

Rep. Linda Chapa LaVia

Filed: 5/10/2007

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09500HB2664ham001

LRB095 01126 CMK 35850 a

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 2664

AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 2664 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Employee Indemnification Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(5 ILCS 350/1) (from Ch. 127, par. 1301)

Sec. 1. Definitions. For the purpose of this Act:

(a) The term "State" means the State of Illinois, the General Assembly, the court, or any State office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or committee, the governing boards of the public institutions of higher education created by the State, the Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia, the Comprehensive Health Insurance Board, any poison control center designated under the Poison Control System Act that receives State funding, or any other agency or instrumentality of the State. It does not mean any local public

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entity as that term is defined in Section 1-206 of the Local

Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act or a

pension fund.

(b) The term "employee" means any present or former elected or appointed officer, trustee or employee of the State, or of a pension fund, any present or former commissioner or employee of the Executive Ethics Commission or of the Legislative Ethics Commission, any present or former Executive, Legislative, or Auditor General's Inspector General, any present or former employee of an Office of an Executive, Legislative, or Auditor General's Inspector General, any present or former member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia while on active duty, individuals or organizations who contract with the Department of Corrections, the Comprehensive Health Insurance Board, or the Department of Veterans' Affairs to provide services, individuals or organizations who contract with the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities) to provide services including but not limited to treatment and other services for sexually violent persons, individuals organizations who contract with the Department of Military Affairs for youth programs, individuals or organizations who contract to perform carnival and amusement ride safety for of inspections the Department Labor, individual representatives of or designated organizations authorized to represent the Office of State Long-Term Ombudsman for the

1 Aging, individual representatives Department on organizations designated by the Department on Aging in the 2 3 performance of their duties as elder abuse provider agencies or 4 regional administrative agencies under the Elder Abuse and 5 Neglect Act, individuals or organizations who perform 6 volunteer services for the State where such volunteer relationship is reduced to writing, individuals who serve on 7 8 any public entity (whether created by law or administrative 9 action) described in paragraph (a) of this Section, individuals 10 or not for profit organizations who, either as volunteers, 11 where such volunteer relationship is reduced to writing, or contract, furnish professional 12 pursuant to advice 13 consultation to any agency or instrumentality of the State, 14 individuals who serve as foster parents for the Department of 15 Children and Family Services when caring for a Department ward, 16 and individuals who serve as arbitrators pursuant to Part 10A of Article II of the Code of Civil Procedure and the rules of 17 18 the Supreme Court implementing Part 10A, each as now or 19 hereafter amended, but does not mean an independent contractor 20 except as provided in this Section. The term includes an 21 individual appointed as an inspector by the Director of State 22 Police when performing duties within the scope 23 activities of a Metropolitan Enforcement Group or a law 24 organization established enforcement under the 25 Intergovernmental Cooperation Act. An individual who renders 26 professional advice and consultation to the State through an

- 1 organization which qualifies as an "employee" under the Act is
- 2 also an employee. The term includes the estate or personal
- 3 representative of an employee.
- 4 (c) The term "pension fund" means a retirement system or
- 5 pension fund created under the Illinois Pension Code.
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.) 6
- 7 Section 10. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of
- 8 1971 is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
- 9 (5 ILCS 375/3) (from Ch. 127, par. 523)
- Definitions. Unless the context 10 3.
- 11 requires, the following words and phrases as used in this Act
- 12 shall have the following meanings. The Department may define
- 13 these and other words and phrases separately for the purpose of
- 14 implementing specific programs providing benefits under this
- 15 Act.
- "Administrative service organization" 16 means
- person, firm or corporation experienced in the handling of 17
- 18 claims which is fully qualified, financially sound and capable
- 19 meeting the service requirements of a contract
- 20 administration executed with the Department.
- (b) "Annuitant" means (1) an employee who retires, or has 21
- 22 retired, on or after January 1, 1966 on an immediate annuity
- 23 under the provisions of Articles 2, 14 (including an employee
- 24 who has elected to receive an alternative retirement

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cancellation payment under Section 14-108.5 of the Illinois Pension Code in lieu of an annuity), 15 (including an employee who has retired under the optional retirement program established under Section 15-158.2), paragraphs (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106, or Article 18 of the Illinois Pension Code; (2) any person who was receiving group insurance coverage under this Act as of March 31, 1978 by reason of his status as an annuitant, even though the annuity in relation to which such coverage was provided is a proportional annuity based on less than the minimum period of service required for a retirement annuity in the system involved; (3) any person not otherwise covered by this Act who has retired as a participating member under Article 2 of the Illinois Pension Code but is ineligible for the retirement annuity under Section 2-119 of the Illinois Pension Code; (4) the spouse of any person who is receiving a retirement annuity under Article 18 of the Illinois Pension Code and who is covered under a group health insurance program sponsored by a governmental employer other than the State of Illinois and who has irrevocably elected to waive his or her coverage under this Act and to have his or her spouse considered as the "annuitant" under this Act and not as a "dependent"; or (5) an employee who retires, or has retired, from a qualified position, as determined according to rules promulgated by the Director, under a qualified government, a qualified rehabilitation facility, a qualified domestic violence shelter or service, or a qualified child

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- 1 advocacy center. (For definition of "retired employee", see (p) 2 post).
 - (b-5) "New SERS annuitant" means a person who, on or after January 1, 1998, becomes an annuitant, as defined in subsection (b), by virtue of beginning to receive a retirement annuity under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code (including an employee who has elected to receive an alternative retirement cancellation payment under Section 14-108.5 of that Code in lieu of an annuity), and is eligible to participate in the basic program of group health benefits provided for annuitants under this Act.
 - (b-6) "New SURS annuitant" means a person who (1) on or after January 1, 1998, becomes an annuitant, as defined in subsection (b), by virtue of beginning to receive a retirement annuity under Article 15 of the Illinois Pension Code, (2) has not made the election authorized under Section 15-135.1 of the Illinois Pension Code, and (3) is eligible to participate in the basic program of group health benefits provided for annuitants under this Act.
 - (b-7) "New TRS State annuitant" means a person who, on or after July 1, 1998, becomes an annuitant, as defined in subsection (b), by virtue of beginning to receive a retirement annuity under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code based on service as a teacher as defined in paragraph (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106 of that Code, and is eligible to participate in the basic program of group health benefits provided for

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- annuitants under this Act.
- (c) "Carrier" means (1) an insurance company, a corporation organized under the Limited Health Service Organization Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plan Act, a partnership, or other nongovernmental organization, which is authorized to do group life or group health insurance business in Illinois, or (2) the State of Illinois as a self-insurer.
- (d) "Compensation" means salary or wages payable on a regular payroll by the State Treasurer on a warrant of the State Comptroller out of any State, trust or federal fund, or by the Governor of the State through a disbursing officer of the State out of a trust or out of federal funds, or by any Department out of State, trust, federal or other funds held by the State Treasurer or the Department, to any person for personal services currently performed, and ordinary accidental disability benefits under Articles 2, 14, 15 (including ordinary or accidental disability benefits under the optional retirement program established under Section 15-158.2), paragraphs (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106, or Article 18 of the Illinois Pension Code, for disability incurred after January 1, 1966, or benefits payable under the Workers' Compensation or Occupational Diseases Act or benefits payable under a sick pay plan established in accordance with Section 36 of the State Finance Act. "Compensation" also means salary or wages paid to an employee of any qualified local government, qualified rehabilitation facility, qualified

- domestic violence shelter or service, or qualified child advocacy center.
 - (e) "Commission" means the State Employees Group Insurance Advisory Commission authorized by this Act. Commencing July 1, 1984, "Commission" as used in this Act means the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability as established by the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984.
 - (f) "Contributory", when referred to as contributory coverage, shall mean optional coverages or benefits elected by the member toward the cost of which such member makes contribution, or which are funded in whole or in part through the acceptance of a reduction in earnings or the foregoing of an increase in earnings by an employee, as distinguished from noncontributory coverage or benefits which are paid entirely by the State of Illinois without reduction of the member's salary.
 - (g) "Department" means any department, institution, board, commission, officer, court or any agency of the State government receiving appropriations and having power to certify payrolls to the Comptroller authorizing payments of salary and wages against such appropriations as are made by the General Assembly from any State fund, or against trust funds held by the State Treasurer and includes boards of trustees of the retirement systems created by Articles 2, 14, 15, 16 and 18 of the Illinois Pension Code. "Department" also includes the Illinois Comprehensive Health Insurance Board, the Board of Examiners established under the Illinois Public Accounting

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Act, and the Illinois Finance Authority.

(h) "Dependent", when the term is used in the context of the health and life plan, means a member's spouse and any unmarried child (1) from birth to age 19 including an adopted child, a child who lives with the member from the time of the filing of a petition for adoption until entry of an order of adoption, a stepchild or recognized child who lives with the member in a parent-child relationship, or a child who lives with the member if such member is a court appointed guardian of the child, or (2) age 19 to 23 enrolled as a full-time student in any accredited school, financially dependent upon the member, and eligible to be claimed as a dependent for income tax purposes, or (3) age 19 or over who is mentally or physically handicapped. For the purposes of item (2), an unmarried child age 19 to 23 who is a member of the United States Armed Services, including the Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia, and is mobilized to active duty shall qualify as a dependent beyond the age of 23 and until the age of 25 and while a full-time student for the amount of time spent on active duty between the ages of 19 and 23. The individual attempting to qualify for this additional time must submit written documentation of active duty service to the Director. The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly apply only to individuals mobilized to active duty in the United States Armed Services, including the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, on or after

- January 1, 2002. For the health plan only, the term "dependent" also includes any person enrolled prior to the effective date of this Section who is dependent upon the member to the extent that the member may claim such person as a dependent for income tax deduction purposes; no other such person may be enrolled. For the health plan only, the term "dependent" also includes any person who has received after June 30, 2000 an organ transplant and who is financially dependent upon the member and eligible to be claimed as a dependent for income tax purposes.
 - (i) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois
 Department of Central Management Services.
 - (j) "Eligibility period" means the period of time a member has to elect enrollment in programs or to select benefits without regard to age, sex or health.
 - (k) "Employee" means and includes each officer or employee in the service of a department who (1) receives his compensation for service rendered to the department on a warrant issued pursuant to a payroll certified by a department or on a warrant or check issued and drawn by a department upon a trust, federal or other fund or on a warrant issued pursuant to a payroll certified by an elected or duly appointed officer of the State or who receives payment of the performance of personal services on a warrant issued pursuant to a payroll certified by a Department and drawn by the Comptroller upon the State Treasurer against appropriations made by the General Assembly from any fund or against trust funds held by the State

1 Treasurer, and (2) is employed full-time or part-time in a 2 position normally requiring actual performance of duty during not less than 1/2 of a normal work period, as established by 3 4 the Director in cooperation with each department, except that 5 persons elected by popular vote will be considered employees 6 during the entire term for which they are elected regardless of hours devoted to the service of the State, and (3) except that 7 8 "employee" does not include any person who is not eligible by 9 reason of such person's employment to participate in one of the 10 State retirement systems under Articles 2, 14, 15 (either the 11 regular Article 15 system or the optional retirement program established under Section 15-158.2) or 18, or under paragraph 12 13 (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106, of the Illinois Pension Code, but such term does include persons who are employed 14 15 during the 6 month qualifying period under Article 14 of the 16 Illinois Pension Code. Such term also includes any person who (1) after January 1, 1966, is receiving ordinary or accidental 17 disability benefits under Articles 2, 14, 15 18 (including 19 ordinary or accidental disability benefits under the optional retirement program established under 20 Section 15-158.2), 21 paragraphs (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106, or Article 18 of the Illinois Pension Code, for disability incurred after 22 January 1, 1966, (2) receives total permanent or total 23 24 temporary disability under the Workers' Compensation Act or 25 Occupational Disease Act as a result of injuries sustained or 26 illness contracted in the course of employment with the State

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1 of Illinois, or (3) is not otherwise covered under this Act and has retired as a participating member under Article 2 of the 2 Illinois Pension Code but is ineligible for the retirement 3 4 annuity under Section 2-119 of the Illinois Pension Code. 5 However, a person who satisfies the criteria of the foregoing 6 definition of "employee" except that such person is made ineligible to participate in the State Universities Retirement 7 8 System by clause (4) of subsection (a) of Section 15-107 of the 9 Illinois Pension Code is also an "employee" for the purposes of 10 this Act. "Employee" also includes any person receiving or 11 eligible for benefits under a sick pay plan established in accordance with Section 36 of the State Finance Act. "Employee" 12 also includes (i) each officer or employee in the service of a 13 14 qualified local government, including persons appointed as 15 trustees of sanitary districts regardless of hours devoted to 16 the service of the sanitary district, (ii) each employee in the service of a qualified rehabilitation facility, (iii) each 17 full-time employee in the service of a qualified domestic 18 19 violence shelter or service, and (iv) each full-time employee 20 in the service of a qualified child advocacy center, as 21 determined according to rules promulgated by the Director.

- means (1)"Member" an employee, annuitant, retired employee or survivor.
- 24 (m) "Optional coverages or benefits" means those coverages 25 or benefits available to the member on his or her voluntary 26 election, and at his or her own expense.

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- "Program" means the group life insurance, health benefits and other employee benefits designed and contracted for by the Director under this Act.
 - (o) "Health plan" means a health benefits program offered by the State of Illinois for persons eligible for the plan.
 - (p) "Retired employee" means any person who would be an annuitant as that term is defined herein but for the fact that such person retired prior to January 1, 1966. Such term also includes any person formerly employed by the University of Illinois in the Cooperative Extension Service who would be an annuitant but for the fact that such person was made ineligible to participate in the State Universities Retirement System by clause (4) of subsection (a) of Section 15-107 of the Illinois Pension Code.
 - (q) "Survivor" means a person receiving an annuity as a survivor of an employee or of an annuitant. "Survivor" also includes: (1) the surviving dependent of a person who satisfies the definition of "employee" except that such person is made ineligible to participate in the State Universities Retirement System by clause (4) of subsection (a) of Section 15-107 of the Illinois Pension Code; (2) the surviving dependent of any person formerly employed by the University of Illinois in the Cooperative Extension Service who would be an annuitant except for the fact that such person was made ineligible to participate in the State Universities Retirement System by clause (4) of subsection (a) of Section 15-107 of the Illinois

- 1 Pension Code; and (3) the surviving dependent of a person who
- was an annuitant under this Act by virtue of receiving an 2
- alternative retirement cancellation payment under Section 3
- 4 14-108.5 of the Illinois Pension Code.
- 5 (q-2) "SERS" means the State Employees' Retirement System
- 6 of Illinois, created under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension
- 7 Code.
- 8 "SURS" means the State Universities Retirement
- 9 System, created under Article 15 of the Illinois Pension Code.
- 10 (q-4) "TRS" means the Teachers' Retirement System of the
- 11 State of Illinois, created under Article 16 of the Illinois
- Pension Code. 12
- 13 (q-5) "New SERS survivor" means a survivor, as defined in
- 14 subsection (q), whose annuity is paid under Article 14 of the
- 15 Illinois Pension Code and is based on the death of (i) an
- 16 employee whose death occurs on or after January 1, 1998, or
- (ii) a new SERS annuitant as defined in subsection (b-5). "New 17
- SERS survivor" includes the surviving dependent of a person who 18
- 19 was an annuitant under this Act by virtue of receiving an
- 20 alternative retirement cancellation payment under Section
- 14-108.5 of the Illinois Pension Code. 21
- (q-6) "New SURS survivor" means a survivor, as defined in 22
- 23 subsection (q), whose annuity is paid under Article 15 of the
- 24 Illinois Pension Code and is based on the death of (i) an
- 25 employee whose death occurs on or after January 1, 1998, or
- 26 (ii) a new SURS annuitant as defined in subsection (b-6).

