

## Sen. John J. Cullerton

## Filed: 2/22/2007

	09500SB0300sam001 LRB095 04864 DRH 31243 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 300
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 300 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
5	Section 5.675 as follows:
6	(20 TLCC 105/5 675 nov.)
О	(30 ILCS 105/5.675 new)
7	Sec. 5.675. The Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund.
8	Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
9	changing Sections 6-206, 6-206.1, 6-208.1, 6-208.2, 6-303, and
10	11-501 and adding Sections 1-101.9 and 1-144.5 as follows:
11	(625 ILCS 5/1-101.9 new)
12	Sec. 1-101.9. Alternative alcohol monitoring device. A
13	device approved by the Department of State Police that:
14	(1) measures blood alcohol concentration, by breath,

	1	transdermal	absorption,	or	other	means,	with	an	accuracy	equa	ıl
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- 2 to that required of an ignition interlock device;
- 3 (2) provides identification of the person being tested by
- 4 the device;
- 5 (3) is capable of periodically measuring the blood alcohol
- 6 <u>concentration and storing the results of the test, along with</u>
- 7 <u>the date and time of the test;</u>
- 8 (4) has features that make the device difficult to
- 9 <u>circumvent or tamper with, and records evidence of tampering;</u>
- 10 (5) will maintain its calibration accuracy for a minimum
- 11 time period established by the Department of State Police;
- 12 (6) will not be affected by factors the device may be
- 13 subject to in normal operating conditions such as: power
- 14 fluctuations; humidity; dust; vibration; electromagnetic
- 15 fields; static; or radio frequency interference;
- 16 (7) made by a manufacturer that is covered by product
- 17 liability insurance equal to the amount required of ignition
- 18 <u>interlock device manufacturers;</u>
- 19 (8) is capable of transmitting the blood alcohol
- 20 concentration and other data in a format specified by rules of
- 21 the Department of State Police; and
- 22 (9) meets other criteria established by rules of the
- 23 Department of State Police.
- 24 (625 ILCS 5/1-144.5 new)
- Sec. 1-144.5. Monitoring device driver's license. A

- 1 license that allows a person whose driver's license has been
- summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 to drive a vehicle, 2
- 3 for the applicable period described in Section 6-206.1, if:
- 4 (1) the vehicle is equipped with an ignition interlock
- 5 device as defined in Section 1-129.1; or
- (2) the person uses an alternative alcohol monitoring 6
- 7 device as defined in Section 1-101.9.
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)
- 9 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke
- 10 license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or 11
- 12 revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary
- hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other 13
- 14 sufficient evidence that the person:
- 15 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory
- revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon 16
- 17 conviction;
- 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses 18
- 19 against traffic regulations governing the movement of
- vehicles committed within any 12 month period. 2.0
- revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 21
- months after the date of last conviction; 22
- 23 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor
- 24 vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of
- 25 offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the

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movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;

- 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;
- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
  - 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under

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1 the provisions of Section 6-103;

- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
- 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
- 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a monitoring device driver's license, a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
- 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
- 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;

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1	15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the
2	Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to
3	vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one
4	year;

- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section 11-501.1;
- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one

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- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;
- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine

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Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of а conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the

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driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one 1 2 year;

- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1:
- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
  - 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of

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1	this	Code

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- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of 2 this Code; 3
  - 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
  - 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code:
  - 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
    - 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code:
    - 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
- 19 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of 20 Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of 2.1 the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall 22 be for 90 days; or
- 23 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of 24 Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
- 25 For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, 26 and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license,

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- any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is
  deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the
  Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license,
  a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's
  license.
  - (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
    - (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
    - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date of the

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suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section

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6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local

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ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within

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one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the

- 1 reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant
- whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he 2
- or she reached the age of 18 years pursuant to any of the 3
- 4 provisions of this Section, require the applicant
- 5 participate in a driver remedial education course and be
- 6 retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the 7
- 8 Drivers License Compact.
- 9 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- 10 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 11 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- provisions of this Code. 12
- 13 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 14 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 15 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 16 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked
- under any provisions of this Code. 17
- (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 93-667, eff. 3-19-04; 18
- 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 93-955, eff. 8-19-04; 94-307, eff. 19
- 20 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)
- 22 Sec. 6-206.1. Monitoring device driver's license Judicial
- 23 Driving Permit. Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared a
- 24 policy of the State of Illinois that the driver who is impaired
- 25 by alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or

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compounds is a threat to the public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide a deterrent to such practice and to remove problem drivers from the highway, a statutory summary driver's license suspension is appropriate. It is also recognized that driving is a privilege and therefore, that in some cases the granting of limited driving privileges, where consistent with public safety, is warranted during the period of suspension in the form of a monitoring device driver's license a judicial driving permit to drive for the purpose of employment, receiving drug treatment or medical care, and educational pursuits, where no alternative means transportation is available.

The following procedures shall apply whenever a first offender is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:

(a) Subsequent to a notification of a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges as provided in Section 11-501.1, the circuit court shall order that the first offender as defined in Section 11-500 shall be issued a monitoring device driver's license may petition the circuit court of venue for a Judicial Driving Permit, hereinafter referred as a JDP, to relieve undue hardship. The court shall may issue a court order, pursuant to the criteria contained in this Section, directing the Secretary of State to issue a monitoring device driver's license such a JDP to the person petitioner. A monitoring device driver's license A JDP shall not become

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effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory summary suspension and shall not be issued by the Secretary of State until the person provides proof of installation of an approved ignition interlock device, as defined in Section 1-129.1, or an alternative alcohol monitoring device, as defined in Section 1-101.9.

