

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB5005

by Rep. David E. Miller

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

10	ILCS	5/7-12	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-12
10	ILCS	5/7-13.1	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-13.1
10	ILCS	5/7-14	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-14
10	ILCS	5/7-57	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-57
10	ILCS	5/7-60	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-60
10	ILCS	5/7-60.1	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-60.1
10	ILCS	5/7-61	from	Ch.	46,	par.	7-61
10	ILCS	5/8-9	from	Ch.	46,	par.	8-9
10	ILCS	5/8-17	from	Ch.	46,	par.	8-17
10	ILCS	5/10-7	from	Ch.	46,	par.	10-7
10	ILCS	5/10-11	from	Ch.	46,	par.	10-11
10	ILCS	5/10-14	from	Ch.	46,	par.	10-14
10	ILCS	5/10-15	from	Ch.	46,	par.	10-15
10	ILCS	5/22-16	from	Ch.	46,	par.	22-16
65	ILCS	20/21-29	from	Ch.	24,	par.	21-29

Amends the Election Code. Provides that if a candidate's name is certified to appear on the primary or election ballot and the candidate dies, withdraws, or is judicially declared ineligible more than 14 days after the certification, then the candidate's name shall remain on the ballot. Provides that votes cast for such a candidate shall not be included in the official election results unless sufficient for the candidate to have won, in which case a vacancy in the nomination or office shall be declared. Amends the Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941. Provides that an aldermanic candidate may withdraw no later than the 14th day after certification (now, no less than 20 days before the election). Effective immediately.

LRB095 18018 JAM 44101 b

1 AN ACT concerning elections.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 7-12, 7-13.1, 7-14, 7-60, 7-57, 7-60.1, 7-61, 8-9,
- 6 8-17, 10-7, 10-11, 10-14, 10-15, and 22-16 as follows:
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/7-12) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-12)
- 8 Sec. 7-12. All petitions for nomination shall be filed by
- 9 mail or in person as follows:
- 10 (1) Where the nomination is to be made for a State,
- 11 congressional, or judicial office, or for any office a
- 12 nomination for which is made for a territorial division or
- district which comprises more than one county or is partly in
- one county and partly in another county or counties, then,
- 15 except as otherwise provided in this Section, such petition for
- 16 nomination shall be filed in the principal office of the State
- Board of Elections not more than 99 and not less than 92 days
- prior to the date of the primary, but, in the case of petitions
- 19 for nomination to fill a vacancy by special election in the
- 20 office of representative in Congress from this State, such
- 21 petition for nomination shall be filed in the principal office
- of the State Board of Elections not more than 57 days and not
- less than 50 days prior to the date of the primary.

Where a vacancy occurs in the office of Supreme, Appellate or Circuit Court Judge within the 3-week period preceding the 92nd day before a general primary election, petitions for nomination for the office in which the vacancy has occurred shall be filed in the principal office of the State Board of Elections not more than 78 nor less than 71 days prior to the date of the general primary election.

Where the nomination is to be made for delegates or alternate delegates to a national nominating convention, then such petition for nomination shall be filed in the principal office of the State Board of Elections not more than 99 and not less than 92 days prior to the date of the primary; provided, however, that if the rules or policies of a national political party conflict with such requirements for filing petitions for nomination for delegates or alternate delegates to a national nominating convention, the chairman of the State central committee of such national political party shall notify the Board in writing, citing by reference the rules or policies of the national political party in conflict, and in such case the Board shall direct such petitions to be filed not more than 69 and not less than 62 days prior to the date of the primary.

- (2) Where the nomination is to be made for a county office or trustee of a sanitary district then such petition shall be filed in the office of the county clerk not more than 99 nor less than 92 days prior to the date of the primary.
  - (3) Where the nomination is to be made for a municipal or

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- township office, such petitions for nomination shall be filed in the office of the local election official, not more than 78 nor less than 71 days prior to the date of the primary; provided, where a municipality's or township's boundaries are coextensive with or are entirely within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners, the petitions shall 7 be filed in the office of such board; and provided, that petitions for the office of multi-township assessor shall be filed with the election authority.
  - petitions of candidates (4)for State committeeman shall be filed in the principal office of the State Board of Elections not more than 99 nor less than 92 days prior to the date of the primary.
    - (5) Petitions of candidates for precinct, township or ward committeemen shall be filed in the office of the county clerk not more than 99 nor less than 92 days prior to the date of the primary.
  - (6) The State Board of Elections and the various election authorities and local election officials with whom such petitions for nominations are filed shall specify the place where filings shall be made and upon receipt shall endorse thereon the day and hour on which each petition was filed. All petitions filed by persons waiting in line as of 8:00 a.m. on the first day for filing, or as of the normal opening hour of the office involved on such day, shall be deemed filed as of 8:00 a.m. or the normal opening hour, as the case may be.

