1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 1-111.6, 6-113, 6-117, 6-201, 6-204, 6-205, 6-206, 6-207, 6-306.6, 6-500, 6-501, 6-506, 6-507, 6-508, 6-509, 6-510, 6-513, 6-514, 6-519, 6-520, 6-521, 6-524, 11-501.1,
- 8 11-501.6, and 11-501.8 as follows:
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/1-111.6)
- 10 Sec. 1-111.6. Commercial driver's license (CDL). A
- 11 driver's license issued by a state or other jurisdiction, in
- 12 <u>accordance with the standards contained in 49 C.F.R. Part 383,</u>
- to an individual which a person that authorizes the individual
- 14  $\frac{\text{that person}}{\text{that person}}$  to  $\frac{\text{operate}}{\text{drive}}$  a  $\frac{\text{certain}}{\text{class of }}$  commercial
- motor vehicle or vehicles.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 90-89, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/6-113) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113)
- Sec. 6-113. Restricted licenses and permits.
- 19 (a) The Secretary of State upon issuing a drivers license
- or permit shall have the authority whenever good cause appears
- 21 to impose restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving
- 22 ability with respect to the type of, or special mechanical

- 1 control devices required on, a motor vehicle which the licensee
- 2 may operate or such other restrictions applicable to the
- 3 licensee as the Secretary of State may determine to be
- 4 appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by
- 5 the licensee.
- 6 (b) The Secretary of State may either issue a special
- 7 restricted license or permit or may set forth such restrictions
- 8 upon the usual license or permit form.
- 9 (c) The Secretary of State may issue a probationary license
- 10 to a person whose driving privileges have been suspended
- 11 pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section or subsections
- 12 (a)(2), (a)(19) and (a)(20) of Section 6-206 of this Code. This
- subsection (c) does not apply to any driver required to possess
- 14 a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- 15 The Secretary of State shall promulgate rules pursuant to The
- 16 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, setting forth the
- 17 conditions and criteria for the issuance and cancellation of
- 18 probationary licenses.
- 19 (d) The Secretary of State may upon receiving satisfactory
- 20 evidence of any violation of the restrictions of such license
- 21 or permit suspend, revoke or cancel the same without
- 22 preliminary hearing, but the licensee or permittee shall be
- 23 entitled to a hearing as in the case of a suspension or
- 24 revocation.
- 25 (e) It is unlawful for any person to operate a motor
- 26 vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed

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- on a restricted license or permit issued to him.
- 2 (f) Whenever the holder of a restricted driving permit is 3 issued a citation for any of the following offenses including 4 similar local ordinances, the restricted driving permit is 5 immediately invalidated:
- 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
  - 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Act relating to the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotic drugs;
  - 3. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Act relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or injury; or
  - 4. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Act relating to the offense of drag racing;
  - The police officer issuing the citation shall confiscate the restricted driving permit and forward it, along with the citation, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the citation was issued.
  - (g) The Secretary of State may issue a special restricted license for a period of 12 months to individuals using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses, allowing the operation of a motor vehicle during nighttime hours. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules defining the terms and conditions by which the individual may obtain and renew this special restricted license. At a minimum,

- all drivers must meet the following requirements:
  - 1. Possess a valid driver's license and have operated a motor vehicle during daylight hours for a period of 12 months using vision aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses.
    - 2. Have a driving record that does not include any traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during the 12 months before he or she applied for the special restricted license.
- 3. Successfully complete a road test administered during nighttime hours.
- 13 At a minimum, all drivers renewing this license must meet 14 the following requirements:
  - 1. Successfully complete a road test administered during nighttime hours.
    - 2. Have a driving record that does not include any traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during the 12 months before he or she applied for the special restricted license.
  - (h) Any driver issued a special restricted license as defined in subsection (g) whose privilege to drive during nighttime hours has been suspended due to an accident occurring during nighttime hours may request a hearing as provided in Section 2-118 of this Code to contest that suspension. If it is

- 1 determined that the accident for which the driver was at fault
- 2 was not influenced by the driver's use of vision aid
- 3 arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses,
- 4 the Secretary may reinstate that driver's privilege to drive
- 5 during nighttime hours.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 92-274, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/6-117) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-117)
- 8 Sec. 6-117. Records to be kept by the Secretary of State.
- 9 (a) The Secretary of State shall file every application for
- 10 a license or permit accepted under this Chapter, and shall
- 11 maintain suitable indexes thereof. The records of the Secretary
- of State shall indicate the action taken with respect to such
- 13 applications.
- 14 (b) The Secretary of State shall maintain appropriate
- 15 records of all licenses and permits refused, cancelled,
- disqualified, revoked, or suspended and of the revocation, and
- 17 suspension, and disqualification of driving privileges of
- 18 persons not licensed under this Chapter, and such records shall
- 19 note the reasons for such action.
- 20 (c) The Secretary of State shall maintain appropriate
- 21 records of convictions reported under this Chapter. Records of
- 22 conviction may be maintained in a computer processible medium.
- 23 (d) The Secretary of State may also maintain appropriate
- 24 records of any accident reports received.
- 25 (e) The Secretary of State shall also maintain appropriate

- records of any disposition of supervision or records relative 1
- 2 to a driver's referral to a driver remedial or rehabilitative
- 3 program, as required by the Secretary of State or the courts.
- Such records shall only be available for use by the Secretary, 4
- 5 the driver licensing administrator of any other state, law
- enforcement agencies, the courts, and the affected driver or, 6
- upon proper verification, such affected driver's attorney. 7
- 8 (f) The Secretary of State shall also maintain or contract
- 9 to maintain appropriate records of all photographs and
- 10 signatures obtained in the process of issuing any driver's
- license, permit, or identification card. The record shall be 11
- 12 confidential and shall not be disclosed except to those
- 13 entities listed under Section 6-110.1 of this Code.
- 14 (g) The Secretary of State may establish a First Person
- 15 Consent organ and tissue donor registry in compliance with
- 16 subsection (b-1) of Section 5-20 of the Illinois Anatomical
- 17 Gift Act, as follows:
- (1) The Secretary shall offer, to each applicant 18
- renewal of a driver's 19 issuance or
- 20 identification card who is 18 years of age or older, the
- opportunity to have his or her name included in the First 21
- 22 Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry. The
- 23 Secretary must advise the applicant or licensee that he or
- she is under no compulsion to have his or her name included 24
- 25 in the registry. An individual who agrees to having his or
- 26 her name included in the First Person Consent organ and

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tissue donor registry has given full legal consent to the donation of any of his or her organs or tissue upon his or her death. A brochure explaining this method of executing an anatomical gift must be given to each applicant for issuance or renewal of a driver's license or identification card. The brochure must advise the applicant or licensee (i) that he or she is under no compulsion to have his or her name included in this registry and (ii) that he or she may wish to consult with family, friends, or clergy before doing so.

- (2) The Secretary of State may establish additional methods by which an individual may have his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry.
- (3) When an individual has agreed to have his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry, the Secretary of State shall note that agreement in the First Person consent organ and tissue donor registry. Representatives of federally designated organ procurement agencies and tissue banks may inquire of the Secretary of State whether a potential organ donor's name is included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry, and the Secretary of State may provide that information to the representative.
- (4) An individual may withdraw his or her consent to be listed in the First Person Consent organ and tissue

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- donor registry maintained by the Secretary of State by notifying the Secretary of State in writing, or by any other means approved by the Secretary, of the individual's decision to have his or her name removed from the registry.
  - (5) The Secretary of State may undertake additional efforts, including education and awareness activities, to promote organ and tissue donation.
    - (6) In the absence of gross negligence or willful misconduct, the Secretary of State and his or her employees are immune from any civil or criminal liability in connection with an individual's consent to be listed in the organ and tissue donor registry.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-75, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-201) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-201)
- Sec. 6-201. Authority to cancel licenses and permits.
- 16 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel any 17 license or permit upon determining that the holder thereof:
- 1. was not entitled to the issuance thereof hereunder;
  19 or
- 20 2. failed to give the required or correct information 21 in his application; or
- 3. failed to pay any fees, civil penalties owed to the Illinois Commerce Commission, or taxes due under this Act and upon reasonable notice and demand; or
- 25 4. committed any fraud in the making of such

application; or

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- 5. is ineligible therefor under the provisions of Section 6-103 of this Act, as amended; or
- 6. has refused or neglected to submit an alcohol, drug, and intoxicating compound evaluation or to submit to examination or re-examination as required under this Act; or
- 7. has been convicted of violating the Cannabis Control Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Act. Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act while that individual was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. For purposes of this Section, any person placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall not be considered convicted. Any person found quilty of this offense, while in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the judge that this offense did occur while the person was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State as such. After the cancellation, the Secretary of State shall not issue a new license or permit for a period of one year after the date of cancellation. However, upon application, the Secretary of State may, if

satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the 1 2 public safety, or welfare, issue a restricted driving 3 permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the person's residence and person's place of employment or within the scope of the person's employment 6 related duties, or to allow transportation for the person or a household member of the person's family for the 7 8 receipt of necessary medical care or, if the professional 9 evaluation indicates, provide transportation for the 10 petitioner for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative 11 activity, or for the person to attend classes, as a 12 student, in an accredited educational institution; if the person is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of 13 14 transportation is reasonably available; provided that the 15 Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where 16 undue hardship would result from a failure to issue such 17 restricted driving permit. In each case the Secretary of State may issue such restricted driving permit for such 18 19 period as he deems appropriate, except that such permit 20 shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. A 21 restricted driving permit issued hereunder shall 22 subject to cancellation, revocation and suspension by the 23 Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a 24 driver's license issued hereunder may be cancelled, 25 revoked or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or 26 more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the

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movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial rehabilitative program. In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended, cancelled, or disqualified under this Code; or

