

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 SB0636

Introduced 2/8/2007, by Sen. Dave Syverson

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Clerks of Courts Act. Provides that the filing fees for landlords and tenants, varying by county population size, are reduced: a plaintiff's filing fee is a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$165 (at present, \$10 minimum and \$335 maximum) and a defendant's appearance filing fee is a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$40 (at present, \$10 minimum and \$90 maximum). Amends the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that 4 categories of forcible entry and detainer actions shall be treated as expedited proceedings: forcible entry; peaceable entry and possession unlawfully withheld; entry upon vacant or unoccupied lands; and lessee holds possession after lease termination or notice to quit. Provides that time limits for certain provisions are reduced: posted notice, 5 days (at present, 10 days); stay of enforcement, no more than 5 days (at present, 7 days); sheriff's execution of an order, within 5 days (at present, 7 days); time between notice by a verified complaint and a hearing, at least 7 days (at present, 14 days); no continuance beyond 5 days (at present, 7 days); and a notice to terminate tenancy from week to week, at least 5 days (at present, 7 days). Effective immediately. Effective immediately.

LRB095 10595 AJO 30817 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by changing Sections 27.1a, 27.2, and 27.2a as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 105/27.1a) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.1a)
- Sec. 27.1a. The fees of the clerks of the circuit court in all counties having a population of not more than 500,000 inhabitants in the instances described in this Section shall be as provided in this Section. In those instances where a minimum and maximum fee is stated, the clerk of the circuit court must charge the minimum fee listed and may charge up to the maximum
- 13 fee if the county board has by resolution increased the fee.
- 14 The fees shall be paid in advance and shall be as follows:
- 15 (a) Civil Cases.
- The fee for filing a complaint, petition, or other pleading initiating a civil action, with the following exceptions, shall be a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$160.
- 20 (A) When the amount of money or damages or the value of personal property claimed does not exceed \$250, \$10.
- 23 (B) When that amount exceeds \$250 but does not

1 exceed \$500,	a minimum	of \$10	and a	maximum	of \$	20.
-----------------	-----------	---------	-------	---------	-------	-----

- (C) When that amount exceeds \$500 but does not exceed \$2500, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
 - (D) When that amount exceeds \$2500 but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (E) For the exercise of eminent domain, a minimum of \$45 and a maximum of \$150. For each additional lot or tract of land or right or interest therein subject to be condemned, the damages in respect to which shall require separate assessment by a jury, a minimum of \$45 and a maximum of \$150.
- (a-1) Family.
- For filing a petition under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, \$25.
- For filing a petition for a marriage license, \$10.
- For performing a marriage in court, \$10.
- For filing a petition under the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984, \$40.
 - (b) Forcible Entry and Detainer.

In each forcible entry and detainer case when the plaintiff seeks possession only or unites with his or her claim for possession of the property a claim for rent or damages or both in the amount of \$15,000 or less, a minimum of \$5\$ \$10 and a maximum of \$25\$ \$50. When the plaintiff unites his or her claim for possession with a claim for rent or damages or both exceeding \$15,000, a minimum of \$20

- $\frac{$40}{}$ and a maximum of $\frac{$80}{}$
- 2 (c) Counterclaim or Joining Third Party Defendant.

When any defendant files a counterclaim as part of his or her answer or otherwise or joins another party as a third party defendant, or both, the defendant shall pay a fee for each counterclaim or third party action in an amount equal to the fee he or she would have had to pay had he or she brought a separate action for the relief sought in the counterclaim or against the third party defendant, less the amount of the appearance fee, if that has been paid.

(d) Confession of Judgment.

In a confession of judgment when the amount does not exceed \$1500, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$50. When the amount exceeds \$1500, but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$115. When the amount exceeds \$15,000, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$200.

(e) Appearance.

The fee for filing an appearance in each civil case shall be a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$60, except as follows:

- (A) When the plaintiff in a forcible entry and detainer case seeks possession only, a minimum of \$5 \$10 and a maximum of \$25 \$50.
- (B) When the amount in the case does not exceed \$1500, a minimum of $\frac{$5}{$10}$ and a maximum of $\frac{$15}{$30}$.

1	(C)	When	that	amount	exc	eeds	\$1	500	but	does	not
2	exceed	\$15,00	0, a	minimum	of	<u>\$5</u>	\$15	and	a r	maximum	of
3	\$30 \$60										

(f) Garnishment, Wage Deduction, and Citation.

In garnishment affidavit, wage deduction affidavit, and citation petition when the amount does not exceed \$1,000, a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$15; when the amount exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000, a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$30; and when the amount exceeds \$5,000, a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$50.

- (g) Petition to Vacate or Modify.
 - (1) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order of court, except in forcible entry and detainer cases and small claims cases or a petition to reopen an estate, to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support, or to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, if filed before 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$50.
 - (2) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order of court, except a petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support or to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, if filed later than 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (3) Petition to vacate order of bond forfeiture, a

- 1 minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$40.
- 2 (h) Mailing.
- When the clerk is required to mail, the fee will be a
- 4 minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$10, plus the cost of
- 5 postage.
- 6 (i) Certified Copies.
- 7 Each certified copy of a judgment after the first,
- 8 except in small claims and forcible entry and detainer
- 9 cases, a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$10.
- 10 (j) Habeas Corpus.
- 11 For filing a petition for relief by habeas corpus, a
- minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$100.
- 13 (k) Certification, Authentication, and Reproduction.
- 14 (1) Each certification or authentication for taking
- the acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument in writing
- with the seal of office, a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of
- 17 \$6.
- 18 (2) Court appeals when original documents are
- 19 forwarded, under 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a
- 20 minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$60.
- 21 (3) Court appeals when original documents are
- forwarded, over 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a
- 23 minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$150.
- 24 (4) Court appeals when original documents are
- forwarded, over 200 pages, an additional fee of a minimum
- of 20 cents and a maximum of 25 cents per page.

1	(5)	For	reproduction	of	any	document	contained	in	the
2	clerk's	file	·S •						

- 3 (A) First page, a minimum of \$1 and a maximum of \$2.
- (B) Next 19 pages, 50 cents per page.
- 6 (C) All remaining pages, 25 cents per page.
- 7 (1) Remands.

In any cases remanded to the Circuit Court from the Supreme Court or the Appellate Court for a new trial, the clerk shall file the remanding order and reinstate the case with either its original number or a new number. The Clerk shall not charge any new or additional fee for the reinstatement. Upon reinstatement the Clerk shall advise the parties of the reinstatement. A party shall have the same right to a jury trial on remand and reinstatement as he or she had before the appeal, and no additional or new fee or charge shall be made for a jury trial after remand.

(m) Record Search.

For each record search, within a division or municipal district, the clerk shall be entitled to a search fee of a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$6 for each year searched.

(n) Hard Copy.

For each page of hard copy print output, when case records are maintained on an automated medium, the clerk shall be entitled to a fee of a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$6.

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 (o) Index Inquiry and Other Records.

No fee shall be charged for a single plaintiff/defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged management records, multiple case records, for multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judge pursuant to the quidelines for access and dissemination of information approved by the Supreme Court.

- 12 (p) (Blank).
- 13 a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$50
- 14 (g) Alias Summons.
- For each alias summons or citation issued by the clerk, a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$5.
- 17 (r) Other Fees.

Any fees not covered in this Section shall be set by rule or administrative order of the Circuit Court with the approval of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts.

The clerk of the circuit court may provide additional services for which there is no fee specified by statute in connection with the operation of the clerk's office as may be requested by the public and agreed to by the clerk and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Any

charges for additional services shall be as agreed to between the clerk and the party making the request and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any clerk to provide any service not otherwise required by law.

(s) Jury Services.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive, in addition to other fees allowed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$62.50 and a maximum of \$212.50, as a fee for the services of a jury in every civil action not quasi-criminal in its nature and not a proceeding for the exercise of the right of eminent domain and in every other action wherein the right of trial by jury is or may be given by law. The jury fee shall be paid by the party demanding a jury at the time of filing the jury demand. If the fee is not paid by either party, no jury shall be called in the action or proceeding, and the same shall be tried by the court without a jury.

(t) Voluntary Assignment.

For filing each deed of voluntary assignment, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20; for recording the same, a minimum of 25 cents and a maximum of 50 cents for each 100 words. Exceptions filed to claims presented to an assignee of a debtor who has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors shall be considered and treated, for the purpose of taxing costs therein, as actions in which the party or parties filing the exceptions shall be

considered as party or parties plaintiff, and the claimant or claimants as party or parties defendant, and those parties respectively shall pay to the clerk the same fees as provided by this Section to be paid in other actions.

(u) Expungement Petition.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive a fee of a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$60 for each expungement petition filed and an additional fee of a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$4 for each certified copy of an order to expunge arrest records.

(v) Probate.

