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AN ACT concerning local government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by 5 changing Sections 11-74.4-3 and 11-74.4-7 as follows:

6 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-3)

Sec. 11-74.4-3. Definitions. The following terms, wherever used or referred to in this Division 74.4 shall have the following respective meanings, unless in any case a different meaning clearly appears from the context.

(a) For any redevelopment project area that has been designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-478), "blighted area" shall have the meaning set forth in this Section prior to that date.

16 On and after November 1, 1999, "blighted area" means any 17 improved or vacant area within the boundaries of a 18 redevelopment project area located within the territorial 19 limits of the municipality where:

(1) If improved, industrial, commercial, and
residential buildings or improvements are detrimental to
the public safety, health, or welfare because of a
combination of 5 or more of the following factors, each of

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1 which is (i) present, with that presence documented, to a 2 meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably 3 find that the factor is clearly present within the intent 4 of the Act and (ii) reasonably distributed throughout the 5 improved part of the redevelopment project area:

6 (A) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair neglect of necessary repairs to the primary 7 or 8 structural components of buildings or improvements in 9 such combination that a documented а building 10 condition analysis determines that major repair is 11 required or the defects are so serious and so extensive 12 that the buildings must be removed.

(B) Obsolescence. The condition or process of
falling into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited
for the original use.

16 (C) Deterioration. With respect to buildings, 17 defects including, but not limited to, major defects in the secondary building components such as doors, 18 19 windows, porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia. 20 With respect to surface improvements, that the 21 condition of roadways, alleys, curbs, gutters, 22 sidewalks, off-street parking, and surface storage 23 areas evidence deterioration, including, but not 24 limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes, 25 depressions, paving material, and loose weeds 26 protruding through paved surfaces.

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(D) Presence of structures below minimum code standards. All structures that do not meet the standards of zoning, subdivision, building, fire, and other governmental codes applicable to property, but not including housing and property maintenance codes.

(E) Illegal use of individual structures. The use 6 7 of structures in violation of applicable federal, State, or local laws, exclusive of those applicable to 8 presence of structures below minimum code the 10 standards.

11 (F) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings 12 unoccupied or under-utilized and that that are 13 represent an adverse influence on the area because of 14 the frequency, extent, or duration of the vacancies.

15 (G) Lack of ventilation, light, or sanitary 16 facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for 17 light or air circulation in spaces or rooms without windows, or that require the removal of dust, odor, 18 19 gas, smoke, or other noxious airborne materials. 20 Inadequate natural light and ventilation means the 21 absence of skylights or windows for interior spaces or 22 rooms and improper window sizes and amounts by room 23 window area ratios. Inadequate area to sanitary 24 facilities refers to the absence or inadequacy of 25 garbage storage and enclosure, bathroom facilities, 26 hot water and kitchens, and structural inadequacies

1 2 preventing ingress and egress to and from all rooms and units within a building.

3 (H) Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage, 4 5 sanitary sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and electrical services that are shown to be inadequate. 6 7 Inadequate utilities are those that are: (i) of 8 insufficient capacity to serve the uses in the 9 redevelopment project area, (ii) deteriorated, 10 antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or (iii) 11 lacking within the redevelopment project area.

12 (I) Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of 13 community facilities. structures and The 14 over-intensive use of property and the crowding of 15 buildings and accessory facilities onto a site. 16 Examples of problem conditions warranting the 17 designation of an area as one exhibiting excessive land coverage are: (i) the presence of buildings either 18 19 improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels of 20 inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day standards of development for health and safety and (ii) 21 22 the presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel. 23 For there to be a finding of excessive land coverage, 24 these parcels must exhibit one or more of the following 25 conditions: insufficient provision for light and air 26 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread

of fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack
 of adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way,
 lack of reasonably required off-street parking, or
 inadequate provision for loading and service.

5 (J) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence 6 of incompatible land-use relationships, buildings 7 by inappropriate mixed-uses, occupied or uses 8 considered to be noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for 9 the surrounding area.

10 (K) Environmental clean-up. The proposed 11 redevelopment project area has incurred Illinois 12 Environmental Protection Agency or United States 13 Environmental Protection Agency remediation costs for, 14 or a study conducted by an independent consultant 15 recognized as having expertise in environmental 16 remediation has determined a need for, the clean-up of 17 hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or underground 18 storage tanks required by State or federal law, 19 provided that the remediation costs constitute a 20 material impediment to the development or 21 redevelopment of the redevelopment project area.

(L) Lack of community planning. The proposed
redevelopment project area was developed prior to or
without the benefit or guidance of a community plan.
This means that the development occurred prior to the
adoption by the municipality of a comprehensive or

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other community plan or that the plan was not followed 1 at the time of the area's development. This factor must 2 3 be documented by evidence of adverse or incompatible relationships, inadequate street layout, 4 land-use 5 improper subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and size to meet contemporary development standards, or 6 7 other evidence demonstrating an absence of effective community planning. 8

9 The total equalized assessed value of the (M) 10 proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3 11 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which 12 the redevelopment project area is designated or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 13 14 balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 15 calendar years for which information is available or is 16 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 17 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the United States Department of Labor or successor 18 19 agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the 20 year in which the redevelopment project area is 21 designated.

(2) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment
project area is impaired by a combination of 2 or more of
the following factors, each of which is (i) present, with
that presence documented, to a meaningful extent so that a
municipality may reasonably find that the factor is clearly

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present within the intent of the Act and (ii) reasonably 1 part distributed throughout the vacant of the redevelopment project area to which it pertains:

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(A) Obsolete platting of vacant land that results 4 5 in parcels of limited or narrow size or configurations of parcels of irregular size or shape that would be 6 7 difficult to develop on a planned basis and in a manner 8 compatible with contemporary standards and 9 requirements, or platting that failed to create 10 rights-of-ways for streets or alleys or that created 11 inadequate right-of-way widths for streets, alleys, or 12 other public rights-of-way or that omitted easements 13 for public utilities.

(B) Diversity of ownership of parcels of vacant 14 15 land sufficient in number to retard or impede the 16 ability to assemble the land for development.

17 (C) Tax and special assessment delinguencies exist or the property has been the subject of tax sales under 18 the Property Tax Code within the last 5 years. 19

20 Deterioration of (D) structures or site 21 improvements in neighboring areas adjacent to the vacant land. 22

23 (E) The area has incurred Illinois Environmental 24 Protection Agency or United States Environmental 25 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study 26 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as HB2036 Enrolled - 8 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

having expertise in environmental remediation has determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks required by State or federal law, provided that the remediation costs constitute a material impediment to the development or redevelopment of the redevelopment project area.

8 The total equalized assessed value of the (F) 9 proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3 10 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which 11 the redevelopment project area is designated or is 12 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 13 balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 14 calendar years for which information is available or is 15 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the 16 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published 17 by the United States Department of Labor or successor agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the 18 19 year in which the redevelopment project area is 20 designated.

(3) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment project area is impaired by one of the following factors that (i) is present, with that presence documented, to a meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably find that the factor is clearly present within the intent of the Act and (ii) is reasonably distributed throughout HB2036 Enrolled

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1 the vacant part of the redevelopment project area to which 2 it pertains:

(A) The area consists of one or more unused
 quarries, mines, or strip mine ponds.

(B) The area consists of unused rail yards, rail tracks, or railroad rights-of-way.

7 (C) The area, prior to its designation, is subject to (i) chronic flooding that adversely impacts on real 8 9 property in the area as certified by a registered 10 professional engineer or appropriate regulatory agency 11 or (ii) surface water that discharges from all or a 12 part of the area and contributes to flooding within the 13 same watershed, but only if the redevelopment project 14 provides for facilities or improvements to contribute 15 to the alleviation of all or part of the flooding.

16 (D) The area consists of an unused or illegal 17 disposal site containing earth, stone, building 18 debris, or similar materials that were removed from 19 construction, demolition, excavation, or dredge sites.

(E) Prior to November 1, 1999, the area is not less than 50 nor more than 100 acres and 75% of which is vacant (notwithstanding that the area has been used for commercial agricultural purposes within 5 years prior to the designation of the redevelopment project area), and the area meets at least one of the factors itemized in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the area has been HB2036 Enrolled - 10 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

designated as a town or village center by ordinance or
 comprehensive plan adopted prior to January 1, 1982,
 and the area has not been developed for that designated
 purpose.

5 (F) The area qualified as a blighted improved area 6 immediately prior to becoming vacant, unless there has 7 been substantial private investment in the immediately 8 surrounding area.

9 (b) For any redevelopment project area that has been 10 designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted 11 prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 12 91-478), "conservation area" shall have the meaning set forth 13 in this Section prior to that date.

On and after November 1, 1999, "conservation area" means 14 15 any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment 16 project area located within the territorial limits of the 17 municipality in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more. Such an area is not yet a 18 blighted area but because of a combination of 3 or more of the 19 20 following factors is detrimental to the public safety, health, 21 morals or welfare and such an area may become a blighted area:

(1) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair or
 neglect of necessary repairs to the primary structural
 components of buildings or improvements in such a
 combination that a documented building condition analysis
 determines that major repair is required or the defects are

so serious and so extensive that the buildings must be
removed.

3 (2) Obsolescence. The condition or process of falling
4 into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited for the
5 original use.

