

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB3422

Introduced 2/27/2007, by Rep. Gary Hannig

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that a person issued a restricted driving permit after being convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or under the influence of a combination of alcohol and another drug or intoxicating compound may drive only a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device until his or her driver's license has been reinstated. Provides that if the person does not own a vehicle, he or she must use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device, or must have an ignition interlock device installed in a vehicle he or she does not own, until his or her driver's license has been reinstated. Provides that a person prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped with the device commits a Class 4 felony if he or she drives a vehicle without the device. Sets additional penalties. Provides that the person commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she leases, rents, or borrows a vehicle without telling the person from whom he or she rents, leases, or borrows the vehicle of his or her driving restriction. Provides that it is also a Class A misdemeanor to knowingly rent, lease, or loan a vehicle not equipped with the device to a person restricted to driving a vehicle equipped with the device. Sets additional penalties. Makes changes regarding administration of and funding for monitoring the use of ignition interlock and transdermal alcohol monitoring devices.

LRB095 07788 DRH 27949 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 6-205, 6-206, 6-206.2, 6-208, and 11-501 and adding Sections 1-209.2 and 1-209.3 as follows:
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/1-209.2 new)
- 8 Sec. 1-209.2. Transdermal alcohol measurement. The
 9 detection and determination of the ethanol alcohol content in a
 10 person's blood by using a transdermal alcohol monitoring
 11 device, as defined in Section 1-209.3, that is in close and
- constant contact with the skin.
- 13 (625 ILCS 5/1-209.3 new)
- Sec. 1-209.3. Transdermal alcohol monitoring device. An
 external and noninvasive device approved by the Secretary of
 State that:
- 17 (1) is worn by a person 24 hours a day;
- 18 <u>(2) provides at least one transdermal alcohol</u>
 19 measurement during each one-hour period; and
- 20 (3) transmits the transdermal alcohol measurements at
 21 least one time in a period of 24 hours.

- 1 (625 ILCS 5/6-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205)
- 2 Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit;
- 3 Hardship cases.
- 4 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
- 5 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
- 6 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the
- 7 driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 8 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
- 9 motor vehicle;
- 10 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a
- 11 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the
- offense of operating or being in physical control of a
- vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or
- 14 drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any
- 15 combination thereof;
- 16 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the
- 17 federal government in the commission of which a motor
- 18 vehicle was used;
- 19 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to
- 20 the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident
- 21 involving death or personal injury;
- 22 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or
- 23 statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this
- Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or
- 25 operation of motor vehicles;
- 26 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section

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- 1 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless 2 driving committed within a period of 12 months;
- 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
 - 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
 - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
 - 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
 - 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
 - 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
 - 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense.
- 23 (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke 24 the license or permit of any driver in the following 25 situations:
- 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for

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- in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit.
 - (c) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, except for violations of subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of Section 11-501, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to transportation for the petitioner or a household member of the petitioner's family for the receipt of necessary medical care or, if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for the petitioner for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend student, in an accredited educational classes, as a institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or

welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship would result from a

3 failure to issue the restricted driving permit.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11 501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was

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issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11 501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or out-of-state offense, or any combination thereof, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or

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rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if an individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

(d) (Blank). Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11 501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6 106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may issue the applicant a license, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each, until the applicant attains 21 years of age.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or

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suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a single conviction of violating Section 11 501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1 129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then this provision does apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation,

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revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The revocation periods contained in this subparagraph shall apply out of state convictions.