The clerk is entitled to receive the fees specified in this subsection (v), which shall be paid in advance, except that, for good cause shown, the court may suspend, reduce, or release the costs payable under this subsection:

- (1) For administration of the estate of a decedent (whether testate or intestate) or of a missing person, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$150, plus the fees specified in subsection (v)(3), except:
 - (A) When the value of the real and personal property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
 - (B) When (i) proof of heirship alone is made, (ii) a domestic or foreign will is admitted to probate without administration (including proof of heirship), or (iii) letters of office are issued for a particular

25

26

1	purpose without administration of the estate, the fee
2	shall be a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$40.
3	(C) For filing a petition to sell Real Estate, \$50.
4	(2) For administration of the estate of a ward, a
5	minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75, plus the fees
6	specified in subsection (v)(3), except:
7	(A) When the value of the real and personal
8	property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a
9	minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
10	(B) When (i) letters of office are issued to a
11	guardian of the person or persons, but not of the
12	estate or (ii) letters of office are issued in the
13	estate of a ward without administration of the estate,
14	including filing or joining in the filing of a tax
15	return or releasing a mortgage or consenting to the
16	marriage of the ward, the fee shall be a minimum of \$10
17	and a maximum of \$20.
18	(C) For filing a Petition to sell Real Estate, \$50.
19	(3) In addition to the fees payable under subsection
20	(v)(1) or (v)(2) of this Section, the following fees are
21	payable:
22	(A) For each account (other than one final account)
23	filed in the estate of a decedent, or ward, a minimum

of \$10 and a maximum of \$25.

(B) For filing a claim in an estate when the amount

claimed is \$150 or more but less than \$500, a minimum

of \$10 and a maximum of \$25; when the amount claimed is \$500 or more but less than \$10,000, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$40; when the amount claimed is \$10,000 or more, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$60; provided that the court in allowing a claim may add to the amount allowed the filing fee paid by the claimant.

- (C) For filing in an estate a claim, petition, or supplemental proceeding based upon an action seeking equitable relief including the construction or contest of a will, enforcement of a contract to make a will, and proceedings involving testamentary trusts or the appointment of testamentary trustees, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$60.
- (D) For filing in an estate (i) the appearance of any person for the purpose of consent or (ii) the appearance of an executor, administrator, administrator to collect, guardian, guardian ad litem, or special administrator, no fee.
- (E) Except as provided in subsection (v)(3)(D), for filing the appearance of any person or persons, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$30.
- (F) For each jury demand, a minimum of \$62.50 and a maximum of \$137.50.
- (G) For disposition of the collection of a judgment or settlement of an action or claim for wrongful death of a decedent or of any cause of action of a ward, when

there is no other administration of the estate, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$50, less any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B) except that if the amount involved does not exceed \$5,000, the fee, including any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B), shall be a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20.

- (H) For each certified copy of letters of office, of court order or other certification, a minimum of \$1 and a maximum of \$2, plus a minimum of 50 cents and a maximum of \$1 per page in excess of 3 pages for the document certified.
- (I) For each exemplification, a minimum of \$1 and a maximum of \$2, plus the fee for certification.
- (4) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay the cost of publication by the clerk directly to the newspaper.
- (5) The person on whose behalf a charge is incurred for witness, court reporter, appraiser, or other miscellaneous fee shall pay the same directly to the person entitled thereto.
- (6) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay to the clerk all postage charges incurred by the clerk in mailing petitions, orders, notices, or other documents

1	pursuant to the provisions of the Probate Act of 1975.
2	(w) Criminal and Quasi-Criminal Costs and Fees.
3	(1) The clerk shall be entitled to costs in all
4	criminal and quasi-criminal cases from each person
5	convicted or sentenced to supervision therein as follows:
6	(A) Felony complaints, a minimum of \$40 and a
7	maximum of \$100.
8	(B) Misdemeanor complaints, a minimum of \$25 and a
9	maximum of \$75.
10	(C) Business offense complaints, a minimum of \$25
11	and a maximum of \$75.
12	(D) Petty offense complaints, a minimum of \$25 and
13	a maximum of \$75.
14	(E) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$10.
15	(F) When court appearance required, \$15.
16	(G) Motions to vacate or amend final orders, a
17	minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
18	(H) Motions to vacate bond forfeiture orders, a
19	minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
20	(I) Motions to vacate ex parte judgments, whenever
21	filed, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
22	(J) Motions to vacate judgment on forfeitures,
23	whenever filed, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
24	(K) Motions to vacate "failure to appear" or
25	"failure to comply" notices sent to the Secretary of

State, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.

- (2) In counties having a population of not more than 500,000 inhabitants, when the violation complaint is issued by a municipal police department, the clerk shall be entitled to costs from each person convicted therein as follows:
 - (A) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$10.
 - (B) When court appearance required, \$15.
 - (3) In ordinance violation cases punishable by fine only, the clerk of the circuit court shall be entitled to receive, unless the fee is excused upon a finding by the court that the defendant is indigent, in addition to other fees or costs allowed or imposed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$62.50 and a maximum of \$137.50 as a fee for the services of a jury. The jury fee shall be paid by the defendant at the time of filing his or her jury demand. If the fee is not so paid by the defendant, no jury shall be called, and the case shall be tried by the court without a jury.
- 19 (x) Transcripts of Judgment.

For the filing of a transcript of judgment, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.

- 23 (y) Change of Venue.
- 24 (1) For the filing of a change of case on a change of venue, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.

6

7

8

9

11

12

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1	(2) The fee for the preparation and certification of a
2	record on a change of venue to another jurisdiction, when
3	original documents are forwarded, a minimum of \$10 and a
4	maximum of \$40.

(z) Tax objection complaints.

For each tax objection complaint containing one or more tax objections, regardless of the number of parcels involved or the number of taxpayers joining on the complaint, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$50.

10 (aa) Tax Deeds.

- (1) Petition for tax deed, if only one parcel is involved, a minimum of \$45 and a maximum of \$200.
- 13 (2) For each additional parcel, add a fee of a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$60.
- 15 (bb) Collections.
 - (1) For all collections made of others, except the State and county and except in maintenance or child support cases, a sum equal to a minimum of 2% and a maximum of 2.5% of the amount collected and turned over.
 - (2) Interest earned on any funds held by the clerk shall be turned over to the county general fund as an earning of the office.
 - (3) For any check, draft, or other bank instrument returned to the clerk for non-sufficient funds, account closed, or payment stopped, \$25.
 - (4) In child support and maintenance cases, the clerk,

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

if authorized by an ordinance of the county board, may collect an annual fee of up to \$36 from the person making payment for maintaining child support records and the processing of support orders to the State of Illinois KIDS system and the recording of payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. This fee shall be in addition to and separate from amounts ordered to be paid as maintenance or child support and shall be deposited into a Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund, of which the clerk shall be the custodian, ex-officio, to be used by the clerk to maintain child support orders and record all payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. The clerk may recover from the person making the maintenance or child support payment any additional cost incurred in the collection of this annual fee.

The clerk shall also be entitled to a fee of \$5 for certifications made to the Secretary of State as provided in Section 7-703 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law and these fees shall also be deposited into the Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund.

(cc) Corrections of Numbers.

For correction of the case number, case title, or attorney computer identification number, if required by rule of court, on any document filed in the clerk's office, to be charged against the party that filed the document, a

1	minimum	of	\$10	and	а	maximum	of	\$25.

- (dd) Exceptions.
 - (1) The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to police departments or other law enforcement agencies. In this Section, "law enforcement agency" means an agency of the State or a unit of local government which is vested by law or ordinance with the duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal laws or ordinances. "Law enforcement agency" also means the Attorney General or any state's attorney.
 - (2) No fee provided herein shall be charged to any unit of local government or school district.
 - (3) The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to any action instituted under subsection (b) of Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code by a private owner or tenant of real property within 1200 feet of a dangerous or unsafe building seeking an order compelling the owner or owners of the building to take any of the actions authorized under that subsection.
 - (4) The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to the filing of any commitment petition or petition for an order authorizing the administration of authorized involuntary treatment in the form of medication under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.
- (ee) Adoptions.
- 26 (1) For an adoption \$65

- 1 (2) Upon good cause shown, the court may waive the
 2 adoption filing fee in a special needs adoption. The term
 3 "special needs adoption" shall have the meaning ascribed to
 4 it by the Illinois Department of Children and Family
 5 Services.
- 6 (ff) Adoption exemptions.
- No fee other than that set forth in subsection (ee)

 8 shall be charged to any person in connection with an

 9 adoption proceeding nor may any fee be charged for

 10 proceedings for the appointment of a confidential

 11 intermediary under the Adoption Act.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-521, eff. 6-1-02; 93-39,
- 13 eff. 7-1-03; 93-385, eff. 7-25-03; 93-573, eff. 8-21-03;
- 14 revised 9-5-03.)
- 15 (705 ILCS 105/27.2) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.2)
- 16 Sec. 27.2. The fees of the clerks of the circuit court in all counties having a population in excess of 500,000 17 inhabitants but less than 3,000,000 inhabitants 18 in instances described in this Section shall be as provided in 19 20 this Section. In those instances where a minimum and maximum 21 fee is stated, counties with more than 500,000 inhabitants but 22 less than 3,000,000 inhabitants must charge the minimum fee listed in this Section and may charge up to the maximum fee if 23 the county board has by resolution increased the fee. In 24 addition, the minimum fees authorized in this Section shall 25

1	apply	to	all	units	of	local	government	and	school	districts	in
---	-------	----	-----	-------	----	-------	------------	-----	--------	-----------	----

- 2 counties with more than 3,000,000 inhabitants. The fees shall
- 3 be paid in advance and shall be as follows:
- 4 (a) Civil Cases.

The fee for filing a complaint, petition, or other pleading initiating a civil action, with the following exceptions, shall be a minimum of \$150 and a maximum of \$190.