6 (3) Deterioration. With respect to buildings, defects 7 including, but not limited to, major defects in the 8 secondary building components such as doors, windows, 9 porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia. With respect 10 to surface improvements, that the condition of roadways, 11 alleys, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, off-street parking, and 12 surface storage areas evidence deterioration, including, but not limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes, 13 14 depressions, loose paving material, and weeds protruding 15 through paved surfaces.

16 (4) Presence of structures below minimum code 17 standards. All structures that do not meet the standards of 18 zoning, subdivision, building, fire, and other 19 governmental codes applicable to property, but not 20 including housing and property maintenance codes.

(5) Illegal use of individual structures. The use of
structures in violation of applicable federal, State, or
local laws, exclusive of those applicable to the presence
of structures below minimum code standards.

25 (6) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings
 26 that are unoccupied or under-utilized and that represent an

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adverse influence on the area because of the frequency, extent, or duration of the vacancies.

3 Lack of ventilation, light, or (7)sanitary facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for light 4 5 or air circulation in spaces or rooms without windows, or that require the removal of dust, odor, gas, smoke, or 6 7 other noxious airborne materials. Inadequate natural light 8 ventilation means the absence or and inadequacy of 9 skylights or windows for interior spaces or rooms and 10 improper window sizes and amounts by room area to window 11 area ratios. Inadequate sanitary facilities refers to the 12 absence or inadequacy of garbage storage and enclosure, facilities, hot 13 bathroom water and kitchens, and 14 structural inadequacies preventing ingress and egress to 15 and from all rooms and units within a building.

Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead 16 (8) 17 utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage, sanitary 18 sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and electrical 19 services that are shown to be inadequate. Inadequate 20 utilities are those that are: (i) of insufficient capacity 21 to serve the uses in the redevelopment project area, (ii) 22 deteriorated, antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or 23 (iii) lacking within the redevelopment project area.

(9) Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of
 structures and community facilities. The over-intensive
 use of property and the crowding of buildings and accessory

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facilities onto a site. Examples of problem conditions 1 2 warranting the designation of an area as one exhibiting 3 excessive land coverage are: the presence of buildings either improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels 4 5 of inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day standards of development for health and safety and the 6 7 presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel. For 8 there to be a finding of excessive land coverage, these 9 parcels must exhibit one or more of the following 10 conditions: insufficient provision for light and air 11 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread of 12 fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack of adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way, lack of 13 14 reasonably required off-street parking, or inadequate 15 provision for loading and service.

16 (10) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence of 17 incompatible land-use relationships, buildings occupied by 18 inappropriate mixed-uses, or uses considered to be 19 noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for the surrounding 20 area.

21 (11)Lack of community planning. The proposed 22 redevelopment project area was developed prior to or 23 without the benefit or quidance of a community plan. This 24 means that the development occurred prior to the adoption 25 by the municipality of a comprehensive or other community 26 plan or that the plan was not followed at the time of the

area's development. This factor must be documented by 1 2 evidence of adverse or incompatible land-use 3 relationships, inadequate street layout, improper subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and size to meet 4 5 contemporary development standards, or other evidence demonstrating an absence of effective community planning. 6

7 The area has incurred Illinois Environmental (12)8 Protection Agency United States Environmental or 9 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study 10 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as 11 having expertise in environmental remediation has 12 determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste, 13 hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks 14 required by State or federal law, provided that the 15 remediation costs constitute a material impediment to the 16 development or redevelopment of the redevelopment project 17 area.

(13) The total equalized assessed value of the proposed 18 19 redevelopment project area has declined for 3 of the last 5 20 calendar years for which information is available or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the balance 21 22 of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 calendar years for 23 which information is available or is increasing at an annual rate that is less than the Consumer Price Index for 24 25 Urban Consumers published by the United States All 26 Department of Labor or successor agency for 3 of the last 5

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calendar years for which information is available.

2 (c) "Industrial park" means an area in a blighted or 3 conservation area suitable for use by any manufacturing, industrial, research or transportation enterprise, 4 of 5 facilities to include but not be limited to factories, mills, assembly plants, 6 processing plants, packing plants, 7 plants, industrial distribution fabricating centers, 8 warehouses, repair overhaul or service facilities, freight 9 terminals, research facilities, test facilities or railroad 10 facilities.

"Industrial park conservation area" means an area 11 (d) 12 within the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located within the territorial limits of a municipality that is a labor 13 surplus municipality or within 1 1/2 miles of the territorial 14 15 limits of a municipality that is a labor surplus municipality 16 if the area is annexed to the municipality; which area is zoned 17 as industrial no later than at the time the municipality by ordinance designates the redevelopment project area, and which 18 area includes both vacant land suitable for use as an 19 20 industrial park and a blighted area or conservation area contiguous to such vacant land. 21

(e) "Labor surplus municipality" means a municipality in which, at any time during the 6 months before the municipality by ordinance designates an industrial park conservation area, the unemployment rate was over 6% and was also 100% or more of the national average unemployment rate for that same time as HB2036 Enrolled - 16 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

published in the United States Department of Labor Bureau of 1 2 Labor Statistics publication entitled "The Employment Situation" or its successor publication. For the purpose of 3 this subsection, if unemployment rate statistics for the 4 5 municipality are not available, the unemployment rate in the municipality shall be deemed to be the same as the unemployment 6 7 rate in the principal county in which the municipality is 8 located.

9 (f) "Municipality" shall mean a city, village, 10 incorporated town, or a township that is located in the 11 unincorporated portion of a county with 3 million or more 12 inhabitants, if the county adopted an ordinance that approved 13 the township's redevelopment plan.

(g) "Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount of taxes paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on transactions at places located in a State Sales Tax Boundary during the calendar year 1985.

(g-1) "Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount of taxes paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act, Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on transactions at places located within the State Sales Tax HB2036 Enrolled - 17 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

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Boundary revised pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8a(9) of this Act.

2 (h) "Municipal Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal 3 to the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid to a municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising from 4 5 sales by retailers and servicemen within the redevelopment 6 project area or State Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, 7 for as long as the redevelopment project area or State Sales 8 Tax Boundary, as the case may be, exist over and above the 9 aggregate amount of taxes as certified by the Illinois 10 Department of Revenue and paid under the Municipal Retailers' 11 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act 12 by retailers and servicemen, on transactions at places of business located in the redevelopment project area or State 13 14 Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, during the base year 15 which shall be the calendar year immediately prior to the year 16 in which the municipality adopted tax increment allocation 17 financing. For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of such taxes for base years occurring prior to 1985, the 18 Department of Revenue shall determine the Initial Sales Tax 19 20 Amounts for such taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to 21 4% of the aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the 22 base year is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction 23 of 12%. The amount so determined shall be known as the 24 "Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts". For purposes of 25 determining the Municipal Sales Tax Increment, the Department 26 of Revenue shall for each period subtract from the amount paid

to the municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising 1 2 from sales by retailers and servicemen on transactions located 3 in the redevelopment project area or the State Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, the certified Initial Sales Tax 4 5 Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 6 Sales Tax Amounts for the Initial Municipal Retailers' 7 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act. For the State Fiscal Year 1989, this calculation shall be 8 9 made by utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax 10 amounts received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this 11 calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from January 12 1, 1988, until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen pursuant to 13 the 14 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service 15 Occupation Tax Act, which shall have deducted therefrom 16 nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the 17 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal Year 1991, 18 19 this calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from 20 October 1, 1988, to June 30, 1989, to determine the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen pursuant 21 to the 22 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act which shall have deducted therefrom 23 nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, 24 25 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales 26 Tax Amounts as appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year

thereafter, the applicable period shall be the 12 months beginning July 1 and ending June 30 to determine the tax amounts received which shall have deducted therefrom the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts, as the case may be.

(i) "Net State Sales Tax Increment" means the sum of the 7 8 following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Sales Tax 9 Increment annually generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary; 10 (b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding 11 \$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually generated within 12 a State Sales Tax Boundary; and (c) 40% of all amounts in excess of \$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually 13 14 generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary. If, however, a 15 municipality established a tax increment financing district in 16 a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 before 17 January 1, 1986, and the municipality entered into a contract or issued bonds after January 1, 1986, but before December 31, 18 19 1986, to finance redevelopment project costs within a State Sales Tax Boundary, then the Net State Sales Tax Increment 20 means, for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990, and July 1, 21 22 1991, 100% of the State Sales Tax Increment annually generated 23 within a State Sales Tax Boundary; and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for those fiscal years the 24 25 Department of Revenue shall distribute to those municipalities 26 100% of their Net State Sales Tax Increment before any

distribution to any other municipality and regardless of 1 2 whether or not those other municipalities will receive 100% of 3 their Net State Sales Tax Increment. For Fiscal Year 1999, and every year thereafter until the year 2007, for any municipality 4 5 that has not entered into a contract or has not issued bonds prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment project costs 6 7 within a State Sales Tax Boundary, the Net State Sales Tax 8 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the 9 Net State Sales Tax Increment by 90% in the State Fiscal Year 10 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70% in the State 11 Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 50% in the 12 State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State Fiscal Year 13 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No payment shall 14 15 be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 and thereafter.