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Petitions filed by mail and received after midnight of the first day for filing and in the first mail delivery or pickup of that day shall be deemed as filed as of 8:00 a.m. of that day or as of the normal opening hour of such day, as the case may be. All petitions received thereafter shall be deemed as filed in the order of actual receipt. Where 2 or more petitions are received simultaneously, the State Board of Elections or the various election authorities or local election officials with whom such petitions are filed shall break ties and determine the order of filing, by means of a lottery or other fair and impartial method of random selection approved by the State Board of Elections. Such lottery shall be conducted within 9 days following the last day for petition filing and shall be open to the public. Seven days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given by the State Board of Elections to the chairman of the State central committee of each established political party, and by each election authority or local election official, to the County Chairman of each established political party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. The State Board of Elections, election authority or local election official shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the entrance of the office, notice of the time and place of such lottery. The State Board of Elections shall adopt

- rules and regulations governing the procedures for the conduct of such lottery. All candidates shall be certified in the order in which their petitions have been filed. Where candidates have filed simultaneously, they shall be certified in the order determined by lot and prior to candidates who filed for the same office at a later time.
  - (7) The State Board of Elections or the appropriate election authority or local election official with whom such a petition for nomination is filed shall notify the person for whom a petition for nomination has been filed of the obligation to file statements of organization, reports of campaign contributions, and annual reports of campaign contributions and expenditures under Article 9 of this Act. Such notice shall be given in the manner prescribed by paragraph (7) of Section 9-16 of this Code.
  - (8) Nomination papers filed under this Section are not valid if the candidate named therein fails to file a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act in relation to his candidacy with the appropriate officer by the end of the period for the filing of nomination papers unless he has filed a statement of economic interests in relation to the same governmental unit with that officer within a year preceding the date on which such nomination papers were filed. If the nomination papers of any candidate and the statement of economic interest of that candidate are not required to be filed with the same officer, the candidate must

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file with the officer with whom the nomination papers are filed a receipt from the officer with whom the statement of economic interests is filed showing the date on which such statement was filed. Such receipt shall be so filed not later than the last day on which nomination papers may be filed.

(9) Any person for whom a petition for nomination, or for committeeman or for delegate or alternate delegate to a national nominating convention has been filed may cause his name to be withdrawn by request in writing, signed by him and duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the principal or permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections or with the appropriate election authority or local election official, not later than the date of certification of candidates for the consolidated primary or general primary ballot. No names so withdrawn shall be certified or printed on the primary ballot. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the primary ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for that candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that the candidate, if he or she had

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lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared nominated, then such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in nomination shall exist. If petitions for nomination have been filed for the same person with respect to more than one political party, his name shall not be certified nor printed on the primary ballot of any party. If petitions for nomination have been filed for the same person for 2 or more offices which are incompatible so that the same person could not serve in more than one of such offices if elected, that person must withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within the 5 business days following the last day for petition filing. If he fails to withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within such time his name shall not be certified, nor printed on the primary ballot, for any office. For the purpose of the foregoing provisions, an office in a political party is not incompatible with any other office.

(10) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, no primary shall be held for an established political party in any township, municipality, or ward thereof, where the nomination of such party for every office to be voted upon by the electors of such township, municipality, or ward thereof, is uncontested. Whenever a political party's nomination of candidates is uncontested as to one or more, but not all, of the offices to be voted upon by the electors of a township, municipality, or ward

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thereof, then a primary shall be held for that party in such township, municipality, or ward thereof; provided that the primary ballot shall not include those offices within such township, municipality, or ward thereof, for which the nomination is uncontested. For purposes of this Article, the nomination of an established political party of a candidate for election to an office shall be deemed to be uncontested where not more than the number of persons to be nominated have timely filed valid nomination papers seeking the nomination of such party for election to such office.

Notwithstanding the provisions of (b) any other statute, no primary election shall be held for established political party for any special primary election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress where the nomination of such political party for said office is uncontested. For the purposes of this Article, the nomination of an established political party of a candidate for election to said office shall be deemed to be uncontested where not more than the number of persons to be nominated have timely filed valid nomination papers seeking the nomination of such established party for election to said office. This subsection (b) shall not apply if such primary election is conducted on a regularly scheduled election day.

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(c) Notwithstanding the provisions in subparagraph (a) and (b) of this paragraph (10), whenever a person who has not timely filed valid nomination papers and who intends to become a write-in candidate for a political party's nomination for any office for which the nomination is uncontested files a written statement or notice of that intent with the State Board of Elections or the local election official with whom nomination papers for such office are filed, a primary ballot shall be prepared and a primary shall be held for that office. Such statement or notice shall be filed on or before the date established in this Article for certifying candidates for the primary ballot. Such statement or notice shall contain (i) the name and address of the person intending to become a write-in candidate, (ii) a statement that the person is a qualified primary elector of the political party from whom the nomination is sought, (iii) a statement that the person intends to become a write-in candidate for the party's nomination, and (iv) the office the person is seeking as a write-in candidate. An election authority shall have no duty to conduct a primary and prepare a primary ballot for any office for which the nomination is uncontested unless a statement or notice meeting the requirements of this Section is filed in a timely manner.

(11) If multiple sets of nomination papers are filed for a candidate to the same office, the State Board of Elections,

appropriate election authority or local election official 1 2 where the petitions are filed shall within 2 business days notify the candidate of his or her multiple petition filings 3 and that the candidate has 3 business days after receipt of the 5 notice to notify the State Board of Elections, appropriate 6 election authority or local election official that he or she may cancel prior sets of petitions. If the candidate notifies 7 8 the State Board of Elections, appropriate election authority or 9 local election official, the last set of petitions filed shall 10 be the only petitions to be considered valid by the State Board 11 of Elections, election authority or local election official. If 12 the candidate fails to notify the State Board of Elections, election authority or local election official then only the 13 14 first set of petitions filed shall be valid and all subsequent 15 petitions shall be void.