- (A) When the amount of money or damages or the value of personal property claimed does not exceed \$250, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$15.
- (B) When that amount exceeds \$250 but does not exceed \$1,000, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
- (C) When that amount exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$2500, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$50.
- (D) When that amount exceeds \$2500 but does not exceed \$5,000, a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$100.
- (D-5) When the amount exceeds \$5,000 but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$150.
- (E) For the exercise of eminent domain, \$150. For each additional lot or tract of land or right or interest therein subject to be condemned, the damages in respect to which shall require separate assessment by a jury, \$150.
- (F) No fees shall be charged by the clerk to a petitioner in any order of protection including, but

not limited to, filing, modifying, withdrawing, certifying, or photocopying petitions for orders of protection, or for issuing alias summons, or for any related filing service, certifying, modifying, vacating, or photocopying any orders of protection.

(b) Forcible Entry and Detainer.

In each forcible entry and detainer case when the plaintiff seeks possession only or unites with his or her claim for possession of the property a claim for rent or damages or both in the amount of \$15,000 or less, a minimum of \$20\$ \$40 and a maximum of \$35\$ \$75. When the plaintiff unites his or her claim for possession with a claim for rent or damages or both exceeding \$15,000, a minimum of \$75\$ \$150 and a maximum of \$110 \$225.

(c) Counterclaim or Joining Third Party Defendant.

When any defendant files a counterclaim as part of his or her answer or otherwise or joins another party as a third party defendant, or both, the defendant shall pay a fee for each counterclaim or third party action in an amount equal to the fee he or she would have had to pay had he or she brought a separate action for the relief sought in the counterclaim or against the third party defendant, less the amount of the appearance fee, if that has been paid.

(d) Confession of Judgment.

In a confession of judgment when the amount does not

1	exceed \$1500, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$60. When
2	the amount exceeds \$1500, but does not exceed \$5,000, \$75.
3	When the amount exceeds \$5,000, but does not exceed
4	\$15,000, \$175. When the amount exceeds \$15,000, a minimum
5	of \$200 and a maximum of \$250.

(e) Appearance.

The fee for filing an appearance in each civil case shall be a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75, except as follows:

- (A) When the plaintiff in a forcible entry and detainer case seeks possession only, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20 \$40.
- (B) When the amount in the case does not exceed \$1500, a minimum of $$10 \ \20 and a maximum of $$20 \ \40 .
- (C) When the amount in the case exceeds \$1500 but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of $\frac{$20}{$40}$ and a maximum of \$30 $\frac{$60}{$}$.
- (f) Garnishment, Wage Deduction, and Citation.

In garnishment affidavit, wage deduction affidavit, and citation petition when the amount does not exceed \$1,000, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$15; when the amount exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$30; and when the amount exceeds \$5,000, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$50.

- (g) Petition to Vacate or Modify.
 - (1) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or

order of court, except in forcible entry and detainer cases and small claims cases or a petition to reopen an estate, to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support, or to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, if filed before 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$50.

- (2) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order of court, except a petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support or to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, if filed later than 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$75.
- 14 (3) Petition to vacate order of bond forfeiture, a
 15 minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
- 16 (h) Mailing.

When the clerk is required to mail, the fee will be a minimum of \$6 and a maximum of \$10, plus the cost of postage.

20 (i) Certified Copies.

Each certified copy of a judgment after the first, except in small claims and forcible entry and detainer cases, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$15.

24 (j) Habeas Corpus.

For filing a petition for relief by habeas corpus, a minimum of \$80 and a maximum of \$125.

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 1 (k) Certification, Authentication, and Reproduction.
- 2 (1) Each certification or authentication for taking 3 the acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument in writing 4 with the seal of office, a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of 5 \$6.
 - (2) Court appeals when original documents are forwarded, under 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (3) Court appeals when original documents are forwarded, over 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a minimum of \$120 and a maximum of \$150.
 - (4) Court appeals when original documents are forwarded, over 200 pages, an additional fee of a minimum of 20 and a maximum of 25 cents per page.
 - (5) For reproduction of any document contained in the clerk's files:
 - (A) First page, \$2.
 - (B) Next 19 pages, 50 cents per page.
- 19 (C) All remaining pages, 25 cents per page.
- 20 (1) Remands.

In any cases remanded to the Circuit Court from the Supreme Court or the Appellate Court for a new trial, the clerk shall file the remanding order and reinstate the case with either its original number or a new number. The Clerk shall not charge any new or additional fee for the reinstatement. Upon reinstatement the Clerk shall advise

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

the parties of the reinstatement. A party shall have the same right to a jury trial on remand and reinstatement as he or she had before the appeal, and no additional or new fee or charge shall be made for a jury trial after remand.

(m) Record Search.

For each record search, within a division or municipal district, the clerk shall be entitled to a search fee of a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$6 for each year searched.

(n) Hard Copy.

For each page of hard copy print output, when case records are maintained on an automated medium, the clerk shall be entitled to a fee of a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$6.

(o) Index Inquiry and Other Records.

No fee shall be charged for single plaintiff/defendant index inquiry or single case record inquiry when this request is made in person and the records are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged management records, multiple case records, multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief Judae pursuant to quidelines for the access and dissemination of information approved by the Supreme Court.

- 25 (p) (Blank).
- 26 (q) Alias Summons.

For each alias summons or citation issued by the clerk, a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$5.

(r) Other Fees.

Any fees not covered in this Section shall be set by rule or administrative order of the Circuit Court with the approval of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts.

The clerk of the circuit court may provide additional services for which there is no fee specified by statute in connection with the operation of the clerk's office as may be requested by the public and agreed to by the clerk and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Any charges for additional services shall be as agreed to between the clerk and the party making the request and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any clerk to provide any service not otherwise required by law.

(s) Jury Services.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive, in addition to other fees allowed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$192.50 and a maximum of \$212.50, as a fee for the services of a jury in every civil action not quasi-criminal in its nature and not a proceeding for the exercise of the right of eminent domain and in every other action wherein the right of trial by jury is or may be given by law. The jury fee shall be paid by the party demanding a jury at the time of

filing the jury demand. If the fee is not paid by either party, no jury shall be called in the action or proceeding, and the same shall be tried by the court without a jury.

(t) Voluntary Assignment.

For filing each deed of voluntary assignment, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20; for recording the same, a minimum of 25¢ and a maximum of 50¢ for each 100 words. Exceptions filed to claims presented to an assignee of a debtor who has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors shall be considered and treated, for the purpose of taxing costs therein, as actions in which the party or parties filing the exceptions shall be considered as party or parties plaintiff, and the claimant or claimants as party or parties defendant, and those parties respectively shall pay to the clerk the same fees as provided by this Section to be paid in other actions.

(u) Expungement Petition.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive a fee of a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$60 for each expungement petition filed and an additional fee of a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$4 for each certified copy of an order to expunge arrest records.

(v) Probate.

The clerk is entitled to receive the fees specified in this subsection (v), which shall be paid in advance, except that, for good cause shown, the court may suspend, reduce,

or release the costs payable under this subsection:

- (1) For administration of the estate of a decedent (whether testate or intestate) or of a missing person, a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$150, plus the fees specified in subsection (v)(3), except:
 - (A) When the value of the real and personal property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
 - (B) When (i) proof of heirship alone is made, (ii) a domestic or foreign will is admitted to probate without administration (including proof of heirship), or (iii) letters of office are issued for a particular purpose without administration of the estate, the fee shall be a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
- (2) For administration of the estate of a ward, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75, plus the fees specified in subsection (v)(3), except:
 - (A) When the value of the real and personal property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
 - (B) When (i) letters of office are issued to a guardian of the person or persons, but not of the estate or (ii) letters of office are issued in the estate of a ward without administration of the estate, including filing or joining in the filing of a tax return or releasing a mortgage or consenting to the

_	marriage o	f the	ward,	the	fee	shall	be	а	minimum	of	\$10
2	and a maxir	num oi	£ \$20.								

- (3) In addition to the fees payable under subsection (v)(1) or (v)(2) of this Section, the following fees are payable:
 - (A) For each account (other than one final account) filed in the estate of a decedent, or ward, a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$25.
 - (B) For filing a claim in an estate when the amount claimed is \$150 or more but less than \$500, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20; when the amount claimed is \$500 or more but less than \$10,000, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40; when the amount claimed is \$10,000 or more, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$60; provided that the court in allowing a claim may add to the amount allowed the filing fee paid by the claimant.
 - (C) For filing in an estate a claim, petition, or supplemental proceeding based upon an action seeking equitable relief including the construction or contest of a will, enforcement of a contract to make a will, and proceedings involving testamentary trusts or the appointment of testamentary trustees, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$60.
 - (D) For filing in an estate (i) the appearance of any person for the purpose of consent or (ii) the appearance of an executor, administrator,

1	administrator	to collect,	guardian,	guardian	ad	litem,
2	or special adm	ministrator,	no fee.			