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- (q-7) "New TRS State survivor" means a survivor, as defined in subsection (g), whose annuity is paid under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code and is based on the death of (i) an employee who is a teacher as defined in paragraph (2), (3), or (5) of Section 16-106 of that Code and whose death occurs on or after July 1, 1998, or (ii) a new TRS State annuitant as defined in subsection (b-7).
 - (r) "Medical services" means the services provided within the scope of their licenses by practitioners in all categories licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987.
 - "Unit of local government" means (s) any county, school municipality, township, district (including a combination of school districts under the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act), special district or other unit, designated as a unit of local government by law, which exercises limited governmental powers or powers in respect to governmental subjects, any not-for-profit association with a membership that primarily includes townships and township officials, that has duties that include provision of research service, dissemination of information, and other acts for the purpose of improving township government, and that is funded wholly or partly in accordance with Section 85-15 of the Township Code; any not-for-profit corporation or association, with a membership consisting primarily of municipalities, that operates its own utility system, and provides research, training, dissemination of information, or other acts to

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- promote cooperation between and among municipalities that provide utility services and for the advancement of the goals and purposes of its membership; the Southern Illinois Collegiate Common Market, which is a consortium of higher education institutions in Southern Illinois; the Illinois Association of Park Districts; and any hospital provider that is owned by a county that has 100 or fewer hospital beds and not already joined the program. "Qualified local government" means a unit of local government approved by the Director and participating in a program created under subsection (i) of Section 10 of this Act.
 - "Qualified rehabilitation facility" means (t) any not-for-profit organization that is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities or certified by the Department of Human Services (as successor to of Mental Health Department and Developmental Disabilities) to provide services to persons with disabilities and which receives funds from the State of Illinois for providing those services, approved by the Director participating in a program created under subsection (j) of Section 10 of this Act.
 - (u) "Oualified domestic violence shelter or service" means any Illinois domestic violence shelter or service and its administrative offices funded by the Department of Human Services (as successor to the Illinois Department of Public Aid), approved by the Director and participating in a program

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- created under subsection (k) of Section 10. 1
 - (v) "TRS benefit recipient" means a person who:
 - (1) is not a "member" as defined in this Section; and
 - is receiving a monthly benefit or retirement annuity under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code; and
 - (3) either (i) has at least 8 years of creditable service under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code, or (ii) was enrolled in the health insurance program offered under that Article on January 1, 1996, or (iii) is the survivor of a benefit recipient who had at least 8 years of creditable service under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code or was enrolled in the health insurance program offered under that Article on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995, or (iv) is a recipient or survivor of a recipient of a disability benefit under Article 16 of the Illinois Pension Code.
 - (w) "TRS dependent beneficiary" means a person who:
 - (1) is not a "member" or "dependent" as defined in this Section; and
 - (2) is a TRS benefit recipient's: (A) spouse, (B) dependent parent who is receiving at least half of his or support from the TRS benefit recipient, or unmarried natural or adopted child who is (i) under age 19, or (ii) enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited school, financially dependent upon the TRS recipient, eligible to be claimed as a dependent for income

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- tax purposes, and either is under age 24 or was, on January 1 1, 1996, participating as a dependent beneficiary in the 2 3 health insurance program offered under Article 16 of the 4 Illinois Pension Code, or (iii) age 19 or over who is 5 mentally or physically handicapped.
 - "Military leave with pay and benefits" refers to individuals in basic training for reserves, special/advanced training, annual training, emergency call up, or activation by the President of the United States with approved pay and benefits.
 - (y) "Military leave without pay and benefits" refers to individuals who enlist for active duty in a regular component of the U.S. Armed Forces or other duty not specified or authorized under military leave with pay and benefits.
- 15 (z) "Community college benefit recipient" means a person 16 who:
 - (1) is not a "member" as defined in this Section; and
 - (2) is receiving a monthly survivor's annuity or retirement annuity under Article 15 of the Illinois Pension Code; and
 - (3) either (i) was a full-time employee of a community college district or an association of community college boards created under the Public Community College Act (other than an employee whose last employer under Article 15 of the Illinois Pension Code was a community college district subject to Article VII of the Public Community

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- College Act) and was eligible to participate in a group health benefit plan as an employee during the time of employment with a community college district (other than a community college district subject to Article VII of the Public Community College Act) or an association of community college boards, or (ii) is the survivor of a person described in item (i).
- 8 (aa) "Community college dependent beneficiary" means a 9 person who:
 - (1) is not a "member" or "dependent" as defined in this Section; and
 - (2) is a community college benefit recipient's: (A) spouse, (B) dependent parent who is receiving at least half of his or her support from the community college benefit recipient, or (C) unmarried natural or adopted child who is (i) under age 19, or (ii) enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited school, financially dependent upon the community college benefit recipient, eligible to claimed as a dependent for income tax purposes and under age 23, or (iii) age 19 or over and mentally or physically handicapped.
 - (bb) "Qualified child advocacy center" means any Illinois child advocacy center and its administrative offices funded by the Department of Children and Family Services, as defined by the Children's Advocacy Center Act (55 ILCS 80/), approved by the Director and participating in a program created under

- subsection (n) of Section 10. 1
- (Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04; 2
- 93-1067, eff. 1-15-05; 94-32, eff. 6-15-05; 94-82, eff. 1-1-06; 3
- 4 94-860, eff. 6-16-06; revised 8-3-06.)
- 5 Section 15. The Disaster Relief Act is amended by changing
- Section 3 as follows: 6

result of a disaster.

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- 7 (15 ILCS 30/3) (from Ch. 127, par. 293.3)
- 8 Sec. 3. Whenever funds regularly appropriated to the State 9 and local governmental bodies for disaster response and recovery are insufficient to provide services, and when the 10 11 Governor has declared a disaster by proclamation in accordance 12 with Section 7 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act 13 or any successor Act, the Governor may draw upon the Disaster 14 Relief Fund in order to provide services or to reimburse local governmental bodies furnishing services. The fund may be used 15 for the payment of emergency employees, for the payment of the 16 Illinois National Guard or Naval Militia when called to active 17 18 duty, for disaster-related expenses of State Agencies and 19 Departments, and for the emergency purchase or renting of 20 equipment and commodities. The fund shall be used for 21 furnishing emergency services and relief to the disaster area 22 as a whole and shall not be used to provide private relief to

persons sustaining property damages or personal injury as a

- 1 (Source: P.A. 87-168.)
- Section 20. The Department of Central Management Services 2
- 3 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by
- 4 changing Section 405-105 as follows:
- (20 ILCS 405/405-105) (was 20 ILCS 405/64.1) 5
- Sec. 405-105. Fidelity, surety, property, and casualty 6
- 7 insurance. The Department shall establish and implement a
- 8 program to coordinate the handling of all fidelity, surety,
- 9 property, and casualty insurance exposures of the State and the
- departments, divisions, agencies, branches, and universities 10
- 11 of the State. In performing this responsibility, the Department
- 12 shall have the power and duty to do the following:
- 13 (1) Develop and maintain loss and exposure data on all
- 14 State property.
- (2) Study the feasibility of establishing a self-insurance 15
- 16 plan for State property and prepare estimates of the costs of
- 17 reinsurance for risks beyond the realistic limits of the
- 18 self-insurance.
- (3) Prepare a plan for centralizing the purchase of 19
- 20 property and casualty insurance on State property under a
- 21 master policy or policies and purchase the insurance contracted
- 22 for as provided in the Illinois Purchasing Act.
- 23 Evaluate existing provisions for fidelity bonds
- 24 required of State employees and recommend changes that are

- 1 commensurate with risk experience appropriate
- 2 determinations respecting self-insurance or reinsurance so as
- 3 to permit reduction of costs without loss of coverage.
- 4 Investigate procedures for inclusion of
- 5 districts, public community college districts, and other units
- 6 of local government in programs for the centralized purchase of
- 7 insurance.
- 8 (6) Implement recommendations of the State Property
- 9 Insurance Study Commission that the Department finds necessary
- 10 or desirable in the performance of its powers and duties under
- 11 this Section to achieve efficient and comprehensive risk
- 12 management.
- 13 Prepare and, in the discretion of the Director,
- 14 implement a plan providing for the purchase of public liability
- 15 insurance or for self-insurance for public liability or for a
- 16 combination of purchased insurance and self-insurance for
- public liability (i) covering the State and drivers of motor 17
- 18 vehicles owned, leased, or controlled by the State of Illinois
- 19 pursuant to the provisions and limitations contained in the
- 20 Illinois Vehicle Code, (ii) covering other public liability
- 21 exposures of the State and its employees within the scope of
- 22 their employment, and (iii) covering drivers of motor vehicles
- 23 not owned, leased, or controlled by the State but used by a
- 24 State employee on State business, in excess of liability
- 25 covered by an insurance policy obtained by the owner of the
- motor vehicle or in excess of the dollar amounts that the 26

1 Department shall determine to be reasonable. Any contract of 2 insurance let under this Law shall be by bid in accordance with

the procedure set forth in the Illinois Purchasing Act. Any

provisions for self-insurance shall conform to subdivision

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The term "employee" as used in this subdivision (7) and in subdivision (11) means a person while in the employ of the State who is a member of the staff or personnel of a State agency, bureau, board, commission, committee, department, university, or college or who is a State officer, elected official, commissioner, member of or ex officio member of a State agency, bureau, board, commission, committee, department, university, or college, or a member of the National Guard or Naval Militia while on active duty pursuant to orders of the Governor of the State of Illinois, or any other person while using a licensed motor vehicle owned, leased, or controlled by the State of Illinois with the authorization of the State of Illinois, provided the actual use of the motor vehicle is within the scope of that authorization and within the course of State service.

Subsequent to payment of a claim on behalf of an employee pursuant to this Section and after reasonable advance written notice to the employee, the Director may exclude the employee from future coverage or limit the coverage under the plan if (i) the Director determines that the claim resulted from an incident in which the employee was grossly negligent or had

- 1 engaged in willful and wanton misconduct or (ii) the Director
- determines that the employee is no longer an acceptable risk
- 3 based on a review of prior accidents in which the employee was
- 4 at fault and for which payments were made pursuant to this
- 5 Section.
- 6 The Director is authorized to promulgate administrative
- 7 rules that may be necessary to establish and administer the
- 8 plan.
- 9 Appropriations from the Road Fund shall be used to pay auto
- 10 liability claims and related expenses involving employees of
- 11 the Department of Transportation, the Illinois State Police,
- 12 and the Secretary of State.
- 13 (8) Charge, collect, and receive from all other agencies of
- 14 the State government fees or monies equivalent to the cost of
- 15 purchasing the insurance.
- 16 (9) Establish, through the Director, charges for risk
- 17 management services rendered to State agencies by the
- Department. The State agencies so charged shall reimburse the
- 19 Department by vouchers drawn against their respective
- 20 appropriations. The reimbursement shall be determined by the
- 21 Director as amounts sufficient to reimburse the Department for
- 22 expenditures incurred in rendering the service.
- The Department shall charge the employing State agency or
- 24 university for workers' compensation payments for temporary
- 25 total disability paid to any employee after the employee has
- 26 received temporary total disability payments for 120 days if

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the employee's treating physician has issued a release to return to work with restrictions and the employee is able to perform modified duty work but the employing State agency or university does not return the employee to work at modified duty. Modified duty shall be duties assigned that may or may not be delineated as part of the duties regularly performed by the employee. Modified duties shall be assigned within the prescribed restrictions established by the treating physician and the physician who performed the independent medical examination. The amount of all reimbursements shall be deposited into the Workers' Compensation Revolving Fund which is hereby created as a revolving fund in the State treasury. In addition to any other purpose authorized by law, moneys in the Fund shall be used, subject to appropriation, to pay these or other temporary total disability claims of employees of State agencies and universities.

Beginning with fiscal year 1996, all amounts recovered by the Department through subrogation in workers' compensation and workers' occupational disease cases shall be deposited into the Workers' Compensation Revolving Fund created under this subdivision (9).

(10) Establish rules, procedures, and forms to be used by State agencies in the administration and payment of workers' compensation claims. The Department shall initially evaluate and determine the compensability of any injury that is the subject of a workers' compensation claim and provide for the

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1 administration and payment of such a claim for all State 2 agencies. The Director may delegate to any agency with the 3 agreement of the agency head the responsibility for evaluation, administration, and payment of that agency's claims. 4

Any plan for public liability self-insurance implemented under this Section shall provide that (i) the Department shall attempt to settle and may settle any public liability claim filed against the State of Illinois or any public liability claim filed against a State employee on the basis of an occurrence in the course of the employee's State employment; (ii) any settlement of such a claim must be approved by the Director and, in cases of settlements exceeding \$100,000, by the Governor; and (iii) a settlement of any public liability claim against the State or a State employee shall require an unqualified release of any right of action against the State and the employee for acts within the scope of the employee's employment giving rise to the claim.

Whenever and to the extent that a State employee operates a motor vehicle or engages in other activity covered by self-insurance under this Section, the State of Illinois shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the employee against any claim in tort filed against the employee for acts or omissions within the scope of the employee's employment in any proper judicial forum and not settled pursuant to this subdivision (11), provided that this obligation of the State of Illinois shall not exceed a maximum liability of \$2,000,000 for any

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1 single occurrence in connection with the operation of a motor 2 vehicle or \$100,000 per person per occurrence for any other single occurrence, or \$500,000 for any single occurrence in 3 4 connection with the provision of medical care by a licensed 5 physician employee.

Any claims against the State of Illinois under self-insurance plan that are not settled pursuant to this subdivision (11) shall be heard and determined by the Court of Claims and may not be filed or adjudicated in any other forum. The Attorney General of the State of Illinois or the Attorney General's designee shall be the attorney with respect to all public liability self-insurance claims that are not settled pursuant to this subdivision (11) and therefore result in litigation. The payment of any award of the Court of Claims entered against the State relating to any public liability self-insurance claim shall act as a release against any State employee involved in the occurrence.

(12) Administer a plan the purpose of which is to make payments on final settlements or final judgments in accordance with the State Employee Indemnification Act. The plan shall be funded through appropriations from the General Revenue Fund specifically designated for that purpose, except indemnification expenses for employees of the Department of Transportation, the Illinois State Police, and the Secretary of State shall be paid from the Road Fund. The term "employee" as used in this subdivision (12) has the same meaning as under

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subsection (b) $\circ f$ Section 1 of the State Employee Indemnification Act. Subject to sufficient appropriation, the Director shall approve payment of any claim presented to the Director that is supported by a final settlement or final judgment when the Attorney General and the chief officer of the public body against whose employee the claim or cause of action is asserted certify to the Director that the claim is in accordance with the State Employee Indemnification Act and that they approve of the payment. In no event shall an amount in excess of \$150,000 be paid from this plan to or for the benefit of any claimant.

(13) Administer a plan the purpose of which is to make payments on final settlements or final judgments for employee wage claims in situations where there was an appropriation relevant to the wage claim, the fiscal year and lapse period have expired, and sufficient funds were available to pay the claim. The plan shall be funded through appropriations from the General Revenue Fund specifically designated for that purpose.

Subject to sufficient appropriation, the Director is authorized to pay any wage claim presented to the Director that is supported by a final settlement or final judgment when the chief officer of the State agency employing the claimant certifies to the Director that the claim is a valid wage claim and that the fiscal year and lapse period have expired. Payment for claims that are properly submitted and certified as valid by the Director shall include interest accrued at the rate of

- 1 7% per annum from the forty-fifth day after the claims are
- received by the Department or 45 days from the date on which 2
- the amount of payment is agreed upon, whichever is later, until 3
- 4 the date the claims are submitted to the Comptroller for
- 5 payment. When the Attorney General has filed an appearance in
- any proceeding concerning a wage claim settlement or judgment, 6
- the Attorney General shall certify to the Director that the 7
- 8 wage claim is valid before any payment is made. In no event
- 9 shall an amount in excess of \$150,000 be paid from this plan to
- 10 or for the benefit of any claimant.
- 11 Nothing in Public Act 84-961 shall be construed to affect
- in any manner the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims 12
- 13 concerning wage claims made against the State of Illinois.
- 14 (14) Prepare and, in the discretion of the Director,
- 15 implement a program for self-insurance for official fidelity
- 16 and surety bonds for officers and employees as authorized by
- the Official Bond Act. 17
- (Source: P.A. 93-839, eff. 7-30-04.) 18
- 19 Section 25. The Personnel Code is amended by changing
- Section 4c as follows: 20
- 21 (20 ILCS 415/4c) (from Ch. 127, par. 63b104c)
- 22 Sec. 4c. General exemptions. The following positions in
- 23 State service shall be exempt from jurisdictions A, B, and C,
- 24 unless the jurisdictions shall be extended as provided in this

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- 2 (1) All officers elected by the people.
- 3 (2) All positions under the Lieutenant Governor, 4 Secretary of State, State Treasurer, State Comptroller, 5 State Board of Education, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Attorney General, and State Board of Elections. 6
 - (3) Judges, and officers and employees of the courts, and notaries public.
 - (4) All officers and employees of the Illinois General Assembly, all employees of legislative commissions, all officers and employees of the Illinois Legislative Reference Bureau, the Legislative Research Unit, and the Legislative Printing Unit.
 - (5) All positions in the Illinois National Guard, Illinois Naval Militia, and Illinois State Guard, paid from federal funds or positions in the State Military Service filled by enlistment and paid from State funds.
 - (6) All employees of the Governor at the executive mansion and on his immediate personal staff.
 - (7) Directors of Departments, the Adjutant General, the Assistant Adjutant General, the Director of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, members of boards and commissions, and all other positions appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate.
 - (8) The presidents, other principal administrative officers, and teaching, research and extension faculties

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of Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Western Illinois University, the Illinois Community College Board, Southern Illinois University, Illinois Board of Higher Education, University of Illinois, State Universities Civil Service System, University Retirement System of Illinois, administrative officers and scientific and technical staff of the Illinois State Museum.

