

Sen. Dale A. Righter

Filed: 5/29/2007

Health.

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09500HB3728sam001 LRB095 11446 CMK 37194 a 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3728 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 3728 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act is 4 amended by changing Sections 3 and 7 as follows: 5 6 (225 ILCS 225/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.303) 7 Sec. 3. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise 8 requires: "Domestic Sewage" means waste water 9 10 principally from dwellings, business or office buildings, 11 institutions, food service establishments, and similar facilities. 12 (2) "Director" means Director of the Illinois Department of 13 Public Health. 14 (3) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public 15

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- 1 (4) "Human Wastes" means undigested food and by-products of metabolism which are passed out of the human body.
- 3 (5) "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, 4 association, trust, partnership, corporation, person doing 5 business under an assumed name, the State of Illinois or any 6 Department thereof, or any other entity.
- 7 (6) "Population Equivalent" means an average waste loading 8 equivalent to that produced by one person which is defined as 9 100 gallons per day.
 - (7) "Private Sewage Disposal System" means any sewage handling or treatment facility receiving domestic sewage from less than 15 people or population equivalent and having a ground surface discharge or any sewage handling or treatment facility receiving domestic sewage and having no ground surface discharge.
- 16 (8) "Private Sewage Disposal System Installation
 17 Contractor" means any person constructing, installing,
 18 repairing, modifying, or maintaining private sewage disposal
 19 systems.
- 20 (9) "Property Owner" means the person in whose name legal title to the real estate is recorded.
- 22 (10) "Waste" means either human waste or domestic sewage or both.
- 24 (11) "Private Sewage Disposal System Pumping Contractor"
 25 means any person who cleans or pumps waste from a private
 26 sewage disposal system or hauls or disposes of wastes removed

- 1 therefrom.
- 2 (12) "NPDES" means the National Pollutant Discharge
- 3 Elimination System.
- 4 (13) "Surface discharging private sewage disposal system"
- 5 means a sewage disposal system that discharges into waters of
- 6 the United States, as that term is used in the Federal Clean
- 7 Water Act.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 84-670.)
- 9 (225 ILCS 225/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 116.307)
- 10 Sec. 7.
- 11 (a) The Department shall promulgate and publish and may
- 12 from time to time amend a private sewage disposal code which
- 13 shall include minimum standards for the design, construction,
- 14 materials, operation and maintenance of private sewage
- disposal systems, for the transportation and disposal of wastes
- 16 removed therefrom and for private sewage disposal system
- 17 servicing equipment. In the preparation of the private sewage
- 18 disposal code, the Department may consult with and request
- 19 technical assistance from other state agencies, and shall
- 20 consult with other technically qualified persons and with
- 21 owners and operators of such services. Such technically
- 22 qualified persons shall include representatives of the real
- estate, development, and building industries.
- 24 (b) The Department is expressly prohibited from amending
- 25 the private sewage disposal code by rule if there are increases

- 1 in the land density requirements. Amendments that increase the
- 2 land density requirements must be approved by the Illinois
- 3 General Assembly.
- 4 (c) Beginning January 1, 2008, an owner of a surface
- 5 discharging private sewage disposal system must file a Notice
- of Intent with the Environmental Protection Agency to allow 6
- coverage of the system under the State's General NPDES permit. 7
- (1) No fee may be charged for the NPDES Permit required 8
- 9 in this subsection.

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- (2) An owner of a newly installed surface discharging private sewage disposal system, installed on or after January 1, 2008, shall demonstrate maintenance and compliance on the Notice of Intent. Samples and measurements shall be required no more frequently than one time annually and shall be representative of the monitored activity. Additional sampling may only be required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency as a result of non-compliance with the issued NPDES permit.
 - (3) An owner of a surface discharging private sewage disposal system installed before January 1, 2008 shall file a Notice of Intent with the Environmental Protection Agency to allow coverage of the system under the General NPDES permit of the State. Maintenance and compliance activities may be required only as a result of ownership transfer or water pollution as defined in the Environmental Protection Act.