- (E) Except as provided in subsection (v)(3)(D), for filing the appearance of any person or persons, a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$30.
- (F) For each jury demand, a minimum of \$102.50 and a maximum of \$137.50.
- (G) For disposition of the collection of a judgment or settlement of an action or claim for wrongful death of a decedent or of any cause of action of a ward, when there is no other administration of the estate, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$50, less any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B) except that if the amount involved does not exceed \$5,000, the fee, including any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B), shall be a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$20.
- (H) For each certified copy of letters of office, of court order or other certification, a minimum of \$1 and a maximum of \$2, plus a minimum of 50¢ and a maximum of \$1 per page in excess of 3 pages for the document certified.
- (I) For each exemplification, a minimum of \$1 and a maximum of \$2, plus the fee for certification.
- (4) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay

1	the	cost	of	publication	рÀ	the	clerk	directly	to	the
2	news	paper	•							

- (5) The person on whose behalf a charge is incurred for witness, court reporter, appraiser, or other miscellaneous fee shall pay the same directly to the person entitled thereto.
- (6) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his attorney shall pay to the clerk all postage charges incurred by the clerk in mailing petitions, orders, notices, or other documents pursuant to the provisions of the Probate Act of 1975.
- (w) Criminal and Quasi-Criminal Costs and Fees.
 - (1) The clerk shall be entitled to costs in all criminal and quasi-criminal cases from each person convicted or sentenced to supervision therein as follows:
 - (A) Felony complaints, a minimum of \$80 and a maximum of \$125.
 - (B) Misdemeanor complaints, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (C) Business offense complaints, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (D) Petty offense complaints, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$75.
 - (E) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$20.
 - (F) When court appearance required, \$30.
 - (G) Motions to vacate or amend final orders, a

- 1 minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
- 2 (H) Motions to vacate bond forfeiture orders, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$30.
 - (I) Motions to vacate ex parte judgments, whenever filed, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$30.
 - (J) Motions to vacate judgment on forfeitures, whenever filed, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$25.
 - (K) Motions to vacate "failure to appear" or "failure to comply" notices sent to the Secretary of State, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
 - (2) In counties having a population of more than 500,000 but fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, when the violation complaint is issued by a municipal police department, the clerk shall be entitled to costs from each person convicted therein as follows:
 - (A) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$10.
 - (B) When court appearance required, \$15.
 - (3) In ordinance violation cases punishable by fine only, the clerk of the circuit court shall be entitled to receive, unless the fee is excused upon a finding by the court that the defendant is indigent, in addition to other fees or costs allowed or imposed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$112.50 as a fee for the services of a jury. The jury fee shall be paid by the defendant at the time of filing his or her jury demand. If the fee is not so paid by the defendant, no jury shall be

- called, and the case shall be tried by the court without a 1 2 jury.
- 3 (x) Transcripts of Judgment.

For the filing of a transcript of judgment, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of new suit. 6

7 (y) Change of Venue.

8

9

10

19

- (1) For the filing of a change of case on a change of venue, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.
- 11 (2) The fee for the preparation and certification of a 12 record on a change of venue to another jurisdiction, when 13 original documents are forwarded, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40. 14
- 15 (z) Tax objection complaints.

16 For each tax objection complaint containing one or more 17 tax objections, regardless of the number of parcels involved or the number of taxpayers joining in 18 complaint, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$50.

- 20 (aa) Tax Deeds.
- (1) Petition for tax deed, if only one parcel is 21 22 involved, a minimum of \$150 and a maximum of \$250.
- 23 (2) For each additional parcel, add a fee of a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$100. 24
- 25 (bb) Collections.
- 26 (1) For all collections made of others, except the

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

State and county and except in maintenance or child support cases, a sum equal to a minimum of 2.5% and a maximum of 3.0% of the amount collected and turned over.

- (2) Interest earned on any funds held by the clerk shall be turned over to the county general fund as an earning of the office.
- (3) For any check, draft, or other bank instrument returned to the clerk for non-sufficient funds, account closed, or payment stopped, \$25.
- (4) In child support and maintenance cases, the clerk, if authorized by an ordinance of the county board, may collect an annual fee of up to \$36 from the person making payment for maintaining child support records and the processing of support orders to the State of Illinois KIDS system and the recording of payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. This fee shall be in addition to and separate from amounts ordered to be paid as maintenance or child support and shall be deposited into a Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund, of which the clerk shall be the custodian, ex-officio, to be used by the clerk to maintain child support orders and record all payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. The clerk may recover from the person making the maintenance or child support payment any additional cost incurred in the collection of this annual fee.

The clerk shall also be entitled to a fee of \$5 for certifications made to the Secretary of State as provided in Section 7-703 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law and these fees shall also be deposited into the Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund.

(cc) Corrections of Numbers.

For correction of the case number, case title, or attorney computer identification number, if required by rule of court, on any document filed in the clerk's office, to be charged against the party that filed the document, a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$25.

(dd) Exceptions.

The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to police departments or other law enforcement agencies. In this Section, "law enforcement agency" means an agency of the State or a unit of local government which is vested by law or ordinance with the duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal laws or ordinances. "Law enforcement agency" also means the Attorney General or any state's attorney. The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to any action instituted under subsection (b) of Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code by a private owner or tenant of real property within 1200 feet of a dangerous or unsafe building seeking an order compelling the owner or owners of the building to take any of the actions authorized under that subsection.

The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to the filing of any commitment petition or petition for an order authorizing the administration of authorized involuntary treatment in the form of medication under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.

(ee) Adoptions.

- (1) For an adoption \$65
- (2) Upon good cause shown, the court may waive the adoption filing fee in a special needs adoption. The term "special needs adoption" shall have the meaning ascribed to it by the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.
- 13 (ff) Adoption exemptions.

No fee other than that set forth in subsection (ee) shall be charged to any person in connection with an adoption proceeding nor may any fee be charged for proceedings for the appointment of a confidential intermediary under the Adoption Act.

(gg) Unpaid fees.

Unless a court ordered payment schedule is implemented or the fee requirements of this Section are waived pursuant to court order, the clerk of the court may add to any unpaid fees and costs under this Section a delinquency amount equal to 5% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 30 days, 10% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 60 days, and 15% of the unpaid fees that remain

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

unpaid after 90 days. Notice to those parties may be made by signage posting or publication. The additional delinquency amounts collected under this Section shall be used to defray additional administrative costs incurred by the clerk of the circuit court in collecting unpaid fees and costs.

7 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-521, eff. 6-1-02; 93-385, 8 eff. 7-25-03; 93-573, eff. 8-21-03; 93-760, eff. 1-1-05.)

(705 ILCS 105/27.2a) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.2a)

Sec. 27.2a. The fees of the clerks of the circuit court in all counties having a population of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants in the instances described in this Section shall be as provided in this Section. In those instances where a minimum and maximum fee is stated, the clerk of the circuit court must charge the minimum fee listed and may charge up to the maximum fee if the county board has by resolution increased the fee. The fees shall be paid in advance and shall be as follows:

18 (a) Civil Cases.

The fee for filing a complaint, petition, or other pleading initiating a civil action, with the following exceptions, shall be a minimum of \$190 and a maximum of \$240.

(A) When the amount of money or damages or the value of personal property claimed does not exceed \$250, a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$22.

25

26

1	(B) When that amount exceeds \$250 but does not
2	exceed \$1000, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$75.
3	(C) When that amount exceeds \$1000 but does not
4	exceed \$2500, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$80.
5	(D) When that amount exceeds \$2500 but does not
6	exceed \$5000, a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$130.
7	(E) When that amount exceeds \$5000 but does not
8	exceed \$15,000, \$150.
9	(F) For the exercise of eminent domain, \$150. For
10	each additional lot or tract of land or right or
11	interest therein subject to be condemned, the damages
12	in respect to which shall require separate assessment
13	by a jury, \$150.
14	(G) For the final determination of parking,
15	standing, and compliance violations and final
16	administrative decisions issued after hearings
17	regarding vehicle immobilization and impoundment made
18	pursuant to Sections 3-704.1, 6-306.5, and 11-208.3 of
19	the Illinois Vehicle Code, \$25.
20	(H) No fees shall be charged by the clerk to a
21	petitioner in any order of protection including, but
22	not limited to, filing, modifying, withdrawing,
23	certifying, or photocopying petitions for orders of

protection, or for issuing alias summons, or for any

related filing service, certifying, modifying,

vacating, or photocopying any orders of protection.

(b) Forcible Entry and Detainer.

In each forcible entry and detainer case when the plaintiff seeks possession only or unites with his or her claim for possession of the property a claim for rent or damages or both in the amount of \$15,000 or less, a minimum of $\frac{$35}{75}$ and a maximum of $\frac{$70}{140}$. When the plaintiff unites his or her claim for possession with a claim for rent or damages or both exceeding \$15,000, a minimum of \$110 \$225 and a maximum of \$165 \$335.

(c) Counterclaim or Joining Third Party Defendant.

When any defendant files a counterclaim as part of his or her answer or otherwise or joins another party as a third party defendant, or both, the defendant shall pay a fee for each counterclaim or third party action in an amount equal to the fee he or she would have had to pay had he or she brought a separate action for the relief sought in the counterclaim or against the third party defendant, less the amount of the appearance fee, if that has been paid.

(d) Confession of Judgment.

In a confession of judgment when the amount does not exceed \$1500, a minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$70. When the amount exceeds \$1500, but does not exceed \$5000, a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$150. When the amount exceeds \$5000, but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of \$175 and a maximum of \$260. When the amount exceeds

1 $$15,000$, a minimum of \$250 and a maximum of \$33	1	\$15,000,	a minimum	of \$250	and a	maximum	of \$31
--------------------------------------------------------	---	-----------	-----------	----------	-------	---------	---------

2 (e) Appearance.

