

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB1547

Introduced 2/22/2007, by Rep. Jack D. Franks

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35	ILCS 105/3-5	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.3-5
35	ILCS 110/3-5	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.33-5
35	ILCS 115/3-5	from	Ch.	120,	par.	439.103-5
35	ILCS 120/2-5	from	Ch.	120,	par.	441-5

Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Creates a tax exemption under the Acts for fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, if, during the current State fiscal year, the carrier has paid an aggregate amount of at least \$15,000,000 under the taxes imposed on the purchase or use of fuel and petroleum products under the Acts. Effective immediately.

LRB095 10323 BDD 30538 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 105/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-5)
- Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 9 Personal property purchased from a corporation, association, foundation, institution, 10 society, organization, other than a limited liability company, that is 11 organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 12 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 13 14 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise. 15
 - (2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit Illinois county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting the county fair.
- (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or

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- support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or 1 2 services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, 3 music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service 4 5 organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date 6 7 of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, 8 an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make 9 tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification 10 number issued by the Department.
 - (4) Personal property purchased by a governmental body, by corporation, society, association, foundation, institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or by a not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization that has no compensated officers or employees and that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited liability company is organized and exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an active exemption identification number issued by the Department.
 - (5) Until July 1, 2003, a passenger car that is a replacement vehicle to the extent that the purchase price of

- 1 the car is subject to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.
 - (6) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production, and including machinery and equipment purchased for lease. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
- 11 (7) Farm chemicals.
 - (8) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.
 - (9) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored student organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school located in Illinois.
 - (10) A motor vehicle of the first division, a motor vehicle of the second division that is a self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently converted to provide living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, with direct walk through to the living quarters from the driver's seat, or a motor vehicle of the second division that is of the van configuration designed for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of

- 1 the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is used for automobile renting,
- 2 as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax
- 3 Act.
- 4 (11) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, 5 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the
- 5 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the
- 6 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or
- 7 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual
- 8 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including
- 9 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including
- 10 implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the
- 11 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural
- 12 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to
- be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,
- 14 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered
- under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or
- hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering
- 17 plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under
- 18 this item (11). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry
- boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle
- 20 required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor
- 21 vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the
- tender is separately stated.
- Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision
- 24 farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be
- 25 installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not
- limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders,

- or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not
- 2 limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors,
- 3 software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other
- 4 such equipment.
- 5 Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers,
- 6 sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the
- 7 computer-assisted operation of production agriculture
- 8 facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited
- 9 to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and
- 10 crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and
- 11 agricultural chemicals. This item (11) is exempt from the
- 12 provisions of Section 3-90.
- 13 (12) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air
- 14 common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for
- 15 consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its
- business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or
- 17 returning from a location or locations outside the United
- 18 States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic
- 19 stopovers.
- 20 (12-5) Beginning July 1, 2007 and through June 30, 2011,
- fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common
- 22 carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption,
- shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air
- 24 common carrier, if, during that current State fiscal year, the
- carrier has paid an aggregate amount of at least \$15,000,000
- 26 under the taxes imposed on the purchase or use of fuel and

- petroleum products under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the 1
- 2 Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 3 Act.
- 4 (13) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately
- 5 stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of
- 6 food and beverages purchased at retail from a retailer, to the
- 7 extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact
- 8 turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the
- 9 employees who participate directly in preparing, serving,
- 10 hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with
- 11 respect to which the service charge is imposed.
- 12 (14) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling,
- 13 and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,
- rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and 14
- 15 tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps
- 16 and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any
- 17 individual replacement part for oil field exploration,
- drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and 18
- equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles 19
- 20 required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 21 (15) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including
- 22 repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that
- 23 manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be
- photoprocessing, 24 primarily for and
- 25 photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
- Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, 26 (16)

- offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.
 - (18) Manufacturing and assembling machinery and equipment used primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether that sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether that sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or other similar items of no commercial value on special order for a particular purchaser.
 - (19) Personal property delivered to a purchaser or purchaser's donee inside Illinois when the purchase order for that personal property was received by a florist located outside Illinois who has a florist located inside Illinois

- deliver the personal property.
- 2 (20) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock
- 3 for direct agricultural production.
- 4 (21) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and
- 5 meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club
- 6 Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter
- 7 Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or
- 8 Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or
- 9 racing for prizes.

