

## Sen. Kirk W. Dillard

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09500SB0417sam002

LRB095 10670 JAM 33778 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 417 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 417, AS AMENDED, by 3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 4 following: "Section 5. The Election Code is amended by adding Section 5 6 1-15 as follows: 7 (10 ILCS 5/1-15 new)Sec. 1-15. Sex offenders. Notwithstanding any other 8 provision of this Code to the contrary, an otherwise qualified 9 10 elector subject to the registration requirement of the Sex 11 Offender Registration Act whose assigned polling place is in a school must vote by absentee ballot or early voting ballot. A 12 13 person subject to the registration requirement of the Sex Offender Registration Act who enters a polling place located in 14 15 a school commits a Class 4 felony. Each election authority shall distribute to the election 16

- judges of a polling place located in a school at least one copy
- of the list of persons registered in the election jurisdiction
- 3 under the Sex Offender Registration Act provided to the
- 4 election authority by the Department of State Police under
- 5 Section 120 of the Sex Offender Community Notification Law. An
- 6 election judge who becomes aware of a person who enters a
- 7 polling place in violation of this Section shall promptly
- 8 <u>notify the local law enforcement authority.</u>
- 9 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 10 changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:
- 11 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)
- 12 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
- offenders prohibited.
- 14 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
- present in any school building, on real property comprising any
- school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a
- 17 school to transport students to or from school or a school
- 18 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present
- in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless
- 20 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the
- 21 school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a
- 22 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the
- progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii)
- 24 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation

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and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to infringe upon the constitutional right of a child sex offender to be present in a school building that is used as a polling place for the purpose of voting.

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(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school

1 official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony. 2

## (1) (Blank; or)

## (2) (Blank.)

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(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.

## (c) Definitions. In this Section:

- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
  - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
  - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
    - (C) is found not quilty by reason of insanity

pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the 1 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense 2 3 or an attempt to commit such offense; or (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting 4 5 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 6 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged 7 8 commission or attempted commission of 9 offense; or 10 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 11 following a hearing conducted pursuant 12 federal law or t.he law of another state 13 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 14 15 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 16 offense; or 17 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 18 federal law or the law of another state 19 20 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 2.1 22 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 23 of such offense; or 24 (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person 25 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons 26 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the

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law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or

(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
  "sex offense" means:
  - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting Section 10-5(b)(10), abduction under child 10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), 11 - 6(indecent solicitation of child), 11-6.5а (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a

juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 1 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 2 3 pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 4 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 5 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real 6 property comprising any school, in any conveyance 7 8 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport 9 students to or from school or a school related 10 activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 11 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 12 13 person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual 14 assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 15 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated 16 criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 17 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections 18 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 19 20 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim: 21

10-1 (kidnapping),

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10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

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1	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
2	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
3	clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
4	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
5	offense means:
6	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
7	the Criminal Code of 1961:
8	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
9	abetting child abduction under Section
10	10-5(b)(10), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
11	child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an
12	adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile
13	prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
14	prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile
15	prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
16	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
17	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual
18	assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
19	a child). An attempt to commit any of these
20	offenses.
21	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
22	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
23	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
24	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),

12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and

subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual

1	abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
2	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
3	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
4	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
5	parent of the victim:
6	10-1 (kidnapping),
7	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
8	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
9	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
10	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
11	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
12	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
13	paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
14	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the
15	law of another state that is substantially equivalent to
16	any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
17	this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose
18	of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually
19	dangerous person under any federal law or law of another
20	state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually
21	Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for
22	the purposes of this Section.
23	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
24	elementary, or secondary school.
25	(5) "Loiter" means:

(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the

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- (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- 7 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or 8 around school property, other than the offender's 9 residence.
- 10 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
  11 or any other certified employee of the school, the
  12 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
- 13 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
  14 of a Class 4 felony.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-158, eff. 7-11-05; 94-164, eff. 1-1-06; 94-170, eff. 7-11-05; revised 9-15-06.)
- Section 15. The Sex Offender Community Notification Law is amended by changing Section 120 as follows:
- 19 (730 ILCS 152/120)
- Sec. 120. Community notification of sex offenders.
- 21 (a) The sheriff of the county, except Cook County, shall 22 disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, 23 place of employment, school attended, and offense or 24 adjudication of all sex offenders required to register under

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Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:

- (1) The boards of institutions of higher education or other appropriate administrative offices of non-public institution of higher education located in the county where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education; and
- (2) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
- (3) Child care facilities located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed.
- (a-2) The sheriff of Cook County shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:
  - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located within the region of Cook County, as those public school districts and nonpublic schools are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
    - (2) Child care facilities located within the region of

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Cook County, as those child care facilities are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and

- (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices of non-public institution of higher education located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education.
- (a-3) The Chicago Police Department shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:
  - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register or is employed if the offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago; and
  - Child care facilities located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register or is employed if the offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago; and
  - (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices each other of

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_	non-public	institution	of high	er education	located in	the
2	police dist	rict where	the se	x offender	is required	to
3	register,	resides,	is emp	loyed, or	attending	an
1	institution	of higher e	ducation	in the City	of Chicago.	

- 5 (a-4) The Department of State Police shall provide a list 6 of sex offenders required to register to the Illinois 7 Department of Children and Family Services.
  - (a-5) Thirty days before a regular election, as defined in Section 1-3 of the Election Code, the Department of State Police shall provide to each election authority a list of persons registered within the jurisdiction of the election authority.
    - (b) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency may disclose, in the Department's or agency's discretion, the following information to any person likely to encounter a sex offender, or sexual predator:
      - (1) The offender's name, address, and date of birth.
    - (2) The offense for which the offender was convicted.
- 19 (3) Adjudication as a sexually dangerous person.
- 20 (4) The offender's photograph or other such 21 information that will help identify the sex offender.
- 22 (5) Offender employment information, to protect public safety.
- 24 (c) The name, address, date of birth, offense or 25 adjudication, the county of conviction, license plate numbers 26 for every vehicle registered in the name of the sex offender,

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the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the sex offender for sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall be open to inspection by the public as provided in this Every municipal police department shall available at its headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register in the municipality under the Sex Offender Registration Act. The sheriff shall also make available at his or her headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register under that Act and who live in unincorporated areas of the county. Sex offender information must be made available for public inspection to any person, no later than 72 hours or 3 business days from the date of the request. The request must be made in person, in writing, or by telephone. Availability must include giving the inquirer access to a facility where the information may be copied. A department or sheriff may charge a fee, but the fee may not exceed the actual costs of copying the information. An inquirer must be allowed to copy this information in his or her own handwriting. A department or sheriff must allow access to the information during normal public working hours. The sheriff or a municipal police department may publish the photographs of sex offenders where any victim was 13 years of age or younger and who are required

- to register in the municipality or county under the Sex

  Offender Registration Act in a newspaper or magazine of general

  circulation in the municipality or county or may disseminate

  the photographs of those sex offenders on the Internet or on

  television. The law enforcement agency may make available the

  information on all sex offenders residing within any county.
  - (d) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may, in the Department's or agency's discretion, place the information specified in subsection (b) on the Internet or in other media.
- 11 (e) (Blank).

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- 12 (f) The administrator of a transitional housing facility 13 for sex offenders shall comply with the notification procedures 14 established in paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of Section 15 3-17-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
  - (g) A principal or teacher of a public or private elementary or secondary school shall notify the parents of children attending the school during school registration or during parent-teacher conferences that information about sex offenders is available to the public as provided in this Act.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 94-161, eff. 7-11-05; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06;
- 22 94-994, eff. 1-1-07.)".