- AN ACT concerning criminal law, which may be referred to as 1
- 2 the Child Protection Act of 2008.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- 5 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- Illinois Child Online Exploitation Reporting Act. 6
- 7 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act unless the
- 8 context otherwise requires:
- "Electronic communications service" means any service 9
- which provides to users thereof the ability to send or receive 10
- wire or electronic communications. 11
- "Remote computing service" means the provision to the 12
- 13 public of computer storage or processing services by means of
- 14 an electronic communications system.
- 15 Section 10. Registration. Any entity, subject to the
- 16 reporting requirements of 42 U.S.C. 13032, while engaged in
- providing an electronic communications service or a remote 17
- 18 computing service to the public, must provide the following
- 19 information to the Cyber Tipline at the National Center for
- 20 Missing and Exploited Children in order to facilitate the
- 21 required reporting of child pornography crimes, pursuant to 42
- 22 U.S.C. 13032:

- 1 (a) the agent's name, phone number, and email address; and
- 2 (b) the name of the agent's employer.
- 3 Section 15. Scope. This Act is applicable to electronic
- 4 communications services and remote computing services
- 5 incorporated or organized under the laws of this State or
- 6 maintaining property or assets in this State.
- 7 Section 20. Penalties. A provider of electronic
- 8 communications services or remote computing services who
- 9 violates this Act by failing to register under Section 10 is
- subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$500 for
- 11 each day that the violation continues. The Attorney General may
- 12 bring an action in the name of the People of the State of
- 13 Illinois to enforce the provisions of this Act.
- Section 105. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 15 changing Sections 11-9.4, 11-20.2, 11-21, 11-23, and 11-24 and
- by adding Sections 10-8.1 and 11-6.6 as follows:
- 17 (720 ILCS 5/10-8.1 new)
- Sec. 10-8.1. Unlawful sending of a public conveyance travel
- 19 ticket to a minor.
- 20 (a) In this Section, "public conveyance" has the meaning
- 21 ascribed to it in Section 10-8 of this Code.
- 22 (b) A person commits the offense of unlawful sending of a

- 3 - LRBU95 19641 RLC 45985 I

public conveyance travel ticket to a minor when the person
without the consent of the minor's parent or quardian:

- (1) knowingly sends, causes to be sent, or purchases a public conveyance travel ticket to any location for a person known by the offender to be an unemancipated minor under 17 years of age or a person he or she believes to be a minor under 17 years of age, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois law; or
- (2) knowingly arranges for travel to any location on any public conveyance for a person known by the offender to be an unemancipated minor under 17 years of age or a person he or she believes to be a minor under 17 years of age, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois law.
- (b-5) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or information services used by others in violation of this Section.
- (c) Sentence. Unlawful sending of a public conveyance travel ticket to a minor is a Class A misdemeanor. A person who commits unlawful sending of a public conveyance travel ticket

- 1 <u>to a minor who believes that he or she is at least 5 years older</u>
- 2 than the minor is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 3 (720 ILCS 5/11-6.6 new)
- 4 Sec. 11-6.6. Solicitation to meet a child.
- 5 (a) A person of the age of 18 or more years commits the
- offense of solicitation to meet a child if the person while
- 7 using a computer, cellular telephone, or any other device, with
- 8 the intent to meet a child or one whom he or she believes to be
- 9 a child, solicits, entices, induces, or arranges with the child
- 10 to meet at a location without the knowledge of the child's
- 11 parent or guardian and the meeting with the child is arranged
- for a purpose other than a lawful purpose under Illinois law.
- 13 (b) Sentence. Solicitation to meet a child is a Class A
- 14 misdemeanor. Solicitation to meet a child is a Class 4 felony
- when the solicitor believes he or she is 5 or more years older
- than the child.
- 17 (c) For purposes of this Section, "child" means any person
- under 17 years of age; and "computer" has the meaning ascribed
- 19 to it in Section 16D-2 of this Code.
- 20 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.4)
- 21 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-640)
- 22 Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or
- communicating with a child within certain places by child sex
- offenders prohibited.

- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any public park building or on real property comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
- (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
- (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5)

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- prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of 1 2 a child care institution, day care center, or part day child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex 3
- 4 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this
- 5 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.
- 6 (b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 7 reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender 8 9 from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex 10 11 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this
- 13 This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the sex offense is 21 years of age or older. 14

amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

- (b-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 16 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois 17 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of the person under 18 years 21 of age.
 - (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child

care facility; (iv) child care institution, or (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care facility, child care institution, or school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day child care facility, child care institution, or school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is operated.

- (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.
 - (d) Definitions. In this Section:
 - (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
 - (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity

1 of such offense or an attempt to commit such 2 offense; or 3 (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or 6 7 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting 8 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 9 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 10 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged 11 commission attempted commission of such or 12 offense; or 13 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 14 following a hearing conducted pursuant another 15 federal law or the law of 16 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 17 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such 18 offense; or 19 20 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 21 22 federal law or the law of another state 23 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 24 25 for the alleged violation or attempted commission

of such offense; or

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- (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or
- (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
 "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of child), 11-6.5 (indecent а solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1

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(sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

Τ	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
2	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
3	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
4	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
5	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
6	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
7	clause (2)(i) of this subsection (d).
8	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
9	offense means:
10	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
11	the Criminal Code of 1961:
12	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
13	abetting child abduction under Section
14	10-5(b)(10), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
15	child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an
16	adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile
17	prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
18	prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile
19	prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
20	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
21	pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child
22	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
23	assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
24	a child). An attempt to commit any of these
25	offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections

of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:
 - 10-1 (kidnapping),
- 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 13 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 14 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
- 15 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
 - (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
 - (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the

1 purposes of this Section.

