

Sen. Kirk W. Dillard

Filed: 3/8/2007

	09500SB0417sam001 LRB095 10670 JAM 33040 a			
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 417			
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 417 on page 1, by			
3	inserting below line 12 the following:			
4 5	"Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 11-9.3 as follows:			
5	changing Section II 9.5 as forrows.			
6	(720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)			
7	Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex			
8	offenders prohibited.			
9	(a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be			
10	present in any school building, on real property comprising any			
11	school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a			
12	school to transport students to or from school or a school			
13	related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present			
14	in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless			
15	the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the			
16	school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a			

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1 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) 2 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation 3 4 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her 5 child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending 6 conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the 7 8 principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or 9 unless the offender has permission to be present from the 10 superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private 11 school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board 12 13 president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of 14 15 the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex 16 offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she 17 18 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the 19 20 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex 21 22 offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 23 felony.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to infringe upon the constitutional right of a child sex offender to be present in a school building that is used as a polling place for the

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(1) (Blank; or)

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(1) (Diam, 01)

(2) (Blank.)

4 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 5 loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are 6 present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender 7 is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and 8 the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the 9 10 school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or 11 her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions 12 13 may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss 14 15 other student issues concerning his or her child such as 16 retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission 17 18 to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of 19 20 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent 21 or school board president must inform the principal of the 22 school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours 23 24 in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The 25 sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's 26 office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or

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she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

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(1) (Blank; or)

(2) (Blank.)

8 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 9 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real 10 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 11 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or 12 13 the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and 14 15 was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act 16 of the 91st General Assembly.

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(c) Definitions. In this Section:

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(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
substantially similar federal law or law of another
state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an
included sex offense, and:

24 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
25 to commit such offense; or

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(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity

of such offense or an attempt to commit such 1 2 offense: or 3 (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the 4 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense 5 or an attempt to commit such offense; or 6 7 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting 8 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 9

9 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of 10 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged 11 commission or attempted commission of such 12 offense; or

13 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity 14 following a hearing conducted pursuant to а 15 federal law or the law of another state 16 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of 17 18 such offense or of the attempted commission of such 19 offense; or

20 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting 21 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to 22 a federal law or the law of another state 23 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 24 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 25 for the alleged violation or attempted commission 26 of such offense; or 1 (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person 2 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons 3 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the 4 law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to 5 such certification is committed or attempted against a 6 person less than 18 years of age; or

7 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
8 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
9 Persons Act.

10 Convictions that result from or are connected with the 11 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same 12 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as 13 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is 14 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

15 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
16 "sex offense" means:

17 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 18 the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting 19 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)), 20 10-5(b)(10)(child luring), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of 21 child), 11-6.5 а (indecent 22 solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when 23 committed in a school, on the real property comprising 24 a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or 25 contracted by a school to transport students to or from 26 school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual

exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a 1 juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of 2 3 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a 4 juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 5 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 6 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 7 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when 8 9 that offense was committed in any school, on real 10 property comprising any school, in any conveyance 11 owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related 12 13 activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
parent of the victim:

25 10-1 (kidnapping),

26 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint), 1 2 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 3 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 4 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 5 clause (2) (i) of subsection (c) of this Section. 6 7 (2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex 8 offense means: 9 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of 10 the Criminal Code of 1961: 11 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under 12 Section 13 10-5(b)(10)), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a 14 child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an 15 adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile 16 prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile 17 prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 18 19 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 20 pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual 21 assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of 22 a child). An attempt to commit any of these 23 offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual

assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 1 2 12 - 16(aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual 3 abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 4 5 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a 6 person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a 7 8 parent of the victim: 9 10-1 (kidnapping), 10 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 11 10-3 (unlawful restraint), 12 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 13 An attempt to commit any of these offenses. 14 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State 15 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this 16 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection. (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the 17 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to 18 19 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of 20 this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose 21 of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually 22 dangerous person under any federal law or law of another 23 state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually 24 Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for 25 the purposes of this Section.

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(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,

1 elementary, or secondary school. (5) "Loiter" means: 2 (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the 3 4 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school 5 property. (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the 6 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school 7 8 property, for the purpose of committing or attempting 9 to commit a sex offense. 10 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or around school property, other than the offender's 11 residence. 12 13 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher, 14 or any other certified employee of the school, the 15 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board. 16 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is quilty of a Class 4 felony. 17 (Source: P.A. 94-158, eff. 7-11-05; 94-164, eff. 1-1-06; 18 94-170, eff. 7-11-05; revised 9-15-06.)". 19