- 1 (d) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this Section, before Before the adoption or amendment of the private sewage 2 3 disposal code, the Department shall hold a public hearing with 4 respect thereto. At least 20 days' notice for such public 5 hearing shall be given by the Department in such manner as the 6 Department considers adequate to bring such hearing to the attention of persons interested in such code. Notice of such 7 8 public hearing shall be given by the Department to those who 9 file a request for a notice of any such hearings.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 88-690, eff. 1-24-95.)
- Section 10. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 39 and by adding Section 3.487 as follows:
- 13 (415 ILCS 5/3.487 new)
- Sec. 3.487. Surface discharging private sewage disposal

 system. "Surface discharging private sewage disposal system"

 means a sewage disposal system that discharges into waters of

 the United States as that term is used in the Federal Clean

 Water Act.
- 19 (415 ILCS 5/39) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1039)
- Sec. 39. Issuance of permits; procedures.
- 21 (a) When the Board has by regulation required a permit for 22 the construction, installation, or operation of any type of 23 facility, equipment, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, the

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applicant shall apply to the Agency for such permit and it shall be the duty of the Agency to issue such a permit upon proof by the applicant that the facility, equipment, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft will not cause a violation of this Act or regulations hereunder. The Agency shall adopt such procedures as are necessary to carry out its duties under this Section. In making its determinations on permit applications under this Section the Agency may consider prior adjudications of noncompliance with this Act by the applicant that involved a release of a contaminant into the environment. In granting permits, the Agency may impose reasonable conditions specifically related to the applicant's past compliance history with this Act as necessary to correct, detect, or prevent noncompliance. The Agency may impose such other conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, and as are not inconsistent with the regulations promulgated by the Board hereunder. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a bond or other security shall not be required as a condition for the issuance of a permit. If the Agency denies any permit under this Section, the Agency shall transmit to the applicant within the time limitations of this Section specific, detailed statements as to the reasons the permit application was denied. Such statements shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(i) the Sections of this Act which may be violated if the permit were granted;

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_	(ii) t	he pr	ovision	of	the	regula	atio	ns,	promulo	gated
2	under this	Act,	which r	may be	e vic	olated	if	the	permit	were
3	granted;									

- (iii) the specific type of information, if any, which the Agency deems the applicant did not provide the Agency; and
- (iv) a statement of specific reasons why the Act and the regulations might not be met if the permit were granted.

If there is no final action by the Agency within 90 days after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant may deem the permit issued; except that this time period shall be extended to 180 days when (1) notice and opportunity for public hearing are required by State or federal law or regulation, (2) the application which was filed is for any permit to develop a landfill subject to issuance pursuant to this subsection, or (3) the application that was filed is for a MSWLF unit required to issue public notice under subsection (p) of Section 39. The 90-day and 180-day time periods for the Agency to take final action do not apply to NPDES permit applications under subsection (b) of this Section, to RCRA permit applications under subsection (d) of this Section, or to UIC permit applications under subsection (e) of this Section.

The Agency shall publish notice of all final permit determinations for development permits for MSWLF units and for significant permit modifications for lateral expansions for

existing MSWLF units one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the unit is or is proposed to be located.

After January 1, 1994 and until July 1, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution permitted to emit less than 25 tons per year of any combination of regulated air pollutants, as defined in Section 39.5 of this Act, shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and regulations promulgated hereunder. Such operating permits shall expire 180 days after the date of such a request. The Board shall revise its regulations for the existing State air pollution operating permit program consistent with this provision by January 1, 1994.

After June 30, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution that are not subject to Section 39.5 of this Act and are not required to have a federally enforceable State operating permit shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and its rules. Such operating permits shall expire 180 days after the date of such a request. Before July 1, 1998, the Board shall revise its rules for the existing State air pollution operating permit program consistent with this paragraph and shall adopt rules that require a source to demonstrate that it qualifies for a permit under this paragraph.

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1 (b) The Agency may issue NPDES permits exclusively under this subsection for the discharge of contaminants from point sources into navigable waters, all as defined in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, within the jurisdiction of the State, or into any well.