- (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.
- (5) "Facility providing programs or services directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18.

(6) "Loiter" means:

- (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public park property.
- (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public park property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- (7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily for children's recreation.
- (8) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (9) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (10) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of

1969. 1

- 2 (11) "Internet" means an interactive computer service 3 or system or an information service, system, or access 4 software provider that provides or enables computer access 5 by multiple users to a computer server, and includes, but is not limited to, an information service, system, or 6 7 access software provider that provides access to a network 8 system commonly known as the Internet, or any comparable 9 system or service and also includes, but is not limited to, 10 a World Wide Web page, newsgroup, message board, mailing 11 list, or chat area on any interactive computer service or 12 system or other online service.
- 13 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty 14 of a Class 4 felony.
- (Source: P.A. 94-925, eff. 6-26-06; 95-32, eff. 1-1-08; 95-640, 15 16 eff. 6-1-08; revised 10-30-07.)
- 17 (720 ILCS 5/11-20.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-20.2)
- Sec. 11-20.2. Duty to report child pornography. 18
- (a) Any commercial film and photographic print processor or 19 computer technician who has knowledge of or observes, within 20 21 the scope of his professional capacity or employment, any film, 22 photograph, videotape, negative, or slide, computer hard drive or any other magnetic or optical media which depicts a child 23 24 whom the processor or computer technician knows or reasonably
- 25 should know to be under the age of 18 where such child is:

- (i) actually or by simulation engaged in any act of sexual 1
- 2 penetration or sexual conduct intercourse with any person or
- 3 animal; or
- 4 (ii) actually or by simulation engaged in any act of sexual
- 5 penetration or sexual conduct contact involving the sex organs
- of the child and the mouth, anus, or sex organs of another 6
- person or animal; or which involves the mouth, anus or sex 7
- 8 organs of the child and the sex organs of another person or
- 9 animal; or
- 10 (iii) actually or by simulation engaged in any act of
- 11 masturbation; or
- 12 (iv) actually or by simulation portrayed as being the
- 13 object of, or otherwise engaged in, any act of lewd fondling,
- touching, or caressing involving another person or animal; or 14
- (v) actually or by simulation engaged in any act of 15
- 16 excretion or urination within a sexual context; or
- 17 (vi) actually or by simulation portrayed or depicted as
- bound, fettered, or subject to sadistic, masochistic, or 18
- 19 sadomasochistic abuse in any sexual context; or
- (vii) depicted or portrayed in any pose, posture or setting 20
- 21 involving a lewd exhibition of the unclothed or transparently
- 22 clothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if such person is
- 23 female, a fully or partially developed breast of the child or
- 24 other person;
- 25 shall report or cause a report to be made pursuant to
- subsections (b) and (c) such instance to a peace officer 26

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- immediately or as soon as reasonably possible. Failure to make 1 such report shall be a business offense with a fine of \$1,000. 2
 - (b) Commercial film and photographic film processors shall report or cause a report to be made to the local law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which the image or images described in subsection (a) are discovered.
 - (c) Computer technicians shall report or cause the report to be made to the local law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which the image or images described in subsection (a) are discovered or to the Illinois Child Exploitation e-Tipline at reportchildporn@atg.state.il.us.
 - (d) Reports required by this Act shall include the following information: (i) name, address, and telephone number of the person filing the report; (ii) the employer of the person filing the report, if any; (iii) the name, address and telephone number of the person whose property is the subject of the report, if known; (iv) the circumstances which led to the filing of the report, including a description of the reported content.
 - (e) If a report is filed with the Cyber Tipline at the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children or in accordance with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. 13032, the requirements of this Act will be deemed to have been met.
 - (f) A computer technician or an employer caused to report child pornography under this Section is immune from any criminal, civil, or administrative liability in connection

- 1 with making the report, except for willful or wanton
- 2 misconduct.
- 3 (g) For the purposes of this Section, a "computer
- 4 technician" is a person who installs, maintains,
- 5 troubleshoots, repairs or upgrades computer hardware,
- 6 software, computer networks, peripheral equipment, electronic
- 7 <u>mail systems</u>, or provides user assistance for any of the
- 8 <u>aforementioned tasks</u>.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 84-1280.)
- 10 (720 ILCS 5/11-21) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-21)
- 11 Sec. 11-21. Harmful material.
- 12 (a) As used in this Section:
- "Distribute" means transfer possession of, whether
- 14 with or without consideration.
- 15 "Harmful to minors" means that quality of any
- description or representation, in whatever form, of
- 17 nudity, sexual conduct, sexual excitement, or
- 18 sado-masochistic abuse, when, taken as a whole, it (i)
- 19 predominately appeals to the prurient interest in sex of
- 20 minors, (ii) is patently offensive to prevailing standards
- in the adult community in the State as a whole with respect
- 22 to what is suitable material for minors, and (iii) lacks
- 23 serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value
- 24 for minors.
- 25 "Knowingly" means having knowledge of the contents of

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the subject matter, or recklessly failing to exercise reasonable inspection which would have disclosed the contents.

"Material" means (i) any picture, photograph, drawing, sculpture, film, video game, computer game, video or depiction, similar visual including any representation or image which is stored electronically, or magazine, printed matter (ii) any book, however reproduced, or recorded audio of any sort.

"Minor" means any person under the age of 18.