(a-1) A person issued a monitoring device driver's license may drive for any purpose and at any time, subject to the rules adopted by the Department of State Police under subsection (h). The person must, at his or her own expense, drive only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. If the person has no vehicle on which to install an ignition interlock device, he or she must use an alternative alcohol monitoring device as defined in Section 1-101.9. The person must provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the court that the ignition interlock device has been installed in the designated vehicle or vehicles or that the person is using the alternative alcohol monitoring device as required. and shall always be subject to the following criteria:

1. If ordered for the purposes of employment, the JDP shall be only for the purpose of providing the petitioner the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and the petitioner's place of employment and return; or within the scope of petitioner's employment related duties, shall be effective only during and limited to those specific times and routes

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actually required to commute or perform the petitioner's employment related duties.

2. The court, by a court order, may also direct the Secretary of State to issue a JDP to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound treatment or medical care, if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available. Such JDP shall be effective only during the specific times actually required to commute.

3. The court, by a court order, may also direct the Secretary of State to issue a JDP to allow transportation by the petitioner for educational purposes upon demonstrating that there are no alternative means of transportation reasonably available to accomplish those educational purposes. Such JDP shall be only for the purpose of providing transportation to and from the petitioner's residence and the petitioner's place of educational activity, and only during the specific times and routes actually required to commute or perform the petitioner's educational requirement.

4. The Court shall not issue an order granting a JDP to:

(i) Any person unless and until the court, after considering the results of a current professional evaluation of the person's alcohol or other drug use by an

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agency pursuant to Section 15-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act and other appropriate investigation of the person, is satisfied that granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the highways will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

(ii) Any person who has been convicted of reckless homicide within the previous 5 years.

(iii) Any person whose privilege to operate a motor vehicle was invalid at the time of arrest for the current violation of Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except in cases where the cause for a driver's license suspension has been removed at the time a JDP is effective. In any case, should the Secretary of State enter a suspension or revocation of driving privileges pursuant to the provisions of this Code while the JDP is in effect or pending, the Secretary shall take the prescribed action and provide a notice to the person and the court ordering the issuance of the JDP that all driving privileges, including those provided by the issuance of the JDP, have been withdrawn.

(iv) Any person under the age of 18 years.

(v) Any person for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle if the person's driving privileges have been suspended under any provision of this Code in accordance with 49 C.F.B. Part 384

(b) (Blank). Prior to ordering the issuance of a JDP the

_	court should constact at reast, sat not se rimited to, the
2	following issues:
3	1. Whether the person is employed and no other means of
4	commuting to the place of employment is available or that
5	the person must drive as a condition of employment. The
6	employer shall certify the hours of employment and the need
7	and parameters necessary for driving as a condition to
8	employment.
9	2. Whether the person must drive to secure alcohol or
10	other medical treatment for himself or a family member.
11	3. Whether the person must drive for educational
12	purposes. The educational institution shall certify the
13	person's enrollment in and academic schedule at the
14	institution.
15	4. Whether the person has been repeatedly convicted of
16	traffic violations or involved in motor vehicle accidents
17	to a degree which indicates disrespect for public safety.
18	5. Whether the person has been convicted of a traffic
19	violation in connection with a traffic accident resulting
20	in the death of any person within the last 5 years.
21	6. Whether the person is likely to obey the limited
22	provisions of the JDP.
23	7. Whether the person has any additional traffic
24	violations pending in any court.
25	For purposes of this Section, programs conducting
26	professional evaluations of a person's alcohol, other drug, or

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intoxicating compound use must report, to the court of venue, using a form prescribed by the Secretary of State. A copy of such evaluations shall be sent to the Secretary of State by the court. However, the evaluation information shall be privileged and only available to courts and to the Secretary of State, but shall not be admissible in the subsequent trial on the underlying charge.

- (c) The scope of any court order issued for a monitoring device driver's license a JDP under this Section shall be limited to the operation of a motor vehicle as provided for in subsection (a-1) (a) of this Section and shall specify the petitioner's residence, place of employment or location of educational institution, and the scope of job related duties, if relevant. The JDP shall also specify days of the week and specific hours of the day when the petitioner is able to exercise the limited privilege of operating a motor vehicle.
- (c-1) If the <u>person</u> <u>petitioner</u> is issued a citation for a violation of Section 6-303 during the period of a statutory summary suspension entered under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, or if the <u>person</u> <u>petitioner</u> is charged with a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense which occurs after the current violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the court may not grant the <u>person</u> <u>petitioner</u> <u>a</u> <u>monitoring device driver's license</u> <u>a JDP</u> unless the petitioner is acquitted or the citation or complaint is otherwise

dismissed.

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If the person <del>petitioner</del> is issued a citation for a violation of Section 6-303 or a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense during the term of the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del>, the officer issuing the citation, or the law enforcement agency employing that officer, shall confiscate the monitoring device driver's license JDP and immediately send the monitoring device driver's license JDP and notice of the citation to the court that ordered the issuance of the monitoring device driver's license JDP. Within 10 days of receipt, the issuing court, upon notice to the person petitioner, shall conduct a hearing to consider cancellation of the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del>. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to the Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel the monitoring device driver's license JDP and notify the person petitioner of the cancellation. If, however, the person petitioner is convicted of the offense before the monitoring device driver's license JDP has been cancelled, the court of venue shall send notice of conviction to the court that ordered issuance of the monitoring device driver's license JDP. The court receiving the notice shall immediately enter an order of cancellation and forward the order to the Secretary of State. The Secretary shall cancel the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del> and notify the person petitioner of the

cancellation.

