3.1A new)

25 <u>Sec. 24-3.1A. Unlawful acquisition of handguns.</u>

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1	(a) Except as exempted in subsections (b) and (c), it is				
2	unlawful for any person other than a person holding a license				
3	under the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968, as amended, to				
4	acquire more than one handgun within any 30-day period.				
5	(b) Acquisitions in excess of one handgun within a 30-day				
6	period may be made upon completion of an enhanced background				
7	check, as described in this Section, by special application to				
8	the Department of State Police listing the number and type of				
9	handguns to be acquired and transferred for lawful business or				
10	personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk				
11	purchase from estate sales, and for similar purposes. The				
12	application must be signed under oath by the applicant on forms				
13	provided by the Department of State Police, must state the				
14	purpose for the acquisition above the limit, and must require				
15	satisfactory proof of residency and identity. The application				
16	is in addition to the firearms transfer report required by the				
17	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF). The Director of				
18	State Police shall adopt rules, under the Illinois				
19	Administrative Procedure Act, for the implementation of an				
20	application process for acquisitions of handguns above the				
21	<u>limit.</u>				
22	Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met,				
23	the Department of State Police must forthwith issue to the				
24	applicant a nontransferable certificate that is valid for 7				
25	days from the date of issue. The certificate must be				

surrendered to the transferor by the prospective transferee

1	before the consummation of the transfer and must be kept on
2	file at the transferor's place of business for inspection as
3	provided in Section 24-4. Upon request of any local law
4	enforcement agency, and under its rules, the Department of
5	State Police may certify the local law enforcement agency to
6	serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon
7	authorization by the Department of State Police, issue
8	certificates forthwith under this Section. Applications and
9	certificates issued under this Section must be maintained as
10	records by the Department of State Police, and made available
11	to local law enforcement agencies.

- 12 (c) This Section does not apply to:
- 13 (1) A law enforcement agency;
- 14 <u>(2) State and local correctional agencies and</u> 15 <u>departments;</u>
- 16 (3) The acquisition of antique firearms as defined by
   17 paragraph (4) of Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners
   18 Identification Card Act; or
- 19 (4) A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably 20 lost who deems it essential that the handgun be replaced immediately. The person may acquire another handgun, even 21 22 if the person has previously acquired a handgun within a 23 30-day period, if: (i) the person provides the firearms 24 transferor with a copy of the official police report or a 25 summary of the official police report, on forms provided by the Department of State Police, from the law enforcement 26

1	agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun;
2	(ii) the official police report or summary of the official
3	police report contains the name and address of the handgun
4	owner, the description and serial number of the handgun,
5	the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or
6	theft, and the date the loss or theft was reported to the
7	law enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or
8	theft as reflected on the official police report or summary
9	of the official police report occurred within 30 days of
10	the person's attempt to replace the handgun. The firearms
11	transferor must attach a copy of the official police report
12	or summary of the official police report to the original
13	copy of the form provided by the Department of State Police
14	completed for the transaction, retain it for the period
15	prescribed by the Department of State Police, and forward a
16	copy of the documents to the Department of State Police.
17	The documents must be maintained by the Department of State
18	Police and made available to local law enforcement
19	agencies.
20	(d) For the purposes of this Section, "acquisition" does
21	not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a
22	transferor for a handgun transferred from the transferor by the
23	same person seeking the exchange or replacement within the
24	30-day period immediately preceding the date of exchange or
25	replacement.
26	(e) The exemptions set forth in subsections (b) and (c) are

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1	affirmative defenses to a v	iolation of	subsection (a)	) .
2	(f) A violation of thi	s Section :	is a Class A m	misdemeanor
3	for a first offense and	a Class 4	felony for a	second or
4	subsequent offense.			