

SB2148



95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

SB2148

Introduced 2/14/2008, by Sen. Frank C. Watson

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for taxpayers who are individuals, corporations, or not-for-profit organizations for income, royalties, or receipts from patents for an invention resulting from a development process conducted in Illinois. Effective immediately.

LRB095 17798 BDD 45375 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to
17 the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section.

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
2 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
3 any compensation (including but not limited to any
4 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
5 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
6 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
7 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
8 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
9 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
10 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
11 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
12 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
13 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
14 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
15 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
16 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
18 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
19 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
20 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
21 resident by reason of being a member of any component
22 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
23 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
24 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
25 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
26 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of

1 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
2 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
4 state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the
5 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
8 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
9 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
11 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
12 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
13 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
14 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
15 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
17 thereto;

18 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

19 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
25 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
26 of taxable income;

1 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
4 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
5 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
6 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
7 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
8 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
9 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
15 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (K);

20 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
21 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
22 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
23 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code;

25 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
26 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of

1 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
2 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
3 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
4 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
5 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
8 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
9 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
11 250;

12 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
13 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
14 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
15 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
16 United States; provided that, in the case of any
17 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
18 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
19 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
20 of bond premium amortization;

21 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
22 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
23 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

24 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
25 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
26 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of

1 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

3 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
4 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
5 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
6 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
7 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

8 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
9 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

10 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
12 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
13 medical care savings account established under the
14 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
15 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
16 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
17 as provided in that Act;

18 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
19 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
20 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
21 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
22 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
23 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
24 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

25 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
26 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of

1 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
2 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
3 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
4 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

5 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
6 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
7 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
8 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
9 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
10 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
11 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
12 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
13 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
14 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on
16 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does
17 not exceed the taxable income attributable to that
18 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
19 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
20 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
21 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
22 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
23 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
24 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
25 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
26 determined by multiplying total health insurance and

1 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
2 times a number that represents the fractional
3 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
4 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
5 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

6 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
7 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
8 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
9 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
12 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
13 extent includible in gross income for federal income
14 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
15 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
16 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
26 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of

1 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
2 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
3 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
4 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
5 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
6 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
7 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
8 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
9 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
10 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
11 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
12 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
13 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
14 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
15 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
16 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
17 of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
19 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
20 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
21 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
22 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
23 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
25 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
26 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum

1 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
2 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
3 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
4 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
7 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This
8 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
22 the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7 0.429); and

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11 1.0.

12 The aggregate amount deducted under this
13 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to that addition modification.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
26 the last day of the last tax year for which the

1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
2 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
4 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
5 equal to that addition modification.

6 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
7 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
8 piece of property.

9 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
12 other than salary, received by a driver in a
13 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

14 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
17 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
25 is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
24 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

25 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
4 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
14 addition modification required to be made for the same
15 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
16 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
18 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~.

20 (FF) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2008, an amount equal to a percentage of the
22 following income:

23 (1) licensing fees or other income received
24 for the use of a qualified patent;

25 (2) royalties received for the infringement of
26 a qualified patent;

1 (3) receipts from the sale of a qualified
2 patent; and

3 (4) income from the taxpayer's own use of the
4 taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed
5 invention, but not to exceed the fair market value
6 of the licensing fees or other income that would be
7 received by allowing use of the qualified
8 taxpayer's qualified patent by someone other than
9 the taxpayer; the fair market value must be
10 determined in each taxable year in which the
11 qualified taxpayer claims a deduction under this
12 subparagraph.

13 The total amount of deductions claimed under this
14 subparagraph (FF) by a qualified taxpayer in a taxable
15 year may not exceed \$10,000,000. A qualified taxpayer
16 may not claim an exemption under this subparagraph (FF)
17 with respect to a particular qualified patent for more
18 than 10 taxable years.

19 The percentage of the income, royalties, or
20 receipts from a particular qualified patent that may be
21 deducted is as follows:

22 (1) for each of the first 5 taxable years in
23 which the deduction is claimed, 50% of the income,
24 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

25 (2) for the 6th taxable year in which the
26 deduction is claimed, 40% of the income,

1 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

2 (3) for the 7th taxable year in which the
3 deduction is claimed, 30% of the income,
4 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

5 (4) for the 8th taxable year in which the
6 deduction is claimed, 20% of the income,
7 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

8 and

9 (5) for each of the 9th and 10th taxable years
10 in which the deduction is claimed, 10% of the
11 income, royalties, or receipts from the qualified
12 patent.