- 8. failed to submit a report as required by Section 6-116.5 of this Code; or
- 9. has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act. The driver's license shall remain cancelled until the driver registers as a sex offender as required by the Sex Offender Registration Act, proof of the registration is furnished to the Secretary of State and the sex offender provides proof of current address to the Secretary; or-
- 10. 9. is ineligible for a license or permit under Section 6-107, 6-107.1, or 6-108 of this Code; or  $\div$
- 11. refused or neglected to appear at a Driver Services facility to have the license or permit corrected and a new license or permit issued.
- (b) Upon such cancellation the licensee or permittee must

- 1 surrender the license or permit so cancelled to the Secretary
- 2 of State.
- 3 (c) Except as provided in Sections 6-206.1 and 7-702.1, the
- 4 Secretary of State shall have exclusive authority to grant,
- 5 issue, deny, cancel, suspend and revoke driving privileges,
- 6 drivers' licenses and restricted driving permits.
- 7 (d) The Secretary of State may adopt rules to implement
- 8 this Section.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-916, eff. 7-1-07;
- 10 94-993, eff. 1-1-07; revised 8-3-06.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-204) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-204)
- 12 Sec. 6-204. When Court to forward License and Reports.
- 13 (a) For the purpose of providing to the Secretary of State
- the records essential to the performance of the Secretary's
- 15 duties under this Code to cancel, revoke or suspend the
- 16 driver's license and privilege to drive motor vehicles of
- 17 certain minors adjudicated truant minors in need of
- 18 supervision, addicted, or delinquent and of persons found
- 19 guilty of the criminal offenses or traffic violations which
- 20 this Code recognizes as evidence relating to unfitness to
- 21 safely operate motor vehicles, the following duties are imposed
- 22 upon public officials:
- 23 (1) Whenever any person is convicted of any offense for
- 24 which this Code makes mandatory the cancellation or
- 25 revocation of the driver's license or permit of such person

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by the Secretary of State, the judge of the court in which such conviction is had shall require the surrender to the clerk of the court of all driver's licenses or permits then held by the person so convicted, and the clerk of the court shall, within 5 days thereafter, forward the same, together with a report of such conviction, to the Secretary.

(2) Whenever any person is convicted of any offense under this Code or similar offenses under a municipal ordinance, other than regulations governing standing, parking or weights of vehicles, and excepting the following enumerated Sections of this Code: Sections 11-1406 (obstruction to driver's view or control), 11-1407 (improper opening of door into traffic), 11-1410 (coasting downgrade), 11-1411 (following fire apparatus), 11-1419.01 (Motor Fuel Tax I.D. Card), 12-101 (driving vehicle which is in unsafe condition or improperly equipped), 12-201(a) (daytime lights on motorcycles), 12-202 (clearance, identification and side marker lamps), 12-204 (lamp or flag on projecting load), 12-205 (failure display the safety lights required), (restrictions as to tire equipment), 12-502 (mirrors), 12-503 (windshields must be unobstructed and equipped with wipers), 12-601 and warning devices), 12-602 (horns (mufflers, prevention of noise or smoke), 12-603 (seat safety belts), 12-702 (certain vehicles to carry flares or other warning devices), 12-703 (vehicles for oiling roads

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highways), 12-710 (splash operated quards on and replacements), 13-101 (safety tests), 15-101 (size, weight and load), 15-102 (width), 15-103 (height), 15-104 (name and address on second division vehicles), 15-107 (length of vehicle), 15-109.1 (cover or tarpaulin), 15-111 (weights), (weights), 15-301 (weights), 15-316 15-112 (weights), (weights), and also excepting the following 15-318 enumerated Sections of the Chicago Municipal Code: Sections 27-245 (following fire apparatus), 27-254 (obstruction of traffic), 27-258 (driving vehicle which is in unsafe condition), 27-259 (coasting on downgrade), 27-264 (use of horns and signal devices), 27-265 (obstruction to driver's view or driver mechanism), 27-267 (dimmina of headlights), 27-268 (unattended motor vehicle), 27-272 (illegal funeral procession), (funeral procession on boulevard), 27-275 (driving freight hauling vehicles on boulevard), 27-276 (stopping and standing of buses or taxicabs), 27-277 (cruising of public passenger vehicles), 27-305 (parallel parking), 27-306 (diagonal parking), 27-307 (parking not to obstruct traffic), 27-308 (stopping, standing or regulated), 27-311 (parking regulations), 27-312 (parking regulations), 27-313 (parking regulations), 27-314 regulations), 27-315 (parking regulations), (parking 27-316 (parking regulations), 27-317 (parking regulations), 27-318 (parking regulations), 27-319

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regulations), 27-320 (parking regulations), (parking 27-321 (parking regulations), 27-322 (parking regulations), 27-324 (loading and unloading at an angle), 27-333 (wheel and axle loads), 27-334 (load restrictions in the downtown district), 27-335 (load restrictions in residential areas), 27-338 (width of vehicles), 27-339 (height of vehicles), 27-340 (length of vehicles), 27-352 trailers), 27-353(reflectors (mufflers), 27-354 on (display of plates), 27-355 (display of city vehicle tax sticker), 27-357 (identification of vehicles), 27-358 (projecting of loads), and also excepting the following enumerated paragraphs of Section 2-201 of the Rules and Regulations of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority: (1) (driving unsafe vehicle on tollway), (m) (vehicles transporting dangerous cargo not properly indicated), it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which such conviction is had within 5 days thereafter to forward to the Secretary of State a report of the conviction and the court may recommend the suspension of the driver's license or permit of the person so convicted.

The reporting requirements of this subsection shall apply to all violations stated in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection when the individual has been adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Such reporting requirements shall also apply to individuals adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court

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Act of 1987 who have committed a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, or similar provision of a local ordinance, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless homicide. The reporting requirements of this subsection shall also apply to a truant minor in need of supervision, an addicted minor, or a delinquent minor and whose driver's license and privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been ordered suspended for such times as determined by the Court, but only until he or she attains 18 years of age. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which adjudication is had within 5 days thereafter to forward to the Secretary of State a report of the adjudication and the court order requiring the Secretary of State to suspend the minor's driver's license and driving privilege for such time as determined by the Court, but only until he or she attains the age of 18 years. All juvenile court dispositions reported to the Secretary of State under this provision shall be processed by the Secretary of State as if the cases had been adjudicated in traffic or criminal court. However, information reported relative to the offense of reckless homicide, or Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be privileged and available only to the Secretary of State, courts, and police officers.

The reporting requirements of this subsection apply to all violations listed in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (a), excluding parking violations, when

the driver holds a CDL, regardless of the type of vehicle in which the violation occurred, or when any driver committed the violation in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in Section 6-500 of this Code.

- (3) Whenever an order is entered vacating the forfeiture of any bail, security or bond given to secure appearance for any offense under this Code or similar offenses under municipal ordinance, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the court in which such vacation was had or the judge of such court if such court has no clerk, within 5 days thereafter to forward to the Secretary of State a report of the vacation.
- (4) A report of any disposition of court supervision for a violation of Sections 6-303, 11-401, 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 11-503 and 11-504 shall be forwarded to the Secretary of State. A report of any disposition of court supervision for a violation of an offense defined as a serious traffic violation in this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance committed by a person under the age of 21 years shall be forwarded to the Secretary of State.
- (5) Reports of conviction under this Code and sentencing hearings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 in an electronic format or a computer processible medium shall be forwarded to the Secretary of State via the Supreme Court in the form and format required by the Illinois

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Supreme Court and established by a written agreement between the Supreme Court and the Secretary of State. In counties with a population over 300,000, instead of forwarding reports to the Supreme Court, reports of conviction under this Code and sentencing hearings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 in an electronic format or a computer processible medium may be forwarded to the Secretary of State by the Circuit Court Clerk in a form and format required by the Secretary of State and established by written agreement between the Circuit Court Clerk and the Secretary of State. Failure to forward the reports of conviction or sentencing hearing under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 as required by this Section shall be deemed an omission of duty and it shall be the duty of the several State's Attorneys to enforce the requirements of this Section.

- (b) Whenever a restricted driving permit is forwarded to a court, as a result of confiscation by a police officer pursuant to the authority in Section 6-113(f), it shall be the duty of the clerk, or judge, if the court has no clerk, to forward such restricted driving permit and a facsimile of the officer's citation to the Secretary of State as expeditiously as practicable.
- (c) For the purposes of this Code, a forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure a defendant's appearance in court when forfeiture has not been vacated, or the failure of a

defendant to appear for trial after depositing his driver's license in lieu of other bail, shall be equivalent to a

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(d) For the purpose of providing the Secretary of State with records necessary to properly monitor and assess driver performance and assist the courts in the proper disposition of repeat traffic law offenders, the clerk of the court shall forward to the Secretary of State, on a form prescribed by the Secretary, records of a driver's participation in a driver remedial or rehabilitative program which was required, through a court order or court supervision, in relation to the driver's arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The clerk of the court shall also forward to the Secretary, either on paper or in an electronic format or a computer processible medium as required under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of this Section, any disposition of court supervision for any traffic violation, excluding those offenses listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Section. These reports shall be sent within 5 days after disposition, or, if the driver is referred to a driver remedial or rehabilitative program, within 5 days of the driver's referral to that program. These reports received by the Secretary of State, including those required to be forwarded under paragraph (a)(4), shall be privileged information, available only (i) to the affected driver and (ii) for use by the courts, police officers, prosecuting

- authorities, and the Secretary of State, and the driver 1
- 2 licensing administrator of any other state. In accordance with
- 49 C.F.R. Part 384, all reports of court supervision, except 3
- violations related to parking, shall be forwarded to the 4
- 5 Secretary of State for all holders of a CDL or any driver who
- 6 commits an offense while driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- 7 These reports shall be recorded to the driver's record as a
- 8 conviction for use in the disqualification of the driver's
- 9 commercial motor vehicle privileges and shall not be privileged
- 10 information.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205)
- Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit; 1.3
- 14 Hardship cases.
- 15 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
- 16 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
- privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the 17
- driver's conviction of any of the following offenses: 18
- 19 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
- 20 motor vehicle;
- 21 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a
- 22 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the
- offense of operating or being in physical control of a 23
- 24 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or
- 25 drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or

combination	thereof;

- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
  - 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or personal injury;
  - 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
  - 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
  - 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
  - 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
    - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
  - 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
  - 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
- 25 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of 26 Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state,

relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;

- 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense.
- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
  - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
  - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit.
- (c) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the

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1 scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to

allow transportation for the petitioner or a household member

of the petitioner's family for the receipt of necessary medical

care or, if the professional evaluation indicates, provide

transportation for the petitioner for alcohol remedial or

rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend

classes, as a student, in an accredited educational

institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no

alternative means of transportation is reasonably available

and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or

welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be

limited to cases where undue hardship would result from a

failure to issue the restricted driving permit.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under

Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, 1 2 or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that 3 person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate 4 5 a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. The person must 6 pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount 7 8 not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by 9 rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions 10 relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was 11 issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not 12 apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary of 13 14 State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he 15 deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within 16 one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, 17 however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent 18 conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a 19 20 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle 21 22 while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, 23 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination thereof, until the 24 25 expiration of at least one year from the date of the 26 revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this

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Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does successfully complete the program. However, if individual's driving privileges have been revoked accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, restricted driving permit shall be issued until individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(d) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9

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p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may issue the applicant a license, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each, until the applicant attains 21 years of age.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a local ordinance similar provision of а or а similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate

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- (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.
- 22 (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under 23 subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on 24 December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like 25 period of time.
  - (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted

- driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 2 driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of
- 3 this Code.

