

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB5516

by Rep. Constance A. Howard

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-5
730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-15
730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-25
730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-30
730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-55 new

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections relating to relief from disabilities automatically imposed by law. Provides that the court may grant relief from forfeitures. Defines "eligible offender" for the purposes of relief from disabilities and forfeitures as a person who has been convicted of a crime that does not include an offense or attempted offense that would subject the person to registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act, the Arsonist Registration Act, or the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act (rather than an offense that is not a crime of violence, a Class X or a nonprobationable offense, or a violation of the Sex Offenses or Bodily Harm Articles of the Criminal Code of 1961, but who has not been convicted more than twice of a felony). Provides that "eligible offender" does not include a person who has been convicted of committing or attempting to commit first degree murder. Provides that a certificate of good conduct may be granted to relieve an eligible offender of any employment-related disability, or to remove any bar to his or her employment, automatically imposed by law by reason of his or her conviction of the crime or of the offense specified in the certificate. Provides that the certificate may be limited to one or more enumerated disabilities or bars or may relieve the individual of all disabilities and bars. Provides that notwithstanding any other provision of law, a conviction of a crime or of an offense specified in a certificate of good conduct may not be deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of any provision of law that imposes, by reason of a conviction, a bar to any employment, a disability to exercise any right or a disability to apply for or to receive any license, permit, or other authority or privilege covered by the certificate. Provides that a certificate of good conduct does not relieve an offender of any employment-related disability imposed by law by reason of his or her conviction of a crime that would prevent his or her employment by the Department of Corrections. Effective June 1, 2008.

LRB095 17071 RLC 43124 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 5-5.5-5, 5-5.5-15, 5-5.5-25, and 5-5.5-30 and by adding Section 5-5.5-55 as follows:
- 7 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-5)
- 8 Sec. 5-5.5-5. Definitions and rules of construction. In this Article:
- "Eligible offender" means a person who has been convicted 10 of a crime that does not include any offense or attempted 11 12 offense that would subject a person to registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act, the Arsonist Registration Act, 13 14 or the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act. "Eligible offender" does not include a person 15 16 who has been convicted of committing or attempting to commit 17 first degree murder or of an offense that is not a crime violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime 18 19 Compensation Act, a Class X or a nonprobationable offense, or a violation of Article 11 or Article 12 of the Criminal Code of 20 21 1961, but who has not been convicted more than twice of a 22 felony.
- "Felony" means a conviction of a felony in this State, or

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2	a ter	cm of	impr	isc	nmen	t in	excess	of	one	year	, was	au	thoriz	ed.	

- "Employment bar" means employment restrictions set out in

 Section 8-23 of the Park District Code, Section 16a-5 of the

 Chicago Park District Act, and Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of

 the School Code.
- 7 For the purposes of this Article the following rules of 8 construction apply:
- 9 (i) two or more convictions of felonies charged in
 10 separate counts of one indictment or information shall be
 11 deemed to be one conviction;
- 12 (ii) two or more convictions of felonies charged in 2

 13 or more indictments or informations, filed in the same

 14 court prior to entry of judgment under any of them, shall

 15 be deemed to be one conviction; and
- (iii) a plea or a verdict of guilty upon which a

 sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or

 supervision has been imposed shall be deemed to be a

 conviction.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04; 94-1067, eff. 8-1-06.)
- 21 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-15)
- Sec. 5-5.5-15. Certificates of relief from disabilities issued by courts.
- 24 (a) Any circuit court of this State may, in its discretion, 25 issue a certificate of relief from disabilities to an eligible

- offender for a conviction that occurred in that court if the court imposed a sentence other than one executed by commitment to an institution under the Department of Corrections. The certificate may be issued (i) at the time sentence is pronounced, in which case it may grant relief <u>from forfeiture</u> as well as from disabilities, or (ii) at any time thereafter, in which case it shall apply only to disabilities.
 - (b) The certificate may not be issued by the court unless the court is satisfied that:
 - (1) the person to whom it is to be granted is an eligible offender, as defined in Section 5-5.5-5;
 - (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the rehabilitation of the eligible offender; and
 - (3) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the public interest.
 - (c) If a certificate of relief from disabilities is not issued at the time sentence is pronounced it shall only be issued thereafter upon verified application to the court. The court may, for the purpose of determining whether the certificate shall be issued, request the probation or court services department to conduct an investigation of the applicant. Any probation officer requested to make an investigation under this Section shall prepare and submit to the court a written report in accordance with the request.
 - (d) Any court that has issued a certificate of relief from

- disabilities may at any time issue a new certificate to enlarge the relief previously granted provided that the provisions of clauses (1) through (3) of subsection (b) of this Section apply to the issuance of any such new certificate.
- (e) Any written report submitted to the court under this 6 Section is confidential and may not be made available to any 7 person or public or private agency except if specifically 8 required or permitted by statute or upon specific authorization 9 of the court. However, it shall be made available by the court 10 for examination by the applicant's attorney, or the applicant himself or herself, if he or she has no attorney. In its 11 12 discretion, the court may except from disclosure a part or 13 parts of the report that are not relevant to the granting of a 14 certificate, or sources of information which have been obtained 15 on a promise of confidentiality, or any other portion of the report, disclosure of which would not be in the interest of 16 17 justice. The action of the court excepting information from disclosure shall be subject to appellate review. The court, in 18 19 its discretion, may hold a conference in open court or in 20 chambers to afford an applicant an opportunity to controvert or to comment upon any portions of the report. The court may also 21 22 conduct a summary hearing at the conference on any matter 23 relevant to the granting of the application and may take testimony under oath. 24
- 25 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)