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If the person petitioner is issued a citation for any other traffic related offense during the term of the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del>, the officer issuing the citation, or the law enforcement agency employing that officer, shall send notice of the citation to the court that ordered issuance of the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del>. Upon receipt and notice to the person petitioner and an opportunity for a hearing, the court shall determine whether the violation constitutes grounds for cancellation of the monitoring device driver's license JDP. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel monitoring device driver's license JDP and shall notify the person petitioner of the cancellation.

- (c-5) If the court determines that the person to whom the monitoring device driver's license is issued is indigent, the court shall provide the person with a written document as evidence of that determination, and the person shall provide that written document to a device provider. The provider shall install a device on that person's vehicle and seek reimbursement from the Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund.
- (d) The Secretary of State shall, upon receiving a court order from the court of venue, issue a monitoring device driver's license a JDP to a person successful Petitioner under this Section. Such court order form shall also contain a

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notification, which shall be sent to the Secretary of State, providing the name, driver's license number, and legal address of the person successful petitioner, and the full and detailed description of the limitations of the JDP. This information shall be available only to the courts, police officers, and the Secretary of State, except during the actual period the monitoring device driver's license <del>JDP</del> is valid, during which time it shall be a public record. The Secretary of State shall design and furnish to the courts an official court order form to be used by the courts when directing the Secretary of State to issue a monitoring device driver's license a JDP.

Any submitted court order that contains insufficient data or fails to comply with this Code shall not be utilized for monitoring device driver's license JDP issuance or entered to the driver record but shall be returned to the issuing court indicating why the monitoring device driver's license JDP cannot be so entered. A notice of this action shall also be sent to the monitoring device driver's <a href="license">license</a> <a href="JDP">JDP</a> petitioner by the Secretary of State.

- (e) (Blank). The circuit court of venue may conduct the judicial hearing, as provided in Section 2-118.1, and the JDP hearing provided in this Section, concurrently. Such concurrent hearing shall proceed in the court in the same manner as in other civil proceedings.
- (f) (Blank). The circuit court of venue may, as a of the issuance of a JDP, prohibit the person from operating a

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motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device.

(q) A person whose driver's license has been summarily suspended for 6 months under subdivision (a) 2 of Section 6-208.1 of this Code or for 12 months under subdivision (a)1 of that Section, if he or she is issued a monitoring device driver's license in accordance with this Section and he or she complies with the terms of the license as provided in the rules adopted by the Department of State Police under subsection (h), shall hold that license for the remainder of his or her period of suspension, except as otherwise provided in the rules adopted under subsection (h).

(h) The Department of State Police, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Department of Transportation, shall adopt rules for <u>implementing this Section</u>. The rules adopted shall address issues including, but not limited to: compliance with the requirements of the monitoring device driver's license; methods for determining compliance with those requirements; the consequences of noncompliance with those requirements; and the duties of a person or entity that supplies the ignition interlock device or alternative alcohol monitoring devices required under this Section to offenders in this State. When adopting rules under this Section, the Department shall adopt, in its entirety, Title 92, Chapter II, Part 1001, Section 1001.442, of the Administrative Code of this State, BAIID Providers Certification Procedures and Responsibilities, Approval of Breath Alcohol Ignition

1	<pre>Interlock Devices; Inspections; BAIID Installers</pre>
2	Responsibilities; Disqualification of a BAIID Provider. The
3	Department may also adopt additional rules, including but not
4	limited to, ignition interlock device requirements, duties of
5	ignition interlock device installers, approval and evaluation
6	of ignition interlock device devices seeking approval, and
7	Department auditing procedures of ignition interlock device
8	devices, installers, and device data reporting systems and
9	procedures. In addition, the Department shall adopt similar
10	rules for approval of alternative alcohol monitoring devices,
11	including: certification and responsibilities; inspections;
12	installer responsibilities; department auditing procedures of
13	alternative alcohol monitoring devices, installers and device
14	data reporting systems and procedures; and disqualification of
15	an alternative alcohol monitoring device provider.
16	(i) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide
17	that a person is not in compliance with the requirements of the
18	monitoring device driver's license if he or she:
19	(1) tampers or attempts to tamper with or circumvent
20	the proper operation of the ignition interlock device or
21	the alternative alcohol monitoring device;
22	(2) provides valid breath or other samples that
23	register blood alcohol levels in excess of the number of
24	times allowed under the rules;
25	(3) if required to drive only a vehicle or vehicles

equipped with an ignition interlock device, fails to

1	provide a sufficient number of breath samples to account
2	for his or her expected usage of the designated vehicle or
3	vehicles, creating an inference that he or she might be
4	driving another vehicle, one not equipped with an ignition
5	<pre>interlock device;</pre>
6	(4) fails to provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the
7	Court that the ignition interlock device has been installed
8	in the designated vehicle or vehicles or that the person is
9	using the alternative alcohol monitoring device as
10	required; or
11	(5) fails to follow any other applicable rules adopted
12	by the Illinois State Police.
13	(j) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide
14	that a person who fails to comply with the rules, or who
15	petitions the courts to reduce the suspension as authorized
16	under subsection (m) of this Section, shall receive D.U.I.
17	evaluation services from a person or program licensed under
18	Section 15-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
19	Dependency Act.
20	(k) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide
21	that a person who fails to comply with the rules shall, for a
22	period specified by the rules, be required to drive only
23	vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined
24	in Section 1-129.1. If the person has no vehicle on which to
25	install an ignition interlock device, he or she must use an

alternative alcohol monitoring device.