16 Municipalities that issued bonds in connection with a 17 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991, or that 18 entered into contracts in connection with a redevelopment 19 20 project in a redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988, 21 shall continue to receive their proportional share of the 22 Illinois Tax Increment Fund distribution until the date on 23 which the redevelopment project is completed or terminated. If, 24 however, a municipality that issued bonds in connection with a 25 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within 26 the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991 retires the

bonds prior to June 30, 2007 or a municipality that entered 1 2 into contracts in connection with a redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988 completes the 3 contracts prior to June 30, 2007, then so long as the 4 5 redevelopment project is not completed or is not terminated, 6 the Net State Sales Tax Increment shall be calculated, 7 beginning on the date on which the bonds are retired or the 8 contracts are completed, as follows: By multiplying the Net 9 State Sales Tax Increment by 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 10 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 11 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State 12 Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No 13 shall be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 payment and 14 thereafter. Refunding of any bonds issued prior to July 29, 15 1991, shall not alter the Net State Sales Tax Increment.

16 (j) "State Utility Tax Increment Amount" means an amount 17 equal to the aggregate increase in State electric and gas tax charges imposed on owners and tenants, other than residential 18 19 customers, of properties located within the redevelopment project area under Section 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act, 20 over and above the aggregate of such charges as certified by 21 22 the Department of Revenue and paid by owners and tenants, other 23 residential customers, of properties than within the 24 redevelopment project area during the base year, which shall be 25 the calendar year immediately prior to the year of the adoption 26 of the ordinance authorizing tax increment allocation HB2036 Enrolled

1 financing.

2 (k) "Net State Utility Tax Increment" means the sum of the following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Utility Tax 3 Increment annually generated by a redevelopment project area; 4 5 (b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding \$500,000 of the State Utility Tax Increment annually generated 6 7 by a redevelopment project area; and (c) 40% of all amounts in excess of \$500,000 of State Utility Tax Increment annually 8 9 generated by a redevelopment project area. For the State Fiscal 10 Year 1999, and every year thereafter until the year 2007, for 11 any municipality that has not entered into a contract or has 12 not issued bonds prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment project costs within a redevelopment project area, the Net 13 14 State Utility Tax Increment shall be calculated as follows: By 15 multiplying the Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in the 16 State Fiscal Year 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70% 17 in the State Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State 18 Fiscal Year 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the 19 20 State Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. 21 No payment shall be made for the State Fiscal Year 2008 and 22 thereafter.

23 Municipalities that issue bonds in connection with the 24 redevelopment project during the period from June 1, 1988 until 25 3 years after the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1988 26 shall receive the Net State Utility Tax Increment, subject to HB2036 Enrolled - 23 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

appropriation, for 15 State Fiscal Years after the issuance of 1 2 such bonds. For the 16th through the 20th State Fiscal Years after issuance of the bonds, the Net State Utility Tax 3 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the 4 5 Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in year 16; 80% in year 17; 70% in year 18; 60% in year 19; and 50% in year 20. 6 7 Refunding of any bonds issued prior to June 1, 1988, shall not 8 alter the revised Net State Utility Tax Increment payments set 9 forth above.

10 (1) "Obligations" mean bonds, loans, debentures, notes, 11 special certificates or other evidence of indebtedness issued 12 by the municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to 13 refund outstanding obligations.

(m) "Payment in lieu of taxes" means those estimated tax 14 15 revenues from real property in a redevelopment project area 16 derived from real property that has been acquired by a 17 municipality which according to the redevelopment project or plan is to be used for a private use which taxing districts 18 would have received had a municipality not acquired the real 19 20 property and adopted tax increment allocation financing and which would result from levies made after the time of the 21 22 adoption of tax increment allocation financing to the time the 23 current equalized value of real property in the redevelopment project area exceeds the total initial equalized value of real 24 25 property in said area.

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(n) "Redevelopment plan" means the comprehensive program

of the municipality for development or redevelopment intended 1 by the payment of redevelopment project costs to reduce or 2 3 eliminate those conditions the existence of which qualified the "blighted redevelopment project area а area" 4 as or 5 "conservation area" or combination thereof or "industrial park conservation area," and thereby to enhance the tax bases of the 6 7 taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment project area. On and after November 1, 1999 (the effective date of 8 9 Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may be approved or 10 amended that includes the development of vacant land (i) with a 11 golf course and related clubhouse and other facilities or (ii) 12 designated by federal, State, county, or municipal government as public land for outdoor recreational activities or for 13 14 nature preserves and used for that purpose within 5 years prior 15 to the adoption of the redevelopment plan. For the purpose of 16 this subsection, "recreational activities" is limited to mean 17 camping and hunting. Each redevelopment plan shall set forth in writing the program to be undertaken to accomplish the 18 objectives and shall include but not be limited to: 19

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(A) an itemized list of estimated redevelopment project costs;

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23 24 (B) evidence indicating that the redevelopment project area on the whole has not been subject to growth and development through investment by private enterprise;

(C) an assessment of any financial impact of the
 redevelopment project area on or any increased demand for

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services from any taxing district affected by the plan and any program to address such financial impact or increased demand;

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(D) the sources of funds to pay costs;

5 (E) the nature and term of the obligations to be 6 issued;

7 (F) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the
8 redevelopment project area;

9 (G) an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation 10 after redevelopment and the general land uses to apply in 11 the redevelopment project area;

12 (H) a commitment to fair employment practices and an13 affirmative action plan;

(I) if it concerns an industrial park conservation
area, the plan shall also include a general description of
any proposed developer, user and tenant of any property, a
description of the type, structure and general character of
the facilities to be developed, a description of the type,
class and number of new employees to be employed in the
operation of the facilities to be developed; and

(J) if property is to be annexed to the municipality,
the plan shall include the terms of the annexation
agreement.

The provisions of items (B) and (C) of this subsection (n) shall not apply to a municipality that before March 14, 1994 (the effective date of Public Act 88-537) had fixed, either by its corporate authorities or by a commission designated under subsection (k) of Section 11-74.4-4, a time and place for a public hearing as required by subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-5. No redevelopment plan shall be adopted unless a municipality complies with all of the following requirements:

6 (1) The municipality finds that the redevelopment 7 project area on the whole has not been subject to growth 8 and development through investment by private enterprise 9 and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed 10 without the adoption of the redevelopment plan.

11 (2) The municipality finds that the redevelopment plan 12 and project conform to the comprehensive plan for the 13 development of the municipality as a whole, or, for 14 municipalities with a population of 100,000 or more, 15 regardless of when the redevelopment plan and project was 16 adopted, the redevelopment plan and project either: (i) 17 to strategic economic development conforms the or redevelopment plan issued by the designated planning 18 authority of the municipality, or (ii) includes land uses 19 20 that have been approved by the planning commission of the 21 municipality.

(3) The redevelopment plan establishes the estimated
dates of completion of the redevelopment project and
retirement of obligations issued to finance redevelopment
project costs. Those dates: shall not be later than
December 31 of the year in which the payment to the

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municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of 1 2 Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to 3 ad valorem taxes levied in the twenty-third calendar year after the year in which the ordinance approving the 4 5 redevelopment project area is adopted if the ordinance was adopted on or after January 15, 1981; shall not be later 6 7 than December 31 of the year in which the payment to the 8 municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of 9 Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to 10 ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty-third calendar year 11 after the year in which the ordinance approving the 12 redevelopment project area if the ordinance was adopted on 13 May 20, 1985 by the Village of Wheeling; and shall not be 14 later than December 31 of the year in which the payment to 15 the municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of 16 Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to 17 ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty-fifth calendar year 18 after the year in which the ordinance approving the 19 redevelopment project area is adopted:

20 (A) if the ordinance was adopted before January 15,
21 1981, or

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(B) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1983, April 1984, July 1985, or December 1989, or

(C) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1987
and the redevelopment project is located within one
mile of Midway Airport, or

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(D) if the ordinance was adopted before January 1,
 1987 by a municipality in Mason County, or

(E) if the municipality is subject to the Local Government Financial Planning and Supervision Act or the Financially Distressed City Law, or

(F) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1984 by the Village of Rosemont, or

8 (G) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 9 1986 by a municipality located in Clinton County for 10 which at least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds were 11 authorized on June 17, 1997, or if the ordinance was 12 adopted on December 31, 1986 by a municipality with a 13 population in 1990 of less than 3,600 that is located in a county with a population in 1990 of less than 14 15 34,000 and for which at least \$250,000 of tax increment 16 bonds were authorized on June 17, 1997, or

(H) if the ordinance was adopted on October 5, 1982
by the City of Kankakee, or if the ordinance was
adopted on December 29, 1986 by East St. Louis, or

20 (I) if the ordinance was adopted on November 12,
21 1991 by the Village of Sauget, or

(J) if the ordinance was adopted on February 11,
1985 by the City of Rock Island, or

24 (K) if the ordinance was adopted before December
25 18, 1986 by the City of Moline, or

(L) if the ordinance was adopted in September 1988

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1 by Sauk Village, or 2 (M) if the ordinance was adopted in October 1993 by 3 Sauk Village, or (N) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 4 5 1986 by the City of Galva, or (O) if the ordinance was adopted in March 1991 by 6 7 the City of Centreville, or 8 (P) if the ordinance was adopted on January 23, 9 1991 by the City of East St. Louis, or 10 (Q) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 11 1986 by the City of Aledo, or 12 (R) if the ordinance was adopted on February 5, 13 1990 by the City of Clinton, or (S) if the ordinance was adopted on September 6, 14 15 1994 by the City of Freeport, or 16 (T) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 17 1986 by the City of Tuscola, or (U) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 18 19 1986 by the City of Sparta, or 20 (V) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986 by the City of Beardstown, or 21 22 (W) if the ordinance was adopted on April 27, 1981, 23 October 21, 1985, or December 30, 1986 by the City of Belleville, or 24 25 (X) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 26 1986 by the City of Collinsville, or

