95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

HB2010

Introduced 2/26/2007, by Rep. Michael K. Smith

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 125/2.5 105 ILCS 125/4 105 ILCS 126/15

from Ch. 122, par. 712.4

Amends the School Breakfast and Lunch Program Act and the Childhood Hunger Relief Act. Makes changes concerning the breakfast incentive program with respect to the maximum percentage of appropriated funds that a school district may receive, prorating claims if there are insufficient funds, the reimbursement of sponsors and school boards, and grants to school boards and welfare centers. Makes changes concerning the information contained in the annual report that the State Board of Education provides to the Governor and the General Assembly with respect to school breakfast and lunch programs. Makes changes concerning the school breakfast program with respect to how the number of students that are eligible for free or reduced-price lunches is determined, allowing a school (not just a school district) to opt out of the school breakfast program requirement, the timeline of the exemption process, and requiring regional superintendents of schools to send notification to the State Board of Education's Nutrition Programs and Support Services Division detailing which schools requested an exemption and the results. Effective July 1, 2007.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The School Breakfast and Lunch Program Act is 5 amended by changing Sections 2.5 and 4 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 125/2.5)

7 Sec. 2.5. Breakfast incentive program. The State Board of 8 Education shall fund a breakfast incentive program comprised of 9 the components described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this Section, provided that a separate appropriation is made 10 for the purposes of this Section. The State Board of Education 11 may allocate the appropriation among the program components in 12 whatever manner the State Board of Education finds will best 13 14 serve the goal of increasing participation in school breakfast programs. To ensure equitable distribution of funds among all 15 school districts, each district shall receive no more than 5% 16 17 of the total appropriation allocated under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this Section. If the amount of the appropriation 18 19 allocated under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this Section is 20 insufficient to fund all claims submitted under this Section 21 that particular paragraph, the claims under that paragraph 22 shall be prorated.

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(1) The State Board of Education may reimburse each

sponsor of a school breakfast program at 1 least an 2 additional \$0.10 for each free, reduced-price, and paid breakfast served over and above the number of 3 such breakfasts served in the same month during the preceding 4 5 year, provided that the number of breakfasts served in a 6 participating school building in that month is at least 10% 7 greater than the number of breakfasts served in the 8 month during the preceding year.

9 (2) The State Board of Education may make grants to 10 school boards and welfare centers that agree to start a 11 school breakfast program in one or more schools or other 12 sites. First priority for these grants shall be given to 13 schools in which 40% or more of their students are eligible for free and reduced price meals under the National School 14 15 Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 ct seq.). Depending on the 16 availability of funds and the rate at which funds are being 17 utilized, the State Board of Education is authorized to allow additional schools or other sites to receive these 18 19 grants. In making additional grants, the State Board of 20 Education shall provide for priority to be given to schools 21 with the highest percentage of students eligible for free 22 and reduced price lunches under the National School Lunch 23 Act. The amount of the grant shall be \$3,500 for each qualifying school or site in which a school breakfast 24 25 program is started. Grants must be awarded to school boards and welfare centers in the order that applications are 26

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1 received by the State Board of Education until funds are 2 exhausted. The grants shall be used to pay the start-up 3 for the school breakfast program, costs including equipment, supplies, and program promotion, but shall not 4 5 be used for food, labor, or other recurring operational 6 costs. Applications for the grants shall be made to the 7 State Board of Education on forms designated by the State 8 Board of Education. Any grantee that fails to operate a 9 school breakfast program for at least 3 years after receipt 10 of a grant shall refund the amount of the grant to the 11 State Board of Education.

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12 (3) The State Board of Education may reimburse a school board for each free, reduced-price, or paid breakfast 13 14 served in a school breakfast program located in a school in 15 which 80% or more of the students are eligible to receive 16 free or reduced price lunches under the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) in an amount equal to 17 18 the difference between (i) the current amount reimbursed by 19 the federal government for a free breakfast and (ii) the 20 amount actually reimbursed by the federal government for 21 that free, reduced-price, or paid breakfast, provided that 22 the school board provides all meals to all students without 23 charge. A school board that receives reimbursement under 24 this paragraph (3) shall not be eligible in the same year 25 to receive reimbursement under paragraph (1) of this 26 Section.

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1 (Source: P.A. 93-1086, eff. 2-15-05; 94-981, eff. 6-30-06.)

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(105 ILCS 125/4) (from Ch. 122, par. 712.4)

3 Sec. 4. Accounts; copies of menus served; free lunch 4 program required; report. School boards and welfare centers 5 shall keep an accurate, detailed and separate account of all moneys expended for school breakfast programs, school lunch 6 7 programs, free breakfast programs, free lunch programs, and 8 summer food service programs, and of the amounts for which they 9 are reimbursed by any governmental agency, moneys received from 10 students and from any other contributors to the program. School 11 boards and welfare centers shall also keep on file a copy of 12 all menus served under the programs, which together with all records of receipts and disbursements, shall be made available 13 14 to representatives of the State Board of Education at any time.

Every public school must have a free lunch program.

In 2001 and in each subsequent year, the State Board of Education shall provide to the Governor and the General Assembly, by a date not later than March 1, a report that provides all of the following:

(1) A list by school district of all schools
participating in a school breakfast program, indicating
(i) total student enrollment, (ii) the number of children
eligible for free or reduced-price breakfasts and lunches,
and (iii) incentive moneys received, the total student
enrollment, and the number of children eligible for free,

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reduced price, and paid breakfasts and lunches.

2 (2) <u>(Blank).</u> A list of schools that have started 3 breakfast programs during the past year along with 4 information on which schools have utilized the \$3,500 5 start up grants and the additional \$0.10 per meal increased 6 participation incentives established under Section 2.5 of 7 this Act.

