

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB6319

by Rep. Rosemary Mulligan - Ruth Munson - Ronald A. Wait - Dennis M. Reboletti - Sidney H. Mathias, et al.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 105/3b new 35 ILCS 120/2-75 new

Amends the Use Tax Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that no tax is imposed under the Acts upon the use or purchase of (i) tangible personal property that is purchased in its original package for a selling price of \$600 or less or (ii) tangible personal property that qualifies as an "Energy Star" product under the federal Energy Star Program to the extent of the first \$600 of value if that property is purchased during a tax holiday. Defines "tax-holiday" as the period from 12:01 a.m. on May 23, 2008 through midnight of May 26, 2008. Sets forth criteria for transactions to qualify for the exemption. Effective immediately.

LRB095 20376 HLH 48425 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1	g revenue.
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Ζ	be it enacted by the reopie of the State of Infinois,
3	represented in the General Assembly:
4	"Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section
5	9 and by adding Section 3b as follows:
6	(35 ILCS 105/3b new)
7	Sec. 3b. Tax holiday.
8	(a) No tax under this Act is imposed upon the privilege of
9	using, in this State, qualified merchandise that is purchased
10	at retail from a retailer if the qualified merchandise is
11	purchased during the holiday period.
12	(b) For the purpose of this Section:
13	"Holiday period" means the period from 12:01 a.m. on May
14	23, 2008 through midnight of May 26, 2008.
15	"Qualified merchandise" means:
16	(1) any tangible personal property that is purchased in
17	its original package for a selling price of \$600 or less;
18	<u>and</u>
19	(2) any property that qualifies as an "Energy Star"

product under the Energy Star Program administered by the

United States Environmental Protection Agency to the

(c) For purpose of this Section, a "purchase" occurs during

extent of the first \$600 of value.

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the tax holiday if the buyer places an order and pays the 1 2 purchase price by cash or credit during the tax holiday period 3 regardless of whether the delivery of the item occurs after the 4 tax holiday period.

An item of qualified merchandise that is placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan during the holiday period is not eligible for the reduced tax rate unless the item is delivered to the purchaser during the period. An item that was placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan before the holiday period and is then delivered to the purchaser during the holiday period is eligible for the exemption under this Section.

(d) Any discount, coupon, or other credit offered either by the retailer or by a vendor of the retailer to reduce the final price to the customer must be taken into account in determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday. If the price of an item is free or reduced with the purchase of another item, then the total price of the items may not be averaged in order for both items to qualify for the holiday.

The amount of any rebate may not be considered when determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday.

(e) Articles that are normally sold as a unit must continue to be sold in that manner; they may not be priced separately and sold as individual items in order to be subject to the holiday. Components that are normally priced as separate

- 1 <u>articles, however, may continue to be sold as separate</u> 2 articles.
 - (f) Qualified merchandise that customers purchase during the holiday period with the use of a rain check qualify for the holiday regardless of when the rain check was issued. The issuance of a rain check, however, during the holiday period does not qualify merchandise for the exemption if the merchandise is actually purchased after the holiday period.
 - (q) If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise during the holiday period but later exchanges the item for a substantially similar item of a different size, different color, or other feature, then no additional tax is due even if the exchange is made after the holiday period.
 - If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise during the holiday period, but after the holiday period has ended, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item, then the newly purchased item is subject to the full tax rate.
 - If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise before the holiday period, but during the holiday period, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of qualified merchandise, then the newly purchased item is subject to the exemption.
 - (h) Each unit of local government that imposes a use tax may, by resolution or ordinance, declare a tax holiday with respect to its use tax for the same items, during the same

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1	periods, and under the same conditions and is encouraged to do
2	<u>so.</u>
3	Section 10. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
4	changing Section 3 and by adding Section 2-75 as follows:
5	(35 ILCS 120/2-75 new)
6	Sec. 2-75. Tax holiday.
7	(a) No tax under this Act is imposed upon persons engaged
8	in the business of selling, at retail, qualified merchandise if
9	the qualified merchandise is purchased during the holiday
10	period.
11	(b) For the purpose of this Section:
12	"Holiday period" means the period from 12:01 a.m. on May
13	23, 2008 through midnight of May 26, 2008.
14	"Qualified merchandise" means:
15	(1) any tangible personal property that is purchased in
16	its original package for a selling price of \$600 or less;
17	and
18	(2) any property that qualifies as an "Energy Star"
19	product under the Energy Star Program administered by the
20	United States Environmental Protection Agency to the
21	extent of the first \$600 of value.
22	(c) For purpose of this Section, a "purchase" occurs during

the tax holiday if the buyer places an order and pays the

purchase price by cash or credit during the tax holiday period

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regardless of whether the delivery of the item occurs after the 1 2 tax holiday period.

An item of qualified merchandise that is placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan during the holiday period is not eligible for the reduced tax rate unless the item is delivered to the purchaser during the period. An item that was placed in a layaway or similar deferred plan before the holiday period and is then delivered to the purchaser during the holiday period is eligible for the exemption under this Section.

(d) Any discount, coupon, or other credit offered either by the retailer or by a vendor of the retailer to reduce the final price to the customer must be taken into account in determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday. If the price of an item is free or reduced with the purchase of another item, then the total price of the items may not be averaged in order for both items to qualify for the holiday.

The amount of any rebate may not be considered when determining the selling price of the item for the purposes of this holiday.

(e) Articles that are normally sold as a unit must continue to be sold in that manner; they may not be priced separately and sold as individual items in order to be subject to the holiday. Components that are normally priced as separate articles, however, may continue to be sold as separate articles.

<u>(f)</u>	(f) Qualified		merchandise		customers		purchase	during	
the holid	day period	with th	e use	e of a	rain	check	qualify	for	the

holiday regardless of when the rain check was issued. The

issuance of a rain check, however, during the holiday period

does not qualify merchandise for the exemption if the

merchandise is actually purchased after the holiday period.

(g) If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise during the holiday period but later exchanges the item for a substantially similar item of a different size, different color, or other feature, then no additional tax is due even if the exchange is made after the holiday period.

If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise during the holiday period, but after the holiday period has ended, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item, then the newly purchased item is subject to the full tax rate.

If a customer purchases an item of qualified merchandise before the holiday period, but during the holiday period, the customer returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of qualified merchandise, then the newly purchased item is subject to the exemption.

(h) Each unit of local government that imposes a use tax may, by resolution or ordinance, declare a tax holiday with respect to its use tax for the same items, during the same periods, and under the same conditions and is encouraged to do so.

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.