All NPDES permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act.

The Agency may issue general NPDES permits for discharges from categories of point sources which are subject to the same permit limitations and conditions. Such general permits may be issued without individual applications and shall conform to regulations promulgated under Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended.

The Agency may include, among such conditions, effluent limitations and other requirements established under this Act, Board regulations, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and schedules for achieving compliance therewith at the earliest reasonable date.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of NPDES permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations 1 pursuant thereto.

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Agency, subject to any conditions which may be prescribed by Board regulations, may issue NPDES permits to allow discharges beyond deadlines established by this Act or by regulations of the Board without the requirement of a variance, subject to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Act or any rule adopted by the Agency in accordance with this Act, beginning January 1, 2008 an owner of a surface discharging private sewage disposal system must file a Notice of Intent with the Agency to allow coverage of the system under the State's General NPDES permit.

- (1) No fee may be charged for the NPDES permit required in this subsection.
- (2) An owner of a newly installed surface discharging private sewage disposal system, installed on or after January 1, 2008, shall demonstrate maintenance and compliance on the Notice of Intent. Samples measurements shall be required no more frequently than one time annually and shall be representative of the monitored activity. Additional sampling may only be required by the Agency as a result of non-compliance with the issued NPDES permit.
- (3) An owner of a surface discharging private sewage disposal system installed before January 1, 2008 shall file

a Notice of Intent with the Agency to allow coverage of the

system under the General NPDES permit of the State.

Maintenance and compliance activities may be required only
as a result of ownership transfer or water pollution as
defined in Section 3.545 of this Act.

(c) Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, no permit for the development or construction of a new pollution control facility may be granted by the Agency unless the applicant submits proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved by the County Board of the county if in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the municipality when in an incorporated area, in which the facility is to be located in accordance with Section 39.2 of this Act.

In the event that siting approval granted pursuant to Section 39.2 has been transferred to a subsequent owner or operator, that subsequent owner or operator may apply to the Agency for, and the Agency may grant, a development or construction permit for the facility for which local siting approval was granted. Upon application to the Agency for a development or construction permit by that subsequent owner or operator, the permit applicant shall cause written notice of the permit application to be served upon the appropriate county board or governing body of the municipality that granted siting approval for that facility and upon any party to the siting

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proceeding pursuant to which siting approval was granted. In that event, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the subsequent owner or operator's prior experience in waste management operations in the manner conducted under subsection (i) of Section 39 of this Act.

Beginning August 20, 1993, if the pollution control facility consists of a hazardous or solid waste disposal facility for which the proposed site is located in an unincorporated area of a county with a population of less than 100,000 and includes all or a portion of a parcel of land that was, on April 1, 1993, adjacent to a municipality having a population of less than 5,000, then the local siting review required under this subsection (c) in conjunction with any permit applied for after that date shall be performed by the governing body of that adjacent municipality rather than the county board of the county in which the proposed site is located; and for the purposes of that local siting review, any references in this Act to the county board shall be deemed to governing body of that adjacent municipality; mean the provided, however, that the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any proposed site which was, on April 1, 1993, owned in whole or in part by another municipality.

In the case of a pollution control facility for which a development permit was issued before November 12, 1981, if an operating permit has not been issued by the Agency prior to August 31, 1989 for any portion of the facility, then the

Agency may not issue or renew any development permit nor issue an original operating permit for any portion of such facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved by the appropriate county board or municipal governing body pursuant to Section 39.2 of this Act.

After January 1, 1994, if a solid waste disposal facility, any portion for which an operating permit has been issued by the Agency, has not accepted waste disposal for 5 or more consecutive calendars years, before that facility may accept any new or additional waste for disposal, the owner and operator must obtain a new operating permit under this Act for that facility unless the owner and operator have applied to the Agency for a permit authorizing the temporary suspension of waste acceptance. The Agency may not issue a new operation permit under this Act for the facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved or re-approved by the appropriate county board or municipal governing body under Section 39.2 of this Act after the facility ceased accepting waste.

Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, and except for new pollution control facilities governed by Section 39.2, and except for fossil fuel mining facilities, the granting of a permit under this Act shall not relieve the applicant from meeting and securing all necessary

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1 zoning approvals from the unit of government having zoning jurisdiction over the proposed facility. 2

Before beginning construction on any new sewage treatment plant or sludge drying site to be owned or operated by a sanitary district organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act for which a new permit (rather than the renewal or amendment of an existing permit) is required, such sanitary district shall hold a public hearing within the municipality within which the proposed facility is to be located, or within the nearest community if the proposed facility is to be located within an unincorporated area, at which information concerning the proposed facility shall be made available to the public, and members of the public shall be given the opportunity to express their views concerning the proposed facility.

The Agency may issue a permit for a municipal waste transfer station without requiring approval pursuant Section 39.2 provided that the following demonstration is made:

- (1) the municipal waste transfer station was existence on or before January 1, 1979 and was continuous operation from January 1, 1979 to January 1, 1993;
- (2) the operator submitted a permit application to the Agency to develop and operate the municipal waste transfer station during April of 1994;
 - (3) the operator can demonstrate that the county board

of the county, if the municipal waste transfer station is in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the municipality, if the station is in an incorporated area, does not object to resumption of the operation of the station; and

- (4) the site has local zoning approval.
- (d) The Agency may issue RCRA permits exclusively under this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste as defined under this Act.

All RCRA permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions standards and other requirements established under this Act, Board regulations, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and may include schedules for achieving compliance therewith as soon as possible. The Agency shall require that a performance bond or other security be provided as a condition for the issuance of a RCRA permit.

In the case of a permit to operate a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator as defined in subsection (k) of Section 44, the Agency shall require, as a condition of the permit, that the operator of the facility perform such analyses of the waste to be incinerated as may be necessary and appropriate to ensure

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1 the safe operation of the incinerator.

> The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of RCRA permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

> The applicant shall make available to the public for inspection all documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.

> (e) The Agency may issue UIC permits exclusively under this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for the underground injection of contaminants as defined under this Act.

> All UIC permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions standards and requirements established under this Act, Board regulations, the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 93-523), as

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1 amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and may include schedules for achieving compliance therewith. The Agency shall 2 3 require that a performance bond or other security be provided 4 as a condition for the issuance of a UIC permit.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of UIC permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 93-523), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

The applicant shall make available to the public for inspection, all documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.

- (f) In making any determination pursuant to Section 9.1 of this Act:
 - The Agency shall have authority to make the determination of any question required to be determined by the Clean Air Act, as now or hereafter amended, this Act, regulations of the Board, or the including determination of the Lowest Achievable Emission Rate, Maximum Achievable Control Technology, or Best Available

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1 Control Technology, consistent with the Board's 2 regulations, if any.

- The Agency shall, after conferring with applicant, give written notice to the applicant of its proposed decision on the application including the terms and conditions of the permit to be issued and the facts, conduct or other basis upon which the Agency will rely to support its proposed action.
- (3) Following such notice, the Agency shall give the applicant an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of Sections 10-25 through 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- (q) The Agency shall include as conditions upon all permits issued for hazardous waste disposal sites such restrictions upon the future use of such sites as are reasonably necessary to protect public health and the environment, including permanent prohibition of the use of such sites for purposes which may create an unreasonable risk of injury to human health or to the environment. After administrative and judicial challenges to such restrictions have been exhausted, the Agency shall file such restrictions of record in the Office of the Recorder of the county in which the hazardous waste disposal site is located.
- (h) A hazardous waste stream may not be deposited in a permitted hazardous waste site unless specific authorization is obtained from the Agency by the generator and disposal site