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(Y) if the ordinance was adopted on September 14, 1 2 1994 by the City of Alton, or 3 (Z) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1996 by the City of Lexington, or 4 5 (AA) if the ordinance was adopted on November 5, 1984 by the City of LeRoy, or 6 7 (BB) if the ordinance was adopted on April 3, 1991 8 or June 3, 1992 by the City of Markham, or 9 (CC) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 10 1986 by the City of Pekin, or 11 (DD) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 12 1981 by the City of Champaign, or 13 (EE) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1986 by the City of Urbana, or 14 15 (FF) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 16 1986 by the Village of Heyworth, or 17 (GG) if the ordinance was adopted on February 24, 1992 by the Village of Heyworth, or 18 19 (HH) if the ordinance was adopted on March 16, 1995 20 by the Village of Heyworth, or (II) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 21 22 1986 by the Town of Cicero, or 23 (JJ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30, 1986 by the City of Effingham, or 24 25 (KK) if the ordinance was adopted on May 9, 1991 by 26 the Village of Tilton, or

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(LL) if the ordinance was adopted on October 20, 1 2 1986 by the City of Elmhurst, or 3 (MM) if the ordinance was adopted on January 19, 1988 by the City of Waukegan, or 4 5 (NN) if the ordinance was adopted on September 21, 1998 by the City of Waukegan, or 6 7 (00) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 8 1986 by the City of Sullivan, or 9 (PP) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 10 1991 by the City of Sullivan, or 11 (QQ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 12 1986 by the City of Oglesby, or 13 (RR) if the ordinance was adopted on July 28, 1987 14 by the City of Marion, or 15 (SS) if the ordinance was adopted on April 23, 1990 16 by the City of Marion, or 17 (TT) if the ordinance was adopted on August 20, 1985 by the Village of Mount Prospect, or 18 19 (UU) if the ordinance was adopted on February 2, 20 1998 by the Village of Woodhull, or 21 (VV) if the ordinance was adopted on April 20, 1993 22 by the Village of Princeville, or-23 (WW) (WW) if the ordinance was adopted on July 1, 24 1986 by the City of Granite City, or-25 (XX) (RR) if the ordinance was adopted on February 26 2, 1989 by the Village of Lombard, or

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1(YY)(VV)if the ordinance was adopted on December229, 1986 by the Village of Gardner, or

(ZZ) (VV) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1999 by the Village of Paw Paw, or-

5 <u>(AAA) if the ordinance was adopted in 1999 by the</u> 6 <u>City of Villa Grove.</u>

7 However, for redevelopment project areas for which bonds were issued before July 29, 1991, or for which 8 9 contracts were entered into before June 1, 1988, in 10 connection with a redevelopment project in the area within 11 the State Sales Tax Boundary, the estimated dates of 12 completion of the redevelopment project and retirement of obligations to finance redevelopment project costs may be 13 14 extended by municipal ordinance to December 31, 2013. The 15 termination procedures of subsection (b) of Section 16 11-74.4-8 are not required for these redevelopment project 17 areas in 2009 but are required in 2013. The extension allowed by this amendatory Act of 1993 shall not apply to 18 19 real property tax increment allocation financing under Section 11-74.4-8. 20

A municipality may by municipal ordinance amend an existing redevelopment plan to conform to this paragraph (3) as amended by Public Act 91-478, which municipal ordinance may be adopted without further hearing or notice and without complying with the procedures provided in this Act pertaining to an amendment to or the initial approval HB2036 Enrolled - 33 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

1 2 of a redevelopment plan and project and designation of a redevelopment project area.

3 dates, for purposes of real property tax Those increment allocation financing pursuant to 4 Section 5 11-74.4-8 only, shall be not more than 35 years for 6 redevelopment project areas that were adopted on or after 7 December 16, 1986 and for which at least \$8 million worth 8 of municipal bonds were authorized on or after December 19, 9 1989 but before January 1, 1990; provided that the 10 municipality elects to extend the life of the redevelopment 11 project area to 35 years by the adoption of an ordinance 12 after at least 14 but not more than 30 days' written notice to the taxing bodies, that would otherwise constitute the 13 14 joint review board for the redevelopment project area, 15 before the adoption of the ordinance.

16 Those dates, for purposes of real property tax 17 financing pursuant to increment allocation Section 18 11-74.4-8 only, shall be not more than 35 years for 19 redevelopment project areas that were established on or after December 1, 1981 but before January 1, 1982 and for 20 which at least \$1,500,000 worth of tax increment revenue 21 22 bonds were authorized on or after September 30, 1990 but 23 before July 1, 1991; provided that the municipality elects 24 to extend the life of the redevelopment project area to 35 25 years by the adoption of an ordinance after at least 14 but 26 not more than 30 days' written notice to the taxing bodies,

1 that would otherwise constitute the joint review board for 2 the redevelopment project area, before the adoption of the 3 ordinance.

The municipality finds, in the case of 4 (3.5)an 5 industrial park conservation area, also that the 6 municipality is a labor surplus municipality and that the 7 implementation of the redevelopment plan will reduce 8 unemployment, create new jobs and by the provision of new 9 facilities enhance the tax base of the taxing districts 10 that extend into the redevelopment project area.

11 (4) If any incremental revenues are being utilized 12 Section 8(a)(1) or 8(a)(2) of under this Act in 13 redevelopment project areas approved by ordinance after 14 January 1, 1986, the municipality finds: (a) that the 15 redevelopment project area would not reasonably be 16 developed without the use of such incremental revenues, and 17 (b) that such incremental revenues will be exclusively utilized for the development of the redevelopment project 18 19 area.

(5) If the redevelopment plan will not result in displacement of residents from 10 or more inhabited residential units, and the municipality certifies in the plan that such displacement will not result from the plan, a housing impact study need not be performed. If, however, the redevelopment plan would result in the displacement of residents from 10 or more inhabited residential units, or if the redevelopment project area contains 75 or more inhabited residential units and no certification is made, then the municipality shall prepare, as part of the separate feasibility report required by subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-5, a housing impact study.

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Part I of the housing impact study shall include (i) 6 7 data as to whether the residential units are single family 8 or multi-family units, (ii) the number and type of rooms 9 within the units, if that information is available, (iii) 10 whether the units are inhabited or uninhabited, as 11 determined not less than 45 days before the date that the 12 ordinance or resolution required by subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-5 is passed, and (iv) data as to the racial 13 14 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited 15 residential units. The data requirement as to the racial 16 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited 17 residential units shall be deemed to be fully satisfied by data from the most recent federal census. 18

19 Part II of the housing impact study shall identify the 20 inhabited residential units in the proposed redevelopment 21 project area that are to be or may be removed. If inhabited 22 residential units are to be removed, then the housing 23 impact study shall identify (i) the number and location of 24 those units that will or may be removed, (ii) the 25 municipality's plans for relocation assistance for those 26 residents in the proposed redevelopment project area whose

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residences are to be removed, (iii) the availability of replacement housing for those residents whose residences are to be removed, and shall identify the type, location, and cost of the housing, and (iv) the type and extent of relocation assistance to be provided.

(6) On and after November 1, 1999, the housing impact study required by paragraph (5) shall be incorporated in the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment project area.

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9 (7) On and after November 1, 1999, no redevelopment 10 plan shall be adopted, nor an existing plan amended, nor 11 shall residential housing that is occupied by households of 12 low-income and very low-income persons in currently 13 existing redevelopment project areas be removed after 14 November 1, 1999 unless the redevelopment plan provides, 15 with respect to inhabited housing units that are to be 16 removed for households of low-income and very low-income persons, affordable housing and relocation assistance not 17 less than that which would be provided under the federal 18 19 Uniform Relocation Assistance Real and Property 20 Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and the regulations under 21 that Act, including the eligibility criteria. Affordable 22 housing may be either existing or newly constructed 23 housing. For purposes of this paragraph (7), "low-income 24 households", "very low-income households", and "affordable 25 housing" have the meanings set forth in the Illinois 26 Affordable Housing Act. The municipality shall make a good HB2036 Enrolled

1 faith effort to ensure that this affordable housing is
2 located in or near the redevelopment project area within
3 the municipality.

(8) On and after November 1, 1999, if, after the
adoption of the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment
project area, any municipality desires to amend its
redevelopment plan to remove more inhabited residential
units than specified in its original redevelopment plan,
that change shall be made in accordance with the procedures
in subsection (c) of Section 11-74.4-5.

11 (9) For redevelopment project areas designated prior 12 to November 1, 1999, the redevelopment plan may be amended without further joint review board meeting or hearing, 13 14 provided that the municipality shall give notice of any 15 such changes by mail to each affected taxing district and 16 registrant on the interested party registry, to authorize 17 the municipality to expend tax increment revenues for redevelopment project costs defined by paragraphs (5) and 18 19 (7.5), subparagraphs (E) and (F) of paragraph (11), and paragraph (11.5) of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3, so 20 long as the changes do not increase the total estimated 21 22 redevelopment project costs set out in the redevelopment 23 plan by more than 5% after adjustment for inflation from 24 the date the plan was adopted.

