1 AN ACT concerning courts.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 5 changing Section 2-28 as follows:

- 6 (705 ILCS 405/2-28) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-28)
- 7 Sec. 2-28. Court review.

(1) The court may require any legal custodian or quardian 8 9 of the person appointed under this Act to report periodically to the court or may cite him into court and require him or his 10 agency, to make a full and accurate report of his or its doings 11 in behalf of the minor. The custodian or guardian, within 10 12 days after such citation, shall make the report, either in 13 14 writing verified by affidavit or orally under oath in open court, or otherwise as the court directs. Upon the hearing of 15 16 the report the court may remove the custodian or quardian and 17 appoint another in his stead or restore the minor to the custody of his parents or former guardian or custodian. 18 19 However, custody of the minor shall not be restored to any 20 parent, guardian or legal custodian in any case in which the 21 minor is found to be neglected or abused under Section 2-3 or dependent under Section 2-4 of this Act, unless the minor can 22 be cared for at home without endangering the minor's health or 23

HB3621 Engrossed - 2 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

safety and it is in the best interests of the minor, and if 1 2 such neglect, abuse, or dependency is found by the court under paragraph (1) of Section 2-21 of this Act to have come about 3 due to the acts or omissions or both of such parent, quardian 4 5 or legal custodian, until such time as an investigation is made as provided in paragraph (5) and a hearing is held on the issue 6 of the fitness of such parent, guardian or legal custodian to 7 care for the minor and the court enters an order that such 8 9 parent, quardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the 10 minor.

11 (2) The first permanency hearing shall be conducted by the 12 judge. Subsequent permanency hearings may be heard by a judge or by hearing officers appointed or approved by the court in 13 the manner set forth in Section 2-28.1 of this Act. The initial 14 15 hearing shall be held (a) within 12 months from the date 16 temporary custody was taken, (b) if the parental rights of both 17 parents have been terminated in accordance with the procedure described in subsection (5) of Section 2-21, within 30 days of 18 19 the order for termination of parental rights and appointment of 20 a guardian with power to consent to adoption, or (c) in accordance with subsection (2) of Section 2-13.1. Subsequent 21 22 permanency hearings shall be held every 6 months or more 23 frequently if necessary in the court's determination following 24 initial permanency hearing, in accordance with the the 25 standards set forth in this Section, until the court determines 26 that the plan and goal have been achieved. Once the plan and HB3621 Engrossed - 3 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

goal have been achieved, if the minor remains in substitute 1 2 care, the case shall be reviewed at least every 6 months thereafter, subject to the provisions of this Section, unless 3 the minor is placed in the quardianship of a suitable relative 4 or other person and the court determines that further 5 6 monitoring by the court does not further the health, safety or 7 best interest of the child and that this is a stable permanent 8 placement. The permanency hearings must occur within the time 9 frames set forth in this subsection and may not be delayed in 10 anticipation of a report from any source or due to the agency's 11 failure to timely file its written report (this written report 12 means the one required under the next paragraph and does not 13 mean the service plan also referred to in that paragraph).

14 The public agency that is the custodian or guardian of the 15 minor, or another agency responsible for the minor's care, 16 shall ensure that all parties to the permanency hearings are 17 provided a copy of the most recent service plan prepared within the prior 6 months at least 14 days in advance of the hearing. 18 19 If not contained in the plan, the agency shall also include a 20 report setting forth (i) any special physical, psychological, educational, medical, emotional, or other needs of the minor or 21 22 his or her family that are relevant to a permanency or 23 placement determination and (ii) for any minor age 16 or over, a written description of the programs and services that will 24 25 enable the minor to prepare for independent living. The 26 agency's written report must detail what progress or lack of

HB3621 Engrossed - 4 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

progress the parent has made in correcting the conditions 1 2 requiring the child to be in care; whether the child can be 3 returned home without jeopardizing the child's health, safety, and welfare, and if not, what permanency goal is recommended to 4 5 be in the best interests of the child, and why the other permanency goals are not appropriate. The caseworker must 6 7 appear and testify at the permanency hearing. If a permanency 8 hearing has not previously been scheduled by the court, the 9 moving party shall move for the setting of a permanency hearing 10 and the entry of an order within the time frames set forth in 11 this subsection.

12 At the permanency hearing, the court shall determine the 13 future status of the child. The court shall set one of the 14 following permanency goals:

(A) The minor will be returned home by a specific datewithin 5 months.