- 16 (12) All nominating petitions shall be available for public 17 inspection and shall be preserved for a period of not less than 18 6 months.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 86-867; 86-873; 86-875; 86-1028; 86-1089; 20 87-1052.)
- 21 (10 ILCS 5/7-13.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-13.1)
- Sec. 7-13.1. Certification of Candidates-Consolidated primary. Not less than 61 days before the date of the consolidated primary, each local election official of each political subdivision required to nominate candidates for the

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respective offices by primary shall certify to each election authority whose duty it is to prepare the official ballot for the consolidated primary in such political subdivision the names of all candidates in whose behalf nomination papers have been filed in the office of such local election official and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for the consolidated primary election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification. However, subject to appeal, the names of candidates whose nomination papers have been held invalid by the appropriate electoral board provided in Section 10-9 of this Code shall not be so certified. The certification shall be modified as necessary to comply with the requirements of any other statute or any ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution prescribing specific provisions for nonpartisan elections, including without limitation Articles 3, 4 and 5 of "The Municipal Code".

The names of candidates shall be listed on the certification for the respective offices in the order in which the candidates have filed their nomination papers, or as determined by lot, or as otherwise specified by statute.

In every instance where applicable, the following shall also be indicated in the certification:

- (1) Where there is to be more than one candidate elected to an office from a political subdivision or district;
- (2) Where a voter has the right to vote for more than one

- 1 candidate for an office;
- 2 (3) The terms of the office to be on the ballot, when a 3 vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term, or when 4 offices of a particular subdivision to be on the ballot at the 5 same election are to be filled for different terms;
  - (4) The territory in which a candidate is required by law to reside, when such residency requirement is not identical to the territory of the political subdivision from which the candidate is to be elected or nominated;
  - (5) Where a candidate's nominating papers or petitions have been objected to and the objection has been sustained by the electoral board established in Section 10-10, the words "OBJECTION SUSTAINED" shall be placed under the title of the office being sought by the candidate and the name of the aggrieved candidate shall not appear; and
  - (6) Where a candidate's nominating papers or petitions have been objected to and the decision of the electoral board established in Section 10-10 is either unknown or known to be in judicial review, the words "OBJECTION PENDING" shall be placed under the title of the office being sought by the candidate and next to the name of the candidate.

The local election official shall issue an amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original certification is in error; provided that no amended certification shall be issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The name of any candidate who has been

certified for the primary ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared nominated, then such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in nomination shall exist.

13 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

14 (10 ILCS 5/7-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-14)

Sec. 7-14. Not less than 61 days before the date of the general primary the State Board of Elections shall meet and shall examine all petitions filed under this Article 7, in the office of the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall then certify to the county clerk of each county, the names of all candidates whose nomination papers or certificates of nomination have been filed with the Board and direct the county clerk to place upon the official ballot for the general primary election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification.

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The State Board of Elections shall, in its certificate to the county clerk, certify the names of the offices, and the names of the candidates in the order in which the offices and names shall appear upon the primary ballot; such names to appear in the order in which petitions have been filed in the office of the State Board of Elections except as otherwise provided in this Article.

Not less than 55 days before the date of the general primary, each county clerk shall certify the names of all candidates whose nomination papers have been filed with such clerk and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general primary in the order in which such nomination papers were filed with the clerk, or as determined by lot, or as otherwise specified by statute. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time issue to the board of election commissioners a copy of the certification that has been filed in the county clerk's office, together with a copy of the certification that has been issued to the clerk by the State Board of Elections, with directions to the board of election commissioners to place upon the official ballot for the general primary in that election jurisdiction the names of all candidates that are listed on such certification in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon such certifications.

The certification shall indicate, where applicable, the

1 following:

- 2 (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates for the respective offices;
- 4 (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected or 5 nominated to an office from the State, political subdivision or 6 district;
- 7 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one 8 candidate for an office;
  - (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a political subdivision or district are for different terms.

The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original certification is in error, provided, however, that no amended certification shall be issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the primary ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been

1 <u>declared ineligible</u>, would have been declared nominated, then

2 <u>such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in</u>

3 nomination shall exist.

4 Subject to appeal, the names of candidates whose nomination

5 papers have been held invalid by the appropriate electoral

6 board provided in Section 10-9 of this Code shall not be

7 certified.

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(Source: P.A. 86-867.)

9 (10 ILCS 5/7-57) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-57)

Sec. 7-57. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the primary ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the primary election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared nominated, then such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in nomination shall exist. The death of any candidate prior to, or on, the date of the primary shall not affect the canvass of the ballots. If the result of such

canvass discloses that such candidate, if he had lived, would

- 1 have been nominated, such candidate shall be declared
- 2 nominated.