"Nudity" means the showing of the human male or female genitals, pubic area or buttocks with less than a full opaque covering, or the showing of the female breast with less than a fully opaque covering of any portion below the top of the nipple, or the depiction of covered male genitals in a discernably turgid state.

"Sado-masochistic abuse" means flagellation or torture by or upon a person clad in undergarments, a mask or bizarre costume, or the condition of being fettered, bound or otherwise physically restrained on the part of one clothed for sexual gratification or stimulation.

"Sexual conduct" means acts of masturbation, sexual intercourse, or physical contact with a person's clothed or unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks or, if such person be a female, breast.

"Sexual excitement" means the condition of human male

- or female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal.
 - (b) A person is guilty of distributing harmful material to a minor when he or she:
 - (1) knowingly sells, lends, distributes, or gives away to a minor, knowing that the minor is under the age of 18 or failing to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the person's true age:
 - (A) any material which depicts nudity, sexual conduct or sado-masochistic abuse, or which contains explicit and detailed verbal descriptions or narrative accounts of sexual excitement, sexual conduct or sado-masochistic abuse, and which taken as a whole is harmful to minors;
 - (B) a motion picture, show, or other presentation which depicts nudity, sexual conduct or sado-masochistic abuse and is harmful to minors; or
 - (C) an admission ticket or pass to premises where there is exhibited or to be exhibited such a motion picture, show, or other presentation; or
 - (2) admits a minor to premises where there is exhibited or to be exhibited such a motion picture, show, or other presentation, knowing that the minor is a person under the age of 18 or failing to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the person's true age.
 - (c) In any prosecution arising under this Section, it is an

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affirmative defense:

- (1) that the minor as to whom the offense is alleged to have been committed exhibited to the accused a draft card, driver's license, birth certificate or other official or apparently official document purporting to establish that the minor was 18 years of age or older, which was relied upon by the accused;
- (2) t.hat. t.he defendant was in а parental quardianship relationship with the minor or that the minor was accompanied by a parent or legal quardian;
- (3) that the defendant was a bona fide school, museum, or public library, or was a person acting in the course of his or her employment as an employee or official of such organization or retail outlet affiliated with and serving the educational purpose of such organization;
- that the act charged was committed in aid of legitimate scientific or educational purposes; or
- that an advertisement of harmful material defined in this Section culminated in the distribution of such harmful material to a child under circumstances where there was no personal confrontation of the child by the defendant, his employees, or agents, as where the order or request for such harmful material was transmitted by mail, telephone, Internet or similar means of communication, and delivery of such harmful material to the child was by mail, freight, Internet or similar means

laws of the State."

of transport, which advertisement contained the following statement, or a substantially similar statement, and that the defendant required the purchaser to certify that he or she was not under the age of 18 and that the purchaser falsely stated that he or she was not under the age of 18:

"NOTICE: It is unlawful for any person under the age of 18 to purchase the matter advertised. Any person under the age of 18 that falsely states that he or she is not under the age of 18 for the purpose of obtaining the material advertised is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor under the

- (d) The predominant appeal to prurient interest of the material shall be judged with reference to average children of the same general age of the child to whom such material was sold, lent, distributed or given, unless it appears from the nature of the matter or the circumstances of its dissemination or distribution that it is designed for specially susceptible groups, in which case the predominant appeal of the material shall be judged with reference to its intended or probable recipient group.
- (e) Distribution of harmful material in violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent offense is a Class 4 felony.
- (f) Any person under the age of 18 that falsely states, either orally or in writing, that he or she is not under the age of 18, or that presents or offers to any person any

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evidence of age and identity that is false or not actually his

2 or her own for the purpose of ordering, obtaining, viewing, or

otherwise procuring or attempting to procure or view any

harmful material is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

- (q) A person over the age of 18 who fails to exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the true age of a minor, knowingly distributes to, or sends, or causes to be sent, or exhibits to, or offers to distribute, or exhibits any harmful material to a person that he or she believes is a minor is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor. If that person utilized a computer web camera, cellular telephone, or any other type of device to manufacture the harmful material, then each offense
- 14 (h) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, 15 but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting 16 17 service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the 18 19 transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications 20 or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or 21 22 information services used by others in violation of this 23 Section.
- (Source: P.A. 94-315, eff. 1-1-06.) 24

is a Class 4 felony.

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Sec. 11-23. Posting of identifying or graphic information a pornographic Internet site or possessing graphic on information with pornographic material.

- (a) A person at least 17 years of age who discloses on an adult obscenity or child pornography Internet site the name, address, telephone number, or e-mail address of a person under 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense or of a person at least 17 years of age without the consent of the person at least 17 years of age is quilty of the offense of posting of identifying information on a pornographic Internet site.
- (a-5) Any person who places, posts, reproduces, or maintains on an adult obscenity or child pornography Internet site a photograph, video, or digital image of a person under 18 years of age that is not child pornography under Section 11-20.1, without the knowledge and consent of the person under 18 years of age, is guilty of the offense of posting of graphic information on a pornographic Internet site. This provision applies even if the person under 18 years of age is fully or properly clothed in the photograph, video, or digital image.
- (a-10) Any person who places, posts, reproduces, or maintains on an adult obscenity or child pornography Internet site, or possesses with obscene or child pornographic material a photograph, video, or digital image of a person under 18 years of age in which the child is posed in a suggestive manner with the focus or concentration of the image on the child's