- (d-5) Whenever a person is convicted of violating subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of Section 11-501, the Secretary of State shall issue a restricted driving permit to that person. This permit is contingent upon the installation of an ignition interlock device or, when applicable, the use of a transdermal alcohol monitoring device, and shall remain in effect until the person's driver's license has been reinstated. Removal of an ignition interlock device before the person's driver's license has been reinstated or tampering with an ignition interlock device shall result in immediate cancellation of the restricted driving permit and criminal penalties, as provided in subsections (i-1) and (i-2) of Section 11-501.
- (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.
 - Any revocation imposed upon any person under (f) subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on

- December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like period of time.
 - (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.
 - (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of an a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.
 - (i) The Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for a period of one year after a second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges under clause (a)(2) of this Section; however, one year after the date of a second or subsequent revocation of driving privileges under clause (a)(2) of this Section, the Secretary of State may, upon application, issue a restricted driving permit under the terms and conditions of subsection (c).
 - (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 94-307, eff. 9-30-05.)
- 2 (625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)
- Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- 5 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or 6 revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary 7 hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other 8 sufficient evidence that the person:
 - 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction;
 - 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction:
 - 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
 - 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle

caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;

- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
 - 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to

- fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
 - 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
 - 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
 - 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
 - 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
 - 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
 - 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
 - 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as

1	requ	ired	under	Secti	ion 11-50	01.1	of this	Code	and	the	person
2	has	not	sough	t a	hearing	as	provid	ed fo	or i	in S	Section
3	11-5	01 1:	•								

- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the

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United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;

- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of previous а conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the

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Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;
- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
 - 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by

Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;

- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or

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- suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
- 3 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code;
- 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
 - 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
- 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of
 Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of
 the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall
 be for 90 days; or
- 16 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of
 17 Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
- For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.
- 25 (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the

- Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
 - (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
 - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date of the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting

forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of

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suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between petitioner's residence and petitioner's place employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11 501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a

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single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1 129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of

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alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for cancellation the revocation, suspension, or of а restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

- (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 18 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
 - (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the

- 1 Drivers License Compact.
- 2 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 4 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 5 provisions of this Code.
- 6 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 7 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 8 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 9 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked
- 10 under any provisions of this Code.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 93-667, eff. 3-19-04;
- 12 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 93-955, eff. 8-19-04; 94-307, eff.
- 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)
- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-206.2)
- 15 Sec. 6-206.2. Violations relating to an ignition interlock
- device.
- 17 (a) It is unlawful for any person whose driving privilege
- 18 is restricted by being prohibited from operating a motor
- 19 vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device to
- 20 request or solicit any other person to blow into an ignition
- 21 interlock device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with the
- 22 device for the purpose of providing the person so restricted
- with an operable motor vehicle.
- 24 (b) It is unlawful to blow into an ignition interlock
- device or to start a motor vehicle equipped with the device for

- 1 the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person
- whose driving privilege is restricted by being prohibited from
- 3 operating a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- 4 interlock device.

- 5 (c) It is unlawful to tamper with, or circumvent the operation of, an ignition interlock device.
 - (d) Except as provided in subsection (c)(17) of Section 5-6-3.1 of the Unified Code of Corrections or by rule, no person shall knowingly rent, lease, or lend a motor vehicle to a person known to have his or her driving privilege restricted by being prohibited from operating a vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device, unless the vehicle is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. Any person whose driving privilege is so restricted shall notify any person intending to rent, lease, or loan a motor vehicle to the restricted person of the driving restriction imposed upon him or her.

A person convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be quilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of \$2,500 be punished by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.

(e) If a person prohibited under paragraph (2) or paragraph (3) of subsection (c-4) of Section 11-501 from driving any vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device nevertheless is convicted of driving a vehicle that is not equipped with the device, that person is prohibited from

- driving any vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock
- 2 device for an additional 2 years beyond the period of time
- 3 equal to the initial time period that the person was required
- 4 to use an ignition interlock device.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 91-127, eff. 1-1-00; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01.)
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208)
- 7 Sec. 6-208. Period of Suspension Application After
- 8 Revocation.
- 9 (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Code or any other
- 10 law of this State, the Secretary of State shall not suspend a
- driver's license, permit or privilege to drive a motor vehicle
- on the highways for a period of more than one year.
- 13 (b) Any person whose license, permit or privilege to drive
- 14 a motor vehicle on the highways has been revoked shall not be
- 15 entitled to have such license, permit or privilege renewed or
- 16 restored. However, such person may, except as provided under
- 17 subsection (d) of Section 6-205, make application for a license
- pursuant to Section 6-106 (i) if the revocation was for a cause
- 19 which has been removed or (ii) as provided in the following
- 20 subparagraphs:
- 21 1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 2, 3, and 4, the
- 22 person may make application for a license after the
- expiration of one year from the effective date of the
- revocation or, in the case of a violation of paragraph (b)
- of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a