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(1) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that a person found to be in violation of the requirements of his or her monitoring device driver's license shall have the statutory summary suspension of his or her driving privileges extended for an additional 3 months. If the person again fails to meet these requirements, the suspension shall be extended for another 3 months, meaning that the suspension of the driving privileges of a person who continues to fail to meet these requirements could be extended indefinitely.

(m) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that a person who has complied with the rules, as determined through testing, inspection, or investigation, may petition the court to reduce the term of the suspension imposed under subdivision (a) 1 or (a) 2 of Section 6-208.2 by one-half. The court shall grant the petition if the person is found to be in compliance and the D.U.I. evaluation does not recommend alcohol treatment.

(n) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that a person whose driving privileges have been suspended under Section 6-208.1 or 6-208.2 shall not have those privileges restored by the Secretary of State until he or she has been found by the court to be in compliance with those rules. If the original summary suspension period ordered under Section 6-208.1 or Section 6-208.2 has terminated, and the person is seeking restoration of driving privileges and cannot show proof of compliance with the rules of the monitoring

device driver's license, or if the monitoring device driver's 1 license was cancelled, the Secretary of State shall issue only 2 a restricted driving permit requiring operating only a vehicle 3 4 with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129. 5 1 installed or use of an alternative monitoring device as 6 defined in Section 1.101.9 for a period of twice the original

summary suspension period ordered under Section 6-208.1 or

Section 6-208.2.

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(o) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that a person or entity that supplies the ignition interlock devices or alternative alcohol monitoring devices required under this Section to offenders in this State shall, in addition to supplying only those devices which fully comply with all the rules adopted under subsection (h), provide the applicable prosecuting authority within 3 days of inspection monitoring reports in a standardized form or format as adopted by rule of the Department of State Police regarding the compliance of each person with the requirements of his or her monitoring device driver's license. The monitoring and inspection performed by the persons or entities that provide ignition interlock devices or alternative alcohol monitoring devices under this Section shall include but not be limited to: a check or the calibration and proper operation of the device and recalibration; repair or replacement of the device if necessary; a physical or electronic inspection of the devices for evidence of tampering or circumvention of the devices;

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1 proper operation; and a downloading and reporting of the data 2 collected by the devices to the courts.

(p) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that a person or entity that supplies the ignition interlock devices or alternate alcohol monitoring devices required under this Section to offenders in this State shall, for each ignition interlock device the person or entity installs in a vehicle or for each alternative alcohol monitoring device the person or entity supplies to a person, pay 5% of the total gross revenue received for the device into the Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund. The amount charged shall be clearly indicated as a separate surcharge on each invoice that any person or entity that is authorized to provide either ignition interlock devices or alternative alcohol monitoring devices issues to any person using the devices. The Department of State Police shall conduct an annual review of the fund to determine whether the deposit level is sufficient to provide for indigent users. The Department may increase or decrease this deposit requirement as needed.

(q) The rules adopted under subsection (h) shall provide that, if a person or entity that supplies the ignition interlock devices or alternative alcohol monitoring devices required under this Section to offenders in this State is requested to provide one of those devices to a person who presents evidence that he or she is indigent, as provided subsection (c-5) of this Section, the person or entity shall

- 1 supply the device to the person and shall seek reimbursement 2 from the Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund.
- 3 (r) The Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund is created as a 4 special fund in the State treasury. The Department of State 5 Police shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly 6 and approval by the Secretary, use all moneys in the Alcohol Monitoring Device Fund to supply ignition interlock devices to 7 indigent persons who are required under this Section to have 8 9 these devices installed in their vehicles and to supply 10 alternative alcohol monitoring devices to indigent persons who 11 are required under this Section to use these devices.
- (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-357, eff. 1-1-06; 12
- 13 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)

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- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)
- 15 Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension. 16
  - (a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been summarily suspended, pursuant to Section 11-501.1, shall not be eligible for restoration of the privilege until the expiration of:
- 1. Except as otherwise provided in rules adopted under 22 23 Section 6-206.1,  $12 \frac{Six}{}$  months from the effective date of 24 the statutory summary suspension for a refusal or failure 25 to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug,

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intoxicating compound concentration, pursuant or to Section 11-501.1: or

- 2. Except as otherwise provided in rules adopted under Section 6-206.1, 6 Three months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension imposed following the person's submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
- 3. Three years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
- 4. Eighteen months One year from the effective date of the summary suspension imposed for any person other than a first offender following submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis

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- 1 listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an 2 intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating 3 4 Compounds Act.
  - (b) Following a statutory summary suspension of the privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1, full driving privileges shall be restored unless the person is otherwise disqualified by this Code. If the court has reason to believe that the person's driving privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the Secretary of State prior to the expiration of the statutory summary suspension so appropriate action may be taken pursuant to this Code.
  - (c) Full driving privileges may not be restored until all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry made to the driver's record.
  - (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 and the person is subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on statutory summary suspension shall be credited toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed pursuant to Section 6-205.
  - (e) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1, for a first offender, the circuit court shall may, after at least 30 days from the