The fee for filing an appearance in each civil case shall be a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$110, except as follows:

- (A) When the plaintiff in a forcible entry and detainer case seeks possession only, a minimum of \$20 \$40 and a maximum of \$40 \$80.
- (B) When the amount in the case does not exceed \$1500, a minimum of \$20 \$40 and a maximum of \$40 \$80.
- (C) When that amount exceeds \$1500 but does not exceed \$15,000, a minimum of $\frac{$30}{$60}$ and a maximum of \$45 $\frac{$90}{}$.
- (f) Garnishment, Wage Deduction, and Citation.

In garnishment affidavit, wage deduction affidavit, and citation petition when the amount does not exceed \$1,000, a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$25; when the amount exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$45; and when the amount exceeds \$5,000, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$80.

- (g) Petition to Vacate or Modify.
 - (1) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order of court, except in forcible entry and detainer cases and small claims cases or a petition to reopen an estate, to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support, or to modify, suspend, or

5

6

7

8

9

_	terminate an order for withholding, if filed before 30 days
2	after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$50
3	and a maximum of \$60

- (2) Petition to vacate or modify any final judgment or order of court, except a petition to modify, terminate, or enforce a judgment or order for child or spousal support or to modify, suspend, or terminate an order for withholding, if filed later than 30 days after the entry of the judgment or order, a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$90.
- 10 (3) Petition to vacate order of bond forfeiture, a
 11 minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$80.
- 12 (h) Mailing.
- When the clerk is required to mail, the fee will be a minimum of \$10 and a maximum of \$15, plus the cost of postage.
- 16 (i) Certified Copies.
- Each certified copy of a judgment after the first,

 except in small claims and forcible entry and detainer

 cases, a minimum of \$15 and a maximum of \$20.
- 20 (j) Habeas Corpus.
- 21 For filing a petition for relief by habeas corpus, a 22 minimum of \$125 and a maximum of \$190.
- 23 (k) Certification, Authentication, and Reproduction.
- 24 (1) Each certification or authentication for taking 25 the acknowledgment of a deed or other instrument in writing 26 with the seal of office, a minimum of \$6 and a maximum of

1	\$9.
⊥ _	Υ J •

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 2 (2) Court appeals when original documents are 3 forwarded, under 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a 4 minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$110.
 - (3) Court appeals when original documents are forwarded, over 100 pages, plus delivery and costs, a minimum of \$150 and a maximum of \$185.
 - (4) Court appeals when original documents are forwarded, over 200 pages, an additional fee of a minimum of 25 and a maximum of 30 cents per page.
 - (5) For reproduction of any document contained in the clerk's files:
 - (A) First page, \$2.
 - (B) Next 19 pages, 50 cents per page.
- 15 (C) All remaining pages, 25 cents per page.
- 16 (1) Remands.

In any cases remanded to the Circuit Court from the Supreme Court or the Appellate Court for a new trial, the clerk shall file the remanding order and reinstate the case with either its original number or a new number. The Clerk shall not charge any new or additional fee for the reinstatement. Upon reinstatement the Clerk shall advise the parties of the reinstatement. A party shall have the same right to a jury trial on remand and reinstatement as he or she had before the appeal, and no additional or new fee or charge shall be made for a jury trial after remand.

- 1 (m) Record Search.
- 2 For each record search, within a division or municipal
- district, the clerk shall be entitled to a search fee of a
- 4 minimum of \$6 and a maximum of \$9 for each year searched.
- 5 (n) Hard Copy.
- For each page of hard copy print output, when case
- 7 records are maintained on an automated medium, the clerk
- 8 shall be entitled to a fee of a minimum of \$6 and a maximum
- 9 of \$9.
- 10 (o) Index Inquiry and Other Records.
- 11 No fee shall be charged for a single
- 12 plaintiff/defendant index inquiry or single case record
- inquiry when this request is made in person and the records
- are maintained in a current automated medium, and when no
- 15 hard copy print output is requested. The fees to be charged
- for management records, multiple case records, and
- multiple journal records may be specified by the Chief
- 18 Judge pursuant to the guidelines for access and
- 19 dissemination of information approved by the Supreme
- 20 Court.
- 21 (p) (Blank).
- 22 (g) Alias Summons.
- For each alias summons or citation issued by the clerk,
- a minimum of \$5 and a maximum of \$6.
- 25 (r) Other Fees.
- Any fees not covered in this Section shall be set by

rule or administrative order of the Circuit Court with the approval of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts.

The clerk of the circuit court may provide additional services for which there is no fee specified by statute in connection with the operation of the clerk's office as may be requested by the public and agreed to by the clerk and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Any charges for additional services shall be as agreed to between the clerk and the party making the request and approved by the chief judge of the circuit court. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any clerk to provide any service not otherwise required by law.

(s) Jury Services.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive, in addition to other fees allowed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$212.50 and maximum of \$230, as a fee for the services of a jury in every civil action not quasi-criminal in its nature and not a proceeding for the exercise of the right of eminent domain and in every other action wherein the right of trial by jury is or may be given by law. The jury fee shall be paid by the party demanding a jury at the time of filing the jury demand. If the fee is not paid by either party, no jury shall be called in the action or proceeding, and the same shall be tried by the court without a jury.

(t) Voluntary Assignment.

For filing each deed of voluntary assignment, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40; for recording the same, a minimum of 50¢ and a maximum of \$0.80 for each 100 words. Exceptions filed to claims presented to an assignee of a debtor who has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors shall be considered and treated, for the purpose of taxing costs therein, as actions in which the party or parties filing the exceptions shall be considered as party or parties plaintiff, and the claimant or claimants as party or parties defendant, and those parties respectively shall pay to the clerk the same fees as provided by this Section to be paid in other actions.

(u) Expungement Petition.

The clerk shall be entitled to receive a fee of a minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$120 for each expungement petition filed and an additional fee of a minimum of \$4 and a maximum of \$8 for each certified copy of an order to expunge arrest records.

(v) Probate.

The clerk is entitled to receive the fees specified in this subsection (v), which shall be paid in advance, except that, for good cause shown, the court may suspend, reduce, or release the costs payable under this subsection:

(1) For administration of the estate of a decedent (whether testate or intestate) or of a missing person, a minimum of \$150 and a maximum of \$225, plus the fees

specified in subsection (v)(3), except:

- (A) When the value of the real and personal property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$65.
- (B) When (i) proof of heirship alone is made, (ii) a domestic or foreign will is admitted to probate without administration (including proof of heirship), or (iii) letters of office are issued for a particular purpose without administration of the estate, the fee shall be a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$65.
- (2) For administration of the estate of a ward, a minimum of \$75 and a maximum of \$110, plus the fees specified in subsection (v)(3), except:
 - (A) When the value of the real and personal property does not exceed \$15,000, the fee shall be a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$65.
 - (B) When (i) letters of office are issued to a guardian of the person or persons, but not of the estate or (ii) letters of office are issued in the estate of a ward without administration of the estate, including filing or joining in the filing of a tax return or releasing a mortgage or consenting to the marriage of the ward, the fee shall be a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
- (3) In addition to the fees payable under subsection (v)(1) or (v)(2) of this Section, the following fees are

payable:

- (A) For each account (other than one final account) filed in the estate of a decedent, or ward, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.
- (B) For filing a claim in an estate when the amount claimed is \$150 or more but less than \$500, a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40; when the amount claimed is \$500 or more but less than \$10,000, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$65; when the amount claimed is \$10,000 or more, a minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$90; provided that the court in allowing a claim may add to the amount allowed the filing fee paid by the claimant.
- (C) For filing in an estate a claim, petition, or supplemental proceeding based upon an action seeking equitable relief including the construction or contest of a will, enforcement of a contract to make a will, and proceedings involving testamentary trusts or the appointment of testamentary trustees, a minimum of \$60 and a maximum of \$90.
- (D) For filing in an estate (i) the appearance of any person for the purpose of consent or (ii) the appearance of an executor, administrator, administrator to collect, guardian, guardian ad litem, or special administrator, no fee.
- (E) Except as provided in subsection (v)(3)(D), for filing the appearance of any person or persons, a

minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$90.

- (F) For each jury demand, a minimum of \$137.50 and a maximum of \$180.
- (G) For disposition of the collection of a judgment or settlement of an action or claim for wrongful death of a decedent or of any cause of action of a ward, when there is no other administration of the estate, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$80, less any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B) except that if the amount involved does not exceed \$5,000, the fee, including any amount paid under subsection (v)(1)(B) or (v)(2)(B), shall be a minimum of \$20 and a maximum of \$40.
- (H) For each certified copy of letters of office, of court order or other certification, a minimum of \$2 and a maximum of \$4, plus \$1 per page in excess of 3 pages for the document certified.
- (I) For each exemplification, \$2, plus the fee for certification.
- (4) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner, or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay the cost of publication by the clerk directly to the newspaper.
- (5) The person on whose behalf a charge is incurred for witness, court reporter, appraiser, or other miscellaneous fee shall pay the same directly to the person entitled

26

1	thereto.
2	(6) The executor, administrator, guardian, petitioner,
3	or other interested person or his or her attorney shall pay
4	to the clerk all postage charges incurred by the clerk in
5	mailing petitions, orders, notices, or other documents
6	pursuant to the provisions of the Probate Act of 1975.
7	(w) Criminal and Quasi-Criminal Costs and Fees.
8	(1) The clerk shall be entitled to costs in all
9	criminal and quasi-criminal cases from each person
10	convicted or sentenced to supervision therein as follows:
11	(A) Felony complaints, a minimum of \$125 and a
12	maximum of \$190.
13	(B) Misdemeanor complaints, a minimum of \$75 and a
14	maximum of \$110.
15	(C) Business offense complaints, a minimum of \$75
16	and a maximum of \$110.
17	(D) Petty offense complaints, a minimum of \$75 and
18	a maximum of \$110.
19	(E) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$30.
20	(F) When court appearance required, \$50.
21	(G) Motions to vacate or amend final orders, a
22	minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$80.
23	(H) Motions to vacate bond forfeiture orders, a
24	minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$45.