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10 (22) Computers and communications equipment utilized for 11 any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, 12 analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a 13 lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would 14 15 otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a 16 hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption 17 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a 18 19 manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 20 any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the 21 22 case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at 23 the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect

or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that

purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this

Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax

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has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the

(23) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

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- (24) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area.
- (25) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer extensions, water distribution line and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.
- (26) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the

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- Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
- (27) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 3 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a 5 corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department 6 to be organized and operated exclusively for educational 7 8 purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, 9 limited liability company, society, association, foundation, 10 institution organized and operated exclusively for 11 educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, 12 private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful 13 branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the 14 15 course of study presented in tax-supported schools, 16 vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and 17 operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to 18 19 follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, 20 industrial, business, or commercial occupation.
 - (28) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes

- parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
 - (29) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
 - (30) Beginning January 1, 2001 and through June 30, 2011, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical

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assistance under Article 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act.

(31) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the

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Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.

- (32) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been issued an active sales tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Service Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-90.
 - (33) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004,

the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division 1 2 with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds and that 3 are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 5 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle 6 weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject 7 8 to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 9 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are 10 primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, 11 this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added 12 after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the 13 14 rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For 15 purposes of this paragraph, the term "used for commercial 16 purposes" means the transportation of persons or property in 17 furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise, whether for-hire or not. 18 (Source: P.A. 93-23, eff. 6-20-03; 93-24, eff. 6-20-03; 93-840, 19

Section 10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:

eff. 7-30-04; 93-1033, eff. 9-3-04; 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06.)

23 (35 ILCS 110/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-5)

24 Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. Use of the following tangible

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- 1 personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 2 Personal property purchased from a corporation, (1)3 society, association, foundation, institution, organization, other than a limited liability company, that is 4 5 organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise 6 for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the 7 personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the 8 purpose of resale by the enterprise.
 - (2) Personal property purchased by a non-profit Illinois county fair association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting the county fair.
 - (3) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.

- (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.
 - (5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
 - (6) Personal property purchased from a teacher-sponsored student organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school located in Illinois.
 - (7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,

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under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes

but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered

shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle

required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor

vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the

9 tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(8) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air

- common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.
 - (8-5) Beginning July 1, 2007 and through June 30, 2011, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, if, during that current State fiscal year, the carrier has paid an aggregate amount of at least \$15,000,000 under the taxes imposed on the purchase or use of fuel and petroleum products under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
 - (9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from a serviceman, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with respect to which the service charge is imposed.
 - (10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs,

- rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (11) Proceeds from the sale of photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
 - (12) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 20 (13) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock 21 for direct agricultural production.
 - (14) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or

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1 racing for prizes.

- (15) Computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.
- (16) Personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the

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tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other non-exempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the market value of the property at time fair the the non-qualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department.

(17) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster

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- 1 who reside within the declared disaster area.
- 2 (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or 3 before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the 4 5 performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including 6 but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, 7 bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer 8 line extensions, water distribution and purification 9 facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and 10 sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois 11 12 when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the 13 declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.
 - (19) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds purchased at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.
 - (20) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation,

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or institution organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

- (21)Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.
 - (22) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31,

- 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.
 - (23) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2011, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act.
 - (24) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients purchased by a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the

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lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the equipment is leased in a manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75.

(25) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property purchased by a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time the lessor would otherwise be subject to the tax imposed by this Act, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. If the property is leased in a

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- manner that does not qualify for this exemption or is used in 1 2 any other nonexempt manner, the lessor shall be liable for the 3 tax imposed under this Act or the Use Tax Act, as the case may be, based on the fair market value of the property at the time 4 5 the nonqualifying use occurs. No lessor shall collect or 6 attempt to collect an amount (however designated) that purports to reimburse that lessor for the tax imposed by this Act or the 7 8 Use Tax Act, as the case may be, if the tax has not been paid by 9 the lessor. If a lessor improperly collects any such amount 10 from the lessee, the lessee shall have a legal right to claim a 11 refund of that amount from the lessor. If, however, that amount 12 is not refunded to the lessee for any reason, the lessor is liable to pay that amount to the Department. This paragraph is 13 exempt from the provisions of Section 3-75. 14
- Section 15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-5 as follows:

(Source: P.A. 93-24, eff. 6-20-03; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04;

19 (35 ILCS 115/3-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-5)

94-1002, eff. 7-3-06.)