- 1 effective date of the statutory summary suspension, issue a
- monitoring device driver's license a judicial driving permit as 2
- provided in Section 6-206.1. 3
- 4 (f) Subsequent to an arrest of a first offender, for any
- 5 offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of
- a local ordinance, following a statutory summary suspension of 6
- driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1, for a first 7
- 8 offender, the circuit court shall may issue a court order
- 9 directing the Secretary of State to issue a monitoring device
- 10 driver's license a judicial driving permit as provided in
- 11 Section 6-206.1. However, this monitoring device driver's
- license <del>JDP</del> shall not be effective prior to the 31st day of the 12
- 13 statutory summary suspension.
- 14 (q) (Blank). Following a statutory summary suspension
- 15 driving privileges pursuant to Section 11 501.1 where the
- person was not a first offender, as defined in Section 11 16
- the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted 17
- 18 permit.
- 19 (h) (Blank).
- 20 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-248, eff. 8-3-01.)
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-208.2)
- Sec. 6-208.2. Restoration of driving privileges; persons 22
- 23 under age 21.
- 24 (a) Unless the suspension based upon consumption of alcohol
- 25 by a minor or refusal to submit to testing has been rescinded

- by the Secretary of State in accordance with item (c)(3) of 1
- Section 6-206 of this Code, a person whose privilege to drive a 2
- 3 motor vehicle on the public highways has been suspended under
- 4 Section 11-501.8 is not eligible for restoration of the
- 5 privilege until the expiration of:
- 1. Six months from the effective date of the 6
- suspension, followed by 3 months of a monitoring device 7
- driver's license as defined in Section 1-144.5 for a 8
- 9 refusal or failure to complete a test or tests to determine
- 10 the alcohol concentration under Section 11-501.8;
- Three months from the effective date of the 11 2.
- suspension, followed by 3 months of a monitoring device 12
- driver's license as defined in Section 1-144.5, imposed 13
- 14 following the person's submission to a chemical test which
- 15 disclosed an alcohol concentration greater than 0.00 under
- 16 Section 11-501.8;
- 17 3. One year Two years from the effective date of the
- suspension, followed by one year of a monitoring device 18
- driver's license as defined in Section 1-144.5, for a 19
- 20 person who has been previously suspended under Section
- 11-501.8 and who refuses or fails to complete a test or 21
- 22 tests to determine the alcohol concentration under Section
- 23 11-501.8; or
- 24 4. Six months One year from the effective date of the
- 25 suspension, followed by 6 months of a monitoring device
- driver's license as defined by Section 1-144.5, imposed for 26

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- 1 a person who has been previously suspended under Section 11-501.8 following submission to a chemical test that 2 disclosed an alcohol concentration greater than 0.00 under 3 4 Section 11-501.8.
  - (b) Following a suspension of the privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.8, full driving privileges shall be restored unless the person is otherwise disqualified by this Code.
  - (c) Full driving privileges may not be restored until all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry made to the driver's record. The Secretary of State may also, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an individual under the age of 18 years whose driving privileges have been suspended pursuant to Section 11-501.8, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109.
  - (d) Where a driving privilege has been suspended under Section 11-501.8 and the person is subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on that suspension shall be credited toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed under Section 6-205.
  - (e) Following a suspension of driving privileges under 11 501.8 for a person who has not had his driving privileges previously suspended under that Section,

- 1 the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit
- 2 after at least 30 days from the effective date of the
- 3 suspension.
- 4 (f) Following a second or subsequent suspension of driving
- 5 privileges under Section 11 501.8, the Secretary of State may
- 6 issue a restricted driving permit after at least 12 months from
- 7 the effective date of the suspension.
- 8 <u>(e)</u> (g) (g) (Blank).
- 9 <u>(f)</u> Any restricted driving permit considered under this
- 10 Section is subject to the provisions of item (e) of Section
- 11 11-501.8.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 92-248, eff. 8-3-01.)
- 13 (625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)
- 14 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or
- privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
- 16 (a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control
- of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when
- 18 such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or
- 19 the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked
- or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another
- 21 state, except as may be specifically allowed by a monitoring
- 22 device driver's license a judicial driving permit, family
- 23 financial responsibility driving permit, probationary license
- 24 to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to
- 25 this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of

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a Class A misdemeanor.

- (b) The Secretary of State upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when said person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary, by the appropriate authority of another state, or pursuant to Section 11-501.1; except as may be specifically allowed by a probationary license to drive, a monitoring device driver's license, <del>judicial driving permit</del> or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; however, if the period of suspension has then expired, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend said person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; and if the conviction was upon a charge which indicated that a vehicle was operated during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked; except as may be allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.
- (c) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving

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- privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of: 1
- (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a 2 3 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the 4 offense of operating or being in physical control of a 5 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof; or 6
  - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
- (3) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 11 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless 12 13 homicide; or
- 14 (4) a statutory summary suspension under Section 15 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 16 Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence. 17
  - (c-1) Except as provided in subsection (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of community service.
  - (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth time of violating this Section any of the following:
- 25 (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's 26 vehicle.

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- 1 (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period of time to be determined by the court. 2
  - (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
    - (d-1) Except as provided in subsection (d-2) and subsection (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court.
    - (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary

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1 suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

- (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is quilty of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a

- 1 similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section
- 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of 2
- reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a 3
- 4 statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this
- 5 Code.
- (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in 6
- violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory 7
- insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed 8
- 9 under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle
- 10 immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement
- 11 officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed
- driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle 12
- 13 that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the
- 14 release by the vehicle owner.
- 15 (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified
- 16 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted
- as proof of any prior conviction. 17
- (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section 18
- is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 19
- 20 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the person's
- 21 driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a
- violation listed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection 22
- 23 (c) of this Section or as a result of a summary suspension as
- 24 provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of this Section.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 94-112, eff. 1-1-06.)