(o) "Redevelopment project" means any public and private
 development project in furtherance of the objectives of a

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redevelopment plan. On and after November 1, 1999 (the 1 2 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may be approved or amended that includes the development of vacant 3 land (i) with a golf course and related clubhouse and other 4 5 facilities or (ii) designated by federal, State, county, or municipal government as public land for outdoor recreational 6 7 activities or for nature preserves and used for that purpose 8 within 5 years prior to the adoption of the redevelopment plan. 9 For the purpose of this subsection, "recreational activities" 10 is limited to mean camping and hunting.

(p) "Redevelopment project area" means an area designated by the municipality, which is not less in the aggregate than 1 1/2 acres and in respect to which the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as an industrial park conservation area or a blighted area or a conservation area, or a combination of both blighted areas and conservation areas.

(q) "Redevelopment project costs" mean and include the sum total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a redevelopment plan and a redevelopment project. Such costs include, without limitation, the following:

(1) Costs of studies, surveys, development of plans,
 and specifications, implementation and administration of
 the redevelopment plan including but not limited to staff
 and professional service costs for architectural,

engineering, legal, financial, planning or other services, 1 2 provided however that no charges for professional services 3 may be based on a percentage of the tax increment collected; except that on and after November 1, 1999 (the 4 5 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no contracts for 6 professional services, excluding architectural and 7 engineering services, may be entered into if the terms of 8 the contract extend beyond a period of 3 years. In 9 addition, "redevelopment project costs" shall not include 10 lobbying expenses. After consultation with the 11 municipality, each tax increment consultant or advisor to a 12 municipality that plans to designate or has designated a redevelopment project area shall inform the municipality 13 14 in writing of any contracts that the consultant or advisor 15 has entered into with entities or individuals that have 16 received, or are receiving, payments financed by tax 17 increment revenues produced by the redevelopment project area with respect to which the consultant or advisor has 18 19 performed, or will be performing, service for the 20 municipality. This requirement shall be satisfied by the consultant or advisor before the commencement of services 21 22 for the municipality and thereafter whenever any other 23 contracts with those individuals or entities are executed 24 by the consultant or advisor;

(1.5) After July 1, 1999, annual administrative costs
 shall not include general overhead or administrative costs

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of the municipality that would still have been incurred by the municipality if the municipality had not designated a redevelopment project area or approved a redevelopment plan;

5 (1.6) The cost of marketing sites within the 6 redevelopment project area to prospective businesses, 7 developers, and investors;

8 (2) Property assembly costs, including but not limited 9 to acquisition of land and other property, real or 10 personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of 11 buildings, site preparation, site improvements that serve 12 as an engineered barrier addressing ground level or below ground environmental contamination, including, 13 but not 14 limited to parking lots and other concrete or asphalt 15 barriers, and the clearing and grading of land;

16 (3) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction or repair 17 or remodeling of existing public or private buildings, fixtures, and leasehold improvements; and the cost of 18 19 replacing an existing public building if pursuant to the 20 implementation of a redevelopment project the existing public building is to be demolished to use the site for 21 22 private investment or devoted to a different use requiring 23 private investment;

(4) Costs of the construction of public works or
 improvements, except that on and after November 1, 1999,
 redevelopment project costs shall not include the cost of

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constructing a new municipal public building principally 1 2 used to provide offices, storage space, or conference 3 facilities or vehicle storage, maintenance, or repair for administrative, public safety, or public works personnel 4 5 and that is not intended to replace an existing public 6 building as provided under paragraph (3) of subsection (q) 7 of Section 11-74.4-3 unless either (i) the construction of 8 the new municipal building implements a redevelopment 9 project that was included in a redevelopment plan that was 10 adopted by the municipality prior to November 1, 1999 or 11 (ii) the municipality makes a reasonable determination in 12 the redevelopment plan, supported by information that 13 provides the basis for that determination, that the new 14 municipal building is required to meet an increase in the 15 need for public safety purposes anticipated to result from 16 the implementation of the redevelopment plan;

17 (5) Costs of job training and retraining projects, 18 including the cost of "welfare to work" programs 19 implemented by businesses located within the redevelopment 20 project area;

(6) Financing costs, including but not limited to all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of obligations and which may include payment of interest on any obligations issued hereunder including interest accruing during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not exceeding 36 months thereafter and including reasonable reserves related thereto;

(7) To the extent the municipality by written agreement
accepts and approves the same, all or a portion of a taxing
district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment
project necessarily incurred or to be incurred within a
taxing district in furtherance of the objectives of the
redevelopment plan and project.

9 (7.5) For redevelopment project areas designated (or 10 redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the 11 number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units) 12 on or after November 1, 1999, an elementary, secondary, or unit school district's increased costs attributable to 13 14 assisted housing units located within the redevelopment 15 project area for which the developer or redeveloper 16 receives financial assistance through an agreement with the municipality or because the municipality incurs the 17 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within the 18 19 boundaries of the assisted housing sites necessary for the 20 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act, and 21 which costs shall be paid by the municipality from the 22 Special Tax Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue 23 is received as a result of the assisted housing units and 24 shall be calculated annually as follows:

(A) for foundation districts, excluding any school
 district in a municipality with a population in excess

of 1,000,000, by multiplying the district's increase 1 in attendance resulting from the net increase in new 2 students enrolled in that school district who reside in 3 housing units within the redevelopment project area 4 5 that have received financial assistance through an 6 agreement with the municipality or because the 7 incurs the cost of municipality necessary infrastructure improvements within the boundaries of 8 9 the housing sites necessary for the completion of that 10 housing as authorized by this Act since the designation 11 of the redevelopment project area by the most recently 12 available per capita tuition cost as defined in Section 13 10-20.12a of the School Code less any increase in general State aid as defined in Section 18-8.05 of the 14 15 School Code attributable to these added new students 16 subject to the following annual limitations:

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(i) for unit school districts with a district
average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge of less
than \$5,900, no more than 25% of the total amount
of property tax increment revenue produced by
those housing units that have received tax
increment finance assistance under this Act;

(ii) for elementary school districts with a
district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge
of less than \$5,900, no more than 17% of the total
amount of property tax increment revenue produced

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by those housing units that have received tax increment finance assistance under this Act; and

(iii) for secondary school districts with a district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge of less than \$5,900, no more than 8% of the total amount of property tax increment revenue produced by those housing units that have received tax increment finance assistance under this Act.

9 (B) For alternate method districts, flat grant 10 districts, and foundation districts with a district 11 average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge equal to or 12 more than \$5,900, excluding any school district with a population in excess of 1,000,000, by multiplying the 13 14 district's increase in attendance resulting from the 15 net increase in new students enrolled in that school 16 district who reside in housing units within the 17 redevelopment project area that have received 18 financial assistance through an agreement with the 19 municipality or because the municipality incurs the 20 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within 21 the boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the 22 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act 23 since the designation of the redevelopment project 24 area by the most recently available per capita tuition 25 cost as defined in Section 10-20.12a of the School Code 26 less any increase in general state aid as defined in HB2036 Enrolled - 45 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

Section 18-8.05 of the School Code attributable to 1 these added new students subject to the following 2 annual limitations: 3

(i) for unit school districts, no more than 40% 4 5 of the total amount of property tax increment 6 revenue produced by those housing units that have 7 received tax increment finance assistance under this Act; 8

9 (ii) for elementary school districts, no more 10 than 27% of the total amount of property tax 11 increment revenue produced by those housing units 12 that have received tax increment finance 13 assistance under this Act; and

14 (iii) for secondary school districts, no more 15 than 13% of the total amount of property tax 16 increment revenue produced by those housing units 17 have received tax increment finance that assistance under this Act. 18

19 (C) For any school district in a municipality with 20 a population in excess of 1,000,000, the following restrictions shall apply to the reimbursement of 21 22 increased costs under this paragraph (7.5):

23 (i) no increased costs shall be reimbursed unless the school district certifies that each of 24 25 the schools affected by the assisted housing 26 project is at or over its student capacity;

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(ii) the amount reimbursable shall be reduced by the value of any land donated to the school district by the municipality or developer, and by the value of any physical improvements made to the schools by the municipality or developer; and

(iii) the amount reimbursed may not affect amounts otherwise obligated by the terms of any bonds, notes, or other funding instruments, or the terms of any redevelopment agreement.

10 Any school district seeking payment under this 11 paragraph (7.5) shall, after July 1 and before 12 September 30 of each year, provide the municipality 13 with reasonable evidence to support its claim for 14 reimbursement before the municipality shall be 15 required to approve or make the payment to the school 16 district. If the school district fails to provide the information during this period in any year, it shall 17 forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that year. 18 19 School districts may adopt a resolution waiving the 20 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement 21 otherwise required by this paragraph (7.5). By 22 acceptance of this reimbursement the school district 23 waives the right to directly or indirectly set aside, 24 modify, or contest in any manner the establishment of 25 the redevelopment project area or projects;

26 (7.7) For redevelopment project areas designated (or

redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the 1 2 number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units) on or after January 1, 2005 (the effective date of Public 3 Act 93-961), a public library district's increased costs 4 5 attributable to assisted housing units located within the redevelopment project area for which the developer or 6 7 redeveloper receives financial assistance through an 8 municipality agreement with the or because the 9 municipality incurs the cost of necessary infrastructure 10 improvements within the boundaries of the assisted housing 11 sites necessary for the completion of that housing as 12 authorized by this Act shall be paid to the library 13 district by the municipality from the Special Tax 14 Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue is received 15 as a result of the assisted housing units. This paragraph 16 (7.7) applies only if (i) the library district is located 17 in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law or (ii) the library district is not located 18 19 in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension 20 Limitation Law but the district is prohibited by any other 21 law from increasing its tax levy rate without a prior voter 22 referendum.

