1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 1-105.2, 6-306.5, 11-208, 11-208.3, and 11-1201.1 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/1-105.2)
- 8 Sec. 1-105.2. Automated traffic law violation. A violation
- 9 described in Section 11-208.6 or 11-1201.1 of this Code.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-306.5) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.5)
- 12 Sec. 6-306.5. Failure to pay fine or penalty for standing,
- 13 parking, compliance, or automated traffic law violations;
- 14 suspension of driving privileges.
- 15 (a) Upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by
- 16 subsection (c) of this Section, from any municipality stating
- that the owner of a registered vehicle has: (1) failed to pay
- any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 10 or more
- 19 violations of a municipality's vehicular standing, parking, or
- 20 compliance regulations established by ordinance pursuant to
- 21 Section 11-208.3 of this Code, or (2) failed to pay any fine or
- 22 penalty due and owing as a result of 5 offenses for automated

- traffic violations as defined in Section 11-208.6 or 11-1201.1, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of such person in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section. The Secretary shall also suspend the driving privileges of an owner of a registered vehicle upon receipt of a certified report, as prescribed by subsection (f) of this Section, from any municipality stating that such person has failed to satisfy any fines or penalties imposed by final judgments for 5 or more automated traffic law violations or 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures.
- (b) Following receipt of the certified report of the municipality as specified in this Section, the Secretary of State shall notify the person whose name appears on the certified report that the person's drivers license will be suspended at the end of a specified period of time unless the Secretary of State is presented with a notice from the municipality certifying that the fine or penalty due and owing the municipality has been paid or that inclusion of that person's name on the certified report was in error. The Secretary's notice shall state in substance the information contained in the municipality's certified report to the Secretary, and shall be effective as specified by subsection (c) of Section 6-211 of this Code.
- (c) The report of the appropriate municipal official notifying the Secretary of State of unpaid fines or penalties

pursuant to this Section shall be certified and shall contain
the following:

- (1) The name, last known address as recorded with the Secretary of State, as provided by the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease, or as recorded in a United States Post Office approved database if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, and drivers license number of the person who failed to pay the fine or penalty and the registration number of any vehicle known to be registered to such person in this State.
- (2) The name of the municipality making the report pursuant to this Section.
- (3) A statement that the municipality sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by ordinance enacted pursuant to Section 11-208.3, to the person named in the report at the address recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, at the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database; the date on which such notice was sent; and the address to which such notice was sent. In a municipality with a population of 1,000,000 or more, the report shall also include a statement that the alleged violator's State vehicle

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registration number and vehicle make, if specified on the automated traffic law violation notice, are correct as they appear on the citations.

- (d) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall notify the Secretary of State, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, whenever a person named in the certified report has paid the previously reported fine or penalty or whenever the municipality determines that the original report was in error. A certified copy of such notification shall also be given upon request and at no additional charge to the person named therein. Upon receipt of the municipality's notification or presentation of a certified copy of such notification, the Secretary of State shall terminate the suspension.
- (e) Any municipality making a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to this Section shall also by ordinance establish procedures for persons to challenge the accuracy of the certified report. The ordinance shall also state the grounds for such a challenge, which may be limited to (1) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the vehicle or vehicles receiving 10 or more standing, parking, or compliance violation notices or 5 or more automated traffic law violations on the date or dates such notices were issued; and (2) the person having already paid the fine or penalty for the 10 or more standing, parking, or compliance violations or 5 or more automated traffic law violations indicated on the

certified report.