13 As used in this subparagraph (FF):

14 "Qualified patent" means a utility patent (under
15 35 U.S.C. 101) or a plant patent (under 35 U.S.C. 161)
16 that was issued after December 31, 2007 for an
17 invention resulting from a development process
18 conducted in Illinois.

19 "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is
20 domiciled in Illinois and who is either: (i) an
21 individual or corporation; or (ii) a nonprofit
22 organization or nonprofit corporation.

23 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250.

25 (b) Corporations.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
5 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
6 of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
9 received from regulated investment companies during
10 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
11 income in the computation of taxable income;

12 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
13 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
14 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

15 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
16 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
17 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
18 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
19 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
21 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
23 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
24 law and is not a new enactment);

25 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
26 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net

1 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
2 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

3 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
4 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
5 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
6 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
7 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
8 the amount by which addition modifications other than
9 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
10 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
11 year, with the following limitations applied in the
12 order that they are listed:

13 (i) the addition modification relating to the
14 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
15 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
17 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
18 which related to that net operating loss and which
19 was taken into account in calculating the base
20 income of an earlier taxable year, and

21 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
25 such carryback or carryforward;

26 For taxable years in which there is a net operating

1 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
2 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
3 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
4 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
5 independently under the preceding provisions of this
6 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

7 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
9 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
10 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
11 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

12 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code;

17 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which the
26 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for

1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
15 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
4 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
5 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
7 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
8 incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
8 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
9 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
10 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
21 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
22 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
23 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
24 and such regulations provide methods and standards
25 by which the Department will utilize its authority
26 under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
25 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

1 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
2 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
4 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
7 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
8 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
9 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
10 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
11 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
13 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
14 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
15 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
16 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
17 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
18 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
19 similar types of intangible assets.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
24 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
25 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
26 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect

1 to such item; or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
5 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 intangible expense or cost between the
13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
17 or

18 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
21 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
23 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
24 writing to the application or use of an alternative
25 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
4 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
5 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
6 and such regulations provide methods and standards
7 by which the Department will utilize its authority
8 under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
20 addition modification required by this subparagraph
21 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
22 included in base income of the unitary group for the
23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
25 (including amounts included in gross income under
26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
3 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
4 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
5 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
6 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
7 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
8 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

9 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
10 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
11 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
12 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
13 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
15 following amounts:

16 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
20 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
22 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
23 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
24 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
25 for the taxable year;

26 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
4 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all
6 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
7 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and
9 (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13,
10 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
11 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
12 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
15 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
16 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
17 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
18 United States; provided that, in the case of any
19 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
20 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
21 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
22 of bond premium amortization;

23 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total which were paid by a corporation which
25 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
26 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or

1 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
2 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
3 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
4 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
5 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total that were paid by a corporation that
9 conducts business operations in a federally designated
10 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
11 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
12 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
13 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
14 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
15 this subparagraph (L);

16 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
17 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
18 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
19 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
20 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
21 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone
22 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
23 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
24 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
25 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the
26 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between

1 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
2 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit
3 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
4 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
5 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise
6 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The
7 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any
8 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
9 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
10 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
11 calculated under the previous sentence. This
12 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
13 Section 250;

14 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
15 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
16 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
17 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
18 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
19 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
20 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
21 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
22 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
23 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
24 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
25 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
26 property which secures the loan or loans, using for

1 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
2 date that it was placed in service in a federally
3 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
4 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
5 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
6 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
7 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
8 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
9 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
10 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
11 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
12 calculated under the previous sentence;

13 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
14 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
15 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
16 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
17 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
18 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
19 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
20 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
21 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
22 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
25 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
26 equal to the percentage allowable under Section

1 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
2 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
3 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
4 and received from a corporation that is not created or
5 organized under the laws of the United States or any
6 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
8 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
9 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
11 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
12 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
13 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
15 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
16 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
17 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
18 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
19 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
21 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
22 dividends received from a captive real estate
23 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
24 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
25 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
26 treated as a member of the affiliated group which

1 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
2 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
3 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
4 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
5 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

6 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

14 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
15 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
16 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
17 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
18 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
19 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
20 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
21 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
22 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
23 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
25 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
3 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
4 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
5 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
6 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
7 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
8 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
9 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
12 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
13 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
14 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
16 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
18 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
23 the bonus depreciation deduction;

24 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
25 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
26 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and

2 (3) for taxable years ending after December
3 31, 2005:

4 (i) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 1.0.