(I) Motions to vacate ex parte judgments, whenever

filed, a minimum of \$30 and a maximum of \$45.

L	(J)	Motions	t	o vaca	te	jud	gmen	t	on f	orf	:eit	tures	3,
2	whenever	filed,	a m	inimum	of	\$25	and	a	maxim	ıum	of	\$30.	

- (K) Motions to vacate "failure to appear" or "failure to comply" notices sent to the Secretary of State, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$50.
- (2) In counties having a population of 3,000,000 or more, when the violation complaint is issued by a municipal police department, the clerk shall be entitled to costs from each person convicted therein as follows:
 - (A) Minor traffic or ordinance violations, \$30.
 - (B) When court appearance required, \$50.
- (3) In ordinance violation cases punishable by fine only, the clerk of the circuit court shall be entitled to receive, unless the fee is excused upon a finding by the court that the defendant is indigent, in addition to other fees or costs allowed or imposed by law, the sum of a minimum of \$112.50 and a maximum of \$250 as a fee for the services of a jury. The jury fee shall be paid by the defendant at the time of filing his or her jury demand. If the fee is not so paid by the defendant, no jury shall be called, and the case shall be tried by the court without a jury.
- (x) Transcripts of Judgment.

For the filing of a transcript of judgment, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.

1 (y) Change of Venue

- (1) For the filing of a change of case on a change of venue, the clerk shall be entitled to the same fee as if it were the commencement of a new suit.
 - (2) The fee for the preparation and certification of a record on a change of venue to another jurisdiction, when original documents are forwarded, a minimum of \$40 and a maximum of \$65.
- (z) Tax objection complaints.

For each tax objection complaint containing one or more tax objections, regardless of the number of parcels involved or the number of taxpayers joining in the complaint, a minimum of \$50 and a maximum of \$100.

- (aa) Tax Deeds.
- 15 (1) Petition for tax deed, if only one parcel is 16 involved, a minimum of \$250 and a maximum of \$400.
- 17 (2) For each additional parcel, add a fee of a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$200.
 - (bb) Collections.
 - (1) For all collections made of others, except the State and county and except in maintenance or child support cases, a sum equal to 3.0% of the amount collected and turned over.
 - (2) Interest earned on any funds held by the clerk shall be turned over to the county general fund as an earning of the office.

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- (3) For any check, draft, or other bank instrument returned to the clerk for non-sufficient funds, account closed, or payment stopped, \$25.
- (4) In child support and maintenance cases, the clerk, if authorized by an ordinance of the county board, may collect an annual fee of up to \$36 from the person making payment for maintaining child support records and the processing of support orders to the State of Illinois KIDS system and the recording of payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. This fee shall be in addition to and separate from amounts ordered to be paid as maintenance or child support and shall be deposited into a Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund, of which the clerk shall be the custodian, ex-officio, to be used by the clerk to maintain child support orders and record all payments issued by the State Disbursement Unit for the official record of the Court. The clerk may recover from the person making the maintenance or child support payment any additional cost incurred in the collection of this annual fee.

The clerk shall also be entitled to a fee of \$5 for certifications made to the Secretary of State as provided in Section 7-703 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law and these fees shall also be deposited into the Separate Maintenance and Child Support Collection Fund.

(cc) Corrections of Numbers.

For correction of the case number, case title, or attorney computer identification number, if required by rule of court, on any document filed in the clerk's office, to be charged against the party that filed the document, a minimum of \$25 and a maximum of \$40.

(dd) Exceptions.

- (1) The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to police departments or other law enforcement agencies. In this Section, "law enforcement agency" means an agency of the State or a unit of local government which is vested by law or ordinance with the duty to maintain public order and to enforce criminal laws or ordinances. "Law enforcement agency" also means the Attorney General or any state's attorney.
- (2) No fee provided herein shall be charged to any unit of local government or school district. The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to any action instituted under subsection (b) of Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code by a private owner or tenant of real property within 1200 feet of a dangerous or unsafe building seeking an order compelling the owner or owners of the building to take any of the actions authorized under that subsection.
- (3) The fee requirements of this Section shall not apply to the filing of any commitment petition or petition for an order authorizing the administration of authorized

involuntary treatment in the form of medication under the

Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.

(ee) Adoption.

- (1) For an adoption \$65
- (2) Upon good cause shown, the court may waive the adoption filing fee in a special needs adoption. The term "special needs adoption" shall have the meaning ascribed to it by the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.
- 10 (ff) Adoption exemptions.

No fee other than that set forth in subsection (ee) shall be charged to any person in connection with an adoption proceeding nor may any fee be charged for proceedings for the appointment of a confidential intermediary under the Adoption Act.

(gg) Unpaid fees.

Unless a court ordered payment schedule is implemented or the fee requirements of this Section are waived pursuant to court order, the clerk of the court may add to any unpaid fees and costs under this Section a delinquency amount equal to 5% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 30 days, 10% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 60 days, and 15% of the unpaid fees that remain unpaid after 90 days. Notice to those parties may be made by signage posting or publication. The additional delinquency amounts collected under this Section shall be

- 1 used to defray additional administrative costs incurred by
- 2 the clerk of the circuit court in collecting unpaid fees
- 3 and costs.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 92-521, eff. 6-1-02; 93-385, eff. 7-25-03;
- 5 93-573, eff. 8-21-03; 93-760, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 6 Section 10. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by
- 7 changing Sections 9-102, 9-107, 9-109.7, 9-118, 9-119, 9-120,
- 9-207, and 9-210 as follows:
- 9 (735 ILCS 5/9-102) (from Ch. 110, par. 9-102)
- 10 Sec. 9-102. When action may be maintained.
- 11 (a) The person entitled to the possession of lands or
- 12 tenements may be restored thereto under any of the following
- 13 circumstances:
- 14 (1) When a forcible entry is made thereon.
- 15 (2) When a peaceable entry is made and the possession
- unlawfully withheld.
- 17 (3) When entry is made into vacant or unoccupied lands
- or tenements without right or title.
- 19 (4) When any lessee of the lands or tenements, or any
- 20 person holding under such lessee, holds possession without
- 21 right after the termination of the lease or tenancy by its
- 22 own limitation, condition or terms, or by notice to quit or
- otherwise.
- 24 (5) When a vendee having obtained possession under a

written or verbal agreement to purchase lands or tenements, and having failed to comply with the agreement, withholds possession thereof, after demand in writing by the person entitled to such possession; provided, however, that any such agreement for residential real estate as defined in the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law entered into on or after July 1, 1987 where the purchase price is to be paid in installments over a period in excess of 5 years and the amount unpaid under the terms of the contract at the time of the filing of a foreclosure complaint under Article XV, including principal and due and unpaid interest, is less than 80% of the original purchase price shall be foreclosed under the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law.

This amendatory Act of 1993 is declarative of existing law.

- (6) When lands or tenements have been conveyed by any grantor in possession, or sold under the order or judgment of any court in this State, or by virtue of any sale in any mortgage or deed of trust contained and the grantor in possession or party to such order or judgment or to such mortgage or deed of trust, after the expiration of the time of redemption, when redemption is allowed by law, refuses or neglects to surrender possession thereof, after demand in writing by the person entitled thereto, or his or her agent.
 - (7) When any property is subject to the provisions of

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

the Condominium Property Act, the owner of a unit fails or refuses to pay when due his or her proportionate share of the common expenses of such property, or of any other expenses lawfully agreed upon or any unpaid fine, the Board of Managers or its agents have served the demand set forth in Section 9-104.1 of this Article in the manner provided for in that Section and the unit owner has failed to pay amount claimed within the time prescribed in the demand; or if the lessor-owner of a unit fails to comply with the leasing requirements prescribed by subsection (n) of Section 18 of the Condominium Property Act or by the declaration, by-laws, and rules and regulations of the condominium, or if a lessee of an owner is in breach of any covenants, rules, regulations, or bv-laws condominium, and the Board of Managers or its agents have served the demand set forth in Section 9-104.2 of this Article in the manner provided in that Section.

(8) When any property is subject to the provisions of a declaration establishing a common interest community and requiring the unit owner to pay regular or special assessments for the maintenance or repair of common areas owned in common by all of the owners of the common interest community or by the community association and maintained for the use of the unit owners or of any other expenses of the association lawfully agreed upon, and the unit owner fails or refuses to pay when due his or her proportionate

share of such assessments or expenses and the board or its agents have served the demand set forth in Section 9-104.1 of this Article in the manner provided for in that Section and the unit owner has failed to pay the amount claimed within the time prescribed in the demand.