- (9) All other employees except the presidents, other principal administrative officers, and teaching, research and extension faculties of the universities under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents and the colleges and universities under the jurisdiction of the Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities, Illinois Community College Board, Southern Illinois University, Illinois Board of Higher Education, Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities, the Board of Regents, University of Illinois, State Universities Civil Service System, University Retirement System of Illinois, so long these are subject to the provisions of the State Universities Civil Service Act.
- (10) The State Police so long as they are subject to the merit provisions of the State Police Act.
 - (11) The scientific staff of the State Scientific

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- 1 Surveys and the Waste Management and Research Center.
 - The technical and engineering staffs of the Department of Transportation, the Department of Nuclear Safety, the Pollution Control Board, and the Illinois Commerce Commission, and the technical and engineering staff providing architectural and engineering services in the Department of Central Management Services.
 - (13) All employees of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority.
 - (14)The Secretary of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.
 - (15) All persons who are appointed or employed by the Director of Insurance under authority of Section 202 of the Illinois Insurance Code to assist the Director of Insurance in discharging his responsibilities relating to the rehabilitation, liquidation, conservation, and dissolution of companies that are subject to the jurisdiction of the Illinois Insurance Code.
 - (16) All employees of the St. Louis Metropolitan Area Airport Authority.
 - (17) All investment officers employed by the Illinois State Board of Investment.
 - of the (18)Employees Illinois Young Adult Conservation Corps program, administered by the Illinois Department of Natural Resources, authorized grantee under Title VIII of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act

1 of 1973, 29 USC 993.

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- Seasonal employees of the (19)Department Agriculture for the operation of the Illinois State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fair, no one person receiving more than 29 days of such employment in any calendar year.
 - All "temporary" employees hired under the Department of Natural Resources' Illinois Conservation Service, a youth employment program that hires young people to work in State parks for a period of one year or less.
 - (21) All hearing officers of the Human Rights Commission.
 - (22) All employees of the Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy.
 - (23) All employees of the Kankakee River Valley Area Airport Authority.
 - (24) The commissioners and employees of the Executive Ethics Commission.
 - (25)The Executive Inspectors General, including special Executive Inspectors General, and employees of each Office of an Executive Inspector General.
 - The (26)commissioners and employees of the Legislative Ethics Commission.
 - The Legislative Inspector General, including special Legislative Inspectors General, and employees of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General.
- 26 (28) The Auditor General's Inspector General

- 1 employees of the Office of the Auditor General's Inspector
- 2 General.
- (Source: P.A. 93-617, eff. 12-9-03; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05; 3
- 4 93-1091, eff. 3-29-05.)
- 5 Section 30. The Helping Heroes Child Care Program Act is
- amended by changing Section 10 as follows: 6
- 7 (20 ILCS 1325/10)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2010)
- 9 Sec. 10. Program established.
- (a) The Helping Heroes Child Care Program is established 10
- 11 for the purpose of providing vouchers for child care to
- 12 Illinois families who have one or more parents deployed to Iraq
- 13 or Afghanistan by the armed services. The Department shall
- 14 administer the program. The Department shall implement the
- program only if federal funding is made available for that 15
- 16 purpose. Any such federal moneys received by the State shall be
- deposited into the Fund for Child Care for Deployed Military 17
- 18 Personnel, which is created as a special fund in the State
- 19 treasury. Moneys in the Fund shall be appropriated to the
- 20 Department for the purpose of administering this Act.
- 21 (b) Any Illinois resident who (i) is serving in the active
- 22 military, reserves, or National Guard, or Naval Militia, (ii)
- 23 has been deployed to Iraq or Afghanistan by the armed services,
- 24 and (iii) meets the income eligibility criteria established by

- 1 the Department by rule is eligible for a child care voucher
- 2 under the program. A family that received child care assistance
- 3 before the parent's deployment to Iraq or Afghanistan is
- 4 eligible only for a voucher for the cost of any additional
- 5 hours of child care that are necessary by reason of that
- 6 deployment. A family is not eligible for a child care voucher
- 7 under the program if the family receives child care services
- 8 from the United States military.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 94-35, eff. 6-15-05.)
- 10 Section 35. The Military Code of Illinois is amended by
- 11 changing Sections 1.01, 3, 4, 7, 10, 11, 12, 18, 20, 22, 22-1,
- 12 22-9, 22-10, 24.1, 25, 27, 28.6, 28.9, the heading of Article
- 13 V-A, and Sections 30.1, 30.5, 30.10, 30.15, 30.20, 34, 35, 37,
- 14 40, 41, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 62, 65, 68, 69, 71, 74, 82,
- 15 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92.1, 93, 94a, 96, 98, 100, and
- 16 101 and by adding Sections 6, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, the heading of
- 17 Article VI, and Sections 31, 32, 63, and 93.1 as follows:
- 18 (20 ILCS 1805/1.01) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.001)
- 19 Sec. 1.01. This Act may be cited as the Military and Naval
- 20 Code of Illinois.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 86-1475.)
- 22 (20 ILCS 1805/3) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.03)
- Sec. 3. Whenever all or a portion of the Illinois National

- 1 Guard or Illinois Naval Militia is called or ordered into the
- active military service of the United States by the President 2
- 3 of the United States or the Congress of the United States it
- 4 shall be the duty of the Governor as Commander-in-Chief to
- 5 furnish such troops, and the Governor as Commander-in-Chief
- may, by his proclamation, organize the Illinois State Guard 6
- under the provisions of the Illinois State Guard Law. 7
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 8
- 9 (20 ILCS 1805/4) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.04)
- 10 Sec. 4. The intent of this Act and all Acts of the State of
- Illinois affecting the Illinois National Guard, Illinois Naval 11
- 12 Militia, and Unorganized Militia is to conform to all Acts and
- regulations of the United States affecting the same subjects, 13
- and all Acts of the State of Illinois shall be construed to 14
- effect this purpose. 15
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 16
- (20 ILCS 1805/6 new) 17
- 18 Sec. 6. The Naval force of the State is hereby designated
- 19 the Illinois Naval Militia.
- 20 (20 ILCS 1805/6.1 new)
- 21 Sec. 6.1. Commander, Illinois Naval Militia. The Illinois
- 22 Naval Militia shall be commanded by the Commander, Illinois
- Naval Militia. The Commander-in-Chief shall appoint the 23

- 1 Commander, Illinois Naval Militia, with a grade not to exceed
- Rear Admiral, Upper Half. The Commander, Illinois Naval 2
- Militia, shall be appointed from among career naval officers of 3
- 4 the United States Navy, United States Marine Corps, or United
- 5 States Coast Guard, or their reserve components, including
- retired officers. 6
- 7 (20 ILCS 1805/6.2 new)
- 8 Sec. 6.2. Advisement. The Commander, Illinois Naval
- 9 Militia, shall advise the Commander-in-Chief on naval and
- 10 maritime matters.
- 11 (20 ILCS 1805/6.3 new)
- 12 Sec. 6.3. Relationship with United States Armed Forces. The
- 13 Commander, Illinois Naval Militia, shall maintain liaison with
- the United States Navy, United States Marine Corps, United 14
- States Coast Guard, and their reserve components. 15
- 16 (20 ILCS 1805/7) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.07)
- 17 Sec. 7. The Organized Militia shall consist of the Illinois
- National Guard and the Illinois Naval Militia. There shall be 18
- 19 no racial segregation nor shall there be any discrimination in
- the service of any detachment, company, regiment, division, 20
- 21 department or any other subdivision of the Illinois National
- 22 Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia because of race, creed, or
- 23 color.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 2 (20 ILCS 1805/10) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.10)
- 3 Sec. 10. The uniforms, arms and equipment of all personnel
- 4 of the Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia
- 5 shall be exempt from all suits, distresses, executions or sales
- 6 for debts or payment of taxes. Personnel shall in all cases
- 7 except treason, felony, or breach of peace, be privileged from
- 8 arrest and imprisonment by civil authority while under orders
- 9 in the active service of the State, from the date of the
- 10 issuing of such orders to the time when such service shall
- 11 cease.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 13 (20 ILCS 1805/11) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.11)
- Sec. 11. The Governor of the State is Commander-in-Chief of
- the military and naval forces of the State.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 17 (20 ILCS 1805/12) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.12)
- 18 Sec. 12. The Commander-in-Chief may appoint at his
- 19 discretion 6 four personal aides as members of his staff and
- 20 may commission such aides in grades not above that of Colonel
- 21 <u>or naval Captain</u>.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

- 1 (20 ILCS 1805/18) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.18)
- The term "military service" used herein as 2 Sec. 18.
- 3 qualification for appointment of officers of the Illinois
- 4 National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia is defined to mean
- 5 such military or naval service credited as cumulative years of
- 6 service for pay purposes in accordance with the laws of the
- United States and the rules and regulations based thereon. 7
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 8
- 9 (20 ILCS 1805/20) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.20)
- 10 Sec. 20. There is hereby established in the Executive
- Branch of the State Government, a principal department which 11
- 12 shall be known as the Department of Military Affairs. The
- Department of Military Affairs shall consist of The Adjutant 13
- 14 General, Chief of Staff; an Assistant Adjutant General for
- 15 Army; an Assistant Adjutant General for Air; a Commander,
- <u>Illinois Naval Militia;</u> and the number of military, naval, and 16
- 17 civilian employees required. It is the channel of communication
- between the Federal Government and the State of Illinois on all 18
- 19 matters pertaining to the State military and naval forces.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 20
- 21 (20 ILCS 1805/22) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.22)
- 22 Sec. 22. The Adjutant General shall be charged with
- 23 carrying out the policies of the Commander-in-Chief and shall
- 24 issue orders in his name. Orders of The Adjutant General shall

- 1 be considered as emanating from the Commander-in-Chief.
- 2 (a) He shall be the immediate adviser of the
- 3 Commander-in-Chief on all matters relating to the militia and
- 4 shall be charged with the planning, development and execution
- of the program of the military and naval forces of the State.
- 6 He shall be responsible for the preparation and execution of
- 7 plans, for organizing, supplying, equipping and mobilizing the
- 8 Organized Militia, for use in the national defense, and for
- 9 State defense, and emergencies.
- 10 (b) He shall hold major organization commanders
- 11 responsible for the training of their commands, and shall issue
- 12 all orders and instructions for the government of the militia
- and of the officers, warrant officers, and enlisted personnel
- 14 therein.
- 15 (c) He shall make such returns and reports as may be
- 16 prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief or required by the laws or
- 17 regulations of the State or of the United States.
- 18 (d) The Adjutant General shall be the head of the
- 19 Department of Military Affairs of the Executive Branch of the
- 20 government of the State.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 22 (20 ILCS 1805/22-1) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.22-1)
- Sec. 22-1. The Adjutant General has the power and authority
- 24 to enter into contracts and agreements in the name of the State
- of Illinois with the Federal government on any and all matters

- 1 relating to the organizing, training, equipping, quartering
- 2 and maintenance of the Illinois National Guard and the Illinois
- 3 Naval Militia.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 5 (20 ILCS 1805/22-9)
- 6 Sec. 22-9. Power to make grants from the Illinois Military
- 7 Family Relief Fund. Subject to appropriation, the Department of
- 8 Military Affairs shall have the power to make grants from the
- 9 Illinois Military Family Relief Fund, a special fund created in
- 10 the State treasury, to single persons who are members of the
- Illinois National Guard or Naval Militia or Illinois residents 11
- 12 who are members of the reserves of the armed forces of the
- United States and who have been called to active duty as a 13
- 14 result of the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and to
- 15 families of persons who are members of the Illinois National
- Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia or Illinois residents who 16
- are members of the reserves of the armed forces of the United 17
- States and who have been called to active duty as a result of 18
- 19 the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks. The Department of
- 20 Military Affairs shall establish eligibility criteria for the
- 21 grants by rule.
- In addition to amounts transferred into the Fund under 22
- 23 Section 510 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, the State Treasurer
- 24 shall accept and deposit into the Fund all gifts, grants,
- 25 transfers, appropriations, and other amounts from any legal

- 1 source, public or private, that are designated for deposit into
- 2 the Fund.
- (Source: P.A. 92-886, eff. 2-7-03; 93-506, eff. 8-11-03; 3
- 4 93-976, eff. 8-20-04.)
- 5 (20 ILCS 1805/22-10)
- Sec. 22-10. Notice of provisions of Service Member's 6
- 7 Employment Tenure Act. Whenever a member of the Illinois
- 8 National Guard or Naval Militia is called to active military
- 9 duty pursuant to a declaration of war by the Congress or by the
- 10 President under the War Powers Act or by the Governor in time
- of declared emergency or for quelling civil insurrection, the 11
- 12 Adjutant General shall ensure that the member is expeditiously
- given written notice of the provisions of Sections 4 and 4.5 of 13
- 14 the Service Member's Employment Tenure Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 94-162, eff. 7-11-05.)
- 16 (20 ILCS 1805/24.1) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.24-1)
- Sec. 24.1. The Adjutant General is authorized to negotiate 17
- 18 and enter into contracts on behalf of all civilian employees of
- the Army National Guard, and Naval 19
- 20 Militia under his jurisdiction for membership in an employee
- 21 retirement, disability or death benefits system,
- 22 membership in a group health insurance program, and to enter
- 23 into agreements with the Secretary of Defense of the United
- 24 States of America for withholding sums from the compensation of

- 1 such civilian employees for contributions to such system or
- program. The Adjutant General is also authorized to designate 2
- who shall receive the sums withheld for contributions to the 3
- 4 system or program authorized by this Section.
- 5 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2574.)
- (20 ILCS 1805/25) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.25) 6
- 7 Sec. 25. The Adjutant General shall have charge of and
- 8 carefully preserve the colors, flags, guidons and military
- 9 trophies of war belonging to the State. He may, for the purpose
- 10 of enabling wider public display, make loans of these items to
- the Federal government, other State governments, and to 11
- 12 recognized museums. He shall furnish, at the expense of the
- 13 State, blanks and forms, and such military and naval
- 14 publications as required.
- 15 Prior to September 1 of each year, or at such other time as
- prescribed by the Governor, the Adjutant General shall file 16
- 17 with the Office of the Governor a report listing each item
- loaned during the previous fiscal year and prior fiscal years, 18
- 19 the terms and conditions of each loan, and the federal or State
- 20 governmental office or recognized museum to which each item has
- 21 been loaned.
- (Source: P.A. 91-826, eff. 6-13-00.) 22
- 23 (20 ILCS 1805/27) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.27)
- 24 Sec. 27. The Adjutant General shall be responsible for and

- 1 have supervision of all military installations, facilities,
- armories, grounds, buildings, property, and equipment of the 2
- 3 Illinois Army, and Air National Guard, and Naval Militia.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 5 (20 ILCS 1805/28.6)
- Sec. 28.6. Policy. 6
- 7 (a) A member of the Army National Guard, or the Air 8 National Guard, or the Naval Militia may be ordered to funeral 9 honors duty in accordance with this Article. That member shall
- 10 receive an allowance of \$100 for any day on which a minimum of
- 2 hours of funeral honors duty is performed. Members of the 11
- 12 Illinois National Guard or Naval Militia ordered to funeral
- 13 honors duty in accordance with this Article are considered to
- 14 be in the active service of the State for all purposes except
- 15 for pay, and the provisions of Sections 52, 53, 54, 55, and 56
- of the Military Code of Illinois apply if a member of the 16
- Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia is 17
- injured or disabled in the course of those duties. 18
- 19 (b) The Adjutant General may provide support for other
- 20 authorized providers who volunteer to participate in a funeral
- 21 honors detail conducted on behalf of the Governor. This support
- 22 is limited to transportation, reimbursement for
- transportation, expenses, materials, and training. 23
- 24 (c) On or after July 1, 2006, if the Adjutant General
- 25 determines that Illinois National Guard or Naval Militia

- 1 personnel are not available to perform military funeral honors
- 2 in accordance with this Article, the Adjutant General may
- 3 authorize another appropriate organization to provide one or
- 4 more of its members to perform those honors and, subject to
- 5 appropriations for that purpose, shall authorize the payment of
- 6 a \$100 stipend to the organization.
- (Source: P.A. 94-251, eff. 1-1-06; 94-359, eff. 7-1-06; revised 7
- 9-14-06.) 8
- 9 (20 ILCS 1805/28.9)
- 10 Sec. 28.9. Availability of funds. Nothing in this Article
- establishes any entitlement to military funeral honors if the 11
- 12 Adjutant General determines that Illinois National Guard,
- 13 Naval Militia, or other appropriate personnel are not available
- 14 to perform those honors or if adequate appropriated funds are
- 15 not available to fund this program.
- (Source: P.A. 94-359, eff. 7-1-06.) 16
- 17 (20 ILCS 1805/Art. V-A heading)
- 18 ARTICLE V-A. NATIONAL GUARD AND NAVAL MILITIA EMPLOYMENT RIGHTS
- 19 (20 ILCS 1805/30.1)
- 20 Sec. 30.1. Article short title. This Article may be cited
- 21 as the Illinois National Guard and Naval Militia Employment
- 22 Rights Law.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 92-716, eff. 7-24-02.)