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- 3 (Source: Laws 1943, vol. 2, p. 1.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/7-60) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-60)

Sec. 7-60. Not less than 67 days before the date of the general election, the State Board of Elections shall certify to the county clerks the names of each of the candidates who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the State Board of Elections as a canvassing board or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for the general election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Not less than 61 days before the date of the general election, each county clerk shall certify the names of each of the candidates for county offices who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the county election authority or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general election in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided by this Section. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time

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issue to the State Board of Elections a copy of certification. In addition, each county clerk in whose county there is a board of election commissioners shall, not less than 61 days before the date of the general election, issue to such board a copy of the certification that has been filed in the office, together with county clerk's а copy of certification that has been issued to the clerk by the State Board of Elections, with directions to the board of election commissioners to place upon the official ballot for the general election in that election jurisdiction the names of all candidates that are listed on such certifications, in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon such certifications, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Whenever there are two or more persons nominated by the same political party for multiple offices for any board, the name of the candidate of such party receiving the highest number of votes in the primary election as a candidate for such office, as shown by the official election returns of the primary, shall be certified first under the name of such offices, and the names of the remaining candidates of such party for such offices shall follow in the order of the number of votes received by them respectively at the primary election as shown by the official election results.

No person who is shown by the final proclamation to have been nominated or elected at the primary as a write-in candidate shall have his or her name certified unless such

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person shall have filed with the certifying office or board within 10 days after the election authority's proclamation a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a receipt for the filing of a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been elected or nominated.

Each county clerk and board of election commissioners shall determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of established political party candidates for the general election ballot. Such determination shall be made within 30 days following the canvass and proclamation of the results of the general primary in the office of the county clerk or board of election commissioners and shall be open to the public. Seven days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given, by each such election authority, to the County Chairman of each established political party, and to each organization citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each election authority shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the entrance of the election authority office, notice of the time and place of such lottery. However, a board of election commissioners may elect to place established political party candidates on the general election ballot in the same order determined by the county clerk of the county in

- 1 which the city under the jurisdiction of such board is located.
- Each certification shall indicate, where applicable, the following:
  - (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates for the respective offices;
    - (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected to an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
    - (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one candidate for an office;
    - (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a political subdivision are for different terms.

The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original certification is in error, provided, however, that no amended certification shall be issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election; provided, however, that if

- 1 the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such
- 2 candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been
- 3 <u>declared ineligible</u>, would have been declared elected, then
- 4 such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in
- 5 office shall exist.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-647, eff. 1-1-06;
- 7 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/7-60.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-60.1)
- 9 Sec. 7-60.1. Certification of Candidates Consolidated
- 10 Election. Each local election official of a political
- 11 subdivision in which candidates for the respective local
- offices are nominated at the consolidated primary shall, no
- 13 later than 5 days following the canvass and proclamation of the
- 14 results of the consolidated primary, certify to each election
- authority whose duty it is to prepare the official ballot for
- the consolidated election in that political subdivision the
- 17 names of each of the candidates who have been nominated as
- 18 shown by the proclamation of the appropriate election authority
- 19 or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and
- 20 direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot
- 21 for the consolidated election the names of such candidates in
- 22 the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the
- 23 certification, except as otherwise provided by this Section.
- Whenever there are two or more persons nominated by the
- 25 same political party for multiple offices for any board, the

name of the candidate of such party receiving the highest number of votes in the consolidated primary election as a candidate for such consolidated primary, shall be certified first under the name of such office, and the names of the remaining candidates of such party for such offices shall follow in the order of the number of votes received by them respectively at the consolidated primary election as shown by the official election results.

No person who is shown by the election authority's proclamation to have been nominated at the consolidated primary as a write-in candidate shall have his or her name certified unless such person shall have filed with the certifying office or board within 5 days after the election authority's proclamation a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 and a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1.

Each board of election commissioners of the cities in which established political party candidates for city offices are nominated at the consolidated primary shall determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of the established political party candidates for the consolidated ballot. Such determination shall be made within 5 days following the canvass and proclamation of the results of the consolidated primary and shall be open to the public. Three days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given, by each such election authority, to the County Chairman of each established political

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party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each election authority shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the entrance of the election authority office, notice of the time and place of such lottery.

Each local election official of a political subdivision in established political party candidates for respective local offices are nominated by primary shall determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of the established political party candidates for the consolidated election ballot and, in the case of certain municipalities having annual elections, on the general primary ballot for election. Such determination shall be made prior to the canvass and proclamation of results of the consolidated primary or special municipal primary, as the case may be, in the office of the local election official and shall be open to the public. Three days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given, by each such local election official, to the County Chairman of each established political party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each local election official shall post in a conspicuous, open and public

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place notice of such lottery. Immediately thereafter, the local election official shall certify the ballot placement order so determined to the proper election authorities charged with the preparation of the consolidated election, or general primary, ballot for that political subdivision.

Not less than 61 days before the date of the consolidated each local election official of a political subdivision in which established political party candidates for the respective local offices have been nominated by caucus or have been nominated because no primary was required to be held shall certify to each election authority whose duty it is to prepare the official ballot for the consolidated election in that political subdivision the names of each of the candidates whose certificates of nomination or nomination papers have been filed in his or her office and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for the consolidated election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification. Such local election official shall, prior to certification, determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of the established political party candidates for the consolidated election ballot. Such determination shall be made in the office of the local election official and shall be open to the public. Three days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given by each such local election official to the county chairman of

established political party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each local election official shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the entrance of the office, notice of the time and place of such lottery. The local election official shall certify the ballot placement order so determined as part of his official certification of candidates to the election authorities whose duty it is to prepare the official ballot for the consolidated election in that political subdivision.