local ordinance, after the expiration of 3 years from the
effective date of the revocation or, in the case of a
violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a
similar provision of a law of another state relating to the
offense of reckless homicide or a violation of subparagraph
(F) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of
this Code relating to aggravated driving under the
influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating
compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, if the
violation was the proximate cause of a death, after the
expiration of 2 years from the effective date of the
revocation or after the expiration of 24 months from the
date of release from a period of imprisonment as provided
in Section 6-103 of this Code, whichever is later.

- 2. If such person is convicted of committing a second violation within a 20 year period of:
 - (A) Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
 - (B) Paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
 - (C) Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless homicide; or
 - (D) any combination of the above offenses committed at different instances;

then such person may not make application for a license

until after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. The 20 year period shall be computed by using the dates the offenses were committed and shall also include similar out-of-state offenses.

- 3. However, except as provided in subparagraph 4, if such person is convicted of committing a third, or subsequent, violation or any combination of the above offenses, including similar out-of-state offenses, contained in subparagraph 2, then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation.
- 4. The person may not make application for a license if the person is convicted of committing a fourth or subsequent violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a combination of these offenses or similar provisions of local ordinances or similar out-of-state offenses.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, all persons referred to in this paragraph (b) may not have their privileges restored until the Secretary receives payment of the required reinstatement fee pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 6-118.

In no event shall the Secretary issue such license unless

- 1 and until such person has had a hearing pursuant to this Code
- 2 and the appropriate administrative rules and the Secretary is
- 3 satisfied, after a review or investigation of such person, that
- 4 to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the
- 5 highways will not endanger the public safety or welfare.
- 6 (c) (Blank).
- 7 (d) If a person prohibited under Section 11-501 of this
- 8 Code from driving any vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- 9 interlock device nevertheless is convicted of driving a vehicle
- that is not equipped with the device, that person is prohibited
- 11 from driving any vehicle not equipped with an ignition
- 12 interlock device for an additional 2 years beyond the time
- 13 period that the person was required to use an ignition
- 14 interlock device.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 92-343, eff. 1-1-02; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01;
- 16 92-458, eff. 8-22-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-712, eff.
- 17 1-1-05; 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; revised 10-14-04.)
- 18 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 19 (Text of Section from P.A. 93-1093 and 94-963)
- Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 21 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 22 combination thereof.
- 23 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 24 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 25 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or

- breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
 - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
- 25 (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection 26 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a

provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.

- (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
- (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
- (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced

sentence.

- 2 (c) (Blank).
 - (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her

driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
- 22 (c-5)(1) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 23 person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the 24 time of the violation, is subject to an additional 25 mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 26 minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include

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- 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(1) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (2) Except as provided in subdivisions (c-5)(3) and (c-5)(4) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 davs of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(2) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
- (3) Except as provided in subdivision (c-5)(4), any person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision

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- (c-5)(3) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (4) Any person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(4) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (5) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (6) Any person convicted of violating subdivision

sentence.

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(c-5) (5) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine mandatory minimum of \$3,000, and a 120 days imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced

(7) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-6)(1) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was

- 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.
- (2) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- (3) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90

days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (4) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.
- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
 - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;
 - (B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of

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age or younger on board;

- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
 - (F) the person, in committing a violation of

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subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.

(2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is quilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced

under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
- (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated

- 1 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall
- 2 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be
- 3 determined by the court.
- 4 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section,
- 5 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 6 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- 7 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
- 8 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
- 9 Unified Code of Corrections.
- 10 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 11 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 12 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 13 (h) (Blank).
- 14 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the installation
- 15 and continuous use of ignition interlock devices on all
- 16 vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a
- 17 first, second, or third violation second or subsequent offense
- of subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section or a
- 19 similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall
- 20 establish by rule and regulation the procedures for
- 21 certification and use of the ignition interlock system.
- The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a
- 23 person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of
- subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section shall
- 25 remain installed until the individual's driver's license has
- been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent

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conviction of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use <u>a transdermal alcohol</u> monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the individual shall pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly increments for necessary periods of less than one year.