1 (20 ILCS 1805/30.5)

Sec. 30.5. Public policy. As a guide to the interpretation and application of this Article, the public policy of the State is declared as follows:

The United States has provided for the reemployment rights of members of the Reserve Components of the armed forces, and of the National Guard of the states, while serving in duty or training statuses pursuant to Title 10 or 32 of the United States Code, by enacting the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, codified at Title 38, United States Code, Chapter 43. The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act, however, does not provide any such protection to members of the National Guard or Naval Militia serving the states, including the State of Illinois, in a State Active Duty status pursuant to orders of the Governor.

The United States has also provided relief from certain civil obligations for personnel of the United States armed forces serving on federal active duty under Title 10 of the United States Code, by enacting the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940, codified at Title 50 Appendix, United States Code, Sections 501-591. Members of the National Guard or Naval Militia serving other than in such a federal active duty status under Title 10 of the United States Code, however, are not subject to, nor do they receive the protections of, the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940.

1 As a constituent commonwealth of the United States, and in accordance with the constitutions of the United States and of 2 the State of Illinois, the State of Illinois must provide for 3 4 the defense of its citizens and territory against domestic and 5 foreign threats, and the Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia are is an essential parts part of the State's 6 ability to meet such threats. It is therefore declared to be 7 8 the policy of the State of Illinois (i) to ensure the readiness 9 of members of the National Guard and Naval Militia to execute 10 missions assigned by appropriate federal or State authorities 11 by quaranteeing adequate protections of their right to return to civilian employment upon completion of State Active Duty and 12 13 (ii) to grant members of the National Guard and Naval Militia 14 relief from certain civil obligations while performing periods 15 of training or duty under Title 32 of the United States Code and State Active Duty. 16

- (Source: P.A. 92-716, eff. 7-24-02.) 17
- (20 ILCS 1805/30.10) 18
- 19 Sec. 30.10. Definitions. In this Article:
- 20 "National Guard" has the definition provided by federal law
- at 10 U.S.C. 101(c). 21
- 22 "Illinois National Guard" has the definition provided in
- Sections 5 and 7 of this Code. 23
- 24 "Illinois Naval Militia" or "Naval Militia" has the
- 25 definition provided in Sections 6 and 7 of this Code.

- 1 "Federal active duty under Title 10 of the United States
- Code" means active federal service of members of the National 2
- Guard pursuant to any provision of Chapter 1209 of Title 10 of 3
- 4 the United States Code.
- 5 "Training or duty under Title 32 of the United States Code"
- means active or inactive National Guard training or duty 6
- performed pursuant to Chapter 5 of Title 32 of the United 7
- 8 States Code and pursuant to the orders of the Governor.
- 9 "State Active Duty" means National Guard duty performed in
- 10 the active service of any state or United States territory or
- 11 commonwealth in accordance with that jurisdiction's laws and
- pursuant to the orders of the Governor concerned. It does not 12
- 13 refer to active duty performed pursuant to Chapter 5 of Title
- 14 32 of the United States Code and pursuant to the orders of the
- 15 Governor.
- 16 "Political subdivision" means any unit of local government
- 17 or school district.
- (Source: P.A. 92-716, eff. 7-24-02.) 18
- 19 (20 ILCS 1805/30.15)
- Sec. 30.15. National Guard or Naval Militia; State Active 2.0
- 21 Duty; reemployment rights.
- 22 (a) Any member of the National Guard or Naval Militia ("a
- 23 member") employed by a private employer in the State of
- Illinois or by the State of Illinois or any political 24
- 25 subdivision of the State whose absence from a position of

- 1 employment is necessitated by reason of being called to State
- 2 Active Duty, whether or not voluntary, shall be entitled to
- 3 reemployment rights and benefits and other employment benefits
- 4 under this Article if:

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- 5 (1) the member (or an appropriate officer of the 6 National Guard <u>or Naval Militia</u> in which the service is 7 performed) has given advance written or oral notice of the 8 service, if reasonably possible;
 - (2) the member reports to, or submits an application for reemployment to, the employer in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e); and
 - (3) the character of the member's service on State Active Duty was honorable, under honorable conditions, or otherwise characterized as satisfactory.
 - (b) No notice is required under subsection (a) if precluded by military necessity, or if the giving of the notice is not reasonably possible, under all relevant circumstances. A written determination of military necessity for the purposes of this subsection shall be made by the Adjutant General of Illinois and shall not be subject to judicial review.
- 21 (c) An employer is not required to reemploy a member under 22 this Section if:
 - (1) the employer's circumstances have so changed as to make such reemployment impossible or unreasonable, or if reemployment would impose an undue hardship on the employer; or

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- (2) the employment from which the member leaves to serve in the National Guard or Naval Militia on State Active Duty is for a brief, nonrecurrent period and there is no reasonable expectation that the employment will continue indefinitely or for a significant period.
 - (d) In any proceeding involving an issue of whether (i) any reemployment referred to in subsection (c) is impossible or unreasonable because of а change in an employer's circumstances; (ii) any accommodation, training, or effort referred to in subdivision (c)(1) would impose an undue hardship on the employer; or (iii) the employment referred to in subdivision (c)(2) is for a brief, nonrecurrent period and there is no reasonable expectation that the employment will continue indefinitely or for a significant period, the employer burden of proving the impossibility the unreasonableness, the undue hardship, or the brief nonrecurrent nature of the employment without a reasonable expectation of continuing indefinitely or for a significant period.
 - (e) Subject to subsection (f), a member referred to in subsection (a) shall, upon completion of a period of State Active Duty, notify the employer referred to in subsection (a) of the member's intent to return to a position of employment with the employer as follows:
- 25 (1) In the case of a member whose period of State 26 Active Duty was less than 31 days, by reporting to the

employer:

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- (A) not later than the beginning of the first full regularly scheduled work period on the first full calendar day following completion of the period of State Active Duty and the expiration of 8 hours after a period allowing for safe transportation of the member from the place of that duty to the member's residence; or
- (B) as soon as possible after the expiration of the 8-hour period referred to in paragraph (A), if reporting within that period is impossible orunreasonable through no fault of the member.
- (2) In the case of a member whose period of State Active Duty was more than 30 days but less than 180 days, by submitting an application for reemployment with the employer not less than 14 days after completion of the period of State Active Duty, or if submitting application within that impossible period is unreasonable through no fault of the member, the next full calendar day when submission of the application becomes possible.
- (3) In the case of a member whose period of State Active Duty was 180 days or more, by submitting an application for reemployment with the employer not later than 90 days after completion of the period of service.
- (f) A member who is hospitalized for, or convalescing from,

- an illness or injury incurred in, or aggravated during, the performance of a period of State Active Duty shall, at the end of the period that is necessary for the member to recover from the illness or injury, report to the member's employer or submit an application for reemployment with the employer. The period of recovery shall not exceed 2 years, except that the 2-year period shall be extended by the minimum time required to accommodate the circumstances beyond the member's control which make reporting within the 2-year period impossible or unreasonable.
 - (g) A member who fails to report or apply for employment or reemployment within the appropriate period specified in this Section shall not automatically forfeit his or her rights and benefits under subsection (a), but shall be subject to the conduct rules, established policy, and general practices of the employer pertaining to explanations and discipline with respect to absence from scheduled work.
 - (h) A member who submits an application for reemployment in accordance with this Article shall, upon the request of the employer, provide to the employer documentation to establish that:
 - (1) the member's application is timely; and
- 23 (2) the character of the member's service was 24 honorable, under honorable conditions, or otherwise 25 satisfactory.
- The failure of a member to provide documentation as

prescribed in this subsection may not be the basis for denying reemployment if the failure occurs because the documentation does not exist or is not readily available at the time of the employer's request. If, after reemployment, documentation becomes available that establishes that the member does not meet one or more of the requirements in paragraph (1) or (2), the employer may terminate the member's employment in accordance with the conduct rules, established policy, and general practices of the employer pertaining to explanation and discipline with respect to absence from scheduled work. An employer may not delay or attempt to defeat a reemployment obligation by demanding documentation that does not exist or is not then readily available.

(i) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a member entitled to reemployment under this Article, upon completion of a period of State Active Duty, shall be promptly reemployed in the position of employment which he or she left with the same increases in status, seniority, and wages that were earned during his or her period of State Active Duty by employees in like positions who were on the job at the time the returning member entered State Active Duty, or to a position of like seniority, status, and pay, unless the employer's circumstances have so changed as to make it impossible or unreasonable to do so.

If at the time of requesting reemployment, the member is no longer physically, mentally, or otherwise qualified or able to

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perform the duties of the position of employment which he or she left due to disability acquired incident to his or her service in State Active Duty, but is qualified and able to perform the duties of any other position in the employ of the employer, then the member shall be restored to that other position, the duties of which he or she is qualified and able to perform and that will provide him or her with like seniority, status, and pay, or the nearest approximation thereof consistent with the circumstances of the case.

If a member enters State Active Duty and the position of employment which he or she left is filled by one or more employees who are also members of the National Guard or Naval Militia and who later enter State Active Duty, the members shall, upon release from State Active Duty, be given preference in the matter of reemployment in the order in which they entered State Active Duty, and the employer shall not be required to retain more than one of them in his or her employ.

(j) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, each member in the employ of a private employer or of the State of Illinois or a political subdivision of the State who, for the purpose of entering State Active Duty, has left or leaves that employment but who has been rejected for State Active Duty for lack of proper qualifications, shall be restored by the employer (i) to the position of employment which the member left with the same seniority, status, and wage increases that an employee who was employed in that position at the time the 1 member left to enter State Active Duty earned during the time 2 the member was absent from employment because of his or her attempt to enter State Active Duty or (ii) to a position of 3 4 like seniority, status, and pay, provided that at the time of 5 the rejection for State Active Duty the member is qualified to perform the duties of the position of employment which he or 6 she left and has made application for reemployment within the 7 8 time period specified in subsection (e) after receiving 9 official notice of the rejection for State Active Duty.

(20 ILCS 1805/30.20) 11

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12 Sec. 30.20. Reemployment; benefits.

(Source: P.A. 92-716, eff. 7-24-02.)

- 13 (a) Any member of the National Guard or Naval Militia who 14 is reemployed or seeks reemployment to a position of employment 15 in accordance with the provisions of this Article, shall be considered as having been on furlough or leave of absence 16 during his or her State Active Duty and shall be so reemployed 17 without loss of seniority and shall be entitled to participate 18 19 in insurance or other benefits offered by the employer pursuant to established rules and practices relating to employees on 20 21 furlough or leave of absence in effect with the employer at the 22 time the member entered State Active Duty. The member shall not 23 be discharged from the position without cause within one year 24 after reemployment.
 - (b) If an employer provides health insurance, an exclusion

1 or waiting period may not be imposed in connection with coverage of a health or physical condition of a member entitled 2 3 to participate in that insurance under this Section, or a 4 health or physical condition of any other person who is covered 5 by the insurance by reason of the coverage of that member, if: 6 (i) the condition arose before or during that member's period of State Active Duty; (ii) an exclusion or waiting period would 7 8 not have been imposed for the condition during a period of 9 coverage resulting from participation by that member in the 10 insurance; and (iii) the condition of that member has not been

(Source: P.A. 92-716, eff. 7-24-02.) 12

determined to be service connected.

- 13 (20 ILCS 1805/Art. VI heading new)
- 14 ARTICLE VI. ORGANIZATION OF THE NAVAL MILITIA
- 15 (20 ILCS 1805/31 new)

- 16 Sec. 31. The Illinois Naval Militia shall consist of not 17 more than one Brigade or comparable unit or units as may be
- 18 from time to time authorized by the Commander-in-Chief and
- shall be organized, equipped, disciplined, and governed in 19
- 20 conformity with the laws of the United States and the rules,
- 21 regulations, and tables based thereon.
- 22 (20 ILCS 1805/32 new)
- 23 Sec. 32. The Illinois Naval Militia shall not be considered

- 1 attached to any unit of the military forces of the State. When, 2 however, the Illinois Naval Militia or any part thereof is in the field or afloat upon actual service, the Commander, 3 4 Illinois Naval Militia, or officers directed by the Commander 5 shall command the Naval Militia. Whenever operating or acting in conjunction with the military forces of the State, the 6 senior officer present, according to the relative rank of 7 either force, shall command the whole unless otherwise 8 9 specially ordered or directed by the Commander-in-Chief or 10 other competent military or naval authority.
- (20 ILCS 1805/34) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.34) 11
- 12 Sec. 34. Commissioned officers of the Illinois National 13 Guard and the Illinois Naval Militia shall be separated from 14 the active service in accordance with Federal laws and the 15 regulations published by the Secretary of Defense, except as otherwise provided herein. 16
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 17
- 18 (20 ILCS 1805/35) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.35)
- Sec. 35. Officers who become disabled from wounds, injuries 19 20 or illness, so as to be prevented from doing active service 21 thereafter, shall on recommendation of a retiring board of five 22 officers, two of whom shall be medical officers, be placed upon 23 the retired list. If such disability has been incurred directly 24 in the line of duty, such officer shall be retired with the

- 1 grade next higher than that held at the time such disability
- was incurred but in no case higher than the grade of Major 2
- General or Rear Admiral. 3
- 4 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 5 (20 ILCS 1805/37) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.37)
- Commander-in-Chief 6 37. The shall all
- 7 appointments in the commissioned rank in the Illinois National
- 8 Guard and Illinois Naval Militia. Commissions evidencing all
- 9 appointments shall be signed by the Governor and attested and
- 10 issued by The Adjutant General.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 11
- 12 (20 ILCS 1805/40) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.40)
- 13 Sec. 40. Except where otherwise specified herein, all
- 14 officers now in active service or hereafter appointed, shall
- hold their respective commissions until they are vacated by 15
- resignation or retirement, or by acceptance of another 16
- 17 commission in the State military or naval service, or by
- 18 sentence of a general courts-martial, finding of a board of
- officers under Section 42, Article VIII, or terminated under 19
- 20 Section 43, Article VIII hereof. Federal recognition with
- commission in the National Guard of the United States is 21
- 22 established as a requirement for holding commission in the
- 23 active National Guard of Illinois; the commission of an officer
- 24 in the National Guard of Illinois will be terminated upon

- 1 failure to obtain or retain Federal recognition.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 2
- 3 (20 ILCS 1805/41) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.41)
- 4 Sec. 41. Any commanding officer of the Illinois National
- 5 Guard or Illinois Naval Militia having under their command an
- officer who is undesirable as an officer, for any reason other 6
- 7 than for physical disability, may recommend, through military
- 8 channels, that such officer be ordered before a board of
- 9 officers for investigation. Such recommendations shall fully
- 10 and clearly state the facts and reasons on which such
- undesirability is based. 11
- 12 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 13 (20 ILCS 1805/44) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.44)
- 14 44. The Commander-in-Chief shall make all
- appointments in the grade of warrant officer in the Illinois 15
- National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia. Warrants evidencing 16
- all appointments shall be signed by the Governor and attested 17
- 18 and issued by The Adjutant General. The qualifications for
- appointments of and the separation from service of warrant 19
- 20 officers shall be in accordance with the provisions of the laws
- 21 of the United States and the rules and regulations based
- 22 thereon.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

- 1 (20 ILCS 1805/46) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.46)
- Sec. 46. Qualification for enlistment in and separation 2
- from service of enlisted personnel of the Illinois National 3
- 4 Guard and Illinois Naval Militia shall be in accordance with
- 5 the provisions of the laws of the United States and the rules
- and regulations based thereon. 6
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 7
- 8 (20 ILCS 1805/47) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.47)
- 9 Sec. 47. Enlisted personnel who may be dishonorably
- 10 discharged from the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval
- Militia shall be ineligible to hold any elective or appointive 11
- 12 office, position or employment, in the service of the State of
- 13 Illinois, any county, or any municipality thereof, for a period
- 14 of five years unless such disability be removed by the
- 15 Governor.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 16
- 17 (20 ILCS 1805/48) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.48)
- 18 Sec. 48. When in active service of the State, under orders
- of the Commander-in-Chief, officers and warrant officers of the 19
- Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia shall 20
- 21 receive the same pay as provided by law for officers and
- 22 warrant officers of the armed forces of the United States of
- like grade and longevity. However, no officer or warrant 23
- 24 officer shall receive less than \$75 per day for each day's

- 1 service performed.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 85-1241; 86-1170.)
- 3 (20 ILCS 1805/49) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.49)
- 4 Sec. 49. When in active service of the State, under orders
- 5 of the Commander-in-Chief, enlisted personnel of the Illinois
- National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia shall receive the 6
- 7 same pay as provided by law for enlisted personnel of the armed
- 8 forces of the United States of like grade and longevity.
- 9 However, no enlisted person shall receive less than \$75 per day
- 10 for each day's service performed.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241; 86-1170.) 11
- 12 (20 ILCS 1805/52) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.52)
- 13 Sec. 52. Officers, warrant officers or enlisted personnel
- 14 of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia who
- may be wounded or disabled in any way, while on duty and 15
- lawfully performing the same, so as to prevent their working at 16
- their profession, trade or other occupation from which they 17
- 18 gain their living, are entitled to be treated by an officer of
- the medical or dental department detailed by The Adjutant 19
- 20 General and, as long as the Illinois National Guard or Naval
- 21 Militia has not been called into federal service, are entitled
- 22 to all privileges due them as State employees under the
- 23 "Workers' Compensation Act", approved July 9, 1951, as now or
- 24 hereafter amended, and the "Workers' Occupational Diseases

- 1 Act", approved July 9, 1951, as now or hereafter amended.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 3 (20 ILCS 1805/53) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.53)
- 4 Sec. 53. When officers, warrant officers or enlisted
- 5 personnel of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval
- Militia are injured, wounded or killed while performing duty in 6
- 7 of orders from the Commander-in-Chief, said
- 8 personnel or their heirs or dependents, shall have a claim
- 9 against the State for financial help or assistance, and the
- 10 State Court of Claims shall act on and adjust the same as the
- merits of each case may demand. Pending action of the Court of 11
- 12 Claims, the Commander-in-Chief is authorized to relieve
- 13 emergency needs upon recommendation of a board of three
- 14 officers, one of whom shall be an officer of the medical
- 15 department.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- (20 ILCS 1805/62) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.62) 17
- 18 Sec. 62. No military or naval organization shall be
- 19 maintained by the State at any station, town, or city, unless
- 20 there be an available and suitable hall for drills, together
- 21 with necessary and adequate company assembly rooms, store and
- 22 locker and other rooms as may be required by the
- 23 Commander-in-Chief.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 24

1 (20 ILCS 1805/63 new)

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Sec. 63. Armories of the naval force shall be situated immediately on or near navigable waters of the State, in a position to promote the efficiency of the service. The word "armory", as used in any part of this Act when applied to the naval force, shall be held to include vessel, boathouse or dock, used as an armory or for the purpose of instruction, drill, and defense.