The certification shall indicate, where applicable, the following:

- (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates for the respective offices;
  - (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected or nominated to an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
- 19 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one candidate for an office;
  - (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a political subdivision or district are for different terms.

The local election official shall issue an amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original

certification is in error, provided, however, that no amended certification shall be issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-647, eff. 1-1-06.)

17 (10 ILCS 5/7-61) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-61)

Sec. 7-61. Whenever a special election is necessary the provisions of this Article are applicable to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at such special election.

In cases where a primary election is required the officer or board or commission whose duty it is under the provisions of this Act relating to general elections to call an election, shall fix a date for the primary for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at such special election. Notice of

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such primary shall be given at least 15 days prior to the maximum time provided for the filing of petitions for such a primary as provided in Section 7-12.

Any vacancy in nomination under the provisions of this Article 7 occurring on or after the primary and prior to certification of candidates by the certifying board or officer, must be filled prior to the date of certification. Any vacancy in nomination occurring after certification but prior to 15 days before the general election shall be filled within 8 days after the event creating the vacancy. The resolution filling the vacancy shall be sent by U. S. mail or personal delivery to the certifying officer or board within 3 days of the action by which the vacancy was filled; provided, if such resolution is sent by mail and the U.S. postmark on the envelope containing such resolution is dated prior to the expiration of such 3 day limit, the resolution shall be deemed filed within such 3 day limit. Failure to so transmit the resolution within the time specified in this Section shall authorize the certifying officer or board to certify the original candidate. Vacancies shall be filled by the officers of a local municipal or township political party as specified in subsection (h) of Section 7-8, other than a statewide political party, that is established only within a municipality or township and the managing committee (or legislative committee in case of a candidate for State Senator or representative committee in the case of a candidate for State Representative in the General

- 1 Assembly or State central committee in the case of a candidate
- 2 for statewide office, including but not limited to the office
- 3 of United States Senator) of the respective political party for
- 4 the territorial area in which such vacancy occurs.
- 5 The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be
- 6 duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take
- 7 acknowledgements of deeds and shall include, upon its face, the
- 8 following information:
- 9 (a) the name of the original nominee and the office
- 10 vacated;
- 11 (b) the date on which the vacancy occurred;
- 12 (c) the name and address of the nominee selected to fill
- 13 the vacancy and the date of selection.
- 14 The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be
- 15 accompanied by a Statement of Candidacy, as prescribed in
- 16 Section 7-10, completed by the selected nominee and a receipt
- indicating that such nominee has filed a statement of economic
- 18 interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.
- 19 The provisions of Section 10-8 through 10-10.1 relating to
- 20 objections to certificates of nomination and nomination
- 21 papers, hearings on objections, and judicial review, shall
- 22 apply to and govern objections to resolutions for filling a
- vacancy in nomination.
- 24 Any vacancy in nomination occurring after the 14th day
- 25 after the date of certification of candidates to the ballot  $\frac{15}{15}$
- 26 days or less before the consolidated election or the general

election shall not be filled. In this event, the certification of the original candidate shall stand and his name shall appear on the official ballot to be voted at the general election; however, no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election, except that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist.

A vacancy in nomination occurs when a candidate who has been nominated under the provisions of this Article 7 dies before the election (whether death occurs prior to, on or after the day of the primary), or declines the nomination, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction; provided that nominations may become vacant for other reasons.

If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the consolidated primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in nomination shall be created which may be filled in accordance with the requirements of this Section. If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the general primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in nomination shall be

2 listed on the ballot at the general election unless such

vacancy is filled in accordance with the requirements of this

Section within 60 days after the date of the general primary.

A candidate for whom a nomination paper has been filed as a partisan candidate at a primary election, and who is defeated for his or her nomination at such primary election, is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or consolidated election as a candidate of another political party.

A candidate seeking election to an office for which candidates of political parties are nominated by caucus who is a participant in the caucus and who is defeated for his or her nomination at such caucus, is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or consolidated election as a candidate of another political party.

In the proceedings to nominate a candidate to fill a vacancy or to fill a vacancy in the nomination, each precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, shall through its representative on such central or managing committee, be entitled to one vote for each ballot voted in such precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, by the primary electors of its party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting at which such vacancy is to be filled.

For purposes of this Section, the words "certify" and

"certification" shall refer to the act of officially declaring 1 2 the names of candidates entitled to be printed upon the 3 official ballot at an election and directing election authorities to place the names of such candidates upon the 4 5 official ballot. "Certifying officers or board" shall refer to the local election official, election authority or the State 6 7 Board of Elections, as the case may be, with whom nomination papers, including certificates of nomination and resolutions 8 9 to fill vacancies in nomination, are filed and whose duty it is 10 to "certify" candidates.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 12 (10 ILCS 5/8-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-9)
- 13 Sec. 8-9. All petitions for nomination shall be filed by 14 mail or in person as follows:
- 15 (1) Where the nomination is made for a legislative office, 16 such petition for nomination shall be filed in the principal 17 office of the State Board of Elections not more than 99 and not 18 less than 92 days prior to the date of the primary.
- each petition, endorse thereon the day and hour on which it was filed. Petitions filed by mail and received after midnight on the first day for filing and in the first mail delivery or pickup of that day, shall be deemed as filed as of 8:00 a.m. of that day or as of the normal opening hour of such day as the case may be, and all petitions received thereafter shall be

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deemed as filed in the order of actual receipt. Where 2 or more petitions are received simultaneously, the State Board of Elections shall break ties and determine the order of filing, by means of a lottery as provided in Section 7-12 of this Code.