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- municipality, other Any than а municipality establishing vehicular standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3 or automated traffic law regulations under Section 11-208.6 or 11-1201.1, may also cause a suspension of a person's drivers license pursuant to this Section. Such municipality may invoke this sanction by making a certified report to the Secretary of State upon a person's failure to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations or 5 or more automated traffic law violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures, but only if:
 - (1) the municipality complies with the provisions of this Section in all respects except in regard to enacting an ordinance pursuant to Section 11-208.3;
 - (2) the municipality has sent a notice of impending drivers license suspension as prescribed by an ordinance enacted pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section; and
 - (3) in municipalities with a population of 1,000,000 or more, the municipality has verified that the alleged violator's State vehicle registration number and vehicle make are correct as they appear on the citations.
- (g) Any municipality, other than a municipality establishing standing, parking, and compliance regulations pursuant to Section 11-208.3 or automated traffic law

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regulations under Section 11-208.6 or 11-1201.1, may provide by ordinance for the sending of a notice of impending drivers license suspension to the person who has failed to satisfy any fine or penalty imposed by final judgment for 10 or more violations of local standing, parking, or compliance regulations or 5 or more automated traffic law violations after exhaustion of judicial review procedures. An ordinance so providing shall specify that the notice sent to the person liable for any fine or penalty shall state that failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the notice's date will result in the municipality notifying the Secretary of State that the person's drivers license is eligible for suspension pursuant to this Section. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice sent under Section 11-208.3 of this Code is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

(h) An administrative hearing to contest an impending suspension or a suspension made pursuant to this Section may be had upon filing a written request with the Secretary of State. The filing fee for this hearing shall be \$20, to be paid at the time the request is made. A municipality which files a certified report with the Secretary of State pursuant to this

- 1 Section shall reimburse the Secretary for all reasonable costs
- 2 incurred by the Secretary as a result of the filing of the
- 3 report, including but not limited to the costs of providing the
- 4 notice required pursuant to subsection (b) and the costs
- 5 incurred by the Secretary in any hearing conducted with respect
- 6 to the report pursuant to this subsection and any appeal from
- 7 such a hearing.
- 8 (i) The provisions of this Section shall apply on and after
- 9 January 1, 1988.
- 10 (j) For purposes of this Section, the term "compliance
- violation" is defined as in Section 11-208.3.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)
- 13 (625 ILCS 5/11-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208)
- 14 Sec. 11-208. Powers of local authorities.
- 15 (a) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to
- 16 prevent local authorities with respect to streets and highways
- 17 under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of
- 18 the police power from:
- 1. Regulating the standing or parking of vehicles,
- except as limited by Section 11-1306 of this Act;
- 2. Regulating traffic by means of police officers or
- 22 traffic control signals;
- 3. Regulating or prohibiting processions or
- 24 assemblages on the highways;
- 4. Designating particular highways as one-way highways

- and requiring that all vehicles thereon be moved in one specific direction;
 - 5. Regulating the speed of vehicles in public parks subject to the limitations set forth in Section 11-604;
 - 6. Designating any highway as a through highway, as authorized in Section 11-302, and requiring that all vehicles stop before entering or crossing the same or designating any intersection as a stop intersection or a yield right-of-way intersection and requiring all vehicles to stop or yield the right-of-way at one or more entrances to such intersections;
 - 7. Restricting the use of highways as authorized in Chapter 15;
 - 8. Regulating the operation of bicycles and requiring the registration and licensing of same, including the requirement of a registration fee;
 - 9. Regulating or prohibiting the turning of vehicles or specified types of vehicles at intersections;
 - 10. Altering the speed limits as authorized in Section 11-604;
 - 11. Prohibiting U-turns;
 - 12. Prohibiting pedestrian crossings at other than designated and marked crosswalks or at intersections;
 - 13. Prohibiting parking during snow removal operation;
- 14. Imposing fines in accordance with Section 11-1301.3 as penalties for use of any parking place

reserved for persons with disabilities, as defined by Section 1-159.1, or disabled veterans by any person using a motor vehicle not bearing registration plates specified in Section 11-1301.1 or a special decal or device as defined in Section 11-1301.2 as evidence that the vehicle is operated by or for a person with disabilities or disabled veteran;

