

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB6689

by Rep. Linda Chapa LaVia

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 320/40.5 new

Amends the Illinois Plumbing License Law. Sets forth criminal and civil penalties for the failure to install a backflow prevention device in violation of the Illinois Plumbing Code. Creates a private right of action. Allows for injunctive relief and the granting of treble damages in certain cases involving such failure.

LRB095 22012 RAS 52281 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Plumbing License Law is amended by adding Section 40.5 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 320/40.5 new)
- Sec. 40.5. Failure to install backflow prevention device;
- 8 penalties; right of action; municipal regulation.
- 9 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- 10 <u>"Backflow prevention device" means any device that is</u>
  11 <u>designed to prevent any contamination by backflow of any</u>
- 12 potable water supply.
- "Contaminant" or "toxic substance" means any substance,
- 14 the presence of which in potable water is proscribed by the
- 15 <u>federal Clean Water Act and all regulations adopted pursuant to</u>
- the federal Clean Water Act, in the specific amounts and levels
- of concentration proscribed by the federal Clean Water Act and
- all regulations adopted pursuant to the Clean Water Act.
- (b) Any person who knowingly neglects to install a backflow
- 20 prevention device in violation of the Illinois Plumbing Code,
- 21 <u>thereby causing any person to be exposed to any toxic substance</u>
- or other contaminant, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- A person is quilty of the offense set forth in this

subsection (b) regardless of whether he or she intended to

cause another person to be exposed to any toxic substance or

contaminant.

(c) In addition to any criminal penalties or any other monetary penalties imposed under this Section, the Department may levy a fine for the failure to install a backflow prevention device as set forth in subsection (b) of this Section, which may not to exceed \$5,000 for the first violation and may not exceed \$15,000 for a second or subsequent violation.

(d) Any party injured by a failure to install a backflow prevention device as set forth in subsection (b) of this Section may initiate a cause of action in the circuit courts of this State. Upon a showing by a preponderance of the evidence that a party's failure to abide by the terms of this Law or the Illinois Plumbing Code proximately caused injury to the plaintiff, the court may award treble damages to the plaintiff. The Attorney General or the State's Attorney for the jurisdiction in which the violation occurred may initiate actions on behalf of the people of the State to seek injunctive relief against persons and entities who, upon a preponderance of the evidence, are demonstrated to have intentionally failed to install a backflow prevention device in accordance with all applicable standards set forth in the Illinois Plumbing Code.

(e) Any person exposed to toxic substances as a result of the intentional failure of another person or entity to install

1	а	backflow	prevention	device	in	accordance	with	all	applicable

- 2 laws and rules may seek, and the circuit courts of the State
- 3 may grant, at its discretion, injunctive relief and monetary
- damages equal to treble the amount of the plaintiff's actual
- 5 damages. Plaintiffs may recover, and courts may award,
- 6 attorney's fees upon a finding of liability.
- 7 (f) Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 95th General
- 8 Assembly shall be construed as limiting in any manner the
- 9 <u>authority of any unit of local government to adopt regulations</u>,
- 10 rules, or ordinances more restrictive than those provided for
- in this Law or the Illinois Administrative Code.