- 1 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- (Text of Section from P.A. 93-1093 and 94-963) 2
- 3 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 4 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 5 combination thereof.
- (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical 6
- 7 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 8 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
- 9 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- 10 breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 11 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or 12
- 13 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- 14 renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- 15 the influence of any other drug or under
- 16 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- 17 incapable of safely driving;
- 18 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug
- 19 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree
- 20 that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- 2.1 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or
- 22 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting
- 23 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in
- 24 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in
- 25 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating
- 26 compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
  - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
  - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

    (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

    (a) of this Section.
  - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
  - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
- (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation

- committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection 1
- (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal 2
- or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 3
- 4 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall
- 5 be imposed.
- (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service 6
- under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 7
- 8 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced
- 9 sentence.
- 10 (c) (Blank).
- (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 11
- 12 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked
- 13 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a
- 14 violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph
- 15 (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined
- in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is quilty of a 16
- 17 Class 4 felony.
- 18 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time,
- 19 if the third violation occurs during a period in which his
- 20 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where
- 2.1 the revocation or suspension was for a violation of
- 22 subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section
- 23 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3
- 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is quilty of a Class 3
- 25 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or
- 26 conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve

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a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.

- 1 (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).

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- (c-5)(1) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(1) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
  - (2) Except as provided in subdivisions (c-5)(3) and (c-5)(4) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(2) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
    - (3) Except as provided in subdivision (c-5)(4), any

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person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(3) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

- (4) Any person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(4) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (5) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an

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additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

- (6) Any person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(5) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 davs imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (7) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her

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blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-6)(1) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

- (2) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- (3) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a

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previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (4) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.
- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under

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- (a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent time;
- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school

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speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be

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sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of quilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment appropriate. Programs conducting these as evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional

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- 2 (e-1) Any person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a 3 4 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 5 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 6 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers 7 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 8 9 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall 10 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 11 determined by the court.
  - (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
  - The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 21 (h) (Blank).
  - The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation

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1 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 2 system.

(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols,

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and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and

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1 commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 2 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 3 4 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 5 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 6 7 and liquor store sting operations.

- (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.
- 25 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 26 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a),

- 1 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 2 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- 3 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle,
- 4 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a),
- 5 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 6 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 7
- an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 8
- 9 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency
- 10 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public
- 11 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 12
- 13 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- 14 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 15 ambulance.
- (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 16
- 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 17
- 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1093, eff. 3-29-05; 94-963, eff. 18
- 6-28-06.) 19
- (Text of Section from P.A. 94-110 and 94-963) 20
- 21 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 22 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 23 combination thereof.
- 24 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 25 control of any vehicle within this State while:

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- (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
  - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
  - (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;
  - under the influence of any other combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
  - (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
  - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
  - (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
    - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
      - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

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- 1 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of 2 another state that is similar to a violation of subsection 3 (a) of this Section. 4
  - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
  - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
  - (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
  - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to

1 suspension, nor shall the person be eliqible for a reduced 2 sentence.

(c) (Blank).

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- (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
  - (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the

violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
- 23 (c-5) Except as provided in subsection (c-5.1), a person 21
  24 years of age or older who violates subsection (a), if the
  25 person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the
  26 time of the violation, is subject to 6 months of imprisonment,

an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-5.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section a first time and who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm to the child under the age of 16 being transported by the person, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to one year of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to community service under this subsection (c-5.1) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-7.1), a person 21 years of age or older who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is

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1 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eliqible for a 2 reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-7.1), any person 21 years of age or older convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony and, in addition to any other penalty imposed, is subject to one year of imprisonment, 25 days of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory fine of \$2,500. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section a second time within 10 years and who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm to the child under the age of 16 being transported, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$5,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to community service under this subsection (c-7.1) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(c-8) (Blank).

(c-9) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a third

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time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 3 felony and, in addition to any other penalty imposed, is subject to 3 years of imprisonment, 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory fine of \$25,000. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the

- 1 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
- 2 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for
- probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum 3
- 4 fine of \$25,000.
- 5 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of
- 6 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol
- concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 7
- more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 8
- 9 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other
- 10 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100
- 11 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of
- \$500. 12
- 13 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of
- 14 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years
- 15 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar
- 16 provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection
- (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or 17
- her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 18
- 19 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
- 20 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty
- that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 21
- 22 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of 23
- 24 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a
- 25 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if
- 26 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a

- 1 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her
- 2 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on
- definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 3
- 4 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject,
- 5 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a
- mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 6

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent

minimum fine of \$2,500. 7

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- violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not
  - (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, the intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:

eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge

and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection

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1	(a)	or	a	similar	provision	for	the	third	or	subsequent
2	time	<b>∋</b> ;								

- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great

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bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the

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violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
- (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section,

- 1 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel
- 2 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's
- 3 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers
- 4 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated
- 5 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall
- 6 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be
- 7 determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, 8
- 9 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 10 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- 11 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
- of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the 12
- 13 Unified Code of Corrections.
- The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 14
- 15 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 16 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 17 (h) (Blank).
- 18 The Secretary of State shall require the use of
- 19 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an
- 20 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent
- offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local 21
- 22 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation
- the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 23
- 24 system.
- 25 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a
- 26 person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating

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subsection (a), including any person placed court supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police

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under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police