- Sec. 3-5. Exemptions. The following tangible personal property is exempt from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 22 (1) Personal property sold by a corporation, society, 23 association, foundation, institution, or organization, other 24 than a limited liability company, that is organized and

- operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale
- 4 by the enterprise.
- 5 (2) Personal property purchased by a not-for-profit 6 Illinois county fair association for use in conducting, 7 operating, or promoting the county fair.
 - (3) Personal property purchased by any not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, or services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.
 - (4) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the United States of America, or the government of any foreign country, and bullion.

- (5) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again on September 1, 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
- (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school located in Illinois.
 - (7) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or State or federal agricultural programs, including individual replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under

this item (7). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.

(8) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a location or locations outside the United

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- 1 States without regard to previous or subsequent domestic 2 stopovers.
- (8-5) Beginning July 1, 2007 and through June 30, 2011, fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption, shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air 7 common carrier, if, during that current State fiscal year, the carrier has paid an aggregate amount of at least \$15,000,000 under the taxes imposed on the purchase or use of fuel and petroleum products under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
 - (9) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for the purchase and consumption of food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with respect to which the service charge is imposed.
 - (10) Until July 1, 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and

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- equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (11) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
 - (12) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (13) Beginning January 1, 1992 and through June 30, 2011, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft food that has been prepared for drinks and immediate consumption) and prescription and non-prescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act.
 - (14) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock for direct agricultural production.

- (15) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or racing for prizes.
- (16) Computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- (17) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act.
- (18) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a

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- 1 corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution 2 that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification 3 number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster 4 who reside within the declared disaster area.
 - (19) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.
 - (20) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.
 - (21) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department

to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, and vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

(22) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits

- from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.
 - (23) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.
 - of the 92nd General Assembly, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 3-55.
 - (25) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a

- 1 governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption
- 2 identification number by the Department under Section 1g of the
- 3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. This paragraph is exempt from
- 4 the provisions of Section 3-55.
- 5 (26) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 6 2011, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing 7 activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property 8 9 in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for 10 the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State 11 for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or 12 (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or 13 manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 14 tangible personal property to be transported outside this State 15 and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 16 17 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the 18 Department who is eligible for the exemption under this 19 20 paragraph (26). The permit issued under this paragraph (26) shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner 21 22 specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase 23 tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain 24 25 necessary books and records to substantiate the use and 26 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of

- 1 the State of Illinois.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-24, eff. 6-20-03; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04;
- 3 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06.)
- 4 Section 20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 2-5 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 120/2-5) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-5)
- 7 Sec. 2-5. Exemptions. Gross receipts from proceeds from the
- 8 sale of the following tangible personal property are exempt
- 9 from the tax imposed by this Act:
- 10 (1) Farm chemicals.
- 11 (2) Farm machinery and equipment, both new and used,
- 12 including that manufactured on special order, certified by the
- 13 purchaser to be used primarily for production agriculture or
- 14 State or federal agricultural programs, including individual
- 15 replacement parts for the machinery and equipment, including
- 16 machinery and equipment purchased for lease, and including
- implements of husbandry defined in Section 1-130 of the
- 18 Illinois Vehicle Code, farm machinery and agricultural
- 19 chemical and fertilizer spreaders, and nurse wagons required to
- 20 be registered under Section 3-809 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,
- 21 but excluding other motor vehicles required to be registered
- 22 under the Illinois Vehicle Code. Horticultural polyhouses or
- 23 hoop houses used for propagating, growing, or overwintering
- 24 plants shall be considered farm machinery and equipment under

this item (2). Agricultural chemical tender tanks and dry boxes shall include units sold separately from a motor vehicle required to be licensed and units sold mounted on a motor vehicle required to be licensed, if the selling price of the tender is separately stated.

Farm machinery and equipment shall include precision farming equipment that is installed or purchased to be installed on farm machinery and equipment including, but not limited to, tractors, harvesters, sprayers, planters, seeders, or spreaders. Precision farming equipment includes, but is not limited to, soil testing sensors, computers, monitors, software, global positioning and mapping systems, and other such equipment.

Farm machinery and equipment also includes computers, sensors, software, and related equipment used primarily in the computer-assisted operation of production agriculture facilities, equipment, and activities such as, but not limited to, the collection, monitoring, and correlation of animal and crop data for the purpose of formulating animal diets and agricultural chemicals. This item (7) is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.