(i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a second or subsequent time shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or

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- conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18 months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police

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2 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols,

and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities

officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for

shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras,

radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath

testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police

under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State

8 Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and

prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol,

other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any

combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but

not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and

commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol

related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer

15 training and education in areas related to alcohol related

crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police

officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for

hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols,

and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any

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not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor remedial education or compliance with any treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.

6-28-06.)

- (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 1 2 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 3 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 4 5 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 6 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 7 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 8 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 9 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 10 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 11 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 12 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 13 14 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 15 16 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 17 ambulance. (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 18 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 19 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1093, eff. 3-29-05; 94-963, eff. 20
- 22 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-110 and 94-963)
- Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof.

- (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle within this State while:
 - (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2:
 - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
 - (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;
 - (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
 - (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
 - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
 - (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

- (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
- (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

 (a) of this Section.
- (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
- (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.

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(b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c) (Blank).

- (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 13 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, 14 if the third violation occurs during a period in which his 15 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where 16 revocation or suspension was for a violation of 17 subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 18 19 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 20 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve 21 22 a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be 23 assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community 24 service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition 25 of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory 26 minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community

service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
- 25 (c-5) Except as provided in subsection (c-5.1), a person 21 26 years of age or older who violates subsection (a), if the

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person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-5.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section a first time and who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm to the child under the age of 16 being transported by the person, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is quilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to one year of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to community service under this subsection (c-5.1) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-7.1), a person 21 years of age or older who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community

service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-7.1), any person 21 years of age or older convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and, in addition to any other penalty imposed, is subject to one year of imprisonment, 25 days of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory fine of \$2,500. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section a second time within 10 years and who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm to the child under the age of 16 being transported, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$5,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to community service under this subsection (c-7.1) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

(c-8) (Blank).

(c-9) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 3 felony and, in addition to any other penalty imposed, is subject to 3 years of imprisonment, 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory fine of \$25,000. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under

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- the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$25,000.
 - (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.
- 15 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of 16 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years 17 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection 18 (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or 19 20 her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 21 22 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 23 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250. 24
 - (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a

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previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or а similar provision occurred transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination

thereof if:

- (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;
- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section

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11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is quilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted

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in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment appropriate. Programs conducting these as evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
 - (e-1) Any person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to

violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.

- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
 - (h) (Blank).
- (i) The Secretary of State shall require the <u>installation</u> and <u>continuous</u> use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a <u>first, second, or third violation</u> second or subsequent offense of <u>subdivision</u> (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for

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1 certification and use of the ignition interlock system.

The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section shall remain installed until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent conviction of violating subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the individual shall pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly increments for necessary periods of less than one year. (i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for

a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in

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- addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a 1 2 mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be 3 suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a second or subsequent time shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18 months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (i) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any

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combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a

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special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

(1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor with remedial education compliance any or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human

- 1 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois,
- 2 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug
- 3 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's
- 4 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be
- 5 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug
- 6 treatment licensure standards.
- 7 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by
- law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a),
- 9 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 10 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- 11 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle,
- snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a),
- 13 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act,
- 14 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a
- similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in
- an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make
- 17 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency
- 18 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public
- 19 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- 20 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- 21 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- 22 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- ambulance.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
- 25 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 26 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-110, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff.

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- 2 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-113, 94-609, and 94-963)
- 3 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 4 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 5 combination thereof.
- 6 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle within this State while:
 - (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
 - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
 - (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;
 - (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
 - (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
 - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating

- compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
 - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

 (a) of this Section.
 - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
 - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.