- 1 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for
- hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 2
- 3 and liquor store sting operations.
- 4 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense
- 5 based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a
- similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 6
- evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 7
- 8 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the
- 9 sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in
- 10 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor
- 11 compliance with remedial education any or treatment.
- recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 12
- 13 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or
- 14 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human
- 15 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois,
- 16 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug
- evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 17
- 18 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be
- under existing applicable alcoholism and drug 19 licensed
- 20 treatment licensure standards.
- (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 2.1
- law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 22
- 23 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 24 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- 25 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle,
- 26 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a),

- 1 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 2 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- 3 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in
- 4 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make
- 5 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency
- 6 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public
- agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 7
- 8 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- 9 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 10
- 11 ambulance.
- (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 12
- 13 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-110, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 14
- 15 6-28-06.)
- (Text of Section from P.A. 94-113, 94-609, and 94-963) 16
- 17 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 18 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 19 combination thereof.
- 20 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 21 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 22 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
- 23 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- 24 breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 25 (2) under the influence of alcohol;

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- 1 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or 2 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that 3 renders the person incapable of driving safely;
  - (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
  - (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
  - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
  - (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
    - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
    - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

      (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

      (a) of this Section.

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1 (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) 2 3 of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed

for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

- 5 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 6 7 quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
  - (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
- (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service 2.1 22 under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 23 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced 24 sentence.
- 25 (c) (Blank).
- 26 (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a

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period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the

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court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).

(c-4) (Blank).

- (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an

- 1 additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program
- 2 benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750.
- The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 3
- 4 subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the
- 5 person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 6 (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or
- a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of 7
- subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 8
- 9 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours
- 10 of mandatory community service in a program benefiting
- 11 children. additional mandatory minimum 12 an davs
- imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 12
- 13 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this
- subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 14
- 15 person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 16 (c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating
- subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 17
- 18 third violation the person was transporting a person under the
- 19 age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in
- 20 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory
- 21 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community
- 22 service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting
- 23 children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The
- 24 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this
- 25 subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the
- 26 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

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(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9)or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time the fourth or subsequent violation the person transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of similar provision, if the alcohol subsection (a) or a concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 1 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other

penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100

hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of

4 \$500.

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(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent
violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the
time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol
concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or
more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units
in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of
subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while
transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol
concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or
more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units
in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not
eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge
and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
  - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent time;
  - (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
  - (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident

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that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person,

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when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.

(2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, unless the court determines that extraordinary circumstances exist and require probation, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of

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either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.

(e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be

- 1 determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section,
  whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
  Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
  appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
  of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
  Unified Code of Corrections.
  - (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 11 (h) (Blank).

- (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.
- (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on court supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been

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previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and

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commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

- (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
- (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional

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evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor with any remedial education compliance or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public

- 1 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- 2 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 3
- 4 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 5 ambulance.
- (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 6
- 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 7
- 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-113, eff. 1-1-06; 94-609, eff. 1-1-06; 8
- 9 94-963, eff. 6-28-06.)
- (Text of Section from P.A. 94-114 and 94-963) 10
- Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, 11
- 12 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- combination thereof. 13
- 14 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 15 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or 16
- breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and 17
- breath units in Section 11-501.2; 18
- 19 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 2.0 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
- 21 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- 22 renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- under the influence of any other 23
- 24 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- 25 incapable of safely driving;

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- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
  - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
  - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
  - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

    (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

    (a) of this Section.
  - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is

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1 quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

- (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
- (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
  - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 19 (c) (Blank).
- 20 (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 21 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 22 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a 23 violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph 24 (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined 25 in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a 26 Class 4 felony.

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- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is quilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her

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driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or fifth time, if the fourth or fifth violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is quilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- 19 (c-2) (Blank).
- 20 (c-3) (Blank).
- 2.1 (c-4) (Blank).

22 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 23 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of 24 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum 25 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 26 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community

service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or

a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an

additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 1 2 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 3 4 to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced

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(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or fifth time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or fifth violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years

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of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or fifth violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or fifth violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection

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1	(a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person
2	under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his
3	or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the
4	definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
5	11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for
6	a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject
7	to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (c-16) Any person convicted of a sixth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) is guilty of a Class X felony.
  - (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be quilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
    - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent time:
    - (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
    - (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
      - (D) the person committed a violation of subsection

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- (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, watercraft or accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of

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alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is quilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under drugs, influence of alcohol, other drug or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

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- (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of as appropriate. Programs conducting evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
- (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense

- 1 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the 2 Unified Code of Corrections.
- The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 3 4 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 5 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 6 (h) (Blank).

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- (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.
- (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency

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under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for

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- 1 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. 2
  - (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
    - (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education treatment or

treatment licensure standards.

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1 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 2 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 3 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 4 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, 5 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 6 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 7

licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an ambulance.

- (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 1
- 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 2
- 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-114, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 3
- 4 6-28-06.)
- 5 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-116 and 94-963)
- 6 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 7 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 8 combination thereof.
- 9 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 10 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or 11
- 12 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- breath units in Section 11-501.2; 13
- 14 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 15 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
- combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that 16
- 17 renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- under the influence of any other 18 (4)drug or
- 19 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- incapable of safely driving; 20
- 21 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug
- 22 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree
- 23 that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- 24 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or
- 25 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting

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- from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
  - (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
    - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
      - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

        (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

        (a) of this Section.
      - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
  - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the

- defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days
- of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of
- 3 community service as may be determined by the court.
- 4 (b-4) In the case of a third violation committed within 5
- 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar
- 6 provision, the defendant is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and in
- 7 addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a
- 8 mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480
- 9 hours of community service shall be imposed.
- 10 (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service
- under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to
- 12 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced
- 13 sentence.
- 14 (c) (Blank).
- 15 (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a
- period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked
- or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a
- violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph
- 19 (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined
- in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a
- 21 Class 4 felony.
- 22 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time
- is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- 24 (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third
- 25 time, if the third violation occurs during a period in
- 26 which his or her driving privileges are revoked or

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suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth time is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a

- 1 sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (4) A person who violates subsection (a) a fifth or 2 subsequent time is guilty of a Class 1 felony and is not 3 4 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional 5 discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank). 6
- 7 (c-3) (Blank).
- 8 (c-4) (Blank).