(3) Until July 1, 2003, distillation machinery and equipment, sold as a unit or kit, assembled or installed by the retailer, certified by the user to be used only for the production of ethyl alcohol that will be used for consumption as motor fuel or as a component of motor fuel for the personal

- 1 use of the user, and not subject to sale or resale.
- (4) Until July 1, 2003 and beginning again September 1, 2004, graphic arts machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, and including that manufactured on special order or purchased for lease, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for graphic arts production. Equipment includes chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts but only if the chemicals or chemicals acting as catalysts effect a direct and immediate change upon a graphic arts product.
 - (5) A motor vehicle of the first division, a motor vehicle of the second division that is a self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently converted to provide living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, with direct walk through access to the living quarters from the driver's seat, or a motor vehicle of the second division that is of the van configuration designed for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is used for automobile renting, as defined in the Automobile Renting Occupation and Use Tax Act.
 - (6) Personal property sold by a teacher-sponsored student organization affiliated with an elementary or secondary school located in Illinois.
 - (7) Until July 1, 2003, proceeds of that portion of the selling price of a passenger car the sale of which is subject

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- 1 to the Replacement Vehicle Tax.
- 2 (8) Personal property sold to an Illinois county fair 3 association for use in conducting, operating, or promoting the 4 county fair.
 - (9) Personal property sold to a not-for-profit arts or cultural organization that establishes, by proof required by the Department by rule, that it has received an exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that is organized and operated primarily for the presentation or support of arts or cultural programming, activities, services. These organizations include, but are not limited to, music and dramatic arts organizations such as symphony orchestras and theatrical groups, arts and cultural service organizations, local arts councils, visual arts organizations, and media arts organizations. On and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, however, an entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall not make tax-free purchases unless it has an active identification number issued by the Department.
 - (10) Personal property sold by a corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization, other than a limited liability company, that is organized and operated as a not-for-profit service enterprise for the benefit of persons 65 years of age or older if the personal property was not purchased by the enterprise for the purpose of resale by the enterprise.

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- (11) Personal property sold to a governmental body, to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, or to a not-for-profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution, or organization that has no compensated officers or employees and that is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of persons 55 years of age or older. A limited liability company may qualify for the exemption under this paragraph only if the limited liability company is organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. On and after July 1, 1987, however, no entity otherwise eligible for this exemption shall make tax-free purchases unless it has an identification number issued by the Department.
 - (12) Tangible personal property sold to interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce or to lessors under leases of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of purchase by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.
 - (12-5) On and after July 1, 2003 and through June 30, 2004, motor vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 8,000 pounds that are subject to the

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commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Beginning on July 1, 2004 and through June 30, 2005, the use in this State of motor vehicles of the second division: (i) with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 8,000 pounds; (ii) that are subject to the commercial distribution fee imposed under Section 3-815.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; and (iii) that are primarily used for commercial purposes. Through June 30, 2005, this exemption applies to repair and replacement parts added after the initial purchase of such a motor vehicle if that motor vehicle is used in a manner that would qualify for the rolling stock exemption otherwise provided for in this Act. For purposes of this "used for commercial purposes" paragraph, means the transportation of persons or property in furtherance of any commercial or industrial enterprise whether for-hire or not.

- (13) Proceeds from sales to owners, lessors, or shippers of tangible personal property that is utilized by interstate carriers for hire for use as rolling stock moving in interstate commerce and equipment operated by a telecommunications provider, licensed as a common carrier by the Federal Communications Commission, which is permanently installed in or affixed to aircraft moving in interstate commerce.
- (14) Machinery and equipment that will be used by the purchaser, or a lessee of the purchaser, primarily in the process of manufacturing or assembling tangible personal property for wholesale or retail sale or lease, whether the

- sale or lease is made directly by the manufacturer or by some other person, whether the materials used in the process are owned by the manufacturer or some other person, or whether the sale or lease is made apart from or as an incident to the seller's engaging in the service occupation of producing machines, tools, dies, jigs, patterns, gauges, or other similar items of no commercial value on special order for a particular purchaser.
 - (15) Proceeds of mandatory service charges separately stated on customers' bills for purchase and consumption of food and beverages, to the extent that the proceeds of the service charge are in fact turned over as tips or as a substitute for tips to the employees who participate directly in preparing, serving, hosting or cleaning up the food or beverage function with respect to which the service charge is imposed.
 - (16) Petroleum products sold to a purchaser if the seller is prohibited by federal law from charging tax to the purchaser.
 - (17) Tangible personal property sold to a common carrier by rail or motor that receives the physical possession of the property in Illinois and that transports the property, or shares with another common carrier in the transportation of the property, out of Illinois on a standard uniform bill of lading showing the seller of the property as the shipper or consignor of the property to a destination outside Illinois, for use outside Illinois.