(3) Any person for whom a petition for nomination has been filed, may cause his name to be withdrawn by a request in writing, signed by him, duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the principal or permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections not later than the date of certification of candidates for the general primary ballot, and no names so withdrawn shall be certified by the State Board of Elections to the county clerk, or printed on the primary ballot. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the primary election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared nominated, then such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in nomination shall exist. If petitions for

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nomination have been filed for the same person with respect to more than one political party, his name shall not be certified nor printed on the primary ballot of any party. If petitions for nomination have been filed for the same person for 2 or more offices which are incompatible so that the same person could not serve in more than one of such offices if elected, that person must withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within the 5 business days following the last day for petition filing. If he fails to withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within such time, his name shall not be certified, nor printed on the primary ballot, for any office. For the purpose of the foregoing provisions, an office in a political party is not incompatible with any other office.

(4) If multiple sets of nomination papers are filed for a candidate to the same office, the State Board of Elections shall within 2 business days notify the candidate of his or her multiple petition filings and that the candidate has 3 business days after receipt of the notice to notify the State Board of Elections that he or she may cancel prior sets of petitions. If the candidate notifies the State Board of Elections the last set of petitions filed shall be the only petitions to be considered valid by the State Board of Elections. If the candidate fails to notify the State Board then only the first set of petitions filed shall be valid and all subsequent petitions shall be void.

(Source: P.A. 86-875; 87-1052.)

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(10 ILCS 5/8-17) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-17) 1

Sec. 8-17. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the primary election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared nominated, then such candidate shall be declared nominated and a vacancy in nomination shall exist. The death of any candidate prior to, or on, the date of the primary shall not affect the canvass of the ballots. If the result of such canvass discloses that such candidate, if he had lived, would have been nominated, such candidate shall be declared nominated.

In the event that a candidate of a party who has been nominated under the provisions of this Article shall die before election (whether death occurs prior to, or on, or after, the date of the primary) or decline the nomination or should the nomination for any other reason become vacant, the legislative or representative committee of such party for such district

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shall nominate a candidate of such party to fill such vacancy. However, if there was no candidate for the nomination of the party in the primary, no candidate of that party for that office may be listed on the ballot at the general election, unless the legislative or representative committee of the party nominates a candidate to fill the vacancy in nomination within 60 days after the date of the general primary election. Vacancies in nomination occurring under this Article shall be filled by the appropriate legislative or representative committee in accordance with the provisions of Section 7-61 of this Code. In proceedings to fill the vacancy in nomination, the voting strength of the members of the legislative or representative committee shall be as provided in Section 8-6. (Source: P.A. 84-757; 84-790; 84-928; 84-1026.)

## 15 (10 ILCS 5/10-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-7)

Sec. 10-7. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may cause his name to be withdrawn from any such nomination by his request in writing, signed by him and duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgment of deeds, and presented to the principal office permanent branch office of the Board, the election authority, or the local election official, as the case may be, not later than the date for certification of candidates for the ballot. No name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots under the party appellation or title from which the candidate

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has withdrawn his name. The name of any candidate who has been certified for the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist. If the name of the same person has been presented as a candidate for 2 or more offices which are incompatible so that the same person could not serve in more than one of such offices if elected, that person must withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within the 5 business days following the last day for petition filing. If he fails to withdraw as a candidate for all but one of such offices within such time, his name shall not be certified, nor printed on the ballot, for any office. However, nothing in this section shall be construed as precluding a judge who is seeking retention in office from also being a candidate for another judicial office. Except as otherwise herein provided, in case the certificate of nomination or petition as provided for in this Article shall contain or

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exhibit the name of any candidate for any office upon more than one of said certificates or petitions (for the same office), then and in that case the Board or election authority or local election official, as the case may be, shall immediately notify said candidate of said fact and that his name appears unlawfully upon more than one of said certificates or petitions and that within 3 days from the receipt of said notification, said candidate must elect as to which of said political party appellations or groups he desires his name to appear and remain under upon said ballot, and if said candidate refuses, fails or neglects to make such election, then and in that case the Board or election authority or local election official, as the case may be, shall permit the name of said candidate to appear or be printed or placed upon said ballot only under the political party appellation or group appearing on the certificate of nomination or petition, as the case may be, first filed, and shall strike or cause to be stricken the name of said candidate from all certificates of nomination and petitions filed after the first such certificate of nomination or petition.