(B) The minor will be in short-term care with a continued goal to return home within a period not to exceed one year, where the progress of the parent or parents is substantial giving particular consideration to the age and individual needs of the minor.

(B-1) The minor will be in short-term care with a continued goal to return home pending a status hearing. When the court finds that a parent has not made reasonable efforts or reasonable progress to date, the court shall identify what actions the parent and the Department must HB3621 Engrossed - 5 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

take in order to justify a finding of reasonable efforts or reasonable progress and shall set a status hearing to be held not earlier than 9 months from the date of adjudication nor later than 11 months from the date of adjudication during which the parent's progress will again be reviewed.

7 (C) The minor will be in substitute care pending court
8 determination on termination of parental rights.

9 (D) Adoption, provided that parental rights have been 10 terminated or relinquished.

(E) The guardianship of the minor will be transferred
to an individual or couple on a permanent basis provided
that goals (A) through (D) have been ruled out.

14 (F) The minor over age 15 will be in substitute care15 pending independence.

16 (G) The minor will be in substitute care because he or 17 she cannot be provided for in a home environment due to 18 developmental disabilities or mental illness or because he 19 or she is a danger to self or others, provided that goals 20 (A) through (D) have been ruled out.

In selecting any permanency goal, the court shall indicate in writing the reasons the goal was selected and why the preceding goals were ruled out. Where the court has selected a permanency goal other than (A), (B), or (B-1), the Department of Children and Family Services shall not provide further reunification services, but shall provide services consistent HB3621 Engrossed - 6 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

1 with the goal selected.

2 The court shall set a permanency goal that is in the best interest of the child. The court's determination shall include 3 the following factors: 4 5 (1) Age of the child. 6 (2) Options available for permanence. 7 (3) Current placement of the child and the intent of 8 the family regarding adoption. 9 Emotional, physical, and mental (4) status or 10 condition of the child. 11 (5) Types of services previously offered and whether or 12 not the services were successful and, if not successful, the reasons the services failed. 13 (6) Availability of services currently needed and 14 15 whether the services exist. 16 (7) Status of siblings of the minor. 17 The court shall consider (i) the permanency goal contained in the service plan, (ii) the appropriateness of the services 18 19 contained in the plan and whether those services have been 20 provided, (iii) whether reasonable efforts have been made by 21 all the parties to the service plan to achieve the goal, and 22 (iv) whether the plan and goal have been achieved. All evidence 23 relevant to determining these questions, including oral and 24 written reports, may be admitted and may be relied on to the 25 extent of their probative value.

26 If the goal has been achieved, the court shall enter orders

HB3621 Engrossed - 7 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

1 that are necessary to conform the minor's legal custody and 2 status to those findings.

If, after receiving evidence, the court determines that the 3 services contained in the plan are not reasonably calculated to 4 5 facilitate achievement of the permanency goal, the court shall put in writing the factual basis supporting the determination 6 and enter specific findings based on the evidence. The court 7 8 also shall enter an order for the Department to develop and 9 implement a new service plan or to implement changes to the 10 current service plan consistent with the court's findings. The 11 new service plan shall be filed with the court and served on 12 all parties within 45 days of the date of the order. The court shall continue the matter until the new service plan is filed. 13 14 Unless otherwise specifically authorized by law, the court is 15 not empowered under this subsection (2) or under subsection (3) 16 to order specific placements, specific services, or specific 17 service providers to be included in the plan.

A guardian or custodian appointed by the court pursuant to this Act shall file updated case plans with the court every 6 months.

21 Rights of wards of the court under this Act are enforceable 22 against any public agency by complaints for relief by mandamus 23 filed in any proceedings brought under this Act.

(3) Following the permanency hearing, the court shall enter
a written order that includes the determinations required under
subsection (2) of this Section and sets forth the following:

HB3621 Engrossed - 8 - L

(a) The future status of the minor, including the permanency goal, and any order necessary to conform the minor's legal custody and status to such determination; or

4 (b) If the permanency goal of the minor cannot be 5 achieved immediately, the specific reasons for continuing 6 the minor in the care of the Department of Children and 7 Family Services or other agency for short term placement, 8 and the following determinations:

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(i) (Blank).