- 1 (18) Legal tender, currency, medallions, or gold or silver 2 coinage issued by the State of Illinois, the government of the 3 United States of America, or the government of any foreign 4 country, and bullion.
 - (19) Until July 1 2003, oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, including (i) rigs and parts of rigs, rotary rigs, cable tool rigs, and workover rigs, (ii) pipe and tubular goods, including casing and drill strings, (iii) pumps and pump-jack units, (iv) storage tanks and flow lines, (v) any individual replacement part for oil field exploration, drilling, and production equipment, and (vi) machinery and equipment purchased for lease; but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (20) Photoprocessing machinery and equipment, including repair and replacement parts, both new and used, including that manufactured on special order, certified by the purchaser to be used primarily for photoprocessing, and including photoprocessing machinery and equipment purchased for lease.
 - (21) Until July 1, 2003, coal exploration, mining, offhighway hauling, processing, maintenance, and reclamation equipment, including replacement parts and equipment, and including equipment purchased for lease, but excluding motor vehicles required to be registered under the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (22) Fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption,

- 1 shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air
- 2 common carrier, for a flight destined for or returning from a
- 3 location or locations outside the United States without regard
- 4 to previous or subsequent domestic stopovers.
- 5 (22-5) Beginning July 1, 2007 and through June 30, 2011,
- fuel and petroleum products sold to or used by an air common
- 7 carrier, certified by the carrier to be used for consumption,
- 8 shipment, or storage in the conduct of its business as an air
- 9 common carrier, if, during that current State fiscal year, the
- 10 carrier has paid an aggregate amount of at least \$15,000,000
- 11 under the taxes imposed on the purchase or use of fuel and
- 12 petroleum products under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service
- 13 Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act.
- 14 (23) A transaction in which the purchase order is received
- by a florist who is located outside Illinois, but who has a
- 16 florist located in Illinois deliver the property to the
- purchaser or the purchaser's donee in Illinois.
- 18 (24) Fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships,
- 19 barges, or vessels that are used primarily in or for the
- 20 transportation of property or the conveyance of persons for
- 21 hire on rivers bordering on this State if the fuel is delivered
- 22 by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or vessel while
- it is afloat upon that bordering river.
- 24 (25) Except as provided in item (25-5) of this Section, a
- 25 motor vehicle sold in this State to a nonresident even though
- 26 the motor vehicle is delivered to the nonresident in this

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State, if the motor vehicle is not to be titled in this State, and if a drive-away permit is issued to the motor vehicle as provided in Section 3-603 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or if the nonresident purchaser has vehicle registration plates to transfer to the motor vehicle upon returning to his or her home state. The issuance of the drive-away permit or having the out-of-state registration plates to be transferred is prima facie evidence that the motor vehicle will not be titled in this State.

(25-5) The exemption under item (25) does not apply if the state in which the motor vehicle will be titled does not allow a reciprocal exemption for a motor vehicle sold and delivered in that state to an Illinois resident but titled in Illinois. The tax collected under this Act on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of another state that does not allow a reciprocal exemption shall be imposed at a rate equal to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in the state in which the purchaser is a resident, except that the tax shall not exceed the tax that would otherwise be imposed under this Act. At the time of the sale, the purchaser shall execute a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, of his or her intent to title the vehicle in the state in which the purchaser is a resident within 30 days after the sale and of the fact of the payment to the State of Illinois of tax in an amount equivalent to the state's rate of tax on taxable property in his or her state of residence and shall submit the statement to

- the appropriate tax collection agency in his or her state of residence. In addition, the retailer must retain a signed copy of the statement in his or her records. Nothing in this item shall be construed to require the removal of the vehicle from this state following the filing of an intent to title the vehicle in the purchaser's state of residence if the purchaser titles the vehicle in his or her state of residence within 30 days after the date of sale. The tax collected under this Act in accordance with this item (25-5) shall be proportionately distributed as if the tax were collected at the 6.25% general rate imposed under this Act.
- 12 (26) Semen used for artificial insemination of livestock 13 for direct agricultural production.
 - (27) Horses, or interests in horses, registered with and meeting the requirements of any of the Arabian Horse Club Registry of America, Appaloosa Horse Club, American Quarter Horse Association, United States Trotting Association, or Jockey Club, as appropriate, used for purposes of breeding or racing for prizes.
 - (28) Computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of

1 this Act.