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owner and operator for the deposit of that specific hazardous waste stream. The Agency may grant specific authorization for disposal of hazardous waste streams only after the generator has reasonably demonstrated that, considering technological feasibility and economic reasonableness, the hazardous waste cannot be reasonably recycled for reuse, nor incinerated or chemically, physically or biologically treated so as neutralize the hazardous waste and render it nonhazardous. In granting authorization under this Section, the Agency may impose such conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and are consistent with this Act and regulations promulgated by the Board hereunder. If the Agency refuses to grant authorization under this Section, the applicant may appeal as if the Agency refused to grant a permit, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 40 of this Act. For purposes of this subsection (h), the term "generator" has the meaning given in Section 3.205 of this Act, unless: (1) the hazardous waste is treated, incinerated, or partially recycled for reuse prior to disposal, in which case the last person who treats, incinerates, or partially recycles the hazardous waste prior to disposal is the generator; or (2) the hazardous waste is from a response action, in which case the person performing the response action is the generator. This subsection (h) does not apply to any hazardous waste that is restricted from land disposal under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.

(i) Before issuing any RCRA permit, any permit for a waste

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storage site, sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste transfer station, waste treatment facility, waste incinerator, or any waste-transportation operation, or any permit or interim authorization for a clean construction or demolition debris fill operation, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the prospective owner's or operator's prior experience in waste management operations and clean construction or demolition debris fill operations. The Agency may deny such a permit, or deny or revoke interim authorization, if the prospective owner or operator or any employee or officer of the prospective owner or operator has a history of:

- (1) repeated violations of federal, State, or local regulations, standards, or ordinances in the operation of waste management facilities or sites or clean construction or demolition debris fill operation facilities or sites; or
- (2) conviction in this or another State of any crime which is a felony under the laws of this State, or conviction of a felony in a federal court; or conviction in this or another state or federal court of any of the following crimes: forgery, official misconduct, bribery, perjury, or knowingly submitting false information under any environmental law, regulation, or permit term or condition; or
- (3) proof of gross carelessness or incompetence in handling, storing, processing, transporting or disposing

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of waste or clean construction or demolition debris, or proof of gross carelessness or incompetence in using clean construction or demolition debris as fill.

- (i-5) Before issuing any permit or approving any interim authorization for a clean construction or demolition debris fill operation in which any ownership interest is transferred between January 1, 2005, and the effective date of prohibition set forth in Section 22.52 of this Act, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the operation if any previous activities at the site or facility may have caused or allowed contamination of the site. It shall be the responsibility of operator seeking the permit or owner or authorization to provide to the Agency all of the information necessary for the Agency to conduct its evaluation. The Agency may deny a permit or interim authorization if previous activities at the site may have caused or allowed contamination at the site, unless such contamination is authorized under any permit issued by the Agency.
- (j) The issuance under this Act of a permit to engage in the surface mining of any resources other than fossil fuels shall not relieve the permittee from its duty to comply with any applicable local law regulating the commencement, location or operation of surface mining facilities.
- (k) A development permit issued under subsection (a) of Section 39 for any facility or site which is required to have a permit under subsection (d) of Section 21 shall expire at the

end of 2 calendar years from the date upon which it was issued, unless within that period the applicant has taken action to develop the facility or the site. In the event that review of the conditions of the development permit is sought pursuant to Section 40 or 41, or permittee is prevented from commencing development of the facility or site by any other litigation beyond the permittee's control, such two-year period shall be deemed to begin on the date upon which such review process or litigation is concluded.

- (1) No permit shall be issued by the Agency under this Act for construction or operation of any facility or site located within the boundaries of any setback zone established pursuant to this Act, where such construction or operation is prohibited.
- (m) The Agency may issue permits to persons owning or operating a facility for composting landscape waste. granting such permits, the Agency may impose such conditions as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, and as are not inconsistent with applicable regulations promulgated by the Board. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a bond or other security shall not be required as a condition for the issuance of a permit. If the Agency denies any permit pursuant to this subsection, the Agency shall transmit to the applicant within the time limitations of this subsection specific, detailed statements as to the reasons the permit application was denied. Such statements shall include but not be limited to

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- (1) the Sections of this Act that may be violated if 2 3 the permit were granted;
 - (2) the specific regulations promulgated pursuant to this Act that may be violated if the permit were granted;
 - (3) the specific information, if any, the Agency deems the applicant did not provide in its application to the Agency; and
 - (4) a statement of specific reasons why the Act and the regulations might be violated if the permit were granted.