- 15. Adopting such other traffic regulations as are specifically authorized by this Code; or
- 16. Enforcing the provisions of subsection (f) of Section 3-413 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.
- (b) No ordinance or regulation enacted under subsections 1,
 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11 or 13 of paragraph (a) shall be effective
 until signs giving reasonable notice of such local traffic
 regulations are posted.
 - (c) The provisions of this Code shall not prevent any municipality having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants from prohibiting any person from driving or operating any motor vehicle upon the roadways of such municipality with headlamps on high beam or bright.
 - (d) The provisions of this Code shall not be deemed to prevent local authorities within the reasonable exercise of their police power from prohibiting, on private property, the unauthorized use of parking spaces reserved for persons with disabilities.
 - (e) No unit of local government, including a home rule

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unit, may enact or enforce an ordinance that applies only to motorcycles if the principal purpose for that ordinance is to restrict the access of motorcycles to any highway or portion of a highway for which federal or State funds have been used for the planning, design, construction, or maintenance of that highway. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may enact an ordinance requiring motorcycle users to wear protective headgear. Nothing in this subsection (e) shall affect the authority of a unit of local government to regulate motorcycles for traffic control purposes or in accordance with Section 12-602 of this Code. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may regulate motorcycles in a manner inconsistent with this Code. This subsection (e) is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.

- (f) A municipality or county designated in Section 11-208.6 may enact an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner of a vehicle used in such a violation.
- (g) A municipality or county, as provided in Section 11-1201.1, may enact an ordinance providing for an automated traffic law enforcement system to enforce violations of Section 11-1201 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance and imposing liability on a registered owner of a

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1 <u>vehicle used in such a violation.</u>

2 (Source: P.A. 94-795, eff. 5-22-06.)

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3 (625 ILCS 5/11-208.3) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3)
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Sec. 11-208.3. Administrative adjudication of violations of traffic regulations concerning the standing, parking, or condition of vehicles and automated traffic law violations.

(a) Any municipality may provide by ordinance for a system of administrative adjudication of vehicular standing and parking violations and vehicle compliance violations defined in this subsection and automated traffic law violations as defined in Section 11-208.6 or 11-1201.1. The administrative system shall have as its purpose the fair and efficient enforcement of municipal regulations through the administrative adjudication of automated traffic law violations and violations of municipal ordinances regulating the standing and parking of vehicles, the condition and use of vehicle equipment, and the display of municipal wheel tax licenses within the municipality's borders. The administrative system shall only have authority to adjudicate civil offenses carrying fines not in excess of \$250 that occur after the effective date of the ordinance adopting such a system under Section. For purposes of this Section, "compliance violation" means a violation of a municipal regulation governing the condition or use of equipment on a vehicle or governing the display of a municipal wheel tax license.

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- 1 (b) Any ordinance establishing a system of administrative 2 adjudication under this Section shall provide for:
 - (1) A traffic compliance administrator authorized to adopt, distribute and process parking, compliance, and automated traffic law violation notices and other notices required by this Section, collect money paid as fines and penalties for violation of parking and compliance ordinances and automated traffic law violations, and operate an administrative adjudication system. The traffic compliance administrator also may make a certified report to the Secretary of State under Section 6-306.5.
 - (2) A parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation notice that shall specify the date, time, and place of violation of a parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law regulation; the particular regulation violated; the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment, when so provided by ordinance; the vehicle make and state registration number; and the identification number of the person issuing the notice. With regard to automated traffic law violations, vehicle make shall be specified on the automated traffic law violation notice if the make is available and readily With regard to discernible. municipalities with population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number or vehicle make specified is incorrect. The

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violation notice shall state that the payment of the indicated fine, and of any applicable penalty for late payment, shall operate as a final disposition of the violation. The notice also shall contain information as to the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits. The violation notice shall specify the time and manner in which a hearing may be had.