- 2 (29) Personal property sold to a lessor who leases the 3 property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in 4 effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that 5 has been issued an active tax exemption identification number 6 by the Department under Section 1g of this Act.
 - (30) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is donated for disaster relief to be used in a State or federally declared disaster area in Illinois or bordering Illinois by a manufacturer or retailer that is registered in this State to a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution that has been issued a sales tax exemption identification number by the Department that assists victims of the disaster who reside within the declared disaster area.
 - (31) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2004, personal property that is used in the performance of infrastructure repairs in this State, including but not limited to municipal roads and streets, access roads, bridges, sidewalks, waste disposal systems, water and sewer line extensions, water distribution and purification facilities, storm water drainage and retention facilities, and sewage treatment facilities, resulting from a State or federally declared disaster in Illinois or bordering Illinois

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- when such repairs are initiated on facilities located in the declared disaster area within 6 months after the disaster.
 - (32) Beginning July 1, 1999, game or game birds sold at a "game breeding and hunting preserve area" or an "exotic game hunting area" as those terms are used in the Wildlife Code or at a hunting enclosure approved through rules adopted by the Department of Natural Resources. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
 - (33) A motor vehicle, as that term is defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, that is donated to a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, or institution that is determined by the Department to be organized and operated exclusively for educational purposes. For purposes of this exemption, "a corporation, limited liability company, society, association, foundation, institution organized and operated exclusively educational purposes" means all tax-supported public schools, private schools that offer systematic instruction in useful branches of learning by methods common to public schools and that compare favorably in their scope and intensity with the course of study presented in tax-supported schools, vocational or technical schools or institutes organized and operated exclusively to provide a course of study of not less than 6 weeks duration and designed to prepare individuals to follow a trade or to pursue a manual, technical, mechanical, industrial, business, or commercial occupation.

- (34) Beginning January 1, 2000, personal property, including food, purchased through fundraising events for the benefit of a public or private elementary or secondary school, a group of those schools, or one or more school districts if the events are sponsored by an entity recognized by the school district that consists primarily of volunteers and includes parents and teachers of the school children. This paragraph does not apply to fundraising events (i) for the benefit of private home instruction or (ii) for which the fundraising entity purchases the personal property sold at the events from another individual or entity that sold the property for the purpose of resale by the fundraising entity and that profits from the sale to the fundraising entity. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- (35) Beginning January 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2001, new or used automatic vending machines that prepare and serve hot food and beverages, including coffee, soup, and other items, and replacement parts for these machines. Beginning January 1, 2002 and through June 30, 2003, machines and parts for machines used in commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending business if a use or occupation tax is paid on the gross receipts derived from the use of the commercial, coin-operated amusement and vending machines. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
- (35-5) Beginning August 23, 2001 and through June 30, 2011, food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the

- premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, when purchased for use by a person receiving medical assistance under Article 5 of the Illinois Public Aid Code who resides in a licensed long-term care facility, as defined in the Nursing Home Care Act.
 - (36) Beginning August 2, 2001, computers and communications equipment utilized for any hospital purpose and equipment used in the diagnosis, analysis, or treatment of hospital patients sold to a lessor who leases the equipment, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a hospital that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
 - (37) Beginning August 2, 2001, personal property sold to a lessor who leases the property, under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the purchase, to a governmental body that has been issued an active tax exemption identification number by the Department under Section 1g of this Act. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 2-70.
 - (38) Beginning on January 1, 2002 and through June 30,

2011, tangible personal property purchased from an Illinois 1 2 retailer by a taxpayer engaged in centralized purchasing activities in Illinois who will, upon receipt of the property 3 in Illinois, temporarily store the property in Illinois (i) for 5 the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside this State 6 for use or consumption thereafter solely outside this State or (ii) for the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or 7 8 manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into other 9 tangible personal property to be transported outside this State 10 and thereafter used or consumed solely outside this State. The 11 Director of Revenue shall, pursuant to rules adopted in 12 accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, 13 issue a permit to any taxpayer in good standing with the Department who is eligible for the exemption under this 14 15 paragraph (38). The permit issued under this paragraph (38) 16 shall authorize the holder, to the extent and in the manner 17 specified in the rules adopted under this Act, to purchase tangible personal property from a retailer exempt from the 18 taxes imposed by this Act. Taxpayers shall maintain all 19 20 necessary books and records to substantiate the use and 21 consumption of all such tangible personal property outside of 22 the State of Illinois.

- 23 (Source: P.A. 93-23, eff. 6-20-03; 93-24, eff. 6-20-03; 93-840,
- 24 eff. 7-30-04; 93-1033, eff. 9-3-04; 93-1068, eff. 1-15-05;
- 25 94-1002, eff. 7-3-06.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

becoming law. 1