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which the
2 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
3 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
8 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
9 piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
15 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
23 is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

1 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
2 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
3 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
4 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
5 addition modification with respect to such transaction
6 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
7 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
9 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
12 into account for the taxable year (net of the
13 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
2 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
4 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

5 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
6 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
7 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
10 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
11 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
20 addition modification required to be made for the same
21 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
22 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
24 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250; and

26 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2008, an amount equal to a percentage of the
2 following income:

3 (1) licensing fees or other income received
4 for the use of a qualified patent;

5 (2) royalties received for the infringement of
6 a qualified patent;

7 (3) receipts from the sale of a qualified
8 patent; and

9 (4) income from the taxpayer's own use of the
10 taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed
11 invention, but not to exceed the fair market value
12 of the licensing fees or other income that would be
13 received by allowing use of the qualified
14 taxpayer's qualified patent by someone other than
15 the taxpayer; the fair market value must be
16 determined in each taxable year in which the
17 qualified taxpayer claims a deduction under this
18 subparagraph.

19 The total amount of deductions claimed under this
20 subparagraph (Y) by a qualified taxpayer in a taxable
21 year may not exceed \$10,000,000. A qualified taxpayer
22 may not claim an exemption under this subparagraph (Y)
23 with respect to a particular qualified patent for more
24 than 10 taxable years.

25 The percentage of the income, royalties, or
26 receipts from a particular qualified patent that may be

1 deducted is as follows:

2 (1) for each of the first 5 taxable years in
3 which the deduction is claimed, 50% of the income,
4 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

5 (2) for the 6th taxable year in which the
6 deduction is claimed, 40% of the income,
7 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

8 (3) for the 7th taxable year in which the
9 deduction is claimed, 30% of the income,
10 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

11 (4) for the 8th taxable year in which the
12 deduction is claimed, 20% of the income,
13 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;
14 and

15 (5) for each of the 9th and 10th taxable years
16 in which the deduction is claimed, 10% of the
17 income, royalties, or receipts from the qualified
18 patent.

19 As used in this subparagraph (Y):

20 "Qualified patent" means a utility patent (under
21 35 U.S.C. 101) or a plant patent (under 35 U.S.C. 161)
22 that was issued after December 31, 2007 for an
23 invention resulting from a development process
24 conducted in Illinois.

25 "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is
26 domiciled in Illinois and who is either: (i) an

1 individual or corporation; or (ii) a nonprofit
2 organization or nonprofit corporation.

3 This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the
4 provisions of Section 250.

5 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
6 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
7 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
8 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

9 (c) Trusts and estates.

10 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
11 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
12 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

13 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
14 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
15 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
18 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
19 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
20 in the computation of taxable income;

21 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
22 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
23 required to distribute all of its income currently,
24 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
25 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in

1 the computation of taxable income;

2 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
3 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
4 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

5 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
6 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
7 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

9 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
10 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
11 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
12 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
13 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
14 the amount by which addition modifications other than
15 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
16 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
17 the following limitations applied in the order that
18 they are listed:

19 (i) the addition modification relating to the
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
22 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
23 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
24 which related to that net operating loss and which
25 was taken into account in calculating the base
26 income of an earlier taxable year, and

1 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
2 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
3 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
4 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
5 such carryback or carryforward;

6 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
7 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
8 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
9 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
10 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
11 independently under the preceding provisions of this
12 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

13 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
14 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
15 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
16 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
17 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
18 Act;

19 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
20 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
21 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
22 computation of taxable income;

23 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
24 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
25 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
26 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a

1 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

2 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code; and

7 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
8 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
9 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
10 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
11 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
12 deductions taken in all taxable years under
13 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
19 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
20 equal to that subtraction modification.