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- clothed genitals, clothed pubic area, clothed buttocks area, or 1 2 if the child is female, the breast exposed through transparent 3 clothing, and the photograph, video, or digital image is not child pornography under Section 11-20.1, is guilty of posting 4 5 of graphic information on a pornographic Internet site or possessing graphic information with pornographic material. 6
 - (b) Sentence. A person who violates <u>subsection</u> (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class 4 felony if the victim is at least 17 years of age at the time of the offense and a Class 3 felony if the victim is under 17 years of age at the time of the offense. A person who violates subsection (a-5) of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who violates subsection (a-10) of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
 - (c) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:
 - (1) "Adult obscenity or child pornography Internet site" means a site on the Internet that contains material that is obscene as defined in Section 11-20 of this Code or that is child pornography as defined in Section 11-20.1 of this Code.
- (2) "Internet" includes the World Wide Web, electronic 20 21 mail, a news group posting, or Internet file transfer.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 91-222, eff. 7-22-99.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/11-24)
- 24 Sec. 11-24. Child photography by sex offender.
- 25 (a) In this Section:

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- "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
- 2 "Child sex offender" has the meaning ascribed to it in 3 Section 11-9.3 of this Code.
- 4 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly:
- 5 (1) conduct or operate any type of business in which he 6 or she photographs, videotapes, or takes a digital image of 7 a child; or
 - (2) conduct or operate any type of business in which he or she instructs or directs another person to photograph, videotape, or take a digital image of a child; or \div
 - (3) photograph, videotape, or take a digital image of a child, or instruct or direct another person to photograph, videotape, or take a digital image of a child without the consent of the parent or guardian.
 - (c) Sentence. A violation of this Section is a Class 2 felony. A person who violates this Section at a playground, park facility, school, forest preserve, day care facility, or at a facility providing programs or services directed to persons under 17 years of age is guilty of a Class 1 felony.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 93-905, eff. 1-1-05.)
- Section 110. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 3-3-7, 5-6-3, 5-6-3.1, and 5-8-1 as follows:
- 23 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-7)
- 24 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-464, 95-579,

- 1 and 95-640)
- Sec. 3-3-7. Conditions of Parole or Mandatory Supervised
- 3 Release.

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- 4 (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised
- 5 release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems
- 6 necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life.
- 7 The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised release
- 8 are that the subject:
- 9 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any 10 jurisdiction during the parole or release term;
 - (2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - (3) report to an agent of the Department of Corrections:
 - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory supervised release;
 - (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility;
 - (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from

custody;

- (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;
- (7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;
- (7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in

Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term;

(7.8) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.8), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94-179; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

(7.9) (7.8) if convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961, consent to search of computers, PDAs, cellular phones, and other devices under his or her control that are capable of accessing the Internet or storing electronic files, in order to confirm Internet protocol addresses reported in accordance with the Sex Offender Registration Act and compliance with conditions in this Act;

1	(7.10) (7.8) if convicted for an offense that would
2	qualify the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator
3	under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the
4	effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General
5	Assembly, not possess prescription drugs for erectile
6	dysfunction;
7	(7.11) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6,
8	11-9.1, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal
9	Code of 1961, or any attempt to commit any of these
10	offenses, committed on or after the effective date of this
11	amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly:
12	(i) not access or use a computer or any other
13	device with Internet capability without the prior
14	written approval of the Department;
15	(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations
16	of the offender's computer or any other device with
17	Internet capability by the offender's supervising
18	agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer
19	or information technology specialist, including the
20	retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or
21	device and any internal or external peripherals and
22	removal of such information, equipment, or device to
23	<pre>conduct a more thorough inspection;</pre>
24	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
25	computer or device with Internet capability, at the

offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software

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systems to monitor the Internet use; and

- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's supervising agent;
- (8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
- (9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before changing his or her residence or employment;
- (10) consent to a search of his or her person, property, or residence under his or her control;
- (11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (12) not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- (13) not knowingly associate with other persons on parole or mandatory supervised release without prior written permission of his or her parole agent and not associate with persons who are members of an organized gang as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

1 (14) provide true and accurate information, as it 2 relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on 3 parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her 4 conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his

or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;

- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the parole agent that are consistent with furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate; and
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter.
- (b) The Board may in addition to other conditions require that the subject:
 - (1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational

training;

- (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
- (3) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
 - (4) support his dependents;
 - (5) (blank);
 - (6) (blank);
- (7) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, enacted by the 84th General Assembly, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory;
- (7.5) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.5), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94-179; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or

1	second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or
2	adopted child of the accused;
3	(7.6) if convicted for an offense committed on or after
4	the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th
5	General Assembly that would qualify as a sex offense as
6	defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
7	(i) not access or use a computer or any other
8	device with Internet capability without the prior
9	written approval of the Department;
10	(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations
11	of the offender's computer or any other device with
12	Internet capability by the offender's supervising
13	agent, a law enforcement officer, or assigned computer
14	or information technology specialist, including the
15	retrieval and copying of all data from the computer or
16	device and any internal or external peripherals and
17	removal of such information, equipment, or device to
18	<pre>conduct a more thorough inspection;</pre>
19	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
20	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
21	offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software
22	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
23	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
24	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
25	computer or any other device with Internet capability
26	imposed by the Board, the Department or the offender's

1	supervising agent; and							
2	(8) in addition, if a minor:							
3	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;							
4	(ii) attend school;							
5	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;							
6	or							
7	(iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a							
8	foster home.							
9	(b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in							
10	subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex							
11	offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upon							
12	release from the custody of the Illinois Department of							
13	Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the							
14	following specific conditions of release:							
15	(1) reside only at a Department approved location;							
16	(2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender							
17	Registration Act;							
18	(3) notify third parties of the risks that may be							
19	occasioned by his or her criminal record;							
20	(4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department							
21	of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a							
22	course of study or vocational training and notify the							
23	Department prior to any change in employment, study, or							
24	training;							
25	(5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer							

activity that involves contact with children, except under

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circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;

- (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
- (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of Department of Corrections. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;
- (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (10) neither possess or have under his or her control any material that is sexually oriented, sexually stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or written or audio material describing intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic,

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or	electronic	media,	or	any	matter	obtained	through	access
to	any compute	er or ma	ter	ial	linked	to compute	er access	use;

- (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
- (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, any other places where minor children theaters, or congregate without advance approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections and immediately report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department;
- (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (14) may be required to provide a written daily log of activities if directed by an agent of the Department of Corrections:
- (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims;
 - (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
 - (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or
- (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle.