- (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
 - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 11 (c) (Blank).
 - (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

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(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 1 court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
 - (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days

of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the

1 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was

transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of

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1 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or а similar provision occurred transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of

this	Section	shall	be	guilty	of aggr	ravate	ed dr	riving u	ınder
the	influenc	e of	alo	cohol,	other	drug	or	drugs,	or
intox	xicating	compoi	ind	or com	npounds,	or	any	combina	ition
there	eof if:								

- (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;
- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
 - (E) the person, in committing a violation of

subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the

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defendant, unless the court determines that extraordinary circumstances exist and require probation, shall sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human

- 1 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid
- 2 for by the individual required to undergo the professional
- 3 evaluation.
- 4 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to
- 5 violating this Section, including any person receiving a
- 6 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section,
- 7 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel
- 8 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's
- 9 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers
- 10 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated
- 11 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall
- 12 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be
- determined by the court.
- 14 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section,
- 15 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 16 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
- of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
- 19 Unified Code of Corrections.
- 20 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 21 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 22 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 23 (h) (Blank).
- 24 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the installation
- 25 and continuous use of ignition interlock devices on all
- 26 vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a

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1 <u>first, second, or third violation</u> second or subsequent offense

of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a

similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall

establish by rule and regulation the procedures for

certification and use of the <u>ignition</u> interlock system.

The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section shall remain installed until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent conviction of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the individual shall pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly

- increments for necessary periods of less than one year.
- 2 (i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i)
- 3 shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for
- a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in 4
- addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a 5
- mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be 6
- 7 suspended or reduced by the court.
- (i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a 8
- 9 second or subsequent time shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony,
- shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or 10
- 11 conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other
- 12 penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18
- 13 months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or
- 14 reduced by the court.
- 15 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a
- 16 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating
- 17 subsection (a), including any person placed on court
- supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 18
- payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 19
- 20 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest
- and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit 21
- 22 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been
- 23 previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar
- provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 24
- 25 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the
- 26 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be

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shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police

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officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

- (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
- (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor

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1 any remedial education compliance with or treatment 2 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 3 4 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 5 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 6 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 7 8 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 9 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug

treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an

- 1 ambulance.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
- 3 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 4 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-113, eff. 1-1-06; 94-609, eff. 1-1-06;
- 5 94-963, eff. 6-28-06.)
- 6 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-114 and 94-963)
- 7 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 8 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 9 combination thereof.
- 10 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 11 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 12 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
- 13 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 15 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 16 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
- 17 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- 18 renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- 19 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- 21 incapable of safely driving;
- 22 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug
- or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree
- that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- 25 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or

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- compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
 - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.
 - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous

- violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
 - (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
 - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (c) (Blank).
 - (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
 - (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of

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subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of

imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the

5 court.

- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or fifth time, if the fourth or fifth violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
 - (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

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(c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours mandatory community service in a program benefiting

1 children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of

2 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The

imprisonment or assignment of community service under this

subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the

person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced

1 sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or fifth time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or fifth violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in

his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section

11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty

4 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of

imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or fifth violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or fifth violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section

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a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject 2 3 to a minimum fine of \$2,500. (c-16) Any person convicted of a sixth or subsequent 4 5 violation of subsection (a) is guilty of a Class X felony. 6 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of 7 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 8 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or the 9 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 10 thereof if: 11 (A) the person committed a violation of subsection 12 (a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent 13 time; 14 (B) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of 15 16 age or younger on board; 17 (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident 18 19 that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent 20 disability or disfigurement to another, when the 21 violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for

(D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was

determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C)

or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to

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a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required

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1 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an

2 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists

and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of

4 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these

5 evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human

6 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid

for by the individual required to undergo the professional

evaluation.

- (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 25 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 26 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a

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- similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 2 (h) (Blank).
 - (i) The Secretary of State shall require the <u>installation</u> and <u>continuous</u> use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a <u>first</u>, second, or third violation second or subsequent offense of <u>subdivisions</u> (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the ignition interlock system.