21 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
22 modification under this subparagraph only once with
23 respect to any one piece of property;

24 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
25 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the same unitary business group but for the
4 fact that the foreign person's business activity
5 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
14 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
15 extent that dividends were included in base income of
16 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
17 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
19 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
23 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
24 incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
8 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person, during the same taxable
12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
13 to a person that is not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 person did not have as a principal purpose the
17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
20 terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
24 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
25 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
26 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

1 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
5 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
6 to the application or use of an alternative method
7 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
11 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
12 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
13 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
14 and such regulations provide methods and standards
15 by which the Department will utilize its authority
16 under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
18 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
19 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
22 foreign person who would be a member of the same
23 unitary business group but for the fact that the
24 foreign person's business activity outside the United
25 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
26 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
2 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
3 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
4 from being included in the unitary business group
5 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
6 business income under different subsections of Section
7 304. The addition modification required by this
8 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
9 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
10 group for the same taxable year and received by the
11 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
12 business group (including amounts included in gross
13 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
15 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
16 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
17 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
18 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
19 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
20 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
22 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
23 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
24 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
25 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
26 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other

1 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
3 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
4 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
5 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
6 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
7 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
8 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
9 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
14 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
15 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
16 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
17 to such item; or

18 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
21 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person during the same taxable
24 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
25 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
26 not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 intangible expense or cost between the
3 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
4 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
5 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
6 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
7 or

8 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
11 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
13 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
14 writing to the application or use of an alternative
15 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
19 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
20 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
21 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
22 and such regulations provide methods and standards
23 by which the Department will utilize its authority
24 under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of

1 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
2 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
10 addition modification required by this subparagraph
11 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
12 included in base income of the unitary group for the
13 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
15 (including amounts included in gross income under
16 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
17 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
18 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
19 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
20 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
21 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
22 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
24 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act.

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
2 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
3 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
5 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
6 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
7 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
8 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
9 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
11 thereto;

12 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

13 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
18 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
19 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
20 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
21 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
22 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
23 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
24 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
25 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
26 amortization;

1 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
6 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
7 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
10 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of
11 the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
17 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
18 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
19 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
20 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
21 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
22 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
25 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
26 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

1 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total that were paid by a corporation that
3 conducts business operations in a federally designated
4 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
5 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
6 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
7 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
8 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
9 this subparagraph (O);

10 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
11 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
12 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
13 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

15 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
16 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
17 extent includible in gross income for federal income
18 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
19 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
20 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
21 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
22 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
23 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
24 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
25 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi

1 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
2 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
3 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
4 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
6 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
7 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
8 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
9 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
10 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
11 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
12 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
13 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
14 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
15 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
16 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
17 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
18 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
19 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
20 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
21 of Section 250;

22 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
23 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
24 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
25 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
26 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year

1 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

2 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
3 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
5 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
6 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
7 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
8 the bonus depreciation deduction;

9 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
10 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
11 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12 0.429); and

13 (3) for taxable years ending after December
14 31, 2005:

15 (i) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
18 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
19 0.429); and

20 (ii) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 1.0.

24 The aggregate amount deducted under this
25 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
26 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus

1 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
3 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
4 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
7 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
8 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
9 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
10 equal to that addition modification.

11 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
12 the last day of the last tax year for which the
13 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
14 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
15 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
16 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
17 equal to that addition modification.

18 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
19 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
20 piece of property.

21 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
24 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
25 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
26 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition

1 modification with respect to such transaction under
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
3 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
4 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
5 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
6 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
7 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
8 is required to make an addition modification with
9 respect to such transaction under Section
10 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
11 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
12 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
13 from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
15 into account for the taxable year (net of the
16 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
19 the fact the foreign person's business activity
20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
23 who would be a member of the same unitary business
24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

1 required to apportion business income under different
2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
3 addition modification required to be made for the same
4 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
7 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

8 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
9 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
10 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
11 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
13 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
23 addition modification required to be made for the same
24 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
25 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign

1 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
2 provisions of Section 250; ~~and~~