- 4 (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of
- 5 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an
- 6 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent
- 7 offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar
- 8 provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish
- 9 by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use
- of the interlock system.
- 11 (i) (Blank). The Secretary of State may not issue a
- 12 restricted driving permit for a period of one year after a
- 13 second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges under
- 14 clause (a) (2) of this Section; however, one year after the date
- 15 of a second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges
- 16 under clause (a) (2) of this Section, the Secretary of State
- 17 may, upon application, issue a restricted driving permit under
- 18 the terms and conditions of subsection (c).
- 19 (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 20 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 21 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 22 CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,
- cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)
  - (625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)

- Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing.
  - (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other sufficient evidence that the person:
    - 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction;
    - 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
    - 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
    - 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except

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that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary
of State under the provisions of this subsection shall
start no later than 6 months after being convicted of
violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of
traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or
shall start not more than one year after the date of the
accident, whichever date occurs later;

- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact used false information or has identification in any application for а license, identification card, or permit;
- Has possessed, displayed, or attempted fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
  - 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this

State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;

- 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
- 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section 11-501.1;

- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
  - 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
  - 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
  - 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
  - 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
  - 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
  - 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or

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6-206 of this Code;

- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the any Illinois Controlled Substances Act, cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine

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Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;
- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful

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use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis		
Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the		
Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating		
compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds		
Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine		
Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the		
penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;		

- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;

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- 1 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code;
- 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:
  - 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
    - 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
    - 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall be for 90 days; or
- 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
- For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.
  - (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided

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- that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
  - (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
  - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a issued prior to the effective date of permit suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while

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operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue

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hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar

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out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any

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combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for t.he revocation, suspension, or cancellation restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

- (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 18 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Drivers License Compact.
  - (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted

- driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 2 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 3 provisions of this Code.
- 4 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 5 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 6 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 7 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended, or revoked,
- 8 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 93-667, eff. 3-19-04;
- 10 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 93-955, eff. 8-19-04; 94-307, eff.
- 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-207) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-207)
- Sec. 6-207. Secretary of State may require reexamination or
- 14 reissuance of a license.
- 15 (a) The Secretary of State, having good cause to believe
- that a licensed driver or person holding a permit or applying
- 17 for a license or license renewal is incompetent or otherwise
- 18 not qualified to hold a license or permit, may upon written
- 19 notice of at least 5 days to the person require the person to
- submit to an examination as prescribed by the Secretary.
- 21 Refusal or neglect of the person to submit an alcohol,
- 22 drug, or intoxicating compound evaluation or submit to or
- failure to successfully complete the examination is grounds for
- 24 suspension of the person's license or permit under Section
- 25 6-206 of this Act or cancellation of his license or permit

- 1 under Section 6-201 of this Act.
- 2 (b) The Secretary of State, having issued a driver's
- 3 license or permit in error, may upon written notice of at least
- 5 days to the person, require the person to appear at a Driver
- 5 Services facility to have the license or permit error corrected
- 6 and a new license or permit issued.
- 7 Refusal or neglect of the person to appear is grounds for
- 8 cancellation of the person's license or permit under Section
- 9 6-201 of this Act.
- 10 <u>(c) The Secretary of State, having issued a driver's</u>
- 11 license or permit to a person who subsequently becomes
- 12 ineligible to retain that license or permit as currently
- issued, may, upon written notice of at least 5 days to the
- 14 person, require the person to appear at a Driver Services
- 15 facility to have the license or permit corrected and a new
- license or permit issued.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 18 (625 ILCS 5/6-306.6) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.6)
- 19 Sec. 6-306.6. Failure to pay traffic fines, penalties, or
- 20 court costs.
- 21 (a) Whenever any resident of this State fails to pay any
- traffic fine, penalty, or cost imposed for a violation of this
- 23 Code, or similar provision of local ordinance, the clerk may
- 24 notify the Secretary of State, on a report prescribed by the
- 25 Secretary, and the Secretary shall prohibit the renewal,

reissue or reinstatement of such resident's driving privileges until such fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. The clerk shall provide notice to the driver, at the driver's last known address as shown on the court's records, stating that

such action will be effective on the 46th day following the

date of the above notice if payment is not received in full by

the court of venue.

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- (a-1) Whenever any resident of this State who has made a partial payment on any traffic fine, penalty, or cost that was imposed under a conviction entered on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, for a violation of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, fails to pay the remainder of the outstanding fine, penalty, or cost within the time limit set by the court, the clerk may notify the Secretary of State, on a report prescribed by the Secretary, and the Secretary shall prohibit the renewal, reissue, or reinstatement of the resident's driving privileges until the fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. The clerk shall provide notice to the driver, at the driver's last known address as shown on the court's records, stating that the action will be effective on the 46th day following the date of the notice if payment is not received in full by the court of venue.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (b-1), following receipt of the report from the clerk, the Secretary of State shall make the proper notation to the driver's file to prohibit

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the renewal, reissue or reinstatement of such driver's driving privileges. Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, such notation shall not be removed from the driver's record until the driver satisfies the outstanding fine, penalty, or cost and an appropriate notice on a form prescribed by the Secretary is received by the Secretary from the court of venue, stating that such fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. Upon payment in full of a traffic fine, penalty, or court cost which has previously been reported under this Section as unpaid, the clerk of the court shall present the driver with a signed receipt containing the seal of the court indicating that such fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full, and shall forward forthwith to the Secretary of State a notice stating that the fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full.

(b-1) In a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more, following receipt of the report from the clerk, the Secretary of State shall make the proper notation to the driver's file to prohibit the renewal, reissue or reinstatement of such driver's driving privileges. Such notation shall not be removed from the driver's record until the driver satisfies the outstanding fine, penalty, or cost and an appropriate notice on a form prescribed by the Secretary is received by the Secretary directly from the court of venue, stating that such fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. Upon payment in full of a traffic fine, penalty, or court cost which has previously

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- been reported under this Section as unpaid, the clerk of the court shall forward forthwith directly to the Secretary of State a notice stating that the fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full and shall provide the driver with a signed receipt containing the seal of the court, indicating that the fine, penalty, and cost have been paid in full. The receipt may not be used by the driver to clear the driver's record.
- (c) The provisions of this Section shall be limited to a single action per arrest and as a post conviction measure only. Fines, penalty, or costs to be collected subsequent to orders of court supervision, or other available court diversions are not applicable to this Section.
  - (d) (1) Notwithstanding the receipt of a report from the clerk as prescribed in subsections subsection (a) and (e), nothing in this Section is intended to place any responsibility upon the Secretary of State to provide independent notice to the driver of any potential action to disallow the renewal, reissue or reinstatement of such driver's driving privileges.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (b-1), the Secretary of State shall renew, reissue or reinstate a driver's driving privileges which were previously refused pursuant to this Section upon presentation of an original receipt which is signed by the clerk of the court and contains the seal of the court indicating that the fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. The Secretary of

- 1 State shall retain such receipt for his records.
- 2 (e) Upon receipt of notification from another state,
- 3 stating a resident of this State failed to pay a traffic fine,
- 4 penalty, or cost imposed for a violation that occurs in another
- 5 state, the Secretary shall make the proper notation to the
- 6 driver's license file to prohibit the renewal, reissue, or
- 7 reinstatement of the resident's driving privileges until the
- 8 fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. The Secretary of
- 9 State shall renew, reissue, or reinstate the driver's driving
- 10 privileges that were previously refused under this Section upon
- 11 receipt of notification from the other state that indicates
- that the fine, penalty, or cost has been paid in full. The
- 13 Secretary of State shall retain the out-of-state receipt for
- 14 his or her records.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 94-618, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 16 (625 ILCS 5/6-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-500)
- 17 Sec. 6-500. Definitions of words and phrases.
- 18 Notwithstanding the definitions set forth elsewhere in this
- 19 Code, for purposes of the Uniform Commercial Driver's License
- 20 Act (UCDLA), the words and phrases listed below have the
- 21 meanings ascribed to them as follows:
- 22 (1) Alcohol. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any
- 23 form of alcohol, including but not limited to ethanol,
- 24 methanol, propanol, and isopropanol.
- 25 (2) Alcohol concentration. "Alcohol concentration" means:

1	(A) the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of
2	breath; or
3	(B) the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters
4	of blood; or
5	(C) the number of grams of alcohol per 67 milliliters
6	of urine.
7	Alcohol tests administered within 2 hours of the driver
8	being "stopped or detained" shall be considered that driver's
9	"alcohol concentration" for the purposes of enforcing this
10	UCDLA.
11	(3) (Blank).
12	(4) (Blank).
13	(5) (Blank).
14	(6) Commercial Motor Vehicle.
15	(A) "Commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" means a motor
16	vehicle <u>used in commerce</u> , except those referred to in
17	subdivision (B), designed to transport passengers or
18	<pre>property if:</pre>
19	(i) the vehicle has a GVWR of 26,001 pounds or more
20	or such a lesser GVWR as subsequently determined by
21	federal regulations or the Secretary of State; or any
22	combination of vehicles with a GCWR of 26,001 pounds or
23	more, provided the GVWR of any vehicle or vehicles
24	being towed is 10,001 pounds or more; or
25	(ii) the vehicle is designed to transport 16 or
26	more persons; or

- 1 (iii) the vehicle is transporting hazardous 2 materials and is required to be placarded in accordance 3 with 49 C.F.R. Part 172, subpart F.
  - (B) Pursuant to the interpretation of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 by the Federal Highway Administration, the definition of "commercial motor vehicle" does not include:
    - (i) recreational vehicles, when operated primarily
      for personal use;
    - (ii) United States Department of Defense vehicles owned by or being operated under the direction of the United States Department of Defense or the United States Coast Guard only when operated by non-civilian personnel. This includes any operator on active military duty; members of the Reserves; National Guard; personnel on part-time training; and National Guard military technicians (civilians who are required to wear military uniforms and are subject to the Code of Military Justice); or
    - (iii) firefighting and other emergency equipment (including, without limitation, equipment owned or operated by a HazMat or technical rescue team authorized by a county board under Section 5-1127 of the Counties Code), with audible and visual signals, owned or operated by or for a governmental entity, which is necessary to the preservation of life or

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property or the execution of emergency governmental 1 2 functions which are normally not subject to general traffic rules and regulations. 3

- (7) Controlled Substance. "Controlled substance" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and shall also include cannabis as defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act and methamphetamine as defined in Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- "Conviction" (8) Conviction. means unvacated an adjudication of guilt or a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal; an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court; a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court; the payment of a fine or court cost regardless of whether the imposition of sentence is deferred and ultimately a judgment dismissing the underlying charge is entered; or a violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended or probated.
- 22 (8.5) Day. "Day" means calendar day.
- 23 (9) (Blank).
- 24 (10) (Blank).
- 25 (11) (Blank).
- 26 (12) (Blank).

- 1 (13) Driver. "Driver" means any person who drives,
  2 operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor
  3 vehicle, any person who is required to hold a CDL, or any
  4 person who is a holder of a CDL while operating a
  5 non-commercial motor vehicle.
- 6 (13.5) Driver applicant. "Driver applicant" means an individual who applies to a state to obtain, transfer, upgrade, or renew a CDL.
  - (14) Employee. "Employee" means a person who is employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver. A person who is self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this UCDLA pertaining to employees. An owner-operator on a long-term lease shall be considered an employee.
  - (15) Employer. "Employer" means a person (including the United States, a State or a local authority) who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns employees to operate such a vehicle. A person who is self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this UCDLA.
- 20 (16) (Blank).

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- 21 (16.5) Fatality. "Fatality" means the death of a person as 22 a result of a motor vehicle accident.
- 23 (17) Foreign jurisdiction. "Foreign jurisdiction" means a 24 sovereign jurisdiction that does not fall within the definition 25 of "State".
- 26 (18) (Blank).

1 (19) (Blank).

- means any material that has been designated Upon a finding by the United States Secretary of Transportation, in his or her discretion, under 49 App. U.S.C. 5103 and is required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 C.F.R. part 73 (a), that the transportation of a particular quantity and form of material in commerce may pose an unreasonable risk to health and safety or property, he or she shall designate the quantity and form of material or group or class of the materials as a hazardous material. The materials so designated may include but are not limited to explosives, radioactive materials, etiologic agents, flammable liquids or solids, combustible liquids or solids, poisons, oxidizing or corrosive materials, and compressed gases.
  - (20.5) Imminent Hazard. "Imminent hazard" means the existence of a condition that presents a substantial likelihood that death, serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begun to lessen the risk of that death, illness, injury or endangerment.
  - (21) Long-term lease. "Long-term lease" means a lease of a commercial motor vehicle by the owner-lessor to a lessee, for a period of more than 29 days.

- 1 (22) Motor Vehicle. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle
- which is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled
- 3 by electric power obtained from over head trolley wires but not
- 4 operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human
- 5 power and motorized wheel chairs.
- 6 (22.5) Non-CMV. "Non-CMV" means a motor vehicle or
- 7 combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term
- 8 "commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" in this Section.
- 9 (23) Non-resident CDL. "Non-resident CDL" means a
- 10 commercial driver's license issued by a state under either of
- 11 the following two conditions:
- 12 (i) to an individual domiciled in a foreign country
- meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(1) of 49 C.F.R.
- of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
- 15 (ii) to an individual domiciled in another state
- meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(2) of 49 C.F.R.
- of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.
- 18 (24) (Blank).
- 19 (25) (Blank).
- 20 (25.5) Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation.
- 21 "Railroad-highway grade crossing violation" means a violation,
- 22 while operating a commercial motor vehicle, of any of the
- 23 following:
- 24 (A) Section 11-1201, 11-1202, or 11-1425 of this
- 25 Code.
- 26 (B) Any other similar law or local ordinance of any

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1	state relating to railroad-highway grade crossing.
2	(25.7) School Bus. "School bus" means a commercial motor
3	vehicle used to transport pre-primary, primary, or secondary
4	school students from home to school, from school to home, or to
5	and from school-sponsored events. "School bus" does not include
6	a bus used as a common carrier.
7	(26) Serious Traffic Violation. "Serious traffic
8	violation" means:
9	(A) a conviction when operating a commercial motor
10	vehicle, or when operating a non-CMV while holding a CDL,
11	of:
12	(i) a violation relating to excessive speeding,
13	involving a single speeding charge of 15 miles per hour
14	or more above the legal speed limit; or
15	(ii) a violation relating to reckless driving; or
16	(iii) a violation of any State law or local
17	ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control
18	(other than parking violations) arising in connection
19	with a fatal traffic accident; or
20	(iv) a violation of Section 6-501, relating to
21	having multiple driver's licenses; or
22	(v) a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 6-507,
23	relating to the requirement to have a valid CDL; or

traffic lane changes; or

(vi) a violation relating to improper or erratic

(vii) a violation relating to following another

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1 vehicle too closely; or
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- 2 (B) any other similar violation of a law or local ordinance of any state relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, which the Secretary of State determines by administrative rule to be serious.
- 7 (27) State. "State" means a state of the United States, the 8 District of Columbia and any province or territory of Canada.
- 9 (28) (Blank).
- 10 (29) (Blank).
- 11 (30) (Blank).
- 12 (31) (Blank).
- 13 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-334, eff. 1-1-06;
- 14 revised 8-19-05.)
- 15 (625 ILCS 5/6-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-501)
- Sec. 6-501. Commercial drivers permitted only one
- driver's license. No person who drives a commercial motor
- 18 vehicle, on the highways, shall have more than one driver's
- 19 license, except during the 10-day period beginning on the date
- 20 such person is issued a CDL.
- 21 Any person convicted of violating this Section shall be
- 22 quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 86-845.)
- 24 (625 ILCS 5/6-506) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-506)

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- Sec. 6-506. Commercial motor vehicle driver employer/owner responsibilities.
- 3 (a) No employer or commercial motor vehicle owner shall 4 knowingly allow, permit, or authorize, or require an employee 5 to drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways during any 6 period in which such employee:
- 7 (1) has a driver's license suspended, revoked or 8 cancelled by any state; or
  - (2) has lost the privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle in any state; or
  - (3) has been disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle; or
  - (4) has more than one driver's license, except as provided by this UCDLA; or
- 15 (5) is subject to or in violation of an 16 "out-of-service" order.
  - (b) No employer or commercial motor vehicle owner shall knowingly allow, permit, authorize, or require a driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle in violation of any law or regulation pertaining to railroad-highway grade crossings.
- 21 (b-3) No employer or commercial motor vehicle owner shall
  22 knowingly allow, permit, authorize, or require a driver to
  23 operate a commercial motor vehicle during any period in which
  24 the commercial motor vehicle is subject to an "out-of-service"
  25 order.
- 26 (b-5) No employer or commercial motor vehicle owner shall

- 1 knowingly allow, permit, authorize, or require a driver to
- 2 operate a commercial motor vehicle during any period in which
- 3 the motor carrier operation is subject to an "out-of-service"
- 4 order.
- 5 (c) Any employer convicted of violating subsection (a),
- 6 (b-3), or (b-5) of this Section, whether individually or in
- 7 connection with one or more other persons, or as principal
- 8 agent, or accessory, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 92-249, eff. 1-1-02; 92-834, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 10 (625 ILCS 5/6-507) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-507)
- 11 Sec. 6-507. Commercial Driver's License (CDL) Required.
- 12 (a) Except as expressly permitted by this UCDLA, or when
- driving pursuant to the issuance of a commercial driver
- instruction permit and accompanied by the holder of a CDL valid
- 15 for the vehicle being driven; no person shall drive a
- 16 commercial motor vehicle on the highways without:
- 17 (1) a CDL in the driver's possession;
- 18 (2) having obtained a CDL; or
- 19 (3) the proper class of CDL or endorsements or both for
- 20 the specific vehicle group being operated or for the
- 21 passengers or type of cargo being transported.
- 22 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person
- 23 may drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways while such
- 24 person's driving privilege, license or permit is:
- 25 (1) Suspended, revoked, cancelled, or subject to

disqualification. Any person convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of this or any other state shall have their driving privileges revoked under paragraph 12 of subsection (a) of Section 6-205 of this Code.

- (2) Subject to or in violation of an "out-of-service" order. Any person who has been issued a CDL and is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.
- (3) Subject to or in violation of an "out of service" order and while transporting passengers or hazardous materials. Any person who has been issued a CDL and is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of this or any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.
- (b-3) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person may drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways during a period which the commercial motor vehicle or the motor carrier operation is subject to an "out-of-service" order. Any person who is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.

