SB0680 Enrolled

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by adding
 Section 16-107.5 as follows:
- 6 (220 ILCS 5/16-107.5 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 16-107.5. Net electricity metering.</u>

8 <u>(a) The Legislature finds and declares that a program to</u> 9 provide net electricity metering, as defined in this Section, 10 for eligible customers can encourage private investment in 11 renewable energy resources, stimulate economic growth, enhance 12 the continued diversification of Illinois' energy resource 13 mix, and protect the Illinois environment.

14 (b) As used in this Section, (i) "eligible customer" means a retail customer that owns or operates a solar, wind, or other 15 16 eligible renewable electrical generating facility with a rated 17 capacity of not more than 2,000 kilowatts that is located on the customer's premises and is intended primarily to offset the 18 customer's own electrical requirements; (ii) "electricity 19 provider" means an electric utility or alternative retail 20 21 electric supplier; (iii) "eligible renewable electrical 22 generating facility" means a generator powered by solar electric energy, wind, dedicated crops grown for electricity 23

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1 generation, anaerobic digestion of livestock or food 2 processing waste, fuel cells or microturbines powered by 3 renewable fuels, or hydroelectric energy; and (iv) "net electricity metering" (or "net metering") 4 means the 5 measurement, during the billing period applicable to an eligible customer, of the net amount of electricity supplied by 6 an electricity provider to the customer's premises or provided 7 8 to the electricity provider by the customer.

9 (c) A net metering facility shall be equipped with metering 10 equipment that can measure the flow of electricity in both 11 directions at the same rate. For eligible residential 12 customers, this shall typically be accomplished through use of a single, bi-directional meter. If the eligible customer's 13 14 existing electric revenue meter does not meet this requirement, 15 the electricity provider shall arrange for the local electric 16 utility or a meter service provider to install and maintain a 17 new revenue meter at the electricity provider's expense. For non-residential customers, the electricity provider may 18 19 arrange for the local electric utility or a meter service 20 provider to install and maintain metering equipment capable of 21 measuring the flow of electricity both into and out of the 22 customer's facility at the same rate and ratio, typically 23 through the use of a dual channel meter. For generators with a 24 nameplate rating of 40 kilowatts and below, the costs of 25 installing such equipment shall be paid for by the electricity 26 provider. For generators with a nameplate rating over 40

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kilowatts and up to 2,000 kilowatts capacity, the costs of installing such equipment shall be paid for by the customer. Any subsequent revenue meter change necessitated by any eligible customer shall be paid for by the customer.

<u>(d) An electricity provider shall measure and charge or</u>
<u>credit for the net electricity supplied to eligible customers</u>
<u>or provided by eligible customers in the following manner:</u>

8 <u>(1) If the amount of electricity used by the customer</u> 9 <u>during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity</u> 10 <u>produced by the customer, the electricity provider shall</u> 11 <u>charge the customer for the net electricity supplied to and</u> 12 <u>used by the customer as provided in subsection (e) of this</u> 13 Section.

14 (2) If the amount of electricity produced by a customer 15 during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity 16 used by the customer during that billing period, the electricity provider supplying that customer shall apply a 17 1:1 kilowatt-hour credit to a subsequent bill for service 18 19 to the customer for the net electricity supplied to the 20 electricity provider. The electricity provider shall 21 continue to carry over any excess kilowatt-hour credits 22 earned and apply those credits to subsequent billing 23 periods to offset any customer-generator consumption in 24 those billing periods until all credits are used or until 25 the end of the annualized period.

26 (3) At the end of the year or annualized over the

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period that service is supplied by means of net metering,
or in the event that the retail customer terminates service
with the electricity provider prior to the end of the year
or the annualized period, any remaining credits in the
customer's account shall expire.

(e) An electricity provider shall provide to net metering 6 customers electric service at non-discriminatory rates that 7 are identical, with respect to rate structure, retail rate 8 9 components, and any monthly charges, to the rates that the 10 customer would be charged if not a net metering customer. An 11 electricity provider shall not charge net metering customers 12 any fee or charge or require additional equipment, insurance, or any other requirements not specifically authorized by 13 14 interconnection standards authorized by the Commission, unless the fee, charge, or other requirement would apply to other 15 16 similarly situated customers who are not net metering 17 customers. The customer will remain responsible for all taxes, fees, and utility delivery charges that would otherwise be 18 19 applicable to the net amount of electricity used by the 20 customer. Subsections (c) through (e) of this Section shall not 21 be construed to prevent an arms-length agreement between an 22 electricity provider and an eligible customer that sets forth 23 different prices, terms, and conditions for the provision of 24 net metering service, including, but not limited to, the 25 provision of the appropriate metering equipment for 26 non-residential customers.