The amount paid to a library district under this paragraph (7.7) shall be calculated by multiplying (i) the net increase in the number of persons eligible to obtain a library card in that district who reside in housing units HB2036 Enrolled - 48 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

within the redevelopment project area that have received 1 2 financial assistance through an agreement with the 3 municipality or because the municipality incurs the cost of infrastructure improvements 4 necessarv within the 5 boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the completion of that housing as authorized by this Act since 6 7 the designation of the redevelopment project area by (ii) 8 the per-patron cost of providing library services so long 9 as it does not exceed \$120. The per-patron cost shall be 10 the Total Operating Expenditures Per Capita as stated in 11 the most recent Illinois Public Library Statistics 12 produced by the Library Research Center at the University 13 of Illinois. The municipality may deduct from the amount 14 that it must pay to a library district under this paragraph 15 any amount that it has voluntarily paid to the library 16 district from the tax increment revenue. The amount paid to 17 a library district under this paragraph (7.7) shall be no more than 2% of the amount produced by the assisted housing 18 19 units and deposited into the Special Tax Allocation Fund.

A library district is not eligible for any payment under this paragraph (7.7) unless the library district has experienced an increase in the number of patrons from the municipality that created the tax-increment-financing district since the designation of the redevelopment project area.

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Any library district seeking payment under this

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paragraph (7.7) shall, after July 1 and before September 30 1 2 of each year, provide the municipality with convincing 3 evidence to support its claim for reimbursement before the municipality shall be required to approve or make the 4 payment to the library district. If the library district 5 6 fails to provide the information during this period in any 7 year, it shall forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that 8 year. Library districts may adopt a resolution waiving the 9 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement otherwise 10 required by this paragraph (7.7). By acceptance of such 11 reimbursement, the library district shall forfeit any 12 right to directly or indirectly set aside, modify, or contest in any manner whatsoever the establishment of the 13 14 redevelopment project area or projects;

15 (8) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality 16 determines that relocation costs shall be paid or is 17 required to make payment of relocation costs by federal or 18 State law or in order to satisfy subparagraph (7) of 19 subsection (n);

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(9) Payment in lieu of taxes;

(10) Costs of job training, retraining, advanced vocational education or career education, including but not limited to courses in occupational, semi-technical or technical fields leading directly to employment, incurred by one or more taxing districts, provided that such costs (i) are related to the establishment and maintenance of

additional job training, advanced vocational education or 1 2 career education programs for persons employed or to be 3 employed by employers located in a redevelopment project area; and (ii) when incurred by a taxing district or taxing 4 5 districts other than the municipality, are set forth in a written agreement by or among the municipality and the 6 7 taxing district or taxing districts, which agreement 8 describes the program to be undertaken, including but not 9 limited to the number of employees to be trained, a 10 description of the training and services to be provided, 11 the number and type of positions available or to be 12 available, itemized costs of the program and sources of 13 funds to pay for the same, and the term of the agreement. 14 Such costs include, specifically, the payment by community 15 college districts of costs pursuant to Sections 3-37, 3-38, 16 3-40 and 3-40.1 of the Public Community College Act and by 17 school districts of costs pursuant to Sections 10-22.20a and 10-23.3a of The School Code; 18

19 (11) Interest cost incurred by a redeveloper related to
20 the construction, renovation or rehabilitation of a
21 redevelopment project provided that:

(A) such costs are to be paid directly from the
special tax allocation fund established pursuant to
this Act;

(B) such payments in any one year may not exceed
30% of the annual interest costs incurred by the

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redeveloper with regard to the redevelopment project
 during that year;

3 (C) if there are not sufficient funds available in 4 the special tax allocation fund to make the payment 5 pursuant to this paragraph (11) then the amounts so due 6 shall accrue and be payable when sufficient funds are 7 available in the special tax allocation fund;

8 (D) the total of such interest payments paid 9 pursuant to this Act may not exceed 30% of the total 10 (i) cost paid or incurred by the redeveloper for the 11 redevelopment project plus (ii) redevelopment project 12 costs excluding any property assembly costs and any 13 relocation costs incurred by a municipality pursuant 14 to this Act; and

(E) the cost limits set forth in subparagraphs (B)
and (D) of paragraph (11) shall be modified for the
financing of rehabilitated or new housing units for
low-income households and very low-income households,
as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable
Housing Act. The percentage of 75% shall be substituted
for 30% in subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11).

(F) Instead of the eligible costs provided by subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11), as modified by this subparagraph, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, the municipality may pay from tax increment revenues up to HB2036 Enrolled - 52 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

50% of the cost of construction of new housing units to 1 2 be occupied by low-income households and very 3 low-income households as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable Housing Act. The 4 cost of 5 construction of those units may be derived from the 6 proceeds of bonds issued by the municipality under this 7 Act or other constitutional or statutory authority or 8 from other sources of municipal revenue that may be 9 reimbursed from tax increment revenues or the proceeds 10 of bonds issued to finance the construction of that 11 housing.

12 The eligible provided under this costs 13 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11) shall be an eligible 14 for the construction, renovation. cost and 15 rehabilitation of all low and very low-income housing 16 units, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois 17 Housing Act, within the Affordable redevelopment project area. If the low and very low-income units are 18 19 part of a residential redevelopment project that 20 includes units not affordable to low and very 21 low-income households, only the low and very 22 low-income units shall be eligible for benefits under 23 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11). The standards for 24 maintaining the occupancy by low-income households and 25 very low-income households, as defined in Section 3 of 26 the Illinois Affordable Housing Act, of those units HB2036 Enrolled

1 constructed with eligible costs made available under the provisions of this subparagraph (F) of paragraph 2 3 (11) shall be established by guidelines adopted by the The responsibility for 4 municipality. annually 5 documenting the initial occupancy of the units by low-income households and very low-income households, 6 7 as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable Housing Act, shall be that of the then current owner of 8 9 the property. For ownership units, the quidelines will 10 provide, at a minimum, for a reasonable recapture of 11 funds, or other appropriate methods designed to 12 preserve the original affordability of the ownership units. For rental units, the guidelines will provide, 13 14 at a minimum, for the affordability of rent to low and 15 very low-income households. As units become available, 16 they shall be rented to income-eligible tenants. The municipality may modify these guidelines from time to 17 time; the guidelines, however, shall be in effect for 18 19 as long as tax increment revenue is being used to pay 20 for costs associated with the units or for the retirement of bonds issued to finance the units or for 21 22 the life of the redevelopment project area, whichever 23 is later.

(11.5) If the redevelopment project area is located
within a municipality with a population of more than
100,000, the cost of day care services for children of

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employees from low-income families working for businesses 1 2 located within the redevelopment project area and all or a 3 portion of the cost of operation of day care centers established by redevelopment project area businesses to 4 serve employees from low-income families working in 5 6 businesses located in the redevelopment project area. For 7 the purposes of this paragraph, "low-income families" 8 means families whose annual income does not exceed 80% of 9 the municipal, county, or regional median income, adjusted 10 for family size, as the annual income and municipal, 11 county, or regional median income are determined from time 12 to time by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. 13

(12) Unless explicitly stated herein the cost of
 construction of new privately-owned buildings shall not be
 an eligible redevelopment project cost.

17 (13) After November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-478), none of the redevelopment project costs 18 19 enumerated in this subsection shall be eliqible 20 redevelopment project costs if those costs would provide direct financial support to a retail entity initiating 21 22 the redevelopment project area operations in while 23 terminating operations at another Illinois location within 24 10 miles of the redevelopment project area but outside the 25 boundaries of the redevelopment project area municipality. 26 For purposes of this paragraph, termination means a closing HB2036 Enrolled - 55 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

of a retail operation that is directly related to the 1 2 opening of the same operation or like retail entity owned or operated by more than 50% of the original ownership in a 3 redevelopment project area, but it does not mean closing an 4 5 operation for reasons beyond the control of the retail entity, as documented by the retail entity, subject to a 6 7 reasonable finding by the municipality that the current 8 location contained inadequate had space, become 9 economically obsolete, or was no longer a viable location 10 for the retailer or serviceman.

If a special service area has been established pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special Service Area Tax Law, then any tax increment revenues derived from the tax imposed pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special Service Area Tax Law may be used within the redevelopment project area for the purposes permitted by that Act or Law as well as the purposes permitted by this Act.

(r) "State Sales Tax Boundary" means the redevelopment project area or the amended redevelopment project area boundaries which are determined pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 11-74.4-8a of this Act. The Department of Revenue shall certify pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 11-74.4-8a the appropriate boundaries eligible for the determination of State Sales Tax Increment.