(a-5) An action maintained pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) of subsection (a) of this Section 9-102 shall be treated as an expedited proceeding.

- (b) The provisions of paragraph (8) of subsection (a) of Section 9-102 and Section 9-104.3 of this Act shall not apply to any common interest community unless (1) the association is a not-for-profit corporation, (2) unit owners are authorized to attend meetings of the board of directors or board of managers of the association in the same manner as provided for condominiums under the Condominium Property Act, and (3) the board of managers or board of directors of the common interest community association has, subsequent to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1984 voted to have the provisions of this Article apply to such association and has delivered or mailed notice of such action to the unit owners or unless the declaration of the association is recorded after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985.
 - (c) For purposes of this Article:
 - (1) "Common interest community" means real estate other than a condominium or cooperative with respect to which any person by virtue of his or her ownership of a

partial interest or unit therein is obligated to pay for maintenance, improvement, insurance premiums, or real estate taxes of other real estate described in a declaration which is administered by an association.

- (2) "Declaration" means any duly recorded instruments, however designated, that have created a common interest community and any duly recorded amendments to those instruments.
- (3) "Unit" means a physical portion of the common interest community designated by separate ownership or occupancy by boundaries which are described in a declaration.
- (4) "Unit owners' association" or "association" means the association of all owners of units in the common interest community acting pursuant to the declaration.
- (d) If the board of a common interest community elects to have the provisions of this Article apply to such association or the declaration of the association is recorded after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, the provisions of subsections (c) through (h) of Section 18.5 of the Condominium Property Act applicable to a Master Association and condominium unit subject to such association under subsections (c) through (h) of Section 18.5 shall be applicable to the community associations and to its unit owners.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 88-47; 89-41, eff. 6-23-95; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(735 ILCS 5/9-107) (from Ch. 110, par. 9-107)

Sec. 9-107. Constructive service. If the plaintiff, his or her agent, or attorney files a forcible detainer action, with or without joinder of a claim for rent in the complaint, and is unable to obtain personal service on the defendant or unknown occupant and a summons duly issued in such action is returned without service stating that service can not be obtained, then the plaintiff, his or her agent or attorney may file an affidavit stating that the defendant or unknown occupant is not a resident of this State, or has departed from this State, or on due inquiry cannot be found, or is concealed within this State so that process cannot be served upon him or her, and also stating the place of residence of the defendant or unknown occupant, if known, or if not known, that upon diligent inquiry the affiant has not been able to ascertain the defendant's or unknown occupant's place of residence, then in all such forcible detainer cases whether or not a claim for rent is joined with the complaint for possession, the defendant or unknown occupant may be notified by posting and mailing of notices; or by publication and mailing, as provided for in Section 2-206 of this Act. However, in cases where the defendant or unknown occupant is notified by posting and mailing of notices or by publication and mailing, and the defendant or unknown occupant does not appear generally, the court may rule only on the portion of the complaint which seeks judgment for possession, and the court shall not enter judgment

as to any rent claim joined in the complaint or enter personal judgment for any amount owed by a unit owner for his or her proportionate share of the common expenses, however, an in rem judgment may be entered against the unit for the amount of common expenses due, any other expenses lawfully agreed upon or the amount of any unpaid fine, together with reasonable attorney fees, if any, and costs. The claim for rent may remain pending until such time as the defendant or unknown occupant appears generally or is served with summons, but the order for possession shall be final, enforceable and appealable if the court makes an express written finding that there is no just reason for delaying enforcement or appeal, as provided by Supreme Court rule of this State.

Such notice shall be in the name of the clerk of the court, be directed to the defendant or unknown occupant, shall state the nature of the cause against the defendant or unknown occupant and at whose instance issued and the time and place for trial, and shall also state that unless the defendant or unknown occupant appears at the time and place fixed for trial, judgment will be entered by default, and shall specify the character of the judgment that will be entered in such cause. The sheriff shall post 3 copies of the notice in 3 public places in the neighborhood of the court where the cause is to be tried, at least $\underline{5}$ $\underline{10}$ days prior to the day set for the appearance, and, if the place of residence of the defendant or unknown occupant is stated in any affidavit on file, shall at

2

3

5

6

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

the same time mail one copy of the notice addressed to such defendant or unknown occupant at such place of residence shown in such affidavit. On or before the day set for the appearance, the sheriff shall file the notice with an endorsement thereon stating the time when and places where the sheriff posted and to whom and at what address he or she mailed copies as required 7 by this Section. For want of sufficient notice any cause may be continued from time to time until the court has jurisdiction of the defendant or unknown occupant.

10 (Source: P.A. 92-823, eff. 8-21-02.)

11 (735 ILCS 5/9-109.7)

> Sec. 9-109.7. Stay of enforcement; drug related action. A judgment for possession of the premises entered in an action brought by a lessor or lessor's assignee, if the action was brought as a result of a lessor or lessor's assignee declaring a lease void pursuant to Section 11 of the Controlled Substance and Cannabis Nuisance Act, may not be stayed for any period in excess of 5 7 days by the court. Thereafter the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately. The sheriff or other lawfully deputized officers shall execute an order entered pursuant to this Section within 5 $\frac{7}{2}$ days of its entry, or within 5 - 7 days of the expiration of a stay of judgment, if one is entered.

24 (Source: P.A. 90-557, eff. 6-1-98.)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- 1 (735 ILCS 5/9-118) (from Ch. 110, par. 9-118)
- 2 Sec. 9-118. Emergency housing eviction proceedings.
- 3 (a) As used in this Section:
- 4 "Cannabis" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the 5 Cannabis Control Act.
- "Narcotics" and "controlled substance" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Illinois Controlled Substances

 Act.
- 9 (b) This Section applies only if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The complaint seeks possession of premises that are owned or managed by a housing authority established under the Housing Authorities Act or privately owned and managed.
 - (2) The verified complaint alleges that there is direct evidence of any of the following:
 - (A) unlawful possessing, serving, storing, manufacturing, cultivating, delivering, using, selling, giving away, or trafficking in cannabis, methamphetamine, narcotics, or controlled substances within or upon the premises by or with the knowledge and consent of, or in concert with the person or persons named in the complaint; or
 - (B) the possession, use, sale, or delivery of a firearm which is otherwise prohibited by State law within or upon the premises by or with the knowledge and consent of, or in concert with, the person or

persons named in the complaint; or

- (C) murder, attempted murder, kidnapping, attempted kidnapping, arson, attempted arson, aggravated battery, criminal sexual assault, attempted criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or criminal sexual abuse within or upon the premises by or with the knowledge and consent of, or in concert with, the person or persons named in the complaint.
- (3) Notice by verified complaint setting forth the relevant facts, and a demand for possession of the type specified in Section 9-104 is served on the tenant or occupant of the premises at least 7 14 days before a hearing on the complaint is held, and proof of service of the complaint is submitted by the plaintiff to the court.
- (b-5) In all actions brought under this Section 9-118, no predicate notice of termination or demand for possession shall be required to initiate an eviction action.
- (c) When a complaint has been filed under this Section, a hearing on the complaint shall be scheduled on any day after the expiration of $\frac{7}{4}$ days following the filing of the complaint. The summons shall advise the defendant that a hearing on the complaint shall be held at the specified date and time, and that the defendant should be prepared to present any evidence on his or her behalf at that time.
 - If a plaintiff which is a public housing authority accepts

- rent from the defendant after an action is initiated under this Section, the acceptance of rent shall not be a cause for dismissal of the complaint.
 - (d) If the defendant does not appear at the hearing, judgment for possession of the premises in favor of the plaintiff shall be entered by default. If the defendant appears, a trial shall be held immediately as is prescribed in other proceedings for possession. The matter shall not be continued beyond 5 7 days from the date set for the first hearing on the complaint except by agreement of both the plaintiff and the defendant. After a trial, if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the allegations in the complaint have been proven, the court shall enter judgment for possession of the premises in favor of the plaintiff and the court shall order that the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately.
 - (d-5) If cannabis, methamphetamine, narcotics, or controlled substances are found or used anywhere in the premises, there is a rebuttable presumption either (1) that the cannabis, methamphetamine, narcotics, or controlled substances were used or possessed by a tenant or occupant or (2) that a tenant or occupant permitted the premises to be used for that use or possession, and knew or should have reasonably known that the substance was used or possessed.
- 25 (e) A judgment for possession entered under this Section 26 may not be stayed for any period in excess of 7 days by the

- 1 court. Thereafter the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter
- 2 the premises immediately. The sheriff or other lawfully
- 3 deputized officers shall give priority to service and execution
- 4 of orders entered under this Section over other possession
- 5 orders.
- 6 (f) This Section shall not be construed to prohibit the use
- 7 or possession of cannabis, methamphetamine, narcotics, or a
- 8 controlled substance that has been legally obtained in
- 9 accordance with a valid prescription for the personal use of a
- 10 lawful occupant of a dwelling unit.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- 12 (735 ILCS 5/9-119)
- 13 Sec. 9-119. Emergency subsidized housing eviction
- 14 proceedings.
- 15 (a) As used in this Section:
- 16 "FmHA" means the Farmers Home Administration or a local
- 17 housing authority administering an FmHA program.
- 18 "HUD" means the United States Department of Housing and
- 19 Urban Development, or the Federal Housing Administration or a
- local housing authority administering a HUD program.
- 21 "Section 8 contract" means a contract with HUD or FmHA
- 22 which provides rent subsidies entered into pursuant to Section
- 23 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 or the Section 8
- Existing Housing Program (24 C.F.R. Part 882).
- 25 "Subsidized housing" means:

or (v).