9 (20 ILCS 1805/65) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.65)

Sec. 65. Subject to such reasonable regulations as may be promulgated by the Adjutant General, the use and rental of armories may be permitted for any reasonable and legitimate civilian activities so long as the activities do not interfere with their use for military purposes. Proceeds received from rentals, above the expenses incident to the use, will be placed in an "Armory Rental Account" by the Adjutant General and used for recruiting, athletic, and recreational activities and other purposes in the interest and for the benefit of the personnel of the Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia. Expenditures of those proceeds must be made on a modified per capita basis with due consideration given to the proportion of each armory's generation of revenue, determined by the Adjutant General.

(Source: P.A. 92-252, eff. 8-3-01.) 24

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(20 ILCS 1805/68) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.68)
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- Sec. 68. Military offenses applicable to the Illinois
- 3 National Guard and Illinois Naval Militia are those offenses
- and derelictions as are made punishable by the military laws of 4
- 5 the United States and the State of Illinois and all rules and
- 6 regulations based thereon.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 7
- 8 (20 ILCS 1805/69) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.69)
- Sec. 69. The Courts-Martial for the Illinois National Guard 9
- and Illinois Naval Militia shall be: 10
- 11 (a) General courts-martial.
- 12 (b) Special courts-martial.
- 13 (c) Summary courts-martial.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 14
- 15 (20 ILCS 1805/71) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.71)
- 16 Sec. 71. General courts-martial shall be convened by order
- of the Governor and such courts shall have power to: 17
- 18 Impose fines not to exceed \$500.00; sentence to
- 19 confinement in a military guardhouse or in the county jail of
- 20 the county in which the immediate organization of the accused
- 21 is permanently located, not to exceed six months; sentence to
- 22 forfeiture of pay and allowances; reprimand; sentence to
- 23 dismissal or dishonorable discharge from the service; or to

- 1 reduction of non-commissioned officers to the ranks. Any two or more of such punishments may be combined in the sentence 2 3 authorized to be imposed by such courts.
- 4 (b) To impose a sentence of the same kind and degree as is 5 provided by the criminal code of the State of Illinois upon conviction of the following offenses committed while the 6 individual is in the active service of the State of Illinois: 7 larceny, robbery, burglary, arson, mayhem, second degree 8 9 murder, first degree murder, aggravated criminal sexual 10 assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal 11 sexual assault, assault and battery with intent to kill, or wounding by shooting or stabbing with intent to commit first 12 13 degree murder; but should any member of the Illinois National 14 Guard or Illinois Naval Militia while in the discharge of duty 15 on active service in pursuance of orders from a superior 16 authority, take life or injure any person or persons or property in such discharge of duty, the act or acts upon the 17 such enlisted personnel, warrant 18 officer commissioned officer shall be deemed to be justifiable and 19 20 lawful and they shall not be prosecuted therefor in any court 21 or incur any civil liability by reason thereof.
- (Source: P.A. 89-428, eff. 12-13-95; 89-462, eff. 5-29-96.) 22
- 23 (20 ILCS 1805/74) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.74)
- 24 Sec. 74. In trials by general and special courts-martial 25 the accused shall be entitled to be represented by own employed

- 1 counsel or by a suitable officer of the Illinois National Guard
- or Illinois Naval Militia, to be designated by said court, or 2
- 3 detailed by the officer convening the same, at the request of
- 4 the accused.
- 5 All proceedings of courts-martial shall be forwarded to and
- receive approval of the officer ordering the same before 6
- sentence shall go into effect, and such officer may remit, 7
- mitigate or commute such sentence. No sentence of dismissal or 8
- 9 of dishonorable discharge, or the reduction to the ranks of
- 10 enlisted personnel, or which includes a fine of more than
- 11 \$100.00, or imprisonment for more than 30 thirty days, shall
- take effect without the approval of the Commander-in-Chief. 12
- 13 In any trial by a general courts-martial or a special
- 14 courts-martial, the State's Attorney of the county where the
- 15 is alleged to have been committed, or
- 16 representative, shall have the same right to be present at all
- sessions of any such courts-martial as the judge advocate of 17
- the court and to produce evidence and to examine and 18
- cross-examine all witnesses. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 21 (20 ILCS 1805/82) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.82)
- 22 82. Judge advocates of general and
- 23 courts-martial and summary court officers are empowered to
- 24 administer oaths to witnesses before such courts and to take
- 25 such depositions as may be required for use in military trials.

1 Such officers and all adjutants are empowered to acknowledgments and oaths to affidavits pertaining to the loss 2 3 or damage to property, to applications for discharge, and in 4 general to any military documents or business which would 5 otherwise require the action of a civil officer authorized by 6 law to take acknowledgments. Such oaths, affidavits and acknowledgments shall have the same legal force and effect as 7 if taken by a civil officer now authorized by law to take 8 9 acknowledgments. Depositions of witnesses residing outside the 10 State of Illinois may be taken before any civil officer 11 authorized by law to take the same, upon reasonable notice given. Such depositions may be either upon oral or written 12 13 interrogatories.

Oaths of office to any military <u>or naval officer</u> in the service of this State may be administered by any commissioned officer thereof.

The presiding officer, or recorder, of any military board duly appointed to conduct any investigation or inquiry, or an officer detailed for such purpose may likewise administer oaths to any witness attending to testify in such investigation or inquiry.

22 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

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- 23 (20 ILCS 1805/83) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.83)
- Sec. 83. Whenever there is a tumult, riot, mob or body of persons acting together by force with attempt to commit a

- 1 felony, or to offer violence to persons or property, or by
- 2 force or violence to break or resist the laws of the State, or
- 3 when such tumult, riot or mob is threatened it shall be deemed
- 4 that a time of public disorder and danger then exists, and it
- 5 shall be the duty of the Governor thereupon to order such
- 6 military or naval force as he may deem necessary to aid the
- 7 civil authorities in suppressing such violence and executing
- 8 the law.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 10 (20 ILCS 1805/84) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.84)
- 11 Sec. 84. Whenever any military or naval force is so ordered
- out by the Commander-in-Chief, the commanding officer thereof
- may arrest any person or persons in view without process and
- hold them in custody until, by order of the Commander-in-Chief,
- such person or persons are discharged from custody or delivered
- over to the civil authorities. Such commanding officer may also
- 17 use such force as he may deem necessary to suppress riots,
- 18 disperse mobs, restore peace and execute the law.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 20 (20 ILCS 1805/85) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.85)
- Sec. 85. Orders from civil officers to any military or
- 22 <u>naval</u> commander shall specify only the work to be done or
- 23 result to be attained and shall not include the method to be
- 24 employed as to which the military or naval officer shall

- 1 exercise his discretion and be the sole judge as to what means
- 2 are necessary.

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- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 3
- 4 (20 ILCS 1805/86) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.86)
- 5 Sec. 86. Whenever 12 or more persons, any of them armed with clubs or dangerous weapons, or 30 or more, armed or 6 unarmed are unlawfully, riotously or tumultuously assembled, 7 8 it is the duty of the commanding officer of such military or 9 naval force as may be present on duty, to go among the persons 10 so assembled, or as near them as safety will permit, and in the name of the State command them immediately to disperse, and if 11 12 they do not obey, every person refusing to disperse shall be 13 deemed one of such unlawful assembly and shall be quilty of a 14 Class A misdemeanor; and each officer having notice of such 15 unlawful assembly and refusing or neglecting to do their duty in relation thereto, as aforesaid, shall be guilty of a petty 16 17 offense.
 - When persons so unlawfully assembled neglect or refuse, on command, as aforesaid, to disperse, it shall be the duty of the above military authorities to forthwith suppress such assembly and disperse the persons composing it in such manner as may be most expedient.
 - If in the efforts made as aforesaid to suppress such assembly and to arrest and secure the persons composing it who neglect or refuse to disperse, though the number remaining be

- 1 less than 12, any such persons, or any persons, present as
- 2 spectators or otherwise, are killed or wounded, the military or
- naval personnel, each and all of them, shall be held guiltless 3
- 4 of any crime and justified in law.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- (20 ILCS 1805/87) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.87) 6
- 7 Sec. 87. It is unlawful for any person to assault or fire
- 8 upon, throw any missile at, against or upon any member or body
- 9 of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, when
- 10 going to, returning from or performing any duty under the
- provisions of this Article, and any person so offending is 11
- guilty of a felony and may on conviction be imprisoned in the 12
- 13 penitentiary for not less than two nor more than five years.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 15 (20 ILCS 1805/88) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.88)
- Sec. 88. If any portion of the Illinois National Guard or 16
- Illinois Naval Militia in the performance of any duty is 17
- 18 assailed, assaulted, attacked, or in imminent danger thereof,
- 19 the commanding officer of such Illinois National Guard or
- 20 Illinois Naval Militia may at once proceed to quell such attack
- 21 and disperse the attacking parties and take all other steps for
- 22 the safety of his command that he may deem necessary.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

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1 (20 ILCS 1805/89) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.89)

Sec. 89. If any member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia in the performance of military duty, or in pursuance thereof, and while acting as a member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, kills, wounds, maims or injures any person, or causes, orders or directs the killing, wounding, maiming or injuring of any person, or the injury, destruction or confiscation of any property, real or personal, the officer commanding the military force of which such member is a part shall, as soon as possible thereafter, convene a board to consist of not less than 3 three nor more than 5 five commissioned officers of the military or naval force, who shall examine and inquire into the facts in connection with, or in relation to the act or acts to be inquired of, and take the substance of the proof or evidence of the witnesses to, and participants in, such act or acts down in writing, and transmit the same together with their findings and recommendations from the facts adduced before said board to The Adjutant General.

The findings of the board shall include one of the following recommendations, to-wit: That the individual under investigation be brought to trial before courts-martial, or be wholly exonerated and acquitted of responsibility for the acts, or be turned over to the civil authorities to be dealt with as the law directs.

The officer commanding said military force may cause the

- 1 arrest of any member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia so killing, wounding, or injuring any person or 2 persons, or of the officer, or the non-commissioned, petty or 3 4 warrant officer directly responsible therefor, by reason of 5 orders given by him in the execution of his military duty, or 6 otherwise, and hold in arrest until discharged by competent 7 authority.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 9 (20 ILCS 1805/90) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.90)
- 10 Sec. 90. If any member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia is prosecuted by civil or criminal 11 12 action for any act performed or committed by such member, or an 13 act caused, ordered or directed by such member to be done or 14 performed in furtherance of and while in the performance of 15 military duty, all the expense of the defense of such action or actions civil or criminal, including attorney's fees, 16 witnesses' fees for the defense, defendant's court costs and 17 all costs for transcripts of records and abstracts thereof on 18 19 appeal by the defense, shall be paid by the State; provided, that the Attorney General of the State shall be first consulted 20 21 in regard to, and approve of, the selection of the attorney for the defense: And, provided, further, that the Attorney General 22 of the State may, if he see fit, assume the responsibility for 23 24 the defense of such member and conduct the same personally or 25 by any one or more of his assistants.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- (20 ILCS 1805/92.1) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.92-1) 2
- 3 Sec. 92.1. All civilian employees of the Army National
- 4 Guard, and Air National Guard, and Naval Militia under the
- 5 jurisdiction of the Adjutant General are eligible for
- membership in the employee retirement, disability or death 6
- 7 benefit system, and the group health insurance program
- 8 negotiated for and provided on their behalf by the Adjutant
- 9 General pursuant to Section 24.1 of this Act.
- 10 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2574.)
- 11 (20 ILCS 1805/93) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.93)
- Sec. 93. No part of the land or naval forces shall leave 12
- 13 the State with arms and equipment without the consent of the
- 14 Commander-in-Chief.
- (Source: P.A. 85-1241.) 15
- 16 (20 ILCS 1805/93.1 new)
- 17 Sec. 93.1. Naval militia; inventory. Within 6 months after
- 18 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General
- 19 Assembly, any entity in the State that possesses a water craft
- or boat that is owned by the State shall report to the 20
- 21 Commander, Illinois Naval Militia, the number and type of all
- 22 those water craft or boats in the possession of that entity.

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- 1 (20 ILCS 1805/94a) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.94a)
- Sec. 94a. (a) As used in this Section, unless the context 2 3 clearly requires otherwise:
 - (1) "Civil disorder" means any public disturbance involving acts of violence by assemblages of 3 or more persons which causes an immediate danger of or results in damage or injury to any real or tangible property or person.
 - (2) "Firearm" means any weapon which is designed to or may readily be converted to expel any projectile by the action of an explosive; or the frame or receiver of any such weapon.
 - "Explosive or incendiary device" (A) dynamite or any other form of high explosive, (B) explosive bomb, grenade, missile or similar device, or (C) any incendiary bomb or grenade, fire bomb or similar device, including any device which (i) consists of or includes a breakable container including a flammable liquid or compound, and a wick composed of any material which, when ignited, is capable of igniting such flammable liquid or compound and (ii) can be carried or thrown by one individual acting alone.
 - (b) It is unlawful for any person to:
 - (1) Teach or demonstrate to any other person the use, application, or making of any firearm, explosive, incendiary device or technique capable of causing injury or

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death to persons, knowing or having reason to know and intending that same will be unlawfully employed for use in, or in furtherance of, a civil disorder; or

- (2) Assemble with one or more persons for the purpose of training with, practicing with, or being instructed in the use of any firearm, explosive, incendiary device or technique capable of causing injury or death to persons, intending to employ unlawfully the same for use in, or in furtherance of, a civil disorder.
- 10 (c) Violation of subsection (b) of this Section is a Class
 11 4 felony.
- 12 (d) Nothing contained in this Section makes unlawful any activity of:
 - (1) law enforcement officials of this or any other jurisdiction while engaged in the lawful performance of their official duties;
 - (2) federal officials required to carry firearms while engaged in the lawful performance of their official duties;
 - (3) members of the Armed Forces of the United States of the United States the Illinois National Guard, or the Illinois Naval Militia while engaged in the lawful performance of their official duties;
 - (4) any game commission, fish commission or law enforcement agency (or any agency licensed to provide security services), or any hunting club, rifle club, rifle range, pistol range, shooting range or other organization

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1 or entity whose primary purpose is to teach the safe handling or use of firearms, archery equipment or other 2 3 weapons or techniques employed in connection with lawful 4 sporting or other lawful activity;

> (5) any assembly for public historical re-enactment purposes by a historic military re-enactment group portraying events in military history presented for the purposes of public education and entertainment; provided that any participants utilize historically appropriate uniforms, weapons and accoutrements.

(Source: P.A. 86-1370.)

