

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB4268

by Rep. Monique D. Davis

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a 105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a 105 ILCS 5/34-18.24 30 ILCS 805/8.32 new from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.13a

Amends the School Code. Provides that if a student has been expelled from an attendance center, the school district must permit the student to transfer to another attendance center within the district for the remainder of the expulsion. Makes related changes. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement. Effective July 1, 2008.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

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1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 2-3.13a, 10-21.3a, and 34-18.24 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.13a)
- 7 Sec. 2-3.13a. School records; transferring students.
 - (a) The State Board of Education shall establish and implement rules requiring all of the public schools and all private or nonpublic elementary and secondary schools located in this State, whenever any such school has a student who is transferring to any other public elementary or secondary school located in this or in any other state, to forward within 10 days of notice of the student's transfer an unofficial record of that student's grades to the school to which such student is transferring. Each public school at the same time also shall forward to the school to which the student is transferring the remainder of the student's school student records as required by the Illinois School Student Records Act. In addition, if a student is transferring from a public school, whether located in this or any other state, from which the student has been suspended or expelled for knowingly possessing in a school building or on school grounds a weapon as defined in the Gun

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Free Schools Act (20 U.S.C. 8921 et seq.), for knowingly possessing, selling, or delivering in a school building or on school grounds a controlled substance or cannabis, or for battering a staff member of the school, and if the period of suspension or expulsion has not expired at the time the student attempts to transfer into another public school in the same or any other school district: (i) for transfers into another public school in the same or any other school district, any school student records required to be transferred shall include the date and duration of the period of suspension or expulsion; and (ii) for transfers into a public school in another school district, with the exception of transfers into the Department of Juvenile Justice school district, the student shall not be permitted to attend class in the public school into which he or she is transferring until the student has served the entire period of the suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring, provided that the school board may approve the placement of the student in an alternative school program established under Article 13A of this Code; (iii) for transfers into a public school in the same school district, a student who has been suspended shall not be permitted to attend class in the public school into which he or she is transferring until the student has served the entire period of the suspension imposed by the school from which the student is transferring, provided that the school board may approve the placement of the student in an alternative school

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program established under Article 13A of this Code; and (iv) for transfers into a public school in the same school district, a student who has been expelled must be permitted to attend class in the public school into which he or she is transferring even though the student has not served the entire period of the expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring. A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or expulsion before being admitted into the school district. This policy may allow placement of the student in an alternative school program established under Article 13A of this Code, if available, for the remainder of the suspension or expulsion. Each public school and each private or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in this State shall within 10 days after the student has paid all of his or her outstanding fines and fees and at its own expense forward an official transcript of the scholastic records of each student transferring from that school in strict accordance with the provisions of this Section and the rules established by the State Board of Education as herein provided.

(b) The State Board of Education shall develop a one-page standard form that Illinois school districts are required to provide to any student who is moving out of the school district and that contains the information about whether or not the

student is "in good standing" and whether or not his or her medical records are up-to-date and complete. As used in this Section, "in good standing" means that the student is not being disciplined by a suspension or expulsion, but is entitled to attend classes. No school district is required to admit a new student who is transferring from another Illinois school district unless he or she can produce the standard form from the student's previous school district enrollment. No school district is required to admit a new student who is transferring from an out-of-state public school unless the parent or guardian of the student certifies in writing that the student is not currently serving a suspension or expulsion imposed by the school from which the student is transferring.

(c) The State Board of Education shall, by rule, establish a system to provide for the accurate tracking of transfer students. This system shall, at a minimum, require that a student be counted as a dropout in the calculation of a school's or school district's annual student dropout rate unless the school or school district to which the student transferred (known hereafter in this subsection (c) as the transferee school or school district) sends notification to the school or school district from which the student transferred (known hereafter in this subsection (c) as the transferor school or school district) documenting that the student has enrolled in the transferee school or school district. This notification must occur within 150 days after the date the

student withdraws from the transferor school or school district 1 2 or the student shall be counted in the calculation of the transferor school's or school district's annual student 3 dropout rate. A request by the transferee school or school 5 district to the transferor school or school district seeking 6 the student's academic transcripts or medical records shall be 7 considered without limitation adequate documentation enrollment. Each transferor school or school district shall 8 9 keep documentation of such transfer students for the minimum 10 period provided in the Illinois School Student Records Act. All 11 records indicating the school or school district to which a 12 student transferred are subject to the Illinois School Student 13 Records Act.