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- 9 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 10 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of 11 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 12 13 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 14 15 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of 16 community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 17
  - (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is

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1 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eliqible for a 2 reduced sentence.

- (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting additional mandatory minimum 12 children, an imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in

addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory
fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community
service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting
children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The
imprisonment or assignment of community service under this
subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the
person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section

- 1 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for
- 2 probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum
- fine of \$3,000. 3
- 4 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of
- 5 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol
- 6 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or
- more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 7
- in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 8
- 9 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100
- 10 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of
- 11 \$500.
- (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of 12
- 13 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years
- of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 14
- 15 provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of
- 16 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the
- second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 17
- his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on 18
- 19 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
- 20 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty
- that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 21
- 22 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of 23
- 24 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a
- 25 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if
- 26 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a

minimum fine of \$2,500.

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1 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her 2 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 3 4 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall be subject, 5 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 6

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
- 26 (A) the person committed a violation of subsection

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1	(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
2	time;
3	(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
4	(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
5	age or younger on board;
6	(C) the person in committing a violation of
7	subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident
8	that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent
9	disability or disfigurement to another, when the
10	violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
11	(D) the person committed a violation of subsection
12	(a) for a second time and has been previously convicted
13	of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961
14	or a similar provision of a law of another state
15	relating to reckless homicide in which the person was
16	determined to have been under the influence of alcohol,
17	other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or
18	compounds as an element of the offense or the person
19	has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C)
20	or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
21	(E) the person, in committing a violation of
22	subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school
23	speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per
24	hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section

11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle

accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great

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bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, all-terrain vehicle, snowmobile. or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (c-1), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is quilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Except as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c-1), aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug, or drugs, intoxicating compounds or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of

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this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of appropriate. Programs conducting treatment as evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human

- 1 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid
- 2 for by the individual required to undergo the professional
- evaluation. 3
- 4 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to
- 5 violating this Section, including any person receiving a
- disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 6
- may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 7
- 8 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's
- 9 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers
- 10 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated
- 11 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall
- be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 12
- 13 determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found quilty of violating this Section, 14
- 15 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 16 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense 17
- 18 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
- 19 Unified Code of Corrections.
- 20 The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 21
- 22 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 23 (h) (Blank).
- 24 The Secretary of State shall require the use of
- 25 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an
- 26 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent

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1 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation 2 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 3 4 system.

(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police

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officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any

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combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug treatment licensure standards.

- 1 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 2 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 3 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 4 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 5 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 6 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 7 8 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 9 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 10 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 11 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 12 13 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 14 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 15 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 16 17 ambulance. (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 18 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 19 20 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-116, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 6-28-06.) 21
- 22 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-329 and 94-963)
- 23 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, 24 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 25 combination thereof.

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1	(a)	А	person	shal	ll not	driv	e or	be	in	actual	physical
2	control	of	any veh	icle	withi	n this	State	wh	ile:		

- (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
  - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

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- 1 (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
  - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

    (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

    (a) of this Section.
  - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
  - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
  - (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.

- 1 (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 2 3 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced 4 sentence.
  - (c) (Blank).

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- (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is quilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or intoxicating compound or compounds, combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in

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which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is quilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is quilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or

720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
- 20 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person
  21 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of
  22 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum
  23 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of
  24 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community
  25 service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2
  26 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of

community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

- (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in

addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting additional mandatory minimum children. an imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of

community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 1

to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced

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(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of

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1 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 2 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on 3 4 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 5 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 6 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250. 7

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol

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- 1 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 2 in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not 3 4 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge 5 and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.
  - (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
    - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent time;
    - (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
    - (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
    - (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was

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determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death:
- (G) the person committed the violation while he or she did not possess a driver's license or permit or a restricted driving permit or a monitoring device driver's license a judicial driving permit; or
- (H) the person committed the violation while he or she knew or should have known that the vehicle he or

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she was driving was not covered by a liability insurance policy.

(2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in paragraphs (2), (2.1), and (3) of subsection (c-1), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge

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1 must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment appropriate. Programs conducting as evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.

(e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be

- 1 determined by the court.
- 2 (f) Every person found quilty of violating this Section,
- whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this 3
- 4 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- 5 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
- 6 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
- Unified Code of Corrections. 7
- The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 8
- privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 9
- 10 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 11 (h) (Blank).
- The Secretary of State shall require the use of 12
- ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an 13
- individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent 14
- 15 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local
- 16 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation
- the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 17
- 18 system.
- 19 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a
- 20 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating
- 21 subsection (a), including any person placed on
- supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 22
- 23 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as
- 24 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest
- 25 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit
- 26 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been

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previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and

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commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

- (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
- (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional

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evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public

- agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 1
- (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 2
- response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 3
- 4 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 5 ambulance.
- (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 6
- 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 7
- 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-329, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 8
- 6-28-06.)". 9