(3) Service of the parking, standing, or compliance violation notice by affixing the original or a facsimile of the notice to an unlawfully parked vehicle or by handing the notice to the operator of a vehicle if he or she is present and service of an automated traffic law violation notice by mail to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after the violation. A person authorized by ordinance to issue and serve parking, standing, and compliance violation notices shall certify as to the correctness of the facts entered on the violation notice by signing his or her name to the notice at the time of service or in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, by signing a single certificate to be kept by the traffic compliance administrator attesting to the correctness of all notices produced by the device while it was under his or her

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(4) An opportunity for a hearing for the registered owner of the vehicle cited in the parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation notice in

which the owner may contest the merits of the alleged violation, and during which formal or technical rules of evidence shall not apply; provided, however, that under Section 11-1306 of this Code the lessee of a vehicle cited in the violation notice likewise shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing of the same kind afforded the registered owner. The hearings shall be recorded, and the person conducting the hearing on behalf of the traffic compliance administrator shall be empowered to administer oaths and to secure by subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. Persons appearing at a hearing under this Section may be represented by counsel at their expense. The ordinance may also provide for internal administrative review following the decision of the hearing officer.

(5) Service of additional notices, sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database, or, under Section 11-1306 of this Code, to the lessee of the cited vehicle at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office

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approved database. The service shall be deemed complete as of the date of deposit in the United States mail. The notices shall be in the following sequence and shall include but not be limited to the information specified herein:

(i) A second notice of parking, standing, or compliance violation. This notice shall specify the date and location of the violation cited in parking, standing, or compliance violation notice, the particular regulation violated, the vehicle make and state registration number, the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment when so provided by ordinance, the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits, and the time and manner in which the hearing may be had. The notice of violation shall also state that failure either to pay the indicated fine and any applicable penalty, or to appear at a hearing on the merits in the time and manner specified, will result in a final determination of violation liability for the cited violation in the amount of the fine or penalty indicated, and that, upon the occurrence of a final determination of violation liability for the failure, and the exhaustion of, or failure to exhaust, available administrative or judicial procedures for review, any unpaid fine or penalty will constitute a debt due and

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owing the municipality.

- (ii) A notice of final determination of parking, compliance, or automated traffic standing, law violation liability. This notice shall be following a final determination of parking, standing, traffic compliance, or automated law violation liability and the conclusion of judicial review procedures taken under this Section. The notice shall state that the unpaid fine or penalty is a debt due and owing the municipality. The notice shall contain warnings that failure to pay any fine or penalty due and owing the municipality within the time specified may result in the municipality's filing of a petition in the Circuit Court to have the unpaid fine or penalty rendered a judgment as provided by this Section, or may result in suspension of the person's drivers license for failure to pay fines or penalties for 10 or more parking violations under Section 6-306.5 or 5 or more violations automated traffic law under Section 11-208.6.
- (6) A Notice of impending drivers license suspension. This notice shall be sent to the person liable for any fine or penalty that remains due and owing on 10 or more parking violations or 5 or more unpaid automated traffic law violations. The notice shall state that failure to pay the fine or penalty owing within 45 days of the notice's date

will result in the municipality notifying the Secretary of State that the person is eligible for initiation of suspension proceedings under Section 6-306.5 of this Code. The notice shall also state that the person may obtain a photostatic copy of an original ticket imposing a fine or penalty by sending a self addressed, stamped envelope to the municipality along with a request for the photostatic copy. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

(7) Final determinations of violation liability. A final determination of violation liability shall occur following failure to pay the fine or penalty after a hearing officer's determination of violation liability and the exhaustion of or failure to exhaust any administrative review procedures provided by ordinance. Where a person fails to appear at a hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in a prior mailed notice, the hearing officer's determination of violation liability shall become final: (A) upon denial of a timely petition to set aside that determination, or (B) upon expiration of the period for filing the petition without a filing having been made.

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- (8) A petition to set aside a determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability that may be filed by a person owing an unpaid fine or penalty. The petition shall be filed with and ruled upon by the traffic compliance administrator in the manner and within the time specified by ordinance. The grounds for the petition may be limited to: (A) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the cited vehicle on the date the violation notice was issued, (B) the person having already paid the fine or penalty for the violation in question, and (C) excusable failure to appear at or request a new date for a hearing. With regard to municipalities with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number, or vehicle make if specified, is incorrect. After the determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability has been set aside upon a showing of just cause, the registered owner shall be provided with a hearing on the merits for that violation.
- (9) Procedures for non-residents. Procedures by which persons who are not residents of the municipality may the merits of the alleged violation without contest attending a hearing.
- (10) A schedule of civil fines for violations of vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated

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traffic law regulations enacted by ordinance pursuant to this Section, and a schedule of penalties for late payment of the fines, provided, however, that the total amount of the fine and penalty for any one violation shall not exceed \$250, except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.