- (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the person in writing prior to his release, and he shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge of his supervision.
- (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
- (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to the Department of the optional services available to them upon release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of such optional services upon their release on a voluntary basis.
- of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release, the subject shall receive a reduction of the period of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release of 90 days upon passage of the high school level Test of General Educational Development during the period of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release. This reduction in the period of a subject's term of parole or mandatory supervised release shall be available only to subjects who have not previously earned a high school diploma or who have not previously passed the high school level Test of General Educational Development.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 94-159, eff. 7-11-05; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05;
- 2 94-988, eff. 1-1-07; 95-464, eff. 6-1-08; 95-539, eff. 1-1-08;
- 3 95-579, eff. 6-1-08; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; revised 12-26-07.)
- 4 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)
- 5 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-464, 95-578,
- 6 and 95-696)
- 7 Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of Probation and of Conditional
- 8 Discharge.
- 9 (a) The conditions of probation and of conditional
- 10 discharge shall be that the person:
- 11 (1) not violate any criminal statute of any
- 12 jurisdiction;
- 13 (2) report to or appear in person before such person or
- 14 agency as directed by the court;
- 15 (3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
- dangerous weapon;
- 17 (4) not leave the State without the consent of the
- 18 court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the
- 19 absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent
- 20 by the court is not possible, without the prior
- 21 notification and approval of the person's probation
- officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional
- 23 discharge supervision to another state is subject to
- 24 acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate
- 25 Compact for Adult Offender Supervision;

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- (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at his home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to discharge his duties;
- (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, where the offense was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang and was motivated by the offender's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang. The community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the community service should be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;
- (7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the

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defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. The person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a public institution of education to obtain the educational or vocational training required by this clause (7). The court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this clause (7). The person on probation or conditional discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is charged for those courses or test. The court shall resentence the offender whose probation or conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. This clause (7) does not apply to a person who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This clause (7) does not apply to a person who determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program;

if convicted of possession of (8) а substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance

prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and upon a finding by the court that the person is addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by the court;

- (8.5) if convicted of a felony sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the person shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment by a treatment provider approved by the Board and conducted in conformance with the standards developed under the Sex Offender Management Board Act;
- (8.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders;
 - (8.7) if convicted for an offense committed on or after

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the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (8.7), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94 179; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

(8.8) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly:

(i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;

(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations

1	of the offender's computer or any other device with
2	Internet capability by the offender's probation
3	officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned
4	computer or information technology specialist,
5	including the retrieval and copying of all data from
6	the computer or device and any internal or external
7	peripherals and removal of such information,
8	equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough
9	inspection;
10	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
11	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
12	offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software
13	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
14	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
15	concerning the offender's use of or access to a
16	computer or any other device with Internet capability
17	imposed by the offender's probation officer;
18	(9) if convicted of a felony, physically surrender at a
19	time and place designated by the court, his or her Firearm
20	Owner's Identification Card and any and all firearms in his
21	or her possession; and
22	(10) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in
23	subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the
24	offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18
25	years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors

are present, not participate in a holiday event involving

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1	children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy
2	or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa
3	Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as
4	a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny
5	costume on or preceding Easter.

- (b) The Court may in addition to other reasonable conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that the person:
 - (1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under Article
 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in paragraph
 (d) of Section 5-7-1;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
 - (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
 - (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
 - (6) support his dependents;
- (7) and in addition, if a minor:
 - (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
- 24 (ii) attend school;
- 25 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
- 26 (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a

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- (v) with the consent of the superintendent of the facility, attend an educational program at a facility other than the school in which the offense was committed if he or she is convicted of a crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school;
- (8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 of this Code:
- (9) perform some reasonable public or community service;
- (10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to any other applicable condition of probation or conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that the offender:
 - (i) remain within the interior premises of the place designated for his confinement during the hours designated by the court;
 - (ii) admit any person or agent designated by the court into the offender's place of confinement at any for purposes of verifying the offender's time compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and
 - (iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed

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on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;

for persons convicted of any (iv) alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board (g) οf this Section, unless subsection after determining the inability of the offender to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (q) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code; and

(v) for persons convicted of offenses other than those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board subsection of this Section, (q) unless determining the inability of the defendant to pay the

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fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer who shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be.