- 1 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-25)
- 2 Sec. 5-5.5-25. Certificate of good conduct.
- (a) A certificate of good conduct may be granted as

 provided in this Section to relieve an eligible offender of any

 employment bar as defined in Section 5-5.5-5 of this Code. The

 certificate may be limited to one or more enumerated
- 7 disabilities or bars or may relieve the individual of all
- 8 <u>disabilities and bars.</u>
- 9 <u>Notwithstanding any other provision of law</u>, a certificate
- 10 <u>of good conduct does not relieve an offender of any</u>
- 11 <u>employment-related disability imposed by law by reason of his</u>
- or her conviction of a crime that would prevent his or her
- employment by the Department of Corrections.
- 14 <u>(a-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a</u>
- 15 <u>conviction of a crime or of an offense specified in a</u>
- 16 <u>certificate of good conduct may not be deemed to be a</u>
- conviction within the meaning of any provision in Section 8-23
- of the Park District Code, Section 16a-5 of the Chicago Park
- District Act, or Sections 10-21.9 or 34-18.5 of the School
- 20 Code.
- 21 $\underline{(a-6)}$ (a) A certificate of good conduct may be granted as
- 22 provided in this Section to an eligible offender as defined in
- 23 Section 5-5.5-5 of this Code who has demonstrated that he or
- she has been a law-abiding citizen and is fully rehabilitated.
- 25 (b) (i) A certificate of good conduct may not, however, in
- any way prevent any judicial proceeding, administrative,

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licensing, or other body, board, or authority from considering the conviction specified in the certificate.

- (ii) A certificate of good conduct shall not limit or prevent the introduction of evidence of a prior conviction for purposes of impeachment of a witness in a judicial or other proceeding where otherwise authorized by the applicable rules of evidence.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 9 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-30)
- 10 Sec. 5-5.5-30. Issuance of certificate of good conduct.
- 11 (a) After clemency-like review has been held, the The
 12 Prisoner Review Board, or any 3 members of the Board by
 13 unanimous vote, shall have the power to issue a certificate of
 14 good conduct to any eligible offender previously convicted of a
 15 crime in this State, when the Board is satisfied that:
 - (1) the applicant has conducted himself or herself in a manner warranting the issuance for a minimum period in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section;
 - (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the rehabilitation of the applicant; and
- 22 (3) the relief to be granted is consistent with the public interest.
- 24 (b) The Prisoner Review Board, or any 3 members of the 25 Board by unanimous vote, shall have the power to issue a

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certificate of good conduct to any person previously convicted of a crime in any other jurisdiction, when the Board is satisfied that:

- (1) the applicant has demonstrated that there exist specific facts and circumstances and specific sections of Illinois State law that have an adverse impact on the applicant and warrant the application for relief to be made in Illinois; and
- (2) the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) of this Section have been met.
- (c) The minimum period of good conduct by the individual referred to in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Section, shall be as follows: if the most serious crime of which the individual was convicted is a misdemeanor, the minimum period of good conduct shall be one year; if the most serious crime of which the individual was convicted is a Class 1, 2, 3, or 4 felony, the minimum period of good conduct shall be 3 years. Criminal acts committed outside the State shall be classified as acts committed within the State based on the maximum sentence that could have been imposed based upon the conviction under the laws of the foreign jurisdiction. The minimum period of good conduct by the individual shall be measured either from the date of the payment of any fine imposed upon him or her, or from the date of his or her release from custody by parole, mandatory supervised release or commutation or termination of his or her sentence. The Board shall have power and it shall be

- its duty to investigate all persons when the application is made and to grant or deny the same within a reasonable time after the making of the application.
 - (d) If the Prisoner Review Board has issued a certificate of good conduct, the Board may at any time issue a new certificate enlarging the relief previously granted.
 - (e) Any certificate of good conduct by the Prisoner Review Board to an individual who at the time of the issuance of the certificate is under the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release imposed by the Board shall be deemed to be a temporary certificate until the time as the individual is discharged from the terms of parole or mandatory supervised release, and, while temporary, the certificate may be revoked by the Board for violation of the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release. Revocation shall be upon notice to the parolee or releasee, who shall be accorded an opportunity to explain the violation prior to a decision on the revocation. If the certificate is not so revoked, it shall become a permanent certificate upon expiration or termination of the offender's parole or mandatory supervised release term.
- 22 (730 ILCS 5/5-5.5-55 new)

(Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)

Sec. 5-5.5-55. Immunity from liability. An employer shall
be immune from civil liability for any act or omission
committed by a person hired by the employer who has been issued

- 1 <u>a certificate of good conduct under this Article, except for</u>
- 2 <u>willful or wanton misconduct.</u>
- 3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect June 1,
- 4 2008.