(20 ILCS 1805/96) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.96)

Sec. 96. Any filth, offal, or any putrid, or decaying matter, material or substance of any kind, which constitutes a menace to public health or will be offensive to the senses of human beings, on any premises, or in any place within one half mile of any Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia camp grounds, rifle range, or buildings, or enclosure occupied and used, or about to be occupied or used by the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia in the service of the State or Federal Government, or which may be called into the service of either, is declared to be a common nuisance, and the department of Public Health is empowered to determine whether such nuisance exists, and if found to exist, to forthwith, in writing, order the person, firm, association, or private,

1 public or municipal corporation, as the case may be, to immediately abate such nuisance; and upon 2 failure immediately obey such order, the Department of Public Health 3 4 shall abate such common nuisance and the person, 5 association, or corporation responsible for such common 6 nuisance shall be liable for the cost and expense of such abatement in an action therefor at the suit of the People of 7

Any person or persons, either individually or as officers of any private, public or municipal corporation creating or maintaining, or responsible for the creation or maintenance of such common nuisance, or failing, or refusing to immediately abate the same upon the written order of the Department of Public Health, shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

15 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

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(20 ILCS 1805/98) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.98)

Sec. 98. If any person molests, interrupts or insults, by abusive words or behavior or obstructs any officer, or soldier, or seaman while on duty at any parade or drill, he may be put immediately under guard, and kept at the discretion of the commanding officer, until the duty, parade or drill concluded, and such commanding officer may turn over such person to any sheriff or to a police officer of a county, city or town wherein such duty, parade or drill is held, to be dealt with as the law directs.

1 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

2 (20 ILCS 1805/100) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.100)

Sec. 100. A person who, either by himself or with another, wilfully deprives a member of the Illinois National Guard, Illinois Naval Militia, or the reserve armed services of the United States of his employment, or prevents his being employed by himself or another, or obstructs or annoys a member of such organization or his employer in respect of his trade, business or employment because the member is such member, or dissuades any person from enlistment in the National Guard or Naval Militia by threat of injury to him in case he so enlists in respect of his employment, trade or business, shall be guilty of a petty offense. It is the duty of the State's Attorney of the county wherein said information is made or offense committed to prosecute the action in the name of the People of the State of Illinois.

17 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

18 (20 ILCS 1805/101) (from Ch. 129, par. 220.101)

Sec. 101. Any person not a member of the army or navy of the United States, or of the National Guard or Naval Militia of one of the States, or of the Grand Army of the Republic or other patriotic military societies, or independent military organizations as authorized under Section 94 of this Article, who wears any uniform or designation of rank in use by the

- 1 Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, used or
- authorized in this Act, shall be quilty of a petty offense and 2
- fined not less than \$20 nor more than \$100. Such offender shall 3
- 4 be proceeded against as in the case of other misdemeanors under
- 5 the statute, and the person so fined shall be committed as
- provided by law. 6
- All fines collected under this Section shall be transmitted 7
- 8 by the officer collecting the same to the Treasurer of the
- 9 State of Illinois.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 11 Section 40. The State Guard Act is amended by changing
- 12 Sections 2, 6, and 8 as follows:
- 13 (20 ILCS 1815/2) (from Ch. 129, par. 230)
- 14 Sec. 2. Whenever the Governor as Commander-in-Chief of the
- military forces of the State, deems it necessary or advisable 15
- 16 for the purpose of executing the laws of the State, or of
- preventing actual or threatened violation thereof, such as 17
- 18 suppressing actual or threatened insurrection, invasion,
- 19 tumult, riots, or mobs, or when the nation is at war and a
- 20 requisition or order has been made, or is likely to be made, by
- 21 the President of the United States calling the National Guard,
- 22 or parts thereof, or the Illinois Naval Militia into the
- 23 National service, or for any other emergency, the Governor may
- 24 issue a proclamation or call for volunteer companies,

- 1 battalions, regiments, brigades, or other units of land, and air, and naval forces to be known as the Illinois State Guard 2 which shall be formed and organized from the unorganized 3 4 militia of the State, consisting of all able-bodied citizens 5 between the ages of 18 and 45 years, and of other able-bodied 6 citizens between the ages of 45 and 55 years, as enlisted personnel, and of commissioned officers and warrant officers, 7
- 9 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

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10 (20 ILCS 1815/6) (from Ch. 129, par. 234)

when made necessary by an emergency.

- Sec. 6. The Governor may requisition from the War11 12 Department of Defense of the United States such arms and equipment as may be available for use of the Illinois State 13 14 Guard, and such other uniforms, arms and equipment as may 15 hereafter be authorized by the Congress of the United States to be made available to the Illinois State Guard. The Governor may 16 make available for the use of the Illinois State Guard such 17 uniforms, arms and equipment as may be owned by the State or as 18 19 may be in possession of the State for the purpose of such use.
- 21 (20 ILCS 1815/8) (from Ch. 129, par. 236)

(Source: Laws 1951, p. 1999.)

22 Sec. 8. The uniforms, arms and other equipment of the 23 Illinois State Guard, the minimum number of meetings per calendar year, for instruction, drill and training of the 24

- 1 various units thereof, the character of such instruction and
- 2 training, and all other matters and things necessary or
- 3 desirable for the complete organization, equipment,
- 4 discipline, efficiency, and maintenance, of the Illinois State
- 5 Guard, not otherwise provided for, shall be prescribed and
- 6 carried into effect by regulations promulgated by The Adjutant
- 7 General, Chief of Staff, and approved by the Governor, which
- 8 shall conform to any existing regulations prescribed by the
- 9 Secretary of Defense War of the United States.
- 10 (Source: Laws 1951, p. 1999.)
- 11 Section 45. The Illinois National Guardsman's Compensation
- 12 Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 as follows:
- 13 (20 ILCS 1825/1) (from Ch. 129, par. 401)
- Sec. 1. This Act shall be known as and may be cited as the
- 15 "Illinois National Guardsman's and Naval Militiaman's
- 16 Compensation Act".
- 17 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 18 (20 ILCS 1825/2) (from Ch. 129, par. 402)
- 19 Sec. 2. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise
- 20 requires:
- 21 (a) "Illinois National Guardsman" or "guardsman" and
- "Naval Militiaman" or "militiaman" means any person who is a
- 23 member of the Illinois National Guard <u>or Naval Militia</u> under

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"The Military Code of Illinois", approved July 8, 1957, as 1 2 amended.

(b) "Killed in the line of duty" means losing one's life as a result of injury received while on duty as an Illinois national guardsman or naval militiaman, if the death occurs within one year from the date the injury was received and if that injury arose from violence or any other accidental cause except that the benefits this Act shall not be provided in the event a guardsman or militiaman is killed while on active military service pursuant to an order of the President of the United States. The terms excludes death resulting from the willful misconduct or intoxication of the quardsman or militiaman; however, the burden of proof of such willful misconduct or intoxication of the quardsman or militiaman is on the Attorney General.

16 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)

17 (20 ILCS 1825/3) (from Ch. 129, par. 403)

> Sec. 3. If a claim therefor is made within one year of the date of the death of the guardsman or militiaman, compensation shall be paid to the person designated by such quardsman or militiaman killed while on duty. The amount of compensation shall be equal to the greater of (i) \$100,000 or (ii) the amount of compensation payable under Section 3 of the Line of Duty Compensation Act when an individual to whom that Act applies is killed in the line of duty. If no beneficiary is

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- 1 designated or surviving at the death of the guardsman or militiaman killed while on duty, the compensation shall be paid 2 3 as follows:
 - (a) When there is a surviving spouse, the entire sum shall be paid to the spouse.
 - (b) When there is no surviving spouse, but a surviving descendant of the decedent, the entire sum shall be paid to the decedent's descendants per stirpes.
 - (c) When there is neither a surviving spouse nor a surviving descendant, the entire sum shall be paid to the parents of the decedent in equal parts, allowing to the surviving parent, if one is dead, the entire sum.
 - (d) When there is no surviving spouse, descendant or parent of the decedent, but there are surviving brothers or sisters, or descendants of a brother or sister, who were receiving their principal support from the decedent at his death, the entire sum shall be paid, in equal parts, to the dependent brothers or sisters or dependent descendant of a brother or sister. Dependency shall be determined by the Court of Claims based upon the investigation and report of the Attorney General.

When there is no beneficiary designated or surviving at the death of the guardsman or militiaman killed while on duty and no surviving spouse, descendant, parent, dependent brother or sister, or dependent descendant of a brother or sister, no compensation shall be payable under this Act.

- 1 No part of such compensation may be paid to any other
- person for any efforts in securing such compensation. 2
- 3 If compensation is payable under the Line of
- 4 Compensation Act because of the death of a quardsman, the
- 5 provisions of that Act shall apply to the payment of that
- 6 compensation.
- (Source: P.A. 93-1047, eff. 10-18-04; 94-844, eff. 6-8-06.) 7
- 8 (20 ILCS 1825/4) (from Ch. 129, par. 404)
- 9 Sec. 4. Notwithstanding Section 3, no compensation is
- 10 payable under this Act unless a claim therefor is filed, within
- the time specified by that Section with the Court of Claims on 11
- 12 an application prescribed and furnished by the Attorney General
- 13 and setting forth:
- 14 (a) the name, address and rank or grade in which the
- 15 quardsman or militiaman was serving at the time of this death;
- (b) the names and addresses of person or persons designated 16
- by the guardsman or militiaman to receive the compensation and, 17
- 18 if more than one, the percentage or share to be paid to each
- 19 such person, or if there has been no such designation, the name
- 20 and address of the personal representative of the estate of the
- 21 quardsman or militiaman;
- (c) a full, factual account of the circumstances resulting 22
- 23 in or the course of events causing the death of the quardsman
- 24 or militiaman; and
- 25 (d) such other information as the Court of Claims

- reasonably requires. 1
- 2 When a claim is filed, the Attorney General shall make an
- 3 investigation for substantiation of matters set forth in such
- 4 an application.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 85-1241.)
- 6 Section 50. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 7 changing Section 203 as follows:
- 8 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)
- Sec. 203. Base income defined. 9
- (a) Individuals. 10
- 11 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
- 12 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
- 13 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
- **(2)**. 14
- 15 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
- to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the 16
- 17 sum of the following amounts:
- 18 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
- 19 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
- 20 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
- 21 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
- 22 of qualified public stock dividends utilities
- 23 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
- 24 Code;

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- (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;
 - (C) An amount equal to the amount received during the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and for which a deduction was previously taken under subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that portion of the total taxes for the entire property which is attributable to such principal residence;
 - (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income;
 - (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical

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Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

> (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

> (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code:

> (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

> If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

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The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or

state, other than a state which requires mandatory

2	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
3	income with respect to such interest; or
4	(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5	incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
6	person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7	preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8	following:
9	(a) the foreign person, during the same
10	taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11	interest to a person that is not a related
12	member, and
13	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
14	interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15	foreign person did not have as a principal
16	purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
17	and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
18	that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
19	and terms; or
20	(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
21	clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
22	paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
23	agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
24	terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
25	not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
26	(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this

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subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask

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1	works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
2	assets.
3	This paragraph shall not apply to the following:
4	(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6	indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
7	person who is subject in a foreign country or
8	state, other than a state which requires mandatory
9	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
10	income with respect to such item; or
11	(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13	indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14	on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15	following:
16	(a) the foreign person during the same
17	taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18	intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19	not a related member, and
20	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
21	intangible expense or cost between the
22	taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
23	a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24	income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract

or

or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

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(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making other any adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under

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1 Section 529(c)(3)(B);

> and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action,

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and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the Illinois National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250:

- (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto:
 - (G) The valuation limitation amount;
- (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

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(J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
provisions of Section 250;

- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);
- (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits included in such total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of

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all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of

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right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 1 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; 2

- (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;
- (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;
- (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the contribution is accepted by the account administrator as provided in that Act;
- (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);
- (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of

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tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not exceed the taxable income attributable to that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, Subchapter S corporation income; except that deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be determined by multiplying total health insurance and

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long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer times а number that represents the fractional percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

- (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of

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persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal not be considered Revenue Code shall contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum

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of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

1	(3) for taxable years ending after December
2	31, 2005:
3	(i) for property on which a bonus
4	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
7	0.429); and
8	(ii) for property on which a bonus
9	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11	1.0.
12	The aggregate amount deducted under this
13	subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
14	property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
15	depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
16	taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
17	(k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
18	subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
19	Section 250;
20	(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21	or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22	taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23	addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24	an amount equal to that addition modification.
25	If the taxpayer continues to own property through

the last day of the last tax year for which the

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taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;
- (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203 (a) (2) (D-17), 203 (b) (2) (E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with such transaction under Section respect to

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203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of allocable thereto) with deductions respect transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18)intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued,

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_	incurred,	directly	or	indirectly,	to	the	same	foreign
2	person.							

(b) Corporations.

- (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;
 - (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount of the capital gain dividends designated as such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852 (b) (3) (D) of the Internal Revenue attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act

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1	of :	1995	(Public	Act	89-89)	is	declarative	of	existing
2	law	and	is not a	new	enactme	nt)	;		

- (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
- (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:
 - (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and
 - (ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the

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taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under

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subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

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through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or
- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement

1	that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
2	and terms; or
3	(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
4	clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
5	paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
6	agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
7	terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
8	not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
9	(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10	incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
11	person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
12	convincing evidence that the adjustments are
13	unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
14	agree in writing to the application or use of an
15	alternative method of apportionment under Section
16	304(f).
17	Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18	Director from making any other adjustment
19	otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20	any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21	this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22	pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23	and such regulations provide methods and standards
24	by which the Department will utilize its authority
25	under Section 404 of this Act;
26	(E-13) For taxable years ending on or after

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December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused а reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

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indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the foreign person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

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T	intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2	not a related member, and
3	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
4	intangible expense or cost between the
5	taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
6	a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7	income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8	or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9	or
10	(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12	indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
13	person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
14	convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
15	unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
16	agree in writing to the application or use of an
17	alternative method of apportionment under Section
18	304(f);
19	Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20	Director from making any other adjustment
21	otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
22	any tax year beginning after the effective date of
23	this amendment provided such adjustment is made
24	pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department

and such regulations provide methods and standards

by which the Department will utilize its authority

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1	under Section 404 of this Act;
2	and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
3	following amounts:

- (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;
- (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

- (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

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subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (L);

For any taxpayer that is financial a organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence. subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of

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Section 250;

(M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence;

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(N) Two times any contribution made during the taxable year to a designated zone organization to the extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as charitable contribution under subsection (c) Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the Illinois River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage equal to the percentage allowable under Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends;

plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
included in taxable income and received, including,
for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in
clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section
1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as
a member of the affiliated group which includes the
dividend recipient, exceed the amount of the
modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
to such dividends;

- (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the

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amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1	taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
2	for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
3	taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
4	168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
5	the bonus depreciation deduction;
6	(2) for taxable years ending on or before
7	December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
8	and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9	0.429); and
10	(3) for taxable years ending after December
11	31, 2005:
12	(i) for property on which a bonus
13	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
14	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16	0.429); and
17	(ii) for property on which a bonus
18	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20	1.0.
21	The aggregate amount deducted under this
22	subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
23	property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
24	depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
25	taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
26	(k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This

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1	subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
2	Section 250;
3	(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
4	otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
5	was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6	modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
7	equal to that addition modification.
8	If the taxpayer continues to own property through
9	the last day of the last tax year for which the
10	taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
11	federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
12	was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13	modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
14	equal to that addition modification.
15	The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
16	this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
17	piece of property.
18	This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
19	provisions of Section 250;
20	(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
21	the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
22	for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with

a taxpayer that is required to make an addition

modification with respect to such transaction under

Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed

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the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with to such transaction under Section respect 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification;

(W) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the respect deductions allocable thereto) with transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable vear under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(X) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for

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the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same Section 203 (b) (2) (E-13) taxable year under intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person.

- (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean the gross investment income for the taxable year.
- (c) Trusts and estates.
 - (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
 - Modifications. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a

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trust which, under its governing instrument, is required to distribute all of its income currently, \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in the computation of taxable income;

- (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;
- (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
- (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:
 - (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of

1	addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
2	which related to that net operating loss and which
3	was taken into account in calculating the base
4	income of an earlier taxable year, and
5	(ii) the addition modification relating to the
6	net operating loss carried back or forward to the
7	taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
8	December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
9	such carryback or carryforward;
10	For taxable years in which there is a net operating
11	loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
12	taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
13	addition modification provided in this subparagraph
14	(E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
15	independently under the preceding provisions of this
16	subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;
17	(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
18	1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
19	Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
20	or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
21	Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
22	Act;
23	(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24	gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25	Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the

computation of taxable income;

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(G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with

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respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity. addition The modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory

1	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
2	income with respect to such interest; or
3	(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4	incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
5	person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6	preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7	following:
8	(a) the foreign person, during the same
9	taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10	interest to a person that is not a related
11	member, and
12	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
13	interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14	foreign person did not have as a principal
15	purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
16	and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
17	that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
18	and terms; or
19	(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20	clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21	paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
22	agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
23	terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
24	not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
25	(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26	incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign

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person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-13) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that

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dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to t.he addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,

1	trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.
2	This paragraph shall not apply to the following:
3	(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
4	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5	indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
6	person who is subject in a foreign country or
7	state, other than a state which requires mandatory
8	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
9	income with respect to such item; or
10	(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12	indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
13	on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14	following:
15	(a) the foreign person during the same
16	taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
17	intangible expense or cost to a person that is
18	not a related member, and
19	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
20	intangible expense or cost between the
21	taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
22	a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
23	income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
24	or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
25	or
26	(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost

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incurred, directly paid, accrued, or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired

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partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

- (I) The valuation limitation amount;
- (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue

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Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph is exempt from the (M) provisions of Section 250;
- (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

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shall not be eliqible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (0);

- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II;

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provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including

1	the bonus depreciation deduction;
2	(2) for taxable years ending on or before
3	December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
4	and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5	0.429); and
6	(3) for taxable years ending after December
7	31, 2005:
8	(i) for property on which a bonus
9	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
10	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
12	0.429); and
13	(ii) for property on which a bonus
14	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
15	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16	1.0.
17	The aggregate amount deducted under this
18	subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
19	property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
20	depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
21	taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
22	(k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
23	subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
24	Section 250;
25	(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
26	otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer

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was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203 (b) (2) (E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

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is required to make an addition modification with respect such transaction under Section to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification;

(U) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of allocable thereto) with deductions respect transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for taxable interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(V) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same

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taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person.