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(b-5) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person may transport passengers or hazardous materials during a period in which the commercial motor vehicle or the motor carrier operation is subject to an "out-of-service" order. Any person who is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.

(c) Pursuant to the options provided to the States by FHWA Docket No. MC-88-8, the driver of any motor vehicle controlled or operated by or for a farmer is waived from the requirements of this Section, when such motor vehicle is being used to transport: agricultural products; implements of husbandry; or farm supplies; to and from a farm, as long as such movement is not over 150 air miles from the originating farm. This waiver does not apply to the driver of any motor vehicle being used in a common or contract carrier type operation. However, for those any truck-tractor semitrailer combination or drivers of combinations registered under subsection (c) of Section 3-815 of this Code, this waiver shall apply only when the driver is a farmer or a member of the farmer's family and the driver is 21 years of age or more and has successfully completed any tests the Secretary of State deems necessary.

In addition, the farmer or a member of the farmer's family who operates a truck-tractor semitrailer combination or combinations pursuant to this waiver shall be granted all of

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the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties and 1 2 restrictions with respect to Sections 6-514 and 6-515 of this 3 Code applicable to the driver who possesses a commercial driver's license issued under this Code, except that the driver 5 shall not be subject to any additional duties or restrictions 6 contained in Part 382 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety 7 Regulations that are not otherwise imposed under Section 6-514 or 6-515 of this Code. 8

For purposes of this subsection (c), a member of the farmer's family is a natural or in-law spouse, child, parent, or sibling.

- (c-5) An employee of a township or road district with a population of less than 3,000 operating a vehicle within the boundaries of the township or road district for the purpose of removing snow or ice from a roadway by plowing, sanding, or salting is waived from the requirements of this Section when the employee is needed to operate the vehicle because the employee of the township or road district who ordinarily operates the vehicle and who has a commercial driver's license is unable to operate the vehicle or is in need of additional assistance due to a snow emergency.
- 22 (d) Any person convicted of violating this Section, shall 23 be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (e) Any person convicted of violating paragraph (1) of 24 25 (b) of this Section, shall have all driving 26 privileges revoked by the Secretary of State.

- (f) This Section shall not apply to: 1
- 2 (1) A person who currently holds a valid Illinois 3 driver's license, for the type of vehicle being operated, until the expiration of such license or April 1, 1992, 4 5 whichever is earlier; or
- 6 A non-Illinois domiciliary who is properly 7 licensed in another State, until April 1, 1992. A 8 non-Illinois domiciliary, if such domiciliary is properly 9 licensed in another State or foreign jurisdiction, until 10 April 1, 1992.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-508) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-508)
- Sec. 6-508. Commercial Driver's License 1.3 (CDL)
- 14 qualification standards.
- 15 (a) Testing.

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- 16 (1) General. No person shall be issued an original or renewal CDL unless that person is domiciled in this State. 17 18 The Secretary shall cause to be administered such tests as 19 the Secretary deems necessary to meet the requirements of 20 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts F, G, and H, and J.
- (2) Third party testing. The Secretary of state may authorize a "third party tester", pursuant to 49 C.F.R. 23 Part 383.75, to administer the skills test or tests specified by Federal Motor Carrier Safety Highway Administration pursuant to the Commercial Motor Vehicle

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- Safety Act of 1986 and any appropriate federal rule. 1
- 2 (b) Waiver of Skills Test. The Secretary of State may waive 3 the skills test specified in this Section for a driver applicant for a commercial driver license applicant who meets 5 the requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 383.77 and Part 383.123.
  - Limitations on issuance of a CDL. A CDL, or a commercial driver instruction permit, shall not be issued to a person while the person is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle, or unless otherwise permitted by this Code, while the person's driver's license is suspended, revoked or cancelled in any state, or any territory or province of Canada; nor may a CDL be issued to a person who has a CDL issued by any other state, or foreign jurisdiction, unless the person first surrenders all such licenses. No CDL shall be issued to or renewed for a person who does not meet the requirement of 49 CFR 391.41(b)(11). The requirement may be met with the aid of a hearing aid.
  - (c-1) The Secretary may issue a CDL with a school bus driver endorsement to allow a person to drive the type of bus described in subsection (d-5) of Section 6-104 of this Code. The CDL with a school bus driver endorsement may be issued only to a person meeting the following requirements:
    - (1) the person has submitted his or her fingerprints to the Department of State Police in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police. fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint

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- records now and hereafter filed in the Department of State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases;
  - (2) the person has passed a written test, administered by the Secretary of State, on charter bus operation, charter bus safety, and certain special traffic laws relating to school buses determined by the Secretary of State to be relevant to charter buses, and submitted to a review of the driver applicant's driving habits by the Secretary of State at the time the written test is given;
  - (3) the person has demonstrated physical fitness to operate school buses by submitting the results of a medical examination, including tests for drug use; and
- (4) the person has not been convicted of committing or attempting to commit any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those offenses defined in Sections 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, 9-3.3, 10-1, 10-2, 10-3.1, 10-4, 10-5, 10-6, 10-7, 11-6, 11-9, 11-9.1, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20, 11-20.1, 11-21, 11-22, 12-3.1, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-4.4, 12-4.5, 12-6, 12-6.2, 12-7.1, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-11, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 12-16.2, 12-21.5, 12-21.6, 12-33, 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 18-5, 20-1, 20-1.1, 20-2, 24-1, 24-1.1, 24-1.2, 24-3.3, 31A-1, 31A-1.1, and 33A-2, and in subsection (a) and subsection (b), clause (1), of Section 12-4 of the Criminal

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Code of 1961; (ii) those offenses defined in the Cannabis Control Act except those offenses defined in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 4, and subsection (a) of Section 5 of the Cannabis Control Act; (iii) those offenses defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; (iv) those offenses defined in the Methamphetamine Control Community Protection Act; (v) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States, which if committed or attempted in this State would be punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses; (vi) the offenses defined in Sections 4.1 and 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act; and (vii) those offenses defined in Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934.

The Department of State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history records check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and may not exceed the actual cost of the records check.

- (c-2) The Secretary shall issue a CDL with a school bus endorsement to allow a person to drive a school bus as defined in this Section. The CDL shall be issued according to the requirements outlined in 49 C.F.R. 383. A person may not operate a school bus as defined in this Section without a school bus endorsement. The Secretary of State may adopt rules consistent with Federal quidelines to implement subsection (c-2).
  - (d) Commercial driver instruction permit. A commercial

- driver instruction permit may be issued to any person holding a 1
- 2 valid Illinois driver's license if such person successfully
- 3 passes such tests as the Secretary determines to be necessary.
- A commercial driver instruction permit shall not be issued to a 4
- 5 person who does not meet the requirements of 49 CFR 391.41
- 6 (b)(11), except for the renewal of a commercial
- 7 instruction permit for a person who possesses a commercial
- 8 instruction permit prior to the effective date of this
- 9 amendatory Act of 1999.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 93-476, eff. 1-1-04; 93-644, eff. 6-1-04; 94-307,
- 11 eff. 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; revised 8-19-05.)
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-509) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-509)
- Sec. 6-509. Non-resident commercial driver's license. 1.3
- 14 (a) The Secretary of State may issue a non-resident CDL to
- 15 a domiciliary of a foreign jurisdiction if the United States
- 16 Secretary of Transportation has determined that the commercial
- motor vehicle testing and licensing standards, in that foreign 17
- 18 jurisdiction, do not meet the testing standards established in
- 19 49 C.F.R. Part 383. The Secretary of State may also issue a
- non-resident CDL to an individual domiciled in another state 20
- 21 while that state is prohibited from issuing CDLs in accordance
- 22 with 49 C.F.R. Part 384. A non-resident CDL shall be issued in
- 23 accordance with the testing and licensing standards contained
- 24 in subparts F, G, and H of 49 C.F.R. Part 383. The word
- 25 "Non-resident" must appear on the face of the non-resident CDL.

- 1 A driver An applicant must surrender any non-resident CDL,
- license or permit issued by any other state.
- 3 (b) If an individual is domiciled in a state while that
- 4 state is prohibited from issuing CDLs in accordance with 49
- 5 C.F.R. Part 384.405, that individual is eligible to obtain a
- 6 non-resident CDL from any state that elects to issue a
- 7 non-resident CDL and which complies with the testing and
- 8 licensing standards contained in subparts F, G, and H of 49
- 9 C.F.R. Part 383.23.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-510) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-510)
- 12 Sec. 6-510. Application for Commercial Driver's License
- 13 (CDL).
- 14 (a) The application for a CDL or commercial driver
- instruction permit, must include, but not necessarily be
- 16 limited to, the following:
- 17 (1) the full legal name and current Illinois
- domiciliary address (unless the application is for a
- 19 Non-resident CDL) of the driver applicant;
- 20 (2) a physical description of the driver applicant
- including sex, height, weight, color of eyes and hair
- 22 color;
- 23 (3) date of birth;
- 24 (4) the <u>driver</u> applicant's social security number or
- other identifying number acceptable to the Secretary of

- 1 State;
- 2 (5) the <u>driver</u> applicant's signature;
- 3 (6) certifications required by 49 C.F.R. Part 383.71;
- 4 (6.1) the names of all states where the <u>driver</u>
- 5 applicant has previously been licensed to drive any type of
- 6 motor vehicle during the previous 10 years pursuant to 49
- 7 C.F.R. Part 383; and
- 8 (7) any other information required by the Secretary of
- 9 State.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 93-895, eff. 1-1-05; 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-513) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-513)
- 12 Sec. 6-513. Commercial Driver's License or CDL. The content
- of the CDL shall include, but not necessarily be limited to the
- 14 following:
- 15 (a) A CDL shall be distinctly marked "Commercial Driver's
- 16 License" or "CDL". It must include, but not necessarily be
- 17 limited to, the following information:
- 18 (1) the legal name and the Illinois domiciliary address
- 19 (unless it is a Non-resident CDL) of the person to whom the
- 20 CDL is issued;
- 21 (2) the person's color photograph;
- 22 (3) a physical description of the person including sex,
- 23 height, and may include weight, color of eyes and hair
- 24 color;
- 25 (4) date of birth;

1	(5) a CDL or file number assigned by the Secretary of
2	State;
3	(6) it also may include the applicant's Social Security
4	Number pursuant to Section 6-106;
5	(6) (7) the person's signature;
6	(7) (8) the class or type of commercial vehicle or
7	vehicles which the person is authorized to drive together
8	with any endorsements or restrictions;
9	(8) the name of the issuing state; and
10	(9) (10) the issuance and expiration dates of the CDL.
11	(b) Applicant Record Check.
12	Prior to the issuance of a CDL, the Secretary of State
13	shall obtain, and review, and maintain upon issuance the driver
14	applicant's driving record as required by 49 C.F.R. Part 383
15	and Part 384 and the United States Secretary of Transportation.
16	(c) Notification of Commercial Driver's License (CDL)
17	Issuance.
18	Within 10 days after issuing a CDL, the Secretary of State
19	must notify the Commercial Driver License Information System of
20	that fact, and provide all information required to ensure
21	identification of the person.
22	(c-5) Change in driver identification information.
23	Within 10 days of any change of driver identification
24	information on any CDL holder, the Secretary of State must
25	notify the Commercial Driver License Information System of the
26	change.