10 (ii) Whether the services required by the court and 11 by any service plan prepared within the prior 6 months 12 have been provided and (A) if so, whether the services 13 were reasonably calculated to facilitate the 14 achievement of the permanency goal or (B) if not 15 provided, why the services were not provided.

16 (iii) Whether the minor's placement is necessary, and appropriate to the plan and goal, recognizing the 17 right of minors to the least restrictive 18 (most 19 family-like) setting available and in close proximity to the parents' home consistent with the health, 20 21 safety, best interest and special needs of the minor 22 and, if the minor is placed out-of-State, whether the 23 out-of-State placement continues to be appropriate and 24 consistent with the health, safety, and best interest 25 of the minor.

26 (iv) (Blank).

HB3621 Engrossed - 9 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

1 (v) (Blank). 2 Any order entered pursuant to this subsection (3) shall be immediately appealable as a matter of right under Supreme Court 3 Rule 304(b)(1). 4 5 (4) The minor or any person interested in the minor may apply to the court for a change in custody of the minor and the 6 7 appointment of a new custodian or guardian of the person or for the restoration of the minor to the custody of his parents or 8 9 former quardian or custodian. 10 When return home is not selected as the permanency goal: 11 (a) The Department, the minor, or the current foster 12 parent or relative caregiver seeking private guardianship 13 may file a motion for private guardianship of the minor. Appointment of a guardian under this Section requires 14 15 approval of the court. 16 (b) The State's Attorney may file a motion to terminate 17 parental rights of any parent who has failed to make reasonable efforts to correct the conditions which led to 18

19 the removal of the child or reasonable progress toward the 20 return of the child, as defined in subdivision (D)(m) of 21 Section 1 of the Adoption Act or for whom any other 22 unfitness ground for terminating parental rights as 23 defined in subdivision (D) of Section 1 of the Adoption Act 24 exists.

Custody of the minor shall not be restored to any parent, guardian or legal custodian in any case in which the minor is

found to be neglected or abused under Section 2-3 or dependent 1 2 under Section 2-4 of this Act, unless the minor can be cared 3 for at home without endangering his or her health or safety and it is in the best interest of the minor, and if such neglect, 4 5 abuse, or dependency is found by the court under paragraph (1) of Section 2-21 of this Act to have come about due to the acts 6 7 or omissions or both of such parent, quardian or legal 8 custodian, until such time as an investigation is made as 9 provided in paragraph (5) and a hearing is held on the issue of 10 the health, safety and best interest of the minor and the 11 fitness of such parent, guardian or legal custodian to care for 12 the minor and the court enters an order that such parent, quardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the minor. In 13 the event that the minor has attained 18 years of age and the 14 15 quardian or custodian petitions the court for an order 16 terminating his guardianship or custody, guardianship or 17 custody shall terminate automatically 30 days after the receipt of the petition unless the court orders otherwise. No legal 18 19 custodian or quardian of the person may be removed without his 20 consent until given notice and an opportunity to be heard by the court. 21

When the court orders a child restored to the custody of the parent or parents, the court shall order the parent or parents to cooperate with the Department of Children and Family Services and comply with the terms of an after-care plan, or risk the loss of custody of the child and possible termination HB3621 Engrossed - 11 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

of their parental rights. The court may also enter an order of
 protective supervision in accordance with Section 2-24.

3 (5) Whenever a parent, guardian, or legal custodian files a motion for restoration of custody of the minor, and the minor 4 5 was adjudicated neglected, abused, or dependent as a result of abuse, the court shall cause 6 physical to be made an 7 investigation as to whether the movant has ever been charged 8 with or convicted of any criminal offense which would indicate 9 the likelihood of any further physical abuse to the minor. Evidence of such criminal convictions shall be taken into 10 11 account in determining whether the minor can be cared for at 12 home without endangering his or her health or safety and fitness of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. 13

(a) Any agency of this State or any subdivision thereof
shall co-operate with the agent of the court in providing
any information sought in the investigation.

17 (b) The information derived from the investigation and any conclusions or recommendations derived 18 from the 19 information shall be provided to the parent, guardian, or 20 legal custodian seeking restoration of custody prior to the 21 hearing on fitness and the movant shall have an opportunity 22 at the hearing to refute the information or contest its 23 significance.

(c) All information obtained from any investigation
 shall be confidential as provided in Section 5-150 of this
 Act.

HB3621 Engrossed - 12 - LRB095 08703 RLC 28886 b

1 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-320, eff. 1-1-02.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.