Whenever the name of a candidate for an office is withdrawn from a new political party petition within 14 days after the date of certification of candidate names to the ballot, it shall constitute a vacancy in nomination for that office which may be filled in accordance with Section 10-11 of this Article; provided, that if the names of all candidates for all offices on a new political party petition are withdrawn or such

- 1 petition is declared invalid by an electoral board or upon
- 2 judicial review, no vacancies in nomination for those offices
- 3 shall exist and the filing of any notice or resolution
- 4 purporting to fill vacancies in nomination shall have no legal
- 5 effect.
- 6 Whenever the name of an independent candidate for an office
- is withdrawn or an independent candidate's petition is declared
- 8 invalid by an electoral board or upon judicial review, no
- 9 vacancy in nomination for that office shall exist and the
- filing of any notice or resolution purporting to fill a vacancy
- in nomination shall have no legal effect.
- 12 All certificates of nomination and nomination papers when
- presented or filed shall be open, under proper regulation, to
- 14 public inspection, and the State Board of Elections and the
- 15 several election authorities and local election officials
- having charge of nomination papers shall preserve the same in
- their respective offices not less than 6 months.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)
- 19 (10 ILCS 5/10-11) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-11)
- Sec. 10-11. Any vacancy in the nomination of a new
- 21 political party candidate occurring on or before the 14th day
- 22 after <del>prior to</del> the date of certification of candidates for the
- 23 ballot by the certifying board or officer shall be filled as
- 24 provided in this section must be filled prior to the date of
- 25 certification. The resolution to fill such vacancy shall be

sent by U.S. mail or personal delivery to the certifying officer or board within 3 days of the action by which the vacancy was filled; provided, if such resolution is sent by mail and the U.S. postmark on the envelope containing such resolution is dated prior to the expiration of such 3 day limit, the notice or resolution shall be deemed filed within such 3 day limit. Failure to so transmit the notice or resolution within the time specified in this Section shall authorize the certifying officer or board to certify the original candidate. Vacancies shall be filled by the new political party officers.

Any vacancy in nomination occurring after the 14th day after certification shall not be filled but prior to 15 days before a regular election shall be filled by the new political party officers within 8 days after the event creating the vacancy in the manner heretofore prescribed. In this event the certification of the original candidate shall stand and his name shall appear on the official ballot to be voted at the election; however, no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election, except that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist.

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- The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgements of deeds and shall include, upon its face, the following information:
- 5 (a) the name of the original nominee and the office vacated;
  - (b) the date on which the vacancy occurred;
- 8 (c) the name and address of the nominee selected to fill 9 the vacancy and the date of selection.

The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be accompanied by a Statement of Candidacy, as prescribed in Section 10-5, completed by the selected nominee and a receipt indicating that such nominee has filed a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

The provisions of Sections 10-8 through 10-10.1 relating to objections to certificates of nomination and nomination papers, hearings on objections, and judicial review, shall apply to and govern objections to resolutions for filling a vacancy in nomination.

Any vacancy in nomination occurring 15 days or less before a regular election shall not be filled. In this event the certification of the original candidate shall stand and his name shall appear on the official ballot to be voted at the election.

A vacancy in nomination occurs when a candidate who has been nominated under the provisions of Section 10-2 dies before

- the election, or declines the nomination; provided that nomination may become vacant for other reasons.
- However, the provisions of this Section shall not apply to any vacancy in nomination for a municipal office for which the Municipal Code, as now or hereafter amended, provides a different method for filling such vacancy, and the applicable provision of the Municipal Code shall govern in such cases.
- Any vacancy in a nomination by caucus of an established political party for a township or municipal office shall be filled in accordance with Section 7-61 of this Code.
- 11 For purposes of this Section, the words "certify" and 12 "certification" shall refer to the act of officially declaring the names of candidates entitled to be printed upon the 13 14 official ballot at an election and directing election 15 authorities to place the names of such candidates upon the 16 official ballot. "Certifying officers or board" shall refer to 17 the local election official, election authority or the State Board of Elections, as the case may be, with whom nomination 18 19 papers, certificates of nomination papers and resolutions to 20 fill vacancies in nomination are filed and whose duty it is to "certify" candidates. 21
- 22 (Source: P.A. 84-757.)
- 23 (10 ILCS 5/10-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-14)
- Sec. 10-14. Not less than 67 days before the date of the general election the State Board of Elections shall certify to

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the county clerk of each county the name of each candidate nomination papers, certificate of nomination whose resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination has been filed with the State Board of Elections and direct the county clerk to place upon the official ballot for the general election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification. The name of no candidate for an office to be filled by the electors of the entire state shall be placed upon the official ballot unless his name is duly certified to the county clerk upon a certificate signed by the members of the State Board of Elections. The names of group candidates on petitions shall be certified to the several county clerks in the order in which such names appear on such petitions filed with the State Board of Elections.

Not less than 61 days before the date of the general election, each county clerk shall certify the names of each of the candidates for county offices whose nomination papers, certificates of nomination or resolutions to fill a vacancy in nomination have been filed with such clerk and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general election in the manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time issue to the State Board of Elections a copy of such certification. In addition, each county clerk in whose county

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2 55 days before the election, certify to the board of election commissioners the name of the person or persons nominated for 3 such office as shown by the certificate of the State Board of 5 Elections, together with the names of all other candidates as shown by the certification of county officers on file in the 6 7 clerk's office, and in the order so certified. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall print the names of the 8 9 nominees on the ballot for each office in the order in which 10 they are certified to or filed with the county clerk; provided, 11 that in printing the name of nominees for any office, if any of 12 such nominees have also been nominated by one or more political

there is a board of election commissioners shall, not less than

For the general election, the candidates of new political parties shall be placed on the ballot for said election after the established political party candidates and in the order of new political party petition filings.

parties pursuant to this Act, the location of the name of such

candidate on the ballot for nominations made under this Article

shall be precisely in the same order in which it appears on the

certification of the State Board of Elections to the county

Each certification shall indicate, where applicable, the following:

- (1) The political party affiliation if any, of the candidates for the respective offices;
- (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected

- to an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
- 3 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one candidate for an office;
- 5 (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled 6 for less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in 7 a political subdivision are for different terms.