8 (3) A list of schools that have used the school 9 breakfast program option outlined in this Act, a list of 10 schools that have exercised Provision Two or Provision 11 Three under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 12 et seq.), a list of schools that have dropped <u>the</u> either 13 school lunch or school breakfast <u>program</u> programs during 14 the past year and the reason or reasons reasons why., and

15 <u>(4) A a list of school districts and schools that have</u> 16 requested an exemption from operating a school breakfast 17 program from their regional superintendent of schools and 18 <u>the results of that petition</u> granted an exemption from a 19 regional superintendent of schools.

20 In 2007, 2012 2009, and 2017 2011 the report required by this Section shall also include information that documents the 21 22 results of surveys designed to identify parental interest in 23 school breakfast programs and documents barriers to establishing school breakfast programs. To develop the surveys 24 25 for school administrators and for parents, the State Board of Education shall work with local committees that involve 26

parents, teachers, principals, superintendents, business, and anti-hunger advocates, organized by the State Board of Education to foster community involvement. The State Board of Education is authorized to distribute the surveys in all schools where there are no school breakfast programs.

6 (Source: P.A. 93-1086, eff. 2-15-05; 94-981, eff. 6-30-06.)

7 Section 10. The Childhood Hunger Relief Act is amended by 8 changing Section 15 as follows:

9 (105 ILCS 126/15)

10 Sec. 15. School breakfast program.

11 Within 90 days after the effective date of this (a) 12 amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and then each school year thereafter, the board of education of each school 13 14 district in this State shall implement and operate a school 15 breakfast program, if a breakfast program does not currently exist, in accordance with federal guidelines in each school 16 building within its district in which at least 40% or more of 17 the students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunches 18 based upon the count on October claim data 31 of the previous 19 20 year (for those schools that participate in the National School 21 Lunch Program) or in which at least 40% or more of the students are classified as low-income according to the Fall Housing Data 22 23 from the previous year (for those schools that do not 24 participate in the National School Lunch Program).

Using the data from the previous school year, the board of education of each school district in the State shall determine which schools within their districts will be required to implement and operate a school breakfast program.

5 (b) School districts may charge students who do not meet 6 federal criteria for free school meals for the breakfasts 7 served to these students within the allowable limits set by 8 federal regulations.

9 School breakfast programs established under this (C) 10 Section shall be supported entirely by federal funds and 11 commodities, charges to students and other participants, and 12 other available State and local resources, including under the 13 School Breakfast and Lunch Program Act. Allowable costs for reimbursement to school districts, in accordance with the 14 United States Department of Agriculture, include compensation 15 16 of employees for the time devoted and identified specifically 17 implement the school breakfast program; the cost of to materials acquired, consumed, or expended specifically to 18 implement the school breakfast program; equipment and other 19 20 approved capital expenditures necessary to implement the 21 school breakfast program; and transportation expenses incurred 22 specifically to implement and operate the school breakfast 23 program.

(d) A school district <u>or school</u> shall be allowed to opt out
of the school breakfast program requirement of this Section if
it is determined that, due to circumstances specific to that

school district or school, the expense reimbursement would not 1 2 fully cover the costs of implementing and operating a school 3 breakfast program. The school district or school shall petition its regional superintendent of schools by January 1 November 15 4 5 of each year to request to be exempt from the school breakfast 6 program requirement for the next school year. The petition 7 shall include all legitimate costs associated with 8 implementing and operating a school breakfast program, the 9 estimated reimbursement from State and federal sources, and any 10 unique circumstances the school district or school can verify 11 that exist that would cause the implementation and operation of 12 such a program to be cost prohibitive.

13 The regional superintendent of schools shall review the 14 petition. In accordance with the Open Meetings Act, he or she 15 shall convene a public hearing to hear testimony from the 16 school district or school and interested community members. The 17 regional superintendent shall, by February 1 December 15, inform the school district or school of his or her decision, 18 19 along with the reasons why the exemption was granted or denied, 20 in writing. If the regional superintendent grants an exemption to the school district or school, then the school district or 21 22 school is relieved from the requirement to establish and 23 implement a school breakfast program for the next that school 24 year.

If the regional superintendent of schools does not grant an exemption to the school district <u>or school</u>, then the school

district or school shall implement and operate a school 1 2 breakfast program in accordance with this Section by the first operating day of the next September 1 of the subsequent school 3 year. Regional superintendents must send notification to the 4 5 State Board of Education's Nutrition Programs and Support 6 Services Division detailing which schools requested an exemption and the results. The However, the school district or 7 a resident of the school district may appeal the decision of 8 9 the regional superintendent to the State Superintendent of 10 Education by March 1. No later than May 1 February 15 of each 11 year, the State Superintendent shall hear appeals on the 12 decisions of regional superintendents of schools. The State 13 Superintendent shall make a final decision at the conclusion of the hearing on the school district's or school's request for an 14 15 exemption from the school breakfast program requirement. If the 16 State Superintendent grants an exemption to the school district 17 or school, then the school district or school is relieved from the requirement to implement and operate a school breakfast 18 19 program for the next that school year. Ιf the State 20 Superintendent does not grant an exemption to the school district or school, then the school district or school shall 21 22 implement and operate a school breakfast program in accordance 23 with this Section by the first operating day of the next 24 September 1 of the subsequent school year.

A school district may not attempt to opt out of the school
 breakfast program requirement of this Section by requesting a

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1	waiver under Section 2-3.25g of the School Code.		
2	(Source: P.A. 93-1086, eff.	2-15-05; 9	4-981, eff. 6-30-06.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
4 2007.