- (11) Other provisions as are necessary and proper to carry into effect the powers granted and purposes stated in this Section.
- (c) Any municipality establishing vehicular standing, parking, compliance, or automated traffic law regulations under this Section may also provide by ordinance for a program of vehicle immobilization for the purpose of facilitating enforcement of those regulations. The program of vehicle immobilization shall provide for immobilizing any eligible vehicle upon the public way by presence of a restraint in a manner to prevent operation of the vehicle. Any ordinance establishing a program of vehicle immobilization under this Section shall provide:
 - (1) Criteria for the designation of vehicles eligible for immobilization. A vehicle shall be eligible for immobilization when the registered owner of the vehicle has accumulated the number of unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability as determined by ordinance.
 - (2) A notice of impending vehicle immobilization and a

right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the notice by disproving liability for the unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation liability listed on the notice.

- (3) The right to a prompt hearing after a vehicle has been immobilized or subsequently towed without payment of the outstanding fines and penalties on parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations for which final determinations have been issued. An order issued after the hearing is a final administrative decision within the meaning of Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (4) A post immobilization and post-towing notice advising the registered owner of the vehicle of the right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the impoundment.
- (d) Judicial review of final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations and final administrative decisions issued after hearings regarding vehicle immobilization and impoundment made under this Section shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law.
- (e) Any fine, penalty, or part of any fine or any penalty remaining unpaid after the exhaustion of, or the failure to exhaust, administrative remedies created under this Section and the conclusion of any judicial review procedures shall be a

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- debt due and owing the municipality and, as such, may be collected in accordance with applicable law. Payment in full of any fine or penalty resulting from a standing, parking, compliance, or automated traffic law violation shall constitute a final disposition of that violation.
 - After the expiration of the period within which judicial review may be sought for a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic violation, the municipality may commence a proceeding in the Circuit Court for purposes of obtaining a judgment on the final determination of violation. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a municipality from consolidating multiple final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations against a person in a proceeding. Upon commencement of the action, the municipality shall file a certified copy or record of the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violation, which shall be accompanied by a certification that recites facts sufficient to show that the final determination of violation was issued in accordance with this Section and the applicable municipal ordinance. Service of the summons and a copy of the petition may be by any method provided by Section 2-203 of the Code of Civil Procedure or by certified mail, return receipt requested, provided that the total amount of fines and penalties for final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, or automated traffic law violations does

not exceed \$2500. If the court is satisfied that the final 1 2 determination of parking, standing, compliance, or automated 3 traffic law violation was entered in accordance with the requirements of this Section and the applicable municipal 4 5 ordinance, and that the registered owner or the lessee, as the 6 case may be, had an opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial review as provided in this Section, the court 7 shall render judgment in favor of the municipality and against 8 9 the registered owner or the lessee for the amount indicated in 10 the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, or 11 automated traffic law violation, plus costs. The judgment shall 12 have the same effect and may be enforced in the same manner as other judgments for the recovery of money. 13

- (Source: P.A. 94-294, eff. 1-1-06; 94-795, eff. 5-22-06; 14
- 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.) 15
- 16 (625 ILCS 5/11-1201.1)
- 17 Sec. 11-1201.1. Automated Railroad Crossing Enforcement 18 System Pilot Project.
- (a) For the purposes of this Section, an automated railroad 19 20 grade crossing enforcement system is a system in a municipality 21 or county operated by a governmental agency that produces a 22 recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation of a provision of 23 this Code or local ordinance and is designed to obtain a clear recorded image of the vehicle and vehicle's license plate. The 24 recorded image must also display the time, date, and location 25

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As used in this Section, "recorded images" means images recorded by an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system on:

- (1) 2 or more photographs;
- (2) 2 or more microphotographs;
- (3) 2 or more electronic images; or
- (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and, on at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly identifying the registration plate number of the motor vehicle. operated by a law enforcement agency that records a driver's response to automatic, electrical or mechanical signal devices and crossing gates. The system shall be designed to obtain a clear photograph or other recorded image of the vehicle, vehicle operator and the vehicle registration plate of a vehicle in violation of Section 11 1201. The photograph or other recorded image shall also display the time, date and location of the violation.
- (b) The Illinois Commerce Commission may, in cooperation with a local law enforcement agency, establish in any county or municipality an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system at any railroad grade crossing designated by local authorities. Local authorities desiring the establishment of an automated railroad crossing enforcement system must initiate the process by enacting a local ordinance requesting the creation of such a system. After the ordinance has been

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enacted, and before any additional steps toward the establishment of the system are undertaken, the local authorities and the Commission must agree to a plan for obtaining, from any combination of federal, State, and local funding sources, the moneys required for the purchase and installation of any necessary equipment. Commencing on January 1, 1996, the Illinois Commerce Commission and the Commuter Rail Board of the Regional Transportation Authority shall, cooperation with local law enforcement agencies, establish a 5 year pilot program within a county with a population of between 750,000 and 1,000,000 using an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system. The Commission shall determine the 3 railroad grade crossings within that county that pose the greatest threat to human life based upon the number of accidents and fatalities at the crossings during the past 5 years and with approval of the local law enforcement agency equip the crossings with an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system.

(b-1) (Blank.) Commencing on July 20, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-98), the Illinois Commerce Commission and the Commuter Rail Board may, in cooperation with the local law enforcement agency, establish in a county with a population of between 750,000 and 1,000,000 a 2 year pilot program using an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system. This pilot program may be established at a railroad grade crossing designated by local authorities. No State moneys may

1	expended on the automated railroad grade crossing enforcement
2	system established under this pilot program.
3	(c) For each violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code or a
4	local ordinance recorded by an automated railroad grade
5	crossing enforcement system, the county or municipality having
6	jurisdiction shall issue a written notice of the violation to
7	the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator.
8	The notice shall be delivered to the registered owner of the
9	vehicle, by mail, no later than 90 days after the violation.
10	The notice shall include:
11	(1) the name and address of the registered owner of the
12	vehicle;
13	(2) the registration number of the motor vehicle
14	involved in the violation;
15	(3) the violation charged;
16	(4) the location where the violation occurred;
17	(5) the date and time of the violation;
18	(6) a copy of the recorded images;
19	(7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the
20	date by which the civil penalty should be paid;
21	(8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a
22	violation of a railroad grade crossing;
23	(9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty or
24	to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of
25	liability and may result in a suspension of the driving
26	privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle; and

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1 (10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed 2 by:

(A) paying the fine; or

- (B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by administrative hearing. For each violation of Section 11 1201 recorded by an automatic railroad grade crossing system, the local law enforcement jurisdiction shall issue a written Uniform Traffic Citation of the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator. The Uniform Traffic Citation shall be delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 violation. The Uniform Traffic shall include the name and address of vehicle owner, the vehicle registration number, the offense charged, the time, date, and location of the violation, the first available court date and that the basis of the citation is the photograph or other recorded image from the automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system.
- (d) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a result of an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system, does not pay or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting from that violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 of this Code for failing to pay

any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of 5 violations of the automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system. The Uniform Traffic Citation issued to the registered owner of the vehicle shall be accompanied by a written notice, the contents of which is set forth in subsection (d 1) of this Section, explaining how the registered owner of the vehicle can elect to proceed by either paying the fine or challenging the issuance of the Uniform Traffic Citation.