Limitation. The amount of any modification (3) otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

(d) Partnerships.

- (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for the taxable year;

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1	(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
2	partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;
4	(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
5	gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

- Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
- (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code:
- (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (0), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

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The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or

1	state, other than a state which requires mandatory
2	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
3	income with respect to such interest; or
4	(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5	incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
6	person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7	preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8	following:
9	(a) the foreign person, during the same
10	taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the
11	interest to a person that is not a related
12	member, and
13	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
14	interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15	foreign person did not have as a principal
16	purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax,
17	and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement
18	that reflects an arm's-length interest rate
19	and terms; or
20	(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
21	clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
22	paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
23	agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
24	terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
25	not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
26	(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph

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shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask

1	works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
2	assets;
3	This paragraph shall not apply to the following:
4	(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6	indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
7	person who is subject in a foreign country or
8	state, other than a state which requires mandatory
9	unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net
10	income with respect to such item; or
11	(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13	indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14	on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15	following:
16	(a) the foreign person during the same
17	taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18	intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19	not a related member, and
20	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
21	intangible expense or cost between the
22	taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
23	a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24	income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25	or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
convincing evidence, that the adjustments are
unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director
agree in writing to the application or use of an
alternative method of apportionment under Section
304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the following amounts:

- (E) The valuation limitation amount;
- (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),

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- (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (H) Any income of the partnership which constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
- (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income distributable to an entity subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act including amounts distributable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of

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expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

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High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

- (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986:
- (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1	0.429); and
2	(3) for taxable years ending after December
3	31, 2005:
4	(i) for property on which a bonus
5	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8	0.429); and
9	(ii) for property on which a bonus
10	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12	1.0.
13	The aggregate amount deducted under this
14	subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15	property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16	depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17	taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18	(k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19	subparagraph (0) is exempt from the provisions of
20	Section 250;
21	(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22	otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23	was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24	modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
25	equal to that addition modification.
26	If the taxpayer continues to own property through

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the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

subparagraph (P) is exempt This from the provisions of Section 250;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

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addition modification;

- (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and
- (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 203(d)(2)(D-8) taxable year under Section for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), less than trust, or estate is zero and modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for

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trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an modification addition must be made under subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:
 - (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code, insurance company taxable income;
 - (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of a regulated investment company subject to the tax imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, investment company taxable income;

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- (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;
 - (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, taxable income determined as if such corporation had filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;
- (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the taxable income of such organization determined in accordance with provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with Section

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1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

- (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, taxable income determined in accordance with Section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated but which would be taken into account by an individual in calculating his taxable income.
- (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years related to that asset or business that generated the

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non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding taxable years.

- (f) Valuation limitation amount.
- In general. The valuation limitation amount (1)referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and (d)(2) (E) is an amount equal to:
 - (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus
 - (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of capital gain) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

(A) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized and reportable for federal income tax purposes in respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of such property.

- (B) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is that amount which bears the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the property for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding period for the property.
- shall prescribe (C) The Department such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this paragraph.

- 1 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
- 2 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
- 3 to be deducted more than once.
- 4 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
- 5 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
- 6 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
- 7 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
- 8 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
- 9 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
- 10 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
- 11 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
- 12 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 93-812, eff. 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04;
- 14 94-776, eff. 5-19-06; 94-789, eff. 5-19-06; 94-1021, eff.
- 7-12-06; 94-1074, eff. 12-26-06; revised 1-2-07.)
- Section 55. The Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941 is
- amended by changing Section 21-14 as follows:
- 18 (65 ILCS 20/21-14) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-14)
- 19 Sec. 21-14. Member residency before election; member not to
- 20 hold other office.
- 21 (a) No member may be elected or appointed to the city
- 22 council after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

- 1 93rd General Assembly unless he or she has resided in the ward he or she seeks to represent at least one year next preceding 2 3 the date of the election or appointment. In the election following redistricting, a candidate for alderman may be 4 5 elected from any ward containing a part of the ward in which he or she resided for at least one year next preceding the 6 election that follows the redistricting, and, if elected, that 7 8 person may be reelected from the new ward he or she represents 9 if he or she resides in that ward for at least one year next 10 preceding the reelection.
- 11 (b) No member of the city council shall at the same time hold any other civil service office under the federal, state or 12 13 city government, except if such member is granted a leave of 14 absence from such civil service office, or except in the 15 National Guard or the Illinois Naval Militia, or as a notary 16 public, and except such honorary offices as go by appointment 17 without compensation.
- (Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.) 18
- 19 Section 60. The Metropolitan Transit Authority Act is amended by changing Section 19 as follows: 20
- 21 (70 ILCS 3605/19) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 319)
- 22 Sec. 19. The governing and administrative body of the 23 Authority shall be a board consisting of seven members, to be 24 known as Chicago Transit Board. Members of the Board shall be

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residents of the metropolitan area and persons of recognized business ability. No member of the Board of the Authority shall hold any other office or employment under the Federal, State or any County or any municipal government except an honorary office without compensation or an office in the National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia. No employee of the Authority shall hold any other office or employment under the Federal, State, or any County or any municipal government except an office with compensation not exceeding \$5,000 annually or a position in the National Guard, Illinois Naval Militia, or the United States military reserves. Provided, however, that the Chairman may be a member of the Board of the Regional Transportation Authority. No member of the Board or employee of the Authority shall have any private financial interest, profit or benefit in any contract, work or business of the Authority nor in the sale or lease of any property to or from the Authority. The salary of each member of the initial Board shall be \$15,000.00 per annum, and such salary shall not be increased or diminished during his or her term of office. The salaries of successor members of the Board shall be fixed by the Board and shall not be increased or diminished during their respective terms of office. No Board member shall be allowed any fees, perquisites or emoluments, reward or compensation for his or her services as a member or officer of the Authority aside from his or her salary or pension, but he or she shall be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred by him or her in the performance of his or her duties.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 84-939.)
- 2 Section 65. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 3 30-14.2 and 34-4 as follows:
- (105 ILCS 5/30-14.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 30-14.2) 4
- Sec. 30-14.2. MIA/POW scholarships. 5
- (a) Any spouse, natural child, legally adopted child, or 6 7 any step-child of an eligible veteran or serviceperson who 8 possesses all necessary entrance requirements shall, upon 9 application and proper proof, be awarded a MIA/POW Scholarship 10 consisting of the equivalent of 4 calendar years of full-time 11 enrollment including summer terms, to the state supported Illinois institution of higher learning of his choice, subject 12
- 13 to the restrictions listed below.
- 14 "Eligible veteran or serviceperson" means any veteran or
- 15 serviceperson, including an Illinois National or
- <u>Illinois Naval Militia</u> member who is on active duty or is 16
- active on a training assignment, who has been declared by the 17
- 18 U. S. Department of Defense or the U.S. Department of Veterans'
- Affairs to be a prisoner of war, be missing in action, have 19
- died as the result of a service-connected disability or be 20
- 21 permanently disabled from service-connected causes with 100%
- 22 disability and who at the time of entering service was an
- 23 Illinois resident or was an Illinois resident within 6 months
- 24 of entering such service.

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Full-time enrollment means 12 or more semester hours of courses per semester, or 12 or more quarter hours of courses per quarter, or the equivalent thereof per term. Scholarships utilized by dependents enrolled in less than full-time study shall be computed in the proportion which the number of hours so carried bears to full-time enrollment.

Scholarships awarded under this Section may be used by a spouse or child without regard to his or her age. The holder of a Scholarship awarded under this Section shall be subject to examinations and academic standards, including the maintenance of minimum grade levels, that are applicable generally to other enrolled students at t.he Illinois institution of higher learning where the Scholarship is being used. If the surviving spouse remarries or if there is a divorce between the veteran or serviceperson and his or her spouse while the dependent is pursuing his or her course of study, Scholarship benefits will be terminated at the end of the term for which he or she is presently enrolled. Such dependents shall also be entitled, upon proper proof and application, to enroll in any extension course offered by a State supported Illinois institution of higher learning without payment of tuition and approved fees.

The holder of a MIA/POW Scholarship authorized under this Section shall not be required to pay any matriculation or application fees, tuition, activities fees, graduation fees or other fees, except multipurpose building fees or similar fees

for supplies and materials.

Any dependent who has been or shall be awarded a MIA/POW Scholarship shall be reimbursed by the appropriate institution of higher learning for any fees which he or she has paid and for which exemption is granted under this Section if application for reimbursement is made within 2 months following the end of the school term for which the fees were paid.

(b) In lieu of the benefit provided in subsection (a), any spouse, natural child, legally adopted child, or step-child of an eligible veteran or serviceperson, which spouse or child has a physical, mental or developmental disability, shall be entitled to receive, upon application and proper proof, a benefit to be used for the purpose of defraying the cost of the attendance or treatment of such spouse or child at one or more appropriate therapeutic, rehabilitative or educational facilities. The application and proof may be made by the parent or legal guardian of the spouse or child on his or her behalf.

The total benefit provided to any beneficiary under this subsection shall not exceed the cost equivalent of 4 calendar years of full-time enrollment, including summer terms, at the University of Illinois. Whenever practicable in the opinion of the Department of Veterans' Affairs, payment of benefits under this subsection shall be made directly to the facility, the cost of attendance or treatment at which is being defrayed, as such costs accrue.

(c) The benefits of this Section shall be administered by

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and paid for out of funds made available to the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs. The amounts that become due to any state supported Illinois institution of higher learning shall be payable by the Comptroller to such institution on vouchers approved by the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs. The amounts that become due under subsection (b) of this Section shall be payable by warrant upon vouchers issued by the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs and approved by the Comptroller. The Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs shall determine the eligibility of the persons who make application for the benefits provided for in this Section.

13 (105 ILCS 5/34-4) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-4)

(Source: P.A. 93-825, eff. 7-28-04.)

Sec. 34-4. Eligibility. To be eligible for appointment to the board, a person shall be a citizen of the United States, shall be a registered voter as provided in the Election Code, shall have been a resident of the city for at least 3 years immediately preceding his or her appointment, and shall not be a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961. Permanent removal from the city by any member of the board during his term of office constitutes a resignation therefrom and creates a vacancy in the board. Except for the President of the Chicago School Reform Board of Trustees who may be paid compensation for his or her services as chief executive officer as determined by the Mayor as

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provided in subsection (a) of Section 34-3, board members shall serve without any compensation; provided, that board members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred while in the performance of their duties upon submission of proper receipts or upon submission of a signed voucher in the case of an expense allowance evidencing the amount of such reimbursement or allowance to the president of the board for verification and approval. The board of education may continue to provide health insurance coverage, employer pension contributions, employee pension contributions, and life insurance premium payments for employee required to resign from an administrative, teaching, or career service position in order to qualify as a member of the board of education. They shall not hold other public office under the Federal, State or any local government other than that of Director of the Regional Transportation Authority, member of the economic development commission of a city having a population exceeding 500,000, notary public or member of the National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia, and by accepting any such office while members of the board, or by not resigning any such office held at the time of being appointed to the board within 30 days after such appointment, shall be deemed to have vacated their membership in the board.

Section 70. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems

(Source: P.A. 93-309, eff. 1-1-04.)

- 1 Act is amended by changing Section 3.50 as follows:
- 2 (210 ILCS 50/3.50)
- 3 Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) Licensure.
- 4 (a) "Emergency Medical Technician-Basic" or "EMT-B" means 5 a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction
- in basic life support as prescribed by the Department, is 6
- 7 currently licensed by the Department in accordance with
- 8 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
- 9 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an EMS
- 10 System.
- (b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I" 11
- means a person who has successfully completed a course of 12
- 13 instruction in intermediate life support as prescribed by the
- 14 Department, is currently licensed by the Department
- 15 accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules
- adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices 16
- 17 within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
- 18 (c) "Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic" or "EMT-P"
- 19 means a person who has successfully completed a course of
- 20 instruction in advanced life support care as prescribed by the
- 21 Department, is licensed by the Department in accordance with
- 22 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
- 23 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an
- Advanced Life Support EMS System. 24
- 25 (d) The Department shall have the authority

responsibility to:

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- (1) Prescribe education and training requirements, which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all levels of EMT, based on the respective national curricula of the United States Department of Transportation and any such curricula modifications to specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act;
- (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all levels of EMT, which shall include a requirement that all phases of instruction, training, and field experience be completed before taking the EMT licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians examination in lieu of the Department's examination, but are responsible for making their own arrangements for taking the National Registry examination:
- (3) License individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P who have met the Department's education, training and testing requirements;
- (4) Prescribe annual continuing education and relicensure requirements for all levels of EMT;
- (5) Relicense individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P every 4 years, based on their compliance with continuing education and relicensure requirements;
- (6) Grant inactive status to any EMT who qualifies, based on standards and procedures established by the

2	(7) Charge each candidate for EMT a fee to be submitted
3	with an application for a licensure examination;
4	(8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of
5	an EMT, after an opportunity for a hearing, when findings
6	show one or more of the following:
7	(A) The EMT has not met continuing education or
8	relicensure requirements as prescribed by the
9	Department;
10	(B) The EMT has failed to maintain proficiency in
11	the level of skills for which he or she is licensed;
12	(C) The EMT, during the provision of medical
13	services, engaged in dishonorable, unethical or
14	unprofessional conduct of a character likely to
15	deceive, defraud or harm the public;
16	(D) The EMT has failed to maintain or has violated
17	standards of performance and conduct as prescribed by
18	the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act or
19	his or her EMS System's Program Plan;
20	(E) The EMT is physically impaired to the extent
21	that he or she cannot physically perform the skills and
22	functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified
23	by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status
24	pursuant to Department regulations;
25	(F) The EMT is mentally impaired to the extent that
26	he or she cannot exercise the appropriate judgment,

Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act;

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1 skill and safety for performing the functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, 2 3 unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to 4 Department regulations; or

(G) The EMT has violated this Act or any rule adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this subsection must allow for the suspension of those requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval Militia who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at the time that the member would otherwise be required to fulfill a particular education Such a person must fulfill the requirement. education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty.

(e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition for EMT licensure conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-504, eff. 8-8-05.)

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- 1 Section 75. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by 2 changing Section 236 as follows:
- 3 (215 ILCS 5/236) (from Ch. 73, par. 848)
- 4 Sec. 236. Discrimination prohibited.
- 5 (a) No life company doing business in this State shall make or permit any distinction or discrimination in favor of 6 7 individuals among insured persons of the same class and equal 8 expectation of life in the issuance of its policies, in the 9 amount of payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of 10 insurance, in the amount of any dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of 11 12 the contracts it makes.
 - (b) No life company shall make or permit any distinction or discrimination against individuals with handicaps disabilities in the amount of payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of life insurance, in the amount of any dividends or death benefits payable thereon, or in any other terms and conditions of the contract it makes unless the rate differential is based on sound actuarial principles and a reasonable system of classification and is related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience directly associated with the handicap or disability.
 - (c) No life company shall refuse to insure, or refuse to continue to insure, or limit the amount or extent or kind of coverage available to an individual, or charge an individual a

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different rate for the same coverage solely because of blindness or partial blindness. With respect to all other conditions, including the underlying cause of the blindness or partial blindness, persons who are blind or partially blind shall be subject to the same standards of sound actuarial principles or actual or reasonably anticipated experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure includes denial by an insurer of disability insurance coverage on the grounds that the policy defines "disability" as being presumed in the event that the insured loses his or her eyesight. However, an insurer may exclude from coverage disabilities consisting solely of blindness or partial blindness when such condition existed at the time the policy was issued.