The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section shall remain installed until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent conviction of violating subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the

- 1 individual shall pay to the Secretary of State
- 2 Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to
- pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license 3
- 4 has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules
- 5 for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly
- increments for necessary periods of less than one year. 6
- 7 (i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i)
- shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for 8
- 9 a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in
- addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a 10
- 11 mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be
- 12 suspended or reduced by the court.
- 13 (i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a
- second or subsequent time shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, 14
- shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or 15
- 16 conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other
- 17 penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18
- months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or 18
- 19 reduced by the court.
- 20 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a
- person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 21
- 22 subsection (a), including any person placed on court
- 23 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500,
- payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 24
- 25 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest
- 26 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit

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into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but

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not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

- (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
- (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a

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similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor remedial compliance with any education or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency

- 1 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public
- 2 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- 3 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- 4 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- 5 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 6 ambulance.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
- 8 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 9 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-114, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff.
- 10 6-28-06.)
- 11 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-116 and 94-963)
- 12 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 14 combination thereof.
- 15 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 16 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 17 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
- breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- 19 breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 20 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 21 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
- 22 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- 24 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person

incapable of safely driving;

- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
 - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection
 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection
 (a) of this Section.
 - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
 - (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any

- person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
 - (b-4) In the case of a third violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
 - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 20 (c) (Blank).
 - (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a

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Class 4 felony.

- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is quilty of a Class 2 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or

- 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth time is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
 - (4) A person who violates subsection (a) a fifth or subsequent time is guilty of a Class 1 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
 - (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a

person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this

subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the

fourth violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty

that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(d) (1) Every	person	n cor	nvicted	d of comm	mittir	ng a '	violation	ı of
this S	Section	shall	be	guilty	of agg	ravate	ed dr	riving ur	ıder
the i	.nfluenc	ce of	alo	cohol,	other	drug	or	drugs,	or
intoxi	cating	compo	ınd	or con	mpounds,	or	any	combinat	ion
thereo	f if:								

- (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;
- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
 - (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
 - (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (c-1), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Except as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c-1), aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug, or drugs,

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intoxicating compounds or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar

provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of as appropriate. Programs conducting evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.

- (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.
- (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (q) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving

- privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 3 (h) (Blank).
 - (i) The Secretary of State shall require the <u>installation</u> and <u>continuous</u> use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a <u>first</u>, second, or third violation second or subsequent offense of <u>subdivision</u> (a) (1), (a) (2), or (a) (5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the ignition interlock system.

The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section shall remain installed until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent conviction of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's

driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the
individual shall pay to the Secretary of State DUI

Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to
pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license
has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules
for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly

increments for necessary periods of less than one year.

- (i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eliqible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a second or subsequent time shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eliqible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18 months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating subsection (a), including any person placed on court supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest

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and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any

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not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.

- (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
 - (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense

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based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor with any remedial education or treatment compliance recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make

- 1 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency
- 2 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public
- 3 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- 4 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- 5 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- 6 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 7 ambulance.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
- 9 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 10 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-116, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff.
- 11 6-28-06.)
- 12 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-329 and 94-963)
- 13 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 15 combination thereof.
- 16 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 17 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 18 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
- 19 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
- 20 breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 21 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 22 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
- 23 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- 25 (4) under the influence of any other drug or

combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;

- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
- (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:
 - (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

 (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection

 (a) of this Section.
 - (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

- 1 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any 2 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 3 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.
 - (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.
 - (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.
- 21 (c) (Blank).
 - (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined

in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory

minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless

homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.