- 14 (Source: P.A. 93-859, eff. 1-1-05; 94-696, eff. 6-1-06.)
- 15 (105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a)
- 16 Sec. 10-21.3a. Transfer of students.
- (a) Each school board shall establish and implement a 17 policy governing the transfer of a student from one attendance 18 center to another within the school district upon the request 19 20 of the student's parent or guardian. If a student has been 21 expelled from an attendance center, the school district must permit the student to transfer to another attendance center 22 within the district for the remainder of the expulsion. Any 23 24 request by a parent or quardian to transfer his or her child 25 from one attendance center to another within the school

- district pursuant to Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6317) must be made no later than 30 days after the parent or guardian receives notice of the right to transfer pursuant to that law. A student may not transfer to any of the following attendance centers, except by change in residence if the policy authorizes enrollment based on residence in an attendance area or unless approved by the board on an individual basis:
 - (1) An attendance center that exceeds or as a result of the transfer would exceed its attendance capacity.
 - (2) An attendance center for which the board has established academic criteria for enrollment if the student does not meet the criteria, provided that the transfer must be permitted if the attendance center is the only attendance center serving the student's grade that has not been identified for school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6317).
 - (3) Any attendance center if the transfer would prevent the school district from meeting its obligations under a State or federal law, court order, or consent decree applicable to the school district.
- (b) Each school board shall establish and implement a policy governing the transfer of students within a school district from a persistently dangerous school to another public

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- school in that district that is not deemed to be persistently
- dangerous. In order to be considered a persistently dangerous
- 3 school, the school must meet all of the following criteria for
- 4 2 consecutive years:
- 5 (1) Have greater than 3% of the students enrolled in the school expelled for violence-related conduct.
- 7 (2) Have one or more students expelled for bringing a 8 firearm to school as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921.
 - (3) Have at least 3% of the students enrolled in the school exercise the individual option to transfer schools pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section.
 - (c) A student may transfer from one public school to another public school in that district if the student is a victim of a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The violent crime must have occurred on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event.
- (d) Transfers made pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of this Section shall be made in compliance with the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110).
- 21 (Source: P.A. 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 93-633, eff. 12-23-03.)
- 22 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.24)
- Sec. 34-18.24. Transfer of students.
- 24 (a) The board shall establish and implement a policy 25 governing the transfer of a student from one attendance center

to another within the school district upon the request of the student's parent or guardian. If a student has been expelled from an attendance center, the school district must permit the student to transfer to another attendance center within the district for the remainder of the expulsion. Any request by a parent or guardian to transfer his or her child from one attendance center to another within the school district pursuant to Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6317) must be made no later than 30 days after the parent or guardian receives notice of the right to transfer pursuant to that law. A student may not transfer to any of the following attendance centers, except by change in residence if the policy authorizes enrollment based on residence in an attendance area or unless approved by the board on an individual basis:

- (1) An attendance center that exceeds or as a result of the transfer would exceed its attendance capacity.
- (2) An attendance center for which the board has established academic criteria for enrollment if the student does not meet the criteria, provided that the transfer must be permitted if the attendance center is the only attendance center serving the student's grade that has not been identified for school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6317).

- 1 (3) Any attendance center if the transfer would prevent 2 the school district from meeting its obligations under a 3 State or federal law, court order, or consent decree 4 applicable to the school district.
 - (b) The board shall establish and implement a policy governing the transfer of students within the school district from a persistently dangerous attendance center to another attendance center in that district that is not deemed to be persistently dangerous. In order to be considered a persistently dangerous attendance center, the attendance center must meet all of the following criteria for 2 consecutive years:
 - (1) Have greater than 3% of the students enrolled in the attendance center expelled for violence-related conduct.
 - (2) Have one or more students expelled for bringing a firearm to school as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921.
 - (3) Have at least 3% of the students enrolled in the attendance center exercise the individual option to transfer attendance centers pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section.
 - (c) A student may transfer from one attendance center to another attendance center within the district if the student is a victim of a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The violent crime must have occurred on school grounds during regular school

- 1 hours or during a school-sponsored event.
- 2 (d) Transfers made pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of
- 3 this Section shall be made in compliance with the federal No
- 4 Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110).
- 5 (Source: P.A. 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 93-633, eff. 12-23-03.)
- 6 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 7 Section 8.32 as follows:
- 8 (30 ILCS 805/8.32 new)
- 9 Sec. 8.32. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8
- of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of
- the 95th General Assembly.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 14 2008.