1	(1) any housing or unit of housing subject to a Section
2	8 contract;
3	(2) any housing or unit of housing owned, operated, or
4	managed by a housing authority established under the
5	Housing Authorities Act; or
6	(3) any housing or unit of housing financed by a loan
7	or mortgage held by the Illinois Housing Development
8	Authority, a local housing authority, or the federal
9	Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") that
10	is:
11	(i) insured or held by HUD under Section 221(d)(3)
12	of the National Housing Act and assisted under Section
13	101 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1965 or
14	Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937;
15	(ii) insured or held by HUD and bears interest at a
16	rate determined under the proviso of Section 221(d)(3)
17	of the National Housing Act;
18	(iii) insured, assisted, or held by HUD under
19	Section 202 or 236 of the National Housing Act;
20	(iv) insured or held by HUD under Section 514 or
21	515 of the Housing Act of 1949;
22	(v) insured or held by HUD under the United States
23	Housing Act of 1937; or
24	(vi) held by HUD and formerly insured under a
25	program listed in subdivision (i), (ii), (iii), (iv),

- (b) This Section applies only if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The verified complaint seeks possession of premises that are subsidized housing as defined under this Section.
 - (2) The verified complaint alleges that there is direct evidence of refusal by the tenant to allow the landlord or agent of the landlord or other person authorized by State or federal law or regulations or local ordinance to inspect the premises, provided that all of the following conditions have been met:
 - (A) on 2 separate occasions within a 30 day period the tenant, or another person on the premises with the consent of the tenant, refuses to allow the landlord or agent of the landlord or other person authorized by State or federal law or regulations or local ordinance to inspect the premises;
 - (B) the landlord then sends written notice to the tenant stating that (i) the tenant, or a person on the premises with the consent of the tenant, failed twice within a 30 day period to allow the landlord or agent of the landlord or other person authorized by State or federal law or regulations or local ordinance to inspect the premises and (ii) the tenant must allow the landlord or agent of the landlord or other person authorized by State or federal law or regulations or

local ordinance to inspect the premises within the next 30 days or face emergency eviction proceedings under this Section;

- (C) the tenant subsequently fails to allow the landlord or agent of the landlord or other person authorized by State or federal law or regulations or local ordinance to inspect the premises within 30 days of receiving the notice from the landlord; and
- (D) the tenant's written lease states that the occurrence of the events described in items (A), (B), and (C) may result in eviction.
- (3) Notice, by verified complaint setting forth the relevant facts, and a demand for possession of the type specified in Section 9-104 is served on the tenant or occupant of the premises at least 7 14 days before a hearing on the complaint is held, and proof of service of the complaint is submitted by the plaintiff to the court.
- (c) When a complaint has been filed under this Section, a hearing on the complaint shall be scheduled on any day after the expiration of $\frac{7}{2}$ 44 days following the filing of the complaint. The summons shall advise the defendant that a hearing on the complaint shall be held at the specified date and time, and that the defendant should be prepared to present any evidence on his or her behalf at that time.
- (d) If the defendant does not appear at the hearing, judgment for possession of the premises in favor of the

- plaintiff shall be entered by default. If the defendant appears, a trial shall be held immediately as is prescribed in other proceedings for possession. The matter shall not be continued beyond 7 days from the date set for the first hearing on the complaint except by agreement of both the plaintiff and the defendant. After a trial, if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the allegations in the complaint have been proven, the court shall enter judgment for possession of the premises in favor of the plaintiff and the court shall order that the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately.
- (e) A judgment for possession entered under this Section may not be stayed for any period in excess of 7 days by the court. Thereafter the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately. The sheriff or other lawfully deputized officers shall give priority to service and execution of orders entered under this Section over other possession orders.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 89-660, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 20 (735 ILCS 5/9-120)
- Sec. 9-120. Leased premises used in furtherance of a criminal offense; lease void at option of lessor or assignee.
- 23 (a) If any lessee or occupant, on one or more occasions, 24 uses or permits the use of leased premises for the commission 25 of any act that would constitute a felony or a Class A

- misdemeanor under the laws of this State, the lease or rental agreement shall, at the option of the lessor or the lessor's assignee become void, and the owner or lessor shall be entitled to recover possession of the leased premises as against a tenant holding over after the expiration of his or her term.
 - (b) The owner or lessor may bring a forcible entry and detainer action, or, if the State's Attorney of the county in which the real property is located agrees, assign to that State's Attorney the right to bring a forcible entry and detainer action on behalf of the owner or lessor, against the lessee and all occupants of the leased premises. The assignment must be in writing on a form prepared by the State's Attorney of the county in which the real property is located. If the owner or lessor assigns the right to bring a forcible entry and detainer action, the assignment shall be limited to those rights and duties up to and including delivery of the order of eviction to the sheriff for execution. The owner or lessor shall remain liable for the cost of the eviction whether or not the right to bring the forcible entry and detainer action has been assigned.
 - (c) A person does not forfeit any part of his or her security deposit due solely to an eviction under the provisions of this Section, except that a security deposit may be used to pay fees charged by the sheriff for carrying out an eviction.
 - (d) If a lessor or the lessor's assignee voids a lease or contract under the provisions of this Section and the tenant or

occupant has not vacated the premises within 5 days after receipt of a written notice to vacate the premises, the lessor or lessor's assignee may seek relief under this Article IX.

Notwithstanding Sections 9-112, 9-113, and 9-114 of this Code, judgment for costs against a plaintiff seeking possession of the premises under this Section shall not be awarded to the defendant unless the action was brought by the plaintiff in bad faith. An action to possess premises under this Section shall not be deemed to be in bad faith when the plaintiff based his or her cause of action on information provided to him or her by a law enforcement agency or the State's Attorney.

- (e) After a trial, if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the allegations in the complaint have been proven, the court shall enter judgment for possession of the premises in favor of the plaintiff and the court shall order that the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately.
- (f) A judgment for possession of the premises entered in an action brought by a lessor or lessor's assignee, if the action was brought as a result of a lessor or lessor's assignee declaring a lease void pursuant to this Section, may not be stayed for any period in excess of $\underline{5}$ 7 days by the court unless all parties agree to a longer period. Thereafter the plaintiff shall be entitled to re-enter the premises immediately. The sheriff or other lawfully deputized officers shall execute an order entered pursuant to this Section within $\underline{5}$ 7 days of its

- 1 entry, or within 5/7 days of the expiration of a stay of
- judgment, if one is entered.
- 3 (g) Nothing in this Section shall limit the rights of an
- 4 owner or lessor to bring a forcible entry and detainer action
- 5 on the basis of other applicable law.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 90-360, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 7 (735 ILCS 5/9-207) (from Ch. 110, par. 9-207)
- 8 Sec. 9-207. Notice to terminate tenancy for less than a
- 9 year. In all cases of tenancy from week to week, where the
- 10 tenant holds over without special agreement, the landlord may
- 11 terminate the tenancy by 5 7 days' notice, in writing, and may
- 12 maintain an action for forcible entry and detainer or
- 13 ejectment.
- In all cases of tenancy for any term less than one year,
- other than tenancy from week to week, where the tenant holds
- over without special agreement, the landlord may terminate the
- tenancy by 14 30 days' notice, in writing, and may maintain an
- action for forcible entry and detainer or ejectment.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 82-280.)
- 20 (735 ILCS 5/9-210) (from Ch. 110, par. 9-210)
- Sec. 9-210. Notice to quit. When default is made in any of
- 22 the terms of a lease, it is not necessary to give more than $7\frac{10}{10}$
- 23 days' notice to quit, or of the termination of such tenancy,
- and the same may be terminated on giving such notice to guit at

- any time after such default in any of the terms of such lease.
- 2 Such notice may be substantially in the following form:
- 3 "To A.B.: You are hereby notified that in consequence of
- 4 your default in (here insert the character of the default) of
- 5 the premises now occupied by you, being, etc., (here describe
- 6 the premises) I have elected to terminate your lease, and you
- 7 are hereby notified to quit and deliver up possession of the
- 8 same to me within 7 10 days of this date (dated, etc.)."
- 9 The notice is to be signed by the lessor or his or her
- 10 agent, and no other notice or demand of possession or
- 11 termination of such tenancy is necessary.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 82-280.)
- 13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 14 becoming law.

SB0636

1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	705 ILCS 105/27.1a from Ch. 25, par. 27.1a
4	705 ILCS 105/27.2 from Ch. 25, par. 27.2
5	705 ILCS 105/27.2a from Ch. 25, par. 27.2a
6	735 ILCS 5/9-102 from Ch. 110, par. 9-102
7	735 ILCS 5/9-107 from Ch. 110, par. 9-107
8	735 ILCS 5/9-109.7
9	735 ILCS 5/9-118 from Ch. 110, par. 9-118
10	735 ILCS 5/9-119
11	735 ILCS 5/9-120
12	735 ILCS 5/9-207 from Ch. 110, par. 9-207
13	735 ILCS 5/9-210 from Ch. 110, par. 9-210