

HJ0021HAM001

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LRB095 09784 RLC 33794 a

1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 21
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Joint Resolution 21 by
3	replacing lines 2 through 21 on page 1, and all of pages 2, 3,
4	and 4 with the following:
5	"WHEREAS, Article I, Section 11 of the Illinois
6	Constitution states "All penalties shall be determined both
7	according to the seriousness of the offense AND WITH THE
8	OBJECTIVE OF RESTORING THE OFFENDER TO USEFUL CITIZENSHIP"
9	(emphasis added); and
10	WHEREAS, Illinois is one of only 11 states that has life
11	without parole sentences and one of only 6 states where all
12	life sentences are without parole; and
13	WHEREAS, Thirty years ago only a handful of prisoners in
14	Illinois served sentences longer than 30 years; this year
15	approximately 4,000 Illinois prisoners have sentences of 30

years or more, including C number prisoners, amounting to about

- 1 10% of all Illinois prisoners; and
- WHEREAS, In Illinois at least 500 people each year are 2
- 3 sentenced as lifers or long-term prisoners; and
- WHEREAS, With the growth of truth in sentencing laws and 4
- increased use of life without parole sentences, the number of 5
- 6 long-term prisoners will grow exponentially; and
- 7 WHEREAS, It costs at least one million dollars to confine a
- 8 person in prison for 30 years; and
- 9 WHEREAS, It is estimated that close to half of those lifers
- 10 and long-term prisoners will never be released from prison if
- 11 current policies stay in place; and
- WHEREAS, The recidivism rate for long termers is the lowest 12
- 13 of any group of prisoners; and
- 14 WHEREAS, A large number of lifers and long-term prisoners
- 15 are sentenced under the accountability theory and not for the
- 16 actual commission of the crime, and some are first time
- 17 offenders; and
- 18 WHEREAS, Community crime prevention programs, not harsher
- 19 prison sentences are responsible for the decline in crime

- 1 rates; and
- WHEREAS, Numerous innocent people have been wrongly
- 3 convicted in Illinois; and
- WHEREAS, Many countries no longer impose sentences of life
- 5 without parole; therefore, be it
- 6 RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
- 7 NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE
- 8 SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that there is created the Long-Term
- 9 Prisoners Study Committee, hereinafter referred to as the
- 10 Committee, consisting of 17 members appointed as follows:
- 11 (1) Three members appointed by the President of the Senate;
- 12 (2) Two members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
- 13 Senate:
- 14 (3) Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
- 15 Representatives;
- 16 (4) Two members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
- 17 House of Representatives;
- 18 (5) One member appointed by the Attorney General;
- 19 (6) One member appointed by the Governor;
- 20 (7) One member appointed by the Cook County State's
- 21 Attorney;
- 22 (8) One member appointed by the Office of the Cook County
- 23 Public Defender;

- 1 (9) One member appointed by the Office of the State
- Appellate Defender; 2
- 3 (10) One member appointed by the Office of the State's
- 4 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor; and
- 5 (11) One member appointed by the Director of Corrections;
- 6 and be it further
- 7 RESOLVED, That the Department of Corrections shall provide
- 8 staff and administrative support to the Committee; and be it
- 9 further
- 10 RESOLVED, That the Committee shall study and examine issues
- 11 related to prisoners sentenced to life without parole and
- 12 prisoners sentenced to terms in excess of 30 years; and be it
- 13 further
- RESOLVED, That the Committee in its deliberations shall 14
- 15 always give priority to public safety and the best use of State
- 16 funds; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That the Committee shall hold public hearings and 17
- 18 present a report of its findings and recommendations to the
- 19 95th General Assembly before December 31, 2007.".