- (d) No life company shall refuse to insure or to continue to insure an individual solely because of the individual's status as a member of the United States Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Marines, or Navy or solely because of the individual's status as a member of the National Guard, Illinois Naval Militia, or Armed Forces Reserve.
- (e) No life company may refuse to insure, refuse to continue to insure, limit the amount or extent or kind of coverage available to an individual, or charge an individual a different rate for the same coverage solely for reasons associated with an applicant's or insured's past lawful travel experiences.
- (Source: P.A. 93-850, eff. 7-30-04.) 26

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- Section 80. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is 1 2 amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 3 (430 ILCS 65/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-2)
- Sec. 2. Firearm Owner's Identification Card required; 4 5 exceptions.
 - (a) (1) No person may acquire or possess any firearm, stun gun, or taser within this State without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of this Act.
 - (2) No person may acquire or possess firearm ammunition within this State without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of this Act.
- 16 (b) The provisions of this Section regarding the possession 17 of firearms, firearm ammunition, stun guns, and tasers do not 18 apply to:
- (1) United States Marshals, while engaged in the 19 20 operation of their official duties;
 - (2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States, or the National Guard, or the Illinois Naval Militia, while engaged in the operation of their official duties;
 - (3) Federal officials required to carry firearms,

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while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

- (4) Members of bona fide veterans organizations which receive firearms directly from the armed forces of the United States, while using the firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition;
- (5) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times and in all other places these persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- Those hunters exempt from obtaining a hunting license who are required to submit their Firearm Owner's Identification Card when hunting on Department of Natural Resources owned or managed sites;
- (7) Nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range recognized by the Department of State Police; however, these persons must at all other times and in all other places have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (8) Nonresidents while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Department of State Police; however, at all other times and in all other places these persons must have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (9) Nonresidents whose firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a case;
- (10) Nonresidents who are currently licensed or registered to possess a firearm in their resident state;

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- (11) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent or legal quardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor if the parent or legal quardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card:
- (12) Color guards of bona fide veterans organizations or members of bona fide American Legion bands while using firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition;
- (13) Nonresident hunters whose state of residence does not require them to be licensed or registered to possess a firearm and only during hunting season, with valid hunting licenses, while accompanied by, and using a firearm owned by, a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card and while in an area within commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code where hunting is permitted and controlled, but in no instance upon sites owned or managed by the Department of Natural Resources;
- (14) Resident hunters who are properly authorized to hunt and, while accompanied by a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, hunt in an area within a commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code where hunting is permitted and controlled; and
- (15) A person who is otherwise eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act and is

- 1 under the direct supervision of a holder of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card who is 21 years of age or older 2 while the person is on a firing or shooting range or is a 3 4 participant in a firearms safety and training course 5 recognized by a law enforcement agency or a national, statewide shooting sports organization. 6
- The provisions of 7 this Section regarding 8 acquisition and possession of firearms, firearm ammunition, 9 stun guns, and tasers do not apply to law enforcement officials 10 of this or any other jurisdiction, while engaged in the 11 operation of their official duties.
- (Source: P.A. 94-6, eff. 1-1-06.) 12
- 13 Section 83. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by 14 changing Section 24-9.5 as follows:
- (720 ILCS 5/24-9.5) 15
- 16 Sec. 24-9.5. Handgun safety devices.
- 17 (a) It is unlawful for a person licensed as a federal 18 firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923) to offer for sale, sell, or 19 20 transfer a handgun to a person not licensed under that Act, 21 unless he or she sells or includes with the handgun a device or 22 mechanism, other than the firearm safety, designed to render 23 the handgun temporarily inoperable or inaccessible.
- 2.4 includes but is not limited to:

1	(1) An external device that is:
2	(i) attached to the handgun with a key or
3	combination lock; and
4	(ii) designed to prevent the handgun from being
5	discharged unless the device has been deactivated.
6	(2) An integrated mechanical safety, disabling, or
7	locking device that is:
8	(i) built into the handgun; and
9	(ii) designed to prevent the handgun from being
10	discharged unless the device has been deactivated.
11	(b) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
12	of a Class C misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than
13	\$1,000. A second or subsequent violation of this Section is a
14	Class A misdemeanor.
15	(c) For the purposes of this Section, "handgun" has the
16	meaning ascribed to it in clause (h)(2) of subsection (A) of
17	Section 24-3 of this Code.
18	(d) This Section does not apply to:
19	(1) the purchase, sale, or transportation of a handgun
20	to or by a federally licensed firearms dealer or
21	manufacturer that provides or services a handgun for:
22	(i) personnel of any unit of the federal
23	<pre>government;</pre>
24	(ii) members of the armed forces of the United
25	States, or the National Guard, or the Illinois Naval
26	<pre>Militia;</pre>

1	(iii) law enforcement personnel of the State or any
2	local law enforcement agency in the State while acting
3	within the scope of their official duties; and
4	(iv) an organization that is required by federal
5	law governing its specific business or activity to
6	maintain handguns and applicable ammunition;
7	(2) a firearm modified to be permanently inoperative;
8	(3) the sale or transfer of a handgun by a federally
9	licensed firearms dealer or manufacturer described in item
10	(1) of this subsection (d);
11	(4) the sale or transfer of a handgun by a federally
12	licensed firearms dealer or manufacturer to a lawful
13	customer outside the State; or
14	(5) an antique firearm.
15	(Source: P.A. 94-390, eff. 1-1-06.)

Section 85. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by changing Section 1-103 as follows:

18 (775 ILCS 5/1-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-103)

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Sec. 1-103. General Definitions. When used in this Act, unless the context requires otherwise, the term:

(A) Age. "Age" means the chronological age of a person who is at least 40 years old, except with regard to any practice described in Section 2-102, insofar as that practice concerns training or apprenticeship programs. In the case of training or

- 1 apprenticeship programs, for the purposes of Section 2-102,
- 2 "age" means the chronological age of a person who is 18 but not
- 3 yet 40 years old.
- (B) Aggrieved Party. "Aggrieved party" means a person who 4
- 5 is alleged or proved to have been injured by a civil rights
- 6 violation or believes he or she will be injured by a civil
- rights violation under Article 3 that is about to occur. 7
- 8 (C) Charge. "Charge" means an allegation filed with the
- 9 Department by an aggrieved party or initiated by the Department
- 10 under its authority.
- Civil Rights Violation. "Civil rights violation" 11
- includes and shall be limited to only those specific acts set 12
- 13 forth in Sections 2-102, 2-103, 2-105, 3-102, 3-103, 3-104,
- 3-104.1, 3-105, 4-102, 4-103, 5-102, 5A-102 and 6-101 of this 14
- 15 Act.
- 16 Commission. "Commission" means the Human Rights (E)
- 17 Commission created by this Act.
- (F) Complaint. "Complaint" means the formal pleading filed 18
- 19 bv the Department with the Commission following
- 20 investigation and finding of substantial evidence of a civil
- rights violation. 21
- 22 (G) Complainant. "Complainant" means a person including
- the Department who files a charge of civil rights violation 23
- 24 with the Department or the Commission.
- 25 (H) Department. "Department" means the Department of Human
- 26 Rights created by this Act.

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- (I) Handicap. "Handicap" means a determinable physical or mental characteristic of a person, including, but not limited to, a determinable physical characteristic which necessitates the person's use of a guide, hearing or support dog, the history of such characteristic, or the perception of such characteristic by the person complained against, which may result from disease, injury, congenital condition of birth or functional disorder and which characteristic:
 - (1) For purposes of Article 2 is unrelated to the person's ability to perform the duties of a particular job or position and, pursuant to Section 2-104 of this Act, a person's illegal use of drugs or alcohol is not a handicap;
 - (2) For purposes of Article 3, is unrelated to the person's ability to acquire, rent or maintain a housing accommodation;
 - (3) For purposes of Article 4, is unrelated to a person's ability to repay;
 - (4) For purposes of Article 5, is unrelated to a person's ability to utilize and benefit from a place of public accommodation.
- (J) Marital Status. "Marital status" means the legal status of being married, single, separated, divorced or widowed.
- (J-1) Military Status. "Military status" means a person's status on active duty in or status as a veteran of the armed forces of the United States, status as a current member or veteran of any reserve component of the armed forces of the

- 1 United States, including the United States Army Reserve, United
- States Marine Corps Reserve, United States Navy Reserve, United 2
- States Air Force Reserve, and United States Coast Guard 3
- 4 Reserve, or status as a current member or veteran of the
- 5 Illinois Army National Guard, Illinois Naval Militia, or
- Illinois Air National Guard. 6
- (K) National Origin. "National origin" means the place in 7
- 8 which a person or one of his or her ancestors was born.
- 9 (L) Person. "Person" includes one or more individuals,
- 10 partnerships, associations or organizations,
- 11 organizations, labor unions, joint apprenticeship committees,
- or union labor associations, corporations, the State of 12
- 13 Illinois and its instrumentalities, political subdivisions,
- 14 units of local government, legal representatives, trustees in
- 15 bankruptcy or receivers.
- 16 (M) Public Contract. "Public contract" includes every
- contract to which the State, any of its political subdivisions 17
- 18 or any municipal corporation is a party.
- 19 (N) Religion. "Religion" includes all aspects of religious
- 20 observance and practice, as well as belief, except that with
- 21 respect to employers, for the purposes of Article 2, "religion"
- 22 has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (F) of Section
- 2-101. 23
- 24 (O) Sex. "Sex" means the status of being male or female.
- 25 (O-1) Sexual orientation. "Sexual orientation" means
- 26 actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality,

- 1 bisexuality, or gender-related identity, whether or not
- traditionally associated with the person's designated sex at 2
- 3 birth. "Sexual orientation" does not include a physical or
- 4 sexual attraction to a minor by an adult.
- 5 (P) Unfavorable Military Discharge. "Unfavorable military
- discharge" includes discharges from the Armed Forces of the 6
- United States, their Reserve components or any National Guard 7
- 8 or Naval Militia which are classified as RE-3 or the equivalent
- 9 thereof, but does not include those characterized as RE-4 or
- 10 "Dishonorable".
- 11 Unlawful Discrimination. "Unlawful discrimination"
- means discrimination against a person because of his or her 12
- 13 race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex,
- 14 marital status, handicap, military status, sexual orientation,
- 15 or unfavorable discharge from military service as those terms
- 16 are defined in this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 93-941, eff. 8-16-04; 93-1078, eff. 1-1-06; 17
- 94-803, eff. 5-26-06.) 18
- 19 Section 87. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by
- 20 changing Section 1 as follows:
- 21 (820 ILCS 305/1) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.1)
- Sec. 1. This Act may be cited as the Workers' Compensation 22
- 23 Act.
- 24 (a) The term "employer" as used in this Act means:

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- The State and each county, city, town, township, 1 1. incorporated village, school district, body politic, or 2 3 municipal corporation therein.
 - 2. Every person, firm, public or private corporation, including hospitals, public service, eleemosynary, religious or charitable corporations or associations who has any person in service or under any contract for hire, express or implied, oral or written, and who is engaged in any of the enterprises or businesses enumerated in Section 3 of this Act, or who at or prior to the time of the accident to the employee for which compensation under this Act may be claimed, has in the manner provided in this Act elected to become subject to provisions of this Act, and who has not, prior to such accident, effected a withdrawal of such election in the manner provided in this Act.
 - 3. Any one engaging in any business or enterprise referred to in subsections 1 and 2 of Section 3 of this Act who undertakes to do any work enumerated therein, is liable to pay compensation to his own immediate employees in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and in addition thereto if he directly or indirectly engages any contractor principal or sub-contractor to do any such work, he is liable to pay compensation to the employees of any such contractor or sub-contractor unless such contractor or sub-contractor has insured, in any company or association authorized under the laws of this State to insure the liability to pay compensation

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under this Act, or quaranteed his liability to pay such compensation. With respect to any time limitation on the filing of claims provided by this Act, the timely filing of a claim against a contractor or subcontractor, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a timely filing with respect to all persons upon whom liability is imposed by this paragraph.

In the event any such person pays compensation under this subsection he may recover the amount thereof from contractor or sub-contractor, if any, and in the event the contractor pays compensation under this subsection he may recover the amount thereof from the sub-contractor, if any.

This subsection does not apply in any case where the accident occurs elsewhere than on, in or about the immediate premises on which the principal has contracted that the work be done.

4. Where an employer operating under and subject to the provisions of this Act loans an employee to another such employer and such loaned employee sustains a compensable accidental injury in the employment of such borrowing employer and where such borrowing employer does not provide or pay the benefits or payments due such injured employee, such loaning employer is liable to provide or pay all benefits or payments due such employee under this Act and as to such employee the liability of such loaning and borrowing employers is joint and several, provided that such loaning employer is in the absence of agreement to the contrary entitled to receive from such

borrowing employer full reimbursement for all sums paid or incurred pursuant to this paragraph together with reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses in any hearings before the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission or in any action to secure such reimbursement. Where any benefit is provided or paid by such loaning employer the employee has the duty of rendering reasonable cooperation in any hearings, trials or proceedings in the case, including such proceedings for reimbursement.

Where an employee files an Application for Adjustment of Claim with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission alleging that his claim is covered by the provisions of the preceding paragraph, and joining both the alleged loaning and borrowing employers, they and each of them, upon written demand by the employee and within 7 days after receipt of such demand, shall have the duty of filing with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission a written admission or denial of the allegation that the claim is covered by the provisions of the preceding paragraph and in default of such filing or if any such denial be ultimately determined not to have been bona fide then the provisions of Paragraph K of Section 19 of this Act shall apply.

An employer whose business or enterprise or a substantial part thereof consists of hiring, procuring or furnishing employees to or for other employers operating under and subject to the provisions of this Act for the performance of the work

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- 1 of such other employers and who pays such employees their
- salary or wages notwithstanding that they are doing the work of 2
- 3 such other employers shall be deemed a loaning employer within
- 4 the meaning and provisions of this Section.
 - (b) The term "employee" as used in this Act means:
- 6 1. Every person in the service of the State, including members of the General Assembly, members of the Commerce 7 Commission, members of the Illinois Workers' Compensation 8 Commission, and all persons in the service of the University of 9 10 Illinois, county, including deputy sheriffs and assistant 11 state's attorneys, city, town, township, incorporated village or school district, body politic, or municipal corporation 12 13 therein, whether by election, under appointment or contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, including all 14 15 members of the Illinois National Guard or Illinois Naval 16 Militia while on active duty in the service of the State, and all probation personnel of the Juvenile Court appointed 17 pursuant to Article VI of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and 18 including any official of the State, any county, city, town, 19 20 township, incorporated village, school district, body politic 21 or municipal corporation therein except any duly appointed member of a police department in any city whose population 22 23 exceeds 200,000 according to the last Federal or State census, 24 and except any member of a fire insurance patrol maintained by 25 a board of underwriters in this State. A duly appointed member

of a fire department in any city, the population of which

- 1 exceeds 200,000 according to the last federal or State census,
- 2 is an employee under this Act only with respect to claims
- 3 brought under paragraph (c) of Section 8.
- 4 One employed by a contractor who has contracted with the
- 5 State, or a county, city, town, township, incorporated village,
- 6 school district, body politic or municipal corporation
- therein, through its representatives, is not considered as an 7
- employee of the State, county, city, town, township, 8
- 9 incorporated village, school district, body politic or
- 10 municipal corporation which made the contract.
- 11 2. Every person in the service of another under any
- contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, 12
- 13 including persons whose employment is outside of the State of
- Illinois where the contract of hire is made within the State of 14
- 15 Illinois, persons whose employment results in fatal or
- 16 non-fatal injuries within the State of Illinois where the
- contract of hire is made outside of the State of Illinois, and 17
- persons whose employment is principally localized within the 18
- 19 State of Illinois, regardless of the place of the accident or
- 20 the place where the contract of hire was made, and including
- aliens, and minors who, for the purpose of this Act are 21
- 22 considered the same and have the same power to contract,
- 23 receive payments and give quittances therefor, as adult
- 24 employees.
- 25 3. Every sole proprietor and every partner of a business
- 26 may elect to be covered by this Act.

An employee or his dependents under this Act who shall have a cause of action by reason of any injury, disablement or death arising out of and in the course of his employment may elect to pursue his remedy in the State where injured or disabled, or in the State where the contract of hire is made, or in the State where the employment is principally localized.

However, any employer may elect to provide and pay compensation to any employee other than those engaged in the usual course of the trade, business, profession or occupation of the employer by complying with Sections 2 and 4 of this Act. Employees are not included within the provisions of this Act when excluded by the laws of the United States relating to liability of employers to their employees for personal injuries where such laws are held to be exclusive.

The term "employee" does not include persons performing services as real estate broker, broker-salesman, or salesman when such persons are paid by commission only.

(c) "Commission" means the Industrial Commission created by Section 5 of "The Civil Administrative Code of Illinois", approved March 7, 1917, as amended, or the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission created by Section 13 of this Act.

22 (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.".