- (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the case;
- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced:
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the

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offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;

- (14)refrain from entering into а designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on probation or advance approval by the court, if the defendant was placed on conditional discharge;
- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the

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presence of any illicit drug; and

- (17) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (17), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94-179; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused; and -
- (18) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (i) not access or use a computer or any other device with Internet capability without the prior written approval of the offender's probation officer, except in connection with the offender's employment or search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;

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(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations
of the offender's computer or any other device with
Internet capability by the offender's probation
officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned
computer or information technology specialist,
including the retrieval and copying of all data from
the computer or device and any internal or external
peripherals and removal of such information,
equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough
inspection;

- (iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the subject's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and
- (iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the offender's probation officer.
- (c) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of age found guilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional

- discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.
 - (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions thereof.
 - (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a condition of the sentence of probation or conditional discharge that the offender be committed to a period of imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6 month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a sentence of county impact incarceration under Section 5-8-1.2.
 - Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.
 - (f) The court may combine a sentence of periodic imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
 - (g) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge and who during the term of either undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such approved

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electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, involved successful probation program for the county. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. county treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be.

- (h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same powers as the sentencing court.
- (i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the

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supervision of a probation or court services department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of probation or conditional discharge supervision or supervised community service ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability of the person sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon an offender who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee under this subsection (i) in excess of \$25 per month unless: (1) the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee quide determining an offender's ability to pay, under guidelines developed by the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts; and (2) the circuit court has authorized, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, the creation of a Crime Victim's Services Fund, to be administered by the Chief Judge or his or her

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designee, for services to crime victims and their families. Of 1 2

the amount collected as a probation fee, up to \$5 of that fee

collected per month may be used to provide services to crime

victims and their families.

This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly deletes the \$10 increase in the fee under this subsection that was imposed by Public Act 93-616. This deletion is intended to control over any other Act of the 93rd General Assembly that retains or incorporates that fee increase.

- (i-5) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (i) of this Section, in the case of an offender convicted of a felony sex offense (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act) or an offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act), the court or the probation department shall assess additional fees to pay for all costs of treatment, assessment, evaluation for risk and treatment, and monitoring the offender, based on that offender's ability to pay those costs either as they occur or under a payment plan.
- (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

- 1 (k) Any offender who is sentenced to probation or
- 2 conditional discharge for a felony sex offense as defined in
- 3 the Sex Offender Management Board Act or any offense that the
- 4 court or probation department has determined to be sexually
- 5 motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act
- 6 shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or
- 7 indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall
- 8 be available for all evaluations and treatment programs
- 9 required by the court or the probation department.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-159, eff. 7-11-05; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05;
- 11 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-464, eff.
- 12 6-1-08; 95-578, eff. 6-1-08; 95-696, eff. 6-1-08; revised
- 13 12-26-07.)
- 14 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1)
- 15 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-464 and 95-696)
- Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and Conditions of Supervision.
- 17 (a) When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court
- shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of
- 19 such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the
- 20 case until the conclusion of the period.
- 21 (b) The period of supervision shall be reasonable under all
- of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer than 2
- 23 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the assessment
- required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section
- 25 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 80

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of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2 years. Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, when the offense (1) was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by the defendant's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang; or (2) is a violation of any Section of Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 where a disposition of supervision is not prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. The community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar damages to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. Where possible and reasonable, the community service should be performed in the offender's neighborhood.

For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

The court may in addition to other reasonable conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that

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1	the person:
2	(1) make a report to and appear in person before or
3	participate with the court or such courts, person, or
4	social service agency as directed by the court in the order
5	of supervision;
6	(2) pay a fine and costs;
7	(3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational
8	training;
9	(4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
10	treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
11	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
12	instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
13	(6) support his dependents;
14	(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
15	dangerous weapon;
16	(8) and in addition, if a minor:
17	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
18	(ii) attend school;
19	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;

foster home; or

(iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a

(v) with the consent of the superintendent of the

facility, attend an educational program at a facility

other than the school in which the offense was

committed if he or she is placed on supervision for a

crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime

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Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school;

- (9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not to exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary loss or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a domestic violence shelter. The court shall determine the amount and conditions of payment;
- (10) perform some reasonable public or community service:
- (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. If the court has ordered the defendant to make a report and appear in person under paragraph (1) of this subsection, a copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the person or agency so designated by the court;
- reimburse any "local anti-crime program" defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced:
 - (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to

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exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources, to the fund established by the Department of Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law;

- (14)refrain from entering into а designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer;
- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of person, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;

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- (17) refrain from operating any motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; under. Under this condition the court may allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the defendant's employer that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the defendant's employment; and
- (18) if placed on supervision for a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of the person 18 years of age present in the home and no under non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter.
- (d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on the charges until the conclusion of the supervision.
- (e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if the court determines that the defendant has successfully complied with all of the conditions of supervision, the court shall discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing the charges.

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(f) Discharge and dismissal upon a successful conclusion of disposition of supervision shall be deemed without adjudication of guilt and shall not be termed a conviction for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime. Two years after the discharge and dismissal under this Section, unless the disposition of supervision was for a violation of Sections 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 5-401.3, or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or for a violation of Sections 12-3.2 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, in which case it shall be 5 years after discharge and dismissal, a person may have his record of arrest sealed or expunged as may provided by law. However, any defendant placed on supervision before January 1, 1980, may move for sealing or expungement of his arrest record, as provided by law, at any time after discharge and dismissal under this Section. A person placed on supervision for a sexual offense committed against a minor as defined in subsection (q) of Section 5 of the Criminal Identification Act or for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall not have his or her record of arrest sealed or expunged.

(g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the costs

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incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and costs incidental to such approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, of all defendants placed supervision. The concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be.

- (h) A disposition of supervision is a final order for the purposes of appeal.
- (i) The court shall impose upon a defendant placed on supervision after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of supervision or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of supervision or supervised community service ordered by the

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court, unless after determining the inability of the person placed on supervision or supervised community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively supervised by the probation and court services department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act.