The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the 8 9 case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it 10 is discovered that the original certification is in error, 11 provided, however, that no amended certification shall be 12 issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The 13 name of any candidate who was certified to the ballot but who 14 dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of 15 16 certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the 17 election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of 18 19 the results of the election or considered in determining the 20 winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such 21 22 candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been 23 declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then 24 such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in 25 office shall exist.

26 (Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

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(10 ILCS 5/10-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-15)

Sec. 10-15. Not less than 61 days before the date of the consolidated and nonpartisan elections, each local election official with whom certificates of nomination or nominating petitions have been filed shall certify to each election authority having jurisdiction over any of the territory of his political subdivision the names of all candidates entitled to be printed on the ballot for offices of that political subdivision to be voted upon at such election and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for such election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification.

The local election officials shall certify such candidates for each office in the order in which such candidates' certificates of nomination or nominating petitions were filed in his office. However, subject to appeal, the names of candidates whose petitions have been held invalid by the appropriate electoral board provided in Section 10-9 of this Act shall not be so certified. The certification shall be modified as necessary to comply with the requirements of any other statute or any ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution prescribing specific provisions for nonpartisan elections, including without limitation Articles 4 and 5 of "The Municipal Code" or Article 9 of The School Code.

In every instance where applicable, the following shall

- 1 also be indicated in the certification:
- 2 (1) The political party affiliation, if any, of the candidates for the respective offices;
  - (2) Where there is to be more than one candidate elected to an office from a political subdivision or district;
  - (3) Where a voter has the right to vote for more than one candidate for an office;
    - (4) The terms of the office to be on the ballot, when a vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term, or when offices of a particular subdivision to be on the ballot at the same election are to be filled for different terms;
    - (5) The territory in which a candidate is required by law to reside, when such residency requirement is not identical to the territory of the political subdivision from which the candidate is to be elected or nominated;
    - (6) Where a candidate's nominating papers or petitions have been objected to and the objection has been sustained by the electoral board established in Section 10-10, the words "OBJECTION SUSTAINED" shall be placed under the title of the office being sought by the candidate and the name of the aggrieved candidate shall not appear; and
    - (7) Where a candidate's nominating papers or petitions have been objected to and the decision of the electoral board established in Section 10-10 is either unknown or known to be in judicial review, the words "OBJECTION PENDING" shall be placed under the title of the office being sought by the

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1 candidate and next to the name of the candidate.

For the consolidated election, and for the general primary in the case of certain municipalities having annual elections, the candidates of new political parties shall be placed on the ballot for such elections after the established political party candidates and in the order of new political party petition filings.

local election official shall issue an The amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original certification is in error, provided, however, that no amended certification shall be issued after the 14th day after the date of certification. The name of any candidate who was certified to the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist.

25 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

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1 (10 ILCS 5/22-16) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-16)

Sec. 22-16. The name of any candidate who was certified to the ballot but who dies, withdraws, or is declared ineligible by a court of competent jurisdiction after the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot but prior to the election shall remain printed on the ballot but no votes cast for such candidate shall be included in the official canvass of the results of the election or considered in determining the winner or winners of the election; provided, however, that if the results of the canvass of the election discloses that such candidate, if he had lived or had not withdrawn or been declared ineligible, would have been declared elected, then such candidate shall be declared elected and a vacancy in office shall exist. If the result of a canvass disclosed that a person elected to office is a person whose nomination for said office was vacated and not filled pursuant to Section 7 61 or 10 11, such person shall be declared elected and the office thereupon shall become vacant. Such vacancy in office shall be filled under the applicable provision of Article 25.

Section 10. The Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941 is amended by changing Section 21-29 as follows:

24 (65 ILCS 20/21-29) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-29)

(Source: P.A. 84-861.)

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1 Sec. 21-29. Withdrawals and substitution of candidates.

Any candidate for alderman under the provisions of this article may withdraw his name as a candidate by filing with the board of election commissioners of the city of Chicago not later than the 14th day after the date of certification of candidates for the ballot twenty days before the holding of the election his written request signed by him and acknowledged before officer qualified to an take acknowledgements of deeds, whereupon his name shall not be printed as a candidate upon the official ballot.

If any candidate at an aldermanic election who was not elected as provided for in this article but who shall have received sufficient votes to entitle him to a place on the official ballot at the ensuing supplementary election shall die or withdraw his candidacy before such supplementary election, the name of the candidate who shall receive the next highest number of votes shall be printed on the ballot in lieu of the name of the candidate who shall have died or withdrawn his candidacy.

20 (Source: Laws 1941, vol. 2, p. 19.)

21 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 22 becoming law.