(s) "State Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal tothe increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid by retailers

and servicemen, other than retailers and servicemen subject to 1 2 the Public Utilities Act, on transactions at places of business 3 located within a State Sales Tax Boundary pursuant to the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use 4 5 Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act, except such portion of such increase that is paid into the State and Local 6 Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Local Government Distributive Fund, 7 8 the Local Government Tax Fund and the County and Mass Transit 9 District Fund, for as long as State participation exists, over 10 and above the Initial Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales 11 Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts for such 12 taxes as certified by the Department of Revenue and paid under 13 those Acts by retailers and servicemen on transactions at 14 places of business located within the State Sales Tax Boundary 15 during the base year which shall be the calendar year 16 immediately prior to the year in which the municipality adopted 17 tax increment allocation financing, less 3.0% of such amounts generated under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act 18 19 and Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, 20 which sum shall be appropriated to the Department of Revenue to cover its costs of administering and enforcing this Section. 21 22 For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of such taxes 23 for base years occurring prior to 1985, the Department of 24 Revenue shall compute the Initial Sales Tax Amount for such 25 taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to 4% of the 26 aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the base year

is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction of 12%. 1 2 The amount so determined shall be known as the "Adjusted 3 Initial Sales Tax Amount". For purposes of determining the State Sales Tax Increment the Department of Revenue shall for 4 5 each period subtract from the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen on transactions located in the State 6 7 Sales Tax Boundary, the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, 8 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or Revised Initial Sales Tax 9 Amounts for the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, 10 the Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act. For 11 the State Fiscal Year 1989 this calculation shall be made by 12 utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax amounts 13 received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this calculation 14 shall be made by utilizing the period from January 1, 1988, 15 until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts received 16 from retailers and servicemen, which shall have deducted 17 therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 18 19 Initial Sales Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal Year 1991, this calculation shall be made by utilizing the 20 period from October 1, 1988, until June 30, 1989, to determine 21 22 the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen, which 23 shall have deducted therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified Initial State Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax 24 25 or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts Amounts as 26 appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year thereafter, the

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applicable period shall be the 12 months beginning July 1 and 1 2 ending on June 30, to determine the tax amounts received which shall have deducted therefrom the certified Initial Sales Tax 3 Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised 4 5 Initial Sales Tax Amounts. Municipalities intending to receive a distribution of State Sales Tax Increment must report a list 6 7 of retailers to the Department of Revenue by October 31, 1988 8 and by July 31, of each year thereafter.

9 (t) "Taxing districts" means counties, townships, cities 10 and incorporated towns and villages, school, road, park, 11 sanitary, mosquito abatement, forest preserve, public health, 12 fire protection, river conservancy, tuberculosis sanitarium 13 and any other municipal corporations or districts with the 14 power to levy taxes.

15 (u) "Taxing districts' capital costs" means those costs of 16 taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by the 17 municipal corporate authorities to be necessary and directly 18 result from the redevelopment project.

(v) As used in subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-3 of this 19 20 Act, "vacant land" means any parcel or combination of parcels 21 of real property without industrial, commercial, and 22 residential buildings which has not been used for commercial 23 agricultural purposes within 5 years prior to the designation of the redevelopment project area, unless the parcel is 24 25 included in an industrial park conservation area or the parcel 26 has been subdivided; provided that if the parcel was part of a

larger tract that has been divided into 3 or more smaller 1 2 tracts that were accepted for recording during the period from 1950 to 1990, then the parcel shall be deemed to have been 3 subdivided, and all proceedings and actions of the municipality 4 5 taken in that connection with respect to any previously approved or designated redevelopment project area or amended 6 7 redevelopment project area are hereby validated and hereby 8 declared to be legally sufficient for all purposes of this Act. 9 For purposes of this Section and only for land subject to the 10 subdivision requirements of the Plat Act, land is subdivided 11 when the original plat of the proposed Redevelopment Project 12 Area or relevant portion thereof has been properly certified, acknowledged, approved, and recorded or filed in accordance 13 14 with the Plat Act and a preliminary plat, if any, for any 15 subsequent phases of the proposed Redevelopment Project Area or 16 relevant portion thereof has been properly approved and filed 17 with applicable of in accordance the ordinance the 18 municipality.

Increment" means the 19 (w) "Annual Total sum of each 20 municipality's annual Net Sales Tax Increment and each municipality's annual Net Utility Tax Increment. The ratio of 21 22 the Annual Total Increment of each municipality to the Annual 23 Total Increment for all municipalities, as most recently calculated by the Department, shall determine the proportional 24 25 shares of the Illinois Tax Increment Fund to be distributed to 26 each municipality.

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(Source: P.A. 93-298, eff. 7-23-03; 93-708, eff. 1-1-05; 1 2 93-747, eff. 7-15-04; 93-924, eff. 8-12-04; 93-961, eff. 3 1-1-05; 93-983, eff. 8-23-04; 93-984, eff. 8-23-04; 93-985, eff. 8-23-04; 93-986, eff. 8-23-04; 93-987, eff. 8-23-04; 4 93-995, eff. 8-23-04; 93-1024, eff. 8-25-04; 93-1076, eff. 5 6 1-18-05; 94-260, eff. 7-19-05; 94-268, eff. 7-19-05; 94-297, eff. 7-21-05; 94-302, eff. 7-21-05; 94-702, eff. 6-1-06; 7 94-704, eff. 12-5-05; 94-711, eff. 6-1-06; 94-778, eff. 8 9 5-19-06; 94-782, eff. 5-19-06; 94-783, eff. 5-19-06; 94-810, eff. 5-26-06; 94-903, eff. 6-22-06; revised 8-3-06.) 10

11

(65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-7) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-7)

12 Sec. 11-74.4-7. Obligations secured by the special tax allocation fund set forth in Section 11-74.4-8 13 for the 14 redevelopment project area may be issued to provide for 15 redevelopment project costs. Such obligations, when so issued, 16 shall be retired in the manner provided in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such obligations by the receipts of 17 taxes levied as specified in Section 11-74.4-9 against the 18 taxable property included in the area, by revenues as specified 19 20 by Section 11-74.4-8a and other revenue designated by the 21 municipality. A municipality may in the ordinance pledge all or 22 any part of the funds in and to be deposited in the special tax allocation fund created pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8 to the 23 24 payment of the redevelopment project costs and obligations. Any 25 pledge of funds in the special tax allocation fund shall

provide for distribution to the taxing districts and to the 1 2 Illinois Department of Revenue of moneys not required, pledged, 3 earmarked, or otherwise designated for payment and securing of the obligations and anticipated redevelopment project costs 4 5 and such excess funds shall be calculated annually and deemed to be "surplus" funds. In the event a municipality only applies 6 7 or pledges a portion of the funds in the special tax allocation 8 fund for the payment or securing of anticipated redevelopment 9 project costs or of obligations, any such funds remaining in 10 the special tax allocation fund after complying with the 11 requirements of the application or pledge, shall also be 12 calculated annually and deemed "surplus" funds. All surplus 13 funds in the special tax allocation fund shall be distributed 14 annually within 180 days after the close of the municipality's 15 fiscal year by being paid by the municipal treasurer to the 16 County Collector, to the Department of Revenue and to the 17 municipality in direct proportion to the tax incremental revenue received as a result of an increase in the equalized 18 assessed value of property in the redevelopment project area, 19 20 tax incremental revenue received from the State and tax 21 incremental revenue received from the municipality, but not to 22 exceed as to each such source the total incremental revenue 23 received from that County Collector source. The shall 24 thereafter make distribution to the respective taxing 25 districts in the same manner and proportion as the most recent 26 distribution by the county collector to the affected districts

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1 of real property taxes from real property in the redevelopment 2 project area.

limiting the foregoing in this Section, 3 Without the municipality may in addition to obligations secured by the 4 5 special tax allocation fund pledge for a period not greater 6 than the term of the obligations towards payment of such 7 obligations any part or any combination of the following: (a) 8 net revenues of all or part of any redevelopment project; (b) 9 taxes levied and collected on any or all property in the 10 municipality; (C) the full faith and credit of the 11 municipality; (d) mortgage on part or all of the а 12 redevelopment project; or (e) any other taxes or anticipated 13 receipts that the municipality may lawfully pledge.

14 Such obligations may be issued in one or more series 15 bearing interest at such rate or rates as the corporate 16 authorities of the municipality shall determine by ordinance. 17 Such obligations shall bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times not exceeding 20 years from their respective 18 19 dates, be in such denomination, carry such registration 20 privileges, be executed in such manner, be payable in such 21 medium of payment at such place or places, contain such 22 covenants, terms and conditions, and be subject to redemption 23 as such ordinance shall provide. Obligations issued pursuant to this Act may be sold at public or private sale at such price as 24 25 shall be determined by the corporate authorities of the 26 municipalities. No referendum approval of the electors shall be

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required as a condition to the issuance of obligations pursuant
 to this Division except as provided in this Section.

3 In the event the municipality authorizes issuance of obligations pursuant to the authority of this Division secured 4 5 by the full faith and credit of the municipality, which 6 obligations are other than obligations which may be issued 7 under home rule powers provided by Article VII, Section 6 of 8 the Illinois Constitution, or pledges taxes pursuant to (b) or 9 (c) of the second paragraph of this section, the ordinance 10 authorizing the issuance of such obligations or pledging such 11 taxes shall be published within 10 days after such ordinance 12 has been passed in one or more newspapers, with general 13 circulation within such municipality. The publication of the 14 ordinance shall be accompanied by a notice of (1) the specific 15 number of voters required to sign a petition requesting the 16 question of the issuance of such obligations or pledging taxes 17 to be submitted to the electors; (2) the time in which such petition must be filed; and (3) the date of the prospective 18 19 referendum. The municipal clerk shall provide a petition form 20 to any individual requesting one.