(d-1) (Blank.) The written notice explaining the alleged violator's rights and obligations must include the following text:

"You have been served with the accompanying Uniform Traffic Citation and cited with having violated Section 11-1201 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. You can elect to proceed by:

1. Paying the fine; or

2. Challenging the issuance of the Uniform Traffic Citation in court; or

3. If you were not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense, notifying in writing the local law enforcement agency that issued the Uniform Traffic Citation of the number of the Uniform Traffic Citation received and the name and address of the person operating the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense. If you fail to so notify in writing the local law enforcement agency of the name and address of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense, you may be presumed to have

been the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense."

not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense, and if the registered owner notifies the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of the name and address of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense, the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction shall then issue a written Uniform Traffic Citation to the person alleged by the registered owner to have been the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense. If the registered owner fails to notify in writing the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction of the name and address of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense, the registered owner may be presumed to have been the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged offense.

(e) <u>Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system</u>, a notice <u>alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section</u>. <u>Evidence</u>.

(i) A certificate alleging that a violation of Section 11-1201 occurred, sworn to or affirmed by a duly authorized agency, based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated railroad crossing enforcement system are evidence of the facts contained in the certificate and are

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admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section.

(ii) Photographs or recorded images made by automatic railroad grade crossing enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of Section 11 1201 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. photographs may also be made available to governmental agencies for the purpose of a safety analysis of the crossing where the automatic railroad grade crossing enforcement system is installed. However, any photograph other recorded image evidencing a violation of Section 11-1201 shall be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance of the Uniform Traffic Citation when there is reasonable and sufficient proof of the accuracy of the camera or electronic instrument recording the image. There is a rebuttable presumption that the photograph or recorded image is accurate if the camera or electronic recording instrument was in good working order at the beginning and the end of the day of the alleged offense.

(e-1) Recorded images made by an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other

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1	governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a
2	violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any
3	proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.
4	(e-2) The court or hearing officer may consider the
5	following in the defense of a violation:
6	(1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of
7	the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred
8	and not under the control of or in the possession of the
9	owner at the time of the violation;
10	(2) that the driver of the motor vehicle received a
11	Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time
12	of the violation for the same offense;
13	(3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal
14	or county ordinance.
15	(e-3) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the
16	registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred
17	and were not under the control or possession of the owner at
18	the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a
19	report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration
20	plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely
21	manner.
22	(f) Rail crossings equipped with an automatic railroad
23	grade crossing enforcement system shall be posted with a sign
24	visible to approaching traffic stating that the railroad grade

crossing is being monitored, that citations will be issued, and

the amount of the fine for violation.

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- (g) The compensation paid for an automated railroad grade crossing enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment or the services provided and may not be based on the number of citations issued or the revenue generated by the system. Except as provided in subsection (b 1), the cost of the installation and maintenance of each automatic railroad grade crossing enforcement system shall be paid from the Grade Crossing Protection Fund if the rail line is not owned by Commuter Rail Board of the Regional Transportation Authority. Except as provided in subsection (b 1), if the rail line is owned by the Commuter Rail Board of the Regional Transportation Authority, the costs of the installation and maintenance shall be paid from the Regional Transportation Authority's portion of the Public Transportation Fund.
- (h) (Blank.) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall issue a report to the General Assembly at the conclusion of the 5 year pilot program established under subsection (b) on the effectiveness of the automatic railroad grade enforcement system.
- (i) If any part or parts of this Section are held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, the unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity of the remaining parts of this Section. The General Assembly hereby declares that it would have passed the remaining parts of this Section if it had known that the other part or parts of this Section would be declared unconstitutional.

repealing Section 11-1201.5.

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1 (j) Penalty. (i) A violation of this Section is a petty 2 offense for which a civil fine of \$250 shall be imposed for a 3 first violation of this Section, and a civil fine of \$500 shall be imposed for a second or subsequent violation of this 4 5 Section. The court may impose 25 hours of community service in 6 place of the \$250 fine for the first violation. 7 (ii) For a second or subsequent violation, the 8 Secretary of State may suspend the registration of 9 motor vehicle for a period of at least 6 months. (Source: P.A. 94-771, eff. 1-1-07.) 10 11 (625 ILCS 5/11-1201.5 rep.) Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 12