- 1 (d) Renewal.
- 2 Every person applying for a renewal of a CDL must complete
- 3 the appropriate application form required by this Code and any
- other test deemed necessary by the Secretary. 4
- (Source: P.A. 93-895, eff. 1-1-05; 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.) 5
- (625 ILCS 5/6-514) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-514) 6
- 7 6-514. Commercial Driver's Sec. License (CDL)
- 8 Disqualifications.
- 9 A person shall be disqualified from driving
- 10 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12
- 11 months for the first violation of:
- 12 (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a test
- or tests to determine the driver's blood concentration of 1.3
- alcohol, other drug, or both, while driving a commercial 14
- 15 motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while
- 16 driving a non-CMV; or
- (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the 17
- 18 alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath or
- 19 urine is at least 0.04, or any amount of a drug, substance,
- or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from 20
- 21 the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the
- 22 Cannabis Control Act, or a controlled substance listed in
- 23 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine
- 24 as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community
- 25 Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn

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report or other verified evidence; or operating a while alcohol non-commercial motor vehicle the concentration of the person's blood, breath, or urine was above the legal limit defined in Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, or a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence while holding a commercial driver's license; or

## (3) Conviction for a first violation of:

- (i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or combination of drugs to a degree which renders such person incapable of safely driving; or
- (ii) Knowingly and wilfully leaving the scene of an accident while operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or
- (iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while committing any felony; or

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1	(iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the
2	person's driving privileges or driver's license or
3	permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the
4	driver is disqualified from operating a commercial
5	motor vehicle: or

(v) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but limited to t.he crimes of motor vehicle not manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, and negligent homicide.

As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof under subdivision (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of this Code.

If any of the above violations or refusals occurred while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years.

- (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more separate incidents.
  - (c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or (ii) if the person is a CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in the commission of a felony involving any of those activities.
  - (d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the lifetime disqualification.
  - (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period. However, a person will be

- disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a
  period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious
  traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle,
  arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year
  period.
  - (e-1) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations committed in a non-CMV while holding a CDL, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. A person shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months, however, if he or she is convicted of 3 or more serious traffic violations committed in a non-CMV while holding a CDL, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges.
    - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration of commercial driving privileges during any such period of disqualification.
  - (g) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a commercial driver's license, the Secretary of State must update the driver's records to reflect such action within 10 days. After

- 1 suspending or revoking the driving privilege of any person who
- 2 has been issued a CDL or commercial driver instruction permit
- 3 from another jurisdiction, the Secretary shall originate
- 4 notification to such issuing jurisdiction within 10 days.
- 5 (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section
- 6 shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver,
- 7 by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s)
- 8 occurred after March 31, 1992.
- 9 (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial
- 10 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:
- 11 (1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph
- 12 (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507
- of this Code.
- 14 (2) For one year upon a second conviction of paragraph
- 15 (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507
- of this Code within a 10-year period.
- 17 (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction
- of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of
- 19 Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period.
- 20 (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph
- 21 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507
- of this Code.
- 23 (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph
- 24 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507
- of this Code within a 10-year period.
- 26 (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction

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- of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of 1 2 Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period.
  - (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
    - (1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if the offense was committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle:
      - (i) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
      - (ii) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection (a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
      - (iii) For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as described in Section 11-1202 of this Code;
      - (iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing without stopping, as described in subsection (b) of Section

11-1425 of this Code;

- (v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or the directions of an enforcement official at the crossing, as described in subdivision (a) 2 of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
  - (vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of insufficient undercarriage clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section 11-1201 of this Code.
- (2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
  - (i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had no convictions for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).
  - (ii) Second violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had one other conviction for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that was committed in a separate

1 incident.

- (iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more other convictions for violations described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were committed in separate incidents.
- (k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 383.52, the Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the driver the action that has been taken.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 19 (625 ILCS 5/6-519) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-519)
  - Sec. 6-519. Driving Record Information To Be Furnished.

    Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary of State shall furnish full information regarding a commercial driver's driving record to: the driver licensing administrator of any other State; the U.S. Department of Transportation; the affected driver or a motor carrier or

- prospective motor carrier requesting such information, within
- 2 10 days of the request; and any other entity or person
- 3 authorized to receive such information pursuant to Section
- 4 2-123 of this Code.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 86-845.)
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-520) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-520)
- 7 Sec. 6-520. CDL disqualification or out-of-service order;
- 8 hearing.

- 9 (a) A disqualification of commercial driving privileges by
- 10 the Secretary of State, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not
- 11 become effective until the person is notified in writing, by
- the Secretary, of the impending disqualification and advised
- that a CDL hearing may be requested of the Secretary if the
- 14 stop or arrest occurred in a commercial motor vehicle.
- 15 (b) Upon receipt of: the notice of a CDL disqualification
- not based upon a conviction; 7 an out-of-service order; 7 or
- 17 notification that a CDL disqualification is forthcoming, the
- 18 person may make a written petition in a form, approved by the
- 19 Secretary of State, for a CDL hearing with the Secretary if the
- 20 stop or arrest occurred in a commercial motor vehicle. Such
- 21 petition must state the grounds upon which the person seeks to
- 22 have the CDL disqualification rescinded or the out-of-service
- order removed from the person's driving record. Within 10 days
- 24 after the receipt of such petition, it shall be reviewed by the
- 25 Director of the Department of Administrative Hearings, Office

- (c) The scope of a CDL hearing, for any disqualification imposed pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of Section 6-514, resulting from the operation of a commercial motor vehicle, shall be limited to the following issues:
  - 1. Whether the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle;
  - 2. Whether, after making the initial stop, the police officer had probable cause to issue a Sworn Report;
  - 3. Whether the person was verbally warned of the ensuing consequences prior to submitting to any type of chemical test or tests to determine such person's blood concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both;
  - 4. Whether the person did refuse to submit to or failed to complete the chemical testing or did submit to such test or tests and such test or tests disclosed an alcohol concentration of at least 0.04 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled

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- 5. Whether the person was warned that if the test or tests disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, such results could be admissible in a subsequent prosecution under Section 11-501 of this Code or similar provision of local ordinances; and
- 6. Whether such results could not be used to impose any driver's license sanctions pursuant to Section 11-501.1.
- Upon the conclusion of the above CDL hearing, the CDL disqualification imposed shall either be sustained rescinded.
- (d) The scope of a CDL hearing for any out-of-service sanction, imposed pursuant to Section 6-515, shall be limited to the following issues:
- 22 1. Whether the person was driving a commercial motor 23 vehicle:
- 24 Whether, while driving such commercial 25 vehicle, the person had alcohol or any amount of a drug, 26 substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or

consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act in such person's system;

- 3. Whether the person was verbally warned of the ensuing consequences prior to being asked to submit to any type of chemical test or tests to determine such person's alcohol, other drug, or both, concentration; and
- 4. Whether, after being so warned, the person did refuse to submit to or failed to complete such chemical test or tests or did submit to such test or tests and such test or tests disclosed an alcohol concentration greater than 0.00 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

Upon the conclusion of the above CDL hearing, the out-of-service sanction shall either be sustained or removed from the person's driving record.