- 7 (c-2) (Blank).
- (c-3) (Blank).
- (c-4) (Blank).
 - (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.
 - (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or

assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person under the

age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or

- 1 urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood,
- 2 breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a
- 3 Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional
- discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.
- 5 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of
- 6 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol
- 7 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or
- 8 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units
- 9 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other
- 10 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100
- 11 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of
- 12 \$500.
- 13 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of
- subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years
- of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar
- provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of
- 17 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the
- 18 second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in
- 19 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on
- 20 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
- 21 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty
- that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of
- imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- 24 (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of
- 25 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a
- 26 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if

at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a

7 mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory

minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:

1	(A) the person committed a violation of subsection
2	(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
3	time;
4	(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
5	(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
6	age or younger on board;
7	(C) the person in committing a violation of
8	subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident
9	that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent
10	disability or disfigurement to another, when the
11	violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
12	(D) the person committed a violation of subsection
13	(a) for a second time and has been previously convicted
14	of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961
15	or a similar provision of a law of another state
16	relating to reckless homicide in which the person was
17	determined to have been under the influence of alcohol,
18	other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or
19	compounds as an element of the offense or the person
20	has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C)
21	or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
22	(E) the person, in committing a violation of
23	subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school
24	speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per
25	hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section

11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle

accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death:
- (G) the person committed the violation while he or she did not possess a driver's license or permit or a restricted driving permit or a judicial driving permit; or
- (H) the person committed the violation while he or she knew or should have known that the vehicle he or she was driving was not covered by a liability insurance policy.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in paragraphs (2), (2.1), and (3) of subsection (c-1), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to

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not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or intoxicating compound or compounds, or drugs, or combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an

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- alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 1 2 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment 3 appropriate. Programs conducting as these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 4 5 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional 6 7 evaluation.
- (e-1) Any person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty to violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 17 determined by the court.
 - (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
 - The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

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- 1 (h) (Blank).
 - (i) The Secretary of State shall require the <u>installation</u> and <u>continuous</u> use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a <u>first, second, or third violation</u> second or subsequent offense of <u>subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of</u> this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the <u>ignition</u> interlock system.

The ignition interlock device installed in the vehicle of a person convicted of a first, second, or third violation of subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section shall remain installed until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Individuals with a fourth or subsequent conviction of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this Section must install and maintain ignition interlock devices on all vehicles they own and must keep the devices on those vehicles indefinitely. Individuals who have been convicted of violating subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance but do not own a vehicle must either: use a transdermal alcohol monitoring device until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated or install an ignition interlock device in a vehicle not owned by the individual until the individual's driver's license has been reinstated. Upon installation, the individual shall pay to the Secretary of State DUI

- 1 Administration Fund an annual fee of \$120 and shall continue to
- 2 pay this fee annually until the individual's driver's license
- 3 has been reinstated. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules
- 4 for the collection of this fee and for its payment in monthly
- 5 <u>increments for necessary periods of less than one year.</u>
- 6 (i-1) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i)
- 7 shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony, shall not be eligible for
- 8 a sentence of probation or conditional discharge, and shall, in
- 9 addition to any other penalty imposed, be subject to a
- 10 mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. This fine shall not be
- 11 suspended or reduced by the court.
- 12 (i-2) Individuals convicted of violating subsection (i) a
- second or subsequent time shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony,
- 14 shall not be eligible for a sentence of probation or
- 15 conditional discharge, and shall, in addition to any other
- penalty imposed, be subject to imprisonment of no less than 18
- 17 months. This term of imprisonment shall not be suspended or
- 18 reduced by the court.
- 19 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a
- 20 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating
- 21 subsection (a), including any person placed on court
- supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500,
- 23 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as
- follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest
- and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit
- 26 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been

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previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and

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- commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
 - (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
 - (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional

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evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be under existing applicable alcoholism licensed and treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public

- agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection
- 2 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a
- 3 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the
- 4 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an
- 5 ambulance.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
- 7 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;
- 8 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-329, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff.
- 9 6-28-06.)

1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	625 ILCS 5/1-209.2 new
4	625 ILCS 5/1-209.3 new
5	625 ILCS 5/6-205 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205
6	625 ILCS 5/6-206 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206
7	625 ILCS 5/6-206.2
8	625 ILCS 5/6-208 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208
9	625 ILCS 5/11-501 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501