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1	(f) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (c)
2	through (e) of this Section, an electricity provider must
3	require dual-channel metering for non-residential customers
4	operating eligible renewable electrical generating facilities
5	with a nameplate rating over 40 kilowatts and up to 2,000
6	kilowatts. In such cases, electricity charges and credits shall
7	be determined as follows:
8	(1) The electricity provider shall assess and the
9	customer remains responsible for all taxes, fees, and
10	utility delivery charges that would otherwise be
11	applicable to the gross amount of kilowatt-hours supplied
12	to the eligible customer by the electricity provider.
13	(2) Each month that service is supplied by means of
14	dual-channel metering, the electricity provider shall
15	compensate the eligible customer for any excess
16	kilowatt-hour credits at the electricity provider's
17	avoided cost of electricity supply over the monthly period
18	or as otherwise specified by the terms of a power-purchase
19	agreement negotiated between the customer and electricity
20	provider.
21	(3) For all eligible net metering customers taking
22	service from an electricity provider under contracts or
23	tariffs employing time of use rates, any monthly
24	consumption of electricity shall be calculated according
25	to the terms of the contract or tariff to which the same

26 <u>customer would be assigned to or be eligible for if the</u>

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1	customer was not a net metering customer. When those same
2	customer-generators are net generators during any discrete
3	time of use period, the net kilowatt-hours produced shall
4	be valued at the same price per kilowatt-hour as the
5	electric service provider would charge for retail
6	kilowatt-hour sales during that same time of use period.
7	(q) For purposes of federal and State laws providing
8	renewable energy credits or greenhouse gas credits, the
9	eligible customer shall be treated as owning and having title
10	to the renewable energy attributes, renewable energy credits,
11	and greenhouse gas emission credits related to any electricity
12	produced by the qualified generating unit. The electricity
13	provider may not condition participation in a net metering
14	program on the signing over of a customer's renewable energy
15	credits; provided, however, this subsection (g) shall not be
16	construed to prevent an arms-length agreement between an
17	electricity provider and an eligible customer that sets forth
18	the ownership or title of the credits.
19	(h) Within 120 days after the effective date of this
20	amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Commission
21	shall establish standards for net metering and, if the
22	Commission has not already acted on its own initiative,
23	standards for the interconnection of eligible renewable

generating equipment to the utility system. The 24 interconnection standards shall address any procedural 25 26 barriers, delays, and administrative costs associated with the SB0680 Enrolled - 7 - LRB095 07321 MJR 27460 b

interconnection of customer-generation while ensuring the 1 2 safety and reliability of the units and the electric utility system. The Commission shall consider the Institute of 3 4 Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 1547 and 5 the issues of (i) reasonable and fair fees and costs, (ii) clear timelines for major milestones in the interconnection 6 7 process, (iii) nondiscriminatory terms of agreement, and (iv) 8 any best practices for interconnection of distributed 9 generation.

10 (i) All electricity providers shall begin to offer net 11 metering no later than April 1, 2008.

12 (j) An electricity provider shall provide net metering to eligible customers until the load of its net metering customers 13 14 equals 1% of the total peak demand supplied by that electricity provider during the previous year. Electricity providers are 15 16 authorized to offer net metering beyond the 1% level if they so 17 choose. The number of new eligible customers with generators that have a nameplate rating of 40 kilowatts and below will be 18 19 limited to 200 total new billing accounts for the utilities 20 (Ameren Companies, ComEd, and MidAmerican) for the period of 21 April 1, 2008 through March 31, 2009.

(k) Each electricity provider shall maintain records and report annually to the Commission the total number of net metering customers served by the provider, as well as the type, capacity, and energy sources of the generating systems used by the net metering customers. Nothing in this Section shall limit SB0680 Enrolled - 8 - LRB095 07321 MJR 27460 b

the ability of an electricity provider to request the redaction of information deemed by the Commission to be confidential business information. Each electricity provider shall notify the Commission when the total generating capacity of its net metering customers is equal to or in excess of the 1% cap specified in subsection (j) of this Section.

7 <u>(1) Notwithstanding the definition of "eligible customer"</u>
8 <u>in item (i) of subsection (b) of this Section, each electricity</u>
9 <u>provider shall consider whether to allow meter aggregation for</u>
10 the purposes of net metering on:

11 <u>(1) properties owned or leased by multiple customers</u> 12 <u>that contribute to the operation of an eligible renewable</u> 13 <u>electrical generating facility, such as a community-owned</u> 14 <u>wind project or a community methane digester processing</u> 15 <u>livestock waste from multiple sources; and</u>

16 (2) individual units, apartments, or properties owned 17 or leased by multiple customers and collectively served by 18 <u>a common eligible renewable electrical generating</u> 19 <u>facility</u>, such as an apartment building served by 20 <u>photovoltaic panels on the roof</u>.

21 For the purposes of this subsection (1), "meter 22 aggregation" means the combination of reading and billing on a 23 pro rata basis for the types of eligible customers described in 24 this Section. 25 (m) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of an

25 (m) Nothing in this Section shall affect the right of an
 26 electricity provider to continue to provide, or the right of a

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1	retail customer to continue to receive service pursuant to a
2	contract for electric service between the electricity provider
3	and the retail customer in accordance with the prices, terms,
4	and conditions provided for in that contract. Either the
5	electricity provider or the customer may require compliance
6	with the prices, terms, and conditions of the contract.

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon8 becoming law.