3 (W) For taxable years ending on or after December
4 31, 2008, an amount equal to a percentage of the
5 following income:

6 (1) licensing fees or other income received
7 for the use of a qualified patent;

8 (2) royalties received for the infringement of
9 a qualified patent;

10 (3) receipts from the sale of a qualified
11 patent; and

12 (4) income from the taxpayer's own use of the
13 taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed
14 invention, but not to exceed the fair market value
15 of the licensing fees or other income that would be
16 received by allowing use of the qualified
17 taxpayer's qualified patent by someone other than
18 the taxpayer; the fair market value must be
19 determined in each taxable year in which the
20 qualified taxpayer claims a deduction under this
21 subparagraph.

22 The total amount of deductions claimed under this
23 subparagraph (W) by a qualified taxpayer in a taxable
24 year may not exceed \$10,000,000. A qualified taxpayer
25 may not claim an exemption under this subparagraph (W)
26 with respect to a particular qualified patent for more

1 than 10 taxable years.

2 The percentage of the income, royalties, or
3 receipts from a particular qualified patent that may be
4 deducted is as follows:

5 (1) for each of the first 5 taxable years in
6 which the deduction is claimed, 50% of the income,
7 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

8 (2) for the 6th taxable year in which the
9 deduction is claimed, 40% of the income,
10 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

11 (3) for the 7th taxable year in which the
12 deduction is claimed, 30% of the income,
13 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

14 (4) for the 8th taxable year in which the
15 deduction is claimed, 20% of the income,
16 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

17 and

18 (5) for each of the 9th and 10th taxable years
19 in which the deduction is claimed, 10% of the
20 income, royalties, or receipts from the qualified
21 patent.

22 As used in this subparagraph (W):

23 "Qualified patent" means a utility patent (under
24 35 U.S.C. 101) or a plant patent (under 35 U.S.C. 161)
25 that was issued after December 31, 2007 for an
26 invention resulting from a development process

1 conducted in Illinois.

2 "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is
3 domiciled in Illinois and who is either: (i) an
4 individual or corporation; or (ii) a nonprofit
5 organization or nonprofit corporation.

6 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250.

8 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
9 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
10 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
11 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
12 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
13 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
14 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

15 (d) Partnerships.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
24 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
25 in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
3 the taxable year;

4 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
5 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

7 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
8 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
9 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
10 computation of taxable income;

11 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (D) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
14 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
7 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
8 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
9 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act; and

26 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
7 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
8 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
9 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
10 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
12 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
13 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
14 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
15 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
16 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
17 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
18 similar types of intangible assets;

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
23 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
24 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
25 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
26 to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
20 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an alternative
24 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
10 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
11 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
12 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
13 person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
2 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
3 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
4 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
5 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
7 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act.

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
9 amounts:

10 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

11 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
12 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
13 and included in such total for the taxable year;

14 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
15 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
16 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
17 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
18 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
19 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
20 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
21 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
22 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
23 of bond premium amortization;

24 (H) Any income of the partnership which
25 constitutes personal service income as defined in
26 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as

1 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
2 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
3 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;

4 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
5 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
6 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
7 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
8 including amounts distributable to organizations
9 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
10 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
12 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
13 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
14 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
15 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of
16 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as
17 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
20 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
22 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
23 250;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total which were paid by a corporation which
26 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or

1 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
2 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge
3 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
4 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
5 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or
6 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This
7 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Real
11 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
16 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (M);

21 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

26 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (3) for taxable years ending after December
18 31, 2005:

19 (i) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (ii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
23 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
24 piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
4 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
12 is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
17 from Section 250;

18 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
11 Section 250; and

12 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the

1 addition modification required to be made for the same
2 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
3 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
5 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; ~~and~~.

6 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2008, an amount equal to a percentage of the
8 following income:

9 (1) licensing fees or other income received
10 for the use of a qualified patent;

11 (2) royalties received for the infringement of
12 a qualified patent;

13 (3) receipts from the sale of a qualified
14 patent; and

15 (4) income from the taxpayer's own use of the
16 taxpayer's qualified patent to produce the claimed
17 invention, but not to exceed the fair market value
18 of the licensing fees or other income that would be
19 received by allowing use of the qualified
20 taxpayer's qualified patent by someone other than
21 the taxpayer; the fair market value must be
22 determined in each taxable year in which the
23 qualified taxpayer claims a deduction under this
24 subparagraph.