(e) If any person petitions for a hearing relating to any CDL disqualification based upon a conviction, as defined in this UCDLA, said hearing shall not be conducted as a CDL hearing, but shall be conducted as any other driver's license

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- hearing, whether formal or informal, as promulgated in the 1 2 rules and regulations of the Secretary.
  - (f) Any evidence of alcohol or other drug consumption, for the purposes of this UCDLA, shall be sufficient probable cause for requesting the driver to submit to a chemical test or tests to determine the presence of alcohol, other drug, or both in the person's system and the subsequent issuance of out-of-service order or a Sworn Report by a police officer.
  - (q) For the purposes of this UCDLA, a CDL "hearing" shall mean a hearing before the Office of the Secretary of State in accordance with Section 2-118 of this Code, for the purpose of resolving differences or disputes specifically related to the scope of the issues identified in this Section relating to the operation of a commercial motor vehicle. These proceedings will be a matter of record and a final appealable order issued. The petition for a CDL hearing shall not stay or delay the effective date of the impending disqualification.
  - (h) The CDL hearing may be conducted upon a review of the police officer's own official reports; provided however, that the petitioner may subpoena the officer. Failure of the officer to answer the subpoena shall be grounds for a continuance.
  - (i) Any CDL disqualification based upon a statutory summary suspension resulting from an arrest of a CDL holder while operating a non-commercial motor vehicle, may only be contested by filing a petition to contest the statutory summary suspension in the appropriate circuit court as provided for in

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- Section 2-118.1 of this Code.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/6-521) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-521)
- 4 Sec. 6-521. Rulemaking Authority.
- 5 (a) The Secretary of State, using the authority to license 6 motor vehicle operators under this Code, may adopt such rules 7 and regulations as may be necessary to establish standards, 8 policies and procedures for the licensing and sanctioning of 9 commercial motor vehicle drivers in order to meet requirements of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Act of 1986 10 11 (CMVSA); subsequent federal rulemaking under 49 C.F.R. Part 383 12 or Part 1572; and administrative and policy decisions of the 1.3 U.S. Secretary of Transportation and the Federal Motor Carrier 14 Safety Highway Administration. The Secretary may, as provided 15 in the CMVSA, establish stricter requirements for the licensing 16 of commercial motor vehicle drivers than those established by the federal government. 17
  - (b) By January 1, 1994, the Secretary of State shall establish rules and regulations for the issuance of a restricted commercial driver's license for farm-related service industries consistent with federal guidelines. The restricted license shall be available for a seasonal period or periods not to exceed a total of 180 days in any 12 month period.
- 25 (c) By July 1, 1995, the Secretary of State shall establish

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regulations, to consistent with 1 rules and be federal 2 quidelines, for the issuance and cancellation or withdrawal of a restricted commercial driver's license that is limited to the 3 operation of a school bus. A driver whose restricted commercial 5 driver's license has been cancelled or withdrawn may contest the sanction by requesting a hearing pursuant to Section 2-118 6 of this Code. The cancellation or withdrawal of the restricted 7 8 commercial driver's license shall remain in effect pending the 9 outcome of that hearing.

- (d) By July 1, 1995, the Secretary of State shall establish rules and regulations for the issuance and cancellation of a School Bus Driver's Permit. The permit shall be required for the operation of a school bus as provided in subsection (c), a non-restricted CDL with passenger endorsement, or a properly classified driver's license. The permit will establish that the school bus driver has met all the requirements of application and screening process established by Section 6-106.1 of this Code.
- (Source: P.A. 93-667, eff. 3-19-04.) 19
- 20 (625 ILCS 5/6-524) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-524)
- 21 Sec. 6-524. Penalties.
- 22 (a) Every person convicted of violating any provision of this UCDLA for which another penalty is not provided shall for 23 24 a first offense be quilty of a petty offense; and for a second 25 conviction for any offense committed within 3 years of any

- previous offense, shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor. 1
- 2 (b) Any person convicted of violating subsection (b) of
- 3 Section 6-506 of this Code shall be subject to a civil penalty
- 4 of not more than \$10,000.
- 5 (c) Any person or employer convicted of violating paragraph
- (5) of subsection (a) or subsection (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6
- 7 6-506 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than
- 8 \$2,750 nor more than \$11,000.
- 9 (d) Any person convicted of violating paragraph (2) or (3)
- 10 of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507
- 11 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,100 nor
- 12 more than \$2,750.
- (Source: P.A. 92-249, eff. 1-1-02.) 13
- (625 ILCS 5/11-501.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501.1) 14
- Sec. 11-501.1. Suspension of drivers license; statutory 15
- 16 summary alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound
- or compounds related suspension; implied consent. 17
- (a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control 18
- 19 of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall
- 20 be deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of
- 21 Section 11-501.2, to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath,
- 22 or urine for the purpose of determining the content of alcohol,
- other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds or 23
- 24 any combination thereof in the person's blood if arrested, as
- 25 evidenced by the issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket, for any

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offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or if arrested for violating Section 11-401. The test or tests shall be administered at the direction of the arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the officer shall designate which of the aforesaid tests shall be administered. A urine test may be administered even after a blood or breath test or both has been administered. For purposes of this Section, an Illinois law enforcement officer of this State who is investigating the person for any offense defined in Section 11-501 may travel into an adjoining state, where the person has been transported for medical care, to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit test or tests set forth in this Section. requirements of this Section that the person be arrested are inapplicable, but the officer shall issue the person a Uniform Traffic Ticket for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance prior to requesting that the person submit to the test or tests. The issuance of the Uniform Traffic Ticket shall not constitute an arrest, but shall be for the purpose of notifying the person that he or she is subject to the provisions of this Section and of the officer's belief of the existence of probable cause to arrest. Upon returning to this State, the officer shall file the Uniform Traffic Ticket with the Circuit Clerk of the county where the offense was committed, and shall seek the issuance of an arrest warrant or a summons for the person.

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- (b) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by paragraph (a) of this Section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of Section 11-501.2.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided above shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test will result in the statutory summary suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-208.1 of this Code, and will also result in the disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The person shall also be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or greater, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act detected in the person's blood or urine, a statutory summary

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suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor 1 2 vehicle, as provided in Sections 6-208.1 and 11-501.1 of this Code, and a disqualification of the person's privilege to 3 operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 5 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder, will be 6 imposed.

A person who is under the age of 21 at the time the person is requested to submit to a test as provided above shall, in addition to the warnings provided for in this Section, be further warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is greater than 0.00 and less than 0.08, a suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided under Sections 6-208.2 and 11-501.8 of this Code, will be imposed. The results of this test shall be admissible in a civil or criminal action or proceeding arising from an arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or pursuant to Section 11-501.4 in prosecutions for reckless homicide brought under the Criminal Code of 1961. These test results, however, shall be admissible only in actions or proceedings directly related to the incident upon which the test request was made.

(d) If the person refuses testing or submits to a test that discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any

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amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue and the Secretary of State, certifying that the test or tests was or were requested under paragraph (a) and the person refused to submit to a test, or tests, or submitted to testing that disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

(e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer submitted under paragraph (d), the Secretary of State shall enter the statutory summary suspension and disqualification for the periods specified in Sections Section 6-208.1 and 6-514, respectively, and effective as provided in paragraph (g).

If the person is a first offender as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, and is not convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, then reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the Statutory Summary Suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers,

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prosecuting authorities or the Secretary of State. However, 1 2 beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the 3 statutory summary suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. 4 5 Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon request. 6

(f) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report under paragraph (d) shall serve immediate notice of the statutory summary suspension on the person and the suspension and disqualification shall be effective as provided in paragraph (g). In cases where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Compounds Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act is established by a subsequent analysis of blood or urine collected at the time of arrest, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the statutory summary suspension and disqualification shall begin as provided in paragraph (g). The officer shall confiscate any

- Illinois driver's license or permit on the person at the time of arrest. If the person has a valid driver's license or permit, the officer shall issue the person a receipt, in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, that will allow that person to drive during the periods provided for in paragraph (g). The officer shall immediately forward the driver's license or permit to the circuit court of venue along with the sworn report provided for in paragraph (d).
  - (g) The statutory summary suspension and disqualification referred to in this Section shall take effect on the 46th day following the date the notice of the statutory summary suspension was given to the person.
- (h) The following procedure shall apply whenever a person is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:

Upon receipt of the sworn report from the law enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall confirm the statutory summary suspension by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension to the person and the court of venue. The Secretary of State shall also mail notice of the effective date of the disqualification to the person. However, should the sworn report be defective by not containing sufficient information or be completed in error, the confirmation of the statutory summary suspension shall not be mailed to the person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn report shall be forwarded to the court of venue with a copy returned to the

- 1 issuing agency identifying any defect.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 94-115, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.6) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501.6)
- Sec. 11-501.6. Driver involvement in personal injury or fatal motor vehicle accident chemical test.
- (a) Any person who drives or is in actual control of a 6 7 motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State and who 8 has been involved in a personal injury or fatal motor vehicle 9 accident, shall be deemed to have given consent to a breath 10 test using a portable device as approved by the Department of 11 State Police or to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, 12 or urine for the purpose of determining the content of alcohol, 1.3 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds of 14 such person's blood if arrested as evidenced by the issuance of 15 a Uniform Traffic Ticket for any violation of the Illinois 16 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, with the exception of equipment violations contained in Chapter 12 17 of this Code, or similar provisions of local ordinances. The 18 test or tests shall be administered at the direction of the 19 20 arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the 21 officer shall designate which of the aforesaid tests shall be 22 administered. A urine test may be administered even after a blood or breath test or both has been administered. Compliance 23 24 with this Section does not relieve such person from the requirements of Section 11-501.1 of this Code. 25

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- (b) Any person who is dead, unconscious or who is otherwise in a condition rendering such person incapable of refusal shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this Section. In addition, if a driver of a vehicle is receiving medical treatment as a result of a motor vehicle accident, any physician licensed to practice medicine, registered nurse or a phlebotomist acting under the direction of a licensed physician shall withdraw blood for testing purposes to ascertain the presence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, upon the specific request of a law enforcement officer. However, no such testing shall be performed until, in the opinion of the medical personnel on scene, the withdrawal can be made without interfering with or endangering the well-being of the patient.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided above shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test, or submission to the test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis, as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act detected in such person's blood or urine, may result in the

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suspension of such person's privilege to operate a motor 1 2 vehicle and may result in the disqualification of the person's 3 privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The 4 5 length of the suspension shall be the same as outlined in 6 Section 6-208.1 of this Code regarding statutory summary 7 suspensions.

(d) If the person refuses testing or submits to a test which discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the Secretary of State on a form prescribed by the Secretary, certifying that the test or tests were requested pursuant to subsection (a) and the person refused to submit to a test or tests or submitted to testing which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's blood or urine, resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or

1 an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating

2 Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the

Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer, the Secretary shall enter the suspension and disqualification to the individual's driving record and the suspension and disqualification shall be effective on the 46th day following the date notice of the suspension was given to the person.

The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report shall serve immediate notice of this suspension on the person and such suspension and disqualification shall be effective on the 46th day following the date notice was given.

In cases where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, is established by a subsequent analysis of blood or urine collected at the time of arrest, the arresting officer shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of such notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to such person at his address as shown on

the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the suspension <u>and</u>
disqualification shall be effective on the 46th day following
the date notice was given.

Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer, the Secretary shall also give notice of the suspension and disqualification to the driver by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension and disqualification to the individual. However, should the sworn report be defective by not containing sufficient information or be completed in error, the notice of the suspension and disqualification shall not be mailed to the person or entered to the driving record, but rather the sworn report shall be returned to the issuing law enforcement agency.

(e) A driver may contest this suspension of his or her driving privileges and disqualification of his or her CDL privileges by requesting an administrative hearing with the Secretary in accordance with Section 2-118 of this Code. At the conclusion of a hearing held under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary may rescind, continue, or modify the orders order of suspension and disqualification. If the Secretary does not rescind the orders of suspension and disqualification order, a restricted driving permit may be granted by the Secretary upon application being made and good cause shown. A restricted driving permit may be granted to relieve undue hardship to allow driving for employment, educational, and medical purposes as outlined in Section 6-206 of this Code. The

- provisions of Section 6-206 of this Code shall apply. In 1
- 2 accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not
- issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a 3
- commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose 4
- driving privileges have been suspended, revoked, cancelled, or 5
- 6 disqualified.
- 7 (f) (Blank).
- 8 (q) For the purposes of this Section, a personal injury
- 9 shall include any type A injury as indicated on the traffic
- 10 accident report completed by a law enforcement officer that
- 11 requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's
- 12 office or a medical facility. A type A injury shall include
- severely bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries 13
- that require the injured party to be carried from the scene. 14
- (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99; 91-357, 15
- 16 eff. 7-29-99; 91-828, eff. 1-1-01.)
- 17 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.8)
- Sec. 11-501.8. Suspension of driver's license; persons 18
- 19 under age 21.
- 20 (a) A person who is less than 21 years of age and who
- 21 drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon
- 22 the public highways of this State shall be deemed to have given
- consent to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 23
- 24 for the purpose of determining the alcohol content of the
- person's blood if arrested, as evidenced by the issuance of a 25

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Uniform Traffic Ticket for any violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, if a police officer has probable cause to believe that the driver has consumed any amount of an alcoholic beverage based upon evidence of the driver's physical condition or other first hand knowledge of the police officer. The test or tests shall be administered at the direction of the arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the officer shall designate which of the aforesaid tests shall be administered. A urine test may be administered even after a blood or breath test or both has been administered.

- (b) A person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering that person incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by paragraph (a) of this Section and the test or tests may be administered subject to the following provisions:
  - (i) Chemical analysis of the person's blood, urine, breath, or other bodily substance, to be considered valid under the provisions of this Section, shall have been performed according to standards promulgated by the Department of State Police by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by that Department for this purpose. The Director of State Police is authorized to approve satisfactory techniques or methods, to ascertain the qualifications and competence of individuals to conduct analyses, to issue permits that shall be subject to

termination or revocation at the direction of that Department, and to certify the accuracy of breath testing equipment. The Department of State Police shall prescribe regulations as necessary.

- (ii) When a person submits to a blood test at the request of a law enforcement officer under the provisions of this Section, only a physician authorized to practice medicine, a registered nurse, or other qualified person trained in venipuncture and acting under the direction of a licensed physician may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol content therein. This limitation does not apply to the taking of breath or urine specimens.
- (iii) The person tested may have a physician, qualified technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of his or her own choosing administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any test or tests administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer. The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person shall not preclude the consideration of the previously performed chemical test.
- (iv) Upon a request of the person who submits to a chemical test or tests at the request of a law enforcement officer, full information concerning the test or tests shall be made available to the person or that person's attorney.
  - (v) Alcohol concentration means either grams of

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alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.

- (vi) If a driver is receiving medical treatment as a result of a motor vehicle accident, a physician licensed to practice medicine, registered nurse, or other qualified person trained in venipuncture and acting under the direction of a licensed physician shall withdraw blood for testing purposes to ascertain the presence of alcohol upon the specific request of a law enforcement officer. However, that testing shall not be performed until, in the opinion of the medical personnel on scene, the withdrawal can be without interfering with made or endangering the well-being of the patient.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided above shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test, or submission to the test resulting in an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00, may result in the loss of that person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle and may result in the disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The loss of driving privileges shall be imposed in accordance with Section 6-208.2 of this Code.
- (d) If the person refuses testing or submits to a test that discloses an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to

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the Secretary of State on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, certifying that the test or tests were requested under subsection (a) and the person refused to submit to a test or tests or submitted to testing which disclosed an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00. The law enforcement officer shall submit the same sworn report when a person under the age of 21 submits to testing under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the testing discloses an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00 and less than 0.08.

Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall enter the suspension and disqualification driver's license sanction on the individual's driving record and the suspension and disqualification sanctions shall be effective on the 46th day following the date notice of the suspension sanction was given to the person. If this suspension <del>sanction</del> is the individual's first driver's license suspension under this Section, reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the time the suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities, the Secretary of State, or the individual personally. However, beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the report of suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon

## 1 <u>request.</u>

The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report shall serve immediate notice of this <u>suspension</u> driver's license sanction on the person and the <u>suspension</u> and <u>disqualification</u> shall be effective on the 46th day following the date notice was given.

In cases where the blood alcohol concentration of more than 0.00 is established by a subsequent analysis of blood or urine, the police officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of that notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to that person at his last known address and the loss of driving privileges shall be effective on the 46th day following the date notice was given.

Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall also give notice of the suspension and disqualification driver's license sanction to the driver by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension and disqualification sanction to the individual. However, should the sworn report be defective by not containing sufficient information or be completed in error, the notice of the suspension and disqualification shall driver's license sanction may not be mailed to the person or entered to the driving record, but rather the sworn report shall be returned to the issuing law enforcement agency.

(e) A driver may contest this <u>suspension</u> and

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- (1) whether the police officer had probable cause to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of the State and the police officer had reason to believe that the person was in violation of any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; and
- (2) whether the person was issued a Uniform Traffic Ticket for any violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; and
- (3) whether the police officer had probable cause to believe that the driver had consumed any amount of an alcoholic beverage based upon the driver's physical

actions or other first-hand knowledge of the police officer; and

- (4) whether the person, after being advised by the officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person refused to submit to and complete the test or tests, did refuse to submit to or complete the test or tests to determine the person's alcohol concentration; and
- (5) whether the person, after being advised by the officer that the privileges to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person submits to a chemical test or tests and the test or tests disclose an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00, did submit to and complete the test or tests that determined an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00; and
- (6) whether the test result of an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00 was based upon the person's consumption of alcohol in the performance of a religious service or ceremony; and
- (7) whether the test result of an alcohol concentration of more than 0.00 was based upon the person's consumption of alcohol through ingestion of the prescribed or recommended dosage of medicine.

Provided that the petitioner may subpoen the officer, the hearing may be conducted upon a review of the law enforcement officer's own official reports. Failure of the officer to

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answer the subpoena shall be grounds for a continuance if, in hearing officer's discretion, the continuance the is appropriate. At the conclusion of the hearing held under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State may rescind, continue, or modify the suspension and disqualification driver's license sanction. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the <u>suspension</u> and <u>disqualification</u> sanction, restricted driving permit may be granted by the Secretary of State upon application being made and good cause shown. A restricted driving permit may be granted to relieve undue hardship by allowing driving for employment, educational, and medical purposes as outlined in item (3) of part (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code. The provisions of item (3) of part (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code and of subsection (f) of that Section shall apply. The Secretary of State shall promulgate rules providing for participation in an alcohol education and awareness program or activity, a drug education and awareness program or activity, or both as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit for suspensions imposed under this Section.

(f) The results of any chemical testing performed in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section are not admissible in any civil or criminal proceeding, except that the results of the testing may be considered at a hearing held under Section 2-118 of this Code. However, the results of the testing may not be used to impose driver's license sanctions

- 1 under Section 11-501.1 of this Code. A law enforcement officer
- 2 may, however, pursue a statutory summary suspension of driving
- 3 privileges under Section 11-501.1 of this Code if other
- 4 physical evidence or first hand knowledge forms the basis of
- 5 that suspension.
- 6 (g) This Section applies only to drivers who are under age
- 7 21 at the time of the issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket for
- 8 a violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
- 9 of a local ordinance, and a chemical test request is made under
- 10 this Section.
- 11 (h) The action of the Secretary of State in suspending,
- revoking, cancelling, or disqualifying  $\frac{\text{denying}}{\text{denying}}$  any license or  $\tau$
- 13 permit, registration, or certificate of title shall be subject
- 14 to judicial review in the Circuit Court of Sangamon County or
- in the Circuit Court of Cook County, and the provisions of the
- 16 Administrative Review Law and its rules are hereby adopted and
- shall apply to and govern every action for the judicial review
- of final acts or decisions of the Secretary of State under this
- 19 Section.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)
- 21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 22 becoming law.

from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501.1

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625 ILCS 5/11-501.1

1 INDEX 2 Statutes amended in order of appearance 3 625 ILCS 5/1-111.6 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113 4 625 ILCS 5/6-113 5 625 ILCS 5/6-117 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-117 625 ILCS 5/6-201 6 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-201 625 ILCS 5/6-204 7 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-204 8 625 ILCS 5/6-205 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205 9 625 ILCS 5/6-206 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206 10 625 ILCS 5/6-207 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-207 625 ILCS 5/6-306.6 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-306.6 11 625 ILCS 5/6-500 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-500 12 625 ILCS 5/6-501 13 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-501 14 625 ILCS 5/6-506 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-506 15 625 ILCS 5/6-507 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-507 625 ILCS 5/6-508 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-508 16 625 ILCS 5/6-509 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-509 17 625 ILCS 5/6-510 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-510 18 625 ILCS 5/6-513 19 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-513 625 ILCS 5/6-514 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-514 20 21 625 ILCS 5/6-519 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-519 625 ILCS 5/6-520 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-520 22 23 625 ILCS 5/6-521 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-521 24 625 ILCS 5/6-524 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-524

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1 625 ILCS 5/11-501.6 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501.6

2 625 ILCS 5/11-501.8