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess of \$25 per month unless: (1) the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay, under quidelines developed by the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts; and (2) the circuit court has authorized, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, the creation of a Crime Victim's Services Fund, to be administered by the Chief Judge or his or her designee, for services to crime victims and their families. Of the amount collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

(j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle

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Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

(k) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed on supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her supervision be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. defendant placed on supervision must attend institution of education to obtain the educational vocational training required by this subsection (k). defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is charged for those courses or test. The court shall revoke the supervision of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (k). The court shall resentence the defendant upon revocation of supervision as provided in Section 5-6-4. This subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This

subsection (k) does not apply to a defendant who is determined

- 2 by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise
- 3 mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational
- 4 program.

- 5 (1) The court shall require a defendant placed on
- 6 supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the
- 7 Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
- 8 or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act
- 9 after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for
- 10 possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control
- 11 Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the
- 12 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act or a
- sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control
- 14 Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act
- and after a finding by the court that the person is addicted,
- 16 to undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by
- 17 the court.
- 18 (m) The Secretary of State shall require anyone placed on
- 19 court supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the
- 20 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
- 21 ordinance to give proof of his or her financial responsibility
- 22 as defined in Section 7-315 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The
- 23 proof shall be maintained by the individual in a manner
- 24 satisfactory to the Secretary of State for a minimum period of
- 25 3 years after the date the proof is first filed. The proof
- shall be limited to a single action per arrest and may not be

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affected by any post-sentence disposition. The Secretary of 1 2 State shall suspend the driver's license of any person 3 determined by the Secretary to be in violation of this subsection.

- (n) Any offender placed on supervision for any offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall be available for all evaluations and treatment programs required by the court or the probation department.
- (o) An offender placed on supervision for a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act shall refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense. The provisions of this subsection (o) do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders.
- (p) An offender placed on supervision for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of

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1961 shall refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age. For purposes of this subsection (p), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94 179; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused.

(q) An offender placed on supervision for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of shall, if so ordered by the court, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age. For purposes of this subsection (q), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94-179; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused.

court.

1	(r) An offender placed on supervision for an offense under
2	Section 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of
3	the Criminal Code of 1961, or any attempt to commit any of
4	these offenses, committed on or after the effective date of
5	this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall:
6	(i) not access or use a computer or any other device
7	with Internet capability without the prior written
8	approval of the court, except in connection with the
9	offender's employment or search for employment with the
10	prior approval of the court;
11	(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations of
12	the offender's computer or any other device with Internet
13	capability by the offender's probation officer, a law
14	enforcement officer, or assigned computer or information
15	technology specialist, including the retrieval and copying
16	of all data from the computer or device and any internal or
17	external peripherals and removal of such information,
18	equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough inspection;
19	(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
20	computer or device with Internet capability, at the
21	offender's expense, of one or more hardware or software
22	systems to monitor the Internet use; and
23	(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
24	concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or
25	any other device with Internet capability imposed by the

- 1 (Source: P.A. 94-159, eff. 7-11-05; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05;
- 2 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 95-211, eff. 1-1-08; 95-331, eff.
- 3 8-21-07; 95-464, eff. 6-1-08; 95-696, eff. 6-1-08; revised
- 4 11-19-07.)

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- 5 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1)
- 6 Sec. 5-8-1. Sentence of Imprisonment for Felony.
- 7 (a) Except as otherwise provided in the statute defining
- 8 the offense, a sentence of imprisonment for a felony shall be a
- 9 determinate sentence set by the court under this Section,
- 10 according to the following limitations:
- 11 (1) for first degree murder,
- 12 (a) a term shall be not less than 20 years and not
 13 more than 60 years, or
 - (b) if a trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the murder was accompanied by exceptionally brutal or heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty or, except as set forth in subsection (a) (1) (c) of this Section, that any of the aggravating factors listed in subsection (b) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 are present, the court may sentence the
 - (c) the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment when the death penalty is not imposed if the defendant,

defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment, or

(i) has previously been convicted of first

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degree murder under any state or federal law, or

- (ii) is a person who, at the time of the commission of the murder, had attained the age of 17 or more and is found quilty of murdering an individual under 12 years of age; or, irrespective the defendant's age at the time of the commission of the offense, is found guilty of murdering more than one victim, or
- (iii) is found guilty of murdering a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker when the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the peace officer or fireman from performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker from performing his official duties, and the defendant knew or should have known that murdered individual was a peace officer, fireman, or emergency management worker, or
- (iv) is found guilty of murdering an employee of an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections, or any similar local correctional agency, when the employee was killed in the course of performing his official duties, or to prevent the employee from performing his official duties,

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or in retaliation for the employee performing his official duties, or

(v) is found guilty of murdering an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other medical assistance or first aid person while employed by a municipality or other governmental unit when the person was killed in the course of performing official duties or to prevent the person from performing official duties or in retaliation for performing official duties and the defendant knew or should have known that murdered individual was an emergency medical ambulance, emergency technician medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistant or first aid personnel, or

(vi) is a person who, at the time of the commission of the murder, had not attained the age of 17, and is found guilty of murdering a person under 12 years of age and the murder is committed during the course of aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, or aggravated kidnaping, or

(vii) is found guilty of first degree murder

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and the murder was committed by reason of any person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to prevent any person from engaging in activity as a community policing volunteer. For the purpose of this Section, "community policing volunteer" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

For purposes of clause (v), "emergency medical technician - ambulance", "emergency medical technician intermediate", "emergency medical technician paramedic", have the meanings ascribed to them in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act.

