95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

SB0142

Introduced 1/31/2007, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/16D-3

from Ch. 38, par. 16D-3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that a person commits computer tampering if he or she, knowingly and without the authorization of a computer's owner, accesses or causes to be accessed a computer network. Provides that accessing a computer network is deemed to be with the authorization of a computer's owner if: the owner authorizes patrons, customers, or guests to access the computer network and the person accessing the computer network is an authorized patron, customer, or guest and complies with all terms or conditions for use of the computer network that are imposed by the owner; or the owner authorizes the public to access the computer network and the person accessing the computer network complies with all terms or conditions for use of the computer network that are imposed by the owner.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY SB0142

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Section 16D-3 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/16D-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 16D-3)

7 Sec. 16D-3. Computer Tampering.

8 (a) A person commits the offense of computer tampering when 9 he knowingly and without the authorization of a computer's 10 owner, as defined in Section 15-2 of this Code, or in excess of 11 the authority granted to him:

12 (1) Accesses or causes to be accessed a computer or any
 13 part thereof, <u>a computer network</u>, or a program or data;

14 (2) Accesses or causes to be accessed a computer or any
 15 part thereof, <u>a computer network</u>, or a program or data, and
 16 obtains data or services;

17 (3) Accesses or causes to be accessed a computer or any 18 part thereof, <u>a computer network</u>, or a program or data, and 19 damages or destroys the computer or alters, deletes or 20 removes a computer program or data;

(4) Inserts or attempts to insert a "program" into a
 computer or computer program knowing or having reason to
 believe that such "program" contains information or

commands that will or may damage or destroy that computer, 1 2 or any other computer subsequently accessing or being 3 accessed by that computer, or that will or may alter, delete or remove a computer program or data from that 4 5 computer, or any other computer program or data in a computer subsequently accessing or being accessed by that 6 7 computer, or that will or may cause loss to the users of 8 that computer or the users of a computer which accesses or 9 which is accessed by such "program";

10 (5) Falsifies or forges electronic mail transmission 11 information or other routing information in any manner in 12 connection with the transmission of unsolicited bulk 13 electronic mail through or into the computer network of an 14 electronic mail service provider or its subscribers;

15 (a-5) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to 16 sell, give, or otherwise distribute or possess with the intent 17 to sell, give, or distribute software which (1) is primarily designed or produced for the purpose of facilitating or 18 enabling the falsification of electronic mail transmission 19 20 information or other routing information; (2) has only a limited commercially significant purpose or use other than to 21 facilitate or enable the falsification of electronic mail 22 23 transmission information or other routing information; or (3) 24 is marketed by that person or another acting in concert with 25 person with that person's knowledge for use that in 26 facilitating or enabling the falsification of electronic mail

1 transmission information or other routing information.

2 (a-10) For purposes of subsection (a), accessing a computer
3 network is deemed to be with the authorization of a computer's
4 owner if:

5 (1) the owner authorizes patrons, customers, or guests 6 to access the computer network and the person accessing the 7 computer network is an authorized patron, customer, or 8 guest and complies with all terms or conditions for use of 9 the computer network that are imposed by the owner; or

10 <u>(2) the owner authorizes the public to access the</u> 11 <u>computer network and the person accessing the computer</u> 12 <u>network complies with all terms or conditions for use of</u> 13 <u>the computer network that are imposed by the owner.</u>

14 (b) Sentence.

(1) A person who commits the offense of computer
tampering as set forth in subsection (a)(1), (a)(5), or
(a-5) of this Section shall be guilty of a Class B
misdemeanor.

19 (2) A person who commits the offense of computer
20 tampering as set forth in subsection (a) (2) of this Section
21 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and a Class 4
22 felony for the second or subsequent offense.

(3) A person who commits the offense of computer
tampering as set forth in subsection (a) (3) or subsection
(a) (4) of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony
and a Class 3 felony for the second or subsequent offense.

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(4) If the injury arises from the transmission of 1 2 unsolicited bulk electronic mail, the injured person, 3 other than an electronic mail service provider, may also recover attorney's fees and costs, and may elect, in lieu 4 5 of actual damages, to recover the lesser of \$10 for each every unsolicited bulk electronic mail 6 and message transmitted in violation of this Section, or \$25,000 per 7 8 day. The injured person shall not have a cause of action 9 against the electronic mail service provider that merely 10 transmits the unsolicited bulk electronic mail over its 11 computer network.

(5) If the injury arises from the transmission of unsolicited bulk electronic mail, an injured electronic mail service provider may also recover attorney's fees and costs, and may elect, in lieu of actual damages, to recover the greater of \$10 for each and every unsolicited electronic mail advertisement transmitted in violation of this Section, or \$25,000 per day.

(6) The provisions of this Section shall not be
construed to limit any person's right to pursue any
additional civil remedy otherwise allowed by law.

(c) Whoever suffers loss by reason of a violation of subsection (a)(4) of this Section may, in a civil action against the violator, obtain appropriate relief. In a civil action under this Section, the court may award to the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and other

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- 1 litigation expenses.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 91-233, eff. 1-1-00.)