25 The total amount of deductions claimed under this
26 subparagraph (T) by a qualified taxpayer in a taxable

1 year may not exceed \$10,000,000. A qualified taxpayer
2 may not claim an exemption under this subparagraph (T)
3 with respect to a particular qualified patent for more
4 than 10 taxable years.

5 The percentage of the income, royalties, or
6 receipts from a particular qualified patent that may be
7 deducted is as follows:

8 (1) for each of the first 5 taxable years in
9 which the deduction is claimed, 50% of the income,
10 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

11 (2) for the 6th taxable year in which the
12 deduction is claimed, 40% of the income,
13 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

14 (3) for the 7th taxable year in which the
15 deduction is claimed, 30% of the income,
16 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

17 (4) for the 8th taxable year in which the
18 deduction is claimed, 20% of the income,
19 royalties, or receipts from the qualified patent;

20 and

21 (5) for each of the 9th and 10th taxable years
22 in which the deduction is claimed, 10% of the
23 income, royalties, or receipts from the qualified
24 patent.

25 As used in this subparagraph (T):

26 "Qualified patent" means a utility patent (under

1 35 U.S.C. 101) or a plant patent (under 35 U.S.C. 161)
2 that was issued after December 31, 2007 for an
3 invention resulting from a development process
4 conducted in Illinois.

5 "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is
6 domiciled in Illinois and who is either: (i) an
7 individual or corporation; or (ii) a nonprofit
8 organization or nonprofit corporation.

9 This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250.

11 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

12 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
13 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
14 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
15 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
16 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
17 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
18 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
19 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
20 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
22 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
23 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
24 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
25 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications

1 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
3 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
4 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
6 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
7 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
8 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
9 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
10 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
11 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
12 addition modification must be made under those
13 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
14 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
15 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
16 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code.

19 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
20 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
21 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

22 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
23 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
24 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
25 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
26 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus

1 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
2 Internal Revenue Code;

3 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
4 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
5 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 insurance company taxable income;

7 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
8 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
9 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 investment company taxable income;

11 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
12 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
13 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
14 estate investment trust taxable income;

15 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
16 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
17 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
18 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
19 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
20 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
21 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
22 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
23 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
24 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
25 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
26 Code had been in effect for all such years;

1 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
2 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
3 organization determined in accordance with the
4 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code;

6 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
8 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
10 corporation determined in accordance with Section
11 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
12 taxable income shall take into account those items
13 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
15 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
16 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
17 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
18 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
19 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
20 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
21 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

22 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
23 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
24 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
25 income shall take into account those items which are
26 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated

1 but which would be taken into account by an individual
2 in calculating his taxable income.

3 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
4 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
5 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
6 business has been classified as business income and in a
7 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
8 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
9 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
10 related to that asset or business that generated the
11 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
12 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
13 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
14 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
15 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
16 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
17 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
18 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
19 taxable years.

20 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

21 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
22 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
23 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

24 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
25 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
26 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
2 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

3 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
4 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
5 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
6 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
7 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
8 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
9 such gain included in the amount determined under
10 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

11 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

12 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
13 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
14 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
15 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
16 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
17 determining gain) for such property on that date
18 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
19 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
20 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
21 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
22 such property.

23 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
24 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
25 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
26 amount for such property is that amount which bears the

1 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
2 property for federal income tax purposes for the
3 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
4 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
5 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
6 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
7 period for the property.

8 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
9 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
10 purposes of this paragraph.

11 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
12 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
13 to be deducted more than once.

14 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
15 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
16 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
17 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
18 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
19 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
20 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
21 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
22 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

23 (Source: P.A. 94-776, eff. 5-19-06; 94-789, eff. 5-19-06;
24 94-1021, eff. 7-12-06; 94-1074, eff. 12-26-06; 95-23, eff.

1 8-3-07; 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 95-286, eff. 8-20-07; 95-331,
2 eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
4 becoming law.