- (d) (i) if the person committed the offense while armed with a firearm, 15 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- (ii) if, during the commission of the offense, the person personally discharged a firearm, 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- if, during the commission of t.he offense, the person personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.

1		(1.5)	f	or se	cond	deg	gree	murde	r,	а	term	shall	be	not
2	less	than	4	years	and	not	more	than	20	ye	ars;			

- (2) for a person adjudged a habitual criminal under Article 33B of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, the sentence shall be a term of natural life imprisonment;
- (2.5) for a person convicted under the circumstances described in paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 12-13, paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 12-14, paragraph (1.2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1, or paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the sentence shall be a term of natural life imprisonment;
- (3) except as otherwise provided in the statute defining the offense, for a Class X felony, the sentence shall be not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years;
- (4) for a Class 1 felony, other than second degree murder, the sentence shall be not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years;
- (5) for a Class 2 felony, the sentence shall be not less than 3 years and not more than 7 years;
- (6) for a Class 3 felony, the sentence shall be not less than 2 years and not more than 5 years;
- (7) for a Class 4 felony, the sentence shall be not less than 1 year and not more than 3 years.
- (b) The sentencing judge in each felony conviction shall set forth his reasons for imposing the particular sentence he

- 1 enters in the case, as provided in Section 5-4-1 of this Code.
- 2 Those reasons may include any mitigating or aggravating factors
- 3 specified in this Code, or the lack of any such circumstances,
- 4 as well as any other such factors as the judge shall set forth
- 5 on the record that are consistent with the purposes and
- 6 principles of sentencing set out in this Code.
- 7 (c) A motion to reduce a sentence may be made, or the court
 8 may reduce a sentence without motion, within 30 days after the
 9 sentence is imposed. A defendant's challenge to the correctness
 10 of a sentence or to any aspect of the sentencing hearing shall
 11 be made by a written motion filed within 30 days following the
 12 imposition of sentence. However, the court may not increase a
- 13 sentence once it is imposed.

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- If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely
 filed within 30 days after the sentence is imposed, the
 proponent of the motion shall exercise due diligence in seeking
 a determination on the motion and the court shall thereafter
 decide such motion within a reasonable time.
 - If a motion filed pursuant to this subsection is timely filed within 30 days after the sentence is imposed, then for purposes of perfecting an appeal, a final judgment shall not be considered to have been entered until the motion to reduce a sentence has been decided by order entered by the trial court.
 - A motion filed pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered to have been timely filed unless it is filed with the circuit court clerk within 30 days after the sentence is

imposed together with a notice of motion, which notice of motion shall set the motion on the court's calendar on a date certain within a reasonable time after the date of filing.

- (d) Except where a term of natural life is imposed, every sentence shall include as though written therein a term in addition to the term of imprisonment. For those sentenced under the law in effect prior to February 1, 1978, such term shall be identified as a parole term. For those sentenced on or after February 1, 1978, such term shall be identified as a mandatory supervised release term. Subject to earlier termination under Section 3-3-8, the parole or mandatory supervised release term shall be as follows:
 - (1) for first degree murder or a Class X felony except for the offenses of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, and criminal sexual assault if committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and except for the offense of aggravated child pornography under Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 3 years;
 - (2) for a Class 1 felony or a Class 2 felony except for the offense of criminal sexual assault if committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly and except for the offenses of manufacture and dissemination of child pornography under clauses

 (a) (1) and (a) (2) of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code

of 1961, if committed on or after January 1, 2009, 2 years;

- (3) for a Class 3 felony or a Class 4 felony, 1 year;
- (4) for defendants who commit the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, or criminal sexual assault, on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, or who commit the offense of aggravated child pornography, manufacture of child pornography, or dissemination of child pornography after January 1, 2009, the term of mandatory supervised release shall range from a minimum of 3 years to a maximum of the natural life of the defendant;
- (5) if the victim is under 18 years of age, for a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual abuse or felony criminal sexual abuse, 4 years, at least the first 2 years of which the defendant shall serve in an electronic home detention program under Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code.
- (e) A defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence of imprisonment imposed by another state or by any district court of the United States and who, after sentence for a crime in Illinois, must return to serve the unexpired prior sentence may have his sentence by the Illinois court ordered to be concurrent with the prior sentence in the other state. The court may order that any time served on the unexpired portion of the sentence in the other state, prior to his return to

Illinois, shall be credited on his Illinois sentence. The other state shall be furnished with a copy of the order imposing sentence which shall provide that, when the offender is released from confinement of the other state, whether by parole or by termination of sentence, the offender shall be transferred by the Sheriff of the committing county to the Illinois Department of Corrections. The court shall cause the Department of Corrections to be notified of such sentence at the time of commitment and to be provided with copies of all records regarding the sentence.

(f) A defendant who has a previous and unexpired sentence of imprisonment imposed by an Illinois circuit court for a crime in this State and who is subsequently sentenced to a term of imprisonment by another state or by any district court of the United States and who has served a term of imprisonment imposed by the other state or district court of the United States, and must return to serve the unexpired prior sentence imposed by the Illinois Circuit Court may apply to the court which imposed sentence to have his sentence reduced.

The circuit court may order that any time served on the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the United States be credited on his Illinois sentence. Such application for reduction of a sentence under this subsection (f) shall be made within 30 days after the defendant has completed the sentence imposed by the other state or district court of the United States.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 94-165, eff. 7-11-05; 94-243, eff. 1-1-06;
- 2 94-715, eff. 12-13-05.)
- 3 Section 999. Effective date. Sections 1, 5, 10, 15, 20, and
- 4 this Section take effect upon becoming law.