If no final action is taken by the Agency within 90 days after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant may deem the permit issued. Any applicant for a permit may waive the 90 day limitation by filing a written statement with the Agency.

The Agency shall issue permits for such facilities upon receipt of an application that includes a legal description of the site, a topographic map of the site drawn to the scale of 200 feet to the inch or larger, a description of the operation, including the area served, an estimate of the volume of materials to be processed, and documentation that:

- (1) the facility includes a setback of at least 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply well;
- (2) the facility is located outside the boundary of the 10-year floodplain or the site will be floodproofed;
 - the facility is located so as to minimize (3)

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incompatibility with the character of the surrounding area, including at least a 200 foot setback from any residence, and in the case of a facility that is developed or the permitted composting area of which is expanded after November 17, 1991, the composting area is located at least 1/8 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on the same property as the facility);

- (4) the design of the facility will prevent any compost material from being placed within 5 feet of the water table, will adequately control runoff from the site, and will collect and manage any leachate that is generated on the site:
- operation of the facility will include (5) the appropriate dust and odor control measures, limitations on operating hours, appropriate noise control measures for shredding, chipping and similar equipment, management procedures for composting, containment and disposal of non-compostable wastes, procedures to be terminating operations at the site, and recordkeeping sufficient to document the amount of materials received, composted and otherwise disposed of; and
- (6) the operation will be conducted in accordance with any applicable rules adopted by the Board.

The Agency shall issue renewable permits of not longer than 10 years in duration for the composting of landscape wastes, as defined in Section 3.155 of this Act, based on the above 1 requirements.

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- operator of any facility permitted under subsection (m) must submit a written annual statement to the Agency on or before April 1 of each year that includes an estimate of the amount of material, in tons, received for composting.
- The Agency shall issue permits jointly with the (n) Department of Transportation for the dredging or deposit of material in Lake Michigan in accordance with Section 18 of the Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Act.
- 11 (o) (Blank.)
- (p) (1) Any person submitting an application for a permit 12 13 for a new MSWLF unit or for a lateral expansion under subsection (t) of Section 21 of this Act for an existing MSWLF 14 15 unit that has not received and is not subject to local siting 16 approval under Section 39.2 of this Act shall publish notice of the application in a newspaper of general circulation in the 17 18 county in which the MSWLF unit is or is proposed to be located. The notice must be published at least 15 days before submission 19 20 of the permit application to the Agency. The notice shall state 21 the name and address of the applicant, the location of the MSWLF unit or proposed MSWLF unit, the nature and size of the 22 MSWLF unit or proposed MSWLF unit, the nature of the activity 23 24 proposed, the probable life of the proposed activity, the date 25 the permit application will be submitted, and a statement that 26 persons may file written comments with the Agency concerning

1 the permit application within 30 days after the filing of the

permit application unless the time period to submit comments is

3 extended by the Agency.

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When a permit applicant submits information to the Agency to supplement a permit application being reviewed by the Agency, the applicant shall not be required to reissue the notice under this subsection.

- (2) The Agency shall accept written comments concerning the permit application that are postmarked no later than 30 days after the filing of the permit application, unless the time period to accept comments is extended by the Agency.
- (3) Each applicant for a permit described in part (1) of this subsection shall file a copy of the permit application with the county board or governing body of the municipality in which the MSWLF unit is or is proposed to be located at the same time the application is submitted to the Agency. The permit application filed with the county board or governing body of the municipality shall include all documents submitted to or to be submitted to the Agency, except trade secrets as determined under Section 7.1 of this Act. The permit application and other documents on file with the county board or governing body of the municipality shall be made available for public inspection during regular business hours at the office of the county board or the governing body of the municipality and may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction.

- (Source: P.A. 93-575, eff. 1-1-04; 94-272, eff. 7-19-05; 1
- 2 94-725, eff. 6-1-06.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 3
- becoming law.". 4