If no petition is filed with the municipal clerk, as hereinafter provided in this Section, within 30 days after the publication of the ordinance, the ordinance shall be in effect. But, if within that 30 day period a petition is filed with the municipal clerk, signed by electors in the municipality numbering 10% or more of the number of registered voters in the

municipality, asking that the question of issuing obligations 1 2 using full faith and credit of the municipality as security for 3 the cost of paying for redevelopment project costs, or of pledging taxes for the payment of such obligations, or both, be 4 5 submitted to the electors of the municipality, the corporate authorities of the municipality shall call a special election 6 7 in the manner provided by law to vote upon that question, or, if a general, State or municipal election is to be held within 8 9 a period of not less than 30 or more than 90 days from the date 10 such petition is filed, shall submit the question at the next 11 general, State or municipal election. If it appears upon the 12 canvass of the election by the corporate authorities that a majority of electors voting upon the question voted in favor 13 thereof, the ordinance shall be in effect, but if a majority of 14 15 the electors voting upon the question are not in favor thereof, 16 the ordinance shall not take effect.

The ordinance authorizing the obligations may provide that the obligations shall contain a recital that they are issued pursuant to this Division, which recital shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issuance.

In the event the municipality authorizes issuance of obligations pursuant to this Section secured by the full faith and credit of the municipality, the ordinance authorizing the obligations may provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax upon all taxable property within the municipality HB2036 Enrolled - 65 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

1 sufficient to pay the principal thereof and interest thereon as 2 it matures, which levy may be in addition to and exclusive of 3 the maximum of all other taxes authorized to be levied by the 4 municipality, which levy, however, shall be abated to the 5 extent that monies from other sources are available for payment 6 of the obligations and the municipality certifies the amount of 7 said monies available to the county clerk.

A certified copy of such ordinance shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which any portion of the municipality is situated, and shall constitute the authority for the extension and collection of the taxes to be deposited in the special tax allocation fund.

13 A municipality may also issue its obligations to refund in 14 whole or in part, obligations theretofore issued by such 15 municipality under the authority of this Act, whether at or 16 prior to maturity, provided however, that the last maturity of 17 the refunding obligations shall not be expressed to mature later than December 31 of the year in which the payment to the 18 municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of Section 19 20 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to ad valorem taxes levied in the twenty-third calendar year after the year 21 22 in which the ordinance approving the redevelopment project area 23 is adopted if the ordinance was adopted on or after January 15, 24 1981, not later than December 31 of the year in which the 25 payment to the municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect 26

to ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty-third calendar year 1 2 year in which the after the ordinance approving the redevelopment project area if the ordinance was adopted on May 3 20, 1985 by the Village of Wheeling, and not later than 4 5 December 31 of the year in which the payment to the municipal 6 treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of 7 this Act is to be made with respect to ad valorem taxes levied 8 in the thirty-fifth calendar year after the year in which the 9 ordinance approving the redevelopment project area is adopted 10 (A) if the ordinance was adopted before January 15, 1981, or 11 (B) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1983, April 1984, 12 July 1985, or December 1989, or (C) if the ordinance was adopted in December, 1987 and the redevelopment project is 13 14 located within one mile of Midway Airport, or (D) if the ordinance was adopted before January 1, 1987 by a municipality 15 16 in Mason County, or (E) if the municipality is subject to the 17 Local Government Financial Planning and Supervision Act or the Financially Distressed City Law, or (F) if the ordinance was 18 19 adopted in December 1984 by the Village of Rosemont, or (G) if 20 the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 bv a municipality located in Clinton County for which at least 21 22 \$250,000 of tax increment bonds were authorized on June 17, 23 1997, or if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 by a municipality with a population in 1990 of less than 3,600 that 24 25 is located in a county with a population in 1990 of less than 34,000 and for which at least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds 26

were authorized on June 17, 1997, or (H) if the ordinance was 1 2 adopted on October 5, 1982 by the City of Kankakee, or (I) if 3 the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986 by East St. Louis, or if the ordinance was adopted on November 12, 1991 by 4 5 the Village of Sauget, or (J) if the ordinance was adopted on 6 February 11, 1985 by the City of Rock Island, or (K) if the ordinance was adopted before December 18, 1986 by the City of 7 8 Moline, or (L) if the ordinance was adopted in September 1988 9 by Sauk Village, or (M) if the ordinance was adopted in October 10 1993 by Sauk Village, or (N) if the ordinance was adopted on 11 December 29, 1986 by the City of Galva, or (0) if the ordinance 12 was adopted in March 1991 by the City of Centreville, or (P) if the ordinance was adopted on January 23, 1991 by the City of 13 14 East St. Louis, or (Q) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15 22, 1986 by the City of Aledo, or (R) if the ordinance was 16 adopted on February 5, 1990 by the City of Clinton, or (S) if 17 the ordinance was adopted on September 6, 1994 by the City of Freeport, or (T) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 18 1986 by the City of Tuscola, or (U) if the ordinance was 19 adopted on December 23, 1986 by the City of Sparta, or (V) if 20 the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986 by the City of 21 22 Beardstown, or (W) if the ordinance was adopted on April 27, 23 1981, October 21, 1985, or December 30, 1986 by the City of Belleville, or (X) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 24 25 1986 by the City of Collinsville, or (Y) if the ordinance was adopted on September 14, 1994 by the City of Alton, or (Z) if 26

the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1996 by the City of 1 2 Lexington, or (AA) if the ordinance was adopted on November 5, 1984 by the City of LeRoy, or (BB) if the ordinance was adopted 3 on April 3, 1991 or June 3, 1992 by the City of Markham, or (CC) 4 5 if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1986 by the City of Pekin, or (DD) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 6 1981 by the City of Champaign, or (EE) if the ordinance was 7 adopted on December 15, 1986 by the City of Urbana, or (FF) if 8 9 the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1986 by the Village 10 of Heyworth, or (GG) if the ordinance was adopted on February 11 24, 1992 by the Village of Heyworth, or (HH) if the ordinance 12 was adopted on March 16, 1995 by the Village of Heyworth, or (II) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986 by the 13 14 Town of Cicero, or (JJ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30, 1986 by the City of Effingham, or (KK) if the 15 16 ordinance was adopted on May 9, 1991 by the Village of Tilton, 17 or (LL) if the ordinance was adopted on October 20, 1986 by the City of Elmhurst, or (MM) if the ordinance was adopted on 18 19 January 19, 1988 by the City of Waukegan, or (NN) if the 20 ordinance was adopted on September 21, 1998 by the City of Waukegan, or (OO) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 21 22 1986 by the City of Sullivan, or (PP) if the ordinance was 23 adopted on December 23, 1991 by the City of Sullivan, or (QQ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 by the City 24 25 of Oglesby, or (RR) if the ordinance was adopted on July 28, 1987 by the City of Marion, or (SS) if the ordinance was 26

adopted on April 23, 1990 by the City of Marion, or (TT) if the 1 2 ordinance was adopted on August 20, 1985 by the Village of Mount Prospect, or (UU) if the ordinance was adopted on 3 February 2, 1998 by the Village of Woodhull, or (VV) if the 4 5 ordinance was adopted on April 20, 1993 by the Village of 6 Princeville, or (WW) (VV) if the ordinance was adopted on July 1, 1986 by the City of Granite City, or (XX) (RR) if the 7 ordinance was adopted on February 2, 1989 by the Village of 8 9 Lombard, or (YY) (VV) if the ordinance was adopted on December 10 29, 1986 by the Village of Gardner, or (ZZ) (VV) if the 11 ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1999 by the Village of Paw 12 Paw or, (AAA) if the ordinance was adopted in 1999 by the City of Villa Grove and, for redevelopment project areas for which 13 14 bonds were issued before July 29, 1991, in connection with a 15 redevelopment project in the area within the State Sales Tax 16 Boundary and which were extended by municipal ordinance under 17 subsection (n) of Section 11-74.4-3, the last maturity of the refunding obligations shall not be expressed to mature later 18 19 than the date on which the redevelopment project area is 20 terminated or December 31, 2013, whichever date occurs first.

In the event a municipality issues obligations under home rule powers or other legislative authority the proceeds of which are pledged to pay for redevelopment project costs, the municipality may, if it has followed the procedures in conformance with this division, retire said obligations from funds in the special tax allocation fund in amounts and in such HB2036 Enrolled - 70 - LRB095 07162 HLH 27291 b

1 manner as if such obligations had been issued pursuant to the 2 provisions of this division.

3 All obligations heretofore or hereafter issued pursuant to 4 this Act shall not be regarded as indebtedness of the 5 municipality issuing such obligations or any other taxing 6 district for the purpose of any limitation imposed by law. 7 (Source: P.A. 93-298, eff. 7-23-03; 93-708, eff. 1-1-05; 93-747, eff. 7-15-04; 93-924, eff. 8-12-04; 93-983, eff. 8 8-23-04; 93-984, eff. 8-23-04; 93-985, eff. 8-23-04; 93-986, 9 eff. 8-23-04; 93-987, eff. 8-23-04; 93-995, eff. 8-23-04; 10 11 93-1024, eff. 8-25-04; 93-1076, eff. 1-18-05; 94-260, eff. 12 7-19-05; 94-297, eff. 7-21-05; 94-302, eff. 7-21-05; 94-702, 13 eff. 6-1-06; 94-704, eff. 12-5-05; 94-711, eff. 6-1-06; 94-778, eff. 5-19-06; 94-782, eff. 5-19-06; 94-783, eff. 5-19-06; 14 94-810, eff. 5-26-06; 94-903, eff. 6-22-06; revised 8-3-06.) 15